

OBSOLETE PRODUCT

Last time buy: 04 January 2013



FEATURES

- Independent 5V and 3.3V outputs
- Each output fully regulated
- No minimum load requirements
- Up to 15 Amps per output
- 75 Watts total output power
- Standard "half-brick" package
- UL1950, EN60950-1 and VDE safety approvals (BASIC insulation)
- Fully isolated, 1500Vdc guaranteed
- 18-36V or 36-75V input ranges
- CE mark available (75V-input models)
- Input under and overvoltage shutdown
- Continuous short-circuit protection
- Thermal shutdown

PRODUCT OVERVIEW

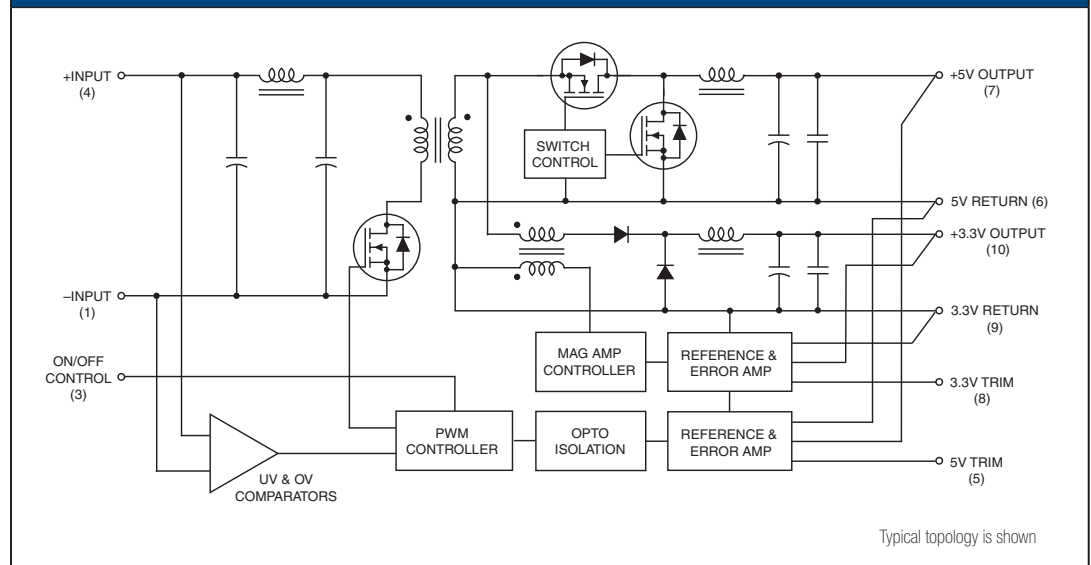
As your new, mixed-logic (5V and 3.3V) design evolves and your current requirements change, your new DC/DC converter will not. Murata Power Solutions' BCP-5/15-3.3/15-D24 (18-36V input) and BCP-5/15-3.3/15-D48 (36-75V input) are fully isolated DC/DC converters providing both 5V and 3.3V outputs. Housed in standard "half-brick" packages (2.3" x 2.4" x 0.525"), the BCP's can support any combination of 5V and 3.3V loading up to a combined total of 15 Amps. Both outputs are fully isolated (1500Vdc) and independently line ($\pm 0.2\%$) and load ($\pm 0.5\%$ and $\pm 0.6\%$) regulated.

Both BCP models feature input pi filters, input undervoltage and overvoltage shutdown, input reverse-polarity protection, output overvoltage

protection, current limiting, and thermal shutdown. Each has an on/off control function, and the two output voltages can be trimmed independently.

BCP Model DC/DC's deliver low noise (50mVp-p), high efficiency (87%) and are fully specified for -40 to $+100^{\circ}\text{C}$ operation. Utilization of metal baseplate technology with threaded inserts permits easy heat-sink attachment and/or pcb mounting. These devices meet IEC950, UL1950, EN60950-1 and VDE safety standards, including BASIC insulation requirements. CB reports are available on request. "D48" models are CE marked (meet the requirements of LVD). Selected models are available with RoHS-6 hazardous substance compliance.

SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC

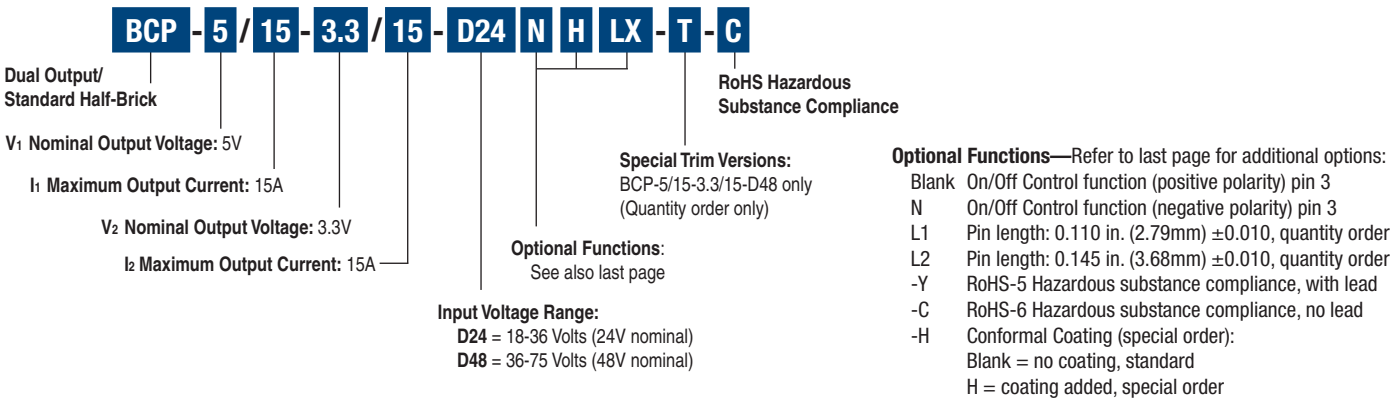


PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS AND ORDERING GUIDE ①												
Model Family ⑦	Output						Input			Efficiency ⑥		Package (Case/ Pinout)
	V _{OUT} (V)	I _{OUT} ⑤ (A)	R/N (mVp-p)		Regulation (Max.)		V _{IN} Nom. (V)	Range (V)	I _{IN} ④ (mA)	Min.	Typ.	
			Typ.	Max.	Line	Load ③						
BCP-5/15-3.3/15-D24P-C	5	15	50	100	±0.2%	±0.5%	24	18-36	215/3720	84%	87.2%	C19, P29
	3.3	15	50	100	±0.2%	±0.6%						
BCP-5/15-3.3/15-D48N-C	5	15	50	100	±0.2%	±0.5%	48	36-75	125/1860	84%	88%	C19, P29
	3.3	15	50	100	±0.2%	±0.6%						

① Typical at T_A = +25°C under nominal line voltage and balanced "full-load" (5V @ 7.5A, 3.3V @ 7.5A) conditions unless otherwise noted.
 ② Ripple/Noise (R/N) measured over a 20MHz bandwidth. All models are specified with 22µF, low-ESR, input capacitor and 10µF tantalum in parallel with 1µF ceramic output capacitors.
 ③ No load to 100% load, other output at no-load.

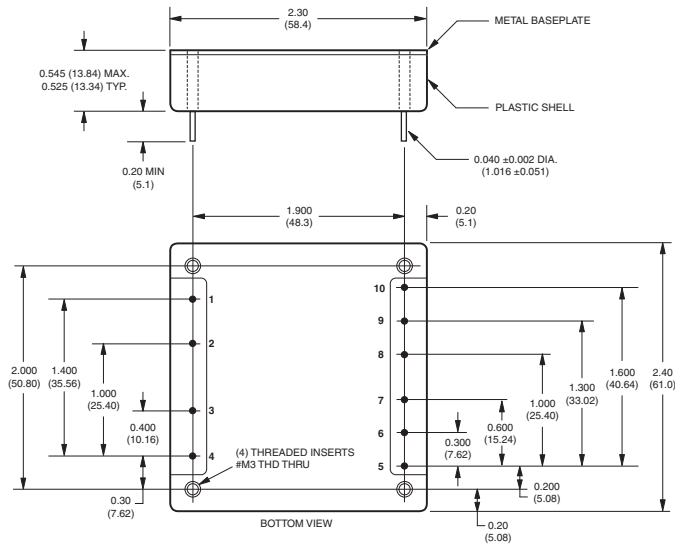
④ Nominal line voltage, no-load/5V at full-load condition.
 ⑤ Current from either output at maximum value, or both outputs to a combined total of 15 A.
 ⑥ 5V at full-load condition.
 ⑦ Please refer to the Part Number Structure for additional options when ordering.

PART NUMBER STRUCTURE



Note: Some model number combinations may not be available. Contact Murata Power Solutions.

