



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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## 28/36/48/64/80-Pin Dual Core, 16-Bit Digital Signal Controllers with High-Resolution PWM and CAN Flexible Data (CAN FD)

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### Operating Conditions

- 3V to 3.6V, -40°C to +125°C:
  - Master Core: DC to 90 MIPS
  - Slave Core: DC to 100 MIPS

### Core: Dual 16-Bit dsPIC33CH CPU

- Master/Slave Core Operation
- Independent Peripherals for Master Core and Slave Core
- Dual Partition for Slave PRAM LiveUpdate
- Configurable Shared Resources for Master Core and Slave Core
- Master Core with 64-128 Kbytes of Program Flash with ECC and 16K RAM
- Slave Core with 24 Kbytes of Program RAM (PRAM) with ECC and 4K Data Memory RAM
- Fast 6-Cycle Divide
- Message Boxes and FIFO to Communicate Between Master and Slave (MSI)
- Code Efficient (C and Assembly) Architecture
- 40-Bit Wide Accumulators
- Single-Cycle (MAC/MPY) with Dual Data Fetch
- Single-Cycle, Mixed-Sign MUL Plus Hardware Divide
- 32-Bit Multiply Support
- Five Sets of Interrupt Context Selected Registers and Accumulators per Core for Fast Interrupt Response
- Zero Overhead Looping

### Clock Management

- Internal Oscillator
- Programmable PLLs and Oscillator Clock Sources
- Master Reference Clock Output
- Slave Reference Clock Output
- Fail-Safe Clock Monitor (FSCM)
- Fast Wake-up and Start-up
- Backup Internal Oscillator
- LPRC Oscillator

### Power Management

- Low-Power Management Modes (Sleep, Idle, Doze)
- Integrated Power-on Reset and Brown-out Reset

### High Resolution PWM with Fine Edge Placement

- Up to 12 PWM Channels:
  - Four channels for Master
  - Eight channels for Slave
- 250 ps PWM Resolution
- Applications Include:
  - DC/DC Converters
  - AC/DC power supplies
  - Uninterruptable Power Supply (UPS)
  - Motor Control: BLDC, PMSM, SR, ACIM

### Timers/Output Compare/Input Capture

- Two General Purpose 16-Bit Timers:
  - One each for Master and Slave
- Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG) Module:
  - One module for Master
  - Slave can interrupt on select PTG sources
  - Useful for automating complex sequences
- 12 SCCP Modules:
  - Eight modules for Master
  - Four modules for Slave
  - Timer, Capture/Compare and PWM Modes
  - 16 or 32-bit time base
  - 16 or 32-bit capture
  - 4-deep capture buffer
  - Fully Asynchronous Operation, Available in Sleep Modes

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## Advanced Analog Features

- Four ADC Modules:
  - One module for Master core
  - Three modules for Slave core
  - 12-bit, 3.5 Msps ADC
  - Up to 18 conversion channels
- Four DAC/Analog Comparator Modules:
  - One module for Master core
  - Three modules for Slave core
  - 12-bit DACs with hardware slope compensation
  - 15 ns analog comparators
- Three PGA Modules:
  - Three modules for Slave core
  - Can be read by Master ADC
  - Option to interface with Master ADC
- Shared DAC/Analog Output:
  - DAC/analog comparator outputs
  - PGA outputs

## Communication Interfaces

- Three UART Modules:
  - Two modules for Master core
  - One module for Slave core
  - Support for DMX, LIN/J2602 protocols and IrDA®
- Three 4-Wire SPI/I<sup>2</sup>S Modules:
  - Two modules for Master core
  - One module for Slave core
- CAN Flexible Data-Rate (FD) Module for the Master Core
- Three I<sup>2</sup>C Modules:
  - Two modules for Master
  - One module for Slave
  - Support for SMBus

## Other Features

- PPS to Allow Function Remap
- Programmable Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) for the Master
- Two SENT Modules for the Master

## Direct Memory Access (DMA)

- Eight DMA Channels:
  - Six DMA channels available for the Master core
  - Two DMA channels available for the Slave core

## Debugger Development Support

- In-Circuit and In-Application Programming
- Simultaneous Debugging Support for Master and Slave Cores
- Master Only Debug and Slave Only Debug Support
- Master with Three Complex, Five Simple Breakpoints and Slave with One Complex, Two Simple Breakpoints
- IEEE 1149.2 Compatible (JTAG) Boundary Scan
- Trace Buffer and Run-Time Watch

## Safety Features

- DMT (Deadman Timer)
- ECC (Error Correcting Code)
- WDT (Watchdog Timer)
- CodeGuard™ Security
- CRC (Cyclic Redundancy Check)
- Two-Speed Start-up
- Fail-Safe Clock Monitoring
- Backup FRC (BFRC)
- Capless Internal Voltage Regulator
- Virtual Pins for Redundancy and Monitoring

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**TABLE 1: MASTER AND SLAVE CORE FEATURES**

| Feature                      | Master Core       | Slave Core                      | Shared |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--------|
| Core Frequency               | 90 MIPS @ 180 MHz | 100 MIPS @ 200 MHz              | —      |
| Program Memory               | 64K-128 Kbytes    | 24 Kbytes (PRAM) <sup>(2)</sup> | —      |
| Internal Data RAM            | 16 Kbytes         | 4 Kbytes                        | —      |
| 16-Bit Timer                 | 1                 | 1                               | —      |
| DMA                          | 6                 | 2                               | —      |
| SCCP (Capture/Compare/Timer) | 8                 | 4                               | —      |
| UART                         | 2                 | 1                               | —      |
| SPI/I <sup>2</sup> S         | 2                 | 1                               | —      |
| I <sup>2</sup> C             | 2                 | 1                               | —      |
| CAN FD                       | 1                 | —                               | —      |
| SENT                         | 2                 | —                               | —      |
| CRC                          | 1                 | —                               | —      |
| QEI                          | 1                 | 1                               | —      |
| PTG                          | 1                 | —                               | —      |
| CLC                          | 4                 | 4                               | —      |
| 16-Bit High-Speed PWM        | 4                 | 8                               | —      |
| ADC 12-Bit                   | 1                 | 3                               | —      |
| Digital Comparator           | 4                 | 4                               | —      |
| 12-Bit DAC/Analog CMP Module | 1                 | 3                               | —      |
| Watchdog Timer               | 1                 | 1                               | —      |
| Deadman Timer                | 1                 | —                               | —      |
| Input/Output                 | 69                | 69                              | 69     |
| Simple Breakpoints           | 5                 | 2                               | —      |
| PGAs <sup>(1)</sup>          | —                 | 3                               | 3      |
| DAC Output Buffer            | —                 | —                               | 1      |
| Oscillator                   | 1                 | 1                               | 1      |

**Note 1:** Slave owns the peripheral/feature, but it is shared with the Master.

**Note 2:** Dual Partition feature is available on Slave PRAM.

## dsPIC33CH128MP508 PRODUCT FAMILIES

The device names, pin counts, memory sizes and peripheral availability of each device are listed in [Table 2](#). The following pages show their pinout diagrams.

**TABLE 2: dsPIC33CHXXXMP50X FAMILY**

| Product           | Core   | Pins | Flash <sup>(1)</sup> | Data RAM | 12-ADC Module | ADC Channels | Timers | SCCP | CAN FD | SENT | UART | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> S | I <sup>2</sup> C | QEI | CLC | PTG | CRC | PWM (High Resolution) | Analog Comparators | PGA | Current Bias Source | REFO |
|-------------------|--------|------|----------------------|----------|---------------|--------------|--------|------|--------|------|------|----------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------------------|--------------------|-----|---------------------|------|
| dsPIC33CH64MP502  | Master | 28   | 64K                  | 16K      | 1             | 12           | 1      | 8    | 1      | 2    | 2    | 2                    | 2                | 1   | 4   | 1   | 1   | 4                     | 1                  | —   | 1                   | 1    |
|                   | Slave  |      | 24K                  | 4K       | 3             | 11           | 1      | 4    | —      | —    | 1    | 1                    | 1                | 1   | 4   | —   | —   | 8                     | 3                  | 3   | —                   | 1    |
| dsPIC33CH128MP502 | Master | 28   | 128K                 | 16K      | 1             | 12           | 1      | 8    | 1      | 2    | 2    | 2                    | 2                | 1   | 4   | 1   | 1   | 4                     | 1                  | —   | 1                   | 1    |
|                   | Slave  |      | 24K                  | 4K       | 3             | 11           | 1      | 4    | —      | —    | 1    | 1                    | 1                | 1   | 4   | —   | —   | 8                     | 3                  | 3   | —                   | 1    |
| dsPIC33CH64MP503  | Master | 36   | 64K                  | 16K      | 1             | 16           | 1      | 8    | 1      | 2    | 2    | 2                    | 2                | 1   | 4   | 1   | 1   | 4                     | 1                  | —   | 1                   | 1    |
|                   | Slave  |      | 24K                  | 4K       | 3             | 16           | 1      | 4    | —      | —    | 1    | 1                    | 1                | 1   | 4   | —   | —   | 8                     | 3                  | 3   | —                   | 1    |
| dsPIC33CH128MP503 | Master | 36   | 128K                 | 16K      | 1             | 15           | 1      | 8    | 1      | 2    | 2    | 2                    | 2                | 1   | 4   | 1   | 1   | 4                     | 1                  | —   | 1                   | 1    |
|                   | Slave  |      | 24K                  | 4K       | 3             | 16           | 1      | 4    | —      | —    | 1    | 1                    | 1                | 1   | 4   | —   | —   | 8                     | 3                  | 3   | —                   | 1    |
| dsPIC33CH64MP505  | Master | 48   | 64K                  | 16K      | 1             | 16           | 1      | 8    | 1      | 2    | 2    | 2                    | 2                | 1   | 4   | 1   | 1   | 4                     | 1                  | —   | 1                   | 1    |
|                   | Slave  |      | 24K                  | 4K       | 3             | 15           | 1      | 4    | —      | —    | 1    | 1                    | 1                | 1   | 4   | —   | —   | 8                     | 3                  | 3   | —                   | 1    |
| dsPIC33CH128MP505 | Master | 48   | 128K                 | 16K      | 1             | 16           | 1      | 8    | 1      | 2    | 2    | 2                    | 2                | 1   | 4   | 1   | 1   | 4                     | 1                  | —   | 1                   | 1    |
|                   | Slave  |      | 24K                  | 4K       | 3             | 15           | 1      | 4    | —      | —    | 1    | 1                    | 1                | 1   | 4   | —   | —   | 8                     | 3                  | 3   | —                   | 1    |
| dsPIC33CH64MP506  | Master | 64   | 64K                  | 16K      | 1             | 16           | 1      | 8    | 1      | 2    | 2    | 2                    | 2                | 1   | 4   | 1   | 1   | 4                     | 1                  | —   | 1                   | 1    |
|                   | Slave  |      | 24K                  | 4K       | 3             | 18           | 1      | 4    | —      | —    | 1    | 1                    | 1                | 1   | 4   | —   | —   | 8                     | 3                  | 3   | —                   | 1    |
| dsPIC33CH128MP506 | Master | 64   | 128K                 | 16K      | 1             | 16           | 1      | 8    | 1      | 2    | 2    | 2                    | 2                | 1   | 4   | 1   | 1   | 4                     | 1                  | —   | 1                   | 1    |
|                   | Slave  |      | 24K                  | 4K       | 3             | 18           | 1      | 4    | —      | —    | 1    | 1                    | 1                | 1   | 4   | —   | —   | 8                     | 3                  | 3   | —                   | 1    |
| dsPIC33CH64MP508  | Master | 80   | 64K                  | 16K      | 1             | 16           | 1      | 8    | 1      | 2    | 2    | 2                    | 2                | 1   | 4   | 1   | 1   | 4                     | 1                  | —   | 1                   | 1    |
|                   | Slave  |      | 24K                  | 4K       | 3             | 18           | 1      | 4    | —      | —    | 1    | 1                    | 1                | 1   | 4   | —   | —   | 8                     | 3                  | 3   | —                   | 1    |
| dsPIC33CH128MP508 | Master | 80   | 128K                 | 16K      | 1             | 16           | 1      | 8    | 1      | 2    | 2    | 2                    | 2                | 1   | 4   | 1   | 1   | 4                     | 1                  | —   | 1                   | 1    |
|                   | Slave  |      | 24K                  | 4K       | 3             | 18           | 1      | 4    | —      | —    | 1    | 1                    | 1                | 1   | 4   | —   | —   | 8                     | 3                  | 3   | —                   | 1    |

**Note 1:** For the Slave core, the implemented program memory of 24K is PRAM.

**TABLE 3: dsPIC33CHXXXMP20X FAMILY WITH NO CAN FD**

| Product           | Core   | Pins | Flash <sup>(1)</sup> | Data RAM | ADC Modules | ADC Channels | Timers | SCCP | CAN FD | SENT | UART | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> S | I <sup>2</sup> C | QEI | CLC | PTG | CRC | PWM (High Resolution) | Analog Comparators | PGA | Current Bias Source | REFO |
|-------------------|--------|------|----------------------|----------|-------------|--------------|--------|------|--------|------|------|----------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------------------|--------------------|-----|---------------------|------|
| dsPIC33CH64MP202  | Master | 28   | 64K                  | 16K      | 1           | 12           | 1      | 8    | —      | 2    | 2    | 2                    | 2                | 1   | 4   | 1   | 1   | 4                     | 1                  | —   | 1                   | 1    |
|                   | Slave  |      | 24K                  | 4K       | 3           | 11           | 1      | 4    | —      | —    | 1    | 1                    | 1                | 1   | 1   | 4   | —   | —                     | 8                  | 3   | 3                   | —    |
| dsPIC33CH128MP202 | Master | 28   | 128K                 | 16K      | 1           | 12           | 1      | 8    | —      | 2    | 2    | 2                    | 2                | 1   | 4   | 1   | 1   | 4                     | 1                  | —   | 1                   | 1    |
|                   | Slave  |      | 24K                  | 4K       | 3           | 11           | 1      | 4    | —      | —    | 1    | 1                    | 1                | 1   | 1   | 4   | —   | —                     | 8                  | 3   | 3                   | —    |
| dsPIC33CH64MP203  | Master | 36   | 64K                  | 16K      | 1           | 16           | 1      | 8    | —      | 2    | 2    | 2                    | 2                | 1   | 4   | 1   | 1   | 4                     | 1                  | —   | 1                   | 1    |
|                   | Slave  |      | 24K                  | 4K       | 3           | 16           | 1      | 4    | —      | —    | 1    | 1                    | 1                | 1   | 1   | 4   | —   | —                     | 8                  | 3   | 3                   | —    |
| dsPIC33CH128MP203 | Master | 36   | 128K                 | 16K      | 1           | 15           | 1      | 8    | —      | 2    | 2    | 2                    | 2                | 1   | 4   | 1   | 1   | 4                     | 1                  | —   | 1                   | 1    |
|                   | Slave  |      | 24K                  | 4K       | 3           | 16           | 1      | 4    | —      | —    | 1    | 1                    | 1                | 1   | 1   | 4   | —   | —                     | 8                  | 3   | 3                   | —    |
| dsPIC33CH64MP205  | Master | 48   | 64K                  | 16K      | 1           | 16           | 1      | 8    | —      | 2    | 2    | 2                    | 2                | 1   | 4   | 1   | 1   | 4                     | 1                  | —   | 1                   | 1    |
|                   | Slave  |      | 24K                  | 4K       | 3           | 15           | 1      | 4    | —      | —    | 1    | 1                    | 1                | 1   | 1   | 4   | —   | —                     | 8                  | 3   | 3                   | —    |
| dsPIC33CH128MP205 | Master | 48   | 128K                 | 16K      | 1           | 16           | 1      | 8    | —      | 2    | 2    | 2                    | 2                | 1   | 4   | 1   | 1   | 4                     | 1                  | —   | 1                   | 1    |
|                   | Slave  |      | 24K                  | 4K       | 3           | 15           | 1      | 4    | —      | —    | 1    | 1                    | 1                | 1   | 1   | 4   | —   | —                     | 8                  | 3   | 3                   | —    |
| dsPIC33CH64MP206  | Master | 64   | 64K                  | 16K      | 1           | 16           | 1      | 8    | —      | 2    | 2    | 2                    | 2                | 1   | 4   | 1   | 1   | 4                     | 1                  | —   | 1                   | 1    |
|                   | Slave  |      | 24K                  | 4K       | 3           | 18           | 1      | 4    | —      | —    | 1    | 1                    | 1                | 1   | 1   | 4   | —   | —                     | 8                  | 3   | 3                   | —    |
| dsPIC33CH128MP206 | Master | 64   | 128K                 | 16K      | 1           | 16           | 1      | 8    | —      | 2    | 2    | 2                    | 2                | 1   | 4   | 1   | 1   | 4                     | 1                  | —   | 1                   | 1    |
|                   | Slave  |      | 24K                  | 4K       | 3           | 18           | 1      | 4    | —      | —    | 1    | 1                    | 1                | 1   | 1   | 4   | —   | —                     | 8                  | 3   | 3                   | —    |
| dsPIC33CH64MP208  | Master | 80   | 64K                  | 16K      | 1           | 16           | 1      | 8    | —      | 2    | 2    | 2                    | 2                | 1   | 4   | 1   | 1   | 4                     | 1                  | —   | 1                   | 1    |
|                   | Slave  |      | 24K                  | 4K       | 3           | 18           | 1      | 4    | —      | —    | 1    | 1                    | 1                | 1   | 1   | 4   | —   | —                     | 8                  | 3   | 3                   | —    |
| dsPIC33CH128MP208 | Master | 80   | 128K                 | 16K      | 1           | 16           | 1      | 8    | —      | 2    | 2    | 2                    | 2                | 1   | 4   | 1   | 1   | 4                     | 1                  | —   | 1                   | 1    |
|                   | Slave  |      | 24K                  | 4K       | 3           | 18           | 1      | 4    | —      | —    | 1    | 1                    | 1                | 1   | 1   | 4   | —   | —                     | 8                  | 3   | 3                   | —    |

**Note 1:** For the Slave core, the implemented program memory of 24K is PRAM.

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## Pin Diagrams

### 28-Pin SSOP<sup>(1)</sup>



**Note 1:** Shaded pins are up to 5.5 VDC tolerant (refer to Table 3-28 and Table 4-25). For the list of analog ports, refer to Table 3-27 and Table 4-24.

**TABLE 4: 28-PIN SSOP**

| Pin # | Master Core                                  | Slave Core  |
|-------|--|---|
| 1     | AN1/RA1                                      | S1AN15/S1RA1  |
| 2     | AN2/RA2                                      | S1AN16/S1RA2  |
| 3     | AN3/IBIAS0/RA3                               | S1AN0/S1CMP1A/S1PGA1P1/S1RA3  |
| 4     | AN4/IBIAS1/RA4                               | S1MCLR3/S1AN1/S1CMP2A/S1PGA2P1/S1PGA3P2/S1RA4                               |
| 5     | AVDD   | AVDD  |
| 6     | AVSS   | AVSS  |
| 7     | VDD  | VDD   |
| 8     | VSS  | VSS   |
| 9     | OSCI/CLKI/AN5/RP32/RB0                       | S1AN5/S1RP32/S1RB0  |
| 10    | OSCO/CLKO/AN6/IBIAS2/RP33/RB1 <sup>(1)</sup> | S1AN4/S1RP33/S1RB1  |
| 11    | DACOUT/AN7/CMP1D/RP34/INT0/RB2               | S1MCLR2/S1AN3/S1ANC0/S1ANC1/S1CMP1D/S1CMP2D/S1CMP3D/<br>S1RP34/S1INT0/S1RB2 |
| 12    | PGD2/AN8/RP35/RB3                            | S1PGD2/S1AN18/S1CMP3A/S1PGA3P1/S1RP35/S1RB3                                 |
| 13    | PGC2/RP36/RB4                                | S1PGC2/S1AN9/S1RP36/S1PWM5L/S1RB4   |
| 14    | PGD3/RP37/SDA2/RB5                           | S1PGD3/S1RP37/S1RB5   |
| 15    | PGC3/RP38/SCL2/RB6                           | S1PGC3/S1RP38/S1RB6   |
| 16    | TDO/AN9/RP39/RB7                             | S1MCLR1/S1AN6/S1RP39/S1PWM5H/S1RB7  |
| 17    | PGD1/AN10/RP40/SCL1/RB8                      | S1PGD1/S1AN7/S1RP40/S1SCL1/S1RB8  |
| 18    | PGC1/AN11/RP41/SDA1/RB9                      | S1PGC1/S1RP41/S1SDA1/S1RB9  |
| 19    | VSS  | VSS   |
| 20    | VDD  | VDD   |
| 21    | TMS/RP42/PWM3H/RB10                          | S1RP42/S1PWM3H/S1RB10   |
| 22    | TCK/RP43/PWM3L/RB11                          | S1RP43/S1PWM8H/S1PWM3L/S1RB11   |
| 23    | TDI/RP44/PWM2H/RB12                          | S1RP44/S1PWM2H/S1RB12   |
| 24    | RP45/PWM2L/RB13                              | S1RP45/S1PWM7H/S1PWM2L/S1RB13   |
| 25    | RP46/PWM1H/RB14                              | S1RP46/S1PWM1H/S1RB14   |
| 26    | RP47/PWM1L/RB15                              | S1RP47/S1PWM6H/S1PWM1L/S1RB15   |
| 27    | MCLR   | —   |
| 28    | AN0/CMP1A/RA0                                | S1RA0   |

**Legend:** RPn and S1RPn represent remappable pins for Peripheral Pin Select functions.

**Note 1:** At device power-up (POR), a pulse with an amplitude around 2V and a duration greater than 500 μs may be observed on this device pin, independent of pull-down resistors. It is recommended not to use this pin as an output driver unless the circuit being driven can endure this active duration.

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## Pin Diagrams (Continued)



**TABLE 5: 28-PIN UQFN**

| Pin # | Master Core                    | Slave Core  |
|-------|--------------------------------|---|
| 1     | RP46/PWM1H/RB14                | S1RP46/S1PWM1H/S1RB14   |
| 2     | RP47/PWM1L/RB15                | S1RP47/S1PWM6H/S1PWM1L/S1RB15   |
| 3     | MCLR                           | —   |
| 4     | AN0/CMP1A/RA0                  | S1RA0   |
| 5     | AN1/RA1                        | S1AN15/S1RA1  |
| 6     | AN2/RA2                        | S1AN16/S1RA2  |
| 7     | AN3/IBIAS0/RA3                 | S1AN0/S1CMP1A/S1PGA1P1/S1RA3  |
| 8     | AN4/IBIAS1/RA4                 | S1MCLR3/S1AN1/S1CMP2A/S1PGA2P1/S1PGA3P2/S1RA4                           |
| 9     | AVDD                           | AVDD  |
| 10    | AVSS                           | AVSS  |
| 11    | VDD                            | VDD   |
| 12    | VSS                            | VSS   |
| 13    | OSCI/CLKI/AN5/RP32/RB0         | S1AN5/S1RP32/S1RB0  |
| 14    | OSCO/CLKO/AN6/IBIAS2/RP33/RB1  | S1AN4/S1RP33/S1RB1  |
| 15    | DACOUT/AN7/CMP1D/RP34/INT0/RB2 | S1MCLR2/S1AN3/S1ANC0/S1ANC1/S1CMP1D/S1CMP2D/S1CMP3D/S1RP34/S1INT0/S1RB2 |
| 16    | PGD2/AN8/RP35/RB3              | S1PGD2/S1AN18/S1CMP3A/S1PGA3P1/S1RP35/S1RB3                             |
| 17    | PGC2/RP36/RB4                  | S1PGC2/S1AN9/S1RP36/S1PWM5L/S1RB4                                       |
| 18    | PGD3/RP37/SDA2/RB5             | S1PGD3/S1RP37/S1RB5   |
| 19    | PGC3/RP38/SCL2/RB6             | S1PGC3/S1RP38/S1RB6   |
| 20    | TDO/AN9/RP39/RB7               | S1MCLR1/S1AN6/S1RP39/S1PWM5H/S1RB7                                      |
| 21    | PGD1/AN10/RP40/SCL1/RB8        | S1PGD1/S1AN7/S1RP40/S1SCL1/S1RB8  |
| 22    | PGC1/AN11/RP41/SDA1/RB9        | S1PGC1/S1RP41/S1SDA1/S1RB9  |
| 23    | VSS                            | VSS   |
| 24    | VDD                            | VDD   |
| 25    | TMS/RP42/PWM3H/RB10            | S1RP42/S1PWM3H/S1RB10   |
| 26    | TCK/RP43/PWM3L/RB11            | S1RP43/S1PWM8H/S1PWM3L/S1RB11   |
| 27    | TDI/RP44/PWM2H/RB12            | S1RP44/S1PWM2H/S1RB12   |
| 28    | RP45/PWM2L/RB13                | S1RP45/S1PWM7H/S1PWM2L/S1RB13   |

**Legend:** RPn and S1RPn represent remappable pins for Peripheral Pin Select functions.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## Pin Diagrams (Continued)

36-Pin UQFN<sup>(1,2)</sup>



- Note 1:** Shaded pins are up to 5.5 VDC tolerant (refer to [Table 3-28](#) and [Table 4-25](#)). For the list of analog ports, refer to [Table 3-27](#) and [Table 4-24](#).
- Note 2:** The large center pad on the bottom of the package may be left floating or connected to VSS. The four-corner anchor pads are internally connected to the large bottom pad, and therefore, must be connected to the same net as the large center pad.



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**TABLE 6: 36-PIN UQFN**

| Pin # | Master Core                    | Slave Core  |
|-------|--------------------------------|---|
| 1     | RP46/PWM1H/RB14                | S1RP46/S1PWM1H/S1RB14   |
| 2     | RP47/PWM1L/RB15                | S1RP47/S1PWM6H/S1PWM1L/S1RB15   |
| 3     | MCLR                           | —   |
| 4     | AN12/IBIAS3/RP48/RC0           | S1AN10/S1RP48/S1RC0   |
| 5     | AN0/CMP1A/RA0                  | S1RA0   |
| 6     | AN1/RA1                        | S1AN15/S1RA1  |
| 7     | AN2/RA2                        | S1AN16/S1RA2  |
| 8     | AN3/IBIAS0/RA3                 | S1AN0/S1CMP1A/S1PGA1P1/S1RA3  |
| 9     | AN4/IBIAS1/RA4                 | S1MCLR3/S1AN1/S1CMP2A/S1PGA2P1/S1PGA3P2/S1RA4                               |
| 10    | AVDD                           | AVDD  |
| 11    | AVSS                           | AVSS  |
| 12    | AN13/ISRC0/RP49/RC1            | S1ANA1/S1RP49/S1RC1   |
| 13    | AN14/ISRC1/RP50/RC2            | S1ANA0/S1RP50/S1RC2   |
| 14    | VDD                            | VDD   |
| 15    | VSS                            | VSS   |
| 16    | CMP1B/RP51/RC3                 | S1AN8/S1CMP3B/S1RP51/S1RC3  |
| 17    | OSCI/CLKI/AN5/RP32/RB0         | S1AN5/S1RP32/S1RB0  |
| 18    | OSCO/CLKO/AN6/IBIAS2/RP33/RB1  | S1AN4/S1RP33/S1RB1  |
| 19    | DACOUT/AN7/CMP1D/RP34/INT0/RB2 | S1MCLR2/S1AN3/S1ANC0/S1ANC1/S1CMP1D/S1CMP2D/S1CMP3D/<br>S1RP34/S1INT0/S1RB2 |
| 20    | PGD2/AN8/RP35/RB3              | S1PGD2/S1AN18/S1CMP3A/S1PGA3P1/S1RP35/S1RB3                                 |
| 21    | PGC2/RP36/RB4                  | S1PGC2/S1AN9/S1RP36/S1PWM5L/S1RB4   |
| 22    | VSS                            | VSS   |
| 23    | VDD                            | VDD   |
| 24    | PGD3/RP37/SDA2/RB5             | S1PGD3/S1RP37/S1RB5   |
| 25    | PGC3/RP38/SCL2/RB6             | S1PGC3/S1RP38/S1RB6   |
| 26    | TDO/AN9/RP39/RB7               | S1MCLR1/S1AN6/S1RP39/S1PWM5H/S1RB7  |
| 27    | PGD1/AN10/RP40/SCL1/RB8        | S1PGD1/S1AN7/S1RP40/S1SCL1/S1RB8  |
| 28    | PGC1/AN11/RP41/SDA1/RB9        | S1PGC1/S1RP41/S1SDA1/S1RB9  |
| 29    | RP52/RC4                       | S1RP52/S1PWM2H/S1RC4  |
| 30    | RP53/RC5                       | S1RP53/S1PWM2L/S1RC5  |
| 31    | VSS                            | VSS   |
| 32    | VDD                            | VDD   |
| 33    | TMS/RP42/PWM3H/RB10            | S1RP42/S1PWM3H/S1RB10   |
| 34    | TCK/RP43/PWM3L/RB11            | S1RP43/S1PWM8H/S1PWM3L/S1RB11   |
| 35    | TDI/RP44/PWM2H/RB12            | S1RP44/S1PWM7L/S1RB12   |
| 36    | RP45/PWM2L/RB13                | S1RP45/S1PWM7H/S1RB13   |

**Legend:** RPn and S1RPn represent remappable pins for Peripheral Pin Select functions.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## Pin Diagrams (Continued)

48-Pin QFN/TQFP/UQFN<sup>(1,2)</sup>



- Note 1:** Shaded pins are up to 5.5 VDC tolerant (refer to [Table 3-28](#) and [Table 4-25](#)). For the list of analog ports, refer to [Table 3-27](#) and [Table 4-24](#).
- 2:** The large center pad on the bottom of the package may be left floating or connected to Vss. The four-corner anchor pads are internally connected to the large bottom pad, and therefore, must be connected to the same net as the large center pad.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 7: 48-PIN QFN/TQFP/UQFN**

| Pin # | Master Core                    | Slave Core  |
|-------|--------------------------------|---|
| 1     | RP46/PWM1H/RB14                | S1RP46/S1PWM6L/S1RB14   |
| 2     | RP47/PWM1L/RB15                | S1RP47/S1PWM6H/S1RB15   |
| 3     | RP60/RC12                      | S1RP60/S1PWM3H/S1RC12   |
| 4     | RP61/RC13                      | S1RP61/S1PWM3L/S1RC13   |
| 5     | MCLR                           | —   |
| 6     | RD13                           | S1ANN0/S1PGA1N2/S1RD13  |
| 7     | AN12/IBIAS3/RP48/RC0           | S1AN10/S1RP48/S1RC0   |
| 8     | AN0/CMP1A/RA0                  | S1RA0   |
| 9     | AN1/RA1                        | S1AN15/S1RA1  |
| 10    | AN2/RA2                        | S1AN16/S1RA2  |
| 11    | AN3/IBIAS0/RA3                 | S1AN0/S1CMP1A/S1PGA1P1/S1RA3  |
| 12    | AN4/IBIAS1/RA4                 | S1MCLR3/S1AN1/S1CMP2A/S1PGA2P1/S1PGA3P2/S1RA4                           |
| 13    | AVDD                           | AVDD  |
| 14    | AVSS                           | AVSS  |
| 15    | AN13/ISRC0/RP49/RC1            | S1ANA1/S1RP49/S1RC1   |
| 16    | AN14/ISRC1/RP50/RC2            | S1ANA0/S1RP50/S1RC2   |
| 17    | RP54/RC6                       | S1AN11/S1CMP1B/S1RP54/S1RC6   |
| 18    | VDD                            | VDD   |
| 19    | VSS                            | VSS   |
| 20    | CMP1B/RP51/RC3                 | S1AN8/S1CMP3B/S1RP51/S1RC3  |
| 21    | OSCI/CLKI/AN5/RP32/RB0         | S1AN5/S1RP32/S1RB0  |
| 22    | OSCO/CLKO/AN6/IBIAS2/RP33/RB1  | S1AN4/S1RP33/S1RB1  |
| 23    | ISRC3/RD10                     | S1AN13/S1CMP2B/S1RD10   |
| 24    | AN15/ISRC2/RP55/RC7            | S1AN12/S1RP55/S1RC7   |
| 25    | DACOUT/AN7/CMP1D/RP34/INT0/RB2 | S1MCLR2/S1AN3/S1ANC0/S1ANC1/S1CMP1D/S1CMP2D/S1CMP3D/S1RP34/S1INT0/S1RB2 |
| 26    | PGD2/AN8/RP35/RB3              | S1PGD2/S1AN18/S1CMP3A/S1PGA3P1/S1RP35/S1RB3                             |
| 27    | PGC2/RP36/RB4                  | S1PGC2/S1AN9/S1RP36/S1PWM5L/S1RB4                                       |
| 28    | RP56/ASDA1/SCK2/RC8            | S1RP56/S1ASDA1/S1SCK1/S1RC8   |
| 29    | RP57/ASCL1/SDI2/RC9            | S1RP57/S1ASCL1/S1SDI1/S1RC9   |
| 30    | SDO2/PCI19/RD8                 | S1SDO1/S1PCH9/S1RD8   |
| 31    | VSS                            | VSS   |
| 32    | VDD                            | VDD   |
| 33    | PGD3/RP37/SDA2/RB5             | S1PGD3/S1RP37/S1RB5   |
| 34    | PGC3/RP38/SCL2/RB6             | S1PGC3/S1RP38/S1RB6   |
| 35    | TDO/AN9/RP39/RB7               | S1MCLR1/S1AN6/S1RP39/S1PWM5H/S1RB7                                      |
| 36    | PGD1/AN10/RP40/SCL1/RB8        | S1PGD1/S1AN7/S1RP40/S1SCL1/S1RB8  |
| 37    | PGC1/AN11/RP41/SDA1/RB9        | S1PGC1/S1RP41/S1SDA1/S1RB9  |
| 38    | RP52/RC4                       | S1RP52/S1PWM2H/S1RC4  |
| 39    | RP53/RC5                       | S1RP53/S1PWM2L/S1RC5  |
| 40    | RP58/RC10                      | S1RP58/S1PWM1H/S1RC10   |
| 41    | RP59/RC11                      | S1RP59/S1PWM1L/S1RC11   |
| 42    | VSS                            | VSS   |
| 43    | VDD                            | VDD   |
| 44    | RP65/RD1                       | S1RP65/S1PWM4H/S1RD1  |
| 45    | TMS/RP42/PWM3H/RB10            | S1RP42/S1PWM8L/S1RB10   |
| 46    | TCK/RP43/PWM3L/RB11            | S1RP43/S1PWM8H/S1RB11   |
| 47    | TDI/RP44/PWM2H/RB12            | S1RP44/S1PWM7L/S1RB12   |
| 48    | RP45/PWM2L/RB13                | S1RP45/S1PWM7H/S1RB13   |

Legend: RPn and S1RPn represent remappable pins for Peripheral Pin Select functions.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## Pin Diagrams (Continued)

64-Pin TQFP/QFN<sup>(1,2)</sup>



**Note 1:** Shaded pins are up to 5.5 VDC tolerant (refer to [Table 3-28](#) and [Table 4-25](#)). For the list of analog ports, refer to [Table 3-27](#) and [Table 4-24](#).

**Note 2:** The large center pad on the bottom of the package may be left floating or connected to Vss. The four-corner anchor pads are internally connected to the large bottom pad, and therefore, must be connected to the same net as the large center pad.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 8: 64-PIN TQFP/QFN**

| Pin # | Master Core                             | Slave Core   |
|-------|---|--|
| 1     | <b>RP46</b> /PWM1H/RB14                 | <b>S1RP46</b> /S1RB14  |
| 2     | <b>RP47</b> /PWM1L/RB15                 | <b>S1RP47</b> /S1RB15  |
| 3     | <b>RP60</b> /PWM4H/RC12                 | <b>S1RP60</b> /S1RC12  |
| 4     | <b>RP61</b> /PWM4L/RC13                 | <b>S1RP61</b> /S1RC13  |
| 5     | <b>RP62</b> /RC14                       | <b>S1RP62</b> /S1PWM7H/S1RC14  |
| 6     | <b>RP63</b> /RC15                       | <b>S1RP63</b> /S1PWM7L/S1RC15  |
| 7     | MCLR                                    | —  |
| 8     | PCI22/RD15                              | S1PCI22/S1RD15   |
| 9     | Vss                                     | Vss  |
| 10    | VDD                                     | VDD  |
| 11    | PCI21/RD14                              | S1ANN1/S1PGA2N2/S1PCI21/S1RD14   |
| 12    | RD13                                    | S1ANN0/S1PGA1N2/S1RD13   |
| 13    | AN12/BIAS3/ <b>RP48</b> /RC0            | S1AN10/ <b>S1RP48</b> /S1RC0   |
| 14    | AN0/CMP1A/RA0                           | S1RA0  |
| 15    | AN1/RA1                                 | S1AN15/S1RA1   |
| 16    | AN2/RA2                                 | S1AN16/S1RA2   |
| 17    | AN3/BIAS0/RA3                           | S1AN0/S1CMP1A/S1PGA1P1/S1RA3   |
| 18    | AN4/BIAS1/RA4                           | S1MCLR3/S1AN1/S1CMP2A/S1PGA2P1/S1PGA3P2/S1RA4                                    |
| 19    | AVDD                                    | AVDD   |
| 20    | AVss                                    | AVss   |
| 21    | RD12                                    | S1AN14/S1PGA2P2/S1RD12   |
| 22    | AN13/ISRC0/ <b>RP49</b> /RC1            | S1ANA1/ <b>S1RP49</b> /S1RC1   |
| 23    | AN14/ISRC1/ <b>RP50</b> /RC2            | S1ANA0/ <b>S1RP50</b> /S1RC2   |
| 24    | <b>RP54</b> /RC6                        | S1AN11/S1CMP1B/ <b>S1RP54</b> /S1RC6   |
| 25    | VDD                                     | VDD  |
| 26    | Vss                                     | Vss  |
| 27    | CMP1B/ <b>RP51</b> /RC3                 | S1AN8/S1CMP3B/ <b>S1RP51</b> /S1RC3  |
| 28    | OSCI/CLKI/AN5/ <b>RP32</b> /RB0         | S1AN5/ <b>S1RP32</b> /S1RB0  |
| 29    | OSCO/CLKO/AN6/BIAS2/ <b>RP33</b> /RB1   | S1AN4/ <b>S1RP33</b> /S1RB1  |
| 30    | RD11                                    | S1AN17/S1PGA1P2/S1RD11   |
| 31    | ISRC3/RD10                              | S1AN13/S1CMP2B/S1RD10  |
| 32    | AN15/ISRC2/ <b>RP55</b> /RC7            | S1AN12/ <b>S1RP55</b> /S1RC7   |
| 33    | DACOUT/AN7/CMP1D/ <b>RP34</b> /INT0/RB2 | S1MCLR2/S1AN3/S1ANC0/S1ANC1/S1CMP1D/S1CMP2D/S1CMP3D/ <b>S1RP34</b> /S1INT0/S1RB2 |
| 34    | PGD2/AN8/ <b>RP35</b> /RB3              | S1PGD2/S1AN18/S1CMP3A/S1PGA3P1/ <b>S1RP35</b> /S1RB3                             |
| 35    | PGC2/ <b>RP36</b> /RB4                  | S1PGC2/S1AN9/ <b>S1RP36</b> /S1PWM5L/S1RB4                                       |
| 36    | <b>RP56</b> /ASDA1/SCK2/RC8             | <b>S1RP56</b> /S1ASDA1/S1SCK1/S1RC8  |
| 37    | <b>RP57</b> /ASCL1/SDI2/RC9             | <b>S1RP57</b> /S1ASCL1/S1SDI1/S1RC9  |
| 38    | PCI20/RD9                               | S1PCI20/S1RD9  |
| 39    | SDO2/PCI19/RD8                          | S1SDO1/S1PCI19/S1RD8   |
| 40    | Vss                                     | Vss  |
| 41    | VDD                                     | VDD  |
| 42    | <b>RP71</b> /RD7                        | <b>S1RP71</b> /S1PWM8H/S1RD7   |
| 43    | <b>RP70</b> /RD6                        | <b>S1RP70</b> /S1PWM6H/S1RD6   |
| 44    | <b>RP69</b> /RD5                        | <b>S1RP69</b> /S1PWM6L/S1RD5   |
| 45    | PGD3/ <b>RP37</b> /SDA2/RB5             | S1PGD3/ <b>S1RP37</b> /S1RB5   |
| 46    | PGC3/ <b>RP38</b> /SCL2/RB6             | S1PGC3/ <b>S1RP38</b> /S1RB6   |
| 47    | TDO/AN9/ <b>RP39</b> /RB7               | S1MCLR1/S1AN6/ <b>S1RP39</b> /S1PWM5H/S1RB7                                      |
| 48    | PGD1/AN10/ <b>RP40</b> /SCL1/RB8        | S1PGD1/S1AN7/ <b>S1RP40</b> /S1SCL1/S1RB8  |
| 49    | PGC1/AN11/ <b>RP41</b> /SDA1/RB9        | S1PGC1/ <b>S1RP41</b> /S1SDA1/S1RB9  |
| 50    | <b>RP52</b> /RC4                        | <b>S1RP52</b> /S1PWM2H/S1RC4   |

**Legend:** **RPn** and **S1RPn** represent remappable pins for Peripheral Pin Select functions.

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**TABLE 8: 64-PIN TQFP/QFN (CONTINUED)**

| Pin # | Master Core                  | Slave Core                    |
|-------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 51    | <b>RP53</b> /RC5             | <b>S1RP53</b> /S1PWM2L/S1RC5  |
| 52    | <b>RP58</b> /RC10            | <b>S1RP58</b> /S1PWM1H/S1RC10 |
| 53    | <b>RP59</b> /RC11            | <b>S1RP59</b> /S1PWM1L/S1RC11 |
| 54    | <b>RP68</b> /RD4             | <b>S1RP68</b> /S1PWM3H/S1RD4  |
| 55    | <b>RP67</b> /RD3             | <b>S1RP67</b> /S1PWM3L/S1RD3  |
| 56    | Vss                          | Vss                           |
| 57    | VDD                          | VDD                           |
| 58    | <b>RP66</b> /RD2             | <b>S1RP66</b> /S1PWM8L/S1RD2  |
| 59    | <b>RP65</b> /RD1             | <b>S1RP65</b> /S1PWM4H/S1RD1  |
| 60    | <b>RP64</b> /RD0             | <b>S1RP64</b> /S1PWM4L/S1RD0  |
| 61    | TMS/ <b>RP42</b> /PWM3H/RB10 | <b>S1RP42</b> /S1RB10         |
| 62    | TCK/ <b>RP43</b> /PWM3L/RB11 | <b>S1RP43</b> /S1RB11         |
| 63    | TDI/ <b>RP44</b> /PWM2H/RB12 | <b>S1RP44</b> /S1RB12         |
| 64    | <b>RP45</b> /PWM2L/RB13      | <b>S1RP45</b> /S1RB13         |

**Legend:** **RPn** and **S1RPn** represent remappable pins for Peripheral Pin Select functions.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## Pin Diagrams (Continued)

80-Pin TQFP<sup>(1)</sup>



**Note 1:** Shaded pins are up to 5.5 VDC tolerant (refer to [Table 3-28](#) and [Table 4-25](#)). For the list of analog ports, refer to [Table 3-27](#) and [Table 4-24](#).

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 9: 80-PIN TQFP**

| Pin # | Master Core                             | Slave Core   |
|-------|---|--|
| 1     | <b>RP46</b> /PWM1H/RB14                 | <b>S1RP46</b> /S1RB14  |
| 2     | RE0                                     | S1RE0  |
| 3     | <b>RP47</b> /PWM1L/RB15                 | <b>S1RP47</b> /S1RB15  |
| 4     | RE1                                     | S1RE1  |
| 5     | <b>RP60</b> /PWM4H/RC12                 | <b>S1RP60</b> /S1RC12  |
| 6     | <b>RP61</b> /PWM4L/RC13                 | <b>S1RP61</b> /S1RC13  |
| 7     | <b>RP62</b> /RC14                       | <b>S1RP62</b> /S1PWM7H/S1RC14  |
| 8     | <b>RP63</b> /RC15                       | <b>S1RP63</b> /S1PWM7L/S1RC15  |
| 9     | MCLR                                    | —  |
| 10    | PCI22/RD15                              | S1PCI22/S1RD15   |
| 11    | Vss                                     | Vss  |
| 12    | VDD                                     | VDD  |
| 13    | PCI21/RD14                              | S1ANN1/S1PGA2N2/S1PCI21/S1RD14   |
| 14    | RD13                                    | S1ANN0/S1PGA1N2/S1RD13   |
| 15    | AN12/IBIAS3/ <b>RP48</b> /RC0           | S1AN10/ <b>S1RP48</b> /S1RC0   |
| 16    | AN0/CMP1A/RA0                           | S1RA0  |
| 17    | RE2                                     | S1RE2  |
| 18    | AN1/RA1                                 | S1AN15/S1RA1   |
| 19    | RE3                                     | S1RE3  |
| 20    | AN2/RA2                                 | S1AN16/S1RA2   |
| 21    | AN3/IBIAS0/RA3                          | S1AN0/S1CMP1A/S1PGA1P1/S1RA3   |
| 22    | RE4                                     | S1RE4  |
| 23    | AN4/IBIAS1/RA4                          | S1MCLR3/S1AN1/S1CMP2A/S1PGA2P1/S1PGA3P2/S1RA4                                    |
| 24    | RE5                                     | S1RE5  |
| 25    | AVDD                                    | AVDD   |
| 26    | AVss                                    | AVss   |
| 27    | RD12                                    | S1AN14/S1PGA2P2/S1RD12   |
| 28    | AN13/ISRC0/ <b>RP49</b> /RC1            | S1ANA1/ <b>S1RP49</b> /S1RC1   |
| 29    | AN14/ISRC1/ <b>RP50</b> /RC2            | S1ANA0/ <b>S1RP50</b> /S1RC2   |
| 30    | <b>RP54</b> /RC6                        | S1AN11/S1CMP1B/ <b>S1RP54</b> /S1RC6   |
| 31    | VDD                                     | VDD  |
| 32    | Vss                                     | Vss  |
| 33    | CMP1B/ <b>RP51</b> /RC3                 | S1AN8/S1CMP3B/ <b>S1RP51</b> /S1RC3  |
| 34    | OSCI/CLKI/AN5/ <b>RP32</b> /RB0         | S1AN5/ <b>S1RP32</b> /S1RB0  |
| 35    | OSCO/CLKO/AN6/IBIAS2/ <b>RP33</b> /RB1  | S1AN4/ <b>S1RP33</b> /S1RB1  |
| 36    | RD11                                    | S1AN17/S1PGA1P2/S1RD11   |
| 37    | RE6                                     | S1PGA3N2/S1RE6   |
| 38    | ISRC3/RD10                              | S1AN13/S1CMP2B/S1RD10  |
| 39    | RE7                                     | S1RE7  |
| 40    | AN15/ISRC2/ <b>RP55</b> /RC7            | S1AN12/ <b>S1RP55</b> /S1RC7   |
| 41    | DACOUT/AN7/CMP1D/ <b>RP34</b> /INT0/RB2 | S1MCLR2/S1AN3/S1ANC0/S1ANC1/S1CMP1D/S1CMP2D/S1CMP3D/ <b>S1RP34</b> /S1INT0/S1RB2 |
| 42    | RE8                                     | S1RE8  |
| 43    | PGD2/AN8/ <b>RP35</b> /RB3              | S1PGD2/S1AN18/S1CMP3A/S1PGA3P1/ <b>S1RP35</b> /S1RB3                             |
| 44    | RE9                                     | S1RE9  |
| 45    | PGC2/ <b>RP36</b> /RB4                  | S1PGC2/S1AN9/ <b>S1RP36</b> /S1PWM5L/S1RB4                                       |
| 46    | <b>RP56</b> /ASDA1/SCK2/RC8             | <b>S1RP56</b> /S1ASDA1/S1SCK1/S1RC8  |
| 47    | <b>RP57</b> /ASCL1/SDI2/RC9             | <b>S1RP57</b> /S1ASCL1/S1SDI1/S1RC9  |
| 48    | PCI20/RD9                               | S1PCI20/S1RD9  |
| 49    | SDO2/PCI19/RD8                          | S1SDO1/S1PCI19/S1RD8   |
| 50    | Vss                                     | Vss  |

Legend: **RPn** and **S1RPn** represent remappable pins for Peripheral Pin Select functions.



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 9: 80-PIN TQFP (CONTINUED)**

| Pin # | Master Core                      | Slave Core                                  |
|-------|----------------------------------|---|
| 51    | VDD                              | VDD   |
| 52    | <b>RP71</b> /RD7                 | <b>S1RP71</b> /S1PWM8H/S1RD7                |
| 53    | <b>RP70</b> /RD6                 | <b>S1RP70</b> /S1PWM6H/S1RD6                |
| 54    | <b>RP69</b> /RD5                 | <b>S1RP69</b> /S1PWM6L/S1RD5                |
| 55    | PGD3/ <b>RP37</b> /SDA2/RB5      | S1PGD3/ <b>S1RP37</b> /S1RB5                |
| 56    | PGC3/ <b>RP38</b> /SCL2/RB6      | S1PGC3/ <b>S1RP38</b> /S1RB6                |
| 57    | RE10                             | S1RE10                                      |
| 58    | TDO/AN9/ <b>RP39</b> /RB7        | S1MCLR1/S1AN6/ <b>S1RP39</b> /S1PWM5H/S1RB7 |
| 59    | RE11                             | S1RE11                                      |
| 60    | PGD1/AN10/ <b>RP40</b> /SCL1/RB8 | S1PGD1/S1AN7/ <b>S1RP40</b> /S1SCL1/S1RB8   |
| 61    | PGC1/AN11/ <b>RP41</b> /SDA1/RB9 | S1PGC1/ <b>S1RP41</b> /S1SDA1/S1RB9         |
| 62    | ASCL2/RE12                       | S1RE12                                      |
| 63    | <b>RP52</b> /RC4                 | <b>S1RP52</b> /S1PWM2H/S1RC4                |
| 64    | ASDA2/RE13                       | S1RE13                                      |
| 65    | <b>RP53</b> /RC5                 | <b>S1RP53</b> /S1PWM2L/S1RC5                |
| 66    | <b>RP58</b> /RC10                | <b>S1RP58</b> /S1PWM1H/S1RC10               |
| 67    | <b>RP59</b> /RC11                | <b>S1RP59</b> /S1PWM1L/S1RC11               |
| 68    | <b>RP68</b> /RD4                 | <b>S1RP68</b> /S1PWM3H/S1RD4                |
| 69    | <b>RP67</b> /RD3                 | <b>S1RP67</b> /S1PWM3L/S1RD3                |
| 70    | VSS                              | VSS   |
| 71    | VDD                              | VDD   |
| 72    | <b>RP66</b> /RD2                 | <b>S1RP66</b> /S1PWM8L/S1RD2                |
| 73    | <b>RP65</b> /RD1                 | <b>S1RP65</b> /S1PWM4H/S1RD1                |
| 74    | <b>RP64</b> /RD0                 | <b>S1RP64</b> /S1PWM4L/S1RD0                |
| 75    | TMS/ <b>RP42</b> /PWM3H/RB10     | <b>S1RP42</b> /S1RB10                       |
| 76    | TCK/ <b>RP43</b> /PWM3L/RB11     | <b>S1RP43</b> /S1RB11                       |
| 77    | RE14                             | S1RE14                                      |
| 78    | TDI/ <b>RP44</b> /PWM2H/RB12     | <b>S1RP44</b> /S1RB12                       |
| 79    | RE15                             | S1RE15                                      |
| 80    | <b>RP45</b> /PWM2L/RB13          | <b>S1RP45</b> /S1RB13                       |

**Legend:** **RPn** and **S1RPn** represent remappable pins for Peripheral Pin Select functions.

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An errata sheet, describing minor operational differences from the data sheet and recommended workarounds, may exist for current devices. As device/documentation issues become known to us, we will publish an errata sheet. The errata will specify the revision of silicon and revision of document to which it applies.

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## Referenced Sources

This device data sheet is based on the following individual chapters of the *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”*. These documents should be considered as the general reference for the operation of a particular module or device feature.

**Note 1:** To access the documents listed below, browse to the documentation section of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 product page of the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)) or select a family reference manual section from the following list.

In addition to parameters, features and other documentation, the resulting page provides links to the related family reference manual sections.

- “Introduction” ([DS70573](#))
- “dsPIC33E Enhanced CPU” ([DS70005158](#))
- “dsPIC33E/PIC24E Program Memory” ([DS70000613](#))
- “Data Memory” ([DS70595](#))
- “Dual Partition Flash Program Memory” ([DS70005156](#))
- “Flash Programming” ([DS70609](#))
- “Reset” ([DS70602](#))
- “Interrupts” ([DS70000600](#))
- “I/O Ports with Edge Detect” ([DS70005322](#))
- “Deadman Timer” ([DS70005155](#))
- “CAN Flexible Data-Rate (FD) Protocol Module” ([DS70005340](#))
- “12-Bit High-Speed, Multiple SARs A/D Converter (ADC)” ([DS70005213](#))
- “Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG)” ([DS70000669](#))
- “Programmable Gain Amplifier (PGA)” ([DS70005146](#))
- “Master Slave Interface (MSI) Module” ([DS70005278](#))
- “Watchdog Timer and Power-Saving Modes” ([DS70615](#))
- “Oscillator Module with High-Speed PLL” ([DS70005255](#))
- “Timer1 Module” ([DS70005279](#))
- “Direct Memory Access Controller (DMA)” ([DS39742](#))
- “Capture/Compare/PWM/Timer (MCCP and SCCP)” ([DS33035](#))
- “High-Resolution PWM with Fine Edge Placement” ([DS70005320](#))
- “Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) with Audio Codec Support” ([DS70005136](#))
- “Inter-Integrated Circuit (I<sup>2</sup>C)” ([DS70000195](#))
- “Multiprotocol Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (UART) Module” ([DS70005288](#))
- “Single-Edge Nibble Transmission (SENT) Module” ([DS70005145](#))
- “32-Bit Programmable Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)” ([DS30009729](#))
- “Configurable Logic Cell (CLC)” ([DS70005298](#))
- “Quadrature Encoder Interface (QEI)” ([DS70000601](#))
- “High-Speed Analog Comparator Module” ([DS70005280](#))
- “Current Bias Generator (CBG)” ([DS70005253](#))
- “Dual Watchdog Timer” ([DS70005250](#))
- “Programming and Diagnostics” ([DS70608](#))
- “CodeGuard™ Security” ([DS70634](#))

## 1.0 DEVICE OVERVIEW

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive resource. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to the related section of the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

**2:** Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to [Section 3.2 “Master Memory Organization”](#) and [Section 4.2 “Slave Memory Organization”](#) in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

This document contains device-specific information for the dsPIC33CH128MP508 Digital Signal Controller (DSC) and Microcontroller (MCU) devices.

dsPIC33CH128MP508 devices contain extensive Digital Signal Processor (DSP) functionality with a high-performance, 16-bit MCU architecture.

