



FEATURES

- High efficiency: 95% @ 28V/16A
- Size:
 - 61.0x57.9x11.2mm (2.40"x2.28"x0.44") w/o heat-spreader
 - 61.0x57.9x13.2mm (2.40"x2.28"x0.52") with heat-spreader
- Industry standard footprint and pinout
- Fixed frequency operation
- Parallel and droop current sharing
- Input UVLO
- OTP and output OVP
- Output OCP hiccup mode
- Output voltage trim down : -18%
- Output voltage trim up: +18%
- Monotonic startup into normal and pre-biased loads
- 1500V isolation and basic insulation
- No minimum load required
- No negative current during power or enable on/off
- ISO 9001, TL 9000, ISO 14001, QS 9000, OHSAS18001 certified manufacturing facility
- UL/cUL 60950-1 (US & Canada)

Delphi Series H48SC28016, Half Brick Family DC/DC Power Modules: 36~75V in, 28V/16A out, 450W

The Delphi Series H48SC28016, 36~75V input, isolated single output, Half Brick, are full digital control DC/DC converters, and are the latest offering from a world leader in power systems technology and manufacturing — Delta Electronics, Inc. The H48SC28016 provide up to 450 watts of power in an industry standard, DOSA compliant footprint and pin out; the typical efficiency is 95% at 48V input, 28V output and 16A load. There is a built-in digital PWM controller in the H48SC28016, which is used to complete the V_o feedback, PWM signal generation, droop current sharing, fault protection, and PMBUS communications, and so on. With the digital control, many design and application flexibility, advanced performance, and reliability are obtained; and for parallel and droop current sharing version, the module can be connected in parallel directly for higher power without external oring-fet.

OPTIONS

- Negative or Positive remote On/Off
- Open frame/Heat spreader
- Digital pins, PMBus
- Parallel and droop current sharing

APPLICATIONS

- Optical Transport
- Data Networking
- Communications
- Servers



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

($T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, airflow rate=300 LFM, $V_{in}=48\text{Vdc}$, nominal V_{out} unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS	H48SC28016 (Standard)			
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS					
Input Voltage					Vdc
Continuous		0		80	Vdc
Transient (100ms)	100ms			100	Vdc
Operating Ambient Temperature		-40		85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage Temperature		-55		125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Input/Output Isolation Voltage				1500	Vdc
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Operating Input Voltage		36	48	75	Vdc
Input Under-Voltage Lockout					
Turn-On Voltage Threshold		33.0	35.0	36.0	Vdc
Turn-Off Voltage Threshold		30.0	33.0	35.0	Vdc
Lockout Hysteresis Voltage		1	2	3	Vdc
Maximum Input Current	Full Load, 36Vin			17	A
No-Load Input Current	Vin=48V, Io=0A		110		mA
Off Converter Input Current	Vin=48V, Io=0A		22		mA
Inrush Current (I _r)				1	A ^s
Input Reflected-Ripple Current	P-P thru 12 μH inductor, 5Hz to 20MHz		80		mA
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection	120 Hz		50		dB
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Output Voltage Set Point	Vin=48V, Io=Io,max, Tc=25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$	27.72	28	28.28	Vdc
Output Regulation					
Over Load	Io=Io, min to Io, max			± 56	mV
Over Line	Vin=36V to 75V			± 56	mV
Over Temperature	Tc=-40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$			± 560	mV
Total Output Voltage Range	Over sample load, line and temperature	27.16		28.84	V
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise	5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth				
Peak-to-Peak	Vin=48V, Full Load, 50 μF ceramic, 1000 μF Electrolytic Capacitor		100		mV
RMS	Vin=48V, Full Load, 50 μF ceramic, 1000 μF Electrolytic Capacitor		30		mV
Operating Output Current Range	Vin=36V to 75V	0		16	A
Output Over Current Protection(hiccup mode)	Output Voltage 10% Low	17.6		24	A
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS					
Output Voltage Current Transient	48Vin, 50 μF ceramic, 1000 μF Electrolytic Capacitor, 0.1A/ μs				
Positive Step Change in Output Current	75% Io,max to 50% Io,max		300		mV
Negative Step Change in Output Current	50% Io,max to 75% Io,max		300		mV
Settling Time (within 1% Vout nominal)			200		μs
Turn-On Transient					
Start-Up Time, From On/Off Control			80		mS
Start-Up Time, From Input			100		mS
Output Capacitance (note1)	Full load; 5% overshoot of Vout at startup, low ESR cap.	470		5000	μF
EFFICIENCY					
100% Load	Vin=36V		94.5		%
100% Load	Vin=48V		95		%
60% Load	Vin=48V		95.5		%
ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS					
Input to Output				1500	Vdc
Isolation Resistance		10			M Ω
Isolation Capacitance			6.9		nF
FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS					
Switching Frequency			120		KHz
ON/OFF Control, Negative Remote On/Off logic					
Logic Low (Module On)	Von/off			0.8	V
Logic High (Module Off)	Von/off	3.5		10	V
ON/OFF Control, Positive Remote On/Off logic					
Logic Low (Module Off)	Von/off			0.8	V
Logic High (Module On)	Von/off	3.5		10	V
ON/OFF Current (for both remote on/off logic)	Ion/off at Von/off=0.0V				mA
Leakage Current (for both remote on/off logic)	Logic High, Von/off=5V				
Output Voltage Trim Range (note2)	Pout \leq max rated power, Io \leq Io,max	-18		+18	%
Output Voltage Remote Sense Range	Pout \leq max rated power, Io \leq Io,max	-3		+10	%
Output Over-Voltage Protection	% of nominal Vout	125		150	%
GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS					
MTBF	Io=80% of Io, max; Ta=25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, airflow rate=300LFM		2.9		Mhours
Weight	Without heat spreader		62.0		grams
Weight	With heat spreader		93.5		grams
Over-Temperature Shutdown (With heat spreader)	Refer to Figure 18 for Hot spot location (48Vin,80% Io)		110		$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Over-Temperature Shutdown (NTC resistor)			125		$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Note: Please attach thermocouple on NTC resistor to test OTP function, the hot spots' temperature is just for reference.

Note1: If the ambient temp is less than 0 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, double minimum output capacitance and additional 50 μF ceramic capacitance is necessary.