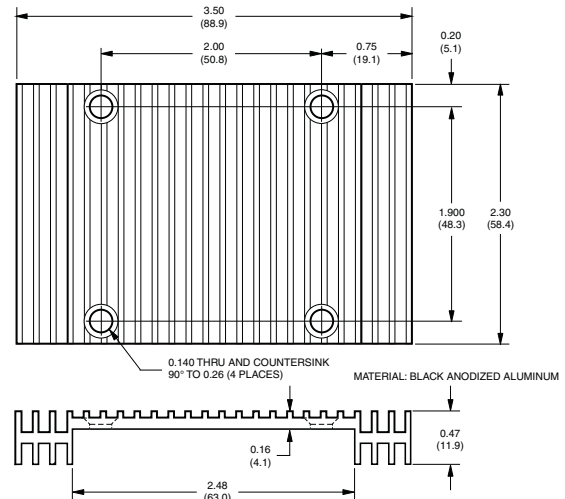
MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS



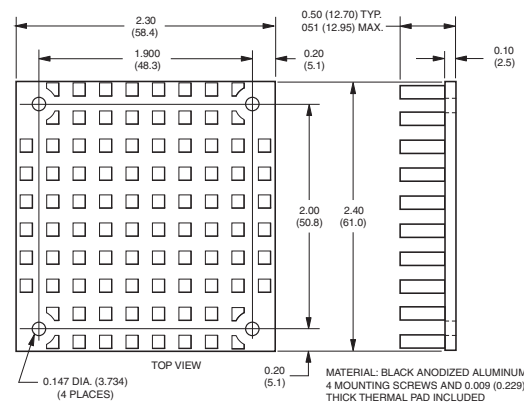
INPUT/OUTPUT CONNECTIONS			
Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	-Input	6	5V Return
2	Case (Baseplate)	7	+5V Output
3	On/Off Control	8	3.3V Trim
4	+Input	9	3.3V Return
5	5V Trim	10	+3.3V Output

Standard pin length is shown. Please refer to the Part Number Structure for special order pin lengths.

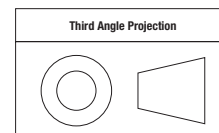
Optional Heat Sink (Part Number HS-CPLP2)



Optional Heat Sink (Part Number HS-CP)



Dimensions are in inches (mm) shown for ref. only.



Tolerances (unless otherwise specified):
.XX ± 0.02 (0.5)
.XXX ± 0.010 (0.25)
Angles ± 2°

Components are shown for reference only.

Dual Output, Mixed Voltage, Isolated 5V & 3.3V, "Half-Brick" 75 W DC/DC Converters

Performance/Functional Specifications

Typical @ T_A = +25°C under nominal line voltage, balanced "full-load" conditions, unless noted. ①

Input	
Input Voltage Range:	
D24 Models	18-36 Volts (24V nominal)
D48 Models	36-75 Volts (48V nominal)
Overvoltage Shutdown: ②	
D24 Models	37.5-40.5 Volts (39V typical)
D48 Models	78.8-87.0 Volts (83V typical)
Start-Up Threshold: ②	
D24 Models	15.5-18 Volts (16.5V typical)
D48 Models	33.5-36 Volts (34.4V typical)
Undervoltage Shutdown: ②	
D24 Models	14-16 Volts (15.3V typical)
D48 Models	30.5-33.5 Volts (31.8V typical)
Input Current:	
Normal Operating Conditions	See Ordering Guide
Minimum Input Voltage:	
D24 Models	5.02 Amps maximum
D48 Models	2.51 Amps maximum
Standby Mode:	
Off, OV, UV, Thermal Shutdown	17mA typical
Input Reflected Ripple Current:	
Source Impedance <0.1Ω	
22μF Low-ESR Capacitor	53mArms, 150mA _{p-p} maximum
Input Filter Type	PI (0.47pF - 4.7μH - 3μF)
Reverse-Polarity Protection: ②	
D24 Models	1 minute duration, 6A maximum
D48 Models	1 minute duration, 4A maximum
On/Off Control: (Pin 3) ②③⑤	
D24 & D48 Models	On = open or 2.0 - +V _{IN} , I _{IN} = 50μA max. Off = 0-0.6V, I _{IN} = 1mA max.
D24N & D48N [®] Models	On = 0-0.6V, I _{IN} = 1mA max. Off = open or 2.0 - +V _{IN} , I _{IN} = 50μA max.
Output	
V_{OUT} Accuracy	
5V Output	±2% maximum
3.3V Output	±2% maximum
Minimum Loading Per Specification	No load
Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ②④	See Ordering Guide
Line/Load Regulation	See Ordering Guide
Efficiency	See Ordering Guide and Efficiency Curves
Trim Range ②	±10% independent
Isolation Voltage:	
Input-to-Output	1500Vdc minimum
Input-to-Case	1000Vdc minimum
Output-to-Case	1000Vdc minimum
Isolation Capacitance	470pF
Isolation Resistance	100MΩ
Current Limit Inception: ②	
5V @ 98% V _{OUT} (3.3V no-load)	16-20 Amps
3.3V @ 98% V _{OUT} (5V no-load)	16-20 Amps
Short Circuit Current: ②	Constant current 25A, indefinite
Temperature Coefficient	±0.02% per °C
Overvoltage Protection: ②	Magnetic feedback, latching
5V Output	6.8 volts
3.3V Output	4.5Volts

Dynamic Characteristics	
Dynamic Load Response:	
5V (50-100% load step to 1% V _{OUT})	450μsec maximum
3.3V (50-100% load step to 1% V _{OUT})	450μsec maximum
Start-Up Time: ②	
V _{IN} to V _{OUT}	30msec maximum
On/Off to V _{OUT}	20msec maximum
Switching Frequency	350kHz (±35kHz)
Environmental	
MTBF	Bellcore, ground fixed, controlled
D24 Models	1.49M hours (case @ 50°C)
D48 Models	1.72M hours (case @ 50°C)
Operating Temperature (Ambient):	
θ Case to Ambient, No Heatsink	6.8°C/Watt
(See Derating Curves)	-40 to +85°C with derating
Case Temperature:	
Maximum Allowable	+100°C
For Thermal Shutdown ②	+100°C minimum, +110°C maximum
Storage Temperature	-40 to +120°C
Physical	
Dimensions	2.3"x2.4" x 0.525" (58.4x61x13.3mm)
Case (Baseplate) Connection ②	Pin 2
Case Material	Diallyl phthalate, UL94V-0 rated
Baseplate	Aluminum
Pin Material	Gold plate over copper alloy
Weight	4.2 ounces (118 grams)
Primary to Secondary Insulation Level	Basic

① Models are specified at "full load" (5V & 3.3V @ 7.5A), with an external 22μF, low-ESR, input capacitor and 10μF tantalum in parallel with 1μF ceramic output capacitors.

② See Technical Notes for details.

③ Devices may be ordered with opposite polarity (pin 3 open = off). See Part Number Suffixes and Technical Notes for additional information.

④ Output noise may be further reduced with the installation of additional external output capacitors. See Technical Notes.

⑤ These signals must be referenced to the input return pin (-V_{IN}).

⑥ Demonstrated MTBF available on request.

Absolute Maximum Ratings		
Input Voltage:		
Continuous:	D24 Models	40.5 Volts
	D48 Models	87 Volts
Transient (100msec):	D24 Models	50 Volts
	D48 Models	100 Volts
Input Reverse-Polarity Protection ②	Input Current must be limited. 1 minute duration. Fusing recommended.	
	D24 Models	6 Amps
	D48 Models	4 Amps
Output Overvoltage Protection ②		
3.3V Outputs	3.8 Volts, latching	
5V Outputs	6.2 Volts, latching	
Output Current ②	Current limited. Devices can withstand an indefinite output short circuit.	
Storage Temperature	-40 to +120°C	
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	+300°C	

These are stress ratings. Exposure of devices to any of these conditions may adversely affect long-term reliability. Proper operation under conditions other than those listed in the Performance/Functional Specifications Table is not implied, nor recommended.

TECHNICAL NOTES

5V & 3.3V Outputs>Returns

The BCP Series outputs (pins 7 & 10) and returns (pins 6 & 9) are isolated from the +VIN and -VIN inputs (pins 4 & 1) via a transformer and opto-coupled transistors.

The +5V Return (pin 6) and +3.3V Return (pin 9) are connected internal to the DC/DC converter. Though the returns are common within the DC/DC converter, the regulating control loop for each output is sensed directly at its respective output and return pins. In order to maintain optimum regulation if ground plane is not used, it is critical that PC board layouts also return each output to its corresponding return pin.

Filtering and Noise Reduction

All BCP DC/DC Converters achieve their rated ripple and noise specifications using the external input and output capacitors specified in the Performance/Functional Specifications table. In critical applications, input/output noise may be further reduced by installing additional external I/O caps. Input capacitors should be selected for bulk capacitance, low ESR and high rms-ripple-current ratings. Output capacitors should be selected for low ESR and appropriate frequency response. All caps should have appropriate voltage ratings and be mounted as close to the converters as possible.

The most effective combination of external I/O capacitors will be a function of your particular load and layout conditions. Our Applications Engineers will be pleased to recommend potential solutions and can discuss the possibility of our modifying a device's internal filtering to meet your specific requirements. Contact our Applications Engineering Group for additional details.

Input Fusing

Certain applications and/or safety agencies may require the installation of fuses at the inputs of power conversion components. Fuses should also be used if the possibility of sustained, non-current-limited, input-voltage polarity reversals exists. For BCP DC/DC Converters, you should use fast-blow type fuses with values no greater than the following.

V _{IN} Range	Fuse Value
"D24" Models	6 Amps
"D48" Models	4 Amps

Fuses should be installed in the +Input line.