[Figure 1-2](#) shows a general block diagram of the cores and peripheral modules of the Master and Slave. [Table 1-1](#) lists the functions of the various pins shown in the pinout diagrams.

The Master core and Slave core can operate independently, and can be programmed and debugged separately during the application development. Both processor (Master and Slave) subsystems have their own interrupt controllers, clock generators, ICD, port logic, I/O MUXes and PPS. The device is equivalent to having two complete dsPIC<sup>®</sup> DSCs on a single die.

The Master core will execute the code from Program Flash Memory (PFM) and the Slave core will operate from Program RAM Memory (PRAM).

Once the code development is complete, the Master Flash will be programmed with the Master code, as well as the Slave code. After a Power-on Reset (POR), the Slave code from Master Flash will be loaded to the PRAM (program memory of the Slave) and the Slave can execute the code independently of the Master. The Master and Slave can communicate with each other using the Master Slave Interface (MSI) peripheral, and can exchange data between them.

[Figure 1-1](#) shows the block diagram of the device operation during a POR and the process of transferring the Slave code from the Master to Slave PRAM.

The I/O ports are shared between the Master and Slave. [Table 1](#) shows the number of peripherals and the shared peripherals that the Master and Slave own. There are Configuration bits in the Flash memory that specify the ownership (Master or Slave) of each device pin.

The default (erased) state of the Flash assigns all of the device pins to the Master.

The two cores (Master and Slave) can both be connected to debug tools, which support independent and simultaneous debugging. When the Slave core or Master core is debugged (non-Dual Debug mode), the  $S1MCLR_x$  is not used.  $MCLR$  is used for programming and debugging both the Master core and the Slave core.  $S1MCLR_x$  is only used when debugging both the cores at the same time.

In normal operation, the “owner” of a device pin is responsible for full control of that pin; this includes both the digital and analog functionality.

The pin owner’s GPIO registers control all aspects of the I/O pad, including the ANSELx, CNPUx, CNPDx, ODCx registers and slew rate control.

**Note:** Both the Master and Slave cores can monitor a pin as an input, regardless of pin ownership. Pin ownership is valid only for the output functionality of the port.

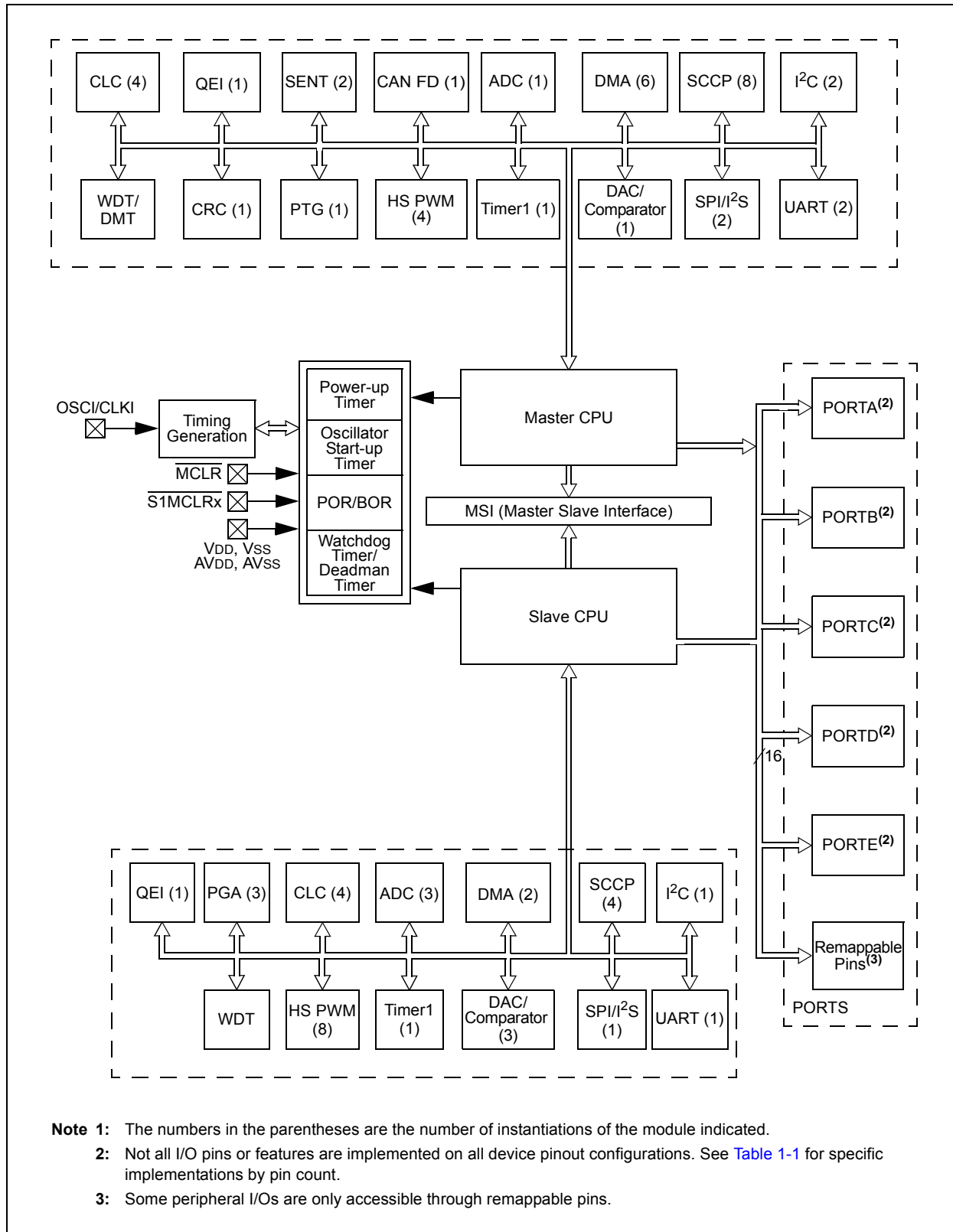
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FIGURE 1-1: SLAVE CORE CODE TRANSFER BLOCK DIAGRAM



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FIGURE 1-2: dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY BLOCK DIAGRAM<sup>(1)</sup>



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS

| Pin Name <sup>(1)</sup>  | Pin Type              | Buffer Type                | PPS                             | Description   |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| AN0-AN18<br>S1AN0-S1AN18<br>S1ANA0, S1ANA1   | I<br>I<br>I           | Analog<br>Analog<br>Analog | No<br>No<br>No                  | Master analog input channels<br>Slave analog input channels<br>Slave alternate analog inputs  |
| ADCTRG   | I                     | ST                         | Yes                             | ADC Trigger Input 31  |
| CAN1RX<br>CAN1   | I<br>O                | ST<br>—                    | Yes<br>Yes                      | CAN1 receive input<br>CAN1 transmit output  |
| CLKI<br><br>CLKO   | I<br><br>O            | ST/<br>CMOS<br><br>—       | No<br><br>No                    | External Clock (EC) source input. Always associated with OSC1 pin function.<br>Oscillator crystal output. Connects to crystal or resonator in Crystal Oscillator mode. Optionally functions as CLKO in RC and EC modes. Always associated with OSCO pin function. |
| OSCI<br><br>OSCO   | I<br><br>I/O          | ST/<br>CMOS<br><br>—       | No<br><br>No                    | Oscillator crystal input. ST buffer when configured in RC mode; CMOS otherwise.<br>Oscillator crystal output. Connects to crystal or resonator in Crystal Oscillator mode. Optionally functions as CLKO in RC and EC modes.                                       |
| REFOI/S1REFOI  | I                     | ST                         | Yes                             | Reference clock input   |
| REFCLKO/S1REFCLKO <sup>(3)</sup>   | O                     | —                          | Yes                             | Reference clock output  |
| INT0/S1INT0 <sup>(3)</sup><br>INT1/S1INT1 <sup>(3)</sup><br>INT2/S1INT2 <sup>(3)</sup><br>INT3/S1INT3 <sup>(3)</sup>   | I<br>I<br>I<br>I      | ST<br>ST<br>ST<br>ST       | No<br>Yes<br>Yes<br>Yes         | External Interrupt 0<br>External Interrupt 1<br>External Interrupt 2<br>External Interrupt 3  |
| IOCA<4:0>/S1IOCA<4:0> <sup>(3)</sup><br>IOCB<15:0>/S1IOCB<15:0> <sup>(3)</sup><br>IOCC<15:0>/S1IOCC<15:0> <sup>(3)</sup><br>IOCD<15:0>/S1IOCD<15:0> <sup>(3)</sup><br>IOCE<15:0>/S1IOCE<15:0> <sup>(3)</sup> | I<br>I<br>I<br>I<br>I | ST<br>ST<br>ST<br>ST<br>ST | No<br>No<br>No<br>No<br>No      | Interrupt-on-Change input for PORTA<br>Interrupt-on-Change input for PORTB<br>Interrupt-on-Change input for PORTC<br>Interrupt-on-Change input for PORTD<br>Interrupt-on-Change input for PORTE   |
| QEIA1<br>QEIB1<br>QEINDX1<br>QEIHOM1<br>QEICMP   | I<br>I<br>I<br>I<br>O | ST<br>ST<br>ST<br>ST<br>—  | Yes<br>Yes<br>Yes<br>Yes<br>Yes | QEI Input A<br>QEI Input B<br>QEI Index 1 input<br>QEI Home 1 input<br>QEI comparator output  |
| RA0-RA4/S1RA0-S1RA4 <sup>(3)</sup>   | I/O                   | ST                         | No                              | PORTA is a bidirectional I/O port   |
| RB0-RB15/S1RB0-S1RB15 <sup>(3)</sup>   | I/O                   | ST                         | No                              | PORTB is a bidirectional I/O port   |
| RC0-RC15/S1RC0-S1RC15 <sup>(3)</sup>   | I/O                   | ST                         | No                              | PORTC is a bidirectional I/O port   |
| RD0-RD15/S1RD0-S1RD15 <sup>(3)</sup>   | I/O                   | ST                         | No                              | PORTD is a bidirectional I/O port   |
| RE0-RE15/S1RE0-S1RE15 <sup>(3)</sup>   | I/O                   | ST                         | No                              | PORTE is a bidirectional I/O port   |
| T1CK/S1T1CK <sup>(3)</sup>   | I                     | ST                         | Yes                             | Timer1 external clock input   |

**Legend:** CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output      Analog = Analog input      P = Power  
 ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels      O = Output      I = Input  
 PPS = Peripheral Pin Select      TTL = TTL input buffer

- Note 1:** Not all pins are available in all package variants. See the “Pin Diagrams” section for pin availability.  
**Note 2:** These pins are remappable as well as dedicated. Some of the pins are associated with the Slave function and have S1 attached to the beginning of the name. For example, AN0 for the Slave is S1AN0.  
**Note 3:** S1 attached to the beginning of the name indicates the Slave feature for that function. For example, AN0 for the Slave is S1AN0.



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**TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)**

| Pin Name <sup>(1)</sup>                        | Pin Type | Buffer Type | PPS | Description  |
|--|----------|-------------|-----|--|
| U1CTS/S1U1CTS <sup>(3)</sup>                   | I        | ST          | Yes | UART1 Clear-to-Send                                      |
| U1RTS/S1U1RTS <sup>(3)</sup>                   | O        | —           | Yes | UART1 Request-to-Send                                    |
| U1RX/S1U1RX <sup>(3)</sup>                     | I        | ST          | Yes | UART1 receive  |
| U1TX/S1U1TX <sup>(3)</sup>                     | O        | —           | Yes | UART1 transmit   |
| U1DSR/S1U1DSR                                  | I        | ST          | Yes | UART1 Data-Set-Ready                                     |
| U1DTR/S1U1DTR                                  | O        | —           | Yes | UART1 Data-Terminal-Ready                                |
| U2CTS  | I        | ST          | Yes | UART2 Clear-to-Send                                      |
| U2RTS  | O        | —           | Yes | UART2 Request-to-Send                                    |
| U2RX   | I        | ST          | Yes | UART2 receive  |
| U2TX   | O        | —           | Yes | UART2 transmit   |
| U2DSR  | I        | ST          | Yes | UART2 Data-Set-Ready                                     |
| U2DTR  | O        | —           | Yes | UART2 Data-Terminal-Ready                                |
| SENT1  | I        | ST          | Yes | SENT1 input  |
| SENT2  | I        | ST          | Yes | SENT2 input  |
| SENT1OUT                                       | O        | —           | Yes | SENT1 output   |
| SENT2OUT                                       | O        | —           | Yes | SENT2 output   |
| PTGTRG24                                       | O        | —           | Yes | PTG Trigger Output 24                                    |
| PTGTRG25                                       | O        | —           | Yes | PTG Trigger Output 25                                    |
| TCKI1-TCKI8/<br>S1TCKI1-S1TCKI4 <sup>(3)</sup> | I        | ST          | Yes | SCCP Timer Inputs 1 through 8/1 through 4                |
| ICM1-ICM8/<br>S1ICM1-S1ICM4 <sup>(3)</sup>     | I        | ST          | Yes | SCCP Capture Inputs 1 through 8/1 through 4              |
| OCFA-OCFB/<br>S1OCFA-S1OCFB <sup>(3)</sup>     | I        | ST          | Yes | SCCP Fault Inputs A through B                            |
| OCM1-OCM8/<br>S1OCM1-S1OCM4 <sup>(3)</sup>     | O        | —           | Yes | SCCP Compare Outputs 1 through 8/1 through 4             |
| SCK1/S1SCK1 <sup>(3)</sup>                     | I/O      | ST          | Yes | Synchronous serial clock input/output for SPI1           |
| SDI1/S1SDI1 <sup>(3)</sup>                     | I        | ST          | Yes | SPI1 data in   |
| SDO1/S1SDO1 <sup>(3)</sup>                     | O        | —           | Yes | SPI1 data out  |
| SS1/S1SS1 <sup>(3)</sup>                       | I/O      | ST          | Yes | SPI1 Slave synchronization or frame pulse I/O            |
| SCK2   | I/O      | ST          | Yes | Synchronous serial clock input/output for SPI2           |
| SDI2   | I        | ST          | Yes | SPI2 data in   |
| SDO2   | O        | —           | Yes | SPI2 data out  |
| SS2  | I/O      | ST          | Yes | SPI2 Slave synchronization or frame pulse I/O            |
| SCL1/S1SCL1 <sup>(3)</sup>                     | I/O      | ST          | No  | Synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C1           |
| SDA1/S1SDA1 <sup>(3)</sup>                     | I/O      | ST          | No  | Synchronous serial data input/output for I2C1            |
| ASCL1  | I/O      | ST          | No  | Alternate synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C1 |
| ASDA1  | I/O      | ST          | No  | Alternate synchronous serial data input/output for I2C1  |
| SCL2   | I/O      | ST          | No  | Synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C2           |
| SDA2   | I/O      | ST          | No  | Synchronous serial data input/output for I2C2            |
| ASCL2  | I/O      | ST          | No  | Alternate synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C2 |
| ASDA2  | I/O      | ST          | No  | Alternate synchronous serial data input/output for I2C2  |

**Legend:** CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output      Analog = Analog input      P = Power  
 ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels      O = Output      I = Input  
 PPS = Peripheral Pin Select      TTL = TTL input buffer

- Note 1:** Not all pins are available in all package variants. See the “Pin Diagrams” section for pin availability.
- 2:** These pins are remappable as well as dedicated. Some of the pins are associated with the Slave function and have S1 attached to the beginning of the name. For example, AN0 for the Slave is S1AN0.
- 3:** S1 attached to the beginning of the name indicates the Slave feature for that function. For example, AN0 for the Slave is S1AN0.

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**TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)**

| Pin Name <sup>(1)</sup>   | Pin Type | Buffer Type | PPS      | Description   |
|---|----------|-------------|----------|---|
| TMS   | I        | ST          | No       | JTAG Test mode select pin   |
| TCK   | I        | ST          | No       | JTAG test clock input pin   |
| TDI   | I        | ST          | No       | JTAG test data input pin  |
| TDO   | O        | —           | No       | JTAG test data output pin   |
| PCI8-PCI18/<br>S1PCI8-S1PCI18                                   | I        | ST          | Yes      | PWM Inputs 8 through 18   |
| PWMEA-PWMED/<br>S1PWMEA-S1PWMED                                 | O        | —           | Yes      | PWM Event Outputs A through D   |
| PCI19-PCI22/<br>S1PCI19-S1PCI22 <sup>(3)</sup>                  | I        | ST          | No       | PWM Inputs 19 through 22  |
| PWM1L-PWM4L/S1PWM1L/<br>S1PWM8L <sup>(3)</sup>                  | O        | —           | No       | PWM Low Outputs 1 through 8   |
| PWM1H-PWM4H/<br>S1PWM1H-S1PWM8H <sup>(2,3)</sup>                | O        | —           |          | PWM High Outputs 1 through 8  |
| CLCINA-CLCIND/<br>S1CLCINA-S1CLCIND <sup>(3)</sup>              | I        | ST          | Yes      | CLC Inputs A through D  |
| CLC1OUT-CLC4OUT   | O        | —           | Yes      | CLC Outputs 1 through 4   |
| CMP1  | O        | —           | Yes      | Comparator 1 output   |
| CMP1A/<br>S1CMP1A-S1CMP3A <sup>(3)</sup>                        | I        | Analog      | No       | Comparator Channels 1A through 3A inputs  |
| CMP1B/<br>S1CMP1B-S1CMP3B <sup>(3)</sup>                        | I        | Analog      | No       | Comparator Channels 1B through 3B inputs  |
| CMP1D/<br>S1CMP1D-S1CMP3D <sup>(3)</sup>                        | I        | Analog      | No       | Comparator Channels 1D through 3D inputs  |
| DACOUT  | O        | —           | No       | DAC output voltage  |
| IBIAS3, IBIAS2, IBIAS1,<br>IBIAS0/ISRC3, ISRC2,<br>ISRC1, ISRC0 | O        | Analog      | No       | Constant-Current Outputs 0 through 3  |
| S1PGA1P2  | I        | Analog      | No       | PGA1 Positive Input 2   |
| S1PGA1N2  | I        | Analog      | No       | PGA1 Negative Input 2   |
| S1PGA2P2  | I        | Analog      | No       | PGA2 Positive Input 2   |
| S1PGA2N2  | I        | Analog      | No       | PGA2 Negative Input 2   |
| S1PGA3P1-S1PGA3P2   | I        | Analog      | No       | PGA3 Positive Inputs 1 through 2  |
| S1PGA3N2  | I        | Analog      | No       | PGA3 Negative Input 2   |
| PGD1/S1PGD1 <sup>(3)</sup><br>PGC1/S1PGC1 <sup>(3)</sup>        | I/O<br>I | ST<br>ST    | No<br>No | Data I/O pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 1<br>Clock input pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 1 |
| PGD2/S1PGD2 <sup>(3)</sup><br>PGC2/S1PGC2 <sup>(3)</sup>        | I/O<br>I | ST<br>ST    | No<br>No | Data I/O pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 2<br>Clock input pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 2 |
| PGD3/S1PGD3 <sup>(3)</sup><br>PGC3/S1PGC3 <sup>(3)</sup>        | I/O<br>I | ST<br>ST    | No<br>No | Data I/O pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 3<br>Clock input pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 3 |

**Legend:** CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output      Analog = Analog input      P = Power  
 ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels      O = Output      I = Input  
 PPS = Peripheral Pin Select      TTL = TTL input buffer

- Note 1:** Not all pins are available in all package variants. See the “Pin Diagrams” section for pin availability.
- 2:** These pins are remappable as well as dedicated. Some of the pins are associated with the Slave function and have S1 attached to the beginning of the name. For example, AN0 for the Slave is S1AN0.
- 3:** S1 attached to the beginning of the name indicates the Slave feature for that function. For example, AN0 for the Slave is S1AN0.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)**

| Pin Name <sup>(1)</sup>      | Pin Type | Buffer Type | PPS | Description  |
|------------------------------|----------|-------------|-----|--|
| MCLR/S1MCLR1/S1MCLR2/S1MCLR3 | I/P      | ST          | No  | Master Clear (Reset) input. This pin is an active-low Reset to the device. S1MCLR <sub>x</sub> is valid only for slave debug in Dual Debug mode. |
| AVDD                         | P        | P           | No  | Positive supply for analog modules. This pin must be connected at all times.   |
| AVSS                         | P        | P           | No  | Ground reference for analog modules. This pin must be connected at all times.  |
| VDD                          | P        | —           | No  | Positive supply for peripheral logic and I/O pins  |
| VSS                          | P        | —           | No  | Ground reference for logic and I/O pins  |

**Legend:** CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output      Analog = Analog input      P = Power  
 ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels      O = Output      I = Input  
 PPS = Peripheral Pin Select      TTL = TTL input buffer

- Note 1:** Not all pins are available in all package variants. See the “[Pin Diagrams](#)” section for pin availability.
- 2:** These pins are remappable as well as dedicated. Some of the pins are associated with the Slave function and have S1 attached to the beginning of the name. For example, AN0 for the Slave is S1AN0.
- 3:** S1 attached to the beginning of the name indicates the Slave feature for that function. For example, AN0 for the Slave is S1AN0.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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NOTES:

## 2.0 GUIDELINES FOR GETTING STARTED WITH 16-BIT DIGITAL SIGNAL CONTROLLERS

### 2.1 Basic Connection Requirements

Getting started with the family devices of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 requires attention to a minimal set of device pin connections before proceeding with development. The following is a list of pin names which must always be connected:

- All V<sub>DD</sub> and V<sub>SS</sub> pins (see [Section 2.2 “Decoupling Capacitors”](#))
- All AV<sub>DD</sub> and AV<sub>SS</sub> pins regardless if ADC module is not used (see [Section 2.2 “Decoupling Capacitors”](#))
- MCLR pin (see [Section 2.3 “Master Clear \(MCLR\) Pin”](#))
- PGCx/PGDx pins used for In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™) and debugging purposes (see [Section 2.4 “ICSP Pins”](#))
- OSCI and OSCO pins when an external oscillator source is used (see [Section 2.5 “External Oscillator Pins”](#))

### 2.2 Decoupling Capacitors

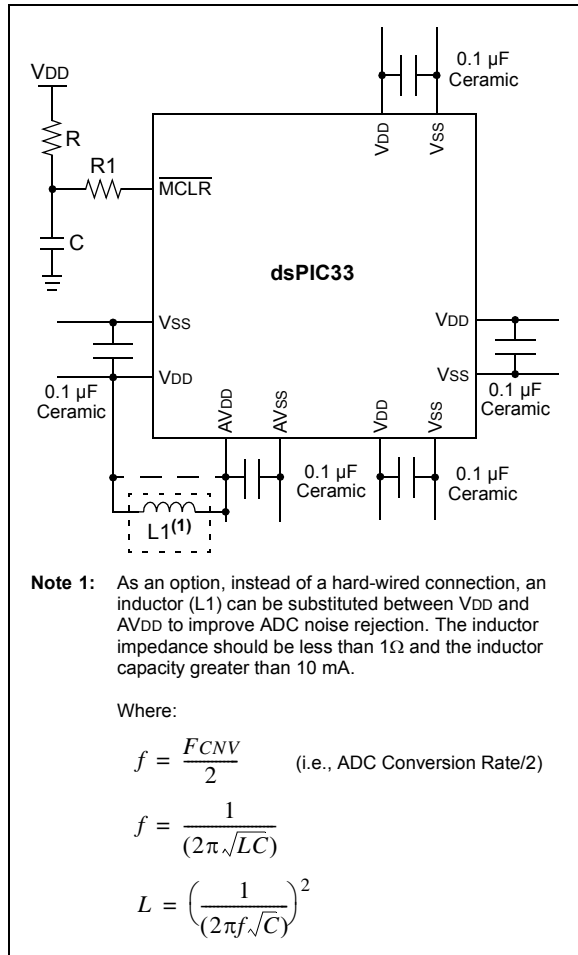
The use of decoupling capacitors on every pair of power supply pins, such as V<sub>DD</sub>, V<sub>SS</sub>, AV<sub>DD</sub> and AV<sub>SS</sub> is required.

Consider the following criteria when using decoupling capacitors:

- **Value and type of capacitor:** Recommendation of 0.1  $\mu$ F (100 nF), 10-20V. This capacitor should be a low-ESR and have resonance frequency in the range of 20 MHz and higher. It is recommended to use ceramic capacitors.
- **Placement on the printed circuit board:** The decoupling capacitors should be placed as close to the pins as possible. It is recommended to place the capacitors on the same side of the board as the device. If space is constricted, the capacitor can be placed on another layer on the PCB using a via; however, ensure that the trace length from the pin to the capacitor is within one-quarter inch (6 mm) in length.
- **Handling high-frequency noise:** If the board is experiencing high-frequency noise, above tens of MHz, add a second ceramic-type capacitor in parallel to the above described decoupling capacitor. The value of the second capacitor can be in the range of 0.01  $\mu$ F to 0.001  $\mu$ F. Place this second capacitor next to the primary decoupling capacitor. In high-speed circuit designs, consider implementing a decade pair of capacitances as close to the power and ground pins as possible. For example, 0.1  $\mu$ F in parallel with 0.001  $\mu$ F.
- **Maximizing performance:** On the board layout from the power supply circuit, run the power and return traces to the decoupling capacitors first, and then to the device pins. This ensures that the decoupling capacitors are first in the power chain. Equally important is to keep the trace length between the capacitor and the power pins to a minimum, thereby reducing PCB track inductance.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**FIGURE 2-1: RECOMMENDED MINIMUM CONNECTION**



## 2.2.1 BULK CAPACITORS

On boards with power traces running longer than six inches in length, it is suggested to use a bulk capacitor for integrated circuits, including DSCs, to supply a local power source. The value of the bulk capacitor should be determined based on the trace resistance that connects the power supply source to the device and the maximum current drawn by the device in the application. In other words, select the bulk capacitor so that it meets the acceptable voltage sag at the device. Typical values range from 4.7 µF to 47 µF.

## 2.3 Master Clear (MCLR) Pin

The MCLR pin provides two specific device functions:

- Device Reset
- Device Programming and Debugging.

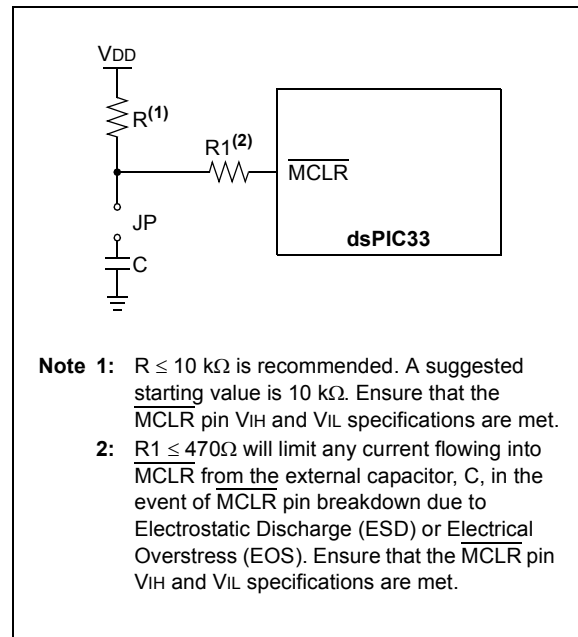
During device programming and debugging, the resistance and capacitance that can be added to the pin must be considered. Device programmers and debuggers drive the MCLR pin. Consequently, specific voltage levels (VIH and VIL) and fast signal transitions must not be adversely affected. Therefore, specific values of R and C will need to be adjusted based on the application and PCB requirements.

For example, as shown in Figure 2-2, it is recommended that the capacitor, C, be isolated from the MCLR pin during programming and debugging operations.

Place the components, as shown in Figure 2-2, within one-quarter inch (6 mm) from the MCLR pin.

**Note 1:** There are the S1MCLR1, S1MCLR2 and S1MCLR3 pins and they are used for Slave debug during the dual debug process. Those pins do not reset the Slave core during normal operation.

**FIGURE 2-2: EXAMPLE OF MCLR PIN CONNECTIONS**



## 2.4 ICSP Pins

The PGCx and PGDx pins are used for ICSP and debugging purposes. It is recommended to keep the trace length between the ICSP connector and the ICSP pins on the device as short as possible. If the ICSP connector is expected to experience an ESD event, a series resistor is recommended, with the value in the range of a few tens of Ohms, not to exceed 100 Ohms.

Pull-up resistors, series diodes and capacitors on the PGCx and PGDx pins are not recommended as they will interfere with the programmer/debugger communications to the device. If such discrete components are an application requirement, they should be removed from the circuit during programming and debugging. Alternatively, refer to the AC/DC characteristics and timing requirements information in the respective device Flash programming specification for information on capacitive loading limits and pin Voltage Input High (VIH) and Voltage Input Low (VIL) requirements.

Ensure that the “Communication Channel Select” (i.e., PGCx/PGDx pins) programmed into the device matches the physical connections for the ICSP to PICKit™ 3, MPLAB® ICD 3 or MPLAB REAL ICE™ emulator.

For more information on MPLAB ICD 2, MPLAB ICD 3 and REAL ICE emulator connection requirements, refer to the following documents that are available on the Microchip web site.

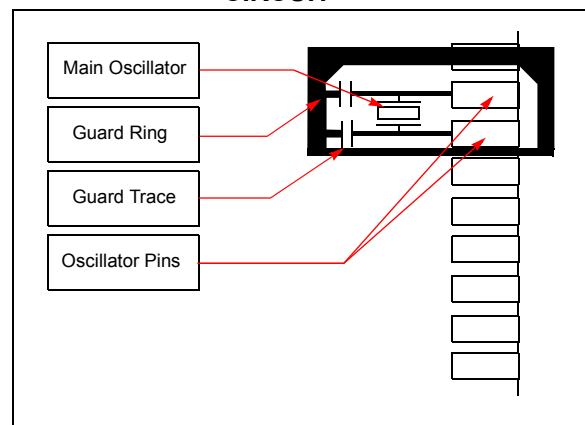
- “Using MPLAB® ICD 3 In-Circuit Debugger” (poster) (DS51765)
- “Development Tools Design Advisory” (DS51764)
- “MPLAB® REAL ICE™ In-Circuit Emulator User’s Guide” (DS51616)
- “Using MPLAB® REAL ICE™ In-Circuit Emulator” (poster) (DS51749)

## 2.5 External Oscillator Pins

Many DSCs have options for at least two oscillators: a high-frequency Primary Oscillator (POSC) and a low-frequency Secondary Oscillator (SOSC). For details, see [Section 6.4.1 “Master Oscillator Control Registers”](#).

The oscillator circuit should be placed on the same side of the board as the device. Also, place the oscillator circuit close to the respective oscillator pins, not exceeding one-half inch (12 mm) distance between them. The load capacitors should be placed next to the oscillator itself, on the same side of the board. Use a grounded copper pour around the oscillator circuit to isolate them from surrounding circuits. The grounded copper pour should be routed directly to the MCU ground. Do not run any signal traces or power traces inside the ground pour. Also, if using a two-sided board, avoid any traces on the other side of the board where the crystal is placed. A suggested layout is shown in [Figure 2-3](#).

**FIGURE 2-3: SUGGESTED PLACEMENT OF THE OSCILLATOR CIRCUIT**



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 2.6 Oscillator Value Conditions on Device Start-up

If the PLL of the target device is enabled and configured for the device start-up oscillator, the maximum oscillator source frequency must be limited to a certain frequency (see [Section 6.0 “Oscillator with High-Frequency PLL”](#)) to comply with device PLL start-up conditions. This means that if the external oscillator frequency is outside this range, the application must start up in the FRC mode first. The default PLL settings after a POR with an oscillator frequency outside this range will violate the device operating speed.

Once the device powers up, the application firmware can initialize the PLL SFRs, CLKDIV and PLLFBD, to a suitable value, and then perform a clock switch to the Oscillator + PLL clock source. Note that clock switching must be enabled in the device Configuration Word.

## 2.7 Unused I/Os

Unused I/O pins should be configured as outputs and driven to a logic low state.

Alternatively, connect a 1k to 10k resistor between Vss and unused pins, and drive the output to logic low.

## 2.8 Targeted Applications

- Power Factor Correction (PFC):
  - Interleaved PFC
  - Critical Conduction PFC
  - Bridgeless PFC
- DC/DC Converters:
  - Buck, Boost, Forward, Flyback, Push-Pull
  - Half/Full-Bridge
  - Phase-Shift Full-Bridge
  - Resonant Converters
- DC/AC:
  - Half/Full-Bridge Inverter
  - Resonant Inverter
- Motor Control
  - BLDC
  - PMSM
  - SR
  - ACIM

Examples of typical application connections are shown in [Figure 2-4](#) through [Figure 2-6](#).

FIGURE 2-4: INTERLEAVED PFC



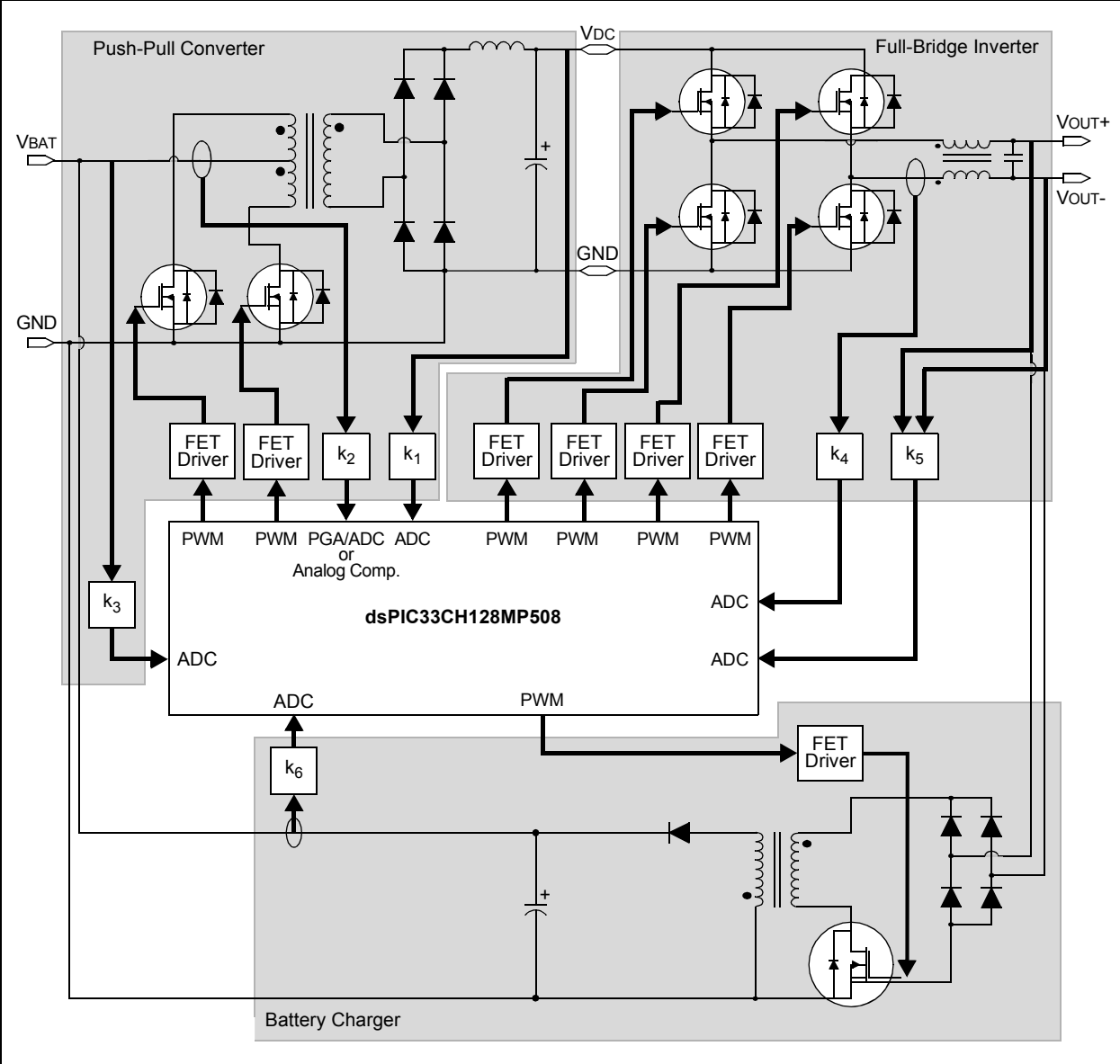


**FIGURE 2-5: PHASE-SHIFTED FULL-BRIDGE CONVERTER**



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

FIGURE 2-6: OFF-LINE UPS



## 3.0 MASTER MODULES

### 3.1 Master CPU

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**dsPIC33E Enhanced CPU**” (DS70005158) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

There are two independent CPU cores in the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family. The Master and Slave cores are similar, except for the fact that the Slave core can run at a higher speed than the Master core.

The Slave core fetches instructions from the PRAM and the Master core fetches the code from the Flash. The Master and Slave cores can run independently asynchronously, at the same speed or at a different speed. This section discusses the Master core.

**Note:** All of the associated register names are the same on the Master, as well as on the Slave. The Slave code will be developed in a separate project in MPLAB® X IDE with the device selection, dsPIC33CH128MP508**S1**, where the **S1** indicates the Slave device.

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family CPU has a 16-bit (data) modified Harvard architecture with an enhanced instruction set, including significant support for Digital Signal Processing (DSP). The CPU has a 24-bit instruction word with a variable length opcode field. The Program Counter (PC) is 23 bits wide and addresses up to 4M x 24 bits of user program memory space.

An instruction prefetch mechanism helps maintain throughput and provides predictable execution. Most instructions execute in a single-cycle effective execution rate, with the exception of instructions that change the program flow, the double-word move (MOV.D) instruction, PSV accesses and the table instructions. Overhead-free program loop constructs are supported using the DO and REPEAT instructions, both of which are interruptible at any point.

#### 3.1.1 REGISTERS

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 devices have sixteen, 16-bit Working registers in the programmer's model. Each of the Working registers can act as a Data, Address or Address Offset register. The 16th Working register (W15) operates as a Software Stack Pointer for interrupts and calls.

In addition, the dsPIC33CH128MP508 devices include four Alternate Working register sets, which consist of W0 through W14. The Alternate Working registers can be made persistent to help reduce the saving and restoring of register content during Interrupt Service Routines (ISRs). The Alternate Working registers can be assigned to a specific Interrupt Priority Level (IPL1 through IPL7) by configuring the CTXTx<2:0> bits in the FALTREG Configuration register. The Alternate Working registers can also be accessed manually by using the CTXTSWP instruction. The CCTXI<2:0> and MCTXI<2:0> bits in the CTXTSTAT register can be used to identify the current, and most recent, manually selected Working register sets.

#### 3.1.2 INSTRUCTION SET

The instruction set for dsPIC33CH128MP508 devices has two classes of instructions: the MCU class of instructions and the DSP class of instructions. These two instruction classes are seamlessly integrated into the architecture and execute from a single execution unit. The instruction set includes many addressing modes and was designed for optimum C compiler efficiency.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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## 3.1.3 DATA SPACE ADDRESSING

The base Data Space (DS) can be addressed as up to 4K words or 8 Kbytes, and is split into two blocks, referred to as X and Y data memory. Each memory block has its own independent Address Generation Unit (AGU). The MCU class of instructions operates solely through the X memory AGU, which accesses the entire memory map as one linear Data Space. Certain DSP instructions operate through the X and Y AGUs to support dual operand reads, which splits the data address space into two parts. The X and Y Data Space boundary is device-specific.

The upper 32 Kbytes of the Data Space memory map can optionally be mapped into Program Space (PS) at any 16K program word boundary. The program-to-Data Space mapping feature, known as Program Space Visibility (PSV), lets any instruction access Program Space as if it were Data Space. Refer to “**Data Memory**” (DS70595) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*” for more details on PSV and table accesses.

On dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices, overhead-free circular buffers (Modulo Addressing) are supported in both X and Y address spaces. The Modulo Addressing removes the software boundary checking overhead for DSP algorithms. The X AGU Circular Addressing can be used with any of the MCU class of instructions. The X AGU also supports Bit-Reversed Addressing to greatly simplify input or output data re-ordering for radix-2 FFT algorithms.

## 3.1.4 ADDRESSING MODES

The CPU supports these addressing modes:

- Inherent (no operand)
- Relative
- Literal
- Memory Direct
- Register Direct
- Register Indirect

Each instruction is associated with a predefined addressing mode group, depending upon its functional requirements. As many as six addressing modes are supported for each instruction.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

FIGURE 3-1: dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY (MASTER) CPU BLOCK DIAGRAM



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 3.1.5 PROGRAMMER'S MODEL

The programmer's model for the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family is shown in [Figure 3-2](#). All registers in the programmer's model are memory-mapped and can be manipulated directly by instructions. [Table 3-1](#) lists a description of each register.

In addition to the registers contained in the programmer's model, the dsPIC33CH128MP508 devices contain control registers for Modulo Addressing, Bit-Reversed Addressing and interrupts. These registers are described in subsequent sections of this document.

All registers associated with the programmer's model are memory-mapped, as shown in [Figure 3-3](#) and [Figure 3-4](#).

**TABLE 3-1: PROGRAMMER'S MODEL REGISTER DESCRIPTIONS**

| Register(s) Name                  | Description   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| W0 through W15 <sup>(1)</sup>     | Working Register Array  |
| W0 through W14 <sup>(1)</sup>     | Alternate Working Register Array 1                            |
| W0 through W14 <sup>(1)</sup>     | Alternate Working Register Array 2                            |
| W0 through W14 <sup>(1)</sup>     | Alternate Working Register Array 3                            |
| W0 through W14 <sup>(1)</sup>     | Alternate Working Register Array 4                            |
| ACCA, ACCB                        | 40-Bit DSP Accumulators (Additional 4 Alternate Accumulators) |
| PC                                | 23-Bit Program Counter  |
| SR                                | ALU and DSP Engine STATUS Register                            |
| SPLIM                             | Stack Pointer Limit Value Register                            |
| TBLPAG                            | Table Memory Page Address Register                            |
| DSRPAG                            | Extended Data Space (EDS) Read Page Register                  |
| RCOUNT                            | REPEAT Loop Counter Register                                  |
| DCOUNT                            | DO Loop Counter Register                                      |
| DOSTARTH, DOSTARTL <sup>(2)</sup> | DO Loop Start Address Register (High and Low)                 |
| DOENDH, DOENDL                    | DO Loop End Address Register (High and Low)                   |
| CORCON                            | Contains DSP Engine, DO Loop Control and Trap Status bits     |

**Note 1:** Memory-mapped W0 through W14 represent the value of the register in the currently active CPU context.

**2:** The DOSTARTH and DOSTARTL registers are read-only.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**FIGURE 3-2: PROGRAMMER'S MODEL (MASTER)**



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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## 3.1.6 CPU RESOURCES

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page contains the latest updates and additional information.

### 3.1.6.1 Key Resources

- **“dsPIC33E Enhanced CPU”** (DS70005158) in the *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”*
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All related *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”* Sections
- Development Tools



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 3.1.7 CPU CONTROL/STATUS REGISTERS

### REGISTER 3-1: SR: CPU STATUS REGISTER

|        |       |                   |                   |       |       |     |       |
|--------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|-------|-------|-----|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0             | R/W-0             | R/C-0 | R/C-0 | R-0 | R/W-0 |
| OA     | OB    | SA <sup>(3)</sup> | SB <sup>(3)</sup> | OAB   | SAB   | DA  | DC    |
| bit 15 |       |                   |                   |       |       |     | bit 8 |

|                      |                      |                      |     |       |       |       |       |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 <sup>(2)</sup> | R/W-0 <sup>(2)</sup> | R/W-0 <sup>(2)</sup> | R-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| IPL2 <sup>(1)</sup>  | IPL1 <sup>(1)</sup>  | IPL0 <sup>(1)</sup>  | RA  | N     | OV    | Z     | C     |
| bit 7                |                      |                      |     |       |       |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                   |                                    |
|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | C = Clearable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit  | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **OA:** Accumulator A Overflow Status bit  
 1 = Accumulator A has overflowed  
 0 = Accumulator A has not overflowed
- bit 14      **OB:** Accumulator B Overflow Status bit  
 1 = Accumulator B has overflowed  
 0 = Accumulator B has not overflowed
- bit 13      **SA:** Accumulator A Saturation 'Sticky' Status bit<sup>(3)</sup>  
 1 = Accumulator A is saturated or has been saturated at some time  
 0 = Accumulator A is not saturated
- bit 12      **SB:** Accumulator B Saturation 'Sticky' Status bit<sup>(3)</sup>  
 1 = Accumulator B is saturated or has been saturated at some time  
 0 = Accumulator B is not saturated
- bit 11      **OAB:** OA || OB Combined Accumulator Overflow Status bit  
 1 = Accumulator A or B has overflowed  
 0 = Neither Accumulator A or B has overflowed
- bit 10      **SAB:** SA || SB Combined Accumulator 'Sticky' Status bit  
 1 = Accumulator A or B is saturated or has been saturated at some time  
 0 = Neither Accumulator A or B is saturated
- bit 9        **DA:** DO Loop Active bit  
 1 = DO loop is in progress  
 0 = DO loop is not in progress
- bit 8        **DC:** MCU ALU Half Carry/Borrow bit  
 1 = A carry-out from the 4th low-order bit (for byte-sized data) or 8th low-order bit (for word-sized data) of the result occurred  
 0 = No carry-out from the 4th low-order bit (for byte-sized data) or 8th low-order bit (for word-sized data) of the result occurred

- Note 1:** The IPL<2:0> bits are concatenated with the IPL<3> bit (CORCON<3>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level. The value in parentheses indicates the IPL, if IPL<3> = 1. User interrupts are disabled when IPL<3> = 1.
- 2:** The IPL<2:0> Status bits are read-only when the NSTDIS bit (INTCON1<15>) = 1.
- 3:** A data write to the SR register can modify the SA and SB bits by either a data write to SA and SB or by clearing the SAB bit. To avoid a possible SA or SB bit write race condition, the SA and SB bits should not be modified using bit operations.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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## REGISTER 3-1: SR: CPU STATUS REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 7-5      **IPL<2:0>**: CPU Interrupt Priority Level Status bits<sup>(1,2)</sup>
- 111 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 7 (15); user interrupts are disabled
  - 110 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 6 (14)
  - 101 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 5 (13)
  - 100 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 4 (12)
  - 011 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 3 (11)
  - 010 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 2 (10)
  - 001 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 1 (9)
  - 000 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 0 (8)
- bit 4      **RA**: REPEAT Loop Active bit
- 1 = REPEAT loop is in progress
  - 0 = REPEAT loop is not in progress
- bit 3      **N**: MCU ALU Negative bit
- 1 = Result was negative
  - 0 = Result was non-negative (zero or positive)
- bit 2      **OV**: MCU ALU Overflow bit
- This bit is used for signed arithmetic (2's complement). It indicates an overflow of the magnitude that causes the sign bit to change state.
- 1 = Overflow occurred for signed arithmetic (in this arithmetic operation)
  - 0 = No overflow occurred
- bit 1      **Z**: MCU ALU Zero bit
- 1 = An operation that affects the Z bit has set it at some time in the past
  - 0 = The most recent operation that affects the Z bit has cleared it (i.e., a non-zero result)
- bit 0      **C**: MCU ALU Carry/Borrow bit
- 1 = A carry-out from the Most Significant bit of the result occurred
  - 0 = No carry-out from the Most Significant bit of the result occurred

- Note 1:** The IPL<2:0> bits are concatenated with the IPL<3> bit (CORCON<3>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level. The value in parentheses indicates the IPL, if IPL<3> = 1. User interrupts are disabled when IPL<3> = 1.
- 2:** The IPL<2:0> Status bits are read-only when the NSTDIS bit (INTCON1<15>) = 1.
- 3:** A data write to the SR register can modify the SA and SB bits by either a data write to SA and SB or by clearing the SAB bit. To avoid a possible SA or SB bit write race condition, the SA and SB bits should not be modified using bit operations.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 3-2: CORCON: CORE CONTROL REGISTER

|        |     |       |       |                    |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-------|-------|--------------------|-----|-------|-----|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0              | R-0 | R-0   | R-0 |
| VAR    | —   | US1   | US0   | EDT <sup>(1)</sup> | DL2 | DL1   | DL0 |
| bit 15 |     |       |       |                    |     | bit 8 |     |

|       |       |       |        |                     |     |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|--------|---------------------|-----|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-0  | R/C-0               | R-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SATA  | SATB  | SATDW | ACCSAT | IPL3 <sup>(2)</sup> | SFA | RND   | IF    |
| bit 7 |       |       |        |                     |     | bit 0 |       |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | C = Clearable bit                  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **VAR:** Variable Exception Processing Latency Control bit  
1 = Variable exception processing is enabled  
0 = Fixed exception processing is enabled
- bit 14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-12   **US<1:0>:** DSP Multiply Unsigned/Signed Control bits  
11 = Reserved  
10 = DSP engine multiplies are mixed sign  
01 = DSP engine multiplies are unsigned  
00 = DSP engine multiplies are signed
- bit 11      **EDT:** Early DO Loop Termination Control bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = Terminates executing DO loop at the end of the current loop iteration  
0 = No effect
- bit 10-8    **DL<2:0>:** DO Loop Nesting Level Status bits  
111 = Seven DO loops are active  
...  
001 = One DO loop is active  
000 = Zero DO loops are active
- bit 7        **SATA:** ACCA Saturation Enable bit  
1 = Accumulator A saturation is enabled  
0 = Accumulator A saturation is disabled
- bit 6        **SATB:** ACCB Saturation Enable bit  
1 = Accumulator B saturation is enabled  
0 = Accumulator B saturation is disabled
- bit 5        **SATDW:** Data Space Write from DSP Engine Saturation Enable bit  
1 = Data Space write saturation is enabled  
0 = Data Space write saturation is disabled
- bit 4        **ACCSAT:** Accumulator Saturation Mode Select bit  
1 = 9.31 saturation (super saturation)  
0 = 1.31 saturation (normal saturation)
- bit 3        **IPL3:** CPU Interrupt Priority Level Status bit 3<sup>(2)</sup>  
1 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is greater than 7  
0 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 7 or less

- Note 1:** This bit is always read as '0'.
- Note 2:** The IPL3 bit is concatenated with the IPL<2:0> bits (SR<7:5>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 3-2: CORCON: CORE CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 2      **SFA:** Stack Frame Active Status bit  
 1 = Stack frame is active; W14 and W15 address 0x0000 to 0xFFFF, regardless of DSRPAG  
 0 = Stack frame is not active; W14 and W15 address the base Data Space
- bit 1      **RND:** Rounding Mode Select bit  
 1 = Biased (conventional) rounding is enabled  
 0 = Unbiased (convergent) rounding is enabled
- bit 0      **IF:** Integer or Fractional Multiplier Mode Select bit  
 1 = Integer mode is enabled for DSP multiply  
 0 = Fractional mode is enabled for DSP multiply

- Note 1:** This bit is always read as '0'.  
**2:** The IPL3 bit is concatenated with the IPL<2:0> bits (SR<7:5>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level.

## REGISTER 3-3: CTXTSTAT: CPU W REGISTER CONTEXT STATUS REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R-0    | R-0    | R-0    |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | CCTXI2 | CCTXI1 | CCTXI0 |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |        | bit 8  |        |

|       |     |     |     |     |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R-0    | R-0    | R-0    |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | MCTXI2 | MCTXI1 | MCTXI0 |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |        | bit 0  |        |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15-11      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10-8      **CCTXI<2:0>:** Current (W Register) Context Identifier bits  
 111 = Reserved  
 •  
 •  
 •  
 100 = Alternate Working Register Set 4 is currently in use  
 011 = Alternate Working Register Set 3 is currently in use  
 010 = Alternate Working Register Set 2 is currently in use  
 001 = Alternate Working Register Set 1 is currently in use  
 000 = Default register set is currently in use
- bit 7-3      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2-0      **MCTXI<2:0>:** Manual (W Register) Context Identifier bits  
 111 = Reserved  
 •  
 •  
 •  
 100 = Alternate Working Register Set 4 was most recently manually selected  
 011 = Alternate Working Register Set 3 was most recently manually selected  
 010 = Alternate Working Register Set 2 was most recently manually selected  
 001 = Alternate Working Register Set 1 was most recently manually selected  
 000 = Default register set was most recently manually selected

## 3.1.8 ARITHMETIC LOGIC UNIT (ALU)

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family ALU is 16 bits wide and is capable of addition, subtraction, bit shifts and logic operations. Unless otherwise mentioned, arithmetic operations are two's complement in nature. Depending on the operation, the ALU can affect the values of the Carry (C), Zero (Z), Negative (N), Overflow (OV) and Digit Carry (DC) Status bits in the SR register. The C and DC Status bits operate as Borrow and Digit Borrow bits, respectively, for subtraction operations.

The ALU can perform 8-bit or 16-bit operations, depending on the mode of the instruction that is used. Data for the ALU operation can come from the W register array or data memory, depending on the addressing mode of the instruction. Likewise, output data from the ALU can be written to the W register array or a data memory location.

Refer to the “16-Bit MCU and DSC Programmer’s Reference Manual” (DS70000157) for information on the SR bits affected by each instruction.

The core CPU incorporates hardware support for both multiplication and division. This includes a dedicated hardware multiplier and support hardware for 16-bit divisor division.

### 3.1.8.1 Multiplier

Using the high-speed, 17-bit x 17-bit multiplier, the ALU supports unsigned, signed or mixed-sign operation in several MCU multiplication modes:

- 16-bit x 16-bit signed
- 16-bit x 16-bit unsigned
- 16-bit signed x 5-bit (literal) unsigned
- 16-bit signed x 16-bit unsigned
- 16-bit unsigned x 5-bit (literal) unsigned
- 16-bit unsigned x 16-bit signed
- 8-bit unsigned x 8-bit unsigned

### 3.1.8.2 Divider

The divide block supports 32-bit/16-bit and 16-bit/16-bit signed and unsigned integer divide operations with the following data sizes:

- 32-bit signed/16-bit signed divide
- 32-bit unsigned/16-bit unsigned divide
- 16-bit signed/16-bit signed divide
- 16-bit unsigned/16-bit unsigned divide

The 16-bit signed and unsigned `DIV` instructions can specify any W register for both the 16-bit divisor (`Wn`) and any W register (aligned) pair (`W(m + 1):Wm`) for the 32-bit dividend. The divide algorithm takes one cycle per bit of divisor, so both 32-bit/16-bit and 16-bit/16-bit instructions take the same number of cycles to execute. There are additional instructions: `DIV2` and `DIVF2`. Divide instructions will complete in six cycles.