Note2: For wider output voltage trim range and larger output capacitance, please contact Delta.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES

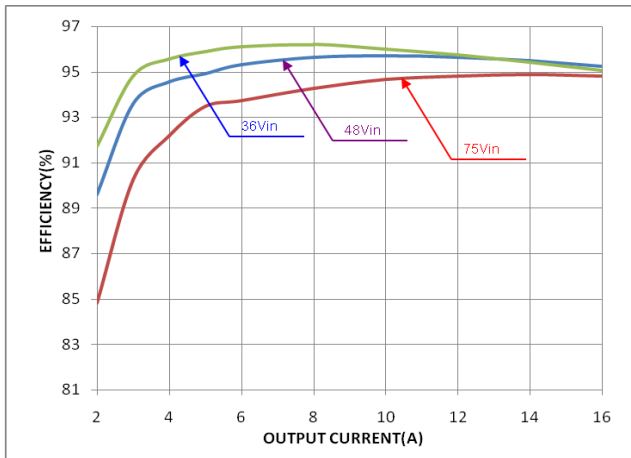


Figure 1: Efficiency vs. load current for 36V, 48V, and 75V input voltage at 25°C.

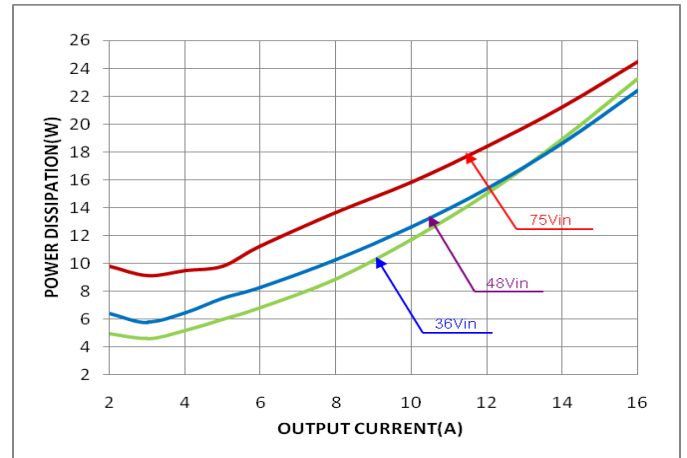


Figure 2: Power dissipation vs. load current for 36V, 48V, and 75V input voltage at 25°C.

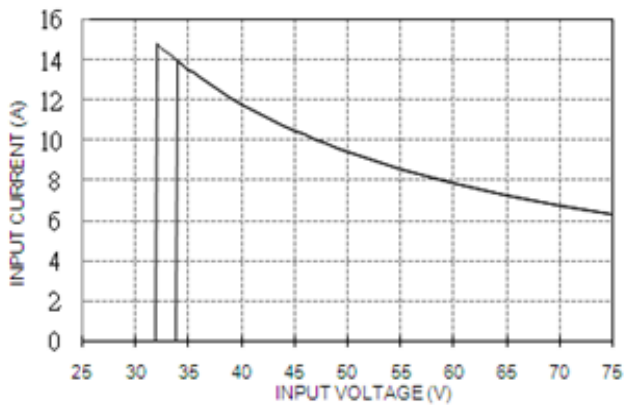


Figure 3: Full load input characteristics at room temperature.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES

For Negative Remote On/Off Logic

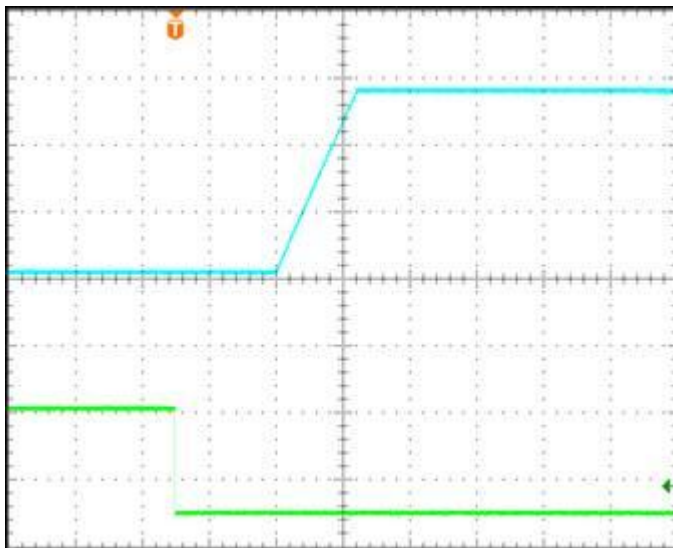


Figure 4: Turn-on transient at zero load current (40ms/div).
V_{in}=48V. Top Trace: V_{out}; 10V/div; Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input: 5V/div.

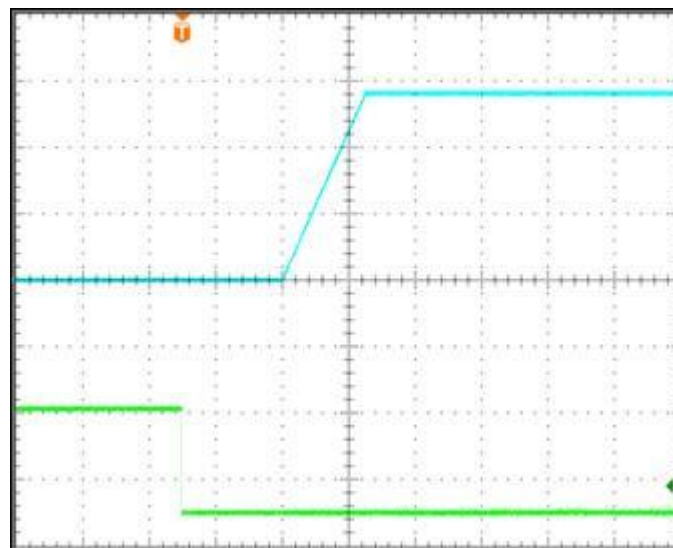


Figure 5: Turn-on transient at full load current (40ms/div).
V_{in}=48V. Top Trace: V_{out}; 10V/div; Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input: 5V/div.