Input Overvoltage/Undervoltage Shutdown and Start-Up Threshold

Under normal start-up conditions, devices will not begin to regulate until the ramping-up input voltage exceeds the Start-Up Threshold Voltage (35V for "D48" models). Once operating, devices will not turn off until the input voltage drops below the Undervoltage Shutdown limit (32V for "D48" models). Subsequent re-start will not occur until the input is brought back up to the Start-Up Threshold. This built-in hysteresis prevents any unstable on/off situations from occurring at a single voltage.

Input voltages exceeding the input overvoltage shutdown specification listed in the Performance/Functional Specifications will cause the device to shutdown. A built-in hysteresis (2V typical for "D24" models, 4V typical for "D48" models) will not allow the converter to restart until the input voltage is sufficiently reduced.

Start-Up Time

The V_{IN} to V_{OUT} start-up time is the interval between the time at which a ramping input voltage crosses the turn-on threshold point and the fully-loaded output voltage enters and remains within its specified accuracy band. Actual measured times will vary with input source impedance, external input capacitance, and the slew rate and final value of the input voltage as it appears to the converter.

The On/Off to V_{OUT} start-up time assumes the converter has its nominal input voltage applied but is turned off via the On/Off Control. The specification defines the interval between the time at which the converter is turned on and the fully loaded output voltage enters and remains within its specified accuracy band.

On/Off Control (Standard feature)

The On/Off Control (pin 3) may be used for remote on/off operation. As shown in Figure 1A, the control pin is referenced to the -Input (pin 1) and will be pulled to a high state internally. The standard BCP converter (no suffix) is designed so that it is enabled when the control pin is left open and disabled when the control pin is pulled low (to less than +0.6V relative to -Input).

Dynamic control of the on/off function is best accomplished with a mechanical relay or an open-collector/open-drain drive circuit (optically isolated if appropriate). The drive circuit should be able to sink approximately 1mA for logic low.

The on/off control function is designed such that the converter can be disabled (pin 3 pulled low for no-suffix models) while input power is ramping up and then "released" once the input has stabilized.

For BCP converters configured with the negative-polarity option on the On/Off Control pin ("N" suffix added to part number), operation is opposite to that described above. The converter is disabled when the On/Off Control pin is left open and enabled when pulled low.

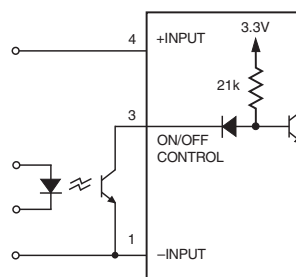


Figure 1A. No Suffix

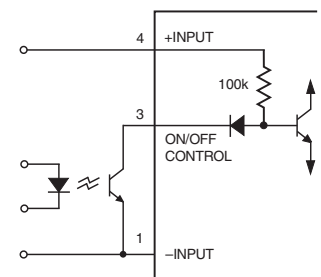


Figure 1B. "N" Suffix

Output Overvoltage Protection

Each voltage output of the BCP Series converter is independently monitored via an auxiliary winding in the output inductor. If the output voltage should rise to a level which could be damaging to the load circuitry (see Performance/Functional Specifications for limits), the overvoltage circuitry will power down the PWM controller and latch off the DC/DC converter. The device must now be restarted by powering cycling V_{IN} .

Current Limiting

When output current demands exceed the maximum output current rating by 107% to 133%, the DC/DC converter will go into a current limiting mode. In this condition the output voltage decreases proportionately as the output current increases, thereby maintaining a somewhat constant power dissipation—referred to as Power Limiting (see Figure 2). As the load approaches a short circuit, the output current will continue to increase until it reaches the rated Short Circuit Current limit.

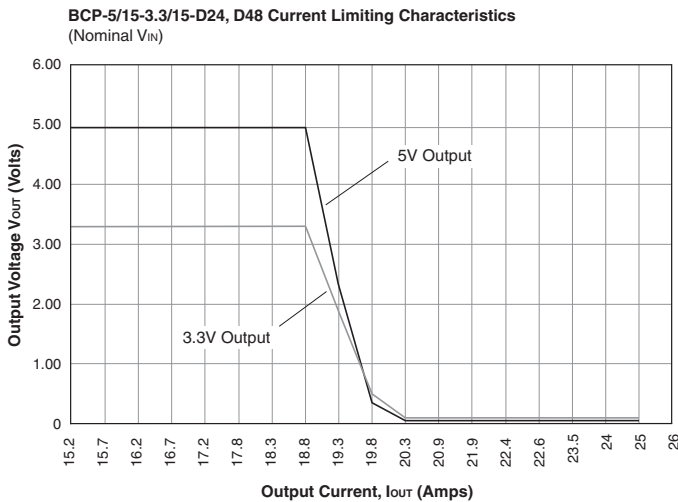


Figure 2. Current Limiting Characteristics

Short Circuit Condition

As described under "Current Limiting," when the BCP Series DC/DC converter output is subjected to a short circuit condition, the output current will remain at the Short Circuit Current limit. In this state there is negligible power dissipated in the load. Therefore, most of the input power is dissipated within the converter, causing the internal temperature to increase. If this condition persists, Thermal Shutdown will activate and shutdown the DC/DC converter. When the internal temperature is sufficiently decreased, the converter will self-start.

Thermal Shutdown

The BCP Series is equipped with Thermal Shutdown circuitry. If the internal temperature of the DC/DC converter rises above the designed operating temperature, a precision temperature sensor will power down the unit. When the internal temperature decreases below the threshold of the temperature sensor the unit will self-start.

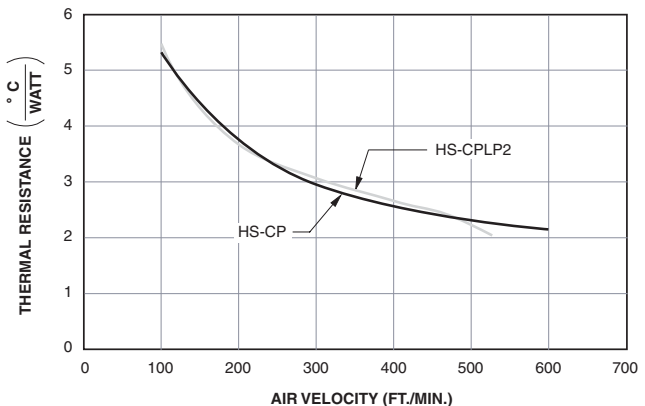
Input Reverse-Polarity Protection

Upon applying a reverse-polarity voltage to the DC/DC converter, an internal diode will be forward biased and draw excessive current from the power source. Therefore, it is required that the input current be limited by either an appropriately rated input fuse or a current limited power source.

Heat Sinks for BCP Series

MPS offers two standard heat sinks that can be mounted to the half-brick package to extend the converter's operating temperature range. Along with the standard 2.3" x 2.4" x 0.5" (HS-CP) heat sink, DATEL has designed a low-profile heat sink for height-restricted applications. This new heat sink (HS-CPLP2) is designed with radiant fins that extend 0.51" beyond either side of the 2.4" dimension of the BCP package. The convenience of this design is that the finned extensions protrude only 0.31" below the top surface of the DC/DC converter, allowing components with a profile height less than 0.215" to be mounted on the pc board below the heat sink. Therefore, while the surface area of the low-profile heat sink measures 2.3" x 3.5", pcb real estate is unaffected.

For optimum thermal performance in a natural convection application, the low-profile heat sink should be mounted with the fins vertically oriented. Both models are shipped with 0.009" self-adhesive thermal pad and mounting screws.



HS-CP and HS-CPLP2 Heat Sink Performance Vs. Air Flow (@ 10.5 Watts Power Dissipation)

Dual Output, Mixed Voltage, Isolated 5V & 3.3V, "Half-Brick" 75 W DC/DC Converters

Output Trimming

Both the 5V and 3.3V outputs of the BCP Series can be independently trimmed via a trimpot (Figure 3A) or a single fixed resistor as shown (Figures 3B & 3C). The trimpot can be used to determine the value of a single fixed resistor. A single fixed resistor can increase or decrease the output voltage depending on its connection. Fixed resistors should be metal-film types with absolute TCR's less than 100ppm/°C to ensure stability.

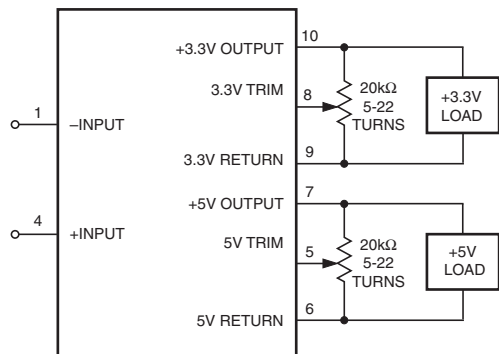


Figure 3A. Trim Connections Using a Trimpot

A resistor connected from the Trim Pin (pin 5 for 5V trim, pin 8 for 3.3V trim) to the appropriate Return (pin 6 for 5V trim, pin 9 for 3.3V trim) will increase the output voltage.

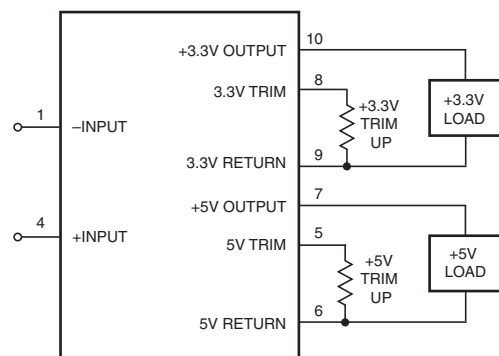


Figure 3B. Increase Output Voltage Trim Connections Using a Fixed Resistor

A single resistor connected from the Trim Pin (pin 5 for 5V trim, pin 8 for 3.3V trim) to its appropriate +Output (pin 7 for 5V trim, pin 10 for 3.3V trim) will decrease the output voltage.