## 3.1.9 DSP ENGINE

The DSP engine consists of a high-speed 17-bit x 17-bit multiplier, a 40-bit barrel shifter and a 40-bit adder/subtractor (with two target accumulators, round and saturation logic).

The DSP engine can also perform inherent accumulator-to-accumulator operations that require no additional data. These instructions are, `ADD`, `SUB`, `NEG`, `MIN` and `MAX`.

The DSP engine has options selected through bits in the CPU Core Control register (`CORCON`), as listed below:

- Fractional or integer DSP multiply (`IF`)
- Signed, unsigned or mixed-sign DSP multiply (`USx`)
- Conventional or convergent rounding (`RND`)
- Automatic saturation on/off for `ACCA` (`SATA`)
- Automatic saturation on/off for `ACCB` (`SATB`)
- Automatic saturation on/off for writes to data memory (`SATDW`)
- Accumulator Saturation mode selection (`ACCSAT`)

**TABLE 3-2: DSP INSTRUCTIONS SUMMARY**

| Instruction | Algebraic Operation   | ACC Write-Back |
|-------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| CLR         | $A = 0$               | Yes            |
| ED          | $A = (x - y)^2$       | No             |
| EDAC        | $A = A + (x - y)^2$   | No             |
| MAC         | $A = A + (x \cdot y)$ | Yes            |
| MAC         | $A = A + x^2$         | No             |
| MOVSAC      | No change in A        | Yes            |
| MPY         | $A = x \cdot y$       | No             |
| MPY         | $A = x^2$             | No             |
| MPY.N       | $A = -x \cdot y$      | No             |
| MSC         | $A = A - x \cdot y$   | Yes            |

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## 3.2 Master Memory Organization

**Note:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “dsPIC33E/PIC24E Program Memory” (DS70000613) in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family architecture features separate program and data memory spaces, and buses. This architecture also allows the direct access of program memory from the Data Space (DS) during code execution.

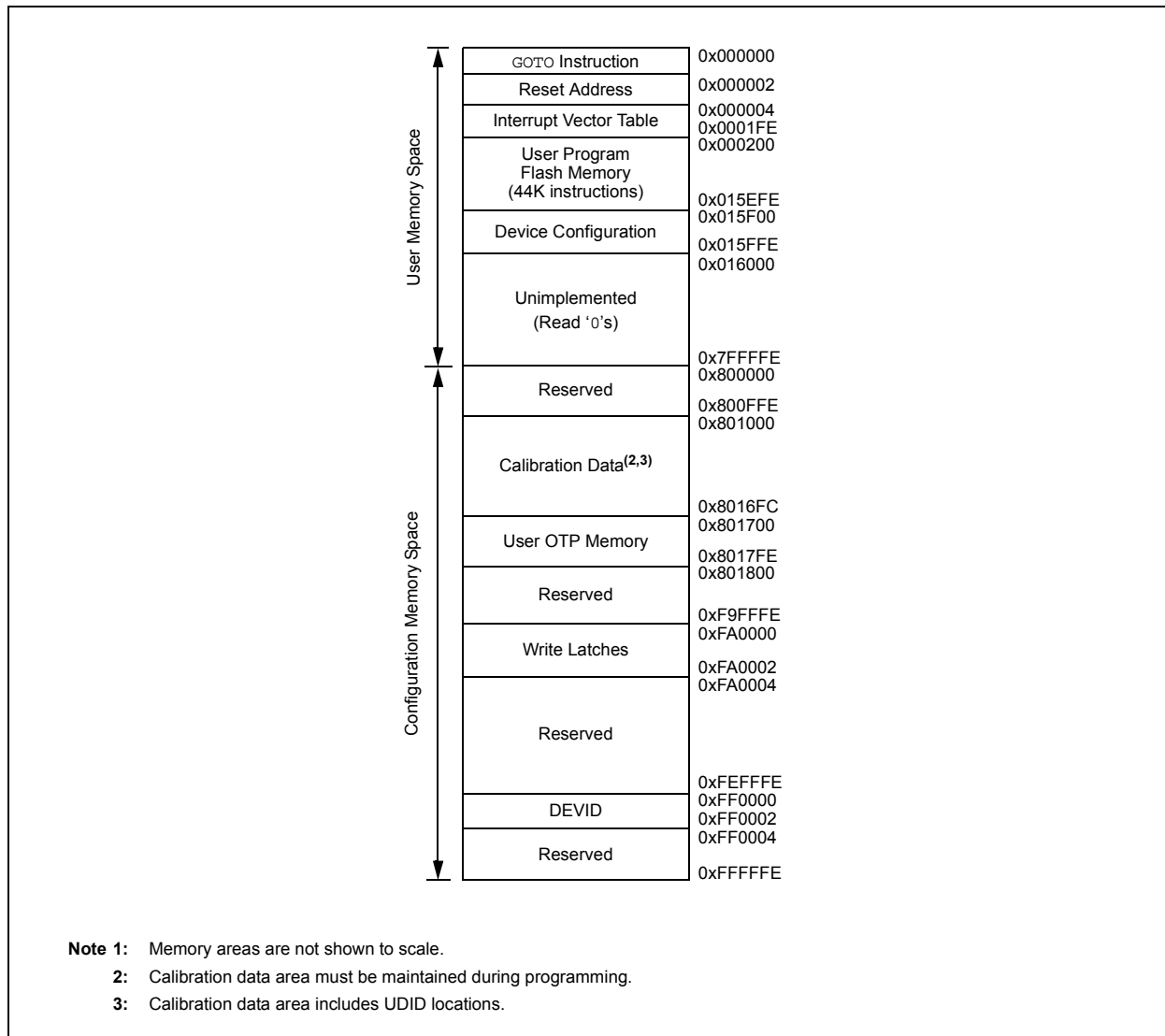
### 3.2.1 PROGRAM ADDRESS SPACE

The program address memory space of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices is 4M instructions. The space is addressable by a 24-bit value derived either from the 23-bit PC during program execution, or from table operation or Data Space remapping, as described in [Section 3.2.9 “Interfacing Program and Data Memory Spaces”](#).

User application access to the program memory space is restricted to the lower half of the address range (0x000000 to 0x7FFFFFFF). The exception is the use of TBLRD operations, which use TBLPAG<7> to permit access to calibration data and Device ID sections of the configuration memory space.

The program memory maps for the Master dsPIC33CHXXXMPX08 device are shown in [Figure 3-3](#) and [Figure 3-4](#).

**FIGURE 3-3: PROGRAM MEMORY MAP FOR MASTER dsPIC33CH128MPXXX DEVICES<sup>(1)</sup>**



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FIGURE 3-4: PROGRAM MEMORY MAP FOR MASTER dsPIC33CH64MPXXX DEVICES<sup>(1)</sup>



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## 3.2.1.1 Program Memory Organization

The program memory space is organized in word-addressable blocks. Although it is treated as 24 bits wide, it is more appropriate to think of each address of the program memory as a lower and upper word, with the upper byte of the upper word being unimplemented. The lower word always has an even address, while the upper word has an odd address (Figure 3-5).

Program memory addresses are always word-aligned on the lower word, and addresses are incremented or decremented, by two, during code execution. This arrangement provides compatibility with data memory space addressing and makes data in the program memory space accessible.

## 3.2.1.2 Interrupt and Trap Vectors

All dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices reserve the addresses between 0x000000 and 0x000200 for hard-coded program execution vectors. A hardware Reset vector is provided to redirect code execution from the default value of the PC on device Reset to the actual start of code. A GOTO instruction is programmed by the user application at address, 0x000000, of Flash memory, with the actual address for the start of code at address, 0x000002, of Flash memory.

A more detailed discussion of the Interrupt Vector Tables (IVTs) is provided in Section 3.5 “Master Interrupt Controller”.

**FIGURE 3-5: PROGRAM MEMORY ORGANIZATION**



## 3.2.2 UNIQUE DEVICE IDENTIFIER (UDID)

All dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices are individually encoded during final manufacturing with a Unique Device Identifier or UDID. The UDID cannot be erased by a bulk erase command or any other user-accessible means. This feature allows for manufacturing traceability of Microchip Technology devices in applications where this is a requirement. It may also be used by the application manufacturer for any number of things that may require unique identification, such as:

- Tracking the device
- Unique serial number
- Unique security key

The UDID comprises five 24-bit program words. When taken together, these fields form a unique 120-bit identifier.

The UDID is stored in five read-only locations, located between 0x801200 and 0x801208 in the device configuration space. Table 3-3 lists the addresses of the identifier words and shows their contents

**TABLE 3-3: UDID ADDRESSES**

| UDID  | Address  | Description |
|-------|----------|-------------|
| UDID1 | 0x801200 | UDID Word 1 |
| UDID2 | 0x801202 | UDID Word 2 |
| UDID3 | 0x801204 | UDID Word 3 |
| UDID4 | 0x801206 | UDID Word 4 |
| UDID5 | 0x801208 | UDID Word 5 |



## 3.2.3 DATA ADDRESS SPACE (MASTER)

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family CPU has a separate 16-bit wide data memory space. The Data Space is accessed using separate Address Generation Units (AGUs) for read and write operations. The data memory map is shown in [Figure 3-6](#).

All Effective Addresses (EAs) in the data memory space are 16 bits wide and point to bytes within the Data Space. This arrangement gives a base Data Space address range of 64 Kbytes or 32K words.

The lower half of the data memory space (i.e., when  $EA<15> = 0$ ) is used for implemented memory addresses, while the upper half ( $EA<15> = 1$ ) is reserved for the Program Space Visibility (PSV).

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices implement up to 16 Kbytes of data memory. If an EA points to a location outside of this area, an all-zero word or byte is returned.

### 3.2.3.1 Data Space Width

The data memory space is organized in byte-addressable, 16-bit wide blocks. Data is aligned in data memory and registers as 16-bit words, but all Data Space EAs resolve to bytes. The Least Significant Bytes (LSBs) of each word have even addresses, while the Most Significant Bytes (MSBs) have odd addresses.

### 3.2.3.2 Data Memory Organization and Alignment

To maintain backward compatibility with PIC<sup>®</sup> MCU devices and improve Data Space memory usage efficiency, the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family instruction set supports both word and byte operations. As a consequence of byte accessibility, all Effective Address calculations are internally scaled to step through word-aligned memory. For example, the core recognizes that Post-Modified Register Indirect Addressing mode [Ws++] results in a value of Ws + 1 for byte operations and Ws + 2 for word operations.

A data byte read, reads the complete word that contains the byte, using the LSB of any EA to determine which byte to select. The selected byte is placed onto the LSB of the data path. That is, data memory and registers are organized as two parallel, byte-wide entities with shared (word) address decode, but separate write lines. Data byte writes only write to the corresponding side of the array or register that matches the byte address.

All word accesses must be aligned to an even address. Misaligned word data fetches are not supported, so care must be taken when mixing byte and word operations, or translating from 8-bit MCU code. If a misaligned read or write is attempted, an address error trap is generated. If the error occurred on a read, the instruction underway is completed. If the error occurred on a write, the instruction is executed but the write does not occur. In either case, a trap is then executed, allowing the system and/or user application to examine the machine state prior to execution of the address Fault.

All byte loads into any W register are loaded into the LSB; the MSB is not modified.

A Sign-Extend (SE) instruction is provided to allow user applications to translate 8-bit signed data to 16-bit signed values. Alternatively, for 16-bit unsigned data, user applications can clear the MSB of any W register by executing a Zero-Extend (ZE) instruction on the appropriate address.

### 3.2.3.3 SFR Space

The first 4 Kbytes of the Near Data Space, from 0x0000 to 0x0FFF, is primarily occupied by Special Function Registers (SFRs). These are used by the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family core and peripheral modules for controlling the operation of the device.

SFRs are distributed among the modules that they control and are generally grouped together by module. Much of the SFR space contains unused addresses; these are read as '0'.

|   |
|---|
| <b>Note:</b> The actual set of peripheral features and interrupts varies by the device. Refer to the corresponding device tables and pinout diagrams for device-specific information. |
|---|

### 3.2.3.4 Near Data Space

The 8-Kbyte area, between 0x0000 and 0x1FFF, is referred to as the Near Data Space. Locations in this space are directly addressable through a 13-bit absolute address field within all memory direct instructions. Additionally, the whole Data Space is addressable using MOV instructions, which support Memory Direct Addressing mode with a 16-bit address field, or by using Indirect Addressing mode using a Working register as an Address Pointer.

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**FIGURE 3-6: DATA MEMORY MAP FOR dsPIC33CH128MP508 DEVICES**



### 3.2.3.5 X and Y Data Spaces

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family core has two Data Spaces, X and Y. These Data Spaces can be considered either separate (for some DSP instructions) or as one unified linear address range (for MCU instructions). The Data Spaces are accessed using two Address Generation Units (AGUs) and separate data paths. This feature allows certain instructions to concurrently fetch two words from RAM, thereby enabling efficient execution of DSP algorithms, such as Finite Impulse Response (FIR) filtering and Fast Fourier Transform (FFT).

The X Data Space is used by all instructions and supports all addressing modes. X Data Space has separate read and write data buses. The X read data bus is the read data path for all instructions that view Data Space as combined X and Y address space. It is also the X data prefetch path for the dual operand DSP instructions (MAC class).

The Y Data Space is used in concert with the X Data Space by the MAC class of instructions (CLR, ED, EDAC, MAC, MOV SAC, MPY, MPY.N and MSC) to provide two concurrent data read paths.

Both the X and Y Data Spaces support Modulo Addressing mode for all instructions, subject to addressing mode restrictions. Bit-Reversed Addressing mode is only supported for writes to X Data Space.

All data memory writes, including in DSP instructions, view Data Space as combined X and Y address space. The boundary between the X and Y Data Spaces is device-dependent and is not user-programmable.

### 3.2.4 MEMORY RESOURCES

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page contains the latest updates and additional information.

#### 3.2.4.1 Key Resources

- “**dsPIC33E Enhanced CPU**” (DS70005158) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*” Sections
- Development Tools

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 3.2.5 SFR MAPS

The following tables show dsPIC33CH128MP508 family Master SFR names, addresses and Reset values. These tables contain all registers applicable to the

dsPIC33CH128MP508 family. Not all registers are present on all device variants. Refer to [Table 1](#) and [Table 2](#) for peripheral availability. [Table 4-25](#) shows port availability for the different package options.

**TABLE 3-4: MASTER SFR BLOCK 000h**

| Register    | Address | All Resets          | Register    | Address | All Resets         | Register   | Address | All Resets       |
|-------------|---------|---------------------|-------------|---------|--------------------|------------|---------|------------------|
| <b>Core</b> |         |                     | MODCON      | 046     | 00--000000000000   | <b>CRC</b> |         |                  |
| WREG0       | 000     | 0000000000000000    | XMODSRT     | 048     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx0 | CRCCONL    | 0B0     | 0-00000010000--  |
| WREG1       | 002     | 0000000000000000    | XMODEND     | 04A     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx1 | CRCCONH    | 0B2     | ---00000---00000 |
| WREG2       | 004     | 0000000000000000    | YMODSRT     | 04C     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx0 | CRCXORL    | 0B4     | 000000000000000- |
| WREG3       | 006     | 0000000000000000    | YMODEND     | 04E     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx1 | CRCXORH    | 0B6     | 0000000000000000 |
| WREG4       | 008     | 0000000000000000    | XBREV       | 050     | 0xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CRCDATL    | 0B8     | 0000000000000000 |
| WREG5       | 00A     | 0000000000000000    | DISICNT     | 052     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx0 | CRCDATL    | 0BA     | 0000000000000000 |
| WREG6       | 00C     | 0000000000000000    | TBLPAG      | 054     | -----00000000      | CRCWDATL   | 0BC     | 0000000000000000 |
| WREG7       | 00E     | 0000000000000000    | YPAG        | 056     | -----00000001      | CRCWDATH   | 0BE     | 0000000000000000 |
| WREG8       | 010     | 0000000000000000    | MSTRPR      | 058     | -----00---0        | <b>CLC</b> |         |                  |
| WREG9       | 012     | 0000000000000000    | CTXTSTAT    | 05A     | 0000000000000000   | CLC1CONL   | 0C0     | 0-0-00--000--000 |
| WREG10      | 014     | 0000000000000000    | DMTCON      | 05C     | 0000000000000000   | CLC1CONH   | 0C2     | -----0000        |
| WREG11      | 016     | 0000000000000000    | DMTPRECLR   | 060     | 0000000000000000   | CLC1SEL    | 0C4     | -000-000-000-000 |
| WREG12      | 018     | 0000000000000000    | DMTCLR      | 064     | 0000000000000000   | CLC1GLSL   | 0C8     | 0000000000000000 |
| WREG13      | 01A     | 0000000000000000    | DMTSTAT     | 068     | 0000000000000000   | CLC1GLSH   | 0CA     | 0000000000000000 |
| WREG14      | 01C     | 0000000000000000    | DMTCNTL     | 06C     | 0000000000000000   | CLC2CONL   | 0CC     | 0-0-00--000--000 |
| WREG15      | 01E     | 0000100000000000    | DMTCNTH     | 06E     | 0000000000000000   | CLC2CONH   | 0CE     | -----0000        |
| SPLIM       | 020     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | DMTHOLDREG  | 070     | 0000000000000000   | CLC2SEL    | 0D0     | -000-000-000-000 |
| ACCAL       | 022     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | DMTPSCNTL   | 074     | 0000000000000000   | CLC2GLSL   | 0D4     | 0000000000000000 |
| ACCAH       | 024     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | DMTPSCNTH   | 076     | 0000000000000000   | CLC2GLSH   | 0D6     | 0000000000000000 |
| ACCAU       | 026     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | DMTPSINTVL  | 078     | 0000000000000000   | CLC3CONL   | 0D8     | 0-0-00--000--000 |
| ACCBL       | 028     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | DMTPSINTVH  | 07A     | 0000000000000000   | CLC3CONH   | 0DA     | -----0000        |
| ACCBH       | 02A     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | <b>SENT</b> |         |                    | CLC3SEL    | 0DC     | -000-000-000-000 |
| ACCBU       | 02C     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | SENT1CON1   | 080     | 0000000000000000   | CLC3GLSL   | 0E0     | 0000000000000000 |
| PCL         | 02E     | 0000000000000000    | SENT1CON2   | 084     | 0000000000000000   | CLC3GLSH   | 0E2     | 0000000000000000 |
| PCH         | 030     | -----00000000       | SENT1CON3   | 088     | 0000000000000000   | CLC4CONL   | 0E4     | 0-0-00--000--000 |
| DSRPAG      | 032     | -----000000001      | SENT1STAT   | 08C     | 0000000000000000   | CLC4CONH   | 0E6     | -----0000        |
| DSWPAG      | 034     | -----000000001      | SENT1SYNC   | 090     | 0000000000000000   | CLC4SEL    | 0E8     | -000-000-000-000 |
| RCOUNT      | 036     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | SENT1DATL   | 094     | 0000000000000000   | CLC4GLSL   | 0EC     | 0000000000000000 |
| DCOUNT      | 038     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | SENT1DATH   | 096     | 0000000000000000   | CLC4GLSH   | 0EE     | 0000000000000000 |
| DOSTART     | 03A     | 1111111111111111    | SENT2CON1   | 098     | 0000000000000000   | ECCCONL    | 0F0     | -----0           |
| DOSTARTL    | 03A     | 1111111111111110    | SENT2CON2   | 09C     | 0000000000000000   | ECCCONH    | 0F2     | 0000000000000000 |
| DOSTARTH    | 03C     | 0000000111111111    | SENT2CON3   | 0A0     | 0000000000000000   | ECCADDRL   | 0F4     | 0000000000000000 |
| DOENDL      | 03E     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx0  | SENT2STAT   | 0A4     | 0000000000000000   | ECCADDRH   | 0F6     | 0000000000000000 |
| DOENDH      | 040     | -----xxxxxxxx       | SENT2SYNC   | 0A8     | 0000000000000000   | ECCSTATL   | 0F8     | 0000000000000000 |
| SR          | 042     | 0000000000000000    | SENT2DATL   | 0AC     | 0000000000000000   | ECCSTATH   | 0FA     | -----0000000000  |
| CORCON      | 044     | x-xx00000100000     | SENT2DATH   | 0AE     | 0000000000000000   |            |         |                  |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

**Note 1:** SFR shown is for the superset 80-pin device.

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**TABLE 3-5: MASTER SFR BLOCK 100h**

| Register      | Address | All Resets         | Register  | Address | All Resets       | Register   | Address | All Resets       |
|---------------|---------|--------------------|-----------|---------|------------------|------------|---------|------------------|
| <b>Timers</b> |         |                    | INT1TMRH  | 15E     | 0000000000000000 | MSI1MBX3D  | 1E0     | 0000000000000000 |
| T1CON         | 100     | 0-00000000-00-00-  | INT1HLDL  | 160     | 0000000000000000 | MSI1MBX4D  | 1E2     | 0000000000000000 |
| TMR1          | 104     | 0000000000000000   | INT1HLDH  | 162     | 0000000000000000 | MSI1MBX5D  | 1E4     | 0000000000000000 |
| PR1           | 108     | 0000000000000000   | INDX1CNTL | 164     | 0000000000000000 | MSI1MBX6D  | 1E6     | 0000000000000000 |
| <b>QEI</b>    |         |                    | INDX1CNTH | 166     | 0000000000000000 | MSI1MBX7D  | 1E8     | 0000000000000000 |
| QEI1CON       | 140     | 0000000000000000   | INDX1HLDL | 168     | 0000000000000000 | MSI1MBX8D  | 1EA     | 0000000000000000 |
| QEI1IOCL      | 144     | 000000000000xxxx   | INDX1HLDH | 16A     | 0000000000000000 | MSI1MBX9D  | 1EC     | 0000000000000000 |
| QEI1IOCH      | 146     | -----0             | QEI1GECL  | 16C     | 0000000000000000 | MSI1MBX10D | 1EE     | 0000000000000000 |
| QEI1STAT      | 148     | --0000000000000000 | QEI1GECH  | 16E     | 0000000000000000 | MSI1MBX11D | 1F0     | 0000000000000000 |
| POS1CNTL      | 14C     | 0000000000000000   | QEI1LECL  | 170     | 0000000000000000 | MSI1MBX12D | 1F2     | 0000000000000000 |
| POS1CNTH      | 14E     | 0000000000000000   | QEI1LECH  | 172     | 0000000000000000 | MSI1MBX13D | 1F4     | 0000000000000000 |
| POS1HLDL      | 150     | 0000000000000000   | MSI1CON   | 1D2     | 0---xx0000000000 | MSI1MBX14D | 1F6     | 0000000000000000 |
| POS1HLDH      | 152     | 0000000000000000   | MSI1STAT  | 1D4     | 0000000000000000 | MSI1MBX15D | 1F8     | 0000000000000000 |
| VEL1CNTL      | 154     | 0000000000000000   | MSI1KEY   | 1D6     | -----00000000    | MSI1FIFOC  | 1FA     | 0---00000---0000 |
| VEL1CNTH      | 156     | 0000000000000000   | MSI1MBXS  | 1D8     | -----00000000    | MRSWFDATA  | 1FC     | 0000000000000000 |
| VEL1HLDL      | 158     | 0000000000000000   | MSI1MBX0D | 1DA     | 0000000000000000 | MWSRFDATA  | 1FE     | 0000000000000000 |
| VEL1HLDH      | 15A     | 0000000000000000   | MSI1MBX1D | 1DC     | 0000000000000000 |            |         |                  |
| INT1TMRL      | 15C     | 0000000000000000   | MSI1MBX2D | 1DE     | 0000000000000000 |            |         |                  |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

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**TABLE 3-6: MASTER SFR BLOCK 200h**

| Register              | Address | All Resets         | Register   | Address | All Resets       | Register  | Address | All Resets         |
|-----------------------|---------|--------------------|------------|---------|------------------|-----------|---------|--------------------|
| <b>I<sup>2</sup>C</b> |         |                    | U1P2       | 24E     | -----00000000    | SPI1CON1H | 2AE     | 0000000000000000   |
| I2C1CONL              | 200     | 0-0100000000000000 | U1P3       | 250     | 0000000000000000 | SPI1CON2L | 2B0     | -----00000         |
| I2C1CONH              | 202     | -----00000000      | U1P3H      | 252     | -----00000000    | SPI1CON2H | 2B2     | -----              |
| I2C1STAT              | 204     | 000--00000000000   | U1TXCHK    | 254     | -----00000000    | SPI1STATL | 2B4     | ---00--0001-1-00   |
| I2C1ADD               | 208     | -----0000000000    | U1RXCHK    | 256     | -----00000000    | SPI1STATH | 2B6     | --000000--000000   |
| I2C1MSK               | 20C     | -----0000000000    | U1SCCON    | 258     | -----00000-      | SPI1BUFL  | 2B8     | 0000000000000000   |
| I2C1BRG               | 210     | 0000000000000000   | U1SCINT    | 25A     | --00-000--00-000 | SPI1BUFH  | 2BA     | 0000000000000000   |
| I2C1TRN               | 214     | -----11111111      | U1INT      | 25C     | -----00---0--    | SPI1BRGL  | 2BC     | ---xxxxxxxxxxxxxxx |
| I2C1RCV               | 218     | -----00000000      | U2MODE     | 260     | 0-000-0000000000 | SPI1BRGH  | 2BE     | -----              |
| I2C2CONL              | 21C     | 0-0100000000000000 | U2MODEH    | 262     | 00---0000000000  | SPI1IMSKL | 2C0     | ---00--0000-0-00   |
| I2C2CONH              | 21E     | -----00000000      | U2STA      | 264     | 0000000010000000 | SPI1IMSKH | 2C2     | 0-0000000-000000   |
| I2C2STAT              | 220     | 000--00000000000   | U2STAH     | 266     | -000-00000101110 | SPI1URDTL | 2C4     | 0000000000000000   |
| I2C2ADD               | 224     | -----0000000000    | U2BRG      | 268     | 0000000000000000 | SPI1URDTH | 2C6     | 0000000000000000   |
| I2C2MSK               | 228     | -----0000000000    | U2BRGH     | 26A     | -----0000        | SPI2CON1L | 2C8     | 0-00000000000000   |
| I2C2BRG               | 22C     | 0000000000000000   | U2RXREG    | 26C     | -----xxxxxxxx    | SPI2CON1H | 2CA     | 0000000000000000   |
| I2C2TRN               | 230     | -----11111111      | U2TXREG    | 270     | -----xxxxxxxx    | SPI2CON2L | 2CC     | -----00000         |
| I2C2RCV               | 234     | -----00000000      | U2P1       | 274     | -----00000000    | SPI2CON2H | 2CE     | -----              |
| <b>UART</b>           |         |                    | U2P2       | 276     | -----00000000    | SPI2STATL | 2D0     | ---00--0001-1-00   |
| U1MODE                | 238     | 0-000-0000000000   | U2P3       | 278     | 0000000000000000 | SPI2STATH | 2D2     | --000000--000000   |
| U1MODEH               | 23A     | 00---0000000000    | U2P3H      | 27A     | -----00000000    | SPI2BUFL  | 2D4     | 0000000000000000   |
| U1STA                 | 23C     | 0000000010000000   | U2TXCHK    | 27C     | -----00000000    | SPI2BUFH  | 2D6     | 0000000000000000   |
| U1STAH                | 23E     | -000-00000101110   | U2RXCHK    | 27E     | -----00000000    | SPI2BRGL  | 2D8     | ---xxxxxxxxxxxxxxx |
| U1BRG                 | 240     | 0000000000000000   | U2SCCON    | 280     | -----00000-      | SPI2BRGH  | 2DA     | -----              |
| U1BRGH                | 242     | -----0000          | U2SCINT    | 282     | --00-000--00-000 | SPI2IMSKL | 2DC     | ---00--0000-0-00   |
| U1RXREG               | 244     | -----xxxxxxxx      | U2INT      | 284     | -----00---0--    | SPI2IMSKH | 2DE     | 0-0000000-000000   |
| U1TXREG               | 248     | -----xxxxxxxx      | <b>SPI</b> |         |                  | SPI2URDTL | 2E0     | 0000000000000000   |
| U1P1                  | 24C     | -----00000000      | SPI1CON1L  | 2AC     | 0-00000000000000 | SPI2URDTH | 2E2     | 0000000000000000   |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 3-7: MASTER SFR BLOCK 300h-400h**

| Register              | Address | All Resets         | Register  | Address | All Resets         | Register  | Address | All Resets         |
|-----------------------|---------|--------------------|-----------|---------|--------------------|-----------|---------|--------------------|
| <b>High-Speed PWM</b> |         |                    | PG1TRIGB  | 356     | 0000000000000000   | PG3FFPCIH | 3AE     | 0000-000000000000  |
| PCLKCON               | 300     | 00-----0--00--00   | PG1TRIGC  | 358     | 0000000000000000   | PG3SPCIL  | 3B0     | 0000000000000000   |
| FSCL                  | 302     | 0000000000000000   | PG1DTL    | 35A     | --0000000000000000 | PG3SPCIH  | 3B2     | 0000-000000000000  |
| FSMINPER              | 304     | 0000000000000000   | PG1DTH    | 35C     | --0000000000000000 | PG3LEBL   | 3B4     | 0000000000000000   |
| MPHASE                | 306     | 0000000000000000   | PG1CAP    | 35E     | 0000000000000000   | PG3LEBH   | 3B6     | -----000----0000   |
| MDC                   | 308     | 0000000000000000   | PG2CONL   | 360     | 0-0000000000000000 | PG3PHASE  | 3B8     | 0000000000000000   |
| MPER                  | 30A     | 0000000000000000   | PG2CONH   | 362     | 000-000000--0000   | PG3DC     | 3BA     | 0000000000000000   |
| LFSR                  | 30C     | 0000000000000000   | PG2STAT   | 364     | 0000000000000000   | PG3DCA    | 3BC     | -----0000000000    |
| CMBTRIGL              | 30E     | -----0000000000    | PG2IOCONL | 366     | 0000000000000000   | PG3PER    | 3BE     | 0000000000000000   |
| CMBTRIGH              | 310     | -----0000000000    | PG2IOCONH | 368     | -000---0--0000000  | PG3TRIGA  | 3C0     | 0000000000000000   |
| LOGCONA               | 312     | 000000000000-000   | PG2EVTL   | 36A     | 00000000---000000  | PG3TRIGB  | 3C2     | 0000000000000000   |
| LOGCONB               | 314     | 000000000000-000   | PG2EVTH   | 36C     | 0000--0000000000   | PG3TRIGC  | 3C4     | 0000000000000000   |
| LOGCONC               | 316     | 000000000000-000   | PG2FPCIL  | 36E     | 0000000000000000   | PG3DTL    | 3C6     | --0000000000000000 |
| LOGCOND               | 318     | 000000000000-000   | PG2FPCIH  | 370     | 0000-000000000000  | PG3DTH    | 3C8     | --0000000000000000 |
| LOGCONE               | 31A     | 000000000000-000   | PG2CLPCIL | 372     | 0000000000000000   | PG3CAP    | 3CA     | 0000000000000000   |
| LOGCONF               | 31C     | 000000000000-000   | PG2CLPCIH | 374     | 0000-000000000000  | PG4CONL   | 3CC     | 0-0000000000000000 |
| PWMEVTA               | 31E     | 0000----0000-000   | PG2FFPCIL | 376     | 0000000000000000   | PG4CONH   | 3CE     | 000-000000--0000   |
| PWMEVTB               | 320     | 0000----0000-000   | PG2FFPCIH | 378     | 0000-000000000000  | PG4STAT   | 3D0     | 0000000000000000   |
| PWMEVTC               | 322     | 0000----0000-000   | PG2SPCIL  | 37A     | 0000000000000000   | PG4IOCONL | 3D2     | 0000000000000000   |
| PWMEVTD               | 324     | 0000----0000-000   | PG2SPCIH  | 37C     | 0000-000000000000  | PG4IOCONH | 3D4     | -000---0--0000000  |
| PWMEVTE               | 326     | 0000----0000-000   | PG2LEBL   | 37E     | 0000000000000000   | PG4EVTL   | 3D6     | 00000000---000000  |
| PWMEVTF               | 328     | 0000----0000-000   | PG2LEBH   | 380     | -----000----0000   | PG4EVTH   | 3D8     | 0000--0000000000   |
| PG1CONL               | 32A     | 0-0000000000000000 | PG2PHASE  | 382     | 0000000000000000   | PG4FPCIL  | 3DA     | 0000000000000000   |
| PG1CONH               | 32C     | 000-000000--0000   | PG2DC     | 384     | 0000000000000000   | PG4FPCIH  | 3DC     | 0000-000000000000  |
| PG1STAT               | 32E     | 0000000000000000   | PG2DCA    | 386     | -----0000000000    | PG4CLPCIL | 3DE     | 0000000000000000   |
| PG1IOCONL             | 330     | 0000000000000000   | PG2PER    | 388     | 0000000000000000   | PG4CLPCIH | 3E0     | 0000-000000000000  |
| PG1IOCONH             | 332     | -000---0--0000000  | PG2TRIGA  | 38A     | 0000000000000000   | PG4FFPCIL | 3E2     | 0000000000000000   |
| PG1EVTL               | 334     | 00000000---000000  | PG2TRIGB  | 38C     | 0000000000000000   | PG4FFPCIH | 3E4     | 0000-000000000000  |
| PG1EVTH               | 336     | 0000--0000000000   | PG2TRIGC  | 38E     | 0000000000000000   | PG4SPCIL  | 3E6     | 0000000000000000   |
| PG1FPCIL              | 338     | 0000000000000000   | PG2DTL    | 390     | --0000000000000000 | PG4SPCIH  | 3E8     | 0000-000000000000  |
| PG1FPCIH              | 33A     | 0000-000000000000  | PG2DTH    | 392     | --0000000000000000 | PG4LEBL   | 3EA     | 0000000000000000   |
| PG1CLPCIL             | 33C     | 0000000000000000   | PG2CAP    | 394     | 0000000000000000   | PG4LEBH   | 3EC     | -----000----0000   |
| PG1CLPCIH             | 33E     | 0000-000000000000  | PG3CONL   | 396     | 0-0000000000000000 | PG4PHASE  | 3EE     | 0000000000000000   |
| PG1FFPCIL             | 340     | 0000000000000000   | PG3CONH   | 398     | 000-000000--0000   | PG4DC     | 3F0     | 0000000000000000   |
| PG1FFPCIH             | 342     | 0000-000000000000  | PG3STAT   | 39A     | 0000000000000000   | PG4DCA    | 3F2     | -----0000000000    |
| PG1SPCIL              | 344     | 0000000000000000   | PG3IOCONL | 39C     | 0000000000000000   | PG4PER    | 3F4     | 0000000000000000   |
| PG1SPCIH              | 346     | 0000-000000000000  | PG3IOCONH | 39E     | -000---0--0000000  | PG4TRIGA  | 3F6     | 0000000000000000   |
| PG1LEBL               | 348     | 0000000000000000   | PG3EVTL   | 3A0     | 00000000---000000  | PG4TRIGB  | 3F8     | 0000000000000000   |
| PG1LEBH               | 34A     | -----000----0000   | PG3EVTH   | 3A2     | 0000--0000000000   | PG4TRIGC  | 3FA     | 0000000000000000   |
| PG1PHASE              | 34C     | 0000000000000000   | PG3FPCIL  | 3A4     | 0000000000000000   | PG4DTL    | 3FC     | --0000000000000000 |
| PG1DC                 | 34E     | 0000000000000000   | PG3FPCIH  | 3A6     | 0000-000000000000  | PG4DTH    | 3FE     | --0000000000000000 |
| PG1DCA                | 350     | -----0000000000    | PG3CLPCIL | 3A8     | 0000000000000000   | PG4CAP    | 400     | 0000000000000000   |
| PG1PER                | 352     | 0000000000000000   | PG3CLPCIH | 3AA     | 0000-000000000000  |           |         |                    |
| PG1TRIGA              | 354     | 0000000000000000   | PG3FFPCIL | 3AC     | 0000000000000000   |           |         |                    |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 3-8: MASTER SFR BLOCK 500h**

| Register      | Address | All Resets         | Register  | Address | All Resets       | Register  | Address | All Resets       |
|---------------|---------|--------------------|-----------|---------|------------------|-----------|---------|------------------|
| <b>CAN FD</b> |         |                    | C1TSCONL  | 5D4     | -----0000000000  | C1RXOVIFH | 5EA     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1CONL        | 5C0     | 0-00011101100000   | C1TSCONH  | 5D6     | -----000         | C1TXATIFL | 5EC     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1CONH        | 5C2     | 0000010010011000   | C1VECL    | 5D8     | ---00000-1000000 | C1TXATIFH | 5EE     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1NBTCFGL     | 5C4     | -00011111-00011111 | C1VECH    | 5DA     | -10000---1000000 | C1TXREQL  | 5F0     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1NBTCFGH     | 5C6     | 0000000000111110   | C1INTL    | 5DC     | 000000-----00000 | C1TXREQH  | 5F2     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1DBTCFGL     | 5C8     | ----0011----0011   | C1INTH    | 5DE     | 00000000---00000 | C1TRECL   | 5F4     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1DBTCFGH     | 5CA     | 00000000---01110   | C1RXIFL   | 5E0     | 000000000000000- | C1TRECH   | 5F6     | -----100000      |
| C1TDCL        | 5CC     | -0010000--000000   | C1RXIFH   | 5E2     | 0000000000000000 | C1BDIAG0L | 5F8     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1TDCH        | 5CE     | -----00-----10     | C1TXIFL   | 5E4     | 0000000000000000 | C1BDIAG0H | 5FA     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1TBCL        | 5D0     | 0000000000000000   | C1TXIFH   | 5E6     | 0000000000000000 | C1BDIAG1L | 5FC     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1TBCH        | 5D2     | 0000000000000000   | C1RXOVIFL | 5E8     | 000000000000000- | C1BDIAG1H | 5FE     | 00000-000-000000 |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 3-9: MASTER SFR BLOCK 600h**

| Register                  | Address | All Resets           | Register    | Address | All Resets           | Register    | Address | All Resets       |
|---------------------------|---------|----------------------|-------------|---------|----------------------|-------------|---------|------------------|
| <b>CAN FD (Continued)</b> |         |                      | C1FIFOCON6H | 65A     | 00000000-11000000    | C1MASK5L    | 6AC     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1TEFCONL                 | 600     | -----100--0-0000     | C1FIFOSTA6  | 65C     | ---00000000000000    | C1MASK5H    | 6AE     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1TEFCONH                 | 602     | ---00000-----        | C1FIFOUA6L  | 660     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | C1FLTOBJ6L  | 6B0     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1TEFSTA                  | 604     | -----0000            | C1FIFOUA6H  | 662     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | C1FLTOBJ6H  | 6B2     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1TEFUAL                  | 608     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | C1FIFOCON7L | 664     | -----100000000000    | C1MASK6L    | 6B4     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1TEFUAH                  | 60A     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | C1FIFOCON7H | 666     | 00000000-11000000    | C1MASK6H    | 6B6     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOBAL                 | 60C     | 0000000000000000     | C1FIFOSTA7  | 668     | ---00000000000000    | C1FLTOBJ7L  | 7B8     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOBALH                | 60E     | 0000000000000000     | C1FIFOUA7L  | 66C     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | C1FLTOBJ7H  | 6BA     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1TXQCONL                 | 610     | -----1001--0-0-0     | C1FIFOUA7H  | 66E     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | C1MASK7L    | 6BC     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1TXQCONH                 | 612     | 00000000-11000000    | C1FLTCON0L  | 670     | 0--000000--000000    | C1MASK7H    | 6BE     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1TXQSTA                  | 614     | ---000000000-0-0     | C1FLTCON0H  | 672     | 0--000000--000000    | C1FLTOBJ8L  | 6C0     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1TXQUAL                  | 618     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | C1FLTCON1L  | 674     | 0--000000--000000    | C1FLTOBJ8H  | 6C2     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1TXQUAH                  | 61A     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | C1FLTCON1H  | 676     | 0--000000--000000    | C1MASK8L    | 6C4     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOCON1L               | 61C     | -----100000000000    | C1FLTCON2L  | 678     | 0--000000--000000    | C1MASK8H    | 6C6     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOCON1H               | 61E     | 00000000-11000000    | C1FLTCON2H  | 67A     | 0--000000--000000    | C1FLTOBJ9L  | 6C8     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOSTA1                | 620     | ---00000000000000    | C1FLTCON3L  | 67C     | 0--000000--000000    | C1FLTOBJ9H  | 6CA     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOUA1L                | 624     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | C1FLTCON3H  | 67E     | 0--000000--000000    | C1MASK9L    | 6CC     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOUA1H                | 626     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | C1FLTOBJ0L  | 680     | 0000000000000000     | C1MASK9H    | 6CE     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOCON2L               | 628     | -----100000000000    | C1FLTOBJ0H  | 682     | 0000000000000000     | C1FLTOBJ10L | 6D0     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOCON2H               | 62A     | 00000000-11000000    | C1MASK0L    | 684     | 0000000000000000     | C1FLTOBJ10H | 6D2     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOSTA2                | 62C     | ---00000000000000    | C1MASK0H    | 686     | 0000000000000000     | C1MASK10L   | 6D4     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOUA2L                | 630     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | C1FLTOBJ1L  | 688     | 0000000000000000     | C1MASK10H   | 6D6     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOUA2H                | 632     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | C1FLTOBJ1H  | 68A     | 0000000000000000     | C1FLTOBJ11L | 6D8     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOCON3L               | 634     | -----100000000000    | C1MASK1L    | 68C     | 0000000000000000     | C1FLTOBJ11H | 6DA     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOCON3H               | 636     | 00000000-11000000    | C1MASK1H    | 68E     | 0000000000000000     | C1MASK11L   | 6DC     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOSTA3                | 638     | ---00000000000000    | C1FLTOBJ2L  | 690     | 0000000000000000     | C1MASK11H   | 6DE     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOUA3L                | 63C     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | C1FLTOBJ2H  | 692     | 0000000000000000     | C1FLTOBJ12L | 6E0     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOUA3H                | 63E     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | C1MASK2L    | 694     | 0000000000000000     | C1FLTOBJ12H | 6E2     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOCON4L               | 640     | -----100000000000    | C1MASK2H    | 696     | 0000000000000000     | C1MASK12L   | 6E4     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOCON4H               | 642     | 00000000-11000000    | C1FLTOBJ3L  | 698     | 0000000000000000     | C1MASK12H   | 6E6     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOSTA4                | 644     | ---00000000000000    | C1FLTOBJ3H  | 69A     | 0000000000000000     | C1FLTOBJ13L | 6E8     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOUA4L                | 648     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | C1MASK3L    | 69C     | 0000000000000000     | C1FLTOBJ13H | 6EA     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOUA4H                | 64A     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | C1MASK3H    | 69C     | 0000000000000000     | C1MASK13L   | 6EC     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOCON5L               | 64C     | -----100000000000    | C1FLTOBJ4L  | 6A0     | 0000000000000000     | C1MASK13H   | 6EE     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOCON5H               | 64E     | 00000000-11000000    | C1FLTOBJ4H  | 6A2     | 0000000000000000     | C1FLTOBJ14L | 6F0     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOSTA5                | 650     | ---00000000000000    | C1MASK4L    | 6A4     | 0000000000000000     | C1FLTOBJ14H | 6F2     | 0000000000000000 |
| C1FIFOUA5L                | 654     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | C1MASK4H    | 6A6     | 0000000000000000     |             |         |                  |
| C1FIFOUA5H                | 656     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | C1FLTOBJ5L  | 6A8     | 0000000000000000     |             |         |                  |
| C1FIFOCON6L               | 658     | -----100000000000    | C1FLTOBJ5H  | 6AA     | 0000000000000000     |             |         |                  |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 3-10: MASTER SFR BLOCK 700h**

| Register           | Address | All Resets        | Register    | Address | All Resets        | Register  | Address | All Resets        |
|--------------------|---------|-------------------|-------------|---------|-------------------|-----------|---------|-------------------|
| CAN FD (Continued) |         |                   | C1FLTOBJ15L | 6F8     | 0000000000000000  | C1MASK15H | 6FE     | -0000000000000000 |
| C1MASK14L          | 6F4     | 0000000000000000  | C1FLTOBJ15H | 6FA     | -0000000000000000 |           |         |                   |
| C1MASK14H          | 6F6     | -0000000000000000 | C1MASK15L   | 6FC     | 0000000000000000  |           |         |                   |

Legend: x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

**TABLE 3-11: MASTER SFR BLOCK 800h**

| Register          | Address | All Resets          | Register | Address | All Resets       | Register     | Address | All Resets        |
|-------------------|---------|---------------------|----------|---------|------------------|--------------|---------|-------------------|
| <b>Interrupts</b> |         |                     | IPC3     | 846     | -100-100-100-100 | IPC33        | 882     | -100-100-100-100  |
| IFS0              | 800     | 0000000000-000000   | IPC4     | 848     | -100-100-100-100 | IPC34        | 884     | -100-100-100-100  |
| IFS1              | 802     | 0000000000000000    | IPC5     | 84A     | -100-100-100-100 | IPC35        | 886     | -----100-100      |
| IFS2              | 804     | 000000-00-000000--  | IPC6     | 84C     | -100-100-100-100 | IPC35        | 886     | -----100-100      |
| IFS3              | 806     | 000-----000000      | IPC7     | 84E     | -100-100-100-100 | IPC36        | 888     | -----100-----     |
| IFS4              | 808     | --000----0000-00    | IPC8     | 850     | -100-100-----    | IPC37        | 88A     | -----100-100----  |
| IFS5              | 80A     | 0000000000000000-   | IPC9     | 852     | -----100-100-100 | IPC38        | 88C     | -----100-100      |
| IFS6              | 80C     | 0000000000000000    | IPC10    | 854     | -100-----100-100 | IPC39        | 88E     | -----100----      |
| IFS7              | 80E     | 0000000000000000--- | IPC11    | 856     | -100-100-100-100 | IPC42        | 894     | -100-100-100-100  |
| IFS8              | 810     | --0000000000000000- | IPC12    | 858     | -100-100-100-100 | IPC43        | 896     | -100-100-100-100  |
| IFS9              | 812     | --0---00-00--0--    | IPC13    | 85A     | -----100         | IPC44        | 898     | -100-100-100-100  |
| IFS10             | 814     | 00000000-----       | IPC15    | 85E     | -100-100-100---- | IPC45        | 89A     | -----100          |
| IFS11             | 816     | -00-----00000       | IPC16    | 860     | -100-----100-100 | IPC47        | 89E     | -----100-100----  |
| IEC0              | 820     | 0000000000-000000   | IPC17    | 862     | -----100-100-100 | INTCON1      | 8C0     | 0000000000000000- |
| IEC1              | 822     | 0000000000000000    | IPC18    | 864     | -100-----        | INTCON2      | 8C2     | 000---0---0000    |
| IEC2              | 824     | 000000-00-000000--  | IPC19    | 866     | -----100-100     | INTCON3      | 8C4     | -----0---0---0    |
| IEC3              | 826     | 000-----00000       | IPC20    | 868     | -100-100-100---- | INTCON4      | 8C6     | -----00000000     |
| IEC4              | 828     | --000----0000-00    | IPC21    | 86A     | -100-100-100-100 | INTTREG      | 8C8     | 000-000000000000  |
| IEC5              | 82A     | 0000000000000000-   | IPC22    | 86C     | -100-100-100-100 | <b>Flash</b> |         |                   |
| IEC6              | 82C     | 0000000000000000    | IPC23    | 86E     | -100-100-100-100 | NVMCON       | 8D0     | 0000--00----0000  |
| IEC7              | 82E     | 0000000000000000--- | IPC24    | 870     | -100-100-100-100 | NVMADR       | 8D2     | 0000000000000000  |
| IEC8              | 830     | --0000000000000000- | IPC25    | 872     | -100-100-100-100 | NVMADRU      | 8D4     | -----00000000     |
| IEC8              | 830     | --0000000000000000- | IPC26    | 874     | -100-100-100-100 | NVMKEY       | 8D6     | -----00000000     |
| IEC9              | 832     | --0---00-00--0--    | IPC27    | 876     | -100-100-100-100 | NVMSRCADRL   | 8D8     | 0000000000000000  |
| IEC10             | 834     | 00000000-----00     | IPC28    | 878     | -100-----        | NVMSRCADRH   | 8DA     | -----00000000     |
| IEC11             | 836     | -00-----00000       | IPC29    | 87A     | -100-100-100-100 | <b>CBG</b>   |         |                   |
| IPC0              | 840     | -100-100-100-100    | IPC30    | 87C     | -100-100-100-100 | BIASCON      | 8F0     | -----0---0000     |
| IPC1              | 842     | -100-100-----100    | IPC31    | 87E     | -100-100-100-100 | IBIASCONL    | 8F4     | --000000--000000  |
| IPC2              | 844     | -100-100-100-100    | IPC32    | 880     | -100-100-100---- | IBIASCONH    | 8F6     | --000000--000000  |