For Input Voltage Start up

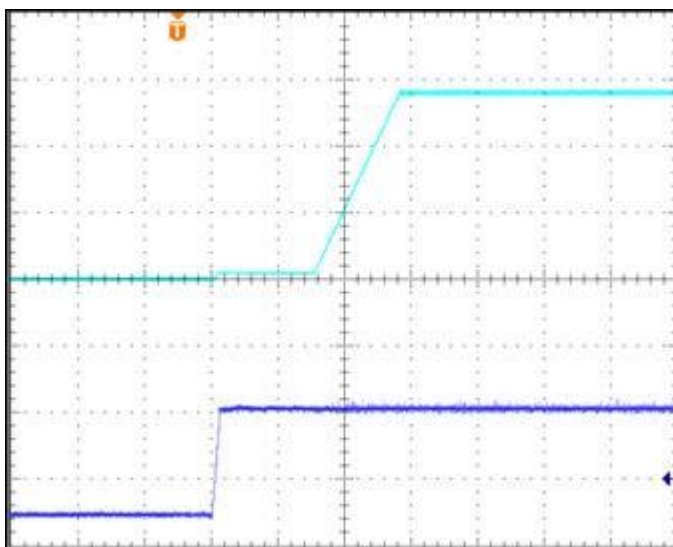


Figure 6: Turn-on transient at zero load current (40 ms/div).
 Top Trace: V_{out}; 10V/div; Bottom Trace: input voltage: 30V/div

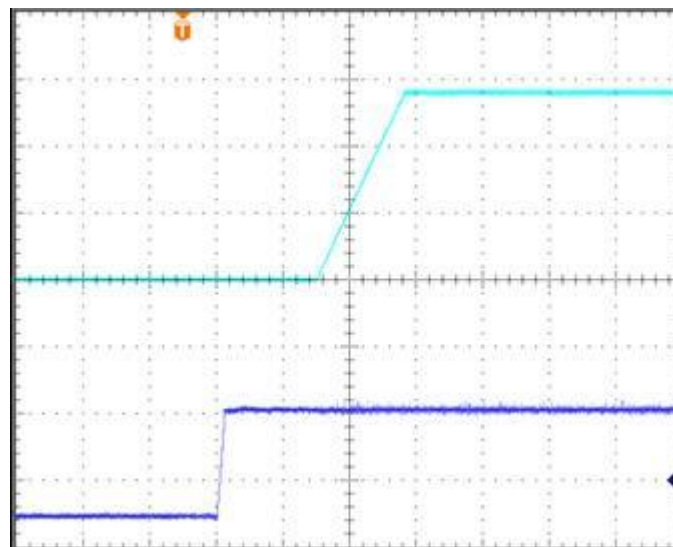


Figure 7: Turn-on transient at full load current (40 ms/div).
 Top Trace: V_{out}; 10V/div; Bottom Trace: input voltage:30V/div.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES

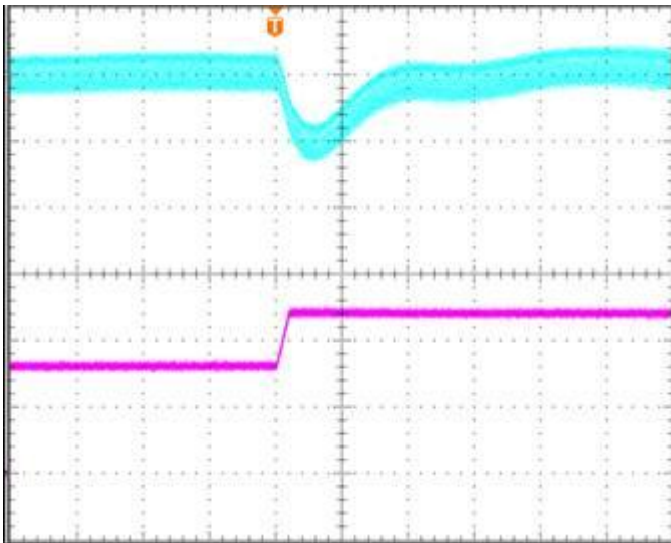


Figure 8: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75% of I_o , max; $di/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$; $V_{in}=48V$). Load cap: 1000 μF Electrolytic Capacitor and 50 μF ceramic capacitor. Top Trace: V_{out} (0.2V/div, 200 μs /div), Bottom Trace: I_{out} (5A/div). Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module

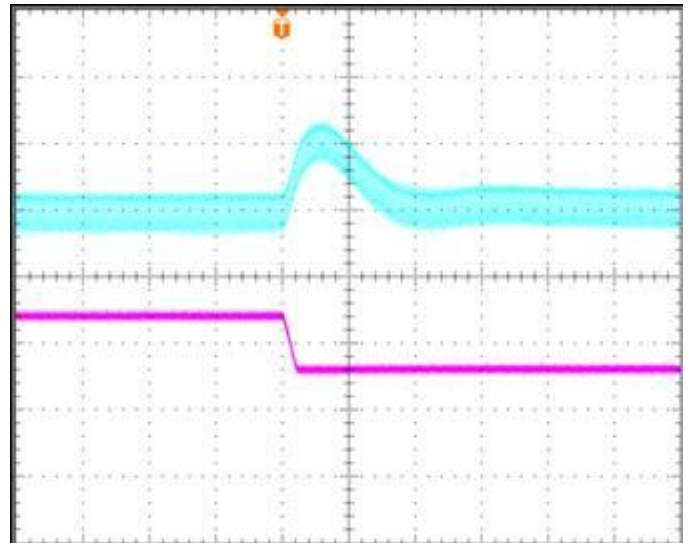


Figure 9: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (75%-50% of I_o , max; $di/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$; $V_{in}=48V$). Load cap: 1000 μF Electrolytic Capacitor and 50 μF ceramic capacitor. Top Trace: V_{out} (0.2V/div, 200 μs /div), Bottom Trace: I_{out} (5A/div). Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module

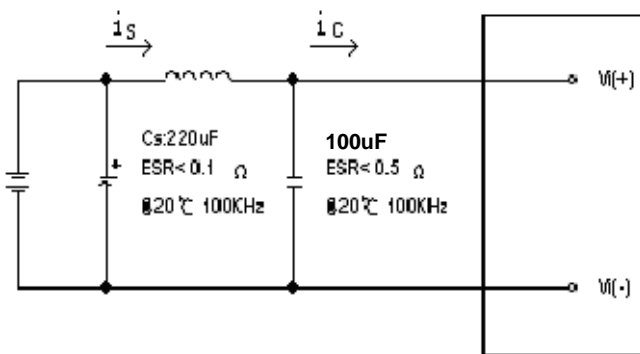


Figure 10: Test set-up diagram showing measurement points for Input Terminal Ripple Current and Input Reflected Ripple Current.