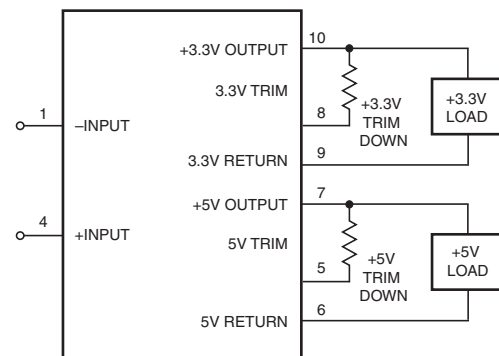


Figure 3C. Decrease Output Voltage Trim Connections Using a Fixed Resistor

Table 1 shows the typical fixed Trim Resistor values for output voltage changes of 0 through 10%. Trim adjustment greater than 10% can have an adverse affect on the converter's performance and is not recommended.

	3.3V Trim Down	3.3V Trim Up	5V Trim Down	5V Trim Up
0%	–	–	–	–
1%	47.81k	27.93k	189.75k	61.68k
2%	22.32k	12.78k	91.06k	28.34k
3%	13.82k	7.73k	58.17k	17.23k
4%	9.57k	5.21k	41.72k	11.68k
5%	7.02k	3.69k	31.85k	8.34k
6%	5.320k	2.68k	25.27k	6.12k
7%	4.10k	1.96k	20.57k	4.53k
8%	3.19k	1.42k	17.05k	3.34k
9%	2.48k	1.00k	14.31k	2.42k
10%	1.92k	0.66k	12.12k	1.68k

Table 1. Percentage of Output Voltage Change vs Trim Resistor Value (Ohms)

The following equations mathematically depict:
 Output Voltage for a given Trim Resistor
 Trim Resistor for a given Output Voltage

$$V_o = 5.0 + \left(\frac{1}{0.30R_{T_{UP}}(kW) + 1.5} \right) R_{T_{UP}}(kW) = \left(\frac{1}{(0.3V_o) - 1.50} \right) - 4.99$$

$$V_o = 1.25 \left[\frac{1.14}{0.38 + \left(\frac{1}{R_{T_{DOWN}}(kW) + 4.99} \right) + 1} \right] R_{T_{DOWN}}(kW) = \left[\frac{1}{\left(\frac{1.14}{(0.8V_o) - 1} \right) - 0.38} \right] - 4.99$$

$$V_o = 3.30 + \left(\frac{1}{R_{T_{UP}}(kW) + 2.37} \right) R_{T_{UP}}(kW) = \left(\frac{1}{V_o - 3.3} \right) - 2.37$$

$$V_o = 1.23 \left[\frac{2.07}{1.23 + \left(\frac{1}{R_{T_{DOWN}}(kW) + 2.37} \right) + 1} \right] R_{T_{DOWN}}(kW) = \left[\frac{1}{\left(\frac{2.07}{V_o} - 1 \right) - 1.23} \right] - 2.37$$

For Model BCP-5/15-3.3/15-D48-T only (special order only)

$$R_{T_{UP}}(k\Omega) = \left(\frac{(5.76 - V_o) \times 3.3}{V_o - 5} \right) \quad R_{T_{DOWN}}(k\Omega) = \left(\frac{(V_o - 4.42) \times 4.3}{5 - V_o} \right)$$

$$R_{T_{UP}}(k\Omega) = \left(\frac{(5.825 - V_o) \times 0.33}{V_o - 3.3} \right) \quad R_{T_{DOWN}}(k\Omega) = \left(\frac{(V_o - 2.89) \times 0.66}{3.3 - V_o} \right)$$

Note: Resistor values are in kΩ. Accuracy of adjustment is subject to tolerances of resistor values and factory-adjusted output accuracy.
 V_o = desired output voltage.

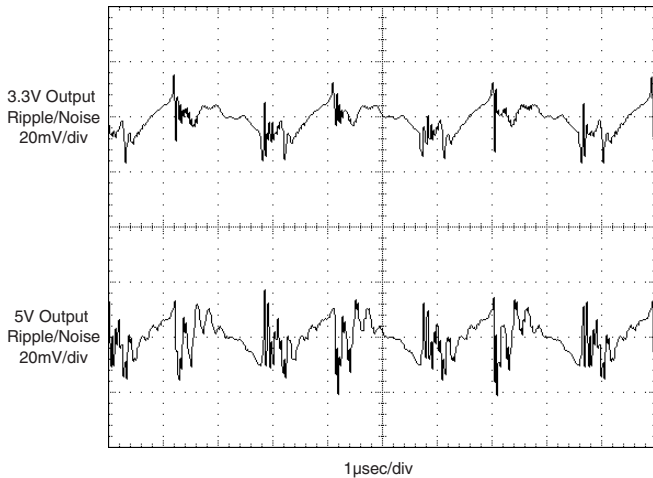
Case Connection

BCP DC/DC's do not have their metal baseplate connected to one of the input pins. The "uncommitted" baseplate is connected to pin 2 which, depending upon your system configuration, should be connected to either +Input (pin 4), -Input (pin 1), Output Returns (pins 6 & 9), or earth ground.

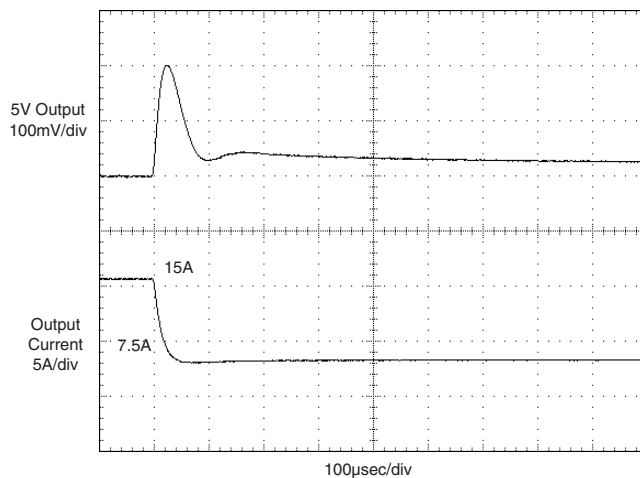
Typical Performance Curves

D24 Model

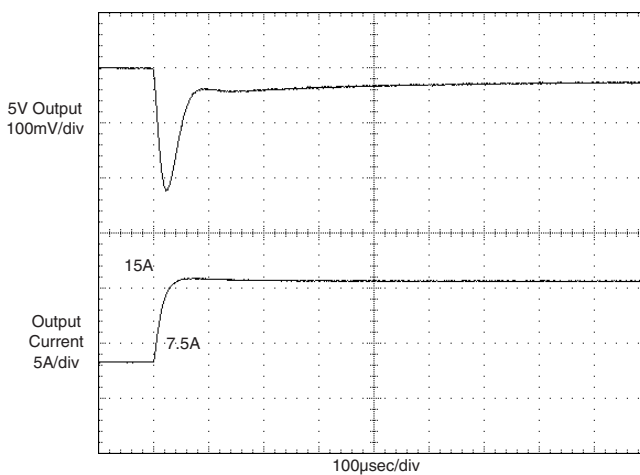
Output Ripple and Noise (PARD)
(VIN = 24V, 5V@7.5A, 3.3V @ 7.5A, external 10μF || 1μF output capacitors.)



5V Output Full-Load to Half-Load Transient Response
(VIN = 24V, 3.3V@ 0A, external 10μF || 1μF output capacitors.)

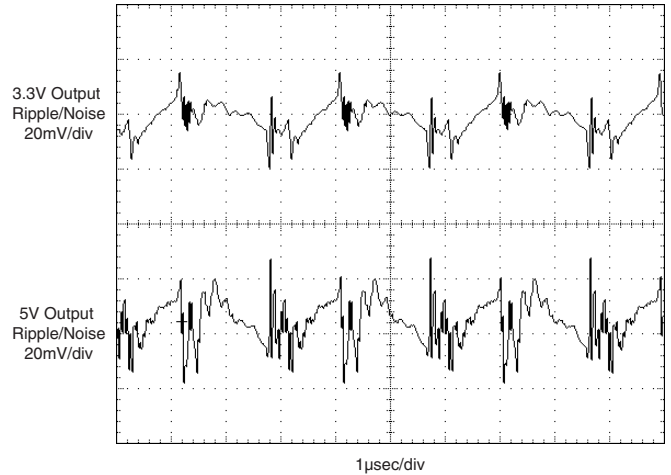


5V Output Half-Load to Full-Load Transient Response
(VIN = 24V, 3.3V@ 0A, external 10μF || 1μF output capacitors.)