Legend: x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 3-12: MASTER SFR BLOCK 900h**

| Register   | Address | All Resets           | Register  | Address | All Resets         | Register  | Address | All Resets         |
|------------|---------|----------------------|-----------|---------|--------------------|-----------|---------|--------------------|
| <b>PTG</b> |         |                      | CCP1CON3H | 95A     | 0000-----0-00--    | CCP3PRL   | 9AC     | 1111111111111111   |
| PTGCST     | 900     | 0-00-00000x---00     | CCP1STATL | 95C     | -----0--00xx0000   | CCP3PRH   | 9AE     | 1111111111111111   |
| PTGCON     | 902     | -----000000000000    | CCP1STATH | 95E     | -----000000        | CCP3RAL   | 9B0     | 0000000000000000   |
| PTGBTE     | 904     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CCP1TMRL  | 960     | 0000000000000000   | CCP3RBL   | 9B4     | 0000000000000000   |
| PTGBTEH    | 906     | -----000000000000    | CCP1TMRH  | 962     | 0000000000000000   | CCP3BUFL  | 9B8     | 0000000000000000   |
| PTGHOLD    | 908     | 0000000000000000     | CCP1PRL   | 964     | 1111111111111111   | CCP3BUFH  | 9BA     | 0000000000000000   |
| PTGTOLIM   | 90C     | 0000000000000000     | CCP1PRH   | 966     | 1111111111111111   | CCP4CON1L | 9BC     | 0-0000000000000000 |
| PTGT1LIM   | 910     | 0000000000000000     | CCP1RAL   | 968     | 0000000000000000   | CCP4CON1H | 9BE     | 00--00000000000000 |
| PTGSDLIM   | 914     | 0000000000000000     | CCP1RBL   | 96C     | 0000000000000000   | CCP4CON2L | 9C0     | 00-0----00000000   |
| PTGC0LIM   | 918     | 0000000000000000     | CCP1BUFL  | 970     | 0000000000000000   | CCP4CON2H | 9C2     | 0-----100-00000    |
| PTGC1LIM   | 91C     | 0000000000000000     | CCP1BUFH  | 972     | 0000000000000000   | CCP4CON3H | 9C6     | 0000-----0-00--    |
| PTGADJ     | 920     | 0000000000000000     | CCP2CON1L | 974     | 0-0000000000000000 | CCP4STATL | 9C8     | -----0--00xx0000   |
| PTGLO      | 924     | 0000000000000000     | CCP2CON1H | 976     | 00--00000000000000 | CCP4STATH | 9CA     | -----000000        |
| PTGQPTR    | 928     | -----000000          | CCP2CON2L | 978     | 00-0----00000000   | CCP4TMRL  | 9CC     | 0000000000000000   |
| PTGQUE0    | 930     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CCP2CON2H | 97A     | 0-----100-00000    | CCP4TMRH  | 9CE     | 0000000000000000   |
| PTGQUE1    | 932     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CCP2CON3H | 97E     | 0000-----0-00--    | CCP4PRL   | 9D0     | 1111111111111111   |
| PTGQUE2    | 934     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CCP2STATL | 980     | -----0--00xx0000   | CCP4PRH   | 9D2     | 1111111111111111   |
| PTGQUE3    | 936     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CCP2STATH | 982     | -----000000        | CCP4RAL   | 9D4     | 0000000000000000   |
| PTGQUE4    | 938     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CCP2TMRL  | 984     | 0000000000000000   | CCP4RBL   | 9D8     | 0000000000000000   |
| PTGQUE5    | 93A     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CCP2TMRH  | 986     | 0000000000000000   | CCP4BUFL  | 9DC     | 0000000000000000   |
| PTGQUE6    | 93C     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CCP2PRL   | 988     | 1111111111111111   | CCP4BUFH  | 9DE     | 0000000000000000   |
| PTGQUE7    | 93E     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CCP2PRH   | 98A     | 1111111111111111   | CCP5CON1L | 9E0     | 0-0000000000000000 |
| PTGQUE8    | 940     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CCP2RAL   | 98C     | 0000000000000000   | CCP5CON1H | 9E2     | 00--00000000000000 |
| PTGQUE9    | 942     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CCP2RBL   | 990     | 0000000000000000   | CCP5CON2L | 9E4     | 00-0----00000000   |
| PTGQUE10   | 944     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CCP2BUFL  | 994     | 0000000000000000   | CCP5CON2H | 9E6     | 0-----100-00000    |
| PTGQUE11   | 946     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CCP2BUFH  | 996     | 0000000000000000   | CCP5CON3H | 9EA     | 0000-----0-00--    |
| PTGQUE12   | 948     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CCP3CON1L | 998     | 0-0000000000000000 | CCP5STATL | 9EC     | -----0--00xx0000   |
| PTGQUE13   | 94A     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CCP3CON1H | 99A     | 00--00000000000000 | CCP5STATH | 9EE     | -----000000        |
| PTGQUE14   | 94C     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CCP3CON2L | 99C     | 00-0----00000000   | CCP5TMRL  | 9F0     | 0000000000000000   |
| PTGQUE15   | 94E     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CCP3CON2H | 99E     | 0-----100-00000    | CCP5TMRH  | 9F2     | 0000000000000000   |
| <b>CCP</b> |         |                      | CCP3CON3H | 9A2     | 0000-----0-00--    | CCP5PRL   | 9F4     | 1111111111111111   |
| CCP1CON1L  | 950     | 0-0000000000000000   | CCP3STATL | 9A4     | -----0--00xx0000   | CCP5PRH   | 9F6     | 1111111111111111   |
| CCP1CON1H  | 952     | 00--00000000000000   | CCP3STATH | 9A6     | -----000000        | CCP5RAL   | 9F8     | 0000000000000000   |
| CCP1CON2L  | 954     | 00-0----00000000     | CCP3TMRL  | 9A8     | 0000000000000000   | CCP5RBL   | 9FC     | 0000000000000000   |
| CCP1CON2H  | 956     | 0-----100-00000      | CCP3TMRH  | 9AA     | 0000000000000000   |           |         |                    |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 3-13: MASTER SFR BLOCK A00h**

| Register               | Address | All Resets         | Register   | Address | All Resets         | Register | Address | All Resets       |
|------------------------|---------|--------------------|------------|---------|--------------------|----------|---------|------------------|
| <b>CCP (Continued)</b> |         |                    | CCP7PRH    | A3E     | 1111111111111111   | DMADST0  | ACA     | 0000000000000000 |
| CCP5BUFL               | A00     | 0000000000000000   | CCP7RAL    | A40     | 0000000000000000   | DMACNT0  | ACC     | 0000000000000001 |
| CCP5BUFH               | A02     | 0000000000000000   | CCP7RBL    | A44     | 0000000000000000   | DMACH1   | ACE     | ---0-0000000000  |
| CCP6CON1L              | A04     | 0-0000000000000000 | CCP7BUFL   | A48     | 0000000000000000   | DMACNT1  | AD0     | 000000000000--0  |
| CCP6CON1H              | A06     | 00--00000000000000 | CCP7BUFH   | A4A     | 0000000000000000   | DMASRC1  | AD2     | 0000000000000000 |
| CCP6CON2L              | A08     | 00-0----0000000000 | CCP8CON1L  | A4C     | 0-0000000000000000 | DMADST1  | AD4     | 0000000000000000 |
| CCP6CON2H              | A0A     | 0-----100-000000   | CCP8CON1H  | A4E     | 00--00000000000000 | DMACNT1  | AD6     | 0000000000000001 |
| CCP6CON3H              | A0E     | 0000-----0-00--    | CCP8CON2L  | A50     | 00-0----0000000000 | DMACH2   | AD8     | ---0-0000000000  |
| CCP6STATL              | A10     | -----0--00xx0000   | CCP8CON2H  | A52     | 0-----100-000000   | DMACNT2  | AD6     | 0000000000000001 |
| CCP6STATH              | A12     | -----000000000000  | CCP8CON3H  | A56     | 0000-----0-00--    | DMASRC2  | ADC     | 0000000000000000 |
| CCP6TMRL               | A14     | 0000000000000000   | CCP8CON2H  | A52     | 0-----100-000000   | DMACNT2  | ADC     | 0000000000000000 |
| CCP6TMRH               | A16     | 0000000000000000   | CCP8STATH  | A5A     | -----0--00xx0000   | DMADST2  | ADE     | 0000000000000000 |
| CCP6PRL                | A18     | 1111111111111111   | CCP8STATH  | A5A     | -----000000000000  | DMACNT2  | AE0     | 0000000000000001 |
| CCP6PRH                | A1A     | 1111111111111111   | CCP8TMRL   | A5C     | 0000000000000000   | DMACH3   | AE2     | ---0-0000000000  |
| CCP6RAL                | A1C     | 0000000000000000   | CCP8TMRH   | A5E     | 0000000000000000   | DMACNT3  | AE4     | 000000000000--0  |
| CCP6RBL                | A20     | 0000000000000000   | CCP8PRL    | A60     | 1111111111111111   | DMASRC3  | AE6     | 0000000000000000 |
| CCP6BUFL               | A24     | 0000000000000000   | CCP8PRH    | A62     | 1111111111111111   | DMADST3  | AE8     | 0000000000000000 |
| CCP6BUFH               | A26     | 0000000000000000   | CCP8RAL    | A64     | 0000000000000000   | DMACNT3  | AEA     | 0000000000000001 |
| CCP7CON1L              | A28     | 0-0000000000000000 | CCP8RBL    | A68     | 0000000000000000   | DMACH4   | AEC     | ---0-0000000000  |
| CCP7CON1H              | A2A     | 00--00000000000000 | CCP8BUFL   | A6C     | 0000000000000000   | DMACNT3  | AEA     | 0000000000000001 |
| CCP7CON2L              | A2C     | 00-0----0000000000 | CCP8BUFH   | A6E     | 0000000000000000   | DMACH4   | AEC     | ---0-0000000000  |
| CCP7CON2H              | A2E     | 0-----100-000000   | <b>DMA</b> |         |                    | DMACNT4  | AF0     | 0000000000000000 |
| CCP7CON3H              | A32     | 0000-----0-00--    | DMACON     | ABC     | 0-----0000000000   | DMADST4  | AF2     | 0000000000000000 |
| CCP7STATL              | A34     | -----0--00xx0000   | DMABUF     | ABE     | 0000000000000000   | DMACNT4  | AF4     | 0000000000000001 |
| CCP7STATH              | A36     | -----000000000000  | DMAL       | AC0     | 0000000000000000   | DMACH5   | AF6     | ---0-0000000000  |
| CCP7TMRL               | A38     | 0000000000000000   | DMAH       | AC2     | 0001000000000000   | DMACNT5  | AF6     | ---0-0000000000  |
| CCP7TMRH               | A3A     | 0000000000000000   | DMACH0     | AC4     | ---0-000000000000  | DMADST5  | AFC     | 0000000000000000 |
| CCP7PRL                | A3C     | 1111111111111111   | DMACNT0    | AC6     | 000000000000--0    | DMACNT5  | AFE     | 0000000000000001 |
|                        |         |                    | DMASRC0    | AC8     | 0000000000000000   |          |         |                  |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 3-14: MASTER SFR BLOCK B00h**

| Register   | Address | All Resets          | Register  | Address | All Resets       | Register  | Address | All Resets          |
|------------|---------|---------------------|-----------|---------|------------------|-----------|---------|---------------------|
| <b>ADC</b> |         |                     | ADCMP1ENH | B42     | -----00000       | ADTRIG0H  | B82     | 0000000000000000    |
| ADCON1L    | B00     | 000-00000----000    | ADCMP1LO  | B44     | 0000000000000000 | ADTRIG1L  | B84     | 0000000000000000    |
| ADCON1H    | B02     | -----011-----       | ADCMP1HI  | B46     | 0000000000000000 | ADTRIG1H  | B86     | 0000000000000000    |
| ADCON2L    | B04     | 00-0-000000000000   | ADCMP2ENL | B48     | 0000000000000000 | ADTRIG2L  | B88     | 0000000000000000    |
| ADCON2H    | B06     | 00-00000000000000   | ADCMP2ENH | B4A     | -----00000       | ADTRIG2H  | B8A     | 0000000000000000    |
| ADCON3L    | B08     | 00000x000000000000  | ADCMP2LO  | B4C     | 0000000000000000 | ADTRIG3L  | B8C     | 0000000000000000    |
| ADCON3H    | B0A     | 000000000-----      | ADCMP2HI  | B4E     | 0000000000000000 | ADTRIG3H  | B8E     | 0000000000000000    |
| ADMOD0L    | B10     | -0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0    | ADCMP3ENL | B50     | 0000000000000000 | ADTRIG4L  | B90     | 0000000000000000    |
| ADMOD0H    | B12     | -0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0    | ADCMP3ENH | B52     | -----00000       | ADTRIG4H  | B92     | 0000000000000000    |
| ADMOD1L    | B14     | -----0-0-0-0-0      | ADCMP3LO  | B54     | 0000000000000000 | ADTRIG5L  | B94     | 000-----00000000    |
| ADIEL      | B20     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | ADCMP3HI  | B56     | 0000000000000000 | ADCMP0CON | BA0     | 0000000000000000    |
| ADIEH      | B22     | -----xxxxx          | ADFL0DAT  | B68     | 0000000000000000 | ADCMP1CON | BA4     | 0000000000000000    |
| ADCSS1L    | B28     | 0000000000000000    | ADFL0CON  | B6A     | 0xx0000000000000 | ADCMP2CON | BA8     | 0000000000000000    |
| ADSTATL    | B30     | 0000000000000000    | ADFL1DAT  | B6C     | 0000000000000000 | ADCMP3CON | BAC     | 0000000000000000    |
| ADSTATH    | B32     | -----00000          | ADFL1CON  | B6E     | 0xx0000000000000 | ADLVLTRGL | BD0     | 0000000000000000    |
| ADCMP0ENL  | B38     | 0000000000000000    | ADFL2DAT  | B70     | 0000000000000000 | ADLVLTRGH | BD2     | -----xxxxx          |
| ADCMP0ENH  | B3A     | -----00000          | ADFL2CON  | B72     | 0xx0000000000000 | ADEIEL    | BF0     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx |
| ADCMP0LO   | B3C     | 0000000000000000    | ADFL3DAT  | B74     | 0000000000000000 | ADEIEH    | BF2     | -----xxxxx          |
| ADCMP0HI   | B3E     | 0000000000000000    | ADFL3CON  | B76     | 0xx0000000000000 | ADEISTATL | BF8     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx |
| ADCMP1ENL  | B40     | 0000000000000000    | ADTRIG0L  | B80     | 0000000000000000 | ADEISTATH | BFA     | -----xxxxx          |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

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**TABLE 3-15: MASTER SFR BLOCK C00h**

| Register        | Address | All Resets       | Register | Address | All Resets       | Register  | Address | All Resets       |
|-----------------|---------|------------------|----------|---------|------------------|-----------|---------|------------------|
| ADC (Continued) |         |                  | ADCBUF9  | C1E     | 0000000000000000 | DAC       |         |                  |
| ADCON5L         | C00     | 0-----0-----     | ADCBUF10 | C20     | 0000000000000000 | DACCTRL1L | C80     | 000-----0000-000 |
| ADCON5H         | C02     | 0---xxxx0-----   | ADCBUF11 | C22     | 0000000000000000 | DACCTRL2L | C84     | -----0001010101  |
| ADCAL1H         | C0A     | 00000-00-000---- | ADCBUF12 | C24     | 0000000000000000 | DACCTRL2H | C86     | -----0010001010  |
| ADCBUF0         | C0C     | 0000000000000000 | ADCBUF13 | C26     | 0000000000000000 | DAC1CONL  | C88     | 000--000x0000000 |
| ADCBUF1         | C0E     | 0000000000000000 | ADCBUF14 | C28     | 0000000000000000 | DAC1CONH  | C8A     | -----0000000000  |
| ADCBUF2         | C10     | 0000000000000000 | ADCBUF15 | C2A     | 0000000000000000 | DAC1DATL  | C8C     | 0000000000000000 |
| ADCBUF3         | C12     | 0000000000000000 | ADCBUF16 | C2C     | 0000000000000000 | DAC1DATH  | C8E     | 0000000000000000 |
| ADCBUF4         | C14     | 0000000000000000 | ADCBUF17 | C2E     | 0000000000000000 | SLP1CONL  | C90     | 0000000000000000 |
| ADCBUF5         | C16     | 0000000000000000 | ADCBUF18 | C30     | 0000000000000000 | SLP1CONH  | C92     | 0--000-----      |
| ADCBUF6         | C18     | 0000000000000000 | ADCBUF19 | C32     | 0000000000000000 | SLP1DAT   | C94     | 0000000000000000 |
| ADCBUF7         | C1A     | 0000000000000000 | ADCBUF20 | C34     | 0000000000000000 | VREGCON   | CFC     | 0-----000000     |
| ADCBUF8         | C1C     | 0000000000000000 |          |         |                  |           |         |                  |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 3-16: MASTER SFR BLOCK D00h**

| Register  | Address | All Resets       | Register | Address | All Resets       | Register | Address | All Resets       |
|-----------|---------|------------------|----------|---------|------------------|----------|---------|------------------|
| I/O Ports |         |                  | RPINR19  | D2A     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR4    | D88     | --000000--000000 |
| RPCON     | D00     | ----0-----       | RPINR20  | D2C     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR5    | D8A     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR0    | D04     | 11111111-----    | RPINR21  | D2E     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR6    | D8C     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR1    | D06     | 1111111111111111 | RPINR22  | D30     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR7    | D8E     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR2    | D08     | 11111111-----    | RPINR23  | D32     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR8    | D90     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR3    | D0A     | 1111111111111111 | RPINR26  | D38     | -----11111111    | RPOR9    | D92     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR4    | D0C     | 1111111111111111 | RPINR30  | D40     | 11111111-----    | RPOR10   | D94     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR5    | D0E     | 1111111111111111 | RPINR37  | D4E     | 11111111-----    | RPOR11   | D96     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR6    | D10     | 1111111111111111 | RPINR38  | D50     | -----11111111    | RPOR12   | D98     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR7    | D12     | 1111111111111111 | RPINR42  | D58     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR13   | D9A     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR8    | D14     | 1111111111111111 | RPINR43  | D5A     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR14   | D9C     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR9    | D16     | 1111111111111111 | RPINR44  | D5C     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR15   | D9E     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR10   | D18     | 1111111111111111 | RPINR45  | D5E     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR16   | DA0     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR11   | D1A     | 1111111111111111 | RPINR46  | D60     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR17   | DA2     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR12   | D1C     | 1111111111111111 | RPINR47  | D62     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR18   | DA4     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR13   | D1E     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR0    | D80     | --000000--000000 | RPOR19   | DA6     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR14   | D20     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR1    | D82     | --000000--000000 | RPOR20   | DA8     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR15   | D22     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR2    | D84     | --000000--000000 | RPOR21   | DAA     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR18   | D28     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR3    | D86     | --000000--000000 | RPOR22   | DAC     | --000000--000000 |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 3-17: MASTER SFR BLOCK E00h**

| Register              | Address | All Resets       | Register | Address | All Resets       | Register | Address | All Resets       |
|-----------------------|---------|------------------|----------|---------|------------------|----------|---------|------------------|
| I/O Ports (Continued) |         |                  | CNCONB   | E2A     | 0---0-----       | LATD     | E5A     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx |
| ANSELA                | E00     | -----11111       | CNEN0B   | E2C     | 0000000000000000 | ODCD     | E5C     | 0000000000000000 |
| TRISA                 | E02     | -----11111       | CNSTATB  | E2E     | 0000000000000000 | CNPUD    | E5E     | 0000000000000000 |
| PORTA                 | E04     | -----xxxxx       | CNEN1B   | E30     | 0000000000000000 | CNPDD    | E60     | 0000000000000000 |
| LATA                  | E06     | -----xxxxx       | CNFB     | E32     | 0000000000000000 | CNCOND   | E62     | 0---0-----       |
| ODCA                  | E08     | -----00000       | ANSELC   | E38     | -----1---1111    | CNEN0D   | E64     | 0000000000000000 |
| CNPUA                 | E0A     | -----00000       | TRISC    | E3A     | 1111111111111111 | CNSTATD  | E66     | 0000000000000000 |
| CNPDA                 | E0C     | -----00000       | PORTC    | E3C     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CNEN1D   | E68     | 0000000000000000 |
| CNCONA                | E0E     | 0---0-----       | LATC     | E3E     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CNFD     | E6A     | 0000000000000000 |
| CNEN0A                | E10     | -----00000       | ODCC     | E40     | 0000000000000000 | TRISE    | E72     | 1111111111111111 |
| CNSTATA               | E12     | -----00000       | CNPUC    | E42     | 0000000000000000 | PORTE    | E74     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx |
| CNEN1A                | E14     | -----00000       | CNPDC    | E44     | 0000000000000000 | LATE     | E76     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx |
| CNFA                  | E16     | -----00000       | CNCONC   | E46     | 0---0-----       | ODCE     | E78     | 0000000000000000 |
| ANSELB                | E1C     | -----111---1111  | CNEN0C   | E48     | 0000000000000000 | CNPUE    | E7A     | 0000000000000000 |
| TRISB                 | E1E     | 1111111111111111 | CNSTATC  | E4A     | 0000000000000000 | CNPDE    | E7C     | 0000000000000000 |
| PORTB                 | E20     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CNEN1C   | E4C     | 0000000000000000 | CNCONE   | E7E     | 0---0-----       |
| LATB                  | E22     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CNFC     | E4E     | 0000000000000000 | CNEN0E   | E80     | 0000000000000000 |
| ODCB                  | E24     | 0000000000000000 | ANSELD   | E54     | -----1-----      | CNSTATE  | E82     | 0000000000000000 |
| CNPUB                 | E26     | 0000000000000000 | TRISD    | E56     | 1111111111111111 | CNEN1E   | E84     | 0000000000000000 |
| CNPDB                 | E28     | 0000000000000000 | PORTD    | E58     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CNFE     | E86     | 0000000000000000 |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.



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**TABLE 3-18: MASTER SFR BLOCK F00h**

| Register          | Address | All Resets        | Register   | Address | All Resets        | Register | Address | All Resets         |
|-------------------|---------|-------------------|------------|---------|-------------------|----------|---------|--------------------|
| <b>Reset</b>      |         |                   | PMD1       | FA4     | ----000-00000-00  | PCTRAPH  | FC2     | -----00000000      |
| RCON              | F80     | 00--x-0000000011  | PMD2       | FA6     | -----00000000     | FEXL     | FC4     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx |
| <b>Oscillator</b> |         |                   | PMD3       | FA8     | -----0-----0-     | FEXH     | FC6     | -----xxxxxxxxxx    |
| OSCCON            | F84     | -000-yyy0-0-0--0  | PMD4       | FAA     | -----0---         | DPCL     | FCE     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx |
| CLKDIV            | F86     | 00110000--000001  | PMD6       | FAE     | --000000-----     | DPCH     | FD0     | -----xxxxxxxxxx    |
| PLLFBD            | F88     | ----000010010110  | PMD7       | FB0     | -----x---0---     | APPO     | FD2     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx |
| PLLDIV            | F8A     | -----00-011-001   | PMD8       | FB2     | ---00--0--xx000-  | APPI     | FD4     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx |
| OSCTUN            | F8C     | -----000000       | <b>WDT</b> |         |                   | APPS     | FD6     | -----xxxxxx        |
| ACLKCON1          | F8E     | 00-----0--000001  | WDTCONL    | FB4     | 0--0000000000000  | STROUTL  | FD8     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx |
| APLLFBD1          | F90     | ----000010010110  | WDTCONH    | FB6     | 0000000000000000  | STROUTH  | FDA     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx |
| APLLDIV1          | F92     | -----00-011-001   | REFOCONL   | FB8     | 0-000-00---0000   | STROVCNT | FDC     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx |
| CANCLKCON         | F9A     | ----xxxx-xxxxxxxx | REFOCONH   | FBA     | -0000000000000000 | JDATAH   | FFA     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx |
| <b>PMD</b>        |         |                   | REFOTRIML  | FBC     | 0000000000000000  | JDATAL   | FFC     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx |
| PMDCON            | FA0     | ----0-----        | PCTRAPL    | FC0     | 0000000000000000  |          |         |                    |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits; y = value set by Configuration bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 3.2.5.1 Paged Memory Scheme

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 architecture extends the available Data Space through a paging scheme, which allows the available Data Space to be accessed using MOV instructions in a linear fashion for pre- and post-modified Effective Addresses (EAs). The upper half of the base Data Space address is used in conjunction with the Data Space Read Page (DSRPAG) register to form the Program Space Visibility (PSV) address.

The Data Space Read Page (DSRPAG) register is located in the SFR space. Construction of the PSV address is shown in Figure 3-7. When  $DSRPAG\langle 9 \rangle = 1$  and the base address bit,  $EA\langle 15 \rangle = 1$ , the  $DSRPAG\langle 8:0 \rangle$  bits are concatenated onto  $EA\langle 14:0 \rangle$  to form the 24-bit PSV read address.

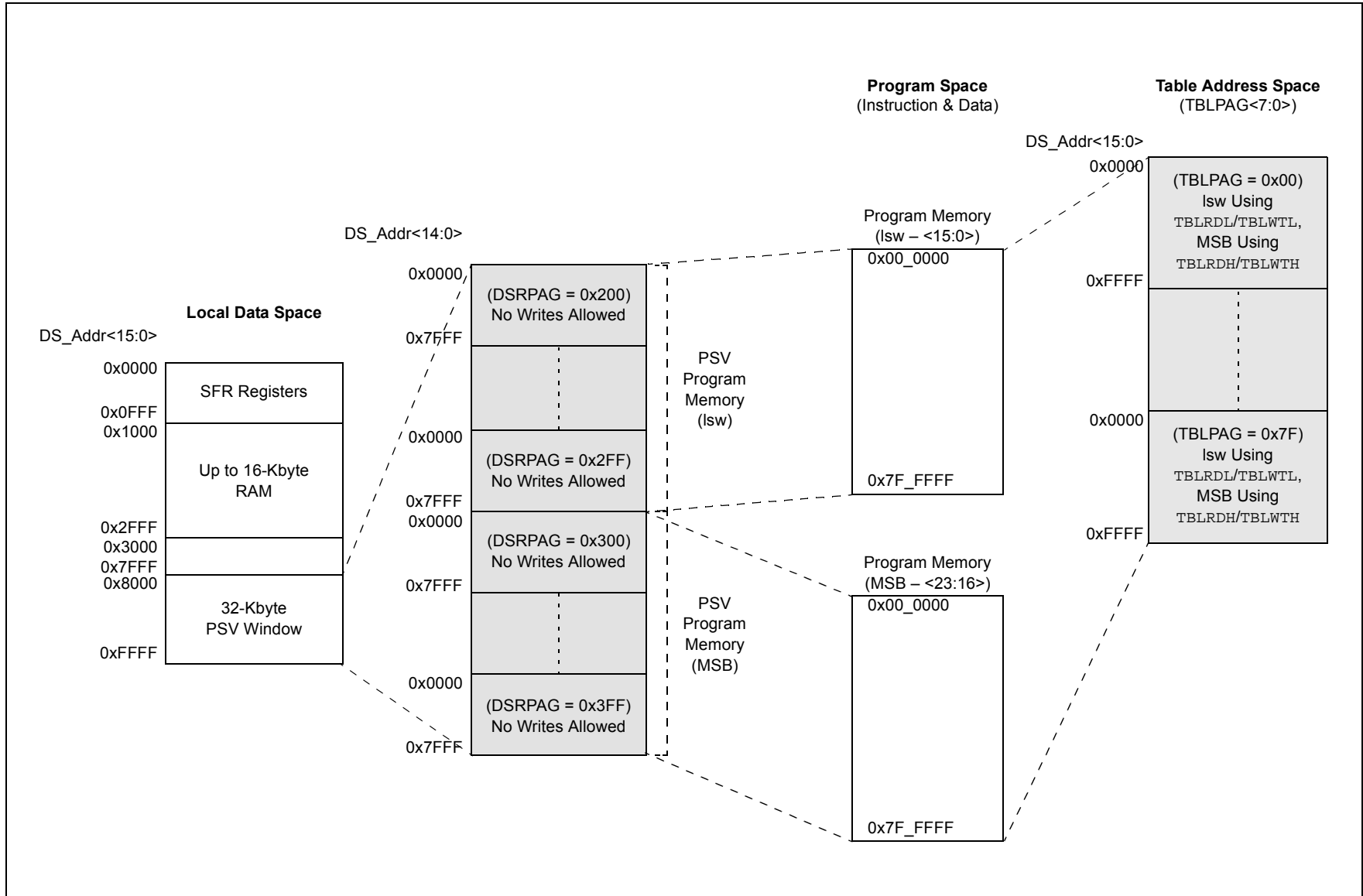
The paged memory scheme provides access to multiple 32-Kbyte windows in the PSV memory. The Data Space Read Page (DSRPAG) register, in combination with the upper half of the Data Space address, can provide up to 8 Mbytes of PSV address space. The paged data memory space is shown in Figure 3-8.

The Program Space (PS) can be accessed with a DSRPAG of 0x200 or greater. Only reads from PS are supported using the DSRPAG.

**FIGURE 3-7: PROGRAM SPACE VISIBILITY (PSV) READ ADDRESS GENERATION**



**FIGURE 3-8: PAGED DATA MEMORY SPACE**



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When a PSV page overflow or underflow occurs, EA<15> is cleared as a result of the register indirect EA calculation. An overflow or underflow of the EA in the PSV pages can occur at the page boundaries when:

- The initial address, prior to modification, addresses the PSV page
- The EA calculation uses Pre- or Post-Modified Register Indirect Addressing; however, this does not include Register Offset Addressing

In general, when an overflow is detected, the DSRPAG register is incremented and the EA<15> bit is set to keep the base address within the PSV window. When an underflow is detected, the DSRPAG register is decremented and the EA<15> bit is set to keep the base

address within the PSV window. This creates a linear PSV address space, but only when using Register Indirect Addressing modes.

Exceptions to the operation described above arise when entering and exiting the boundaries of Page 0 and PSV spaces. Table 3-19 lists the effects of overflow and underflow scenarios at different boundaries.

In the following cases, when overflow or underflow occurs, the EA<15> bit is set and the DSRPAG is not modified; therefore, the EA will wrap to the beginning of the current page:

- Register Indirect with Register Offset Addressing
- Modulo Addressing
- Bit-Reversed Addressing

**TABLE 3-19: OVERFLOW AND UNDERFLOW SCENARIOS AT PAGE 0 AND PSV SPACE BOUNDARIES<sup>(2,3,4)</sup>**

| O/U, R/W | Operation              | Before         |           |                     | After          |           |                            |
|----------|------------------------|----------------|-----------|---------------------|----------------|-----------|----------------------------|
|          |                        | DSRPAG         | DS EA<15> | Page Description    | DSRPAG         | DS EA<15> | Page Description           |
| O, Read  | [++Wn]                 | DSRPAG = 0x2FF | 1         | PSV: Last lsw page  | DSRPAG = 0x300 | 1         | PSV: First MSB page        |
| O, Read  | [Wn++]                 | DSRPAG = 0x3FF | 1         | PSV: Last MSB page  | DSRPAG = 0x3FF | 0         | See <a href="#">Note 1</a> |
| U, Read  | [--Wn]<br>or<br>[Wn--] | DSRPAG = 0x001 | 1         | PSV page            | DSRPAG = 0x001 | 0         | See <a href="#">Note 1</a> |
| U, Read  |                        | DSRPAG = 0x200 | 1         | PSV: First lsw page | DSRPAG = 0x200 | 0         | See <a href="#">Note 1</a> |
| U, Read  |                        | DSRPAG = 0x300 | 1         | PSV: First MSB page | DSRPAG = 0x2FF | 1         | PSV: Last lsw page         |

**Legend:** O = Overflow, U = Underflow, R = Read, W = Write

**Note 1:** The Register Indirect Addressing now addresses a location in the base Data Space (0x0000-0x8000).

**2:** An EDS access, with DSRPAG = 0x000, will generate an address error trap.

**3:** Only reads from PS are supported using DSRPAG.

**4:** Pseudolinear Addressing is not supported for large offsets.

## 3.2.5.2 Extended X Data Space

The lower portion of the base address space range, between 0x0000 and 0x7FFF, is always accessible, regardless of the contents of the Data Space Read Page register. It is indirectly addressable through the register indirect instructions. It can be regarded as being located in the default EDS Page 0 (i.e., EDS address range of 0x000000 to 0x007FFF with the base address bit, EA<15> = 0, for this address range). However, Page 0 cannot be accessed through the upper 32 Kbytes, 0x8000 to 0xFFFF, of base Data Space in combination with DSRPAG = 0x00. Consequently, DSRPAG is initialized to 0x001 at Reset.

**Note 1:** DSRPAG should not be used to access Page 0. An EDS access with DSRPAG set to 0x000 will generate an address error trap.

**2:** Clearing the DSRPAG in software has no effect.

The remaining PSV pages are only accessible using the DSRPAG register in combination with the upper 32 Kbytes, 0x8000 to 0xFFFF, of the base address, where the base address bit, EA<15> = 1.

## 3.2.5.3 Software Stack

The W15 register serves as a dedicated Software Stack Pointer (SSP), and is automatically modified by exception processing, subroutine calls and returns; however, W15 can be referenced by any instruction in the same manner as all other W registers. This simplifies reading, writing and manipulating the Stack Pointer (for example, creating stack frames).

**Note:** To protect against misaligned stack accesses, W15<0> is fixed to '0' by the hardware.

W15 is initialized to 0x1000 during all Resets. This address ensures that the SSP points to valid RAM in all dsPIC33CH128MP508 devices and permits stack availability for non-maskable trap exceptions. These can occur before the SSP is initialized by the user software. You can reprogram the SSP during initialization to any location within Data Space.

The Software Stack Pointer always points to the first available free word and fills the software stack, working from lower toward higher addresses. Figure 3-9 illustrates how it pre-decrements for a stack pop (read) and post-increments for a stack push (writes).

When the PC is pushed onto the stack, PC<15:0> are pushed onto the first available stack word, then PC<22:16> are pushed into the second available stack location. For a PC push during any CALL instruction, the MSB of the PC is zero-extended before the push, as shown in Figure 3-9. During exception processing, the MSB of the PC is concatenated with the lower eight bits of the CPU STATUS Register, SR. This allows the contents of SRL to be preserved automatically during interrupt processing.

**Note 1:** To maintain system Stack Pointer (W15) coherency, W15 is never subject to (EDS) paging, and is therefore, restricted to an address range of 0x0000 to 0xFFFF. The same applies to the W14 when used as a Stack Frame Pointer (SFA = 1).

**2:** As the stack can be placed in, and can access X and Y spaces, care must be taken regarding its use, particularly with regard to local automatic variables in a C development environment

**FIGURE 3-9: CALL STACK FRAME**



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## 3.2.6 INSTRUCTION ADDRESSING MODES

The addressing modes shown in [Table 3-20](#) form the basis of the addressing modes optimized to support the specific features of individual instructions. The addressing modes provided in the MAC class of instructions differ from those in the other instruction types.

### 3.2.6.1 File Register Instructions

Most file register instructions use a 13-bit address field (f) to directly address data present in the first 8192 bytes of data memory (Near Data Space). Most file register instructions employ a Working register, W0, which is denoted as WREG in these instructions. The destination is typically either the same file register or WREG (with the exception of the MUL instruction), which writes the result to a register or register pair. The MOV instruction allows additional flexibility and can access the entire Data Space.

### 3.2.6.2 MCU Instructions

The three-operand MCU instructions are of the form:

Operand 3 = Operand 1 <function> Operand 2

where Operand 1 is always a Working register (that is, the addressing mode can only be Register Direct), which is referred to as Wb. Operand 2 can be a W register fetched from data memory or a 5-bit literal. The result location can either be a W register or a data memory location. The following addressing modes are supported by MCU instructions:

- Register Direct
- Register Indirect
- Register Indirect Post-Modified
- Register Indirect Pre-Modified
- 5-Bit or 10-Bit Literal

**Note:** Not all instructions support all the addressing modes given above. Individual instructions can support different subsets of these addressing modes.

**TABLE 3-20: FUNDAMENTAL ADDRESSING MODES SUPPORTED**

| Addressing Mode   | Description   |
|---|---|
| File Register Direct                                      | The address of the file register is specified explicitly.   |
| Register Direct   | The contents of a register are accessed directly.   |
| Register Indirect   | The contents of Wn form the Effective Address (EA).   |
| Register Indirect Post-Modified                           | The contents of Wn form the EA. Wn is post-modified (incremented or decremented) by a constant value. |
| Register Indirect Pre-Modified                            | Wn is pre-modified (incremented or decremented) by a signed constant value to form the EA.            |
| Register Indirect with Register Offset (Register Indexed) | The sum of Wn and Wb forms the EA.  |
| Register Indirect with Literal Offset                     | The sum of Wn and a literal forms the EA.   |

## 3.2.6.3 Move and Accumulator Instructions

Move instructions, and the DSP accumulator class of instructions, provide a greater degree of addressing flexibility than other instructions. In addition to the addressing modes supported by most MCU instructions, move and accumulator instructions also support Register Indirect with Register Offset Addressing mode, also referred to as Register Indexed mode.

**Note:** For the `MOV` instructions, the addressing mode specified in the instruction can differ for the source and destination EA. However, the 4-bit `Wb` (Register Offset) field is shared by both source and destination (but typically only used by one).

In summary, the following addressing modes are supported by move and accumulator instructions:

- Register Direct
- Register Indirect
- Register Indirect Post-Modified
- Register Indirect Pre-Modified
- Register Indirect with Register Offset (Indexed)
- Register Indirect with Literal Offset
- 8-Bit Literal
- 16-Bit Literal

**Note:** Not all instructions support all the addressing modes given above. Individual instructions may support different subsets of these addressing modes.

## 3.2.6.4 MAC Instructions

The dual source operand DSP instructions (`CLR`, `ED`, `EDAC`, `MAC`, `MPY`, `MPY.N`, `MOVSAC` and `MSC`), also referred to as `MAC` instructions, use a simplified set of addressing modes to allow the user application to effectively manipulate the Data Pointers through register indirect tables.

The two-source operand prefetch registers must be members of the set {`W8`, `W9`, `W10`, `W11`}. For data reads, `W8` and `W9` are always directed to the X RAGU, and `W10` and `W11` are always directed to the Y AGU. The Effective Addresses generated (before and after modification) must therefore, be valid addresses within X Data Space for `W8` and `W9`, and Y Data Space for `W10` and `W11`.

**Note:** Register Indirect with Register Offset Addressing mode is available only for `W9` (in X space) and `W11` (in Y space).

In summary, the following addressing modes are supported by the `MAC` class of instructions:

- Register Indirect
- Register Indirect Post-Modified by 2
- Register Indirect Post-Modified by 4
- Register Indirect Post-Modified by 6
- Register Indirect with Register Offset (Indexed)

## 3.2.6.5 Other Instructions

Besides the addressing modes outlined previously, some instructions use literal constants of various sizes. For example, `BRA` (branch) instructions use 16-bit signed literals to specify the branch destination directly, whereas the `DISI` instruction uses a 14-bit unsigned literal field. In some instructions, such as `ULNK`, the source of an operand or result is implied by the opcode itself. Certain operations, such as a `NOB`, do not have any operands.

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## 3.2.7 MODULO ADDRESSING

Modulo Addressing mode is a method of providing an automated means to support circular data buffers using hardware. The objective is to remove the need for software to perform data address boundary checks when executing tightly looped code, as is typical in many DSP algorithms.

Modulo Addressing can operate in either Data or Program Space (since the Data Pointer mechanism is essentially the same for both). One circular buffer can be supported in each of the X (which also provides the pointers into Program Space) and Y Data Spaces. Modulo Addressing can operate on any W Register Pointer. However, it is not advisable to use W14 or W15 for Modulo Addressing since these two registers are used as the Stack Frame Pointer and Stack Pointer, respectively.

In general, any particular circular buffer can be configured to operate in only one direction, as there are certain restrictions on the buffer start address (for incrementing buffers) or end address (for decrementing buffers), based upon the direction of the buffer.

The only exception to the usage restrictions is for buffers that have a power-of-two length. As these buffers satisfy the start and end address criteria, they can operate in a Bidirectional mode (that is, address boundary checks are performed on both the lower and upper address boundaries).

### 3.2.7.1 Start and End Address

The Modulo Addressing scheme requires that a starting and ending address be specified and loaded into the 16-bit Modulo Buffer Address registers: XMODSRT, XMODEND, YMODSRT and YMODEND (see Table 3-4).

**Note:** Y space Modulo Addressing EA calculations assume word-sized data (LSb of every EA is always clear).

The length of a circular buffer is not directly specified. It is determined by the difference between the corresponding start and end addresses. The maximum possible length of the circular buffer is 32K words (64 Kbytes).

### 3.2.7.2 W Address Register Selection

The Modulo and Bit-Reversed Addressing Control register, MODCON<15:0>, contains enable flags, as well as a W register field to specify the W Address registers. The XWM and YWM fields select the registers that operate with Modulo Addressing:

- If XWM = 1111, X RAGU and X WAGU Modulo Addressing is disabled
- If YWM = 1111, Y AGU Modulo Addressing is disabled

The X Address Space Pointer W (XWM) register, to which Modulo Addressing is to be applied, is stored in MODCON<3:0> (see Table 3.2.1). Modulo Addressing is enabled for X Data Space when XWM is set to any value other than '1111' and the XMODEN bit is set (MODCON<15>).

The Y Address Space Pointer W (YWM) register, to which Modulo Addressing is to be applied, is stored in MODCON<7:4>. Modulo Addressing is enabled for Y Data Space when YWM is set to any value other than '1111' and the YMODEN bit (MODCON<14>) is set.

**FIGURE 3-10: MODULO ADDRESSING OPERATION EXAMPLE**





### 3.2.7.3 Modulo Addressing Applicability

Modulo Addressing can be applied to the Effective Address (EA) calculation associated with any W register. Address boundaries check for addresses equal to:

- The upper boundary addresses for incrementing buffers
- The lower boundary addresses for decrementing buffers

It is important to realize that the address boundaries check for addresses less than, or greater than, the upper (for incrementing buffers) and lower (for decrementing buffers) boundary addresses (not just equal to). Address changes can, therefore, jump beyond boundaries and still be adjusted correctly.

**Note:** The modulo corrected Effective Address is written back to the register only when Pre-Modify or Post-Modify Addressing mode is used to compute the Effective Address. When an address offset (such as [W7 + W2]) is used, Modulo Addressing correction is performed, but the contents of the register remain unchanged.

### 3.2.8 BIT-REVERSED ADDRESSING

Bit-Reversed Addressing mode is intended to simplify data reordering for radix-2 FFT algorithms. It is supported by the X AGU for data writes only.

The modifier, which can be a constant value or register contents, is regarded as having its bit order reversed. The address source and destination are kept in normal order. Thus, the only operand requiring reversal is the modifier.

### 3.2.8.1 Bit-Reversed Addressing Implementation

Bit-Reversed Addressing mode is enabled in any of these situations:

- BWMx bits (W register selection) in the MODCON register are any value other than '1111' (the stack cannot be accessed using Bit-Reversed Addressing)
- The BREN bit is set in the XBREV register
- The addressing mode used is Register Indirect with Pre-Increment or Post-Increment

If the length of a bit-reversed buffer is  $M = 2^N$  bytes, the last 'N' bits of the data buffer start address must be zeros.

XB<14:0> is the Bit-Reversed Addressing modifier, or 'pivot point', which is typically a constant. In the case of an FFT computation, its value is equal to half of the FFT data buffer size.

**Note:** All bit-reversed EA calculations assume word-sized data (LSb of every EA is always clear). The XB value is scaled accordingly to generate compatible (byte) addresses.

When enabled, Bit-Reversed Addressing is executed only for Register Indirect with Pre-Increment or Post-Increment Addressing and word-sized data writes. It does not function for any other addressing mode or for byte-sized data and normal addresses are generated instead. When Bit-Reversed Addressing is active, the W Address Pointer is always added to the address modifier (XB) and the offset associated with the Register Indirect Addressing mode is ignored. In addition, as word-sized data is a requirement, the LSb of the EA is ignored (and always clear).

**Note:** Modulo Addressing and Bit-Reversed Addressing can be enabled simultaneously using the same W register, but Bit-Reversed Addressing operation will always take precedence for data writes when enabled.

If Bit-Reversed Addressing has already been enabled by setting the BREN (XBREV<15>) bit, a write to the XBREV register should not be immediately followed by an indirect read operation using the W register that has been designated as the Bit-Reversed Pointer.

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**FIGURE 3-11: BIT-REVERSED ADDRESSING EXAMPLE**



**TABLE 3-21: BIT-REVERSED ADDRESSING SEQUENCE (16-ENTRY)**

| Normal Address |    |    |    |         | Bit-Reversed Address |    |    |    |         |
|----------------|----|----|----|---------|----------------------|----|----|----|---------|
| A3             | A2 | A1 | A0 | Decimal | A3                   | A2 | A1 | A0 | Decimal |
| 0              | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0       | 0                    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0       |
| 0              | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1       | 1                    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 8       |
| 0              | 0  | 1  | 0  | 2       | 0                    | 1  | 0  | 0  | 4       |
| 0              | 0  | 1  | 1  | 3       | 1                    | 1  | 0  | 0  | 12      |
| 0              | 1  | 0  | 0  | 4       | 0                    | 0  | 1  | 0  | 2       |
| 0              | 1  | 0  | 1  | 5       | 1                    | 0  | 1  | 0  | 10      |
| 0              | 1  | 1  | 0  | 6       | 0                    | 1  | 1  | 0  | 6       |
| 0              | 1  | 1  | 1  | 7       | 1                    | 1  | 1  | 0  | 14      |
| 1              | 0  | 0  | 0  | 8       | 0                    | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1       |
| 1              | 0  | 0  | 1  | 9       | 1                    | 0  | 0  | 1  | 9       |
| 1              | 0  | 1  | 0  | 10      | 0                    | 1  | 0  | 1  | 5       |
| 1              | 0  | 1  | 1  | 11      | 1                    | 1  | 0  | 1  | 13      |
| 1              | 1  | 0  | 0  | 12      | 0                    | 0  | 1  | 1  | 3       |
| 1              | 1  | 0  | 1  | 13      | 1                    | 0  | 1  | 1  | 11      |
| 1              | 1  | 1  | 0  | 14      | 0                    | 1  | 1  | 1  | 7       |
| 1              | 1  | 1  | 1  | 15      | 1                    | 1  | 1  | 1  | 15      |

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## 3.2.9 INTERFACING PROGRAM AND DATA MEMORY SPACES

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family architecture uses a 24-bit wide Program Space (PS) and a 16-bit wide Data Space (DS). The architecture is also a modified Harvard scheme, meaning that data can also be present in the Program Space. To use this data successfully, it must be accessed in a way that preserves the alignment of information in both spaces.

Aside from normal execution, the architecture of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices provides two methods by which Program Space can be accessed during operation:

- Using table instructions to access individual bytes or words anywhere in the Program Space
- Remapping a portion of the Program Space into the Data Space (Program Space Visibility)

Table instructions allow an application to read or write to small areas of the program memory. This capability makes the method ideal for accessing data tables that need to be updated periodically. It also allows access to all bytes of the program word. The remapping method allows an application to access a large block of data on a read-only basis, which is ideal for look-ups from a large table of static data. The application can only access the least significant word of the program word.

**TABLE 3-22: PROGRAM SPACE ADDRESS CONSTRUCTION**

| Access Type                         | Access Space  | Program Space Address            |          |                        |        |     |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|----------|------------------------|--------|-----|
|                                     |               | <23>                             | <22:16>  | <15>                   | <14:1> | <0> |
| Instruction Access (Code Execution) | User          | 0                                | PC<22:1> |                        |        | 0   |
|                                     |               | 0xxx xxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxx0 |          |                        |        |     |
| TBLRD/TBLWT (Byte/Word Read/Write)  | User          | TBLPAG<7:0>                      |          | Data EA<15:0>          |        |     |
|                                     |               | 0xxx xxxxx                       |          | xxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx |        |     |
|                                     | Configuration | TBLPAG<7:0>                      |          | Data EA<15:0>          |        |     |
|                                     |               | 1xxx xxxxx                       |          | xxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx |        |     |

**FIGURE 3-12: DATA ACCESS FROM PROGRAM SPACE ADDRESS GENERATION**



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## 3.2.9.1 Data Access from Program Memory Using Table Instructions

The `TBLRDL` and `TBLWTL` instructions offer a direct method of reading or writing the lower word of any address within the Program Space without going through Data Space. The `TBLRDH` and `TBLWTH` instructions are the only method to read or write the upper 8 bits of a Program Space word as data.

The PC is incremented by two for each successive 24-bit program word. This allows program memory addresses to directly map to Data Space addresses. Program memory can thus be regarded as two 16-bit wide word address spaces, residing side by side, each with the same address range. `TBLRDL` and `TBLWTL` access the space that contains the least significant data word. `TBLRDH` and `TBLWTH` access the space that contains the upper data byte.

Two table instructions are provided to move byte or word-sized (16-bit) data to and from Program Space. Both function as either byte or word operations.

- `TBLRDL` (Table Read Low):
  - In Word mode, this instruction maps the lower word of the Program Space location ( $P<15:0>$ ) to a data address ( $D<15:0>$ )
  - In Byte mode, either the upper or lower byte of the lower program word is mapped to the lower byte of a data address. The upper byte is selected when Byte Select is '1'; the lower byte is selected when it is '0'.

- `TBLRDH` (Table Read High):
  - In Word mode, this instruction maps the entire upper word of a program address ( $P<23:16>$ ) to a data address. The 'phantom' byte ( $D<15:8>$ ) is always '0'.
  - In Byte mode, this instruction maps the upper or lower byte of the program word to  $D<7:0>$  of the data address in the `TBLRDL` instruction. The data is always '0' when the upper 'phantom' byte is selected (Byte Select = 1).

In a similar fashion, two table instructions, `TBLWTH` and `TBLWTL`, are used to write individual bytes or words to a Program Space address. The details of their operation are explained in [Section 3.3 "Master Flash Program Memory"](#).

For all table operations, the area of program memory space to be accessed is determined by the Table Page register (TBLPAG). TBLPAG covers the entire program memory space of the device, including user application and configuration spaces. When  $TBLPAG<7> = 0$ , the table page is located in the user memory space. When  $TBLPAG<7> = 1$ , the page is located in configuration space.

**FIGURE 3-13: ACCESSING PROGRAM MEMORY WITH TABLE INSTRUCTIONS**



## 3.3 Master Flash Program Memory

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “Flash Programming” (DS70609) in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

**2:** This section refers to the “Dual Partition Flash Program Memory” (DS70005156) in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”, but the Dual Partition is not implemented in the Master Flash.

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices contain internal Flash program memory for storing and executing application code. The memory is readable, writable and erasable during normal operation over the entire VDD range.

Flash memory can be programmed in three ways:

- In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™) programming capability
- Enhanced In-Circuit Serial Programming (Enhanced ICSP)
- Run-Time Self-Programming (RTSP)

ICSP allows for a dsPIC33CH128MP508 family device to be serially programmed while in the end application circuit. This is done with a Programming Clock and Programming Data (PGCx/PGDx) line, and three other lines for power (VDD), ground (VSS) and Master Clear (MCLR). This allows customers to manufacture boards with unprogrammed devices and then program the device just before shipping the product. This also allows the most recent firmware or a custom firmware to be programmed.

Enhanced In-Circuit Serial Programming uses an on-board bootloader, known as the Program Executive, to manage the programming process. Using an SPI data frame format, the Program Executive can erase, program and verify program memory. For more information on Enhanced ICSP, see the device programming specification.

RTSP allows the Master Flash user application code to update itself during run time. The feature is capable of writing a single program memory word (two instructions) or an entire row as needed.

### 3.3.1 FLASH PROGRAMMING OPERATIONS

For ICSP and RTSP programming of the Master Flash, TBLWTL and TBLWTH instructions are used to write to the NVM write latches. An NVM write operation then writes the contents of both latches to the Flash, starting at the address defined by the contents of TBLPAG, and the NVMADR and NVMADRU registers.

Programmers can program two adjacent words (24 bits x 2) of Program Flash Memory at a time on every other word address boundary (0x000002, 0x000006, 0x00000A, etc.). To do this, it is necessary to erase the page that contains the desired address of the location the user wants to change. For protection against accidental operations, the write initiate sequence for NVMKEY must be used to allow any erase or program operation to proceed. After the programming command has been executed, the user application must wait for the programming time until programming is complete.

Regardless of the method used to program the Flash, a few basic requirements should be met:

- A full 48-bit double instruction word should always be programmed to a Flash location. Either instruction may simply be a NOP to fulfill this requirement. This ensures a valid ECC value is generated for each pair of instructions written.
- Assuming the above step is followed, the last 24-bit location in implemented program space should never be executed. The penultimate instruction must contain a program flow change instruction, such as a RETURN or BRA instruction.

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FIGURE 3-14: ADDRESSING FOR TABLE REGISTERS



## 3.3.2 RTSP OPERATION

RTSP allows the user application to program one double instruction word or one row at a time. The double instruction word write blocks and single row write blocks are edge-aligned, from the beginning of program memory, on boundaries of one double instruction word and 64 double instruction words, respectively.

The basic sequence for RTSP programming is to first load two 24-bit instructions into the NVM write latches found in configuration memory space. Refer to [Figure 3-3](#)

through [Figure 3-4](#) for write latch addresses. Then, the WR bit in the NVMCON register is set to initiate the write process. The processor stalls (waits) until the programming operation is finished. The WR bit is automatically cleared when the operation is finished.

Double instruction word writes are performed by manually loading both write latches, using TBLWTL and TBLWTH instructions, and then initiating the NVM write while the NVMOPx bits are set to '0x1'. The program space destination address is defined by the NVMADR/U registers.

### EXAMPLE 3-1: FLASH WRITE/READ

```
////////Flash write //////////////////////////////////////
//Sample code for writing 0x123456 to address locations 0x10000 / 10002
NVMCON = 0x4001;
TBLPAG = 0xFA; // write latch upper address
NVMADR = 0x0000; // set target write address of general segment
NVMADRU = 0x0001;
__builtin_tblwtl(0, 0x3456); // load write latches
__builtin_tblwth (0,0x12);

__builtin_tblwtl(2, 0x3456); // load write latches
__builtin_tblwth (2,0x12);

asm volatile ("disi #5");
__builtin_write_NVM();
while(_WR == 1 ) ;

////////Flash Read////////////////////////////////////
//Sample code to read the Flash content of address 0x10000
// readDataL/ readDataH variables need to be defined
TBLPAG = 0x0001;
readDataL = __builtin_tblrdl(0x0000);
readDataH = __builtin_tblrdh(0x0000);
```

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Row programming is performed by first loading 128 instructions into data RAM and then loading the address of the first instruction in that row into the NVMSRCADRL/H registers. Once the write has been initiated, the device will automatically load two instructions into the write latches and write them to the program space destination address defined by the NVMADR/U registers.

The operation will increment the NVMSRCADRL/H and the NVMADR/U registers until all double instruction words have been programmed.

The RPDF bit (NVMCON<9>) selects the format of the stored data in RAM to be either compressed or uncompressed. See [Figure 3-15](#) for data formatting. Compressed data helps to reduce the amount of required RAM by using the upper byte of the second word for the MSB of the second instruction.

All erase and program operations may optionally use the NVM interrupt to signal the successful completion of the operation.

**FIGURE 3-15: UNCOMPRESSED/COMPRESSED FORMAT**



## 3.3.3 ERROR CORRECTING CODE (ECC)

In order to improve program memory performance and durability, the devices include Error Correcting Code functionality (ECC) as an integral part of the Flash memory controller. ECC can determine the presence of single bit errors in program data, including which bit is in error, and correct the data automatically without user intervention. ECC cannot be disabled.

When data is written to program memory, ECC generates a 7-bit Hamming code parity value for every two (24-bit) instruction words. The data is stored in blocks of 48 data bits and 7 parity bits; parity data is not memory-mapped and is inaccessible. When the data is read back, the ECC calculates the parity on it and compares it to the previously stored parity value. If a parity mismatch occurs, there are two possible outcomes:

- Single bit error has occurred and has been automatically corrected on readback.
- Double-bit error has occurred and the read data is not changed.

Single bit error occurrence can be identified by the state of the ECCSBEIF (IFS0<13>) bit. An interrupt can be generated when the corresponding interrupt enable bit is set, ECCSBEIE (IEC0<13>). The ECCSTATL register contains the parity information for single bit errors. The SECOUT<7:0> bit field contains the expected calculated SEC parity and SECIN<7:0> bits contain the actual value from a Flash read operation. The SECSYNDx bits (ECCSTATH<7:0>) indicate the bit position of the single bit error within the 48-bit pair of instruction words. When no error is present, SECINx equals SECOUTx and SECSYNDx is zero.

Double-bit errors result in a generic hard trap. The ECCDBE bit (INTCON4<1>) will be set to identify the source of the hard trap. If no Interrupt Service Routine is implemented for the hard trap, a device Reset will also occur. The ECCSTATH register contains double-bit error status information. The DEDOUT bit is the expected calculated DED parity and DEDIN is the actual value from a Flash read operation. When no error is present, DEDIN equals DEDOUT.



### 3.3.3.1 ECC Fault Injection

To test Fault handling, an EEC error can be generated. Both single and double-bit errors can be generated in both the read and write data paths. Read path Fault injection first reads the Flash data and then modifies it prior to entering the ECC logic. Write path Fault injection modifies the actual data prior to it being written into the target Flash and will cause an EEC error on subsequent Flash read. The following procedure is used to inject a Fault:

1. Load Flash target address into the ECCADDR register.
2. Select 1st Fault bit determined by FLT1PTRx (ECCCONH<7:0>). The target bit is inverted to create the Fault.
3. If a double Fault is desired, select the 2nd Fault bit determined by FLT2PTRx (ECCCONH<15:8>), otherwise set to all '1's.
4. Write the NVMKEY unlock sequence.
5. Enable the ECC Fault injection logic by setting the FLTINJ bit (ECCCONL<0>)
6. Perform a read or write to the Flash target address.

### 3.3.4 CONTROL REGISTERS

Five SFRs are used to write and erase the Program Flash Memory: NVMCON, NVMKEY, NVMADR, NVMADRU and NVMSRCADRL/H.

The NVMCON register ([Register 3-4](#)) selects the operation to be performed (page erase, word/row program, Inactive Partition erase) and initiates the program or erase cycle.

NVMKEY ([Register 3-7](#)) is a write-only register that is used for write protection. To start a programming or erase sequence, the user application must consecutively write 0x55 and 0xAA to the NVMKEY register.

There are two NVM Address registers: NVMADR and NVMADRU. These two registers, when concatenated, form the 24-bit Effective Address (EA) of the selected word/row for programming operations, or the selected page for erase operations. The NVMADRU register is used to hold the upper 8 bits of the EA, while the NVMADR register is used to hold the lower 16 bits of the EA.

For row programming operation, data to be written to Program Flash Memory is written into data memory space (RAM) at an address defined by the NVMSRCADRL/H register (location of first element in row programming data).