Note: Measured input reflected-ripple current with a simulated source Inductance (L_{TEST}) of 12 μH . Capacitor C_s offset possible battery impedance. Measure current as shown above.

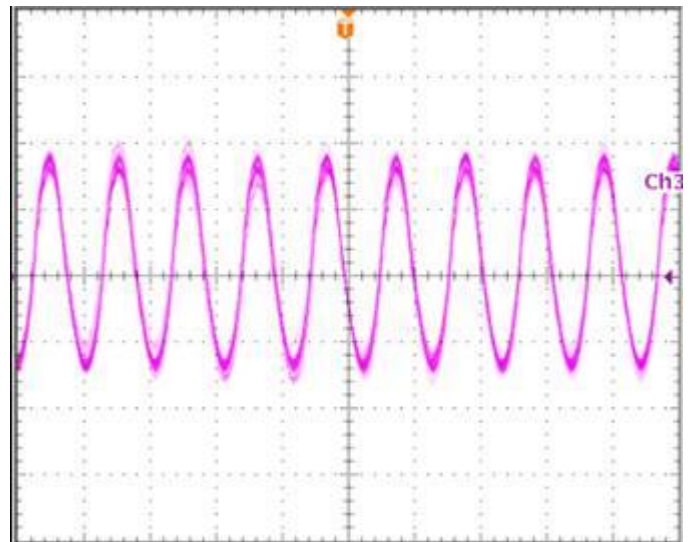


Figure 11: Input Terminal Ripple Current, i_c , at max output current and nominal input voltage with 12 μH source impedance and 100 μF electrolytic capacitor (500 mA/div, 4 μs /div).

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES

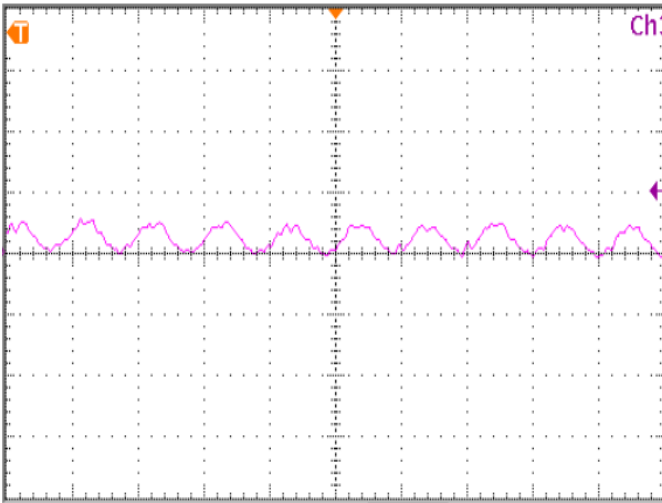


Figure 12: Input reflected ripple current, i_s , through a $12\mu\text{H}$ source inductor at nominal input voltage and max load current ($25\text{mA}/\text{div} \cdot 4\mu\text{s}/\text{div}$).

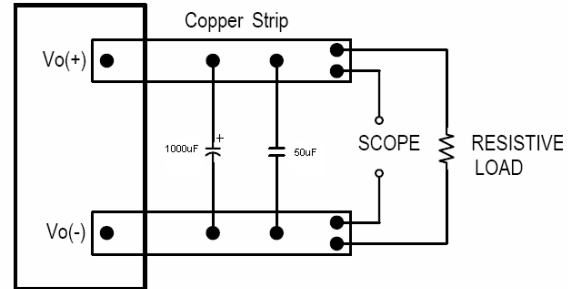


Figure 13: Output voltage noise and ripple measurement test setup.

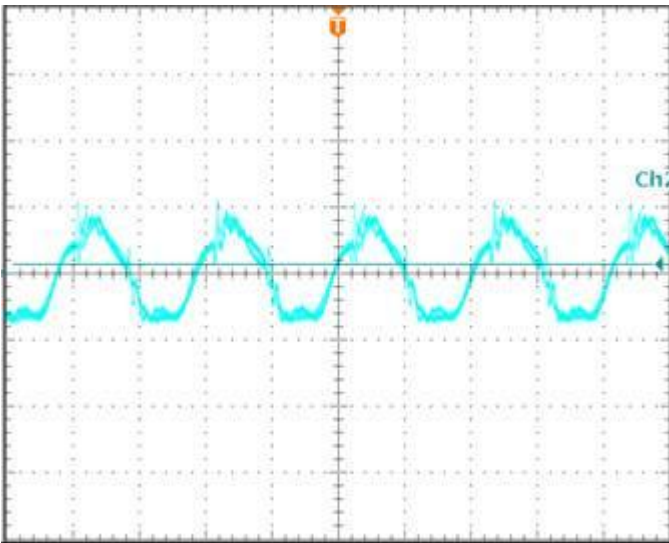


Figure 14: Output voltage ripple at nominal input voltage and max load current ($50\text{mV}/\text{div}$, $2\mu\text{s}/\text{div}$)
Load capacitance: $50\mu\text{F}$ ceramic capacitor and $1000\mu\text{F}$ Electrolytic Capacitor. Bandwidth: 20 MHz.

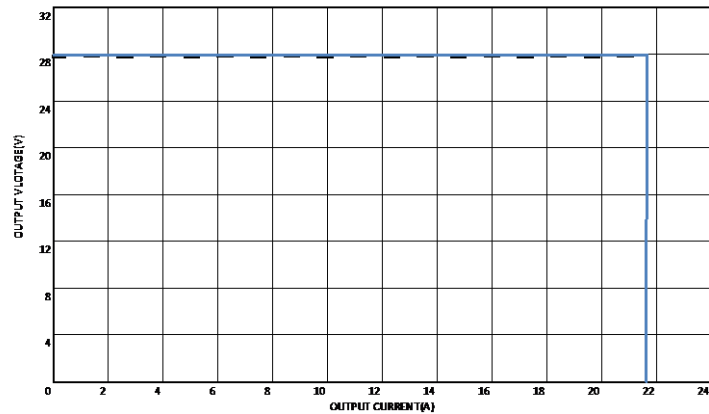


Figure 15: Output voltage vs. load current showing typical current limit curves and converter shutdown points.

DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

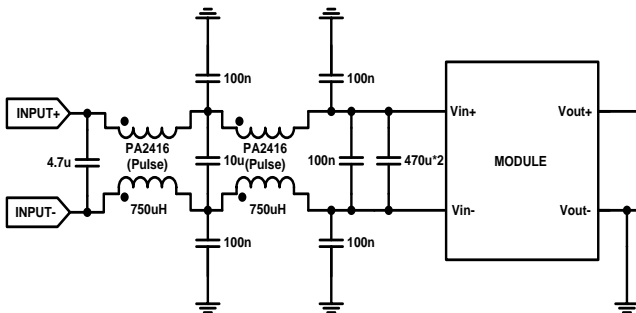
Input Source Impedance

The impedance of the input source connecting to the DC/DC power modules will interact with the modules and affect the stability. A low ac-impedance input source is recommended. If the source inductance is more than a few μH , we advise 220 μF electrolytic capacitor (ESR < 0.7 Ω at 100 kHz) mounted close to the input of the module to improve the stability.

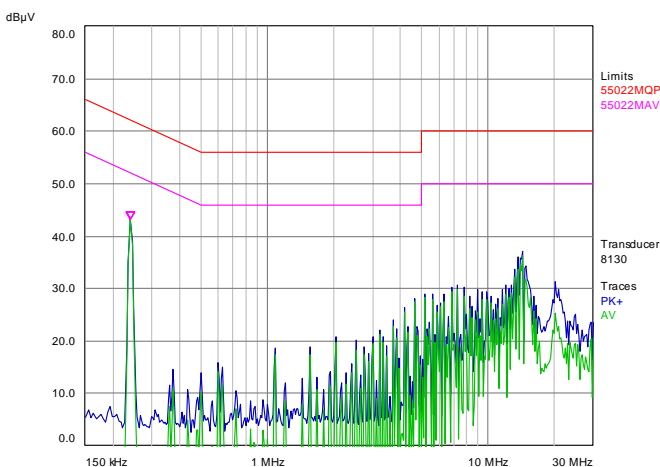
Layout and EMC Considerations

Delta's DC/DC power modules are designed to operate in a wide variety of systems and applications. For design assistance with EMC compliance and related PWB layout issues, please contact Delta's technical support team. An external input filter module is available for easier EMC compliance design. Below is the reference design for an input filter tested with H48SC28016 to meet class B in CISPR 22.

Schematic and Components List



Test Result: $V_{in}=48\text{V}$, $I_o=16\text{A}$



Blue Line is quasi peak mode; green line is average mode.

Safety Considerations

The power module must be installed in compliance with the spacing and separation requirements of the end-user's safety agency standard, i.e., UL60950-1, CSA C22.2 NO. 60950-1 2nd and IEC 60950-1 2nd : 2005 and EN 60950-1 2nd: 2006+A11+A1: 2010, if the system in which the power module is to be used must meet safety agency requirements.

Basic insulation based on 75 Vdc input is provided between the input and output of the module for the purpose of applying insulation requirements when the input to this DC-to-DC converter is identified as TNV-2 or SELV. An additional evaluation is needed if the source is other than TNV-2 or SELV.

When the input source is SELV circuit, the power module meets SELV (safety extra-low voltage) requirements. If the input source is a hazardous voltage which is greater than 60 Vdc and less than or equal to 75 Vdc, for the module's output to meet SELV requirements, all of the following must be met:

- The input source must be insulated from the ac mains by reinforced or double insulation.
- The input terminals of the module are not operator accessible.
- A SELV reliability test is conducted on the system where the module is used, in combination with the module, to ensure that under a single fault, hazardous voltage does not appear at the module's output.

When installed into a Class II equipment (without grounding), spacing consideration should be given to the end-use installation, as the spacing between the module and mounting surface have not been evaluated.

The power module has extra-low voltage (ELV) outputs when all inputs are ELV.

This power module is not internally fused. To achieve optimum safety and system protection, an input line fuse is highly recommended. The safety agencies require a normal-blow fuse with 50A maximum rating to be installed in the ungrounded lead. A lower rated fuse can be used based on the maximum inrush transient energy and maximum input current.

Soldering and Cleaning Considerations

Post solder cleaning is usually the final board assembly process before the board or system undergoes electrical testing. Inadequate cleaning and/or drying may lower the reliability of a power module and severely affect the

reliability of a power module and severely affect the finished circuit board assembly test. Adequate cleaning and/or drying is especially important for un-encapsulated and/or open frame type power modules. For assistance on appropriate soldering and cleaning procedures, please contact Delta's technical support team.

FEATURES DESCRIPTIONS

Over-Current Protection

The modules include an internal output over-current protection circuit, which will endure current limiting for an unlimited duration during output overload. If the output current exceeds the OCP set point, the modules will shut down (hiccup mode).

The modules will try to restart after shutdown. If the overload condition still exists, the module will shut down again. This restart trial will continue until the overload condition is corrected.

Over-Voltage Protection

The modules include an internal output over-voltage protection circuit, which monitors the voltage on the output terminals. If this voltage exceeds the over-voltage set point, the protection circuit will constrain the max duty cycle to limit the output voltage, if the output voltage continuously increases the modules will shut down, and then restart after a hiccup-time (hiccup mode).

Over-Temperature Protection

The over-temperature protection consists of circuitry that provides protection from thermal damage. If the temperature exceeds the over-temperature threshold the module will shut down. The module will restart after the temperature is within specification.

Remote On/Off

The remote on/off feature on the module can be either negative or positive logic. Negative logic turns the module on during a logic low and off during a logic high. Positive logic turns the modules on during a logic high and off during a logic low.

Remote on/off can be controlled by an external switch between the on/off terminal and the Vi (-) terminal. The switch can be an open collector or open drain. For negative logic if the remote on/off feature is not used, please short the on/off pin to Vi (-). For positive logic if the remote on/off feature is not used, please leave the on/off pin to floating.

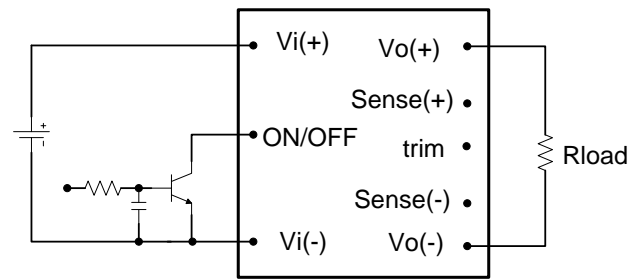


Figure 16: Remote on/off implementation

Output Voltage Adjustment (TRIM)

To increase or decrease the output voltage set point, connect an external resistor between the TRIM pin and the Vout+ or Vout-. The TRIM pin should be left open if this feature is not used.