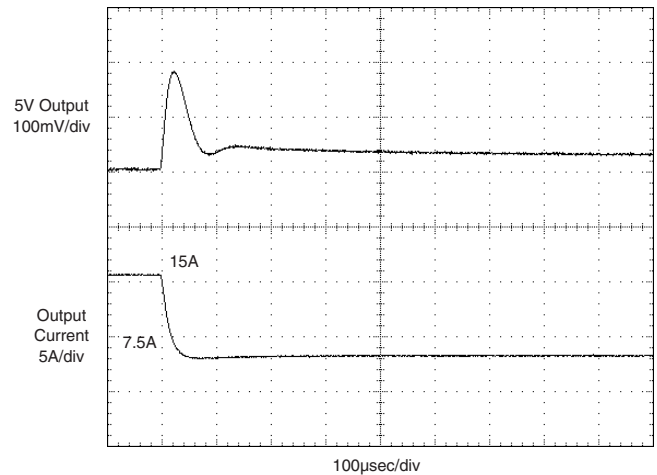


D48 Model

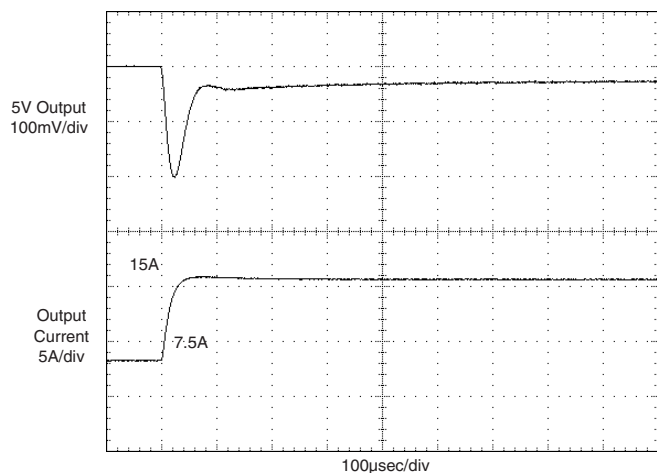
Output Ripple and Noise (PARD)
(VIN = 48V, 5V@7.5A, 3.3V @ 7.5A, external 10μF || 1μF output capacitors.)



5V Output Full-Load to Half-Load Transient Response
(VIN = 48V, 3.3V@ 0A, external 10μF || 1μF output capacitors.)



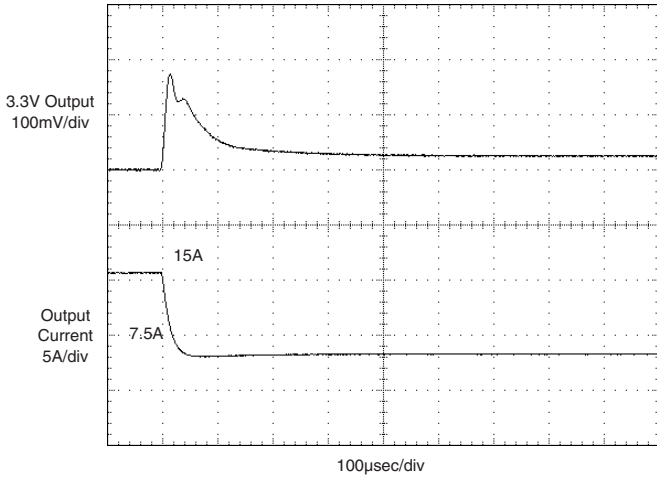
5V Output Half-Load to Full-Load Transient Response
(VIN = 48V, 3.3V@ 0A, external 10μF || 1μF output capacitors.)



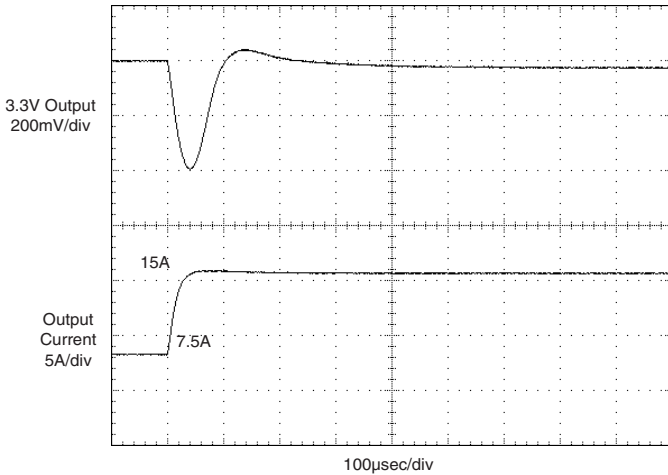
Typical Performance Curves

D24 Model

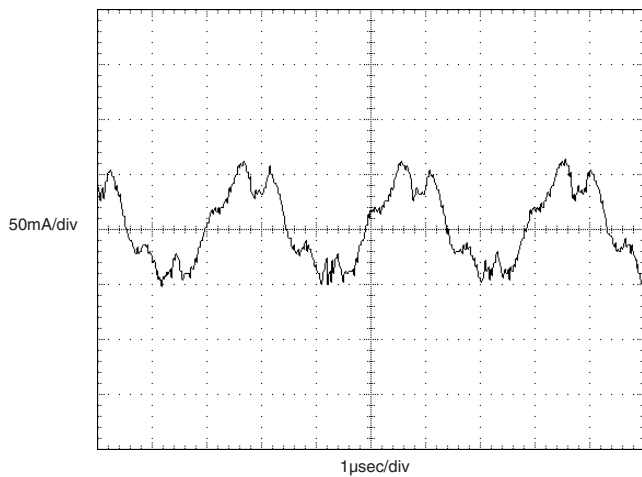
3.3V Output Full-Load to Half-Load Transient Response
(VIN = 24V, 5V @ 0A, external 10µF || 1µF output capacitors.)



3.3V Output Half-Load to Full-Load Transient Response
(VIN = 24V, 5V @ 0A, external 10µF || 1µF output capacitors.)

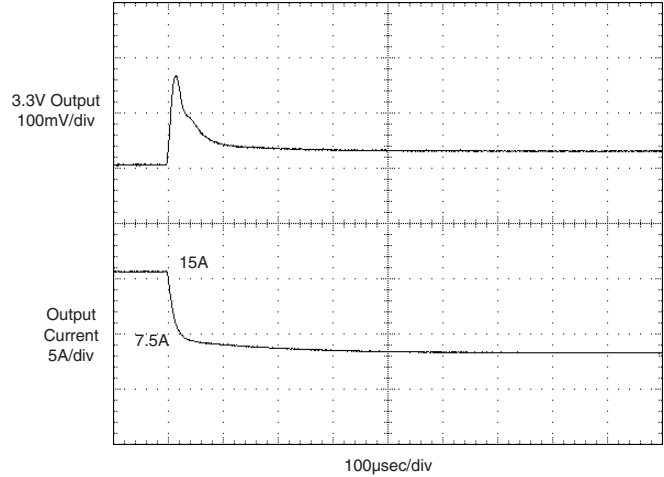


Input Ripple Current
(VIN = 24V, 5V @ 15A, 3.3V @ 0A, external 22µF low-ESR input capacitor.)

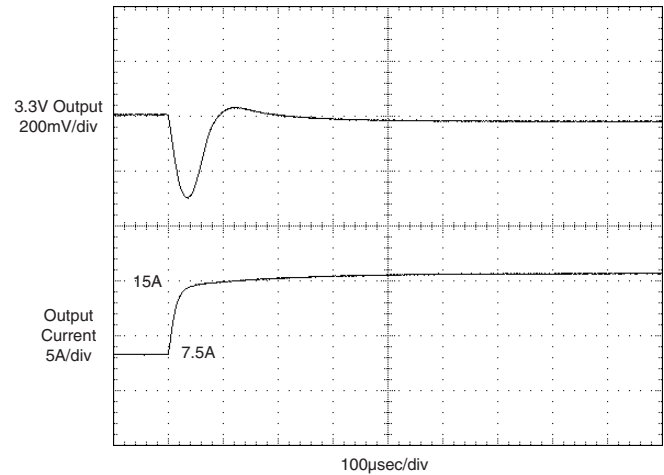


D48 Model

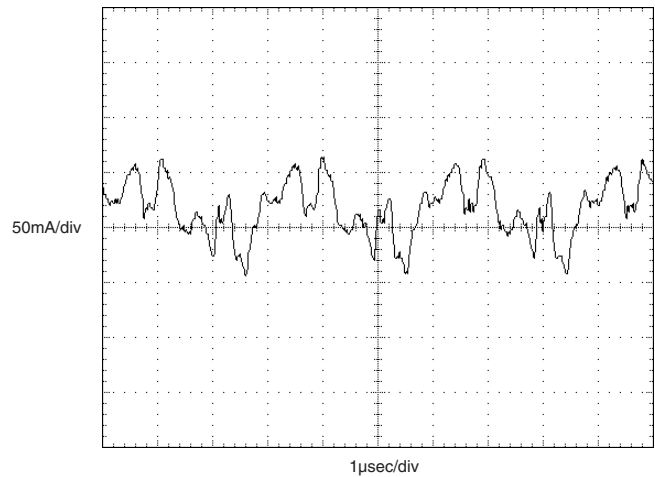
3.3V Output Full-Load to Half-Load Transient Response
(VIN = 48V, 5V @ 0A, external 10µF || 1µF output capacitors.)



3.3V Output Half-Load to Full-Load Transient Response
(VIN = 48V, 5V @ 0A, external 10µF || 1µF output capacitors.)



Input Ripple Current
(VIN = 48V, 5V @ 15A, 3.3V @ 0A, external 22µF low-ESR input capacitor.)