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## 3.3.5 NVM CONTROL REGISTERS

### REGISTER 3-4: NVMCON: NONVOLATILE MEMORY (NVM) CONTROL REGISTER

|                       |                      |                      |                        |     |     |       |       |
|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| R/SO-0 <sup>(1)</sup> | R/W-0 <sup>(1)</sup> | R/W-0 <sup>(1)</sup> | R/W-0                  | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/C-0 |
| WR                    | WREN                 | WRERR                | NVMSIDL <sup>(2)</sup> | —   | —   | RPDF  | URERR |
| bit 15                |                      |                      |                        |     |     |       | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |                         |                         |                         |                         |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 <sup>(1)</sup>    | R/W-0 <sup>(1)</sup>    | R/W-0 <sup>(1)</sup>    | R/W-0 <sup>(1)</sup>    |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | NVMOP3 <sup>(3,4)</sup> | NVMOP2 <sup>(3,4)</sup> | NVMOP1 <sup>(3,4)</sup> | NVMOP0 <sup>(3,4)</sup> |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |                         |                         |                         | bit 0                   |

|                   |                   |                                    |
|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | C = Clearable bit | SO = Settable Only bit             |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit  | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set  | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **WR:** Write Control bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
 1 = Initiates a Flash memory program or erase operation; the operation is self-timed and the bit is cleared by hardware once the operation is complete  
 0 = Program or erase operation is complete and inactive
- bit 14      **WREN:** Write Enable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
 1 = Enables Flash program/erase operations  
 0 = Inhibits Flash program/erase operations
- bit 13      **WRERR:** Write Sequence Error Flag bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
 1 = An improper program or erase sequence attempt, or termination has occurred (bit is set automatically on any set attempt of the WR bit)  
 0 = The program or erase operation completed normally
- bit 12      **NVMSIDL:** NVM Stop in Idle Control bit<sup>(2)</sup>  
 1 = Flash voltage regulator goes into Standby mode during Idle mode  
 0 = Flash voltage regulator is active during Idle mode
- bit 11-10   **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 9        **RPDF:** Row Programming Data Format bit  
 1 = Row data to be stored in RAM is in compressed format  
 0 = Row data to be stored in RAM is in uncompressed format
- bit 8        **URERR:** Row Programming Data Underrun Error bit  
 1 = Indicates row programming operation has been terminated  
 0 = No data underrun error is detected
- bit 7-4     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

- Note 1:** These bits can only be reset on a POR.
- 2:** If this bit is set, there will be minimal power savings (IDLE), and upon exiting Idle mode, there is a delay (TVREG) before Flash memory becomes operational.
- 3:** All other combinations of NVMOP<3:0> are unimplemented.
- 4:** Execution of the PWRSAV instruction is ignored while any of the NVM operations are in progress.
- 5:** Two adjacent words on a 4-word boundary are programmed during execution of this operation.

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---

## REGISTER 3-4: NVMCON: NONVOLATILE MEMORY (NVM) CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 3-0      **NVMOP<3:0>**: NVM Operation Select bits<sup>(1,3,4)</sup>

1111 = Reserved  
1110 = User memory bulk erase operation  
1101 = Reserved  
1100 = Reserved  
1011 = Reserved  
1010 = Reserved  
1001 = Reserved  
1000 = Reserved  
0111 = Reserved  
0101 = Reserved  
0100 = Reserved  
0011 = Memory page erase operation  
0010 = Memory row program operation  
0001 = Memory double-word operation<sup>(5)</sup>  
0000 = Reserved

- Note 1:** These bits can only be reset on a POR.
- 2:** If this bit is set, there will be minimal power savings (IDLE), and upon exiting Idle mode, there is a delay (TVREG) before Flash memory becomes operational.
- 3:** All other combinations of NVMOP<3:0> are unimplemented.
- 4:** Execution of the `PWRSV` instruction is ignored while any of the NVM operations are in progress.
- 5:** Two adjacent words on a 4-word boundary are programmed during execution of this operation.

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## REGISTER 3-5: NVMADR: NONVOLATILE MEMORY LOWER ADDRESS REGISTER

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-x        | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x |
| NVMADR<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-x       | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x |
| NVMADR<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **NVMADR<15:0>**: Nonvolatile Memory Lower Write Address bits  
 Selects the lower 16 bits of the location to program or erase in Program Flash Memory. This register may be read or written to by the user application.

## REGISTER 3-6: NVMADRU: NONVOLATILE MEMORY UPPER ADDRESS REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-x          | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x |
| NVMADRU<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7          |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 7-0                      **NVMADRU<23:16>**: Nonvolatile Memory Upper Write Address bits  
 Selects the upper 8 bits of the location to program or erase in Program Flash Memory. This register may be read or written to by the user application.

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## REGISTER 3-7: NVMKEY: NONVOLATILE MEMORY KEY REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|             |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| W-0         | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0   |
| NVMKEY<7:0> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 7       |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 7-0                      **NVMKEY<7:0>:** NVM Key Register bits (write-only)

## REGISTER 3-8: NVMSRCADR: NVM SOURCE DATA ADDRESS REGISTER

|                 |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0           | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| NVMSRCADR<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15          |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| NVMSRCADR<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7          |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **NVMSRCADR<15:0>:** NVM Source Data Address bits  
 The RAM address of the data to be programmed into Flash when the NVMOP<3:0> bits are set to row programming.

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## 3.3.6 ECC CONTROL REGISTERS

### REGISTER 3-9: ECCCONL: ECC FAULT INJECTION CONFIGURATION REGISTER LOW

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |         |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0   |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | FLTINMJ |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0   |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-1                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 0                      **FLTINJ:** Fault Injection Sequence Enable bit  
                                     1 = Enabled  
                                     0 = Disabled

### REGISTER 3-10: ECCCONH: ECC FAULT INJECTION CONFIGURATION REGISTER HIGH

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| FLT2PTR<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| FLT1PTR<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7        |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **FLT2PTR<7:0>:** ECC Fault Injection Bit Pointer 2  
 11111111-00111000 = No Fault injection occurs  
 00110111 = Fault injection (bit inversion) occurs on bit 55 of ECC bit order  
 ...  
 00000001 = Fault injection (bit inversion) occurs on bit 1 of ECC bit order  
 00000000 = Fault injection (bit inversion) occurs on bit 0 of ECC bit order

bit 7-0                      **FLT1PTR<7:0>:** ECC Fault Injection Bit Pointer 1  
 11111111-00111000 = No Fault injection occurs  
 00110111 = Fault injection occurs on bit 55 of ECC bit order  
 ...  
 00000001 = Fault injection occurs on bit 1 of ECC bit order  
 00000000 = Fault injection occurs on bit 0 of ECC bit order

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## REGISTER 3-11: ECCADDRL: ECC FAULT INJECT ADDRESS COMPARE REGISTER LOW

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| ECCADDR<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 8         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| ECCADDR<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 0        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **ECCADDR<15:0>**: ECC Fault Injection NVM Address Match Compare bits

## REGISTER 3-12: ECCADDRH: ECC FAULT INJECT ADDRESS COMPARE REGISTER HIGH

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| ECCADDR<31:24> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 8          |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| ECCADDR<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7          |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 0          |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **ECCADDR<31:16>**: ECC Fault Injection NVM Address Match Compare bits

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## REGISTER 3-13: ECCSTATL: ECC SYSTEM STATUS DISPLAY REGISTER LOW

|             |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R-0         | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   |
| SECOUT<7:0> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 15      |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|            |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R-0        | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   |
| SECIN<7:0> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 7      |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8      **SECOUT<7:0>**: Calculated Single Error Correction Parity Value bits

bit 7-0      **SECIN<7:0>**: Read Single Error Correction Parity Value bits  
 Bits are the actual parity value of a Flash read operation.

## REGISTER 3-14: ECCSTATH: ECC SYSTEM STATUS DISPLAY REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |        |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R-0    | R-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | DEDOUT | DEDIN |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |        | bit 8 |

|              |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R-0          | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   |
| SECSYND<7:0> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 7        |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-10      **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 9      **DEDOUT**: Calculated Dual Bit Error Detection Parity bit

bit 8      **DEDIN**: Read Dual Bit Error Detection Parity bit

bit 7-0      **SECSYND<7:0>**: Calculated ECC Syndrome Value bits  
 Indicates the bit location that contains the error.



## 3.4 Master Resets

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “Reset” (DS70602) in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

The Reset module combines all Reset sources and controls the device Master Reset Signal,  $\overline{\text{SYSRST}}$ . The following is a list of device Reset sources:

- POR: Power-on Reset
- BOR: Brown-out Reset
- $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ : Master Clear Pin Reset
- SWR: RESET Instruction
- WDTO: Watchdog Timer Time-out Reset
- CM: Configuration Mismatch Reset
- TRAPR: Trap Conflict Reset
- IOPUWR: Illegal Condition Device Reset
  - Illegal Opcode Reset
  - Uninitialized W Register Reset
  - Security Reset

A simplified block diagram of the Reset module is shown in [Figure 3-16](#).

Any active source of Reset will make the  $\overline{\text{SYSRST}}$  signal active. On system Reset, some of the registers associated with the CPU and peripherals are forced to a known Reset state, and some are unaffected.

**Note:** Refer to the specific peripheral section or [Section 3.2 “Master Memory Organization”](#) of this data sheet for register Reset states.

All types of device Reset set a corresponding status bit in the RCON register to indicate the type of Reset (see [Register 3-15](#)).

A POR clears all the bits, except for the BOR and POR bits (RCON<1:0>) that are set. The user application can set or clear any bit, at any time, during code execution. The RCON bits only serve as status bits. Setting a particular Reset status bit in software does not cause a device Reset to occur.

The RCON register also has other bits associated with the Watchdog Timer and device power-saving states. The function of these bits is discussed in other sections of this data sheet.

**Note:** The status bits in the RCON register should be cleared after they are read so that the next RCON register value after a device Reset is meaningful.

For all Resets, the default clock source is determined by the FNOSC<2:0> bits in the FOSCSEL Configuration register. The value of the FNOSCx bits is loaded into the NOSC<2:0> (OSCCON<10:8>) bits on Reset, which in turn, initializes the system clock.

**FIGURE 3-16: MASTER RESET SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM**



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## 3.4.1 RESET RESOURCES

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page contains the latest updates and additional information.

### 3.4.1.1 Key Resources

- **“Reset”** (DS70602) in the *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”*
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”* Sections
- Development Tools

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## 3.4.2 RESET CONTROL REGISTER

### REGISTER 3-15: RCON: RESET CONTROL REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>

|        |        |     |     |     |     |       |       |
|--------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| TRAPR  | IOPUWR | —   | —   | —   | —   | CM    | VREGS |
| bit 15 |        |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |       |

|       |       |     |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| EXTR  | SWR   | —   | WDTO  | SLEEP | IDLE  | BOR   | POR   |
| bit 7 |       |     |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |

#### Legend:

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **TRAPR:** Trap Reset Flag bit  
 1 = A Trap Conflict Reset has occurred  
 0 = A Trap Conflict Reset has not occurred
- bit 14      **IOPUWR:** Illegal Opcode or Uninitialized W Register Access Reset Flag bit  
 1 = An illegal opcode detection, an illegal address mode or Uninitialized W register used as an Address Pointer caused a Reset  
 0 = An illegal opcode or Uninitialized W Register Reset has not occurred
- bit 13-10   **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 9        **CM:** Configuration Mismatch Flag bit  
 1 = A Configuration Mismatch Reset has occurred.  
 0 = A Configuration Mismatch Reset has not occurred
- bit 8        **VREGS:** Voltage Regulator Standby During Sleep bit  
 1 = Voltage regulator is active during Sleep  
 0 = Voltage regulator goes into Standby mode during Sleep
- bit 7        **EXTR:** External Reset ( $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ ) Pin bit  
 1 = A Master Clear (pin) Reset has occurred  
 0 = A Master Clear (pin) Reset has not occurred
- bit 6        **SWR:** Software RESET (Instruction) Flag bit  
 1 = A RESET instruction has been executed  
 0 = A RESET instruction has not been executed
- bit 5        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4        **WDTO:** Watchdog Timer Time-out Flag bit  
 1 = WDT time-out has occurred  
 0 = WDT time-out has not occurred
- bit 3        **SLEEP:** Wake-up from Sleep Flag bit  
 1 = Device has been in Sleep mode  
 0 = Device has not been in Sleep mode
- bit 2        **IDLE:** Wake-up from Idle Flag bit  
 1 = Device has been in Idle mode  
 0 = Device has not been in Idle mode
- bit 1        **BOR:** Brown-out Reset Flag bit  
 1 = A Brown-out Reset has occurred  
 0 = A Brown-out Reset has not occurred

**Note 1:** All of the Reset status bits can be set or cleared in software. Setting one of these bits in software does not cause a device Reset.

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## REGISTER 3-15: RCON: RESET CONTROL REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup> (CONTINUED)

bit 0            **POR:** Power-on Reset Flag bit  
                  1 = A Power-on Reset has occurred  
                  0 = A Power-on Reset has not occurred

**Note 1:** All of the Reset status bits can be set or cleared in software. Setting one of these bits in software does not cause a device Reset.

## 3.5 Master Interrupt Controller

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**Interrupts**” (DS70000600) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family interrupt controller reduces the numerous peripheral interrupt request signals to a single interrupt request signal to the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family CPU.

The interrupt controller has the following features:

- Six Processor Exceptions and Software Traps
- Seven User-Selectable Priority Levels
- Interrupt Vector Table (IVT) with a Unique Vector for each Interrupt or Exception Source
- Fixed Priority within a Specified User Priority Level
- Fixed Interrupt Entry and Return Latencies
- Alternate Interrupt Vector Table (AIVT) for Debug Support

### 3.5.1 INTERRUPT VECTOR TABLE

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family Interrupt Vector Table (IVT), shown in [Figure 3-17](#), resides in program memory, starting at location, 000004h. The IVT contains six non-maskable trap vectors and up to 246 sources of interrupts. In general, each interrupt source has its own vector. Each interrupt vector contains a 24-bit wide address. The value programmed into each interrupt vector location is the starting address of the associated Interrupt Service Routine (ISR).

Interrupt vectors are prioritized in terms of their natural priority. This priority is linked to their position in the vector table. Lower addresses generally have a higher natural priority. For example, the interrupt associated with Vector 0 takes priority over interrupts at any other vector address.

### 3.5.1.1 Alternate Interrupt Vector Table

The Alternate Interrupt Vector Table (AIVT), shown in [Figure 3-18](#), is available only when the Boot Segment (BS) is defined and the AIVT has been enabled. To enable the Alternate Interrupt Vector Table, the Configuration bit, AIVTDIS in the FSEC register, must be programmed and the AIVTEN bit must be set (INTCON2<8> = 1). When the AIVT is enabled, all interrupt and exception processes use the alternate vectors instead of the default vectors. The AIVT begins at the start of the last page of the Boot Segment, defined by BSLIM<12:0>. The second half of the page is no longer usable space. The Boot Segment must be at least two pages to enable the AIVT.

**Note:** Although the Boot Segment must be enabled in order to enable the AIVT, application code does not need to be present inside of the Boot Segment. The AIVT (and IVT) will inherit the Boot Segment code protection.

The AIVT supports debugging by providing a means to switch between an application and a support environment without requiring the interrupt vectors to be reprogrammed. This feature also enables switching between applications for evaluation of different software algorithms at run time.

### 3.5.2 RESET SEQUENCE

A device Reset is not a true exception because the interrupt controller is not involved in the Reset process. The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices clear their registers in response to a Reset, which forces the PC to zero. The device then begins program execution at location, 0x000000. A GOTO instruction at the Reset address can redirect program execution to the appropriate start-up routine.

**Note:** Any unimplemented or unused vector locations in the IVT should be programmed with the address of a default interrupt handler routine that contains a RESET instruction.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

FIGURE 3-17: dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY MASTER INTERRUPT VECTOR TABLE



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**FIGURE 3-18: dsPIC33CH128MP508 ALTERNATE MASTER INTERRUPT VECTOR TABLE<sup>(2)</sup>**

|  |   |   |
|--|---|---|
| ↓ Decreasing Natural Order Priority<br><br>AIVT<br><br>↓ | Reserved  | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x000000$ |
|  | Reserved  | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x000002$ |
|  | Oscillator Fail Trap Vector                         | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x000004$ |
|  | Address Error Trap Vector                           | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x000006$ |
|  | Generic Hard Trap Vector                            | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x000008$ |
|  | Stack Error Trap Vector                             | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x00000A$ |
|  | Math Error Trap Vector                              | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x00000C$ |
|  | Reserved  | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x00000E$ |
|  | Generic Soft Trap Vector                            | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x000010$ |
|  | Reserved  | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x000012$ |
|  | Interrupt Vector 0                                  | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x000014$ |
|  | Interrupt Vector 1                                  | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x000016$ |
|  | :   | :   |
|  | :   | :   |
|  | :   | :   |
|  | Interrupt Vector 52                                 | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x00007C$ |
|  | Interrupt Vector 53                                 | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x00007E$ |
|  | Interrupt Vector 54                                 | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x000080$ |
|  | :   | :   |
|  | :   | :   |
|  | :   | :   |
|  | Interrupt Vector 116                                | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x0000FC$ |
|  | Interrupt Vector 117                                | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x0000FE$ |
|  | Interrupt Vector 118                                | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x000100$ |
|  | Interrupt Vector 119                                | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x000102$ |
| Interrupt Vector 120                                     | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x000104$ |   |
| :  | :   |   |
| :  | :   |   |
| :  | :   |   |
| Interrupt Vector 244                                     | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x0001FC$ |   |
| Interrupt Vector 245                                     | $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle^{(1)} + 0x0001FE$ |   |

See [Table 3-19](#) for Interrupt Vector Details

- Note 1:** The address depends on the size of the Boot Segment defined by  $\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle$ :  
 $[(\text{BSLIM}\langle 12:0 \rangle - 1) \times 0x800] + \text{Offset}$ .
- Note 2:** In Dual Partition modes, each partition has a dedicated Alternate Interrupt Vector Table (if enabled).

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 3-23: MASTER INTERRUPT VECTOR DETAILS**

| Interrupt Source                      | Vector # | IRQ # | IVT Address       | Interrupt Bit Location |          |              |
|---------------------------------------|----------|-------|-------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------|
|                                       |          |       |                   | Flag                   | Enable   | Priority     |
| INT0 – External Interrupt 0           | 8        | 0     | 0x000014          | IFS0<0>                | IEC0<0>  | IPC0<2:0>    |
| T1 – Timer1                           | 9        | 1     | 0x000016          | IFS0<1>                | IEC0<1>  | IPC0<6:4>    |
| CNA – Change Notice Interrupt A       | 10       | 2     | 0x000018          | IFS0<2>                | IEC0<2>  | IPC0<10:8>   |
| CNB – Change Notice Interrupt B       | 11       | 3     | 0x00001A          | IFS0<3>                | IEC0<3>  | IPC0<14:12>  |
| DMA0 – DMA Channel 0                  | 12       | 4     | 0x00001C          | IFS0<4>                | IEC0<4>  | IPC1<2:0>    |
| Reserved                              | 13       | 5     | 0x00001E          | —                      | —        | —            |
| CCP1 – Input Capture/Output Compare 1 | 14       | 6     | 0x000020          | IFS0<6>                | IEC0<6>  | IPC1<10:8>   |
| CCT1 – CCP1 Timer                     | 15       | 7     | 0x000022          | IFS0<7>                | IEC0<7>  | IPC1<14:12>  |
| DMA1 – DMA Channel 1                  | 16       | 8     | 0x000024          | IFS0<8>                | IEC0<8>  | IPC2<2:0>    |
| SPI1RX – SPI1 Receiver                | 17       | 9     | 0x000026          | IFS0<9>                | IEC0<9>  | IPC2<6:4>    |
| SPI1TX – SPI1 Transmitter             | 18       | 10    | 0x000028          | IFS0<10>               | IEC0<10> | IPC2<10:8>   |
| U1RX – UART1 Receiver                 | 19       | 11    | 0x00002A          | IFS0<11>               | IEC0<11> | IPC2<14:12>  |
| U1TX – UART1 Transmitter              | 20       | 12    | 0x00002C          | IFS0<12>               | IEC0<12> | IPC3<2:0>    |
| ECCSBE – ECC Single Bit Error         | 21       | 13    | 0x00002E          | IFS0<13>               | IEC0<13> | IPC3<6:4>    |
| NVM – NVM Write Complete              | 22       | 14    | 0x000030          | IFS0<14>               | IEC0<14> | IPC3<10:8>   |
| INT1 – External Interrupt 1           | 23       | 15    | 0x000032          | IFS0<15>               | IEC0<15> | IPC3<14:12>  |
| SI2C1 – I2C1 Slave Event              | 24       | 16    | 0x000034          | IFS1<0>                | IEC1<0>  | IPC4<2:0>    |
| MI2C1 – I2C1 Master Event             | 25       | 17    | 0x000036          | IFS1<1>                | IEC1<1>  | IPC4<6:4>    |
| DMA2 – DMA Channel 2                  | 26       | 18    | 0x000038          | IFS1<2>                | IEC1<2>  | IPC4<10:8>   |
| CNC – Change Notice Interrupt C       | 27       | 19    | 0x00003A          | IFS1<3>                | IEC1<3>  | IPC4<14:12>  |
| INT2 – External Interrupt 2           | 28       | 20    | 0x00003C          | IFS1<4>                | IEC1<4>  | IPC5<2:0>    |
| DMA3 – DMA Channel 3                  | 29       | 21    | 0x00003E          | IFS1<5>                | IEC1<5>  | IPC5<6:4>    |
| DMA4 – DMA Channel 4                  | 30       | 22    | 0x000040          | IFS1<6>                | IEC1<6>  | IPC5<10:8>   |
| CCP2 – Input Capture/Output Compare 2 | 31       | 23    | 0x000042          | IFS1<7>                | IEC1<7>  | IPC5<14:12>  |
| CCT2 – CCP2 Timer                     | 32       | 24    | 0x000044          | IFS1<8>                | IEC1<8>  | IPC6<2:0>    |
| CAN1 – CAN1 Combined Error            | 33       | 25    | 0x000046          | IFS1<9>                | IEC1<9>  | IPC6<6:4>    |
| INT3 – External Interrupt 3           | 34       | 26    | 0x000048          | IFS1<10>               | IEC1<10> | IPC6<10:8>   |
| U2RX – UART2 Receiver                 | 35       | 27    | 0x00004A          | IFS1<11>               | IEC1<11> | IPC6<14:12>  |
| U2TX – UART2 Transmitter              | 36       | 28    | 0x00004C          | IFS1<12>               | IEC1<12> | IPC7<2:0>    |
| SPI2RX – SPI2 Receiver                | 37       | 29    | 0x00004E          | IFS1<13>               | IEC1<13> | IPC7<6:4>    |
| SPI2TX – SPI2 Transmitter             | 38       | 30    | 0x000050          | IFS1<14>               | IEC1<14> | IPC7<10:8>   |
| C1RX – CAN1 RX Data Ready             | 39       | 31    | 0x000052          | IFS1<15>               | IEC1<15> | IPC7<14:12>  |
| Reserved                              | 40-41    | 32-33 | 0x000054-0x000056 | —                      | —        | —            |
| DMA5 – DMA Channel 5                  | 42       | 34    | 0x000058          | IFS2<2>                | IEC2<2>  | IPC8<10:8>   |
| CCP3 – Input Capture/Output Compare 3 | 43       | 35    | 0x00005A          | IFS2<3>                | IEC2<3>  | IPC8<14:12>  |
| CCT3 – CCP3 Timer                     | 44       | 36    | 0x00005C          | IFS2<4>                | IEC2<4>  | IPC9<2:0>    |
| SI2C2 – I2C2 Slave Event              | 45       | 37    | 0x00005E          | IFS2<5>                | IEC2<5>  | IPC9<6:4>    |
| MI2C2 – I2C2 Master Event             | 46       | 38    | 0x000060          | IFS2<6>                | IEC2<6>  | IPC9<10:8>   |
| Reserved                              | 47       | 39    | 0x000062          | —                      | —        | —            |
| CCP4 – Input Capture/Output Compare 4 | 48       | 40    | 0x000064          | IFS2<8>                | IEC2<8>  | IPC10<2:0>   |
| CCT4 – CCP4 Timer                     | 49       | 41    | 0x000066          | IFS2<9>                | IEC2<9>  | IPC10<6:4>   |
| Reserved                              | 50       | 42    | 0x000068          | —                      | —        | —            |
| CCP5 – Input Capture/Output Compare 5 | 51       | 43    | 0x00006A          | IFS2<11>               | IEC2<11> | IPC10<14:12> |
| CCT5 – CCP5 Timer                     | 52       | 44    | 0x00006C          | IFS2<12>               | IEC2<12> | IPC11<2:0>   |
| DMT – Deadman Timer                   | 53       | 45    | 0x00006E          | IFS2<13>               | IEC2<13> | IPC11<6:4>   |
| CCP6 – Input Capture/Output Compare 6 | 54       | 46    | 0x000070          | IFS2<14>               | IEC2<14> | IPC11<10:8>  |
| CCT6 – CCP6 Timer                     | 55       | 47    | 0x000072          | IFS2<15>               | IEC2<15> | IPC11<14:12> |



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**TABLE 3-23: MASTER INTERRUPT VECTOR DETAILS (CONTINUED)**

| Interrupt Source                     | Vector # | IRQ # | IVT Address       | Interrupt Bit Location |          |              |
|--------------------------------------|----------|-------|-------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------|
|                                      |          |       |                   | Flag                   | Enable   | Priority     |
| QE11 – QE1 Position Counter Compare  | 56       | 48    | 0x000074          | IFS3<0>                | IEC3<0>  | IPC12<2:0>   |
| U1E – UART1 Error                    | 57       | 49    | 0x000076          | IFS3<1>                | IEC3<1>  | IPC12<6:4>   |
| U2E – UART2 Error                    | 58       | 50    | 0x000078          | IFS3<2>                | IEC3<2>  | IPC12<10:8>  |
| CRC – CRC Generator                  | 59       | 51    | 0x00007A          | IFS3<3>                | IEC3<3>  | IPC12<14:12> |
| C1TX – CAN1 TX Data Request          | 60       | 52    | 0x00007C          | IFS3<4>                | IEC3<4>  | IPC13<2:0>   |
| Reserved                             | 61-68    | 53-68 | 0x00007E-0x00008C | —                      | —        | —            |
| ICD – In-Circuit Debugger            | 69       | 61    | 0x00008E          | IFS3<13>               | IEC3<13> | IPC15<6:4>   |
| JTAG – JTAG Programming              | 70       | 62    | 0x000090          | IFS3<14>               | IEC3<14> | IPC15<10:8>  |
| PTGSTEP – PTG Step                   | 71       | 63    | 0x000092          | IFS3<15>               | IEC3<15> | IPC15<14:12> |
| I2C1BC – I2C1 Bus Collision          | 72       | 64    | 0x000094          | IFS4<0>                | IEC4<0>  | IPC16<2:0>   |
| I2C2BC – I2C2 Bus Collision          | 73       | 65    | 0x000096          | IFS4<1>                | IEC4<1>  | IPC16<6:4>   |
| Reserved                             | 74       | 66    | 0x000098          | —                      | —        | —            |
| PWM1 – PWM Generator 1               | 75       | 67    | 0x00009A          | IFS4<3>                | IEC4<3>  | IPC16<14:12> |
| PWM2 – PWM Generator 2               | 76       | 68    | 0x00009C          | IFS4<4>                | IEC4<4>  | IPC17<2:0>   |
| PWM3 – PWM Generator 3               | 77       | 69    | 0x00009E          | IFS4<5>                | IEC4<5>  | IPC17<6:4>   |
| PWM4 – PWM Generator 4               | 78       | 70    | 0x0000A0          | IFS4<6>                | IEC4<6>  | IPC17<10:8>  |
| Reserved                             | 79-82    | 71-74 | 0x0000A2          | —                      | —        | —            |
| CND – Change Notice D                | 83       | 75    | 0x0000AA          | IFS4<11>               | IEC4<11> | IPC18<14:12> |
| CNE – Change Notice E                | 84       | 76    | 0x0000AC          | IFS4<12>               | IEC4<12> | IPC19<2:0>   |
| CMP1 – Comparator 1                  | 85       | 77    | 0x0000AE          | IFS4<13>               | IEC4<13> | IPC19<6:4>   |
| Reserved                             | 86-88    | 78-80 | 0x0000B0-0x0000B4 | —                      | —        | —            |
| PTGWDT – PTG Watchdog Timer Time-out | 89       | 81    | 0x0000B6          | IFS5<1>                | IEC5<1>  | IPC20<6:4>   |
| PTG0 – PTG Trigger 0                 | 90       | 82    | 0x0000B8          | IFS5<2>                | IEC5<2>  | IPC20<10:8>  |
| PTG1 – PTG Trigger 1                 | 91       | 83    | 0x0000BA          | IFS5<3>                | IEC5<3>  | IPC20<14:12> |
| PTG2 – PTG Trigger 2                 | 92       | 84    | 0x0000BC          | IFS5<4>                | IEC5<4>  | IPC21<2:0>   |
| PTG3 – PTG Trigger 3                 | 93       | 85    | 0x0000BE          | IFS5<5>                | IEC5<6>  | IPC21<6:4>   |
| SENT1 – SENT1 TX/RX                  | 94       | 86    | 0x0000C0          | IFS5<6>                | IEC5<6>  | IPC21<10:8>  |
| SENT1E – SENT1 Error                 | 95       | 87    | 0x0000C2          | IFS5<7>                | IEC5<7>  | IPC21<14:12> |
| SENT2 – SENT2 TX/RX                  | 96       | 88    | 0x0000C4          | IFS5<8>                | IEC5<8>  | IPC22<2:0>   |
| SENT2E – SENT2 Error                 | 97       | 89    | 0x0000C6          | IFS5<9>                | IEC5<9>  | IPC22<6:4>   |
| ADC – ADC Global Interrupt           | 98       | 90    | 0x0000C8          | IFS5<10>               | IEC5<10> | IPC22<10:8>  |
| ADCAN0 – ADC AN0 Interrupt           | 99       | 91    | 0x0000CA          | IFS5<11>               | IEC5<11> | IPC22<14:12> |
| ADCAN1 – ADC AN1 Interrupt           | 100      | 92    | 0x0000CC          | IFS5<12>               | IEC5<12> | IPC23<2:0>   |
| ADCAN2 – ADC AN2 Interrupt           | 101      | 93    | 0x0000CE          | IFS5<13>               | IEC5<13> | IPC23<6:4>   |
| ADCAN3 – ADC AN3 Interrupt           | 102      | 94    | 0x0000D0          | IFS5<14>               | IEC5<14> | IPC23<10:8>  |
| ADCAN4 – ADC AN4 Interrupt           | 103      | 95    | 0x0000D2          | IFS5<15>               | IEC5<15> | IPC23<14:12> |
| ADCAN5 – ADC AN5 Interrupt           | 104      | 96    | 0x0000D4          | IFS6<0>                | IEC6<0>  | IPC24<2:0>   |
| ADCAN6 – ADC AN6 Interrupt           | 105      | 97    | 0x0000D6          | IFS6<1>                | IEC6<1>  | IPC24<6:4>   |
| ADCAN7 – ADC AN7 Interrupt           | 106      | 98    | 0x0000D8          | IFS6<2>                | IEC6<2>  | IPC24<10:8>  |
| ADCAN8 – ADC AN8 Interrupt           | 107      | 99    | 0x0000DA          | IFS6<3>                | IEC6<3>  | IPC24<14:12> |
| ADCAN9 – ADC AN9 Interrupt           | 108      | 100   | 0x0000DC          | IFS6<4>                | IEC6<4>  | IPC25<2:0>   |
| ADCAN10 – ADC AN10 Interrupt         | 109      | 101   | 0x0000DE          | IFS6<5>                | IEC6<5>  | IPC25<6:4>   |
| ADCAN11 – ADC AN11 Interrupt         | 110      | 102   | 0x0000E0          | IFS6<6>                | IEC6<6>  | IPC25<10:8>  |
| ADCAN12 – ADC AN12 Interrupt         | 111      | 103   | 0x0000E2          | IFS6<7>                | IEC6<7>  | IPC25<14:12> |
| ADCAN13 – ADC AN13 Interrupt         | 112      | 104   | 0x0000E4          | IFS6<8>                | IEC6<8>  | IPC26<2:0>   |
| ADCAN14 – ADC AN14 Interrupt         | 113      | 105   | 0x0000E6          | IFS6<9>                | IEC6<9>  | IPC26<6:4>   |
| ADCAN15 – ADC AN15 Interrupt         | 114      | 106   | 0x0000E8          | IFS6<10>               | IEC6<10> | IPC26<10:8>  |

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**TABLE 3-23: MASTER INTERRUPT VECTOR DETAILS (CONTINUED)**

| Interrupt Source                                   | Vector # | IRQ #   | IVT Address       | Interrupt Bit Location |          |              |
|--|----------|---------|-------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------|
|  |          |         |                   | Flag                   | Enable   | Priority     |
| ADCAN16 – ADC AN16 Interrupt                       | 115      | 107     | 0x0000EA          | IFS6<11>               | IEC6<11> | IPC26<14:12> |
| ADCAN17 – ADC AN17 Interrupt                       | 116      | 108     | 0x0000EC          | IFS6<12>               | IEC6<12> | IPC27<2:0>   |
| ADCAN18 – ADC AN18 Interrupt                       | 117      | 109     | 0x0000EE          | IFS6<13>               | IEC6<13> | IPC27<6:4>   |
| ADCAN19 – ADC AN19 Interrupt                       | 118      | 110     | 0x0000F0          | IFS6<14>               | IEC6<14> | IPC27<10:8>  |
| ADCAN20 – ADC AN20 Interrupt                       | 119      | 111     | 0x0000F2          | IFS6<15>               | IEC6<15> | IPC27<14:12> |
| Reserved   | 120-122  | 112-114 | 0x0000F4-0x0000F8 | —                      | —        | —            |
| ADFLT – ADC Fault                                  | 123      | 115     | 0x0000FA          | IFS7<3>                | IEC7<3>  | IPC28<14:12> |
| ADCMP0 – ADC Digital Comparator 0                  | 124      | 116     | 0x0000FC          | IFS7<4>                | IEC7<4>  | IPC29<2:0>   |
| ADCMP1 – ADC Digital Comparator 1                  | 125      | 117     | 0x0000FE          | IFS7<5>                | IEC7<5>  | IPC29<6:4>   |
| ADCMP2 – ADC Digital Comparator 2                  | 126      | 118     | 0x000100          | IFS7<6>                | IEC7<6>  | IPC29<10:8>  |
| ADCMP3 – ADC Digital Comparator 3                  | 127      | 119     | 0x000102          | IFS7<7>                | IEC7<7>  | IPC29<14:12> |
| ADFLTR0 – ADC Oversample Filter 0                  | 128      | 120     | 0x000104          | IFS7<8>                | IEC7<8>  | IPC30<2:0>   |
| ADFLTR1 – ADC Oversample Filter 1                  | 129      | 121     | 0x000106          | IFS7<9>                | IEC7<9>  | IPC30<6:4>   |
| ADFLTR2 – ADC Oversample Filter 2                  | 130      | 122     | 0x000108          | IFS7<10>               | IEC7<10> | IPC30<10:8>  |
| ADFLTR3 – ADC Oversample Filter 3                  | 131      | 123     | 0x00010A          | IFS7<11>               | IEC7<11> | IPC30<14:12> |
| CLC1P – CLC1 Positive Edge                         | 132      | 124     | 0x00010C          | IFS7<12>               | IEC7<12> | IPC31<2:0>   |
| CLC2P – CLC2 Positive Edge                         | 133      | 125     | 0x00010E          | IFS7<13>               | IEC7<13> | IPC31<6:4>   |
| SPI1G – SPI1 Error                                 | 134      | 126     | 0x000110          | IFS7<14>               | IEC7<14> | IPC31<10:8>  |
| SPI2G – SPI2 Error                                 | 135      | 127     | 0x000112          | IFS7<15>               | IEC7<15> | IPC31<14:12> |
| Reserved   | 136      | 128     | 0x000114          | —                      | —        | —            |
| MSIS1 – MSI Slave Initiated Interrupt              | 137      | 129     | 0x000116          | IFS8<1>                | IEC8<1>  | IPC32<6:4>   |
| MSIA – MSI Protocol A                              | 138      | 130     | 0x000118          | IFS8<2>                | IEC8<2>  | IPC32<10:8>  |
| MSIB – MSI Protocol B                              | 139      | 131     | 0x00011A          | IFS8<3>                | IEC8<3>  | IPC32<14:12> |
| MSIC – MSI Protocol C                              | 140      | 132     | 0x00011C          | IFS8<4>                | IEC8<4>  | IPC33<2:0>   |
| MSID – MSI Protocol D                              | 141      | 133     | 0x00011E          | IFS8<5>                | IEC8<5>  | IPC33<6:4>   |
| MSIE – MSI Protocol E                              | 142      | 134     | 0x000120          | IFS8<6>                | IEC8<6>  | IPC33<10:8>  |
| MSIF – MSI Protocol F                              | 143      | 135     | 0x000122          | IFS8<7>                | IEC8<7>  | IPC33<14:12> |
| MSIG – MSI Protocol G                              | 144      | 136     | 0x000124          | IFS8<8>                | IEC8<8>  | IPC34<2:0>   |
| MSIH – MSI Protocol H                              | 145      | 137     | 0x000126          | IFS8<9>                | IEC8<9>  | IPC34<6:4>   |
| MSIDT – Master Read FIFO Data Ready                | 146      | 138     | 0x000128          | IFS8<10>               | IEC8<10> | IPC34<10:8>  |
| MSIWFE – Master Write FIFO Empty                   | 147      | 139     | 0x00012A          | IFS8<11>               | IEC8<11> | IPC34<14:12> |
| MSIFLT – Read or Write FIFO Fault (Over/Underflow) | 148      | 140     | 0x00012C          | IFS8<12>               | IEC8<12> | IPC35<2:0>   |
| S1SRST – MSI Slave Reset                           | 149      | 141     | 0x00012E          | IFS8<13>               | IEC8<13> | IPC35<6:4>   |
| Reserved   | 150-153  | 142-145 | 0x000130-0x000136 | —                      | —        | —            |
| S1BRK – Slave Break                                | 154      | 146     | 0x000138          | IFS9<2>                | IEC9<2>  | IPC36<10:8>  |
| Reserved   | 155-156  | 147-148 | 0x00013A-0x00013C | —                      | —        | —            |
| CCP7 – Input Capture/Output Compare 7              | 157      | 149     | 0x00013E          | IFS9<5>                | IEC9<5>  | IPC37<6:4>   |
| CCT7 – CCP7 Timer                                  | 158      | 150     | 0x000140          | IFS9<6>                | IEC9<6>  | IPC37<10:8>  |
| Reserved   | 159      | 151     | 0x000142          | —                      | —        | —            |
| CCP8 – Input Capture/Output Compare 8              | 160      | 152     | 0x000144          | IFS9<8>                | IEC9<8>  | IPC38<2:0>   |
| CCT8 – CCP8 Timer                                  | 161      | 153     | 0x000146          | IFS9<9>                | IEC9<9>  | IPC38<6:4>   |
| Reserved   | 162-164  | 154-156 | 0x000148-0x00014C | —                      | —        | —            |
| S1CLKF – Slave Clock Fail                          | 165      | 157     | 0x00014E          | IFS9<13>               | IEC9<13> | IPC39<6:4>   |
| Reserved   | 166-175  | 158-167 | 0x000150-0x000162 | —                      | —        | —            |
| ADFIFO – ADC FIFO Ready                            | 176      | 168     | 0x000164          | IFS10<8>               | IEC10<8> | IPC42<2:0>   |

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**TABLE 3-23: MASTER INTERRUPT VECTOR DETAILS (CONTINUED)**

| Interrupt Source           | Vector # | IRQ #   | IVT Address     | Interrupt Bit Location |            |               |
|----------------------------|----------|---------|-----------------|------------------------|------------|---------------|
|                            |          |         |                 | Flag                   | Enable     | Priority      |
| PEVTA – PWM Event A        | 177      | 169     | 0x000166        | IFS10<9>               | IEC10<9>   | IPC42<6:4>    |
| PEVTB – PWM Event B        | 178      | 170     | 0x000168        | IFS10<10>              | IEC10<10>  | IPC42<10:8>   |
| PEVTC – PWM Event C        | 179      | 171     | 0x00016A        | IFS10<11>              | IEC10<11>  | IPC42<14:12>  |
| PEVTD – PWM Event D        | 180      | 172     | 0x00016C        | IFS10<12>              | IEC10<12>  | IPC43<2:0>    |
| PEVTE – PWM Event E        | 181      | 173     | 0x00016E        | IFS10<13>              | IEC10<13>  | IPC43<6:4>    |
| PEVTF – PWM Event F        | 182      | 174     | 0x000170        | IFS10<14>              | IEC10<14>  | IPC43<10:8>   |
| CLC3P – CLC3 Positive Edge | 183      | 175     | 0x000172        | IFS10<15>              | IEC10<15>  | IPC43<14:12>  |
| CLC4P – CLC4 Positive Edge | 184      | 176     | 0x000174        | IFS11<0>               | IEC11<0>   | IPC44<2:0>    |
| CLC1N – CLC1 Negative Edge | 185      | 177     | 0x000176        | IFS11<1>               | IEC11<1>   | IPC44<6:4>    |
| CLC2N – CLC2 Negative Edge | 186      | 178     | 0x000178        | IFS11<2>               | IEC11<2>   | IPC44<10:8>   |
| CLC3N – CLC3 Negative Edge | 187      | 179     | 0x00017A        | IFS11<3>               | IEC11<3>   | IPC44<14:>12> |
| CLC4N – CLC4 Negative Edge | 188      | 180     | 0x00017C        | IFS11<4>               | IEC11<4>   | IPC45<2:0>    |
| Reserved                   | 189-196  | 181-188 | 0x0017E-0x0018C | —                      | —          | —             |
| U1EVT – UART1 Event        | 197      | 189     | 0x00018E        | IFS11<13>              | IF2C11<13> | IPC47<6:4>    |
| U2EVT – UART2 Event        | 198      | 190     | 0x000190        | IFS11<14>              | IF2C11<14> | IPC47<12:8>   |

**TABLE 3-24: MASTER INTERRUPT FLAG REGISTERS**

| Register | Address | Bit 15    | Bit14     | Bit 13    | Bit 12    | Bit 11    | Bit 10    | Bit 9     | Bit 8     | Bit 7     | Bit 6     | Bit 5     | Bit 4    | Bit 3    | Bit 2    | Bit 1    | Bit 0    |
|----------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| IFS0     | 800h    | INT1IF    | NVMIF     | ECCSBEIF  | U1TXIF    | U1RXIF    | SPI1TXIF  | SPI1RXIF  | DMA1IF    | CCT1IF    | CCP1IF    | —         | DMA0IF   | CNBIF    | CNAIF    | T1IF     | INT0IF   |
| IFS1     | 802h    | C1RXIF    | SPI2TXIF  | SPI2RXIF  | U2TXIF    | U2RXIF    | INT3IF    | C1IF      | CCT2IF    | CCP2IF    | DMA4IF    | DMA3IF    | INT2IF   | CNCIF    | DMA2IF   | M2C1IF   | SI2C1IF  |
| IFS2     | 804h    | CCT6IF    | CCP6IF    | DMTIF     | CCT5IF    | CCP5IF    | —         | CCT4IF    | CCP4IF    | —         | M2C2IF    | SI2C2IF   | CCT3IF   | CCP3IF   | DMA5IF   | —        | —        |
| IFS3     | 806h    | PTGSTPEIF | JTAGIF    | ICDIF     | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | C1TXIF   | CRCIF    | U2EIF    | U1EIF    | QE1IF    |
| IFS4     | 808h    | —         | —         | CMP1IF    | CNEIF     | CNDIF     | —         | —         | —         | —         | PWM4IF    | PWM3IF    | PWM2IF   | PWM1IF   | —        | I2C2BCIF | I2C1BCIF |
| IFS5     | 80Ah    | ADCAN4IF  | ADCAN3IF  | ADCAN2IF  | ADCAN1IF  | ADCAN0IF  | ADCIF     | SENT2EIF  | SENT2IF   | SENT1EIF  | SENT1IF   | PTG3IF    | PTG2IF   | PTG1IF   | PTG0IF   | PTGWDTIF | —        |
| IFS6     | 80Ch    | ADCAN20IF | ADCAN19IF | ADCAN18IF | ADCAN17IF | ADCAN16IF | ADCAN15IF | ADCAN14IF | ADCAN13IF | ADCAN12IF | ADCAN11IF | ADCAN10IF | ADCAN9IF | ADCAN8IF | ADCAN7IF | ADCAN6IF | ADCAN5IF |
| IFS7     | 80Eh    | SPI2GIF   | SPI1GIF   | CLC2PIF   | CLC1PIF   | ADFLTR3IF | ADFLTR2IF | ADFLTR1IF | ADFLTR0IF | ADCMP3IF  | ADCMP2IF  | ADCMP1IF  | ADCMP0IF | ADFLTIF  | —        | —        | —        |
| IFS8     | 810h    | —         | —         | S1SRSTIF  | MSIFLTIF  | MSIWFEIF  | MSIDTIF   | MSIHIF    | MSIGIF    | MSIFIF    | MSIEIF    | MSIDIF    | MSICIF   | MSIBIF   | MSIAIF   | MSIS1IF  | —        |
| IFS9     | 812h    | —         | —         | S1CLKFIF  | —         | —         | —         | CCT8IF    | CCP8IF    | —         | CCT7IF    | CCP7IF    | —        | —        | S1BRKIF  | —        | —        |
| IFS10    | 814h    | CLC3PIF   | PEVTFIF   | PEVTEIF   | PEVTDIF   | PEVTCIF   | PEVTBIF   | PEVTAIF   | ADFIFOIF  | —         | —         | —         | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        |
| IFS11    | 816h    | —         | U2EVTIF   | U1EVTIF   | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | CLC4NIF  | CLC3NIF  | CLC2NPIF | CLC1NIF  | CLC4PIF  |

Legend: — = Unimplemented.

**TABLE 3-25: MASTER INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTERS**

| Register | Address | Bit 15    | Bit14     | Bit 13    | Bit 12    | Bit 11    | Bit 10    | Bit 9     | Bit 8     | Bit 7     | Bit 6     | Bit 5     | Bit 4    | Bit 3    | Bit 2    | Bit 1    | Bit 0    |
|----------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| IEC0     | 820h    | INT1IE    | NVMIE     | ECCSBEIE  | U1TXIE    | U1RXIE    | SPI1TXIE  | SPI1RXIE  | DMA1IE    | CCT1IE    | CCP1IE    | —         | DMA0IE   | CNBIE    | CNAIE    | T1IE     | INT0IE   |
| IEC1     | 822h    | C1RXIE    | SPI2TXIE  | SPI2RXIE  | U2TXIE    | U2RXIE    | INT3IE    | C1IE      | CCT2IE    | CCP2IE    | DMA4IE    | DMA3IE    | INT2IE   | CNCIE    | DMA2IE   | M2C1IE   | SI2C1IE  |
| IEC2     | 824h    | CCT6IE    | CCP6IE    | DMTIE     | CCT5IE    | CCP5IE    | —         | CCT4IE    | CCP4IE    | —         | M2C2IE    | SI2C2IE   | CCT3IE   | CCP3IE   | DMA5IE   | —        | —        |
| IEC3     | 826h    | PTGSTPEIE | JTAGIE    | ICDIE     | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | C1TXIE   | CRCIE    | U2EIE    | U1EIE    | QE1IE    |
| IEC4     | 828h    | —         | —         | CMP1IE    | CNEIE     | CNDIE     | —         | —         | —         | —         | PWM4IE    | PWM3IE    | PWM2IE   | PWM1IE   | —        | I2C2BCIE | I2C1BCIE |
| IEC5     | 82Ah    | ADCAN4IE  | ADCAN3IE  | ADCAN2IE  | ADCAN1IE  | ADCAN0IE  | ADCIE     | SENT2EIE  | SENT2IE   | SENT1EIE  | SENT1IE   | PTG3IE    | PTG2IE   | PTG1IE   | PTG0IE   | PTGWDTIE | —        |
| IEC6     | 82Ch    | ADCAN20IE | ADCAN19IE | ADCAN18IE | ADCAN17IE | ADCAN16IE | ADCAN15IE | ADCAN14IE | ADCAN13IE | ADCAN12IE | ADCAN11IE | ADCAN10IE | ADCAN9IE | ADCAN8IE | ADCAN7IE | ADCAN6IE | ADCAN5IE |
| IEC7     | 82Eh    | SPI2GIE   | SPI1GIE   | CLC2PIE   | CLC1PIE   | ADFLTR3IE | ADFLTR2IE | ADFLTR1IE | ADFLTR0IE | ADCMP3IE  | ADCMP2IE  | ADCMP1IE  | ADCMP0IE | ADFLTIE  | —        | —        | —        |
| IEC8     | 830h    | —         | —         | S1SRSTIE  | MSIFLTIE  | MSIWFEIE  | MSIDTIE   | MSIHIE    | MSIGIE    | MSIFIE    | MSIEIE    | MSIDIE    | MSICIE   | MSIBIE   | MSIAIE   | MSIS1IE  | —        |
| IEC9     | 832h    | —         | —         | S1CLKFIE  | —         | —         | —         | CCT8IE    | CCP8IE    | —         | CCT7IE    | CCP7IE    | —        | —        | S1BRKIE  | —        | —        |
| IEC10    | 834h    | CLC3PIE   | PEVTFIE   | PEVTEIE   | PEVTDIE   | PEVTCIE   | PEVTBIE   | PEVTAIE   | ADFIFOIE  | —         | —         | —         | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        |
| IEC11    | 836h    | —         | U2EVTIE   | U1EVTIE   | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | CLC4NIE  | CLC3NIE  | CLC2NIE  | CLC1NIE  | CLC4PIE  |

Legend: — = Unimplemented.