For trim down, the external resistor value required to obtain a percentage of output voltage change $\Delta\%$ is defined as:

$$R_{trim-down} = \left[\frac{100}{\Delta} - 2 \right] (K\Omega)$$

Ex. When Trim-down -10% ($28V \times 0.9 = 25.2V$)

$$R_{trim-down} = \left[\frac{100}{10} - 2 \right] (K\Omega) = 8(K\Omega)$$

For trim up, the external resistor value required to obtain a percentage output voltage change $\Delta\%$ is defined as:

$$R_{trim-up} = \frac{V_o (100 + \Delta)}{1.225\Delta} - \frac{100}{\Delta} - 2 (K\Omega)$$

Ex. When Trim-up +10% ($28V \times 1.1 = 30.8V$)

$$R_{trim-up} = \frac{28 \times (100 + 10)}{1.225 \times 10} - \frac{100}{10} - 2 = 239.4 (K\Omega)$$

The output voltage can be increased by both the remote sense and the trim, however the maximum increase is the larger of either the remote sense or the trim, not the sum of both.

The output voltage can also be trimmed by potential applied at the Trim pin.

$$V_o = (V_{trim} + 1.225) \times 11.43$$

Where trim V_{trim} is the potential applied at the Trim pin, and V_o is the desired output voltage.

When using remote sense and trim, the output voltage of the module is usually increased, which increases the power output of the module with the same output current.

Care should be taken to ensure that the maximum output power of the module remains at or below the maximum rated power.

THERMAL CONSIDERATIONS

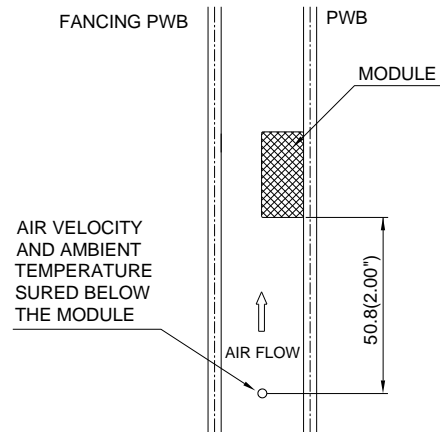
Thermal management is an important part of the system design. To ensure proper, reliable operation, sufficient cooling of the power module is needed over the entire temperature range of the module. Convection cooling is usually the dominant mode of heat transfer.

Hence, the choice of equipment to characterize the thermal performance of the power module is a wind tunnel.

Thermal Testing Setup

Delta's DC/DC power modules are characterized in heated vertical wind tunnels that simulate the thermal environments encountered in most electronics equipment. This type of equipment commonly uses vertically mounted circuit cards in cabinet racks in which the power modules are mounted.

The following figure shows the wind tunnel characterization setup. The power module is mounted on a test PWB and is vertically positioned within the wind tunnel. The space between the neighboring PWB and the top of the power module is constantly kept at 6.35mm (0.25").



Note: Wind Tunnel Test Setup Figure Dimensions are in millimeters and (Inches)

Figure 17: Wind tunnel test setup

Thermal Derating

Heat can be removed by increasing airflow over the module. To enhance system reliability, the power module should always be operated below the maximum operating temperature. If the temperature exceeds the maximum module temperature, reliability of the unit may be affected.

**THERMAL CURVES
(ATTACH TO COLD PLATE)**

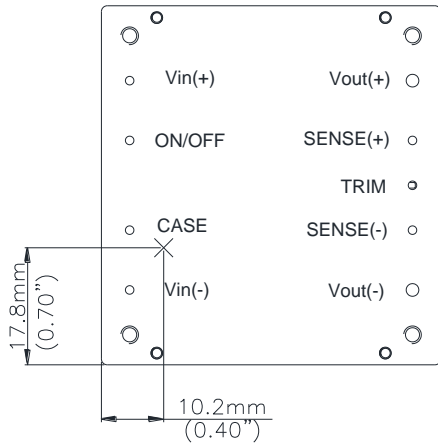


Figure 18: *Temperature measurement location viewed from top side. The allowed maximum hot spot temperature is defined at 100°C.