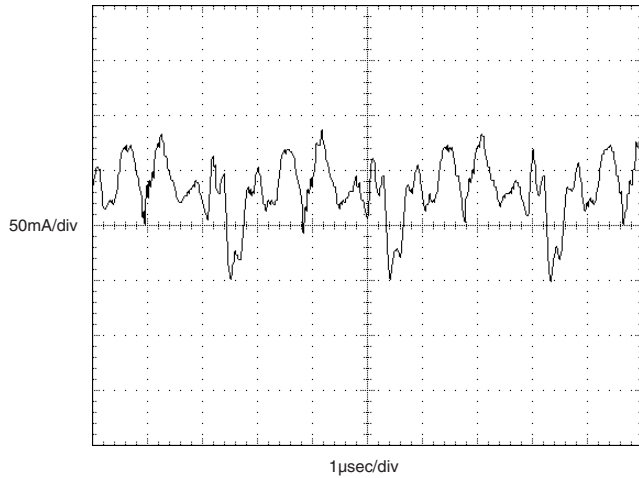


Typical Performance Curves

D24 Model

Input Ripple Current

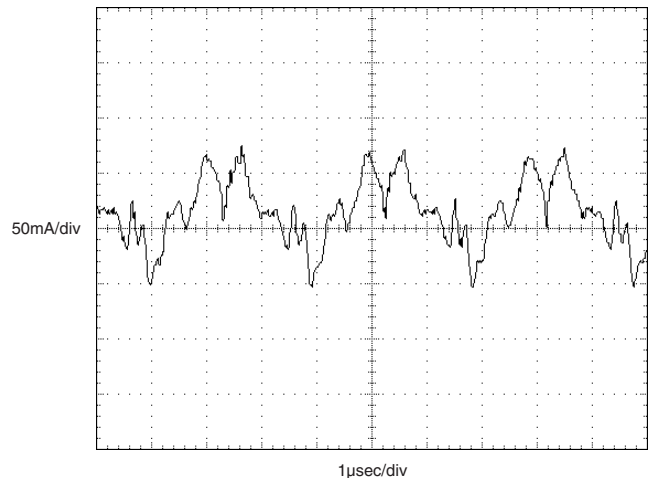
(VIN = 24V, 5V @ 0A, 3.3V @ 15A, external 22μF low-ESR input capacitor.)



D48 Model

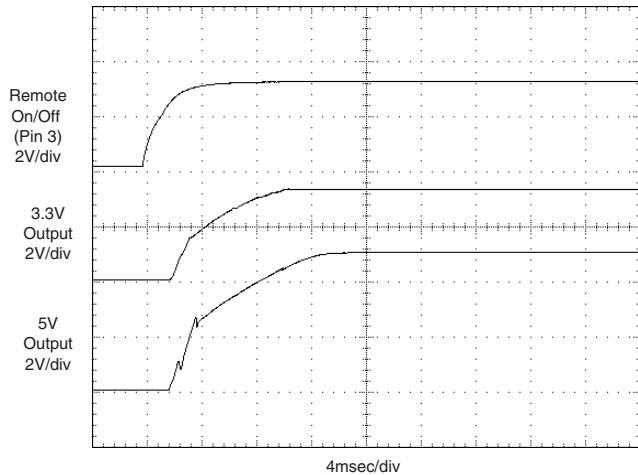
Input Ripple Current

(VIN = 48V, 5V @ 0A, 3.3V @ 15A, external 22μF low-ESR input capacitor.)



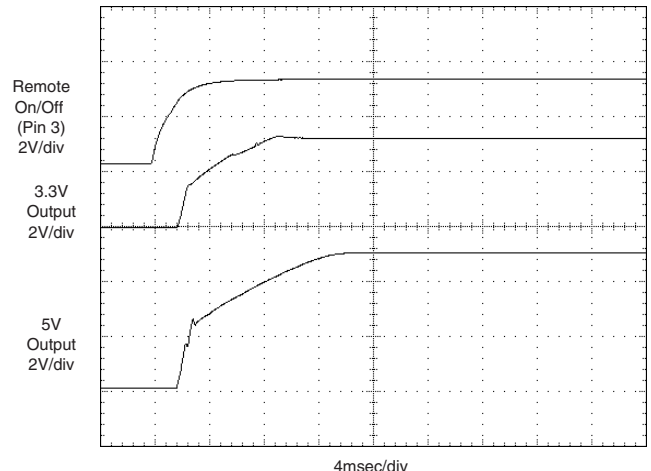
Start-Up from Remote On/Off Control

(VIN = 24V, 5V @ 7.5A, 3.3V @ 7.5A, external 10μF || 1μF output capacitors.)



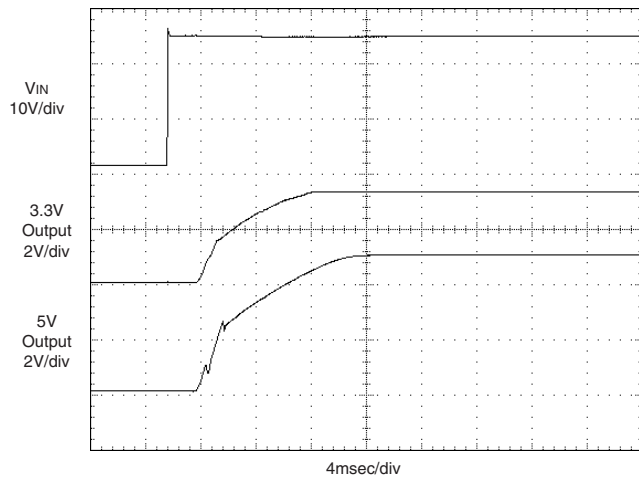
Start-Up from Remote On/Off Control

(VIN = 48V, 5V @ 7.5A, 3.3V @ 7.5A, external 10μF || 1μF output capacitors.)



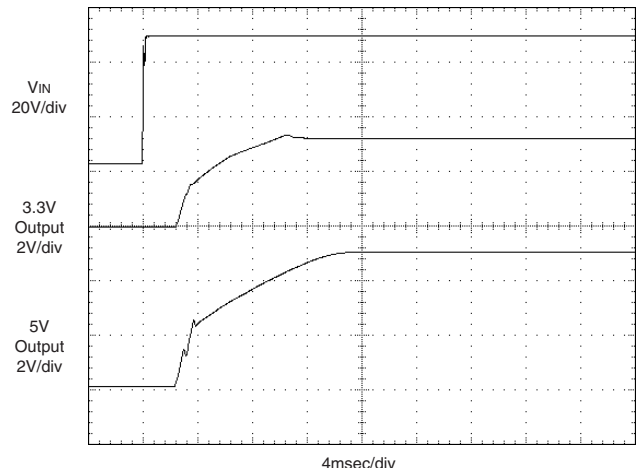
Start-Up from VIN

(VIN = 24V, 5V @ 7.5A, 3.3V @ 7.5A, external 10μF || 1μF output capacitors.)



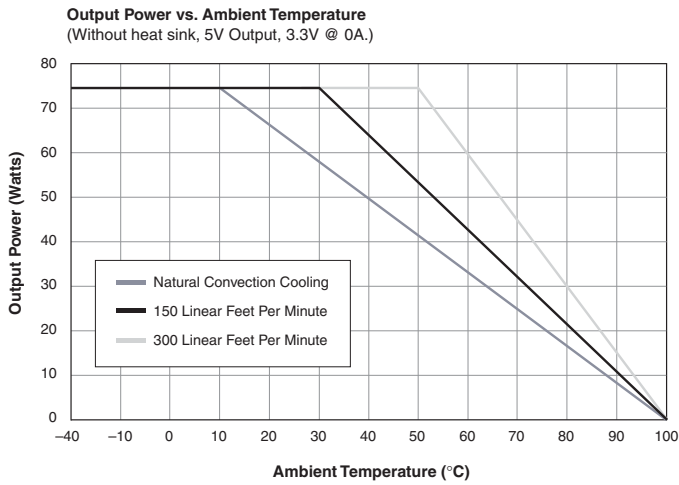
Start-Up from VIN

(VIN = 48V, 5V @ 7.5A, 3.3V @ 7.5A, external 10μF || 1μF output capacitors.)