**TABLE 3-26: MASTER INTERRUPT PRIORITY REGISTERS**

| Register | Address | Bit 15 | Bit14      | Bit 13     | Bit 12     | Bit 11 | Bit 10     | Bit 9      | Bit 8      | Bit 7 | Bit 6      | Bit 5      | Bit 4      | Bit 3 | Bit 2      | Bit 1      | Bit 0      |
|----------|---------|--------|------------|------------|------------|--------|------------|------------|------------|-------|------------|------------|------------|-------|------------|------------|------------|
| IPC0     | 840h    | —      | CNBIP2     | CNBIP1     | CNBIP0     | —      | CNAIP2     | CNAIP1     | CNAIP0     | —     | T1IP2      | T1IP1      | T1IP0      | —     | INT0IP2    | INT0IP1    | INT0IP0    |
| IPC1     | 842h    | —      | CCT1IP2    | CCT1IP1    | CCT1IP0    | —      | CCP1IP2    | CCP1IP1    | CCP1IP0    | —     | —          | —          | —          | —     | DMA0IP2    | DMA0IP1    | DMA0IP0    |
| IPC2     | 844h    | —      | U1RXIP2    | U1RXIP1    | U1RXIP0    | —      | SPI1TXIP2  | SPI1TXIP1  | SPI1TXIP0  | —     | SPI1RXIP2  | SPI1RXIP1  | SPI1RXIP0  | —     | DMA1IP2    | DMA1IP1    | DMA1IP0    |
| IPC3     | 846h    | —      | INT1IP2    | INT1IP1    | INT1IP0    | —      | NVMIP2     | NVMIP1     | NVMIP0     | —     | ECCSBEIP2  | ECCSBEIP1  | ECCSBEIP0  | —     | U1TXIP2    | U1TXIP1    | U1TXIP0    |
| IPC4     | 848h    | —      | CNCIP2     | CNCIP1     | CNCIP0     | —      | DMA2IP2    | DMA2IP1    | DMA2IP0    | —     | M2C1IP2    | M2C1IP1    | M2C1IP0    | —     | SI2C1IP2   | SI2C1IP1   | SI2C1IP0   |
| IPC5     | 84Ah    | —      | CCP2IP2    | CCP2IP1    | CCP2IP0    | —      | DMA4IP2    | DMA4IP1    | DMA4IP0    | —     | DMA3IP2    | DMA3IP1    | DMA3IP20   | —     | INT2IP2    | INT2IP1    | INT2IP0    |
| IPC6     | 84Ch    | —      | U2RXIP2    | U2RXIP1    | U2RXIP0    | —      | INT3IP2    | INT3IP1    | INT3IP0    | —     | CAN1IP2    | CAN1IP1    | CAN1IP0    | —     | CCT2IP2    | CCT2IP1    | CCT2IP0    |
| IPC7     | 84Eh    | —      | C1RXIP2    | C1RXIP1    | C1RXIP0    | —      | SPI2TXIP2  | SPI2TXIP1  | SPI2TXIP0  | —     | SPI2RXIP2  | SPI2RXIP1  | SPI2RXIP0  | —     | U2TXIP2    | U2TXIP1    | U2TXIP0    |
| IPC8     | 850h    | —      | CCP3IP2    | CCP3IP1    | CCP3IP0    | —      | DMA5IP2    | DMA5IP1    | DMA5IP0    | —     | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          |
| IPC9     | 852h    | —      | —          | —          | —          | —      | M2C2IP2    | M2C2IP1    | M2C2IP0    | —     | SI2C2IP2   | SI2C2IP1   | SI2C2IP0   | —     | CCT3IP2    | CCT3IP1    | CCT3IP0    |
| IPC10    | 854h    | —      | CCP5IP2    | CCP5IP1    | CCP5IP0    | —      | —          | —          | —          | —     | CCT4IP2    | CCT4IP1    | CCT4IP0    | —     | CCP4IP2    | CCP4IP1    | CCP4IP0    |
| IPC11    | 856h    | —      | CCT6IP2    | CCT6IP1    | CCT6IP0    | —      | CCP6IP2    | CCP6IP1    | CCP6IP0    | —     | DMTIP2     | DMTIP1     | DMTIP0     | —     | CCT5IP2    | CCT5IP1    | CCT5IP0    |
| IPC12    | 858h    | —      | CRCIP2     | CRCIP1     | CRCIP0     | —      | U2EIP2     | U2EIP1     | U2EIP0     | —     | U1EIP2     | U1EIP1     | U1EIP0     | —     | QE1IP2     | QE1IP1     | QE1IP0     |
| IPC13    | 85Ah    | —      | —          | —          | —          | —      | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          | —     | C1TXIP2    | C1TXIP1    | C1TXIP0    |
| IPC14    | 85Ch    | —      | —          | —          | —          | —      | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          |
| IPC15    | 85Eh    | —      | PTGSTEIP2  | PTGSTEIP1  | PTGSTEIP0  | —      | JTAGIP2    | JTAGIP1    | JTAGIP0    | —     | ICDIP2     | ICDIP1     | ICDIP0     | —     | —          | —          | —          |
| IPC16    | 860h    | —      | PWM1IP2    | PWM1IP1    | PWM1IP0    | —      | —          | —          | —          | —     | I2C2BCIP2  | I2C2BCIP1  | I2C2BCIP0  | —     | I2C1BCIP2  | I2C1BCIP1  | I2C1BCIP0  |
| IPC17    | 862h    | —      | —          | —          | —          | —      | PWM4IP2    | PWM4IP1    | PWM4IP0    | —     | PWM3IP2    | PWM3IP1    | PWM3IP0    | —     | PWM2IP2    | PWM2IP1    | PWM2IP0    |
| IPC18    | 864h    | —      | CNDIP2     | CNDIP1     | CNDIP0     | —      | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          |
| IPC19    | 866h    | —      | —          | —          | —          | —      | —          | —          | —          | —     | CMP1IP2    | CMP1IP1    | CMP1IP0    | —     | CNEIP2     | CNEIP1     | CNEIP0     |
| IPC20    | 868h    | —      | PTG1IP2    | PTG1IP1    | PTG1IP0    | —      | PTG0IP2    | PTG0IP1    | PTG0IP0    | —     | PTGWDTIP2  | PTGWDTIP1  | PTGWDTIP0  | —     | —          | —          | —          |
| IPC21    | 86Ah    | —      | SENT1EIP2  | SENT1EIP1  | SENT1EIP0  | —      | SENT1IP2   | SENT1IP1   | SENT1IP0   | —     | PTG3IP2    | PTG3IP1    | PTG3IP0    | —     | PTG2IP2    | PTG2IP1    | PTG2IP0    |
| IPC22    | 86Ch    | —      | ADCAN0IP2  | ADCAN0IP1  | ADCAN0IP0  | —      | ADCIP2     | ADCIP1     | ADCIP0     | —     | SENT2EIP2  | SENT2EIP1  | SENT2EIP0  | —     | SENT2IP2   | SENT2IP1   | SENT2IP0   |
| IPC23    | 86Eh    | —      | ADCAN4IP2  | ADCAN4IP1  | ADCAN4IP0  | —      | ADCAN3IP2  | ADCAN3IP1  | ADCAN3IP0  | —     | ADCAN2IP2  | ADCAN2IP1  | ADCAN2IP0  | —     | ADCAN1IP2  | ADCAN1IP1  | ADCAN1IP0  |
| IPC24    | 870h    | —      | ADCAN8IP2  | ADCAN8IP1  | ADCAN8IP0  | —      | ADCAN7IP2  | ADCAN7IP1  | ADCAN7IP0  | —     | ADCAN6IP2  | ADCAN6IP1  | ADCAN6IP0  | —     | ADCAN5IP2  | ADCAN5IP1  | ADCAN5IP0  |
| IPC25    | 872h    | —      | ADCAN12IP2 | ADCAN12IP1 | ADCAN12IP0 | —      | ADCAN11IP2 | ADCAN11IP1 | ADCAN11IP0 | —     | ADCAN10IP2 | ADCAN10IP1 | ADCAN10IP0 | —     | ADCAN9IP2  | ADCAN9IP1  | ADCAN9IP0  |
| IPC26    | 874h    | —      | ADCAN16IP2 | ADCAN16IP1 | ADCAN16IP0 | —      | ADCAN15IP2 | ADCAN15IP1 | ADCAN15IP0 | —     | ADCAN14IP2 | ADCAN14IP1 | ADCAN14IP0 | —     | ADCAN13IP2 | ADCAN13IP1 | ADCAN13IP0 |
| IPC27    | 876h    | —      | ADCAN20IP2 | ADCAN20IP1 | ADCAN20IP0 | —      | ADCAN19IP2 | ADCAN19IP1 | ADCAN19IP0 | —     | ADCAN18IP2 | ADCAN18IP1 | ADCAN18IP0 | —     | ADCAN17IP2 | ADCAN17IP1 | ADCAN17IP0 |
| IPC28    | 878h    | —      | ADFLTIP2   | ADFLTIP1   | ADFLTIP0   | —      | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          |
| IPC29    | 87Ah    | —      | ADCMPIP2   | ADCMPIP1   | ADCMPIP0   | —      | ADCMPIP2   | ADCMPIP1   | ADCMPIP0   | —     | ADCMPIP2   | ADCMPIP1   | ADCMPIP0   | —     | ADCMPIP2   | ADCMPIP1   | ADCMPIP0   |
| IPC30    | 87Ch    | —      | ADFLTR3IP2 | ADFLTR3IP1 | ADFLTR3IP0 | —      | ADFLTR2IP2 | ADFLTR2IP1 | ADFLTR2IP0 | —     | ADFLTR1IP2 | ADFLTR1IP1 | ADFLTR1IP0 | —     | ADFLTR0IP2 | ADFLTR0IP1 | ADFLTR0IP0 |
| IPC31    | 87Eh    | —      | SPI2GIP0   | SPI2GIP1   | SPI2GIP0   | —      | SPI1GIP2   | SPI1GIP1   | SPI1GIP0   | —     | CLC2PIP2   | CLC2PIP1   | CLC2PIP0   | —     | CLC1PIP2   | CLC1PIP1   | CLC1PIP0   |
| IPC32    | 880h    | —      | MSIBIP2    | MSIBIP1    | MSIBIP0    | —      | MSIAP2     | MSIAP1     | MSIAP0     | —     | MSIS1IP2   | MSIS1IP1   | MSIS1IP0   | —     | —          | —          | —          |
| IPC33    | 882h    | —      | MSIFIP2    | MSIFIP1    | MSIFIP0    | —      | MSIEIP2    | MSIEIP1    | MSIEIP0    | —     | MSIDIP2    | MSIDIP1    | MSIDIP0    | —     | MSICIP2    | MSICIP1    | MSICIP0    |
| IPC34    | 884h    | —      | MSIWFIP2   | MSIWFIP1   | MSIWFIP0   | —      | MSIDTIP2   | MSIDTIP1   | MSIDTIP0   | —     | MSIHIP2    | MSIHIP1    | MSIHIP0    | —     | MSIGIP2    | MSIGIP1    | MSIGIP0    |

Legend: — = Unimplemented.

**TABLE 3-26: MASTER INTERRUPT PRIORITY REGISTERS (CONTINUED)**

| Register | Address | Bit 15 | Bit 14   | Bit 13   | Bit 12   | Bit 11 | Bit 10   | Bit 9    | Bit 8    | Bit 7 | Bit 6     | Bit 5     | Bit 4     | Bit 3 | Bit 2     | Bit 1     | Bit 0     |
|----------|---------|--------|----------|----------|----------|--------|----------|----------|----------|-------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| IPC35    | 886h    | —      | —        | —        | —        | —      | —        | —        | —        | —     | S1SRSTIP2 | S1SRSTIP1 | S1SRSTIP0 | —     | MSIFLTIP2 | MSIFLTIP1 | MSIFLTIP0 |
| IPC36    | 888h    | —      | —        | —        | —        | —      | S1BRKIP2 | S1BRKIP1 | S1BRKIP0 | —     | —         | —         | —         | —     | —         | —         | —         |
| IPC37    | 88Ah    | —      | —        | —        | —        | —      | CCT7IP2  | CCT7IP1  | CCT7IP0  | —     | CCP7IP2   | CCP7IP1   | CCP7IP0   | —     | —         | —         | —         |
| IPC38    | 88Ch    | —      | —        | —        | —        | —      | —        | —        | —        | —     | CCT8IP2   | CCT8IP1   | CCT8IP0   | —     | CCP8IP2   | CCP8IP1   | CCP8IP0   |
| IPC39    | 88Eh    | —      | —        | —        | —        | —      | —        | —        | —        | —     | S1CLKFIP2 | S1CLKFIP1 | S1CLKFIP0 | —     | —         | —         | —         |
| IPC40    | 890h    | —      | —        | —        | —        | —      | —        | —        | —        | —     | —         | —         | —         | —     | —         | —         | —         |
| IPC41    | 892h    | —      | —        | —        | —        | —      | —        | —        | —        | —     | —         | —         | —         | —     | —         | —         | —         |
| IPC42    | 894h    | —      | PEVTCIP2 | PEVTCIP1 | PEVTCIP0 | —      | PEVTBIP2 | PEVTBIP1 | PEVTBIP0 | —     | PEVTAIP2  | PEVTAIP1  | PEVTAIP0  | —     | ADFIFOIP2 | ADFIFOIP1 | ADFIFOIP0 |
| IPC43    | 896h    | —      | CLC3PIP2 | CLC3PIP1 | CLC3PIP0 | —      | PEVTFIP2 | PEVTFIP1 | PEVTFIP0 | —     | PEVTEIP2  | PEVTEIP1  | PEVTEIP0  | —     | PEVTDIP2  | PEVTDIP1  | PEVTDIP0  |
| IPC44    | 898h    | —      | CLC3NIP2 | CLC3NIP1 | CLC3NIP0 | —      | CLC2NIP2 | CLC2NIP1 | CLC2NIP0 | —     | CLC1NIP2  | CLC1NIP1  | CLC1NIP0  | —     | CLC4PIP2  | CLC4PIP1  | CLC4PIP0  |
| IPC45    | 89Ah    | —      | —        | —        | —        | —      | —        | —        | —        | —     | —         | —         | —         | —     | CLC4NIP2  | CLC4NIP1  | CLC4NIP0  |
| IPC46    | 89Ch    | —      | —        | —        | —        | —      | —        | —        | —        | —     | —         | —         | —         | —     | —         | —         | —         |
| IPC47    | 89Eh    | —      | —        | —        | —        | —      | U2EVTIP2 | U2EVTIP1 | U2EVTIP0 | —     | U1EVTIP2  | U1EVTIP1  | U1EVTIP0  | —     | —         | —         | —         |

**Legend:** — = Unimplemented.

## 3.5.3 INTERRUPT RESOURCES

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page contains the latest updates and additional information.

### 3.5.3.1 Key Resources

- “**Interrupts**” (DS70000600) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*” Sections
- Development Tools

## 3.5.4 INTERRUPT CONTROL AND STATUS REGISTERS

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices implement the following registers for the interrupt controller:

- INTCON1
- INTCON2
- INTCON3
- INTCON4
- INTTREG

### 3.5.4.1 INTCON1 through INTCON4

Global interrupt control functions are controlled from INTCON1, INTCON2, INTCON3 and INTCON4.

INTCON1 contains the Interrupt Nesting Disable bit (NSTDIS), as well as the control and status flags for the processor trap sources.

The INTCON2 register controls external interrupt request signal behavior, contains the Global Interrupt Enable bit (GIE) and the Alternate Interrupt Vector Table Enable bit (AIVTEN).

INTCON3 contains the status flags for the Auxiliary PLL and DO stack overflow status trap sources.

The INTCON4 register contains the Software Generated Hard Trap Status bit (SGHT).

### 3.5.4.2 IFSx

The IFSx registers maintain all of the interrupt request flags. Each source of interrupt has a status bit, which is set by the respective peripherals or external signal and is cleared via software.

### 3.5.4.3 IECx

The IECx registers maintain all of the interrupt enable bits. These control bits are used to individually enable interrupts from the peripherals or external signals.

### 3.5.4.4 IPCx

The IPCx registers are used to set the Interrupt Priority Level (IPL) for each source of interrupt. Each user interrupt source can be assigned to one of seven priority levels.

### 3.5.4.5 INTTREG

The INTTREG register contains the associated interrupt vector number and the new CPU Interrupt Priority Level, which are latched into the Vector Number (VECNUM<7:0>) and Interrupt Level bits (ILR<3:0>) fields in the INTTREG register. The new Interrupt Priority Level is the priority of the pending interrupt.

The interrupt sources are assigned to the IFSx, IECx and IPCx registers in the same sequence as they are listed in [Table 3-23](#). For example, INTO (External Interrupt 0) is shown as having Vector Number 8 and a natural order priority of 0. Thus, the INTOIF bit is found in IFS0<0>, the INTOIE bit in IEC0<0> and the INTOIP<2:0> bits in the first position of IPC0 (IPC0<2:0>).

### 3.5.4.6 Status/Control Registers

Although these registers are not specifically part of the interrupt control hardware, two of the CPU Control registers contain bits that control interrupt functionality. For more information on these registers, refer to “**dsPIC33E Enhanced CPU**” (DS70005158) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”.

- The CPU STATUS Register, SR, contains the IPL<2:0> bits (SR<7:5>). These bits indicate the current CPU Interrupt Priority Level. The user software can change the current CPU Interrupt Priority Level by writing to the IPLx bits.
- The CORCON register contains the IPL3 bit, which together with IPL<2:0>, also indicates the current CPU priority level. IPL3 is a read-only bit so that trap events cannot be masked by the user software.

All Interrupt registers are described in [Register 3-18](#) through [Register 3-22](#) in the following pages.

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## 3.5.5 INTERRUPT STATUS/CONTROL REGISTERS

### REGISTER 3-16: SR: CPU STATUS REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>

|        |       |       |       |       |       |     |       |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/C-0 | R/C-0 | R-0 | R/W-0 |
| OA     | OB    | SA    | SB    | OAB   | SAB   | DA  | DC    |
| bit 15 |       |       |       |       |       |     | bit 8 |

|                      |                      |                      |     |       |       |       |       |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 <sup>(3)</sup> | R/W-0 <sup>(3)</sup> | R/W-0 <sup>(3)</sup> | R-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| IPL2 <sup>(2)</sup>  | IPL1 <sup>(2)</sup>  | IPL0 <sup>(2)</sup>  | RA  | N     | OV    | Z     | C     |
| bit 7                |                      |                      |     |       |       |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | C = Clearable bit                  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 7-5 **IPL<2:0>**: CPU Interrupt Priority Level Status bits<sup>(2,3)</sup>
- 111 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 7 (15); user interrupts are disabled
  - 110 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 6 (14)
  - 101 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 5 (13)
  - 100 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 4 (12)
  - 011 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 3 (11)
  - 010 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 2 (10)
  - 001 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 1 (9)
  - 000 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 0 (8)

- Note 1:** For complete register details, see [Register 3-1](#).
- Note 2:** The IPL<2:0> bits are concatenated with the IPL<3> bit (CORCON<3>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level. The value in parentheses indicates the IPL, if IPL<3> = 1. User interrupts are disabled when IPL<3> = 1.
- Note 3:** The IPL<2:0> Status bits are read-only when the NSTDIS bit (INTCON1<15>) = 1.



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## REGISTER 3-17: CORCON: CORE CONTROL REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>

|        |     |       |       |       |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|-------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   |
| VAR    | —   | US1   | US0   | EDT   | DL2 | DL1 | DL0   |
| bit 15 |     |       |       |       |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |       |       |        |                     |     |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|--------|---------------------|-----|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-0  | R/C-0               | R-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SATA  | SATB  | SATDW | ACCSAT | IPL3 <sup>(2)</sup> | SFA | RND   | IF    |
| bit 7 |       |       |        |                     |     |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                      |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | C = Clearable bit    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit     |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set     |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown   |

bit 15      **VAR:** Variable Exception Processing Latency Control bit

1 = Variable exception processing is enabled

0 = Fixed exception processing is enabled

bit 3      **IPL3:** CPU Interrupt Priority Level Status bit 3<sup>(2)</sup>

1 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is greater than 7

0 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 7 or less

**Note 1:** For complete register details, see [Register 3-2](#).

**2:** The IPL3 bit is concatenated with the IPL<2:0> bits (SR<7:5>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level.

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## REGISTER 3-18: INTCON1: INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 1

|        |        |        |         |         |       |       |       |
|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| NSTDIS | OVAERR | OVBERR | COVAERR | COVBERR | OVATE | OVBTE | COVTE |
| bit 15 |        |        |         |         |       |       | bit 8 |

|          |         |         |         |         |        |         |       |
|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------|-------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0  | R/W-0   | U-0   |
| SFTACERR | DIV0ERR | DMACERR | MATHERR | ADDRERR | STKERR | OSCFAIL | —     |
| bit 7    |         |         |         |         |        |         | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15            **NSTDIS:** Interrupt Nesting Disable bit  
                   1 = Interrupt nesting is disabled  
                   0 = Interrupt nesting is enabled
- bit 14            **OVAERR:** Accumulator A Overflow Trap Flag bit  
                   1 = Trap was caused by an overflow of Accumulator A  
                   0 = Trap was not caused by an overflow of Accumulator A
- bit 13            **OVBERR:** Accumulator B Overflow Trap Flag bit  
                   1 = Trap was caused by an overflow of Accumulator B  
                   0 = Trap was not caused by an overflow of Accumulator B
- bit 12            **COVAERR:** Accumulator A Catastrophic Overflow Trap Flag bit  
                   1 = Trap was caused by a catastrophic overflow of Accumulator A  
                   0 = Trap was not caused by a catastrophic overflow of Accumulator A
- bit 11            **COVBERR:** Accumulator B Catastrophic Overflow Trap Flag bit  
                   1 = Trap was caused by a catastrophic overflow of Accumulator B  
                   0 = Trap was not caused by a catastrophic overflow of Accumulator B
- bit 10            **OVATE:** Accumulator A Overflow Trap Enable bit  
                   1 = Trap overflow of Accumulator A  
                   0 = Trap is disabled
- bit 9             **OVBTE:** Accumulator B Overflow Trap Enable bit  
                   1 = Trap overflow of Accumulator B  
                   0 = Trap is disabled
- bit 8             **COVTE:** Catastrophic Overflow Trap Enable bit  
                   1 = Trap catastrophic overflow of Accumulator A or B is enabled  
                   0 = Trap is disabled
- bit 7             **SFTACERR:** Shift Accumulator Error Status bit  
                   1 = Math error trap was caused by an invalid accumulator shift  
                   0 = Math error trap was not caused by an invalid accumulator shift

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## REGISTER 3-18: INTCON1: INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 1 (CONTINUED)

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| bit 6 | <b>DIV0ERR:</b> Divide-by-Zero Error Status bit<br>1 = Math error trap was caused by a divide-by-zero<br>0 = Math error trap was not caused by a divide-by-zero |
| bit 5 | <b>DMACERR:</b> DMA Controller Trap Status bit<br>1 = DMAC error trap has occurred<br>0 = DMAC error trap has not occurred                                      |
| bit 4 | <b>MATHERR:</b> Math Error Status bit<br>1 = Math error trap has occurred<br>0 = Math error trap has not occurred   |
| bit 3 | <b>ADDRERR:</b> Address Error Trap Status bit<br>1 = Address error trap has occurred<br>0 = Address error trap has not occurred                                 |
| bit 2 | <b>STKERR:</b> Stack Error Trap Status bit<br>1 = Stack error trap has occurred<br>0 = Stack error trap has not occurred  |
| bit 1 | <b>OSCFAIL:</b> Oscillator Failure Trap Status bit<br>1 = Oscillator failure trap has occurred<br>0 = Oscillator failure trap has not occurred                  |
| bit 0 | <b>Unimplemented:</b> Read as '0'   |

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## REGISTER 3-19: INTCON2: INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 2

|        |       |        |     |     |     |     |        |
|--------|-------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| R/W-1  | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  |
| GIE    | DISI  | SWTRAP | —   | —   | —   | —   | AIVTEN |
| bit 15 |       |        |     |     |     |     | bit 8  |

|       |     |     |     |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | INT3EP | INT2EP | INT1EP | INT0EP |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15      **GIE:** Global Interrupt Enable bit  
 1 = Interrupts and associated IE bits are enabled  
 0 = Interrupts are disabled, but traps are still enabled
- bit 14      **DISI:** DISI Instruction Status bit  
 1 = DISI instruction is active  
 0 = DISI instruction is not active
- bit 13      **SWTRAP:** Software Trap Status bit  
 1 = Software trap is enabled  
 0 = Software trap is disabled
- bit 12-9    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 8        **AIVTEN:** Alternate Interrupt Vector Table Enable bit  
 1 = Uses Alternate Interrupt Vector Table  
 0 = Uses standard Interrupt Vector Table
- bit 7-4     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3        **INT3EP:** External Interrupt 3 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit  
 1 = Interrupt on negative edge  
 0 = Interrupt on positive edge
- bit 2        **INT2EP:** External Interrupt 2 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit  
 1 = Interrupt on negative edge  
 0 = Interrupt on positive edge
- bit 1        **INT1EP:** External Interrupt 1 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit  
 1 = Interrupt on negative edge  
 0 = Interrupt on positive edge
- bit 0        **INT0EP:** External Interrupt 0 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit  
 1 = Interrupt on negative edge  
 0 = Interrupt on positive edge

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## REGISTER 3-20: INTCON3: INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 3

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | CAN   | NAE   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |       |

|       |     |     |       |     |     |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | DOOVR | —   | —   | —     | APLL  |
| bit 7 |     |     |       |     |     | bit 0 |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-10    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 9        **CAN:** CAN Address Error Soft Trap Status bit  
               1 = CAN address error soft trap has occurred  
               0 = CAN address error soft trap has not occurred
- bit 8        **NAE:** NVM Address Error Soft Trap Status bit  
               1 = NVM address error soft trap has occurred  
               0 = NVM address error soft trap has not occurred
- bit 7-5     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4        **DOOVR:** DO Stack Overflow Soft Trap Status bit  
               1 = DO stack overflow soft trap has occurred  
               0 = DO stack overflow soft trap has not occurred
- bit 3-1     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 0        **APLL:** Auxiliary PLL Loss of Lock Soft Trap Status bit  
               1 = APLL lock soft trap has occurred  
               0 = APLL lock soft trap has not occurred

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## REGISTER 3-21: INTCON4: INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 4

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |        |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | ECCDBE | SGHT  |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0  |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-2      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1      **ECCDBE:** ECC Double-Bit Error Trap bit
  - 1 = ECC double-bit error trap has occurred
  - 0 = ECC double-bit error trap has not occurred
- bit 0      **SGHT:** Software Generated Hard Trap Status bit
  - 1 = Software generated hard trap has occurred
  - 0 = Software generated hard trap has not occurred

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## REGISTER 3-22: INTTREG: INTERRUPT CONTROL AND STATUS REGISTER

|        |     |       |     |      |      |      |       |
|--------|-----|-------|-----|------|------|------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R-0   | U-0 | R-0  | R-0  | R-0  | R-0   |
| —      | —   | VHOLD | —   | ILR3 | ILR2 | ILR1 | ILR0  |
| bit 15 |     |       |     |      |      |      | bit 8 |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R-0     | R-0     | R-0     | R-0     | R-0     | R-0     | R-0     | R-0     |
| VECNUM7 | VECNUM6 | VECNUM5 | VECNUM4 | VECNUM3 | VECNUM2 | VECNUM1 | VECNUM0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13      **VHOLD:** Vector Number Capture Enable bit
  - 1 = VECNUM<7:0> bits read current value of vector number encoding tree (i.e., highest priority pending interrupt)
  - 0 = Vector number latched into VECNUM<7:0> at Interrupt Acknowledge and retained until next IACK
- bit 12      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11-8      **ILR<3:0>:** New CPU Interrupt Priority Level bits
  - 1111 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 15
  - ...
  - 0001 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 1
  - 0000 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 0
- bit 7-0      **VECNUM<7:0>:** Vector Number of Pending Interrupt bits
  - 11111111 = 255, Reserved; do not use
  - ...
  - 00001001 = 9, IC1 – Input Capture 1
  - 00001000 = 8, INTO – External Interrupt 0
  - 00000111 = 7, Reserved; do not use
  - 00000110 = 6, Generic soft error trap
  - 00000101 = 5, Reserved; do not use
  - 00000100 = 4, Math error trap
  - 00000011 = 3, Stack error trap
  - 00000010 = 2, Generic hard trap
  - 00000001 = 1, Address error trap
  - 00000000 = 0, Oscillator fail trap

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## 3.6 Master I/O Ports

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “I/O Ports with Edge Detect” (DS70005322) in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

- 2: The I/O ports are shared by Master core and Slave core. All input goes to both the Master and Slave. The I/O ownership is defined by the Configuration bits.
- 3: The TMS pin function may be active multiple times during ICSP™ device erase, programming and debugging. When the TMS function is active, the integrated pull-up resistor will pull the pin to VDD. Proper care should be taken if there are sensitive circuits connected on the TMS pin during programming/erase and debugging.

Many of the device pins are shared among the peripherals and the Parallel I/O ports. All I/O input ports feature Schmitt Trigger inputs for improved noise immunity. The Master and Slave have the same number of I/O ports and are shared. The Master PORT registers are located in the Master SFR and the Slave PORT registers are located in the Slave SFR, respectively.

Some of the key features of the I/O ports are:

- Individual Output Pin Open-Drain Enable/Disable
- Individual Input Pin Weak Pull-up and Pull-Down
- Monitor Selective Inputs and Generate Interrupt when Change in Pin State is Detected
- Operation during Sleep and Idle modes

**Note:** The output functionality of the ports is defined by the Configuration registers, FCFGPRA0 to FCFGPRE0. When these Configuration bits are maintained as ‘1’, the Master owns the pin (only the output function); when the bits are ‘0’, the ownership of that specific pin belongs to the Slave.

The input function of the I/O is valid for both Master and Slave. The Configuration registers, FCFGPRA0 to FCFGPRE0, do not have any control over the input function.

### 3.6.1 PARALLEL I/O (PIO) PORTS

All port pins have 12 registers directly associated with their operation as digital I/Os. The Data Direction register (TRISx) determines whether the pin is an input or an output. If the data direction bit is a ‘1’, then the pin is an input.

All port pins are defined as inputs after a Reset. Reads from the latch (LATx), read the latch. Writes to the latch, write the latch. Reads from the port (PORTx), read the port pins, while writes to the port pins, write the latch. Any bit and its associated data and control registers that are not valid for a particular device are disabled. This means the corresponding LATx and TRISx registers, and the port pin are read as zeros.

When a pin is shared with another peripheral or function that is defined as an input only, it is nevertheless regarded as a dedicated port because there is no other competing source of outputs. [Table 3-27](#) shows the pin availability. [Table 3-28](#) shows the 5V input tolerant pins across this device.



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**TABLE 3-27: PIN AND ANSELx AVAILABILITY**

| Device              | Rx15 | Rx14 | Rx13 | Rx12 | Rx11 | Rx10 | Rx9 | Rx8 | Rx7 | Rx6 | Rx5 | Rx4 | Rx3 | Rx2 | Rx1 | Rx0 |
|---------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| <b>PORTA</b>        |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| dsPIC33XXXMP508/208 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP506/206 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP505/205 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP503/203 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP502/202 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| ANSELA              | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| <b>PORTB</b>        |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| dsPIC33XXXMP508/208 | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP506/206 | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP505/205 | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP503/203 | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP502/202 | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| ANSELB              | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | X    | X   | X   | —   | —   | —   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| <b>PORTC</b>        |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| dsPIC33XXXMP508/208 | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP506/206 | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP505/205 | —    | —    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP503/203 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP502/202 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   |
| ANSELC              | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | X   | —   | —   | —   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| <b>PORTD</b>        |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| dsPIC33XXXMP508/208 | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP506/206 | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP505/205 | —    | —    | X    | —    | —    | X    | —   | X   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | X   | —   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP503/203 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP502/202 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   |
| ANSELD              | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | X    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   |
| <b>PORTE</b>        |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| dsPIC33XXXMP508/208 | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP506/206 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP505/205 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP503/203 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP502/202 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   |

**TABLE 3-28: 5V INPUT TOLERANT PORTS**

|       |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| PORTA | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | RA4 | RA3 | RA2 | RA1 | RA0 |
| PORTB | RB15 | RB14 | RB13 | RB12 | RB11 | RB10 | RB9 | RB8 | RB7 | RB6 | RB5 | RB4 | RB3 | RB2 | RB1 | RB0 |
| PORTC | RC15 | RC14 | RC13 | RC12 | RC11 | RC10 | RC9 | RC8 | RC7 | RC6 | RC5 | RC4 | RC3 | RC2 | RC1 | RC0 |
| PORTD | RD15 | RD14 | RD13 | RD12 | RD11 | RD10 | RD9 | RD8 | RD7 | RD6 | RD5 | RD4 | RD3 | RD2 | RD1 | RD0 |
| PORTE | RE15 | RE14 | RE13 | RE12 | RE11 | RE10 | RE9 | RE8 | RE7 | RE6 | RE5 | RE4 | RE3 | RE2 | RE1 | RE0 |

**Legend:** Shaded pins are up to 5.5 VDC input tolerant.

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FIGURE 3-19: BLOCK DIAGRAM OF A TYPICAL SHARED PORT STRUCTURE



## 3.6.1.1 Open-Drain Configuration

In addition to the PORTx, LATx and TRISx registers for data control, port pins can also be individually configured for either digital or open-drain output. This is controlled by the Open-Drain Enable for PORTx register, ODCx, associated with each port. Setting any of the bits configures the corresponding pin to act as an open-drain output.

The open-drain feature allows the generation of outputs, other than VDD, by using external pull-up resistors. The maximum open-drain voltage allowed on any pin is the same as the maximum V<sub>IH</sub> specification for that particular pin.

## 3.6.2 CONFIGURING ANALOG AND DIGITAL PORT PINS

The ANSELx registers control the operation of the analog port pins. The port pins that are to function as analog inputs or outputs must have their corresponding ANSELx and TRISx bits set. In order to use port pins for I/O functionality with digital modules, such as timers, UARTs, etc., the corresponding ANSELx bit must be cleared.

The ANSELx registers have a default value of 0xFFFF; therefore, all pins that share analog functions are analog (not digital) by default.

Pins with analog functions affected by the ANSELx registers are listed with a buffer type of analog in the Pinout I/O Descriptions (see [Table 1-1](#)).

If the TRISx bit is cleared (output) while the ANSELx bit is set, the digital output level (V<sub>OH</sub> or V<sub>OL</sub>) is converted by an analog peripheral, such as the ADC module or comparator module.

When the PORTx register is read, all pins configured as analog input channels are read as cleared (a low level).

Pins configured as digital inputs do not convert an analog input. Analog levels on any pin, defined as a digital input (including the ANx pins), can cause the input buffer to consume current that exceeds the device specifications.

## 3.6.2.1 I/O Port Write/Read Timing

One instruction cycle is required between a port direction change or port write operation and a read operation of the same port. Typically, this instruction would be a NOP.

The following registers are in the PORT module:

- [Register 3-23](#): ANSELx (one per port)
- [Register 3-24](#): TRISx (one per port)
- [Register 3-25](#): PORTx (one per port)
- [Register 3-26](#): LATx (one per port)
- [Register 3-27](#): ODCx (one per port)
- [Register 3-28](#): CNPUx (one per port)
- [Register 3-29](#): CNPDx (one per port)
- [Register 3-30](#): CNCONx (one per port – optional)
- [Register 3-31](#): CNEN0x (one per port)
- [Register 3-32](#): CNSTATx (one per port – optional)
- [Register 3-33](#): CNEN1x (one per port)
- [Register 3-34](#): CNFx (one per port)

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## 3.6.3 MASTER PORT CONTROL REGISTERS

### REGISTER 3-23: ANSELx: ANALOG SELECT FOR PORTx REGISTER

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-1        | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| ANSELx<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-1       | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| ANSELx<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **ANSELx<15:0>**: Analog Select for PORTx bits

1 = Analog input is enabled and digital input is disabled on the PORTx[n] pin

0 = Analog input is disabled and digital input is enabled on the PORTx[n] pin

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## REGISTER 3-24: TRISx: OUTPUT ENABLE FOR PORTx REGISTER

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-1       | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| TRISx<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15      |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-1      | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| TRISx<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **TRISx<15:0>**: Output Enable for PORTx bits  
 1 = LATx[n] is not driven on the PORTx[n] pin  
 0 = LATx[n] is driven on the PORTx[n] pin

## REGISTER 3-25: PORTx: INPUT DATA FOR PORTx REGISTER

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-1       | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| PORTx<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15      |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-1      | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| PORTx<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **PORTx<15:0>**: PORTx Data Input Value bits

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## REGISTER 3-26: LATx: OUTPUT DATA FOR PORTx REGISTER

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-x      | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x |
| LATx<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15     |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|           |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-x     | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x |
| LATx<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7     |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **LATx<15:0>**: PORTx Data Output Value bits

## REGISTER 3-27: ODCx: OPEN-DRAIN ENABLE FOR PORTx REGISTER

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| ODCx<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15     |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|           |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0     | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| ODCx<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7     |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **ODCx<15:0>**: PORTx Open-Drain Enable bits  
 1 = Open-drain is enabled on the PORTx pin  
 0 = Open-drain is disabled on the PORTx pin

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## REGISTER 3-28: CNPUx: CHANGE NOTIFICATION PULL-UP ENABLE FOR PORTx REGISTER

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CNPUx<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15      |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CNPUx<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **CNPUx<15:0>**: Change Notification Pull-up Enable for PORTx bits  
 1 = The pull-up for PORTx[n] is enabled – takes precedence over the pull-down selection  
 0 = The pull-up for PORTx[n] is disabled

## REGISTER 3-29: CNPDx: CHANGE NOTIFICATION PULL-DOWN ENABLE FOR PORTx REGISTER

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CNPDx<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15      |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CNPDx<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **CNPDx<15:0>**: Change Notification Pull-Down Enable for PORTx bits  
 1 = The pull-down for PORTx[n] is enabled (if the pull-up for PORTx[n] is not enabled)  
 0 = The pull-down for PORTx[n] is disabled

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## REGISTER 3-30: CNCONx: CHANGE NOTIFICATION CONTROL FOR PORTx REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |         |     |     |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|---------|-----|-----|-----|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| ON     | —   | —   | —   | CNSTYLE | —   | —   | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     | bit 8   |     |     |     |

|       |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   | —   | —   |
| bit 7 |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |     |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15            **ON:** Change Notification (CN) Control for PORTx On bit  
                   1 = CN is enabled  
                   0 = CN is disabled
- bit 14-12       **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11           **CNSTYLE:** Change Notification Style Selection bit  
                   1 = Edge style (detects edge transitions, CNFx<15:0> bits are used for a Change Notification event)  
                   0 = Mismatch style (detects change from last port read, CNSTATx<15:0> bits are used for a Change Notification event)
- bit 10-0        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

## REGISTER 3-31: CNEN0x: INTERRUPT CHANGE NOTIFICATION ENABLE FOR PORTx REGISTER

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CNEN0x<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CNEN0x<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-0        **CNEN0x<15:0>:** Interrupt Change Notification Enable for PORTx bits  
                   1 = Interrupt-on-change (from the last read value) is enabled for PORTx[n]  
                   0 = Interrupt-on-change is disabled for PORTx[n]



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## REGISTER 3-32: CNSTATx: INTERRUPT CHANGE NOTIFICATION STATUS FOR PORTx REGISTER

|               |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-0           | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| CNSTATx<15:8> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 15        |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |     |     |

|              |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-0          | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| CNSTATx<7:0> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 7        |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |     |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **CNSTATx<15:0>**: Interrupt Change Notification Status for PORTx bits

When CNSTYLE (CNCONx<11>) = 0:

1 = Change occurred on PORTx[n] since last read of PORTx[n]

0 = Change did not occur on PORTx[n] since last read of PORTx[n]

## REGISTER 3-33: CNEN1x: INTERRUPT CHANGE NOTIFICATION EDGE SELECT FOR PORTx REGISTER

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CNEN1x<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CNEN1x<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **CNEN1x<15:0>**: Interrupt Change Notification Edge Select for PORTx bits

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## REGISTER 3-34: CNF<sub>x</sub>: INTERRUPT CHANGE NOTIFICATION FLAG FOR PORT<sub>x</sub> REGISTER

|                         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0                   | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CNF <sub>x</sub> <15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15                  |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|                        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0                  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CNF <sub>x</sub> <7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7                  |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15- **CNF<sub>x</sub><15:0>**: Interrupt Change Notification Flag for PORT<sub>x</sub> bits

When CNSTYLE (CNCON<sub>x</sub><11>) = 1:

1 = An enabled edge event occurred on the PORT<sub>x</sub>[n] pin

0 = An enabled edge event did not occur on the PORT<sub>x</sub>[n] pin

## 3.6.4 INPUT CHANGE NOTIFICATION (ICN)

The Input Change Notification function of the I/O ports allows the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices to generate interrupt requests to the processor in response to a Change-of-State (COS) on selected input pins. This feature can detect input Change-of-States, even in Sleep mode, when the clocks are disabled. Every I/O port pin can be selected (enabled) for generating an interrupt request on a Change-of-State. Five control registers are associated with the Change Notification (CN) functionality of each I/O port. To enable the Change Notification feature for the port, the ON bit (CNCONx<15>) must be set.

The CNEN0x and CNEN1x registers contain the CN interrupt enable control bits for each of the input pins. The setting of these bits enables a CN interrupt for the corresponding pins. Also, these bits, in combination with the CNSTYLE bit (CNCONx<11>), define a type of transition when the interrupt is generated. Possible CN event options are listed in [Table 3-29](#).

**TABLE 3-29: CHANGE NOTIFICATION EVENT OPTIONS**

| CNSTYLE Bit (CNCONx<11>) | CNEN1x Bit      | CNEN0x Bit | Change Notification Event Description   |
|--------------------------|-----------------|------------|---|
| 0                        | Does not matter | 0          | Disabled  |
| 0                        | Does not matter | 1          | Detects a mismatch between the last read state and the current state of the pin |
| 1                        | 0               | 0          | Disabled  |
| 1                        | 0               | 1          | Detects a positive transition only (from '0' to '1')                            |
| 1                        | 1               | 0          | Detects a negative transition only (from '1' to '0')                            |
| 1                        | 1               | 1          | Detects both positive and negative transitions                                  |

The CNSTATx register indicates whether a change occurred on the corresponding pin since the last read of the PORTx bit. In addition to the CNSTATx register, the CNFx register is implemented for each port. This register contains flags for Change Notification events. These flags are set if the valid transition edge, selected in the CNEN0x and CNEN1x registers, is detected. CNFx stores the occurrence of the event. CNFx bits must be cleared in software to get the next Change Notification interrupt. The CN interrupt is generated only for the I/Os configured as inputs (corresponding TRISx bits must be set).

**Note:** Pull-ups and pull-downs on Input Change Notification pins should always be disabled when the port pin is configured as a digital output.

## 3.6.5 PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT (PPS)

A major challenge in general purpose devices is providing the largest possible set of peripheral features, while minimizing the conflict of features on I/O pins. The challenge is even greater on low pin count devices. In an application where more than one peripheral needs to be assigned to a single pin, inconvenient work arounds in application code, or a complete redesign, may be the only option.

Peripheral Pin Select configuration provides an alternative to these choices by enabling peripheral set selection and placement on a wide range of I/O pins. By increasing the pinout options available on a particular device, users can better tailor the device to their entire application, rather than trimming the application to fit the device.

The Peripheral Pin Select configuration feature operates over a fixed subset of digital I/O pins. Users may independently map the input and/or output of most digital peripherals to any one of these I/O pins. Hardware safeguards are included that prevent accidental or spurious changes to the peripheral mapping once it has been established.

## 3.6.6 AVAILABLE PINS

The number of available pins is dependent on the particular device and its pin count. Pins that support the Peripheral Pin Select feature include the label, “RPn”, in their full pin designation, where “n” is the remappable pin number. “RP” is used to designate pins that support both remappable input and output functions.

## 3.6.7 AVAILABLE PERIPHERALS

The peripherals managed by the Peripheral Pin Select are all digital only peripherals. These include general serial communications (UART and SPI), general purpose timer clock inputs, timer-related peripherals (input capture and output compare) and interrupt-on-change inputs.

In comparison, some digital only peripheral modules are never included in the Peripheral Pin Select feature. This is because the peripheral's function requires special I/O circuitry on a specific port and cannot be easily connected to multiple pins. One example includes I<sup>2</sup>C modules. A similar requirement excludes all modules with analog inputs, such as the A/D Converter (ADC)

A key difference between remappable and non-remappable peripherals is that remappable peripherals are not associated with a default I/O pin. The peripheral must always be assigned to a specific I/O pin before it can be used. In contrast, non-remappable peripherals are always available on a default pin, assuming that the peripheral is active and not conflicting with another peripheral.

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When a remappable peripheral is active on a given I/O pin, it takes priority over all other digital I/Os and digital communication peripherals associated with the pin. Priority is given regardless of the type of peripheral that is mapped. Remappable peripherals never take priority over any analog functions associated with the pin.

## 3.6.8 CONTROLLING CONFIGURATION CHANGES

Because peripheral mapping can be changed during run time, some restrictions on peripheral remapping are needed to prevent accidental configuration changes. The dsPIC33CH128MP508 devices have implemented the control register lock sequence.

### 3.6.8.1 CONTROL REGISTER LOCK

Under normal operation, writes to the RPINRx and RPORx registers are not allowed. Attempted writes will appear to execute normally, but the contents of the registers will remain unchanged. To change these registers, they must be unlocked in hardware. The register lock is controlled by the IOLOCK bit (RPCON<11>). Setting IOLOCK prevents writes to the control registers; clearing IOLOCK allows writes.

To set or clear IOLOCK, the NVMKEY unlock sequence must be executed:

1. Write 0x55 to NVMKEY.
2. Write 0xAA to NVMKEY.
3. Clear (or set) IOLOCK as a single operation.

IOLOCK remains in one state until changed. This allows all of the Peripheral Pin Selects to be configured with a single unlock sequence, followed by an update to all of the control registers. Then, IOLOCK can be set with a second lock sequence.

**Note:** MPLAB® C30 provides a built-in C language function for unlocking and modifying the RPCON register:  
`__builtin_write_RPCON(value);`  
For more information, see the MPLAB C30 Help files.

## 3.6.9 CONSIDERATIONS FOR PERIPHERAL PIN SELECTION

The ability to control Peripheral Pin Selection introduces several considerations into application design that most users would never think of otherwise. This is particularly true for several common peripherals, which are only available as remappable peripherals.

The main consideration is that the Peripheral Pin Selects are not available on default pins in the device's default (Reset) state. More specifically, because all RPINRx registers reset to '1's and RPORx registers reset to '0's, this means all PPS inputs are tied to Vss, while all PPS outputs are disconnected. This means that before any other application code is executed, the user must initialize the device with the proper peripheral configuration. Because the IOLOCK bit resets in the unlocked state, it is not necessary to execute the unlock sequence after the device has come out of Reset. For application safety, however, it is always better to set IOLOCK and lock the configuration after writing to the control registers.

The NVMKEY unlock sequence must be executed as an Assembly language routine. If the bulk of the application is written in C, or another high-level language, the unlock sequence should be performed by writing in-line assembly or by using the `__builtin_write_RPCON(value)` function provided by the compiler.

Choosing the configuration requires a review of all Peripheral Pin Selects and their pin assignments, particularly those that will not be used in the application. In all cases, unused pin-selectable peripherals should be disabled completely. Unused peripherals should have their inputs assigned to an unused RPn pin function. I/O pins with unused RPn functions should be configured with the null peripheral output.

## 3.6.10 INPUT MAPPING

The inputs of the Peripheral Pin Select options are mapped on the basis of the peripheral. That is, a control register associated with a peripheral dictates the pin it will be mapped to. The RPINRx registers are used to configure peripheral input mapping. Each register contains sets of 8-bit fields, with each set associated with one of the remappable peripherals. Programming a given peripheral's bit field with an appropriate 8-bit index value maps the RPn pin with the corresponding value, or internal signal, to that peripheral. See [Table 3-30](#) for a list of available inputs.

For example, [Figure 3-20](#) illustrates remappable pin selection for the U1RX input.

**FIGURE 3-20: REMAPPABLE INPUT FOR U1RX**



[Example 3-2](#) provides a configuration for bidirectional communication with flow control using UART1. The following input and output functions are used:

- Input Functions: U1RX, U1CTS
- Output Functions: U1TX, U1RTS

**EXAMPLE 3-2: CONFIGURING UART1 INPUT AND OUTPUT FUNCTIONS**

```
//
//*****
// Unlock Registers
//*****
__builtin_write_RPCON(0x0000);
//*****
// Configure Input Functions (See Table 3-31)
// Assign U1Rx To Pin RP35
//*****
_U1RXR = 35;
// Assign U1CTS To Pin RP36
//*****
_U1CTSR = 36;
//*****
// Configure Output Functions (See Table 3-33)
//*****
// Assign U1Tx To Pin RP37
//*****
_RP37 = 1;
//*****
// Assign U1RTS To Pin RP38
//*****
_RP38 = 2;
//*****
// Lock Registers
//*****
__builtin_write_RPCON(0x0800);
```

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**TABLE 3-30: MASTER REMAPPABLE PIN INPUTS**

| RPINRx<15:8><br>or RPINRx<7:0 > | Function                  | Available on Ports |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|
| 0                               | Vss                       | Internal           |
| 1                               | Master Comparator 1       | Internal           |
| 2                               | Slave Comparator 1        | Internal           |
| 3                               | Slave Comparator 2        | Internal           |
| 4                               | Slave Comparator 3        | Internal           |
| 5                               | Slave REFCLKO             | Internal           |
| 6                               | Master PTG Trigger 26     | Internal           |
| 7                               | Master PTG Trigger 27     | Internal           |
| 8                               | Slave PWM Event Output C  | Internal           |
| 9                               | Slave PWM Event Output D  | Internal           |
| 10                              | Slave PWM Event Output E  | Internal           |
| 11                              | Master PWM Event Output C | Internal           |
| 12                              | Master PWM Event Output D | Internal           |
| 13                              | Master PWM Event Output E | Internal           |
| 14-31                           | RP14-RP31                 | Reserved           |
| 32                              | RP32                      | Port Pin RB0       |
| 33                              | RP33                      | Port Pin RB1       |
| 34                              | RP34                      | Port Pin RB2       |
| 35                              | RP35                      | Port Pin RB3       |
| 36                              | RP36                      | Port Pin RB4       |
| 37                              | RP37                      | Port Pin RB5       |
| 38                              | RP38                      | Port Pin RB6       |
| 39                              | RP39                      | Port Pin RB7       |
| 40                              | RP40                      | Port Pin RB8       |
| 41                              | RP41                      | Port Pin RB9       |
| 42                              | RP42                      | Port Pin RB10      |
| 43                              | RP43                      | Port Pin RB11      |
| 44                              | RP44                      | Port Pin RB12      |
| 45                              | RP45                      | Port Pin RB13      |
| 46                              | RP46                      | Port Pin RB14      |
| 47                              | RP47                      | Port Pin RB15      |
| 48                              | RP48                      | Port Pin RC0       |
| 49                              | RP49                      | Port Pin RC1       |
| 50                              | RP50                      | Port Pin RC2       |
| 51                              | RP51                      | Port Pin RC3       |
| 52                              | RP52                      | Port Pin RC4       |
| 53                              | RP53                      | Port Pin RC5       |
| 54                              | RP54                      | Port Pin RC6       |
| 55                              | RP55                      | Port Pin RC7       |
| 56                              | RP56                      | Port Pin RC8       |
| 57                              | RP57                      | Port Pin RC9       |
| 58                              | RP58                      | Port Pin RC10      |
| 59                              | RP59                      | Port Pin RC11      |

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**TABLE 3-30: MASTER REMAPPABLE PIN INPUTS (CONTINUED)**

| <b>RPINRx&lt;15:8&gt;<br/>or RPINRx&lt;7:0 &gt;</b> | <b>Function</b> | <b>Available on Ports</b> |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|
| 60  | RP60            | Port Pin RC12             |
| 61  | RP61            | Port Pin RC13             |
| 62  | RP62            | Port Pin RC14             |
| 63  | RP63            | Port Pin RC15             |
| 64  | RP64            | Port Pin RD0              |
| 65  | RP65            | Port Pin RD1              |
| 66  | RP66            | Port Pin RD2              |
| 67  | RP67            | Port Pin RD3              |
| 68  | RP68            | Port Pin RD4              |
| 69  | RP69            | Port Pin RD5              |
| 70  | RP70            | Port Pin RD6              |
| 71  | RP71            | Port Pin RD7              |
| 72-169  | RP72-RP169      | Reserved                  |
| 170   | RP170           | Slave Virtual S1RPV0      |
| 171   | RP171           | Slave Virtual S1RPV1      |
| 172   | RP172           | Slave Virtual S1RPV2      |
| 173   | RP173           | Slave Virtual S1RPV3      |
| 174   | RP174           | Slave Virtual S1RPV4      |
| 175   | RP175           | Slave Virtual S1RPV5      |
| 176   | RP176           | Master Virtual RPV0       |
| 177   | RP177           | Master Virtual RPV1       |
| 178   | RP178           | Master Virtual RPV2       |
| 179   | RP179           | Master Virtual RPV3       |
| 180   | RP180           | Master Virtual RPV4       |
| 181   | RP181           | Master Virtual RPV5       |

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## 3.6.11 VIRTUAL CONNECTIONS

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 devices support six Master virtual RPn pins (RP176-RP181), which are identical in functionality to all other RPn pins, with the exception of pinouts. These six pins are internal to the devices and are not connected to a physical device pin.

These pins provide a simple way for inter-peripheral connection without utilizing a physical pin. For example, the output of the analog comparator can be connected to RP176 and the PWM Fault input can be configured for RP176 as well. This configuration allows the analog comparator to trigger PWM Faults without the use of an actual physical pin on the device.

## 3.6.12 SLAVE PPS INPUTS TO MASTER CORE PPS

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 Slave core subsystem PPS has connections to the Master core subsystem virtual PPS (RPV5-RPV0) output blocks. These inputs are mapped as S1RP175, S1RP174, S1RP173, S1RP172, S1RP171 and S1RP170.

The RPn inputs, RP1-RP13, are connected to internal signals from both the Master and Slave core subsystems. Additionally, the Master core virtual output PPS blocks (RPV5-RPV0) are connected to the Slave core PPS circuitry.

There are virtual pins in PPS to share between Master and Slave:

- RP181 is for Master input (RPV5)
- RP180 is for Master input (RPV4)
- RP179 is for Master input (RPV3)
- RP178 is for Master input (RPV2)
- RP177 is for Master input (RPV1)
- RP176 is for Master input (RPV0)
- RP175 is for Slave input (S1RPV5)
- RP174 is for Slave input (S1RPV4)
- RP173 is for Slave input (S1RPV3)
- RP172 is for Slave input (S1RPV2)
- RP171 is for Slave input (S1RPV1)
- RP170 is for Slave input (S1RPV0)

The idea of the RPVn (Remappable Pin Virtual) is to interconnect between the Master and Slave without an I/O pin. For example, the Master UART receiver can be connected to the Slave UART transmit using RPVn and data communication can happen from Slave to Master without using any physical pin.



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**TABLE 3-31: SELECTABLE INPUT SOURCES (MAPS INPUT TO FUNCTION)**

| Input Name <sup>(1)</sup> | Function Name      | Register | Register Bits |
|---------------------------|--------------------|----------|---------------|
| External Interrupt 1      | INT1               | RPINR0   | INT1R<7:0>    |
| External Interrupt 2      | INT2               | RPINR1   | INT2R<7:0>    |
| External Interrupt 3      | INT3               | RPINR1   | INT3R<7:0>    |
| Timer1 External Clock     | T1CK               | RPINR2   | T1CK<7:0>     |
| SCCP Timer1               | TCKI1              | RPINR3   | TCKI1R<7:0>   |
| SCCP Capture 1            | ICM1               | RPINR3   | ICM1R<7:0>    |
| SCCP Timer2               | TCKI2              | RPINR4   | TCKI2R<7:0>   |
| SCCP Capture 2            | ICM2               | RPINR4   | ICM2R<7:0>    |
| SCCP Timer3               | TCKI3              | RPINR5   | TCKI3R<7:0>   |
| SCCP Capture 3            | ICM3               | RPINR5   | ICM3R<7:0>    |
| SCCP Timer4               | TCKI4              | RPINR6   | TCKI4R<7:0>   |
| SCCP Capture 4            | ICM4               | RPINR6   | ICM4R<7:0>    |
| SCCP Timer5               | TCKI5              | RPINR7   | TCKI5R<7:0>   |
| SCCP Capture 5            | ICM5               | RPINR7   | ICM5R<7:0>    |
| SCCP Timer6               | TCKI6              | RPINR8   | TCKI6R<7:0>   |
| SCCP Capture 6            | ICM6               | RPINR8   | ICM6R<7:0>    |
| SCCP Timer7               | TCKI7              | RPINR9   | TCKI7R<7:0>   |
| SCCP Capture 7            | ICM7               | RPINR9   | ICM7R<7:0>    |
| SCCP Timer8               | TCKI8              | RPINR10  | TCKI8R<7:0>   |
| SCCP Capture 8            | ICM8               | RPINR10  | ICM8R<7:0>    |
| SCCP Fault A              | OCFA               | RPINR11  | OCFAR<7:0>    |
| SCCP Fault B              | OCFB               | RPINR11  | OCFBR<7:0>    |
| PWM Input 8               | PCI8               | RPINR12  | PCI8R<7:0>    |
| PWM Input 9               | PCI9               | RPINR12  | PCI9R<7:0>    |
| PWM Input 10              | PCI10              | RPINR13  | PCI10R<7:0>   |
| PWM Input 11              | PCI11              | RPINR13  | PCI11R<7:0>   |
| QEI Input A               | QEIA1              | RPINR14  | QEIA1R<7:0>   |
| QEI Input B               | QEIB1              | RPINR14  | QEIB1R<7:0>   |
| QEI Index 1 Input         | QEINDX1            | RPINR15  | QEINDX1R<7:0> |
| QEI Home 1 Input          | QEIHOM1            | RPINR15  | QEIHOM1R<7:0> |
| UART1 Receive             | U1RX               | RPINR18  | U1RXR<7:0>    |
| UART1 Data-Set-Ready      | $\overline{U1DSR}$ | RPINR18  | U1DSRR<7:0>   |
| UART2 Receive             | U2RX               | RPINR19  | U2RXR<7:0>    |
| UART2 Data-Set-Ready      | $\overline{U2DSR}$ | RPINR19  | U2DSRR<7:0>   |
| SPI1 Data Input           | SDI1               | RPINR20  | SDI1R<7:0>    |
| SPI1 Clock Input          | SCK1IN             | RPINR20  | SCK1R<7:0>    |
| SPI1 Slave Select         | $\overline{SS1}$   | RPINR21  | SS1R<7:0>     |
| Reference Clock Input     | REFOI              | RPINR21  | REFOIR<7:0>   |
| SPI2 Data Input           | SDI2               | RPINR22  | SDI2R<7:0>    |
| SPI2 Clock Input          | SCK2IN             | RPINR22  | SCK2R<7:0>    |
| SPI2 Slave Select         | $\overline{SS2}$   | RPINR23  | SS2R<7:0>     |
| UART1 Clear-to-Send       | $\overline{U1CTS}$ | RPINR23  | U1CTSR<7:0>   |

**Note 1:** Unless otherwise noted, all inputs use the Schmitt Trigger input buffers.

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TABLE 3-31: SELECTABLE INPUT SOURCES (MAPS INPUT TO FUNCTION) (CONTINUED)

| Input Name <sup>(1)</sup>    | Function Name | Register | Register Bits |
|------------------------------|---------------|----------|---------------|
| CAN1 Input                   | CAN1RX        | RPINR26  | CAN1RXR<7:0>  |
| UART2 Clear-to-Send          | U2CTS         | RPINR30  | U2CTSR<7:0>   |
| PWM Input 17                 | PCI17         | RPINR37  | PCI17R<7:0>   |
| PWM Input 18                 | PCI18         | RPINR38  | PCI18R<7:0>   |
| PWM Input 12                 | PCI12         | RPINR42  | PCI12R<7:0>   |
| PWM Input 13                 | PCI13         | RPINR42  | PCI13R<7:0>   |
| PWM Input 14                 | PCI14         | RPINR43  | PCI14R<7:0>   |
| PWM Input 15                 | PCI15         | RPINR43  | PCI15R<7:0>   |
| PWM Input 16                 | PCI16         | RPINR44  | PCI16R<7:0>   |
| SENT1 Input                  | SENT1         | RPINR44  | SENT1R<7:0>   |
| SENT2 Input                  | SENT2         | RPINR45  | SENT2R<7:0>   |
| CLC Input A                  | CLCINA        | RPINR45  | CLCINAR<7:0>  |
| CLC Input B                  | CLCINB        | RPINR46  | CLCINBR<7:0>  |
| CLC Input C                  | CLCINC        | RPINR46  | CLCINCR<7:0>  |
| CLC Input D                  | CLCIND        | RPINR47  | CLCINDR<7:0>  |
| ADC Trigger Input (ADTRIG31) | ADCTRG        | RPINR47  | ADCTRGR<7:0>  |

**Note 1:** Unless otherwise noted, all inputs use the Schmitt Trigger input buffers.

## 3.6.13 OUTPUT MAPPING

In contrast to inputs, the outputs of the Peripheral Pin Select options are mapped on the basis of the pin. In this case, a control register associated with a particular pin dictates the peripheral output to be mapped. The RPORx registers are used to control output mapping. Each register contains sets of 6-bit fields, with each set associated with one RPn pin (see [Register 3-68](#) through [Register 3-90](#)). The value of the bit field corresponds to one of the peripherals and that peripheral's output is mapped to the pin (see [Table 3-33](#) and [Figure 3-21](#)).