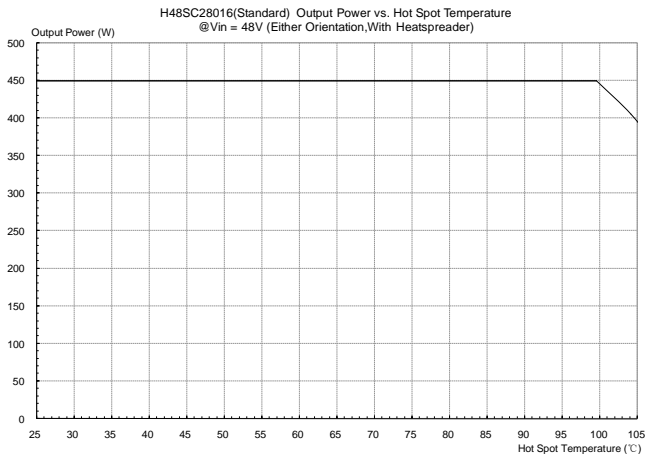
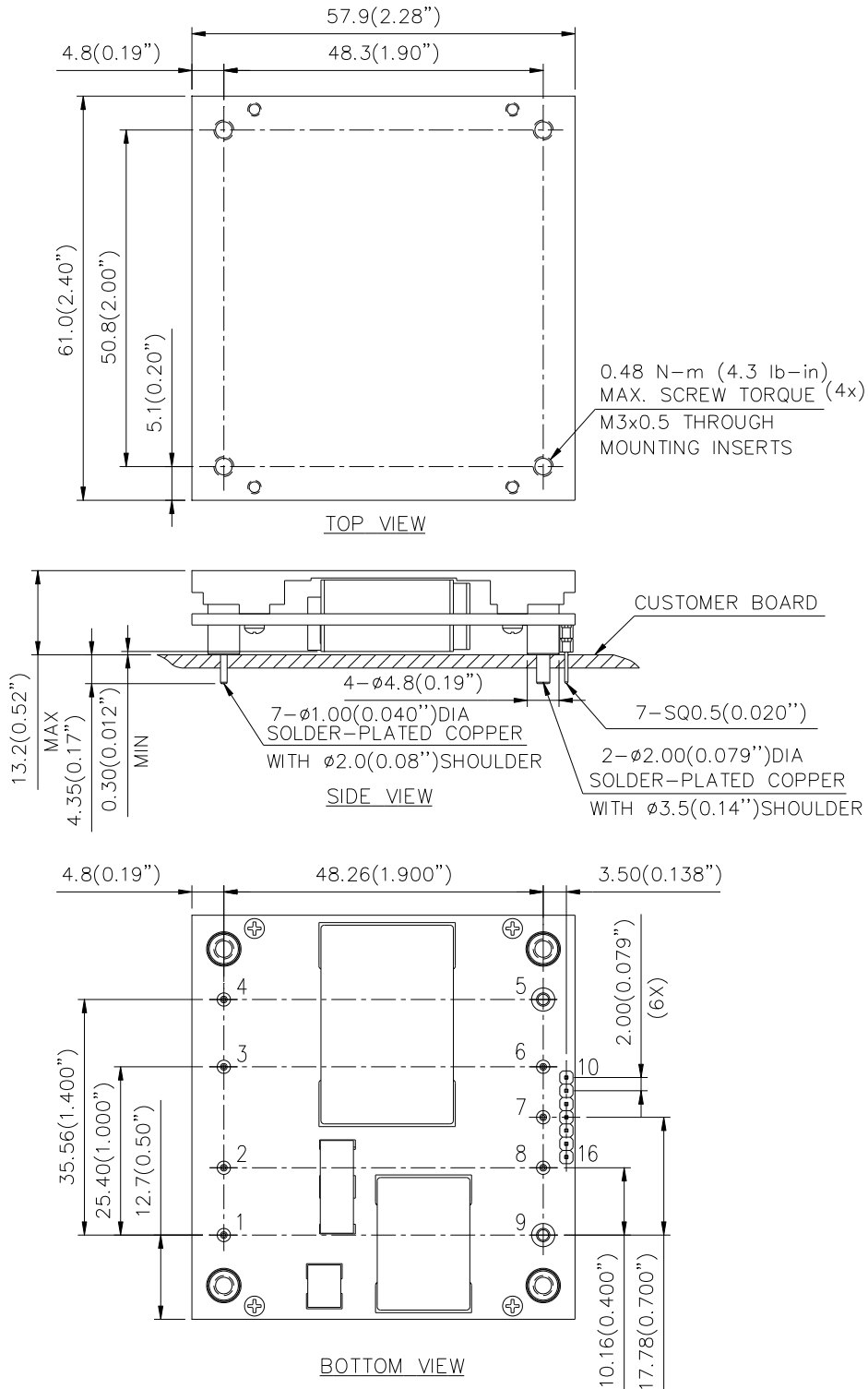


Figure 19: Output power vs. Hot spot temperature @Vin=48V (Either Orientation)

MECHANICAL DRAWING (WITH HEAT SPREADER)

For modules with through-hole pins and the optional heatspreader, they are intended for wave soldering assembly onto system boards; please do not subject such modules through reflow temperature profile.



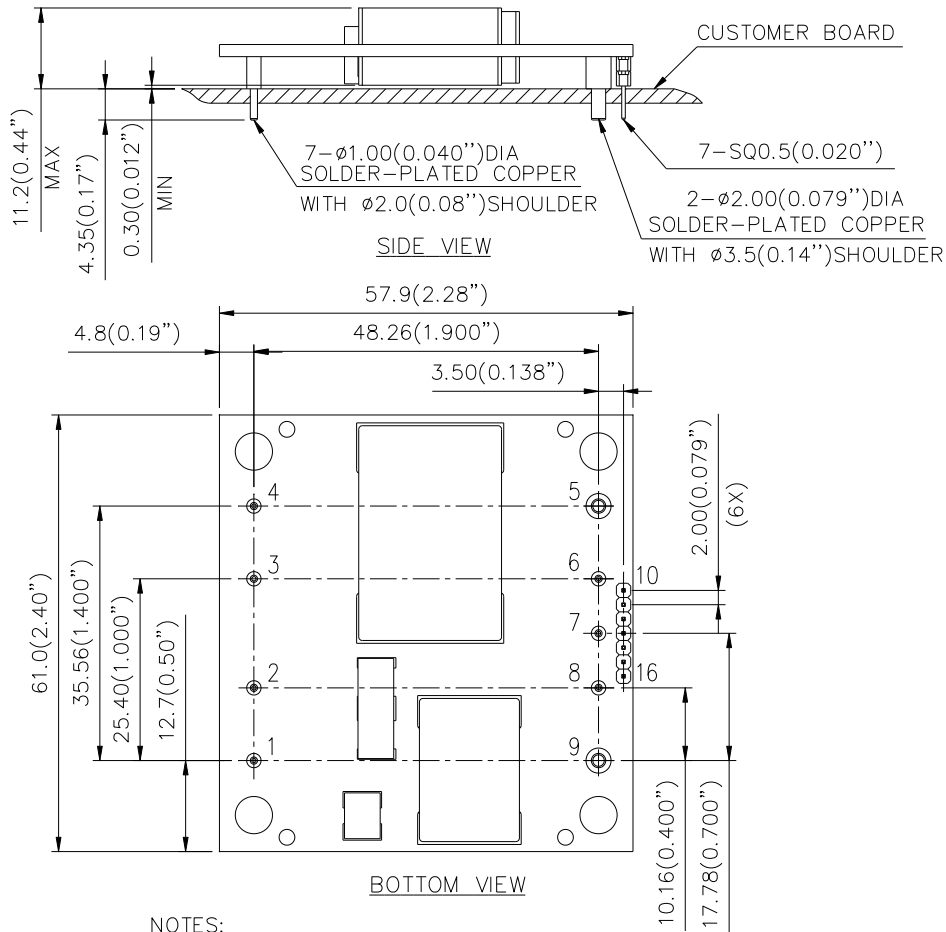
NOTES:

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES)

TOLERANCES: X.Xmm \pm 0.5mm(X.XX in. \pm 0.02 in.)

X.XXmm \pm 0.25mm(X.XXX in. \pm 0.010 in.)

MECHANICAL DRAWING (WITHOUT HEAT SPREADER)



NOTES:

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES)

TOLERANCES: X.Xmm \pm 0.5mm(X.XX in. \pm 0.02 in.)

X.XXmm \pm 0.25mm(X.XXX in. \pm 0.010 in.)