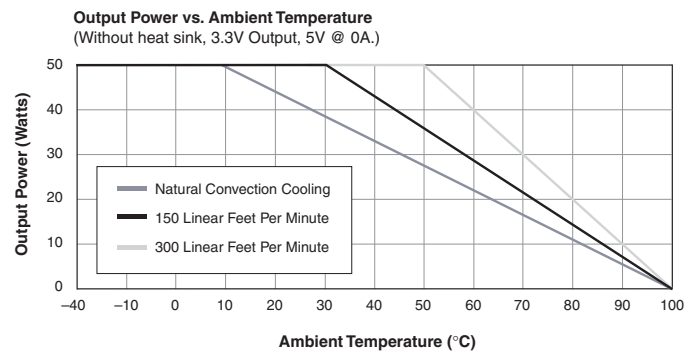
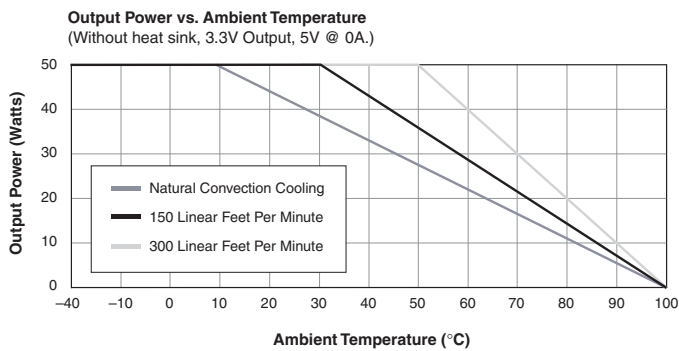
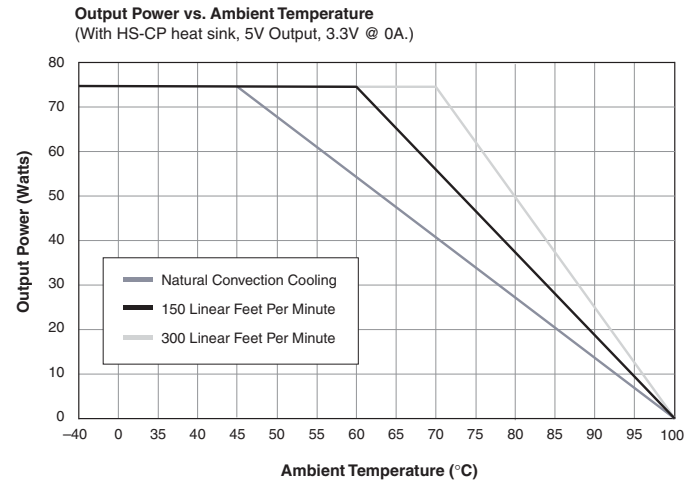
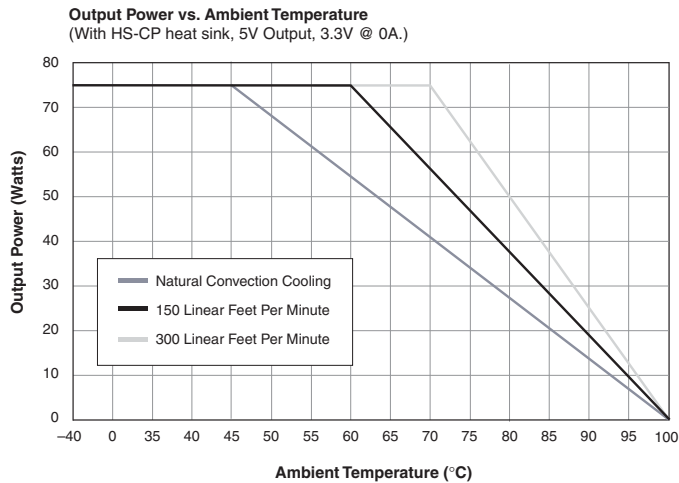
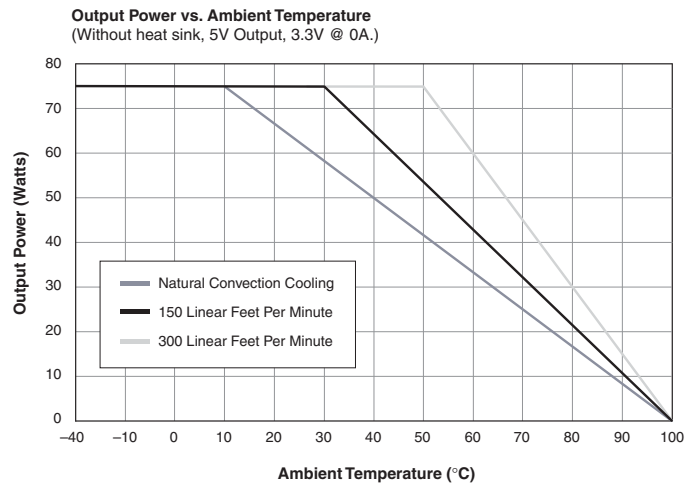


Typical Performance Curves

D24 Model

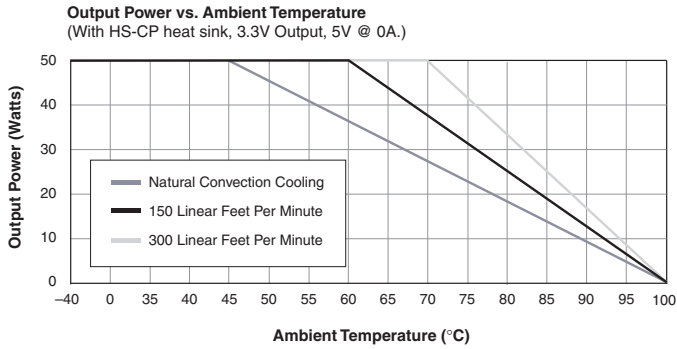


D48 Model

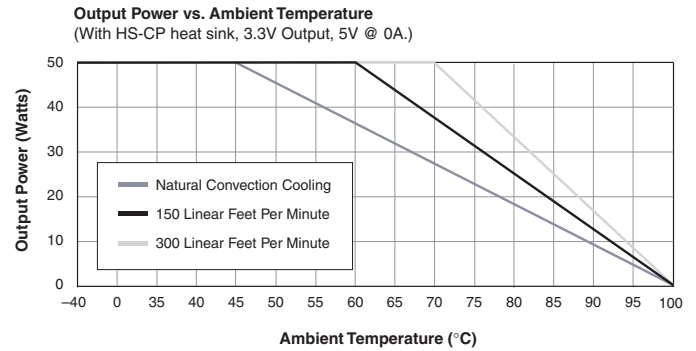


Typical Performance Curves

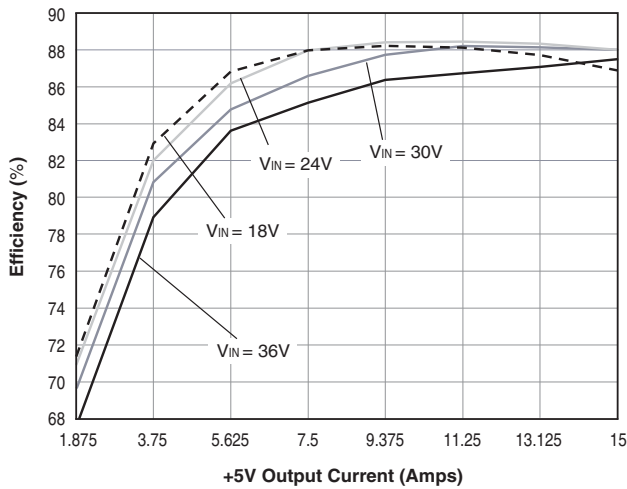
D24 Model



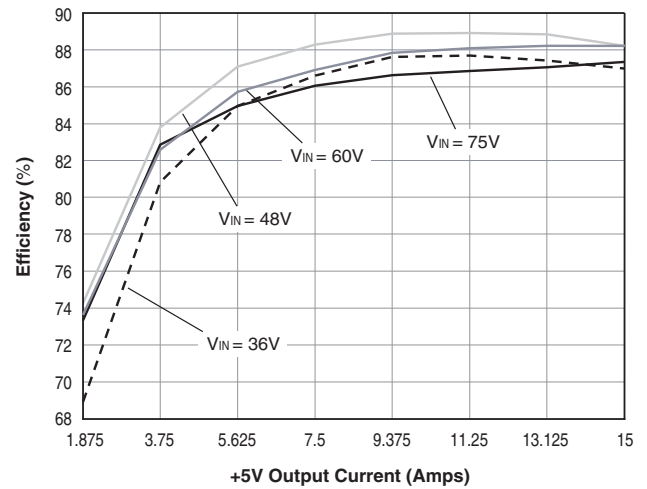
D48 Model



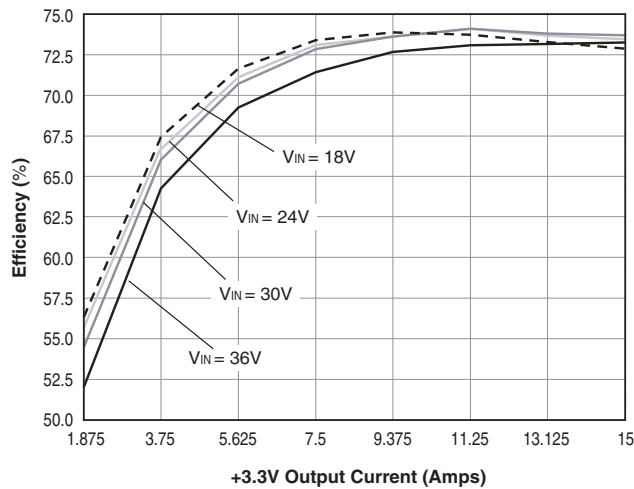
5V Efficiency vs. Load
(+3.3V Output @ 0 Amps.)



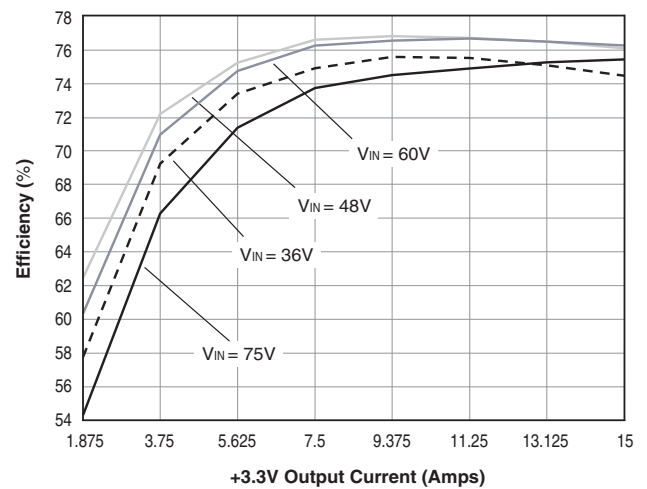
5V Efficiency vs. Load
(+3.3V Output @ 0 Amps.)