A null output is associated with the output register Reset value of '0'. This is done to ensure that remappable outputs remain disconnected from all output pins by default.

## 3.6.14 MAPPING LIMITATIONS

The control schema of the peripheral select pins is not limited to a small range of fixed peripheral configurations. There are no mutual or hardware-enforced lockouts between any of the peripheral mapping SFRs. Literally, any combination of peripheral mappings, across any or all of the RPn pins, is possible. This includes both many-to-one and one-to-many mappings of peripheral inputs, and outputs to pins. While such mappings may be technically possible from a configuration point of view, they may not be supportable from an electrical point of view (see [Table 3-32](#)).

**FIGURE 3-21: MULTIPLEXING REMAPPABLE OUTPUTS FOR RPn**



**Note 1:** There are six virtual output ports which are not connected to any I/O ports (RP176-RP181). These virtual ports can be accessed by RPOR20, RPOR21 and RPOR22.

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**TABLE 3-32: MASTER REMAPPABLE OUTPUT PIN REGISTERS**

| Register     | RP Pin      | I/O Port         |
|--------------|-------------|------------------|
| RPOR0<5:0>   | RP32        | Port Pin RB0     |
| RPOR0<13:8>  | RP33        | Port Pin RB1     |
| RPOR1<5:0>   | RP34        | Port Pin RB2     |
| RPOR1<13:8>  | RP35        | Port Pin RB3     |
| RPOR2<5:0>   | RP36        | Port Pin RB4     |
| RPOR2<13:8>  | RP37        | Port Pin RB5     |
| RPOR3<5:0>   | RP38        | Port Pin RB6     |
| RPOR3<13:8>  | RP39        | Port Pin RB7     |
| RPOR4<5:0>   | RP40        | Port Pin RB8     |
| RPOR4<13:8>  | RP41        | Port Pin RB9     |
| RPOR5<5:0>   | RP42        | Port Pin RB10    |
| RPOR5<13:8>  | RP43        | Port Pin RB11    |
| RPOR6<5:0>   | RP44        | Port Pin RB12    |
| RPOR6<13:8>  | RP45        | Port Pin RB13    |
| RPOR7<5:0>   | RP46        | Port Pin RB14    |
| RPOR7<13:8>  | RP47        | Port Pin RB15    |
| RPOR8<5:0>   | RP48        | Port Pin RC0     |
| RPOR8<13:8>  | RP49        | Port Pin RC1     |
| RPOR9<5:0>   | RP50        | Port Pin RC2     |
| RPOR9<13:8>  | RP51        | Port Pin RC3     |
| RPOR10<5:0>  | RP52        | Port Pin RC4     |
| RPOR10<13:8> | RP53        | Port Pin RC5     |
| RPOR11<5:0>  | RP54        | Port Pin RC6     |
| RPOR11<13:8> | RP55        | Port Pin RC7     |
| RPOR12<5:0>  | RP56        | Port Pin RC8     |
| RPOR12<13:8> | RP57        | Port Pin RC9     |
| RPOR13<5:0>  | RP58        | Port Pin RC10    |
| RPOR13<13:8> | RP59        | Port Pin RC11    |
| RPOR14<5:0>  | RP60        | Port Pin RC12    |
| RPOR14<13:8> | RP61        | Port Pin RC13    |
| RPOR15<5:0>  | RP62        | Port Pin RC14    |
| RPOR15<13:8> | RP63        | Port Pin RC15    |
| RPOR16<5:0>  | RP64        | Port Pin RD0     |
| RPOR16<13:8> | RP65        | Port Pin RD1     |
| RPOR17<5:0>  | RP66        | Port Pin RD2     |
| RPOR17<13:8> | RP67        | Port Pin RD3     |
| RPOR18<5:0>  | RP68        | Port Pin RD4     |
| RPOR18<13:8> | RP69        | Port Pin RD5     |
| RPOR19<5:0>  | RP70        | Port Pin RD6     |
| RPOR19<13:8> | RP71        | Port Pin RD7     |
|              | RP175-RP169 | Reserved         |
| RPOR20<5:0>  | RP176       | Virtual Pin RPV0 |
| RPOR20<13:8> | RP177       | Virtual Pin RPV1 |
| RPOR21<5:0>  | RP178       | Virtual Pin RPV2 |
| RPOR21<13:8> | RP179       | Virtual Pin RPV3 |
| RPOR22<5:0>  | RP180       | Virtual Pin RPV4 |
| RPOR22<13:8> | RP181       | Virtual Pin RPV5 |

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**TABLE 3-33: OUTPUT SELECTION FOR REMAPPABLE PINS (RPn)**

| Function     | RPnR<5:0> | Output Name                        |
|--------------|-----------|------------------------------------|
| Default PORT | 000000    | RPn tied to Default Pin            |
| U1TX         | 000001    | RPn tied to UART1 Transmit         |
| U1RTS        | 000010    | RPn tied to UART1 Request-to-Send  |
| U2TX         | 000011    | RPn tied to UART2 Transmit         |
| U2RTS        | 000100    | RPn tied to UART2 Request-to-Send  |
| SDO1         | 000101    | RPn tied to SPI1 Data Output       |
| SCK1         | 000110    | RPn tied to SPI1 Clock Output      |
| SS1          | 000111    | RPn tied to SPI1 Slave Select      |
| SDO2         | 001000    | RPn tied to SPI2 Data Output       |
| SCK2         | 001001    | RPn tied to SPI2 Clock Output      |
| SS2          | 001010    | RPn tied to SPI2 Slave Select      |
| REFCLKO      | 001110    | RPn tied to Reference Clock Output |
| OCM1         | 001111    | RPn tied to SCCP1 Output           |
| OCM2         | 010000    | RPn tied to SCCP2 Output           |
| OCM3         | 010001    | RPn tied to SCCP3 Output           |
| OCM4         | 010010    | RPn tied to SCCP4 Output           |
| OCM5         | 010011    | RPn tied to SCCP5 Output           |
| OCM6         | 010100    | RPn tied to SCCP6 Output           |
| CAN1         | 010101    | RPn tied to CAN1 Output            |
| CMP1         | 010111    | RPn tied to Comparator 1 Output    |
| PWM4H        | 100010    | RPn tied to PWM4H Output           |
| PWM4L        | 100011    | RPn tied to PWM4L Output           |
| PWMEA        | 100100    | RPn tied to PWM Event A Output     |
| PWMEB        | 100101    | RPn tied to PWM Event B Output     |
| QEICMP       | 100110    | RPn tied to QEI Comparator Output  |
| CLC1OUT      | 101000    | RPn tied to CLC1 Output            |
| CLC2OUT      | 101001    | RPn tied to CLC2 Output            |
| OCM7         | 101010    | RPn tied to SCCP7 Output           |
| OCM8         | 101011    | RPn tied to SCCP8 Output           |
| PWMEC        | 101100    | RPn tied to PWM Event C Output     |
| PWMED        | 101101    | RPn tied to PWM Event D Output     |
| PTGTRG24     | 101110    | PTG Trigger Output 24              |
| PTGTRG25     | 101111    | PTG Trigger Output 25              |
| SENT1OUT     | 110000    | RPn tied to SENT1 Output           |
| SENT2OUT     | 110001    | RPn tied to SENT2 Output           |
| CLC3OUT      | 110010    | RPn tied to CLC3 Output            |
| CLC4OUT      | 110011    | RPn tied to CLC4 Output            |
| U1DTR        | 110100    | Data Terminal Ready Output 1       |
| U2DTR        | 110101    | Data Terminal Ready Output 2       |

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## 3.6.15 I/O HELPFUL TIPS

1. In some cases, certain pins, as defined in [Table 24-18](#) under “Injection Current”, have internal protection diodes to VDD and VSS. The term, “Injection Current”, is also referred to as “Clamp Current”. On designated pins, with sufficient external current-limiting precautions by the user, I/O pin input voltages are allowed to be greater or lesser than the data sheet absolute maximum ratings, with respect to the VSS and VDD supplies. Note that when the user application forward biases either of the high or low-side internal input clamp diodes, that the resulting current being injected into the device that is clamped internally by the VDD and VSS power rails, may affect the ADC accuracy by four to six counts.
2. I/O pins that are shared with any analog input pin (i.e., ANx) are always analog pins, by default, after any Reset. Consequently, configuring a pin as an analog input pin automatically disables the digital input pin buffer and any attempt to read the digital input level by reading PORTx or LATx will always return a ‘0’, regardless of the digital logic level on the pin. To use a pin as a digital I/O pin on a shared ANx pin, the user application needs to configure the Analog Select for PORTx registers in the I/O ports module (i.e., ANSELx) by setting the appropriate bit that corresponds to that I/O port pin to a ‘0’.

**Note:** Although it is not possible to use a digital input pin when its analog function is enabled, it is possible to use the digital I/O output function, TRISx = 0x0, while the analog function is also enabled. However, this is not recommended, particularly if the analog input is connected to an external analog voltage source, which would create signal contention between the analog signal and the output pin driver.

3. Most I/O pins have multiple functions. Referring to the device pin diagrams in this data sheet, the priorities of the functions allocated to any pins are indicated by reading the pin name, from left-to-right. The left most function name takes precedence over any function to its right in the naming convention. For example: AN14/ISRC1/RP50/RC2; this indicates that AN14 is the highest priority in this example and will supersede all other functions to its right in the list. Those other functions to its right, even if enabled, would not work as long as any other function to its left was enabled. This rule applies to all of the functions listed for a given pin.
4. Each pin has an internal weak pull-up resistor and pull-down resistor that can be configured using the CNPUs and CNPDx registers, respectively. These resistors eliminate the need for external resistors in certain applications. The internal pull-up is up to  $\sim(VDD - 0.8)$ , not VDD. This value is still above the minimum  $V_{IH}$  of CMOS and TTL devices.
5. When driving LEDs directly, the I/O pin can source or sink more current than what is specified in the  $V_{OH}/I_{OH}$  and  $V_{OL}/I_{OL}$  DC characteristics specification. The respective  $I_{OH}$  and  $I_{OL}$  current rating only applies to maintaining the corresponding output at or above the  $V_{OH}$ , and at or below the  $V_{OL}$  levels. However, for LEDs, unlike digital inputs of an externally connected device, they are not governed by the same minimum  $V_{IH}/V_{IL}$  levels. An I/O pin output can safely sink or source any current less than that listed in the Absolute Maximum Ratings in [Section 24.0 “Electrical Characteristics”](#) of this data sheet. For example:

$$V_{OH} = 2.4V @ I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA and } V_{DD} = 3.3V$$

The maximum output current sourced by any 8 mA I/O pin = 12 mA.

LED source current < 12 mA is technically permitted. Refer to the  $V_{OH}/I_{OH}$  graphs in [Section 25.0 “DC and AC Device Characteristics Graphs”](#) for additional information.

6. The Peripheral Pin Select (PPS) pin mapping rules are as follows:
- Only one “output” function can be active on a given pin at any time, regardless if it is a dedicated or remappable function (one pin, one output).
  - It is possible to assign a “remappable output” function to multiple pins and externally short or tie them together for increased current drive.
  - If any “dedicated output” function is enabled on a pin, it will take precedence over any remappable “output” function.
  - If any “dedicated digital” (input or output) function is enabled on a pin, any number of “input” remappable functions can be mapped to the same pin.
  - If any “dedicated analog” function(s) are enabled on a given pin, “digital input(s)” of any kind will all be disabled, although a single “digital output”, at the user’s cautionary discretion, can be enabled and active as long as there is no signal contention with an external analog input signal. For example, it is possible for the ADC to convert the digital output logic level, or to toggle a digital output on a comparator or ADC input, provided there is no external analog input, such as for a built-in self-test.
  - Any number of “input” remappable functions can be mapped to the same pin(s) at the same time, including to any pin with a single output from either a dedicated or remappable “output”.
  - The TRISx registers control *only* the digital I/O output buffer. Any other dedicated or remappable active “output” will automatically override the TRISx setting. The TRISx register *does not* control the digital logic “input” buffer. Remappable digital “inputs” do not automatically override TRISx settings, which means that the TRISx bit must be set to input for pins with only remappable input function(s) assigned.
  - All analog pins are enabled by default after any Reset and the corresponding digital input buffer on the pin has been disabled. Only the Analog Select for PORTx (ANSELx) registers control the digital input buffer, *not* the TRISx register. The user must disable the analog function on a pin using the Analog Select for PORTx registers in order to use any “digital input(s)” on a corresponding pin, no exceptions.

## 3.6.16 I/O PORTS RESOURCES

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page contains the latest updates and additional information.

### 3.6.16.1 Key Resources

- “I/O Ports with Edge Detect” (DS70005322) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*” Sections
- Development Tools

**TABLE 3-34: PORTA REGISTER SUMMARY**

|         |    |   |   |   |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |              |
|---------|----|---|---|---|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--------------|
| ANSELA  | —  | — | — | — | —       | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | ANSELA<4:0>  |
| TRISA   | —  | — | — | — | —       | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | TRISA<4:0>   |
| PORTA   | —  | — | — | — | —       | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | RA<4:0>      |
| LATA    | —  | — | — | — | —       | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | LATA<4:0>    |
| ODCA    | —  | — | — | — | —       | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | ODCA<4:0>    |
| CNPUA   | —  | — | — | — | —       | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | CNPUA<4:0>   |
| CNPDA   | —  | — | — | — | —       | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | CNPDA<4:0>   |
| CNCONA  | ON | — | — | — | CNSTYLE | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | —            |
| CNEN0A  | —  | — | — | — | —       | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | CNEN0A<4:0>  |
| CNSTATA | —  | — | — | — | —       | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | CNSTATA<4:0> |
| CNEN1A  | —  | — | — | — | —       | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | CNEN1A<4:0>  |
| CNFA    | —  | — | — | — | —       | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | CNFA<4:0>    |

**TABLE 3-35: PORTB REGISTER SUMMARY**

|         |               |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |
|---------|---------------|---|---|---|---------|---|---|-------------|---|---|---|-------------|
| ANSELB  | —             | — | — | — | —       | — | — | ANSELB<9:7> | — | — | — | ANSELB<3:0> |
| TRISB   | TRISB<15:0>   |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |
| PORTB   | RB<15:0>      |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |
| LATB    | LATB<15:0>    |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |
| ODCB    | ODCB<15:0>    |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |
| CNPUB   | CNPUB<15:0>   |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |
| CNPDB   | CNPDB<15:0>   |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |
| CNCONB  | ON            | — | — | — | CNSTYLE | — | — | —           | — | — | — | —           |
| CNEN0B  | CNEN0<15:0>   |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |
| CNSTATB | CNSTATB<15:0> |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |
| CNEN1B  | CNEN1B<15:0>  |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |
| CNFB    | CNFB<15:0>    |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |



**TABLE 3-36: PORTC REGISTER SUMMARY**

|         |               |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |   |   |   |   |
|---------|---------------|---|---|---|---------|---|---|-------------|---|---|---|-------------|---|---|---|---|
| ANSELC  | —             | — | — | — | —       | — | — | ANSELC<8:7> | — | — | — | ANSELC<3:0> |   |   |   |   |
| TRISC   | TRISC<15:0>   |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |   |   |   |   |
| PORTC   | RC<15:0>      |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |   |   |   |   |
| LATC    | LATC<15:0>    |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |   |   |   |   |
| ODCC    | ODCC<15:0>    |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |   |   |   |   |
| CNPUC   | CNPUC<15:0>   |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |   |   |   |   |
| CNPDC   | CNPDC<15:0>   |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |   |   |   |   |
| CNCONC  | ON            | — | — | — | CNSTYLE | — | — | —           | — | — | — | —           | — | — | — | — |
| CNEN0C  | CNEN0C<15:0>  |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |   |   |   |   |
| CNSTATC | CNSTATC<15:0> |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |   |   |   |   |
| CNEN1C  | CNEN1C<15:0>  |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |   |   |   |   |
| CNFC    | CNFC<15:0>    |   |   |   |         |   |   |             |   |   |   |             |   |   |   |   |

**TABLE 3-37: PORTD REGISTER SUMMARY**

|         |               |   |   |   |         |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|---------|---------------|---|---|---|---------|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ANSELD  | —             | — | — | — | —       | ANSEL10 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| TRISD   | TRISD<15:0>   |   |   |   |         |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| PORTD   | RD<15:0>      |   |   |   |         |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| LATD    | LATD<15:0>    |   |   |   |         |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| ODCD    | ODCD<15:0>    |   |   |   |         |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| CNPUD   | CNPUD<15:0>   |   |   |   |         |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| CNPDD   | CNPDD<15:0>   |   |   |   |         |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| CNCOND  | ON            | — | — | — | CNSTYLE | —       | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| CNEN0D  | CNEN0D<15:0>  |   |   |   |         |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| CNSTATD | CNSTATD<15:0> |   |   |   |         |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| CNEN1D  | CNEN1D<15:0>  |   |   |   |         |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| CNFD    | CNFD<15:0>    |   |   |   |         |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**TABLE 3-38: PORTE REGISTER SUMMARY**

|         |               |   |   |   |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|---------|---------------|---|---|---|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ANSLE   | —             | — | — | — | —       | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| TRISE   | TRISE<15:0>   |   |   |   |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| PORTE   | RE<15:0>      |   |   |   |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| LATE    | LATE<15:0>    |   |   |   |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| ODCE    | ODCE<15:0>    |   |   |   |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| CNPUE   | CNPUE<15:0>   |   |   |   |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| CNPDE   | CNPDE<15:0>   |   |   |   |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| CNCONE  | ON            | — | — | — | CNSTYLE | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| CNEN0E  | CNEN0E<15:0>  |   |   |   |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| CNSTATE | CNSTATE<15:0> |   |   |   |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| CNEN1E  | CNEN1E<15:0>  |   |   |   |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| CNFE    | CNFE<15:0>    |   |   |   |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

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## 3.6.17 PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT REGISTERS

### REGISTER 3-35: RPCON: PERIPHERAL REMAPPING CONFIGURATION REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>

|        |     |     |     |        |     |     |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|-----|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | IOLOCK | —   | —   | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     | bit 8  |     |     |     |

|       |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   | —   | —   |
| bit 7 |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |     |     |

#### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 11 **IOLOCK:** Peripheral Remapping Register Lock bit

1 = All Peripheral Remapping registers are locked and cannot be written

0 = All Peripheral Remapping registers are unlocked and can be written

bit 10-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note 1:** Writing to this register needs an unlock sequence.

### REGISTER 3-36: RPINR0: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| INT1R7 | INT1R6 | INT1R5 | INT1R4 | INT1R3 | INT1R2 | INT1R1 | INT1R0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        | bit 8  |        |        |        |

|       |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   | —   | —   |
| bit 7 |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |     |     |

#### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8 **INT1R<7:0>:** Assign External Interrupt 1 (INT1) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 3-37: RPINR1: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 1

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| INT3R7 | INT3R6 | INT3R5 | INT3R4 | INT3R3 | INT3R2 | INT3R1 | INT3R0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| INT2R7 | INT2R6 | INT2R5 | INT2R4 | INT2R3 | INT2R2 | INT2R1 | INT2R0 |
| bit 7  |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **INT3R<7:0>**: Assign External Interrupt 3 (INT3) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0            **INT2R<7:0>**: Assign External Interrupt 2 (INT2) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

## REGISTER 3-38: RPINR2: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 2

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| T1CKR7 | T1CKR6 | T1CKR5 | T1CKR4 | T1CKR3 | T1CKR2 | T1CKR1 | T1CKR0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **T1CKR<7:0>**: Assign Timer1 External Clock (T1CK) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0            **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 3-39: RPINR3: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 3

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| ICM1R7 | ICM1R6 | ICM1R5 | ICM1R4 | ICM1R3 | ICM1R2 | ICM1R1 | ICM1R0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| TCKI1R7 | TCKI1R6 | TCKI1R5 | TCKI1R4 | TCKI1R3 | TCKI1R2 | TCKI1R1 | TCKI1R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |  |  |  |  |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |  |  |  |  |

bit 15-8 **ICM1R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Capture 1 (ICM1) Input to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0 **TCKI1<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Timer1 (TCKI1) Input to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
See [Table 3-30](#).

## REGISTER 3-40: RPINR4: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 4

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| ICM2R7 | ICM2R6 | ICM2R5 | ICM2R4 | ICM2R3 | ICM2R2 | ICM2R1 | ICM2R0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| TCKI2R7 | TCKI2R6 | TCKI2R5 | TCKI2R4 | TCKI2R3 | TCKI2R2 | TCKI2R1 | TCKI2R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |  |  |  |  |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |  |  |  |  |

bit 15-8 **ICM2R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Capture 2 (ICM2) Input to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0 **TCKI2R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Timer2 (TCKI2) Input to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
See [Table 3-30](#).

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## REGISTER 3-41: RPINR5: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 5

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| ICM3R7 | ICM3R6 | ICM3R5 | ICM3R4 | ICM3R3 | ICM3R2 | ICM3R1 | ICM3R0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| TCKI3R7 | TCKI3R6 | TCKI3R5 | TCKI3R4 | TCKI3R3 | TCKI3R2 | TCKI3R1 | TCKI3R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-8      **ICM3R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Capture 3 (ICM3) Input to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).
- bit 7-0      **TCKI3R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Timer3 (TCKI3) Input to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

## REGISTER 3-42: RPINR6: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 6

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| ICM4R7 | ICM4R6 | ICM4R5 | ICM4R4 | ICM4R3 | ICM4R2 | ICM4R1 | ICM4R0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| TCKI4R7 | TCKI4R6 | TCKI4R5 | TCKI4R4 | TCKI4R3 | TCKI4R2 | TCKI4R1 | TCKI4R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-8      **ICM4R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Capture 4 (ICM4) Input to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).
- bit 7-0      **TCKI4R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Timer4 (TCKI4) Input to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

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## REGISTER 3-43: RPINR7: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 7

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| ICM5R7 | ICM5R6 | ICM5R5 | ICM5R4 | ICM5R3 | ICM5R2 | ICM5R1 | ICM5R0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| TCKI5R7 | TCKI5R6 | TCKI5R5 | TCKI5R4 | TCKI5R3 | TCKI5R2 | TCKI5R1 | TCKI5R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **ICM5R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Capture 5 (ICM5) Input to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0            **TCKI5R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Timer5 (TCKI5) Input to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

## REGISTER 3-44: RPINR8: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 8

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| ICM6R7 | ICM6R6 | ICM6R5 | ICM6R4 | ICM6R3 | ICM6R2 | ICM6R1 | ICM6R0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| TCKI6R7 | TCKI6R6 | TCKI6R5 | TCKI6R4 | TCKI6R3 | TCKI6R2 | TCKI6R1 | TCKI6R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **ICM6R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Capture 6 (ICM6) Input to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0            **TCKI6R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Timer6 (TCKI6) Input to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

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## REGISTER 3-45: RPINR9: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 9

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| ICM7R7 | ICM7R6 | ICM7R5 | ICM7R4 | ICM7R3 | ICM7R2 | ICM7R1 | ICM7R0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| TCKI7R7 | TCKI7R6 | TCKI7R5 | TCKI7R4 | TCKI7R3 | TCKI7R2 | TCKI7R1 | TCKI7R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8        **ICM7R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Capture 7 (ICM7) Input to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0        **TCKI7R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Timer7 (TCKI7) Input to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

## REGISTER 3-46: RPINR10: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 10

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| ICM8R7 | ICM8R6 | ICM8R5 | ICM8R4 | ICM8R3 | ICM8R2 | ICM8R1 | ICM8R0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| TCKI8R7 | TCKI8R6 | TCKI8R5 | TCKI8R4 | TCKI8R3 | TCKI8R2 | TCKI8R1 | TCKI8R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8        **ICM8R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Capture 8 (ICM8) Input to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0        **TCKI8R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Timer8 (TCKI8) Input to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).



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## REGISTER 3-47: RPINR11: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 11

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| OCFBR7 | OCFBR6 | OCFBR5 | OCFBR4 | OCFBR3 | OCFBR2 | OCFBR1 | OCFBR0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| OCFAR7 | OCFAR6 | OCFAR5 | OCFAR4 | OCFAR3 | OCFAR2 | OCFAR1 | OCFAR0 |
| bit 7  |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **OCFBR<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Fault B (OCFB) Input to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0            **OCFAR<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Fault A (OCFA) Input to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

## REGISTER 3-48: RPINR12: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 12

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| PCI9R7 | PCI9R6 | PCI9R5 | PCI9R4 | PCI9R3 | PCI9R2 | PCI9R1 | PCI9R0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| PCI8R7 | PCI8R6 | PCI8R5 | PCI8R4 | PCI8R3 | PCI8R2 | PCI8R1 | PCI8R0 |
| bit 7  |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **PCI9R<7:0>**: Assign PWM Input 9 (PCI9) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0            **PCI8R<7:0>**: Assign PWM Input 8 (PCI8) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

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## REGISTER 3-49: RPINR13: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 13

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| PCI11R7 | PCI11R6 | PCI11R5 | PCI11R4 | PCI11R3 | PCI11R2 | PCI11R1 | PCI11R0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| PCI10R7 | PCI10R6 | PCI10R5 | PCI10R4 | PCI10R3 | PCI10R2 | PCI10R1 | PCI10R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **PCI11R<7:0>**: Assign PWM Input 11 (PCI11) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0            **PCI10R<7:0>**: Assign PWM Input 10 (PCI10) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

## REGISTER 3-50: RPINR14: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 14

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| QEIB1R7 | QEIB1R6 | QEIB1R5 | QEIB1R4 | QEIB1R3 | QEIB1R2 | QEIB1R1 | QEIB1R0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| QEIA1R7 | QEIA1R6 | QEIA1R5 | QEIA1R4 | QEIA1R3 | QEIA1R2 | QEIA1R1 | QEIA1R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **QEIB1R<7:0>**: Assign QEI Input B (QEIB1) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0            **QEIA1R<7:0>**: Assign QEI Input A (QEIA1) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

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## REGISTER 3-51: RPINR15: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 15

|           |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     |
| QEIHOM1R7 | QEIHOM1R6 | QEIHOM1R5 | QEIHOM1R4 | QEIHOM1R3 | QEIHOM1R2 | QEIHOM1R1 | QEIHOM1R0 |
| bit 15    |           |           |           |           |           |           | bit 8     |

|           |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     |
| QEINDX1R7 | QEINDX1R6 | QEINDX1R5 | QEINDX1R4 | QEINDX1R3 | QEINDX1R2 | QEINDX1R1 | QEINDX1R0 |
| bit 7     |           |           |           |           |           |           | bit 0     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **QEIHOM1R<7:0>**: Assign QEI Home 1 Input (QEIHOM1) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0            **QEINDX1R<7:0>**: Assign QEI Index 1 Input (QEINDX1) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

## REGISTER 3-52: RPINR18: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 18

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| U1DSRR7 | U1DSRR6 | U1DSRR5 | U1DSRR4 | U1DSRR3 | U1DSRR2 | U1DSRR1 | U1DSRR0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| U1RXR7 | U1RXR6 | U1RXR5 | U1RXR4 | U1RXR3 | U1RXR2 | U1RXR1 | U1RXR0 |
| bit 7  |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **U1DSRR<7:0>**: Assign UART1 Data-Set-Ready ( $\overline{U1DSR}$ ) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0            **U1RXR<7:0>**: Assign UART1 Receive (U1RX) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

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## REGISTER 3-53: RPINR19: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 19

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| U2DSRR7 | U2DSRR6 | U2DSRR5 | U2DSRR4 | U2DSRR3 | U2DSRR2 | U2DSRR1 | U2DSRR0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| U2RXR7 | U2RXR6 | U2RXR5 | U2RXR4 | U2RXR3 | U2RXR2 | U2RXR1 | U2RXR0 |
| bit 7  |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **U2DSRR<7:0>**: Assign UART2 Data-Set-Ready ( $\overline{U2DSR}$ ) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0                      **U2RXR<7:0>**: Assign UART2 Receive (U2RX) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

## REGISTER 3-54: RPINR20: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 20

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| SCK1R7 | SCK1R6 | SCK1R5 | SCK1R4 | SCK1R3 | SCK1R2 | SCK1R1 | SCK1R0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| SDI1R7 | SDI1R6 | SDI1R5 | SDI1R4 | SDI1R3 | SDI1R2 | SDI1R1 | SDI1R0 |
| bit 7  |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **SCK1R<7:0>**: Assign SPI1 Clock Input (SCK1IN) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0                      **SDI1R<7:0>**: Assign SPI1 Data Input (SDI1) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

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## REGISTER 3-55: RPINR21: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 21

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| REFOIR7 | REFOIR6 | REFOIR5 | REFOIR4 | REFOIR3 | REFOIR2 | REFOIR1 | REFOIR0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SS1R7 | SS1R6 | SS1R5 | SS1R4 | SS1R3 | SS1R2 | SS1R1 | SS1R0 |
| bit 7 |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **REFOIR<7:0>**: Assign Reference Clock Input (REFOI) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0                      **SS1R<7:0>**: Assign SPI1 Slave Select ( $\overline{SS1}$ ) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

## REGISTER 3-56: RPINR22: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 22

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| SCK2R7 | SCK2R6 | SCK2R5 | SCK2R4 | SCK2R3 | SCK2R2 | SCK2R1 | SCK2R0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| SDI2R7 | SDI2R6 | SDI2R5 | SDI2R4 | SDI2R3 | SDI2R2 | SDI2R1 | SDI2R0 |
| bit 7  |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **SCK2R<7:0>**: Assign SPI2 Clock Input (SCK2IN) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0                      **SDI2R<7:0>**: Assign SPI2 Data Input (SDI2) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

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## REGISTER 3-57: RPINR23: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 23

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| U1CTSR7 | U1CTSR6 | U1CTSR5 | U1CTSR4 | U1CTSR3 | U1CTSR2 | U1CTSR1 | U1CTSR0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SS2R7 | SS2R6 | SS2R5 | SS2R4 | SS2R3 | SS2R2 | SS2R1 | SS2R0 |
| bit 7 |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **U1CTSR<7:0>**: Assign UART1 Clear-to-Send ( $\overline{U1CTS}$ ) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0                      **SS2R<7:0>**: Assign SPI2 Slave Select ( $\overline{SS2}$ ) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

## REGISTER 3-58: RPINR26: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 26

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| CAN1RXR7 | CAN1RXR6 | CAN1RXR5 | CAN1RXR4 | CAN1RXR3 | CAN1RXR2 | CAN1RXR1 | CAN1RXR0 |
| bit 7    |          |          |          |          |          |          | bit 0    |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-0                      **CAN1RXR<7:0>**: Assign CAN1 Input (CAN1RX) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

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## REGISTER 3-59: RPINR30: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 30

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| U2CTSR7 | U2CTSR6 | U2CTSR5 | U2CTSR4 | U2CTSR3 | U2CTSR2 | U2CTSR1 | U2CTSR0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **U2CTSR<7:0>**: Assign UART2 Clear-to-Send ( $\overline{\text{U2CTS}}$ ) to the Corresponding RPN Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0                      **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

## REGISTER 3-60: RPINR37: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 37

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| PCI17R7 | PCI17R6 | PCI17R5 | PCI17R4 | PCI17R3 | PCI17R2 | PCI17R1 | PCI17R0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **PCI17R<7:0>**: Assign PWM Input 17 (PCI17) to the Corresponding RPN Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0                      **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 3-61: RPINR38: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 38

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| PCI18R7 | PCI18R6 | PCI18R5 | PCI18R4 | PCI18R3 | PCI18R2 | PCI18R1 | PCI18R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 7-0                      **PCI18R<7:0>:** Assign PWM Input 18 (PCI18) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

## REGISTER 3-62: RPINR42: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 42

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| PCI13R7 | PCI13R6 | PCI13R5 | PCI13R4 | PCI13R3 | PCI13R2 | PCI13R1 | PCI13R0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| PCI12R7 | PCI12R6 | PCI12R5 | PCI12R4 | PCI12R3 | PCI12R2 | PCI12R1 | PCI12R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **PCI13R<7:0>:** Assign PWM Input 13 (PCI13) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).  
 bit 7-0                      **PCI12R<7:0>:** Assign PWM Input 12 (PCI12) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).



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## REGISTER 3-63: RPINR43: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 43

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| PCI15R7 | PCI15R6 | PCI15R5 | PCI15R4 | PCI15R3 | PCI15R2 | PCI15R1 | PCI15R0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| PCI14R7 | PCI14R6 | PCI14R5 | PCI14R4 | PCI14R3 | PCI14R2 | PCI14R1 | PCI14R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **PCI15R<7:0>**: Assign PWM Input 15 (PCI15) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0            **PCI14R<7:0>**: Assign PWM Input 14 (PCI14) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

## REGISTER 3-64: RPINR44: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 44

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| SENT1R7 | SENT1R6 | SENT1R5 | SENT1R4 | SENT1R3 | SENT1R2 | SENT1R1 | SENT1R0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| PCI16R7 | PCI16R6 | PCI16R5 | PCI16R4 | PCI16R3 | PCI16R2 | PCI16R1 | PCI16R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **SENT1R<7:0>**: Assign SENT1 Input (SENT1) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0            **PCI16<7:0>**: Assign PWM Input 16 (PCI16) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

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## REGISTER 3-65: RPINR45: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 45

|          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| CLCINAR7 | CLCINAR6 | CLCINAR5 | CLCINAR4 | CLCINAR3 | CLCINAR2 | CLCINAR1 | CLCINAR0 |
| bit 15   |          |          |          |          |          |          | bit 8    |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| SENT2R7 | SENT2R6 | SENT2R5 | SENT2R4 | SENT2R3 | SENT2R2 | SENT2R1 | SENT2R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **CLCINAR<7:0>**: Assign CLC Input A (CLCINA) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0            **SENT2R<7:0>**: Assign SENT2 Input (SENT2) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

## REGISTER 3-66: RPINR46: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 46

|          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| CLCINCR7 | CLCINCR6 | CLCINCR5 | CLCINCR4 | CLCINCR3 | CLCINCR2 | CLCINCR1 | CLCINCR0 |
| bit 15   |          |          |          |          |          |          | bit 8    |

|          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| CLCINBR7 | CLCINBR6 | CLCINBR5 | CLCINBR4 | CLCINBR3 | CLCINBR2 | CLCINBR1 | CLCINBR0 |
| bit 7    |          |          |          |          |          |          | bit 0    |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **CLCINCR<7:0>**: Assign CLC Input C (CLCINC) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0            **CLCINBR<7:0>**: Assign CLC Input B (CLCINB) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 3-30](#).

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## REGISTER 3-67: RPINR47: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 47

|          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| ADCTRGR7 | ADCTRGR6 | ADCTRGR5 | ADCTRGR4 | ADCTRGR3 | ADCTRGR2 | ADCTRGR1 | ADCTRGR0 |
| bit 15   |          |          |          |          |          |          | bit 8    |

|          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| CLCINDR7 | CLCINDR6 | CLCINDR5 | CLCINDR4 | CLCINDR3 | CLCINDR2 | CLCINDR1 | CLCINDR0 |
| bit 7    |          |          |          |          |          |          | bit 0    |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8      **ADCTRGR<7:0>**: Assign ADC Trigger Input (ADCTRG) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
See [Table 3-30](#).

bit 7-0      **CLCINDR<7:0>**: Assign CLC Input D (CLCIND) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
See [Table 3-30](#).

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## REGISTER 3-68: RPOR0: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 0

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP33R5 | RP33R4 | RP33R3 | RP33R2 | RP33R1 | RP33R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP32R5 | RP32R4 | RP32R3 | RP32R2 | RP32R1 | RP32R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP33R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP33 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP32R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP32 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

## REGISTER 3-69: RPOR1: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 1

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP35R5 | RP35R4 | RP35R3 | RP35R2 | RP35R1 | RP35R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP34R5 | RP34R4 | RP34R3 | RP34R2 | RP34R1 | RP34R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP35R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP35 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP34R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP34 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

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## REGISTER 3-70: RPOR2: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 2

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP37R5 | RP37R4 | RP37R3 | RP37R2 | RP37R1 | RP37R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP36R5 | RP36R4 | RP36R3 | RP36R2 | RP36R1 | RP36R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |  |  |  |  |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |  |  |  |  |

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP37R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP37 Output Pin bits  
(see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP36R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP36 Output Pin bits  
(see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

## REGISTER 3-71: RPOR3: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 3

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP39R5 | RP39R4 | RP39R3 | RP39R2 | RP39R1 | RP39R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP38R5 | RP38R5 | RP38R5 | RP38R5 | RP38R5 | RP38R5 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |  |  |  |  |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |  |  |  |  |

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP39R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP39 Output Pin bits  
(see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP38R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP38 Output Pin bits  
(see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

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## REGISTER 3-72: RPOR4: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 4

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP41R5 | RP41R4 | RP41R3 | RP41R2 | RP41R1 | RP41R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP40R5 | RP40R4 | RP40R3 | RP40R2 | RP40R1 | RP40R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP41R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP41 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP40R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP40 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

## REGISTER 3-73: RPOR5: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 5

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP43R5 | RP43R4 | RP43R3 | RP43R2 | RP43R1 | RP43R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP42R5 | RP42R4 | RP42R3 | RP42R2 | RP42R1 | RP42R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP43R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP43 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP42R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP42 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

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## REGISTER 3-74: RPOR6: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 6

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP45R5 | RP45R4 | RP45R3 | RP45R2 | RP45R1 | RP45R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP44R5 | RP44R4 | RP44R3 | RP44R2 | RP44R1 | RP44R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP45R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP45 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0      **RP44R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP44 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

## REGISTER 3-75: RPOR7: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 7

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP47R5 | RP47R4 | RP47R3 | RP47R2 | RP47R1 | RP47R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP46R5 | RP46R4 | RP46R3 | RP46R2 | RP46R1 | RP46R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP47R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP47 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0      **RP46R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP46 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

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## REGISTER 3-76: RPOR8: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 8

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP49R5 | RP49R4 | RP49R3 | RP49R2 | RP49R1 | RP49R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP48R5 | RP48R4 | RP48R3 | RP48R2 | RP48R1 | RP48R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP49R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP49 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP48R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP48 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

## REGISTER 3-77: RPOR9: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 9

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP51R5 | RP51R4 | RP51R3 | RP51R2 | RP51R1 | RP51R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP50R5 | RP50R4 | RP50R3 | RP50R2 | RP50R1 | RP50R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP51R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP51 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP50R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP50 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)



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## REGISTER 3-78: RPOR10: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 10

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP53R5 | RP53R4 | RP53R3 | RP53R2 | RP53R1 | RP53R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP52R5 | RP52R4 | RP52R3 | RP52R2 | RP52R1 | RP52R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP53<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP53 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0      **RP52R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP52 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

## REGISTER 3-79: RPOR11: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 11

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP55R5 | RP55R4 | RP55R3 | RP55R2 | RP55R1 | RP55R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP54R5 | RP54R4 | RP54R3 | RP54R2 | RP54R1 | RP54R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP55R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP55 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0      **RP54R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP54 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

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## REGISTER 3-80: RPOR12: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 12

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP57R5 | RP57R4 | RP57R3 | RP57R2 | RP57R1 | RP57R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP56R5 | RP56R4 | RP56R3 | RP56R2 | RP56R1 | RP56R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP57R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP57 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP56R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP56 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

## REGISTER 3-81: RPOR13: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 13

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP59R5 | RP59R4 | RP59R3 | RP59R2 | RP59R1 | RP59R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP58R5 | RP58R4 | RP58R3 | RP58R2 | RP58R1 | RP58R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP59R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP59 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP58R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP58 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

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## REGISTER 3-82: RPOR14: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 14

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP61R5 | RP61R4 | RP61R3 | RP61R2 | RP61R1 | RP61R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP60R5 | RP60R4 | RP60R3 | RP60R2 | RP60R1 | RP60R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP61R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP61 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0      **RP60R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP60 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

## REGISTER 3-83: RPOR15: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 15

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP63R5 | RP63R4 | RP63R3 | RP63R2 | RP63R1 | RP63R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP62R5 | RP62R4 | RP62R3 | RP62R2 | RP62R1 | RP62R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP63R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP63 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0      **RP62R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP62 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

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## REGISTER 3-84: RPOR16: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 16

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP65R5 | RP65R4 | RP65R3 | RP65R2 | RP65R1 | RP65R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP64R5 | RP64R4 | RP64R3 | RP64R2 | RP64R1 | RP64R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP65R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP65 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP64R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP64 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

## REGISTER 3-85: RPOR17: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 17

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP67R5 | RP67R4 | RP67R3 | RP67R2 | RP67R1 | RP67R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP66R5 | RP66R4 | RP66R3 | RP66R2 | RP66R1 | RP66R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP67R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP67 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP66R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP66 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

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## REGISTER 3-86: RPOR18: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 18

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP69R5 | RP69R4 | RP69R3 | RP69R2 | RP69R1 | RP69R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP68R5 | RP68R4 | RP68R3 | RP68R2 | RP68R1 | RP68R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP69R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP69 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0      **RP68R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP68 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

## REGISTER 3-87: RPOR19: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 19

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP71R5 | RP71R4 | RP71R3 | RP71R2 | RP71R1 | RP71R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP70R5 | RP70R4 | RP70R3 | RP70R2 | RP70R1 | RP70R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP71R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP71 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0      **RP70R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP70 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

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## REGISTER 3-88: RPOR20: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 20

|        |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |
|--------|-----|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  |
| —      | —   | RP177R5 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP177R4 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP177R3 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP177R2 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP177R1 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP177R0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 15 |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        | bit 8                  |

|       |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |
|-------|-----|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  |
| —     | —   | RP176R5 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP176R4 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP176R3 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP176R2 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP176R1 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP176R0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 7 |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        | bit 0                  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP177R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP177 Output Pin bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
                   (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP176R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP176 Output Pin bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
                   (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

**Note 1:** These are virtual output ports.

## REGISTER 3-89: RPOR21: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 21

|        |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |
|--------|-----|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  |
| —      | —   | RP179R5 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP179R4 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP179R3 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP179R2 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP179R1 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP179R0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 15 |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        | bit 8                  |

|       |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |
|-------|-----|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  |
| —     | —   | RP178R5 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP178R4 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP178R3 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP178R2 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP178R1 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP178R0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 7 |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        | bit 0                  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP179R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP179 Output Pin bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
                   (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP178R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP178 Output Pin bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
                   (see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

**Note 1:** These are virtual output ports.

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## REGISTER 3-90: RPOR22: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 22

|        |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |
|--------|-----|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  |
| —      | —   | RP181R5 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP181R4 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP181R3 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP181R2 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP181R1 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP181R0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 15 |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        | bit 8                  |

|       |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |
|-------|-----|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  |
| —     | —   | RP180R5 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP180R4 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP180R3 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP180R2 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP180R1 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP180R0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 7 |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        | bit 0                  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-8      **RP181R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP181 Output Pin bits  
(see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0      **RP180R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP180 Output Pin bits  
(see [Table 3-33](#) for peripheral function numbers)

**Note 1:** These are virtual output ports.

**TABLE 3-39: MASTER PPS INPUT CONTROL REGISTERS**

| Register | Bit 15   | Bit 14   | Bit 13   | Bit 12   | Bit 11   | Bit 10   | Bit 9    | Bit 8    | Bit 7     | Bit 6     | Bit 5     | Bit 4     | Bit 3     | Bit 2     | Bit 1     | Bit 0     |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| RPCON    | —        | —        | —        | —        | IOLOCK   | —        | —        | —        | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         |
| RPINR0   | INT1R7   | INT1R6   | INT1R5   | INT1R4   | INT1R3   | INT1R2   | INT1R1   | INT1R0   | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         |
| RPINR1   | INT3R7   | INT3R6   | INT3R5   | INT3R4   | INT3R3   | INT3R2   | INT3R1   | INT3R0   | INT2R7    | INT2R6    | INT2R5    | INT2R4    | INT2R3    | INT2R2    | INT2R1    | INT2R0    |
| RPINR2   | T1CKR7   | T1CKR6   | T1CKR5   | T1CKR4   | T1CKR3   | T1CKR2   | T1CKR1   | T1CKR0   | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         |
| RPINR3   | ICM1R7   | ICM1R6   | ICM1R5   | ICM1R4   | ICM1R3   | ICM1R2   | ICM1R1   | ICM1R0   | TCKI1R7   | TCKI1R6   | TCKI1R5   | TCKI1R4   | TCKI1R3   | TCKI1R2   | TCKI1R1   | TCKI1R0   |
| RPINR4   | ICM2R7   | ICM2R6   | ICM2R5   | ICM2R4   | ICM2R3   | ICM2R2   | ICM2R1   | ICM2R0   | TCKI2R7   | TCKI2R6   | TCKI2R5   | TCKI2R4   | TCKI2R3   | TCKI2R2   | TCKI2R1   | TCKI2R0   |
| RPINR5   | ICM3R7   | ICM3R6   | ICM3R5   | ICM3R4   | ICM3R3   | ICM3R2   | ICM3R1   | ICM3R0   | TCKI3R7   | TCKI3R6   | TCKI3R5   | TCKI3R4   | TCKI3R3   | TCKI3R2   | TCKI3R1   | TCKI3R0   |
| RPINR6   | ICM4R7   | ICM4R6   | ICM4R5   | ICM4R4   | ICM4R3   | ICM4R2   | ICM4R1   | ICM4R0   | TCKI4R7   | TCKI4R6   | TCKI4R5   | TCKI4R4   | TCKI4R3   | TCKI4R2   | TCKI4R1   | TCKI4R0   |
| RPINR7   | ICM5R7   | ICM5R6   | ICM5R5   | ICM5R4   | ICM5R3   | ICM5R2   | ICM5R1   | ICM5R0   | TCKI5R7   | TCKI5R6   | TCKI5R5   | TCKI5R4   | TCKI5R3   | TCKI5R2   | TCKI5R1   | TCKI5R0   |
| RPINR8   | ICM6R7   | ICM6R6   | ICM6R5   | ICM6R4   | ICM6R3   | ICM6R2   | ICM6R1   | ICM6R0   | TCKI6R7   | TCKI6R6   | TCKI6R5   | TCKI6R4   | TCKI6R3   | TCKI6R2   | TCKI6R1   | TCKI6R0   |
| RPINR9   | ICM7R7   | ICM7R6   | ICM7R5   | ICM7R4   | ICM7R3   | ICM7R2   | ICM7R1   | ICM7R0   | TCKI7R7   | TCKI7R6   | TCKI7R5   | TCKI7R4   | TCKI7R3   | TCKI7R2   | TCKI7R1   | TCKI7R0   |
| RPINR10  | ICM8R7   | ICM8R6   | ICM8R5   | ICM8R4   | ICM8R3   | ICM8R2   | ICM8R1   | ICM8R0   | TCKI8R7   | TCKI8R6   | TCKI8R5   | TCKI8R4   | TCKI8R3   | TCKI8R2   | TCKI8R1   | TCKI8R0   |
| RPINR11  | OCFBR7   | OCFBR6   | OCFBR5   | OCFBR4   | OCFBR3   | OCFBR2   | OCFBR1   | OCFBR0   | OCFAR7    | OCFAR6    | OCFAR5    | OCFAR4    | OCFAR3    | OCFAR2    | OCFAR1    | OCFAR0    |
| RPINR12  | PCI9R7   | PCI9R6   | PCI9R5   | PCI9R4   | PCI9R3   | PCI9R2   | PCI9R1   | PCI9R0   | PCI8R7    | PCI8R6    | PCI8R5    | PCI8R4    | PCI8R3    | PCI8R2    | PCI8R1    | PCI8R0    |
| RPINR13  | PCI11R7  | PCI11R6  | PCI11R5  | PCI11R4  | PCI11R3  | PCI11R2  | PCI11R1  | PCI11R0  | PCI10R7   | PCI10R6   | PCI10R5   | PCI10R4   | PCI10R3   | PCI10R2   | PCI10R1   | PCI10R0   |
| RPINR14  | QEIB1R7  | QEIB1R6  | QEIB1R5  | QEIB1R4  | QEIB1R3  | QEIB1R2  | QEIB1R1  | QEIB1R0  | QEIA1R7   | QEIA1R6   | QEIA1R5   | QEIA1R4   | QEIA1R3   | QEIA1R2   | QEIA1R1   | QEIA1R0   |
| RPINR15  | QEIHM1R7 | QEIHM1R6 | QEIHM1R5 | QEIHM1R4 | QEIHM1R3 | QEIHM1R2 | QEIHM1R1 | QEIHM1R0 | QEINDX1R7 | QEINDX1R6 | QEINDX1R5 | QEINDX1R4 | QEINDX1R3 | QEINDX1R2 | QEINDX1R1 | QEINDX1R0 |
| RPINR18  | U1DSRR7  | U1DSRR6  | U1DSRR5  | U1DSRR4  | U1DSRR3  | U1DSRR2  | U1DSRR1  | U1DSRR0  | U1RXR7    | U1RXR6    | U1RXR5    | U1RXR4    | U1RXR3    | U1RXR2    | U1RXR1    | U1RXR0    |
| RPINR19  | U2DSRR7  | U2DSRR6  | U2DSRR5  | U2DSRR4  | U2DSRR3  | U2DSRR2  | U2DSRR1  | U2DSRR0  | U2RXR7    | U2RXR6    | U2RXR5    | U2RXR4    | U2RXR3    | U2RXR2    | U2RXR1    | U2RXR0    |
| RPINR20  | SCK1R7   | SCK1R6   | SCK1R5   | SCK1R4   | SCK1R3   | SCK1R2   | SCK1R1   | SCK1R0   | SDI1R7    | SDI1R6    | SDI1R5    | SDI1R4    | SDI1R3    | SDI1R2    | SDI1R1    | SDI1R0    |
| RPINR21  | REFOIR7  | REFOIR6  | REFOIR5  | REFOIR4  | REFOIR3  | REFOIR2  | REFOIR1  | REFOIR0  | SS1R7     | SS1R6     | SS1R5     | SS1R4     | SS1R3     | SS1R2     | SS1R1     | SS1R0     |
| RPINR22  | SCK2R7   | SCK2R6   | SCK2R5   | SCK2R4   | SCK2R3   | SCK2R2   | SCK2R1   | SCK2R0   | SDI2R7    | SDI2R6    | SDI2R5    | SDI2R4    | SDI2R3    | SDI2R2    | SDI2R1    | SDI2R0    |
| RPINR23  | U1CTSR7  | U1CTSR6  | U1CTSR5  | U1CTSR4  | U1CTSR3  | U1CTSR2  | U1CTSR1  | U1CTSR0  | SS2R7     | SS2R6     | SS2R5     | SS2R4     | SS2R3     | SS2R2     | SS2R1     | SS2R0     |
| RPINR26  | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | CAN1RXR7  | CAN1RXR6  | CAN1RXR5  | CAN1RXR4  | CAN1RXR3  | CAN1RXR2  | CAN1RXR1  | CAN1RXR0  |
| RPINR30  | U2CTSR7  | U2CTSR6  | U2CTSR5  | U2CTSR4  | U2CTSR3  | U2CTSR2  | U2CTSR1  | U2CTSR0  | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         |
| RPINR37  | PCI17R7  | PCI17R6  | PCI17R5  | PCI17R4  | PCI17R3  | PCI17R2  | PCI17R1  | PCI17R0  | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         |
| RPINR38  | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | PCI18R7   | PCI18R6   | PCI18R5   | PCI18R4   | PCI18R3   | PCI18R2   | PCI18R1   | PCI18R0   |
| RPINR42  | PCI13R7  | PCI13R6  | PCI13R5  | PCI13R4  | PCI13R3  | PCI13R2  | PCI13R1  | PCI13R0  | PCI12R7   | PCI12R6   | PCI12R5   | PCI12R4   | PCI12R3   | PCI12R2   | PCI12R1   | PCI12R0   |
| RPINR43  | PCI15R7  | PCI15R6  | PCI15R5  | PCI15R4  | PCI15R3  | PCI15R2  | PCI15R1  | PCI15R0  | PCI14R7   | PCI14R6   | PCI14R5   | PCI14R4   | PCI14R3   | PCI14R2   | PCI14R1   | PCI14R0   |
| RPINR44  | SENT1R7  | SENT1R6  | SENT1R5  | SENT1R4  | SENT1R3  | SENT1R2  | SENT1R1  | SENT1R0  | PCI16R7   | PCI16R6   | PCI16R5   | PCI16R4   | PCI16R3   | PCI16R2   | PCI16R1   | PCI16R0   |
| RPINR45  | CLCINAR7 | CLCINAR6 | CLCINAR5 | CLCINAR4 | CLCINAR3 | CLCINAR2 | CLCINAR1 | CLCINAR0 | SENT2R7   | SENT2R6   | SENT2R5   | SENT2R4   | SENT2R3   | SENT2R2   | SENT2R1   | SENT2R0   |
| RPINR46  | CLCINCR7 | CLCINCR6 | CLCINCR5 | CLCINCR4 | CLCINCR3 | CLCINCR2 | CLCINCR1 | CLCINCR0 | CLCINBR7  | CLCINBR6  | CLCINBR5  | CLCINBR4  | CLCINBR3  | CLCINBR2  | CLCINBR1  | CLCINBR0  |
| RPINR47  | ADCTRGR7 | ADCTRGR6 | ADCTRGR5 | ADCTRGR4 | ADCTRGR3 | ADCTRGR2 | ADCTRGR1 | ADCTRGR0 | CLCINDR7  | CLCINDR6  | CLCINDR5  | CLCINDR4  | CLCINDR3  | CLCINDR2  | CLCINDR1  | CLCINDR0  |