Pin No.	Name	Function
1	+Vin	Positive input voltage
2	ON/OFF	Remote ON/OFF
3	Case	Case ground
4	-Vin	Negative input voltage
5	-Vout	Negative output voltage
6	-SENSE	Negative remote sense
7	TRIM	Output voltage trim
8	+SENSE	Positive remote sense
9	+Vout	Positive output voltage

Digital pin(optional)

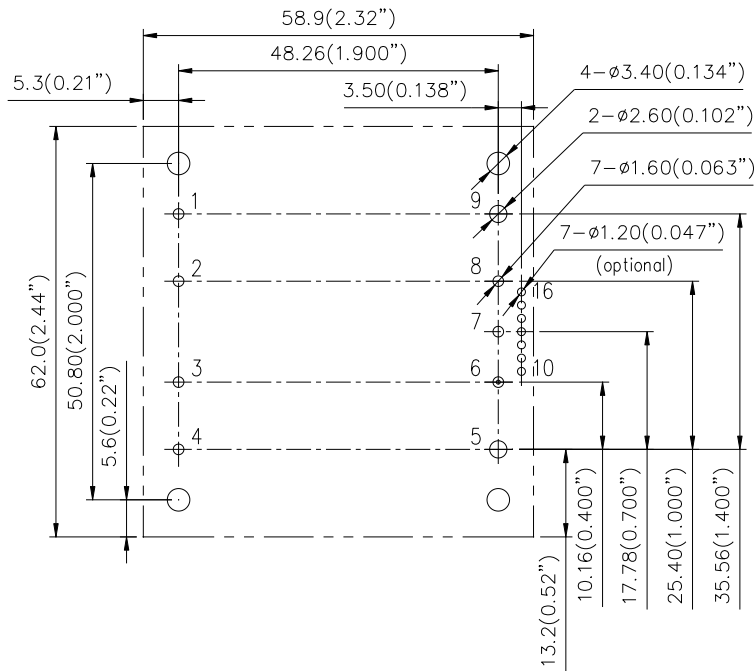
10	C2
11	DGND
12	PMBData
13	SMBAAlert
14	PMBCLK
15	Addr1
16	Addr0

Pin Specification:

Pins 1-4,6-8	1.00mm (0.040") diameter
Pins 5 & 9	1.50mm (0.059") diameter
Pins 10~16	0.50mm (0.020") square

Note: All pins are copper alloy with matte Tin(Pb free) plated over Nickel under plating.

RECOMMENDED LAYOUT



STANDARD		OPTIONAL	
PIN	NAME	PIN	NAME
1	Vin(+)	10	C2
2	ON/OFF	11	DGND
3	Case	12	PMBData
4	Vin(-)	13	SMBAlert
5	Vout(-)	14	PMBCLK
6	Sense(-)	15	Addr1
7	Trim	16	Addr0
8	Sense(+)		
9	Vout(+)		



PART NUMBERING SYSTEM

H	48	S	C	280	16	N	R	F	H		
Form Factor	Input Voltage	Number of Outputs	Product Series	Output Voltage	Output Current	ON/OFF Logic	Pin Length	Pin assignment			
H- Half Brick	48 - 36V~75V	S - Single	C- Series number	280 - 28V	16 - 16A	N - Negative P- Positive	K – 0.110" N – 0.145" R – 0.170"	F - RoHS 6/6 (Lead Free)		PMBUS pin(10~16pin)	Heat spreader
									A	No	No
									B	Yes	No
									C	Yes	Yes
H	No	Yes									

MODEL LIST

MODEL NAME	INPUT		OUTPUT		EFF @ 100% LOAD
H48SC28016NRFH	36V~75V	17A	28V	16A	95.0% @ 48Vin

Default remote on/off logic is negative and pin length is 0.170".

For different remote on/off logic and pin length, please refer to part numbering system above or contact your local sales office.

For modules with through-hole pins and the optional heatspreader, they are intended for wave soldering assembly onto system boards; please do not subject such modules through reflow temperature profile.

If need digital pins and pmbus, please contact with Delta.

CONTACT: www.deltaww.com/dcdc

USA:

Telephone:
East Coast: 978-656-3993
West Coast: 510-668-5100
Fax: (978) 656 3964
Email: DCDC@delta-corp.com

Europe:

Phone: +31-20-655-0967
Fax: +31-20-655-0999
Email: DCDC@delta-es.com

Asia & the rest of world:

Telephone: +886 3 4526107
ext 6220~6224
Fax: +886 3 4513485
Email: DCDC@delta.com.tw

WARRANTY

Delta offers a two (2) year limited warranty. Complete warranty information is listed on our web site or is available upon request from Delta.

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Компания «Океан Электроники» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Поставка оригинальных импортных электронных компонентов напрямую с производств Америки, Европы и Азии, а так же с крупнейших складов мира;
- Широкая линейка поставок активных и пассивных импортных электронных компонентов (более 30 млн. наименований);
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Помощь Конструкторского Отдела и консультации квалифицированных инженеров;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Поставка электронных компонентов под контролем ВП;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- При необходимости вся продукция военного и аэрокосмического назначения проходит испытания и сертификацию в лаборатории (по согласованию с заказчиком);
- Поставка специализированных компонентов военного и аэрокосмического уровня качества (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Actel, Aeroflex, Peregrine, VPT, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instruments, MS Kennedy, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Компания «Океан Электроники» является официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России одного из крупнейших производителей разъемов военного и аэрокосмического назначения «JONHON», а так же официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России производителя высокотехнологичных и надежных решений для передачи СВЧ сигналов «FORSTAR».



JONHON

«JONHON» (основан в 1970 г.)

Разъемы специального, военного и аэрокосмического назначения:

(Применяются в военной, авиационной, аэрокосмической, морской, железнодорожной, горно- и нефтедобывающей отраслях промышленности)

«FORSTAR» (основан в 1998 г.)

ВЧ соединители, коаксиальные кабели, кабельные сборки и микроволновые компоненты:

(Применяются в телекоммуникациях гражданского и специального назначения, в средствах связи, РЛС, а так же военной, авиационной и аэрокосмической отраслях промышленности).



Телефон: 8 (812) 309-75-97 (многоканальный)

Факс: 8 (812) 320-03-32

Электронная почта: ocean@oceanchips.ru

Web: <http://oceanchips.ru/>

Адрес: 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, д. 2, корп. 4, лит. А