3.3V Efficiency vs. Load
(+5V Output @ 0 Amps.)



3.3V Efficiency vs. Load
(+5V Output @ 0 Amps.)

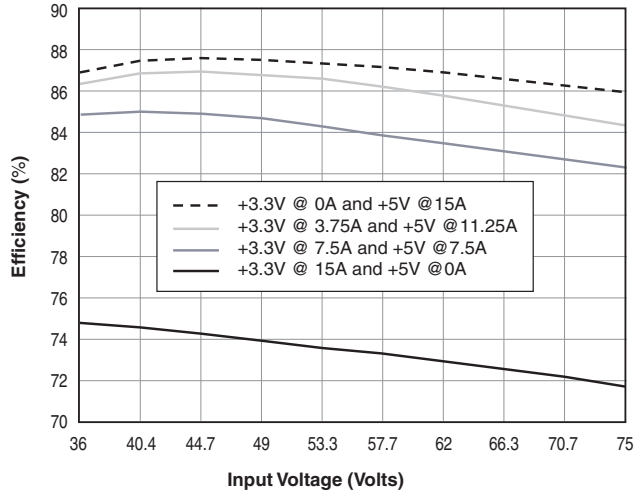


Typical Performance Curves

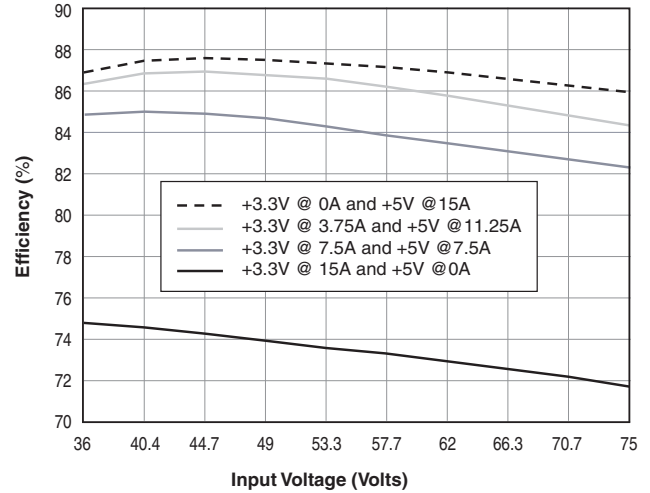
D24 Model

D48 Model

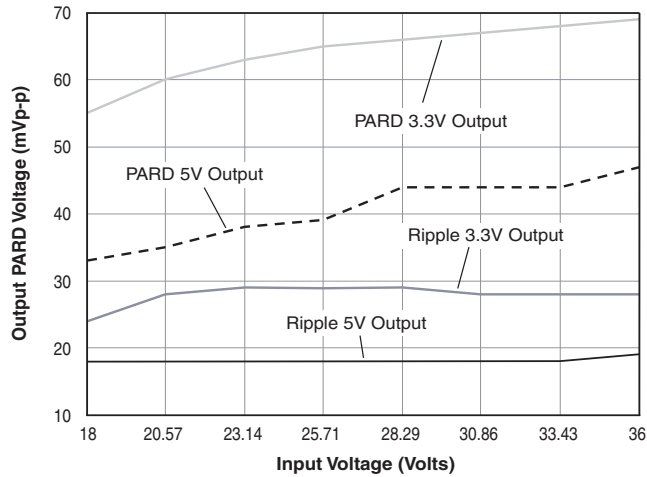
Overall Efficiency vs. Line and Load



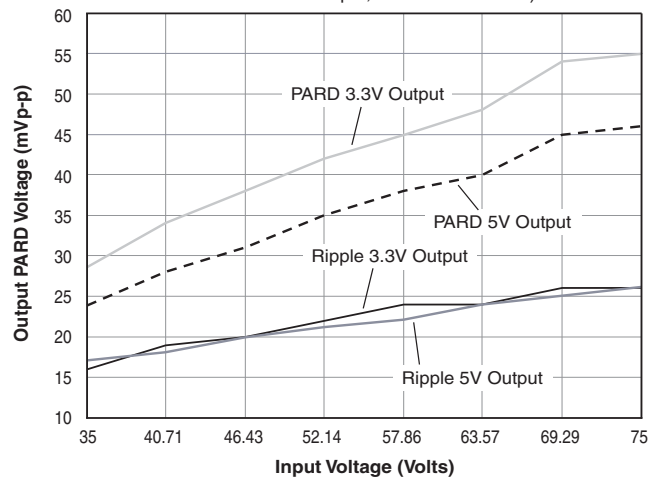
Overall Efficiency vs. Line and Load



Output Ripple and Noise (PARD) vs. Input Voltage
(One output @ 15A, other output @ 0A, PARD measured on loaded output, 20MHz bandwidth.)



Output Ripple and Noise (PARD) vs. Input Voltage
(One output @ 15A, other output @ 0A, PARD measured on loaded output, 20MHz bandwidth.)



Options and Adaptations

Optional Functions

The BCP 75W DC/DC Dual Half-Bricks offer various electrical and mechanical options. Per the Ordering Guide on page 2, the trailing input voltage range (D24 or D48) in each part number pertains to the base part number. Part-number suffixes are added after the "input range," indicating the selection of standard options. The resulting part number is a "standard product" and is available to any customer desiring that particular combination of options, as described below.

Suffix	Description
Blank	On/Off Control function with positive polarity on pin 3 and independent trim function on either output (5V trim on pin 5 and 3.3V trim on pin 8). The pin length remains at 0.2 inches (5.08 mm).
N	On/Off Control function with negative polarity on pin 3.
L1	Trim the pin length to 0.110 ±0.010 inches (2.79 ±0.25mm). This option requires a 100-piece minimum order quantity.
L2	Trim the pin length to 0.145 ±0.010 inches (3.68 ±0.25mm). This option requires a 100-piece minimum order quantity.
-Y	RoHS-5 hazardous substance compliance with lead exception
-H	Conformal Coating (special order): Blank = no coating, standard H = coating added, special order
-T	Special trim versions (quantity order only)
-C	RoHS-6 hazardous substance full compliance, no lead.

Adaptations

There are various additional configurations available on BCP 75W DC/DC Dual Half-Bricks. Because designating each with a standard part-number suffix is not always feasible, MPS assigns a 5-digit "adaptation code" after the part-number suffixes. Once a configuration has been requested by a customer and created by MPS, the resulting product is available to any customer as a "standard" off-the-shelf product. Contact MPS directly if you are interested in your own set of options/adaptations. Our policy for minimum order quantities may apply. Consequently, the following products are offered for sale:

BCP-5/15-3.3/15-D48-30752

BCP-5/15-3.3/15-D48-30752-Y (RoHS-5)

Standard product, 48VIN, 5V/15A and 3.3V/15A Outputs with positive On/Off logic and modified VOUT Trim functions (pin 5 and 8 positions) to be compatible with Power-One's HBD-series. Adapted low profile packaging of 0.5 inches (12.7 mm) and with trimmed pin length to 0.15 inches (3.8 mm).

RoHS-5 compliance refers to the exclusion of the six hazardous substances in the RoHS specification with the exception of lead. MPS' RoHS-5 products use all the conforming RoHS materials, however our solders are reduced lead.

BCP-5/15-3.3/15-D48-T special trim version (quantity order only).

BCP-5/15-3.3/15-D48THL2-Y

Positive On/Off polarity, special trim, conformal coating added, 3.68mm pin length and RoHS-5 hazardous substance compliance (with lead).



Компания «Океан Электроники» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Поставка оригинальных импортных электронных компонентов напрямую с производств Америки, Европы и Азии, а так же с крупнейших складов мира;
- Широкая линейка поставок активных и пассивных импортных электронных компонентов (более 30 млн. наименований);
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Помощь Конструкторского Отдела и консультации квалифицированных инженеров;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Поставка электронных компонентов под контролем ВП;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- При необходимости вся продукция военного и аэрокосмического назначения проходит испытания и сертификацию в лаборатории (по согласованию с заказчиком);
- Поставка специализированных компонентов военного и аэрокосмического уровня качества (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Actel, Aeroflex, Peregrine, VPT, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instruments, MS Kennedy, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Компания «Океан Электроники» является официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России одного из крупнейших производителей разъемов военного и аэрокосмического назначения «JONHON», а так же официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России производителя высокотехнологичных и надежных решений для передачи СВЧ сигналов «FORSTAR».



JONHON

«JONHON» (основан в 1970 г.)

Разъемы специального, военного и аэрокосмического назначения:

(Применяются в военной, авиационной, аэрокосмической, морской, железнодорожной, горно- и нефтедобывающей отраслях промышленности)

«FORSTAR» (основан в 1998 г.)

ВЧ соединители, коаксиальные кабели, кабельные сборки и микроволновые компоненты:

(Применяются в телекоммуникациях гражданского и специального назначения, в средствах связи, РЛС, а так же военной, авиационной и аэрокосмической отраслях промышленности).



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