**TABLE 3-40: MASTER PPS OUTPUT CONTROL REGISTERS**

| Register | Bit 15 | Bit 14 | Bit 13  | Bit 12  | Bit 11  | Bit 10  | Bit 9   | Bit 8   | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5   | Bit 4   | Bit 3   | Bit 2   | Bit 1   | Bit 0   |
|----------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| RPOR0    | —      | —      | RP33R5  | RP33R4  | RP33R3  | RP33R2  | RP33R1  | RP33R0  | —     | —     | RP32R5  | RP32R4  | RP32R3  | RP32R2  | RP32R1  | RP32R0  |
| RPOR1    | —      | —      | RP35R5  | RP35R4  | RP35R3  | RP35R2  | RP35R1  | RP35R0  | —     | —     | RP34R5  | RP34R4  | RP34R3  | RP34R2  | RP34R1  | RP34R0  |
| RPOR2    | —      | —      | RP37R5  | RP37R4  | RP37R3  | RP37R2  | RP37R1  | RP37R0  | —     | —     | RP36R5  | RP36R4  | RP36R3  | RP36R2  | RP36R1  | RP36R0  |
| RPOR3    | —      | —      | RP39R5  | RP39R4  | RP39R3  | RP39R2  | RP39R1  | RP39R0  | —     | —     | RP38R5  | RP38R4  | RP38R3  | RP38R2  | RP38R1  | RP38R0  |
| RPOR4    | —      | —      | RP41R5  | RP41R4  | RP41R3  | RP41R2  | RP41R1  | RP41R0  | —     | —     | RP40R5  | RP40R4  | RP40R3  | RP40R2  | RP40R1  | RP40R0  |
| RPOR5    | —      | —      | RP43R5  | RP43R4  | RP43R3  | RP43R2  | RP43R1  | RP43R0  | —     | —     | RP42R5  | RP42R4  | RP42R3  | RP42R2  | RP42R1  | RP42R0  |
| RPOR6    | —      | —      | RP45R5  | RP45R4  | RP45R3  | RP45R2  | RP45R1  | RP45R0  | —     | —     | RP44R5  | RP44R4  | RP44R3  | RP44R2  | RP44R1  | RP44R0  |
| RPOR7    | —      | —      | RP47R5  | RP47R4  | RP47R3  | RP47R2  | RP47R1  | RP47R0  | —     | —     | RP46R5  | RP46R4  | RP46R3  | RP46R2  | RP46R1  | RP46R0  |
| RPOR8    | —      | —      | RP49R5  | RP49R4  | RP49R3  | RP49R2  | RP49R1  | RP49R0  | —     | —     | RP48R5  | RP48R4  | RP48R3  | RP48R2  | RP48R1  | RP48R0  |
| RPOR9    | —      | —      | RP51R5  | RP51R4  | RP51R3  | RP51R2  | RP51R1  | RP51R0  | —     | —     | RP50R5  | RP50R4  | RP50R3  | RP50R2  | RP50R1  | RP50R0  |
| RPOR10   | —      | —      | RP53R5  | RP53R4  | RP53R3  | RP53R2  | RP53R1  | RP53R0  | —     | —     | RP52R5  | RP52R4  | RP52R3  | RP52R2  | RP52R1  | RP52R0  |
| RPOR11   | —      | —      | RP55R5  | RP55R4  | RP55R3  | RP55R2  | RP55R1  | RP55R0  | —     | —     | RP54R5  | RP54R4  | RP54R3  | RP54R2  | RP54R1  | RP54R0  |
| RPOR12   | —      | —      | RP57R5  | RP57R4  | RP57R3  | RP57R2  | RP57R1  | RP57R0  | —     | —     | RP56R5  | RP56R4  | RP56R3  | RP56R2  | RP56R1  | RP56R0  |
| RPOR13   | —      | —      | RP59R5  | RP59R4  | RP59R3  | RP59R2  | RP59R1  | RP59R0  | —     | —     | RP58R5  | RP58R4  | RP58R3  | RP58R2  | RP58R1  | RP58R0  |
| RPOR14   | —      | —      | RP61R5  | RP61R4  | RP61R3  | RP61R2  | RP61R1  | RP61R0  | —     | —     | RP60R5  | RP60R4  | RP60R3  | RP60R2  | RP60R1  | RP60R0  |
| RPOR15   | —      | —      | RP63R5  | RP63R4  | RP63R3  | RP63R2  | RP63R1  | RP63R0  | —     | —     | RP62R5  | RP62R4  | RP62R3  | RP62R2  | RP62R1  | RP62R0  |
| RPOR16   | —      | —      | RP65R5  | RP65R4  | RP65R3  | RP65R2  | RP65R1  | RP65R0  | —     | —     | RP64R5  | RP64R4  | RP64R3  | RP64R2  | RP64R1  | RP64R0  |
| RPOR17   | —      | —      | RP67R5  | RP67R4  | RP67R3  | RP67R2  | RP67R1  | RP67R0  | —     | —     | RP66R5  | RP66R4  | RP66R3  | RP66R2  | RP66R1  | RP66R0  |
| RPOR18   | —      | —      | RP69R5  | RP69R4  | RP69R3  | RP69R2  | RP69R1  | RP69R0  | —     | —     | RP68R5  | RP68R4  | RP68R3  | RP68R2  | RP68R1  | RP68R0  |
| RPOR19   | —      | —      | RP71R5  | RP71R4  | RP71R3  | RP71R2  | RP71R1  | RP71R0  | —     | —     | RP70R5  | RP70R4  | RP70R3  | RP70R2  | RP70R1  | RP70R0  |
| RPOR20   | —      | —      | RP177R5 | RP177R4 | RP177R3 | RP177R2 | RP177R1 | RP177R0 | —     | —     | RP176R5 | RP176R4 | RP176R3 | RP176R2 | RP176R1 | RP176R0 |
| RPOR21   | —      | —      | RP179R5 | RP179R4 | RP179R3 | RP179R2 | RP179R1 | RP179R0 | —     | —     | RP178R5 | RP178R4 | RP178R3 | RP178R2 | RP178R1 | RP178R0 |
| RPOR22   | —      | —      | RP181R5 | RP181R4 | RP181R3 | RP181R2 | RP181R1 | RP181R0 | —     | —     | RP180R5 | RP180R4 | RP180R3 | RP180R2 | RP180R1 | RP180R0 |

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## 3.7 Deadman Timer (DMT) (Master Only)

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**Deadman Timer (DMT)**” (DS70005155) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

**2:** The Slave core does not have any DMT module; only the Master has the DMT.

The primary function of the Deadman Timer (DMT) is to interrupt the processor in the event of a software malfunction. The DMT, which works on the system clock, is a free-running instruction fetch timer, which is clocked whenever an instruction fetch occurs, until a count match occurs. Instructions are not fetched when the processor is in Sleep mode.

DMT can be enabled in the Configuration fuse or by software in the DMTCON register by setting the ON bit. The DMT consists of a 32-bit counter with a time-out count match value, as specified by the two 16-bit Configuration Fuse registers: FDMTCNTL and FDMTCNTH.

A DMT is typically used in mission-critical and safety-critical applications, where any single failure of the software functionality and sequencing must be detected. Table 3-41 shows an overview of the DMT module.

**TABLE 3-41: DMT MODULE OVERVIEW**

|             | No. of DMT Modules | Identical (Modules) |
|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Master Core | 1                  | No                  |
| Slave Core  | None               | NA                  |

Figure 3-22 shows a block diagram of the Deadman Timer module.

**FIGURE 3-22: DEADMAN TIMER BLOCK DIAGRAM**



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## 3.7.1 DEADMAN TIMER CONTROL REGISTERS

### REGISTER 3-91: DMTCON: DEADMAN TIMER CONTROL REGISTER

|                   |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R/W-0             | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| ON <sup>(1)</sup> | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15            |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

#### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15                      **ON:** DMT Module Enable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
                                     1 = Deadman Timer module is enabled  
                                     0 = Deadman Timer module is not enabled

bit 14-0                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note 1:** This bit has control only when DMTDIS = 0 in the FDMT register.

### REGISTER 3-92: DMTPRECLR: DEADMAN TIMER PRECLEAR REGISTER

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| STEP1<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15     |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

#### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **STEP1<7:0>:** DMT Preclear Enable bits  
                                     01000000 = Enables the Deadman Timer preclear (Step 1)  
                                     All Other  
                                     Write Patterns = Sets the BAD1 flag; these bits are cleared when a DMT Reset event occurs.  
                                     STEP1<7:0> bits are also cleared if the STEP2<7:0> bits are loaded with the correct  
                                     value in the correct sequence.

bit 7-0                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 3-93: DMTCLR: DEADMAN TIMER CLEAR REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| STEP2<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-0                      **STEP2<7:0>:** DMT Clear Timer bits

00001000 = Clears STEP1<7:0>, STEP2<7:0> and the Deadman Timer if preceded by the correct loading of the STEP1<7:0> bits in the correct sequence. The write to these bits may be verified by reading the DMTCNTL/H register and observing the counter being reset.

All Other

Write Patterns = Sets the BAD2 bit; the value of STEP1<7:0> will remain unchanged and the new value being written to STEP2<7:0> will be captured. These bits are cleared when a DMT Reset event occurs.

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## REGISTER 3-94: DMTSTAT: DEADMAN TIMER STATUS REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|        |        |          |     |     |     |     |        |
|--------|--------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| HC/R-0 | HC/R-0 | HC/R-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R-0    |
| BAD1   | BAD2   | DMTEVENT | —   | —   | —   | —   | WINOPN |
| bit 7  |        |          |     |     |     |     | bit 0  |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | HC = Hardware Clearable bit        |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15-8      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7        **BAD1:** Deadman Timer Bad STEP1<7:0> Value Detect bit
  - 1 = Incorrect STEP1<7:0> value was detected
  - 0 = Incorrect STEP1<7:0> value was not detected
- bit 6        **BAD2:** Deadman Timer Bad STEP2<7:0> Value Detect bit
  - 1 = Incorrect STEP2<7:0> value was detected
  - 0 = Incorrect STEP2<7:0> value was not detected
- bit 5        **DMTEVENT:** Deadman Timer Event bit
  - 1 = Deadman Timer event was detected (counter expired, or bad STEP1<7:0> or STEP2<7:0> value was entered prior to counter increment)
  - 0 = Deadman Timer event was not detected
- bit 4-1      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 0        **WINOPN:** Deadman Timer Clear Window bit
  - 1 = Deadman Timer clear window is open
  - 0 = Deadman Timer clear window is not open

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## REGISTER 3-95: DMTCNTL: DEADMAN TIMER COUNT REGISTER LOW

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| COUNTER<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15        |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| COUNTER<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7        |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **COUNTER<15:0>**: Read Current Contents of Lower DMT Counter bits

## REGISTER 3-96: DMTCNTH: DEADMAN TIMER COUNT REGISTER HIGH

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| COUNTER<31:24> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15         |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| COUNTER<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7          |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **COUNTER<31:16>**: Read Current Contents of Higher DMT Counter bits

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## REGISTER 3-97: DMTSCNTL: DMT POST-CONFIGURE COUNT STATUS REGISTER LOW

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PSCNT<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PSCNT<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |  |  |  |  |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |  |  |  |  |

bit 15-0      **PSCNT<15:0>**: Lower DMT Instruction Count Value Configuration Status bits  
 This is always the value of the FDMTCNTL Configuration register.

## REGISTER 3-98: DMTSCNTH: DMT POST-CONFIGURE COUNT STATUS REGISTER HIGH

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PSCNT<31:24> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PSCNT<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7        |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |  |  |  |  |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |  |  |  |  |

bit 15-0      **PSCNT<31:16>**: Higher DMT Instruction Count Value Configuration Status bits  
 This is always the value of the FDMTCNTH Configuration register.

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## REGISTER 3-99: DMTPSINTVL: DMT POST-CONFIGURE INTERVAL STATUS REGISTER LOW

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PSINTV<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PSINTV<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **PSINTV<15:0>**: Lower DMT Window Interval Configuration Status bits  
 This is always the value of the FDMTIVTL Configuration register.

## REGISTER 3-100: DMTPSINTVH: DMT POST-CONFIGURE INTERVAL STATUS REGISTER HIGH

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PSINTV<31:24> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15        |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PSINTV<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **PSINTV<31:16>**: Higher DMT Window Interval Configuration Status bits  
 This is always the value of the FDMTIVTH Configuration register.



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 3-101: DMTHOLDREG: DMT HOLD REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| UPRCNT<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 8        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| UPRCNT<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 0       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **UPRCNT<15:0>**: DMTCNTH Register Value when DMTCNTL and DMTCNTH were Last Read bits

**Note 1:** The DMTHOLDREG register is initialized to '0' on Reset, and is only loaded when the DMTCNTL and DMTCNTH registers are read.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 3.8 Controller Area Network (CAN FD) Module (Master Only)

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**CAN Flexible Data-Rate (FD) Protocol Module**” (DS70005340 in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

**2:** Only the Master core has a CAN FD module.

Table 3-42 shows an overview of the CAN FD module.

**TABLE 3-42: CAN FD MODULE OVERVIEW**

|             | Number of CAN Modules | Identical (Modules) |
|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Master Core | 1                     | NA                  |
| Slave Core  | None                  | NA                  |

### 3.8.1 FEATURES

The CAN FD module has the following features:

#### General

- Nominal (Arbitration) Bit Rate up to 1 Mbps
- Data Bit Rate up to 8 Mbps
- CAN FD Controller modes:
  - Mixed CAN 2.0B and CAN FD mode
  - CAN 2.0B mode
- Conforms to ISO11898-1:2015

#### Message FIFOs

- Seven FIFOs, Configurable as Transmit or Receive FIFOs
- One Transmit Queue (TXQ)
- Transmit Event FIFO (TEF) with 32-Bit Timestamp

#### Message Transmission

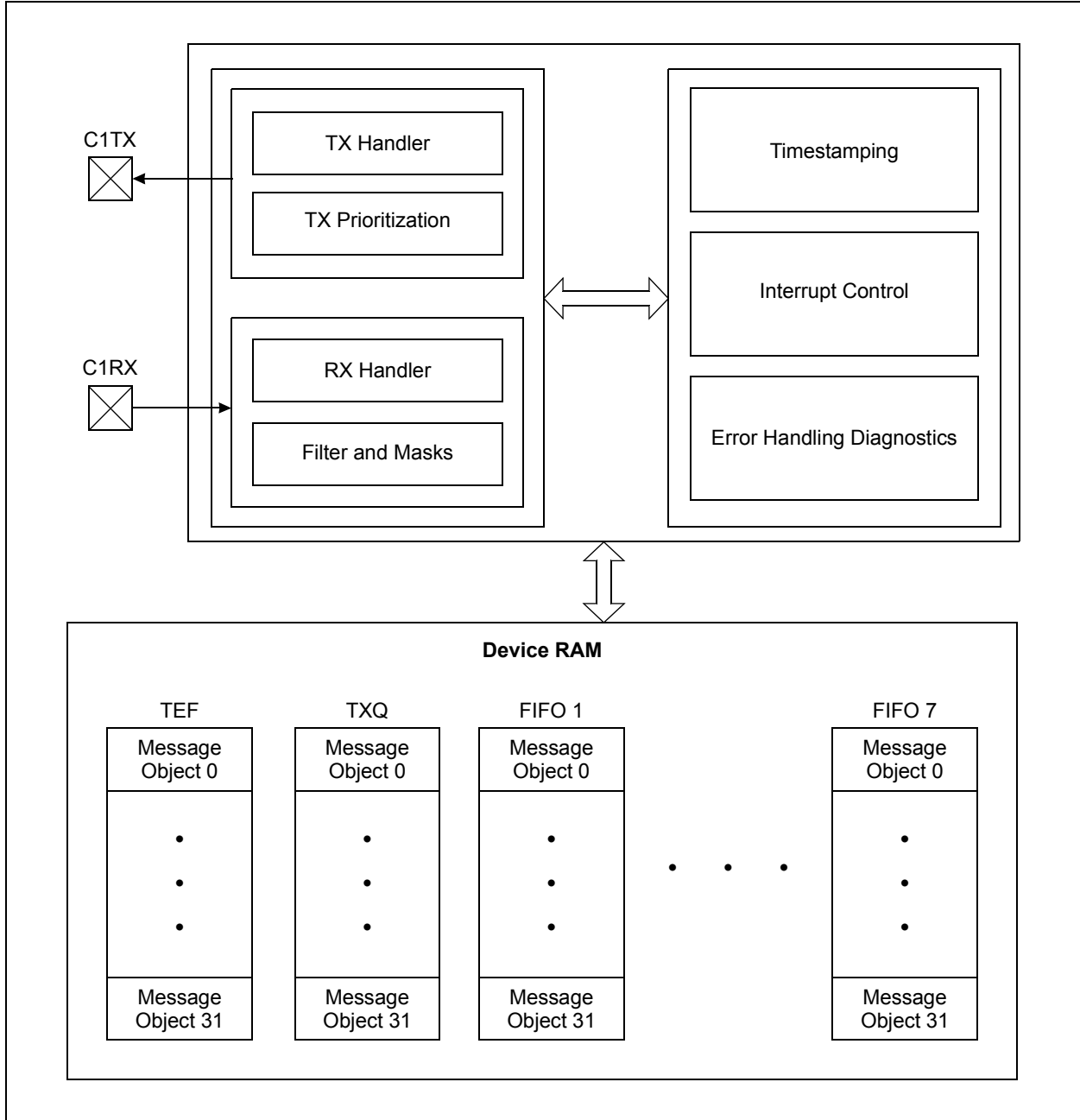
- Message Transmission Prioritization:
  - Based on priority bit field, and/or
  - Message with lowest ID gets transmitted first using the TXQ
- Programmable Automatic Retransmission Attempts: Unlimited, Three Attempts or Disabled

#### Message Reception

- 16 Flexible Filter and Mask Objects.
- Each Object can be Configured to Filter either:
  - Standard ID + first 18 data bits or
  - Extended ID
- 32-Bit Timestamp.
- The CAN FD Bit Stream Processor (BSP) Implements the Medium Access Control of the CAN FD Protocol Described in ISO11898-1:2015. It serializes and deserializes the bit stream, encodes and decodes the CAN FD frames, manages the medium access, Acknowledges frames, and detects and signals errors.
- The TX Handler Prioritizes the Messages that are Requested for Transmission by the Transmit FIFOs. It uses the RAM interface to fetch the transmit data from RAM and provides it to the BSP for transmission.
- The BSP provides Received Messages to the RX Handler. The RX handler uses acceptance filters to filter out messages that shall be stored in the Receive FIFOs. It uses the RAM interface to store received data into RAM.
- Each FIFO can be Configured either as a Transmit or Receive FIFO. The FIFO control keeps track of the FIFO head and tail, and calculates the user address. In a TX FIFO, the user address points to the address in RAM where the data for the next transmit message shall be stored. In an RX FIFO, the user address points to the address in RAM where the data of the next receive message shall be read. The user notifies the FIFO that a message was written to or read from RAM by incrementing the head/tail of the FIFO.
- The Transmit Queue (TXQ) is a Special Transmit FIFO that Transmits the Messages based on the ID of the Messages Stored in the Queue.
- The Transmit Event FIFO (TEF) Stores the Message IDs of the Transmitted Messages.
- A Free-Running Time Base Counter is used to Timestamp Received Messages. Messages in the TEF can also be timestamped.
- The CAN FD Controller module Generates Interrupts when New Messages are Received or when Messages were Transmitted Successfully.

Figure 3-23 shows the CAN FD system block diagram.

FIGURE 3-23: CAN FD MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 3.8.2 CAN CONTROL/STATUS REGISTERS

### REGISTER 3-102: C1CONH: CAN CONTROL REGISTER HIGH

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | S/HC-0 | R/W-1  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| TXBWS3 | TXBWS2 | TXBWS1 | TXBWS0 | ABAT   | REQOP2 | REQOP1 | REQOP0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|        |        |        |                      |                     |                        |                      |                      |
|--------|--------|--------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| R-1    | R-0    | R-0    | R/W-1                | R/W-1               | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                | R/W-0                |
| OPMOD2 | OPMOD1 | OPMOD0 | TXQEN <sup>(1)</sup> | STEF <sup>(1)</sup> | SERRLOM <sup>(1)</sup> | ESIGM <sup>(1)</sup> | RTXAT <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 7  |        |        |                      |                     |                        |                      | bit 0                |

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | S = Settable bit | HC = Hardware Clearable bit        |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

bit 15-12 **TXBWS<3:0>**: Transmit Bandwidth Sharing bits

- 1111-1100 = 4096
- 1011 = 2048
- 1010 = 1024
- 1001 = 512
- 1000 = 256
- 0111 = 128
- 0110 = 64
- 0101 = 32
- 0100 = 16
- 0011 = 8
- 0010 = 4
- 0001 = 2
- 0000 = No delay

bit 11 **ABAT**: Abort All Pending Transmissions bit

- 1 = Signals all transmit buffers to abort transmission
- 0 = Module will clear this bit when all transmissions are aborted

bit 10-8 **REQOP<2:0>**: Request Operation Mode bits

- 111 = Sets Restricted Operation mode
- 110 = Sets Normal CAN 2.0 mode; error frames on CAN FD frames
- 101 = Sets External Loopback mode
- 100 = Sets Configuration mode
- 011 = Sets Listen Only mode
- 010 = Sets Internal Loopback mode
- 001 = Sets Disable mode
- 000 = Sets Normal CAN FD mode; supports mixing of full CAN FD and classic CAN 2.0 frames

bit 7-5 **OPMOD<2:0>**: Operation Mode Status bits

- 111 = Module is in Restricted Operation mode
- 110 = Module is in Normal CAN 2.0 mode; error frames on CAN FD frames
- 101 = Module is in External Loopback mode
- 100 = Module is in Configuration mode
- 011 = Module is in Listen Only mode
- 010 = Module is in Internal Loopback mode
- 001 = Module is in Disable mode
- 000 = Module is in Normal CAN FD mode; supports mixing of full CAN FD and classic CAN 2.0 frames

**Note 1:** These bits can only be modified in Configuration mode (OPMOD<2:0> = 100).

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## REGISTER 3-102: C1CONH: CAN CONTROL REGISTER HIGH (CONTINUED)

- bit 4      **TXQEN:** Enable Transmit Queue bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = Enables Transmit Message Queue (TXQ) and reserves space in RAM  
0 = Does not reserve space in RAM for TXQ
- bit 3      **STEF:** Store in Transmit Event FIFO bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = Saves transmitted messages in TEF  
0 = Does not save transmitted messages in TEF
- bit 2      **SERRLOM:** Transition to Listen Only Mode on System Error bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = Transitions to Listen Only mode  
0 = Transitions to Restricted Operation mode
- bit 1      **ESIGM:** Transmit ESI in Gateway Mode bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = ESI is transmitted as recessive when ESI of the message is high or CAN controller is error passive  
0 = ESI reflects error status of CAN controller
- bit 0      **RTXAT:** Restrict Retransmission Attempts bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = Restricted retransmission attempts, uses TXAT<1:0> bits (C1TXQCONH<6:5>)  
0 = Unlimited number of retransmission attempts, TXAT<1:0> bits will be ignored

**Note 1:** These bits can only be modified in Configuration mode (OPMOD<2:0> = 100).

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## REGISTER 3-103: C1CONL: CAN CONTROL REGISTER LOW

|        |     |       |        |       |       |       |                       |
|--------|-----|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1                 |
| CON    | —   | SIDL  | BRSDIS | BUSY  | WFT1  | WFT0  | WAKFIL <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 15 |     |       |        |       |       | bit 8 |                       |

|                       |                       |                         |        |        |        |        |        |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0                 | R/W-1                 | R/W-1                   | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| CLKSEL <sup>(1)</sup> | PXEDIS <sup>(1)</sup> | ISOCRCEN <sup>(1)</sup> | DNCNT4 | DNCNT3 | DNCNT2 | DNCNT1 | DNCNT0 |
| bit 7                 |                       |                         |        |        |        | bit 0  |        |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15            **CON:** CAN Enable bit  
                   1 = CAN module is enabled  
                   0 = CAN module is disabled
- bit 14            **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13            **SIDL:** CAN Stop in Idle Control bit  
                   1 = Stops module operation in Idle mode  
                   0 = Does not stop module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12            **BRSDIS:** Bit Rate Switching (BRS) Disable bit  
                   1 = Bit Rate Switching is disabled, regardless of BRS in the transmit message object  
                   0 = Bit Rate Switching depends on BRS in the transmit message object
- bit 11            **BUSY:** CAN Module is Busy bit  
                   1 = The CAN module is active  
                   0 = The CAN module is inactive
- bit 10-9        **WFT<1:0>:** Selectable Wake-up Filter Time bits  
                   11 = T11FILTER  
                   10 = T10FILTER  
                   01 = T01FILTER  
                   00 = T00FILTER
- bit 8            **WAKFIL:** Enable CAN Bus Line Wake-up Filter bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
                   1 = Uses CAN bus line filter for wake-up  
                   0 = CAN bus line filter is not used for wake-up
- bit 7            **CLKSEL:** Module Clock Source Select bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
                   1 = AFPLLO is selected as the source  
                   0 = FCAN is selected as the source
- bit 6            **PXEDIS:** Protocol Exception Event Detection Disabled bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
                   A recessive "reserved bit" following a recessive FDF bit is called a Protocol Exception.  
                   1 = Protocol Exception is treated as a form error  
                   0 = If a Protocol Exception is detected, CAN will enter the bus integrating state
- bit 5            **ISOCRCEN:** Enable ISO CRC in CAN FD Frames bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
                   1 = Includes stuff bit count in CRC field and uses non-zero CRC initialization vector  
                   0 = Does not include stuff bit count in CRC field and uses CRC initialization vector with all zeros
- bit 4-0        **DNCNT<4:0>:** DeviceNet™ Filter Bit Number bits  
                   10011-11111 = Invalid selection (compares up to 18 bits of data with EID)  
                   10010 = Compares up to Data Byte 2, bit 6 with EID17  
                   ...  
                   00001 = Compares up to Data Byte 0, bit 7 with EID0  
                   00000 = Does not compare data bytes

**Note 1:** These bits can only be modified in Configuration mode (OPMOD<2:0> = 100).

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## REGISTER 3-104: C1NBTCFGH: CAN NOMINAL BIT TIME CONFIGURATION REGISTER HIGH<sup>(1)</sup>

|          |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| BRP<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15   |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| TSEG1<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15-8      **BRP<7:0>**: Baud Rate Prescaler bits

1111 1111 =  $T_q = 256/F_{sys}$

...

0000 0000 =  $T_q = 1/F_{sys}$

bit 7-0      **TSEG1<7:0>**: Time Segment 1 bits (Propagation Segment + Phase Segment 1)

1111 1111 = Length is  $256 \times T_q$

...

0000 0000 = Length is  $1 \times T_q$

**Note 1:** These bits can only be modified in Configuration mode (OPMOD<2:0> = 100).

## REGISTER 3-105: C1NBTCFGL: CAN NOMINAL BIT TIME CONFIGURATION REGISTER LOW<sup>(1)</sup>

|        |            |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0    | R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| —      | TSEG2<6:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15 |            |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|       |          |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | R/W-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| —     | SJW<6:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7 |          |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-8      **TSEG2<6:0>**: Time Segment 2 bits (Phase Segment 2)

111 1111 = Length is  $128 \times T_q$

...

000 0000 = Length is  $1 \times T_q$

bit 7      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-0      **SJW<6:0>**: Synchronization Jump Width bits

111 1111 = Length is  $128 \times T_q$

...

000 0000 = Length is  $1 \times T_q$

**Note 1:** These bits can only be modified in Configuration mode (OPMOD<2:0> = 100).

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## REGISTER 3-106: C1DBTCFGH: CAN DATA BIT TIME CONFIGURATION REGISTER HIGH<sup>(1)</sup>

|          |       |       |            |       |       |       |       |
|----------|-------|-------|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| BRP<7:0> |       |       |            |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15   |       |       |            |       |       |       | bit 8 |
| U-0      | U-0   | U-0   | R/W-0      | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-0 |
| —        | —     | —     | TSEG1<4:0> |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7    |       |       |            |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-8        **BRP<7:0>**: Baud Rate Prescaler bits  
                   1111 1111 = Tq = 256/Fsys  
                   ...  
                   0000 0000 = Tq = 1/Fsys
- bit 7-5        **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'
- bit 4-0        **TSEG1<4:0>**: Time Segment 1 bits (Propagation Segment + Phase Segment 1)  
                   1 1111 = Length is 32 x Tq  
                   ...  
                   0 0000 = Length is 1 x Tq

**Note 1:** This register can only be modified in Configuration mode (OPMOD<2:0> = 100).

## REGISTER 3-107: C1DBTCFGL: CAN DATA BIT TIME CONFIGURATION REGISTER LOW<sup>(1)</sup>

|        |     |     |     |            |       |       |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|------------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | TSEG2<3:0> |       |       |       |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |            |       |       | bit 8 |
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | SJW<3:0>   |       |       |       |
| bit 7  |     |     |     |            |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-12      **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'
- bit 11-8      **TSEG2<3:0>**: Time Segment 2 bits (Phase Segment 2)  
                   1111 = Length is 16 x Tq  
                   ...  
                   0000 = Length is 1 x Tq
- bit 7-4        **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'
- bit 3-0        **SJW<3:0>**: Synchronization Jump Width bits  
                   1111 = Length is 16 x Tq  
                   ...  
                   0000 = Length is 1 x Tq

**Note 1:** This register can only be modified in Configuration mode (OPMOD<2:0> = 100).



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## REGISTER 3-108: C1TDCH: CAN TRANSMITTER DELAY COMPENSATION REGISTER HIGH<sup>(1)</sup>

|        |     |     |     |     |     |          |         |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|---------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | EDGFLTEN | SID11EN |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8    |         |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |         |         |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|---------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-1   | R/W-0   |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | TDCMOD1 | TDCMOD0 |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0   |         |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-10 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 9 **EDGFLTEN:** Enable Edge Filtering During Bus Integration State bit

1 = Edge filtering is enabled according to ISO11898-1:2015

0 = Edge filtering is disabled

bit 8 **SID11EN:** Enable 12-Bit SID in CAN FD Base Format Messages bit

1 = RRS is used as SID11 in CAN FD base format messages: SID<11:0> = {SID<10:0>, SID11}

0 = Does not use RRS; SID<10:0>

bit 7-2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 1-0 **TDCMOD<1:0>:** Transmitter Delay Compensation Mode bits (Secondary Sample Point (SSP))

10-11 = Auto: Measures delay and adds TSEG1<4:0> (C1DBTCFGH<4:0>), adds TDCO<6:0>

01 = Manual: Does not measure, uses TDCV<5:0> + TDCO<6:0> from register

00 = Disable

**Note 1:** This register can only be modified in Configuration mode (OPMOD<2:0> = 100).

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## REGISTER 3-109: C1TDCL: CAN TRANSMITTER DELAY COMPENSATION REGISTER LOW<sup>(1)</sup>

|        |           |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0    | R/W-0     | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —      | TDCO<6:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15 |           |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|       |     |           |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0     | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | TDCV<5:0> |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7 |     |           |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 14-8                      **TDCO<6:0>:** Transmitter Delay Compensation Offset bits (Secondary Sample Point (SSP))  
     111 1111 = -64 x T<sub>SYS</sub>  
     ...  
     011 1111 = 63 x T<sub>SYS</sub>  
     ...  
     000 0000 = 0 x T<sub>SYS</sub>  
 bit 7-6                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 5-0                      **TDCV<5:0>:** Transmitter Delay Compensation Value bits (Secondary Sample Point (SSP))  
     11 1111 = FP  
     ...  
     00 0000 = 0 x FP

**Note 1:** This register can only be modified in Configuration mode (OPMOD<2:0> = 100).

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## REGISTER 3-110: C1TBCH: CAN TIME BASE COUNTER REGISTER HIGH<sup>(1,2)</sup>

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| TBC<31:24> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15     |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| TBC<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **TBC<31:16>** CAN Time Base Counter bits  
 This is a free-running timer that increments every TBCPREx clock when TBCEN is set.

- Note 1:** The Time Base Counter (TBC) will be stopped and reset when TBCEN = 0 to save power.  
**2:** The TBC prescaler count will be reset on any write to C1TBCH/L (TBCPREx will be unaffected).

## REGISTER 3-111: C1TBCL: CAN TIME BASE COUNTER REGISTER LOW<sup>(1,2)</sup>

|           |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0     | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| TBC<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15    |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|          |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| TBC<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7    |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **TBC<15:0>** CAN Time Base Counter bits  
 This is a free-running timer that increments every TBCPREx clock when TBCEN is set.

- Note 1:** The TBC will be stopped and reset when TBCEN = 0 to save power.  
**2:** The TBC prescaler count will be reset on any write to C1TBCH/L (TBCPREx will be unaffected).

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## REGISTER 3-112: C1TSCONH: CAN TIMESTAMP CONTROL REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |     |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | TSRES | TSEOF | TBCEN |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-3        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2         **TSRES:** Timestamp Reset bit (CAN FD frames only)
  - 1 = At sample point of the bit following the FDF bit
  - 0 = At sample point of Start-of-Frame (SOF)
- bit 1         **TSEOF:** Timestamp End-of-Frame (EOF) bit
  - 1 = Timestamp when frame is taken valid (11898-1 10.7):
    - RX no error until last, but one bit of EOF
    - TX no error until the end of EOF
  - 0 = Timestamp at "beginning" of frame:
    - Classical Frame: At sample point of SOF
    - FD Frame: see TSRES bit
- bit 0         **TBCEN:** Time Base Counter Enable bit
  - 1 = Enables TBC
  - 0 = Stops and resets TBC

## REGISTER 3-113: C1TSCONL: CAN TIMESTAMP CONTROL REGISTER LOW

|        |     |     |     |     |     |             |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0       | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | TBCPRE<9:8> |       |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |             | bit 8 |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| TBCPRE<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-10     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 9-0       **TBCPRE<9:0>:** CAN Time Base Counter Prescaler bits
  - 1023 = TBC increments every 1024 clocks
  - ...
  - 0 = TBC increments every 1 clock

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## REGISTER 3-114: C1VECH: CAN INTERRUPT CODE REGISTER HIGH

|        |             |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | R-1         | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |       |
| —      | RXCODE<6:0> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 15 |             |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |             |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0   | R-1         | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |       |
| —     | TXCODE<6:0> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 7 |             |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-8                      **RXCODE<6:0>:** Receive Interrupt Flag Code bits  
 1000001-1111111 = Reserved  
 1000000 = No interrupt  
 0001000-0111111 = Reserved  
 0000111 = FIFO 7 interrupt (RFIF7 is set)  
 ...  
 0000010 = FIFO 2 interrupt (RFIF2 is set)  
 0000001 = FIFO 1 interrupt (RFIF1 is set)  
 0000000 = Reserved; FIFO 0 cannot receive

bit 7                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-0                      **TXCODE<6:0>:** Transmit Interrupt Flag Code bits  
 1000001-1111111 = Reserved  
 1000000 = No interrupt  
 0001000-0111111 = Reserved  
 0000111 = FIFO 7 interrupt (TFIF7 is set)  
 ...  
 0000001 = FIFO 1 interrupt (TFIF1 is set)  
 0000000 = FIFO 0 interrupt (TFIF0 is set)

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## REGISTER 3-115: C1VECL: CAN INTERRUPT CODE REGISTER LOW

|        |     |     |             |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | R-0         | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | FILHIT<4:0> |     |     |     |       |
| bit 15 |     |     |             |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |            |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0   | R-1        | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   |
| —     | ICODE<6:0> |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 7 |            |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8        **FILHIT<4:0>:** Filter Hit Number bits

01111 = Filter 15  
 01110 = Filter 14  
 ...  
 00001 = Filter 1  
 00000 = Filter 0

bit 7            **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-0        **ICODE<6:0>:** Interrupt Flag Code bits

1001011-1111111 = Reserved  
 1001010 = Transmit attempt interrupt (any bit in C1TXATIF is set)  
 1001001 = Transmit event FIFO interrupt (any bit in C1TEFSTA is set)  
 1001000 = Invalid message occurred (IVMIF/IE)  
 1000111 = CAN module mode change occurred (MODIF/IE)  
 1000110 = CAN timer overflow (TBCIF/IE)  
 1000101 = RX/TX MAB overflow/underflow (RX: Message received before previous message was saved to memory; TX: Can't feed TX MAB fast enough to transmit consistent data)  
 1000100 = Address error interrupt (illegal FIFO address presented to system)  
 1000011 = Receive FIFO overflow interrupt (any bit in C1RXOVIF is set)  
 1000010 = Wake-up interrupt (WAKIF/WAKIE)  
 1000001 = Error interrupt (CERRIF/IE)  
 1000000 = No interrupt  
 0001000-0111111 = Reserved  
 0000111 = FIFO 7 interrupt (TFIF7 or RFIF7 is set)  
 ...  
 0000001 = FIFO 1 interrupt (TFIF1 or RFIF1 is set)  
 0000000 = FIFO 0 interrupt (TFIF0 is set)

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## REGISTER 3-116: C1INTH: CAN INTERRUPT REGISTER HIGH

|        |       |        |        |        |        |       |     |
|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-----|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | U-0   | U-0 |
| IVMIE  | WAKIE | CERRIE | SERRIE | RXOVIE | TXATIE | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |       |        |        |        |        | bit 8 |     |

|       |     |     |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | TEFIE | MODIE | TBCIE | RXIE  | TXIE  |
| bit 7 |     |     |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15            **IVMIE:** Invalid Message Interrupt Enable bit  
                   1 = Invalid message interrupt is enabled  
                   0 = Invalid message interrupt is disabled
- bit 14            **WAKIE:** Bus Wake-up Activity Interrupt Enable bit  
                   1 = Wake-up activity interrupt is enabled  
                   0 = Wake-up Activity Interrupt is disabled
- bit 13            **CERRIE:** CAN Bus Error Interrupt Enable bit  
                   1 = CAN bus error interrupt is enabled  
                   0 = CAN bus error interrupt is disabled
- bit 12            **SERRIE:** System Error Interrupt Enable bit  
                   1 = System error interrupt is enabled  
                   0 = System error interrupt is disabled
- bit 11            **RXOVIE:** Receive Buffer Overflow Interrupt Enable bit  
                   1 = Receive buffer overflow interrupt is enabled  
                   0 = Receive buffer overflow interrupt is disabled
- bit 10            **TXATIE:** Transmit Attempt Interrupt Enable bit  
                   1 = Transmit attempt interrupt is enabled  
                   0 = Transmit attempt interrupt is disabled
- bit 9-5           **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4             **TEFIE:** Transmit Event FIFO Interrupt Enable bit  
                   1 = Transmit event FIFO interrupt is enabled  
                   0 = Transmit event FIFO interrupt is disabled
- bit 3             **MODIE:** Mode Change Interrupt Enable bit  
                   1 = Mode change interrupt is enabled  
                   0 = Mode change interrupt is disabled
- bit 2             **TBCIE:** CAN Timer Interrupt Enable bit  
                   1 = CAN timer interrupt is enabled  
                   0 = CAN timer interrupt is disabled
- bit 1             **RXIE:** Receive Object Interrupt Enable bit  
                   1 = Receive object interrupt is enabled  
                   0 = Receive object interrupt is disabled
- bit 0             **TXIE:** Transmit Object Interrupt Enable bit  
                   1 = Transmit object interrupt is enabled  
                   0 = Transmit object interrupt is disabled

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## REGISTER 3-117: C1INTL: CAN INTERRUPT REGISTER LOW

|                      |                      |                       |                       |        |        |       |     |
|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------|--------|-------|-----|
| HS/C-0               | HS/C-0               | HS/C-0                | HS/C-0                | R-0    | R-0    | U-0   | U-0 |
| IVMIF <sup>(1)</sup> | WAKIF <sup>(1)</sup> | CERRIF <sup>(1)</sup> | SERRIF <sup>(1)</sup> | RXOVIF | TXATIF | —     | —   |
| bit 15               |                      |                       |                       |        |        | bit 8 |     |

|       |     |     |       |                      |                      |       |      |
|-------|-----|-----|-------|----------------------|----------------------|-------|------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R-0   | HS/C-0               | HS/C-0               | R-0   | R-0  |
| —     | —   | —   | TEFIF | MODIF <sup>(1)</sup> | TBCIF <sup>(1)</sup> | RXIF  | TXIF |
| bit 7 |     |     |       |                      |                      | bit 0 |      |

|                   |                   |                                    |
|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | C = Clearable bit | HS = Hardware Settable bit         |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit  | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set  | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **IVMIF:** Invalid Message Interrupt Flag bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = Invalid message interrupt occurred  
0 = No invalid message interrupt
- bit 14      **WAKIF:** Bus Wake-up Activity Interrupt Flag bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = Wake-up activity interrupt occurred  
0 = No wake-up activity interrupt
- bit 13      **CERRIF:** CAN Bus Error Interrupt Flag bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = CAN bus error interrupt occurred  
0 = No CAN bus error interrupt
- bit 12      **SERRIF:** System Error Interrupt Flag bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = System error interrupt occurred  
0 = No system error interrupt
- bit 11      **RXOVIF:** Receive Buffer Overflow Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = Receive buffer overflow interrupt occurred  
0 = No receive buffer overflow interrupt
- bit 10      **TXATIF:** Transmit Attempt Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = Transmit attempt interrupt occurred  
0 = No Transmit Attempt Interrupt
- bit 9-5      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4      **TEFIF:** Transmit Event FIFO Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = Transmit event FIFO interrupt occurred  
0 = No transmit event FIFO interrupt
- bit 3      **MODIF:** CAN Mode Change Interrupt Flag bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = CAN module mode change occurred (OPMOD<2:0> have changed to reflect REQOP<2:0>)  
0 = No mode change occurred
- bit 2      **TBCIF:** CAN Timer Overflow Interrupt Flag bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = TBC has overflowed  
0 = TBC has not overflowed
- bit 1      **RXIF:** Receive Object Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = Receive object interrupt is pending  
0 = No receive object interrupts are pending
- bit 0      **TXIF:** Transmit Object Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = Transmit object interrupt is pending  
0 = No transmit object interrupts are pending

**Note 1:** C1INTL: Flags are set by hardware and cleared by application.



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## REGISTER 3-118: C1RXIFH: CAN RECEIVE INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER HIGH<sup>(1)</sup>

|             |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| R-0         | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| RFIF<31:24> |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| bit 15      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| bit 8       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |

|             |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| R-0         | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| RFIF<23:16> |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| bit 7       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| bit 0       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **RFIF<31:16>**: Unimplemented

**Note 1:** C1RXIFH: FIFO: RFIFx = 'or' of enabled RX FIFO flags (flags need to be cleared in the FIFO register).

## REGISTER 3-119: C1RXIFL: CAN RECEIVE INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER LOW<sup>(1)</sup>

|            |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| R-0        | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| RFIF<15:8> |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| bit 15     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| bit 8      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |

|           |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| R-0       | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | U-0 |
| RFIF<7:1> |     |     |     |     |     |     | —   |
| bit 7     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| bit 0     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **RFIF<15:8>**: Unimplemented

bit 7-1                      **RFIF<7:1>**: Receive FIFO Interrupt Pending bits  
 1 = One or more enabled receive FIFO interrupts are pending  
 0 = No enabled receive FIFO interrupts are pending

bit 0                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note 1:** C1RXIFL: FIFO: RFIFx = 'or' of enabled RX FIFO flags (flags need to be cleared in the FIFO register).

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## REGISTER 3-120: C1RXOVIFH: CAN RECEIVE OVERFLOW INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER HIGH<sup>(1)</sup>

|               |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R-0           | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   |
| RFOVIF<31:24> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 15        |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|               |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R-0           | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   |
| RFOVIF<23:16> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 7         |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **RFOVIF<31:16>**: Unimplemented

**Note 1:** C1RXOVIFH: FIFO: RFOVIFx (flag needs to be cleared in the FIFO register).

## REGISTER 3-121: C1RXOVIFL: CAN RECEIVE OVERFLOW INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER LOW<sup>(1)</sup>

|              |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R-0          | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   |
| RFOVIF<15:8> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 15       |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|             |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R-0         | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | U-0   |
| RFOVIF<7:1> |     |     |     |     |     |     | —     |
| bit 7       |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **RFOVIF<15:8>**: Unimplemented

bit 7-1                      **RFOVIF<7:1>**: Receive FIFO Overflow Interrupt Pending bits

1 = Interrupt is pending  
 0 = Interrupt is not pending

bit 0                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note 1:** C1RXOVIFL: FIFO: RFOVIFx (flag needs to be cleared in the FIFO register).

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## REGISTER 3-122: C1TXIFH: CAN TRANSMIT INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER HIGH<sup>(1)</sup>

|             |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R-0         | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |       |
| TFIF<31:24> |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 15      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|             |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R-0         | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |       |
| TFIF<23:16> |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 7       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0              **TFIF<31:16>**: Unimplemented

**Note 1:** C1TXIFH: FIFO: TFIFx = 'or' of the enabled TX FIFO flags (flags need to be cleared in the FIFO register).

## REGISTER 3-123: C1TXIFL: CAN TRANSMIT INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER LOW<sup>(1)</sup>

|            |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R-0        | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |       |
| TFIF<15:8> |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 15     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|                          |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R-0                      | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |       |
| TFIF<7:0> <sup>(2)</sup> |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 7                    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8              **TFIF<15:8>**: Unimplemented

bit 7-0              **TFIF<7:0>**: Transmit FIFO/TXQ Interrupt Pending bits<sup>(2)</sup>

1 = One or more enabled transmit FIFO/TXQ interrupts are pending

0 = No enabled transmit FIFO/TXQ interrupts are pending

**Note 1:** C1TXIFL: FIFO: TFIFx = 'or' of the enabled TX FIFO flags (flags need to be cleared in the FIFO register).

**2:** TFIF0 is for the transmit queue.

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## REGISTER 3-124: C1TXATIFH: CAN TRANSMIT ATTEMPT INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER HIGH<sup>(1)</sup>

|               |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-0           | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| TFATIF<31:24> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 15        |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |     |     |

|               |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-0           | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| TFATIF<23:16> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 7         |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |     |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0            **TFATIF<31:16>**: Unimplemented

**Note 1:** C1TXATIFH: FIFO: TFATIFx (flag needs to be cleared in the FIFO register).

## REGISTER 3-125: C1TXATIFL: CAN TRANSMIT ATTEMPT INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER LOW<sup>(1)</sup>

|              |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-0          | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| TFATIF<15:8> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 15       |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |     |     |

|                            |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-0                        | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| TFATIF<7:0> <sup>(2)</sup> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 7                      |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |     |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **TFATIF<15:8>**: Unimplemented

bit 7-0            **TFATIF<7:0>**: Transmit FIFO/TXQ Attempt Interrupt Pending bits<sup>(2)</sup>

1 = Interrupt is pending  
 0 = Interrupt is not pending

**Note 1:** C1TXATIFL: FIFO: TFATIFx (flag needs to be cleared in the FIFO register).

**2:** TFATIF0 is for the transmit queue.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 3-126: C1TXREQH: CAN TRANSMIT REQUEST REGISTER HIGH

|              |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| S/HC-0       | S/HC-0 | S/HC-0 | S/HC-0 | S/HC-0 | S/HC-0 | S/HC-0 | S/HC-0 |
| TXREQ<31:24> |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| bit 15       |        |        |        | bit 8  |        |        |        |

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |        |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | S/HC-0 |
| TXREQ<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |        |
| bit 7        |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |        |

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | S = Settable bit | HC = Hardware Clearable bit                  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15-0      **TXREQ<31:16>**: Unimplemented

## REGISTER 3-127: C1TXREQL: CAN TRANSMIT REQUEST REGISTER LOW

|             |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| S/HC-0      | S/HC-0 | S/HC-0 | S/HC-0 | S/HC-0 | S/HC-0 | S/HC-0 | S/HC-0 |
| TXREQ<15:8> |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| bit 15      |        |        |        | bit 8  |        |        |        |

|            |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |
|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| S/HC-0     | S/HC-0 | S/HC-0 | S/HC-0 | S/HC-0 | S/HC-0 | S/HC-0 | S/HC-0s |
| TXREQ<7:1> |        |        |        |        |        |        | TXREQ0  |
| bit 7      |        |        |        | bit 0  |        |        |         |

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | S = Settable bit | HC = Hardware Clearable bit                  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15-8      **TXREQ<15:8>**: Unimplemented

bit 7-1      **TXREQ<7:1>**: Message Send Request bits

TXEN = 1 (object configured as a transmit object):

Setting this bit to '1' requests sending a message. The bit will automatically clear when the message(s) queued in the object is (are) successfully sent. This bit can NOT be used for aborting a transmission.

TXEN = 0 (object configured as a receive object):

This bit has no effect.

bit 0      **TXREQ0**: Transmit Queue Message Send Request bit

Setting this bit to '1' requests sending a message. The bit will automatically clear when the message(s) queued in the object is (are) successfully sent. This bit can NOT be used for aborting a transmission.

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## REGISTER 3-128: C1FIFOBH: CAN MESSAGE MEMORY BASE ADDRESS REGISTER HIGH

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| FIFOBH<31:24> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15        |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| FIFOBH<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **FIFOBH<31:16>**: Message Memory Base Address bits  
 Defines the base address for the transmit event FIFO followed by the message objects.

## REGISTER 3-129: C1FIFOBAL: CAN MESSAGE MEMORY BASE ADDRESS REGISTER LOW

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| FIFOBAL<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15        |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|              |       |       |       |       |       |     |     |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| FIFOBAL<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |     |     |
| bit 7        |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |     |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **FIFOBAL<15:0>**: Message Memory Base Address bits  
 Defines the base address for the transmit event FIFO followed by the message objects.

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## REGISTER 3-130: C1TXQCONH: CAN TRANSMIT QUEUE CONTROL REGISTER HIGH

|                        |                        |                        |                       |                       |                       |                       |                       |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                 | R/W-0                 | R/W-0                 | R/W-0                 | R/W-0                 |
| PLSIZE2 <sup>(1)</sup> | PLSIZE1 <sup>(1)</sup> | PLSIZE0 <sup>(1)</sup> | FSIZE4 <sup>(1)</sup> | FSIZE3 <sup>(1)</sup> | FSIZE2 <sup>(1)</sup> | FSIZE1 <sup>(1)</sup> | FSIZE0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 15                 |                        |                        |                       |                       |                       |                       | bit 8                 |

|       |       |       |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | TXAT1 | TXAT0 | TXPRI4 | TXPRI3 | TXPRI2 | TXPRI1 | TXPRI0 |
| bit 7 |       |       |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13      **PLSIZE<2:0>**: Payload Size bits<sup>(1)</sup>

111 = 64 data bytes  
 110 = 48 data bytes  
 101 = 32 data bytes  
 100 = 24 data bytes  
 011 = 20 data bytes  
 010 = 16 data bytes  
 001 = 12 data bytes  
 000 = 8 data bytes

bit 12-8      **FSIZE<4:0>**: FIFO Size bits<sup>(1)</sup>

11111 = FIFO is 32 messages deep  
 ...  
 00010 = FIFO is 3 messages deep  
 00001 = FIFO is 2 messages deep  
 00000 = FIFO is 1 message deep

bit 7      **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 6-5      **TXAT<1:0>**: Retransmission Attempts bits

This feature is enabled when RTXAT (C1CONH<0>) is set.  
 11 = Unlimited number of retransmission attempts  
 10 = Unlimited number of retransmission attempts  
 01 = Three retransmission attempts  
 00 = Disables retransmission attempts

bit 4-0      **TXPRI<4:0>**: Message Transmit Priority bits

11111 = Highest message priority  
 ...  
 00000 = Lowest message priority

**Note 1:** These bits can only be modified in Configuration mode (OPMOD<2:0> = 100).

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## REGISTER 3-131: C1TXQCONL: CAN TRANSMIT QUEUE CONTROL REGISTER LOW

|        |     |     |     |     |        |       |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | FRESET | TXREQ | UINC  |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |        |       | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |        |     |        |     |        |
|-------|-----|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|
| R-0   | U-0 | U-0 | HS/C-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0  |
| TXEN  | —   | —   | TXATIE | —   | TXQEIE | —   | TXQNIE |
| bit 7 |     |     |        |     |        |     | bit 0  |

|                   |                            |                                    |
|-------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | HS = Hardware Settable bit | C = Clearable bit                  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit           | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set           | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                            | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15-11     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10       **FRESET:** FIFO Reset bit
  - 1 = FIFO will be reset when bit is set, cleared by hardware when FIFO is reset; user should poll whether this bit is clear before taking any action
  - 0 = No effect
- bit 9        **TXREQ:** Message Send Request bit
  - 1 = Requests sending a message; the bit will automatically clear when all the messages queued in the TXQ are successfully sent
  - 0 = Clearing the bit to '0' while set ('1') will request a message abort
- bit 8        **UINC:** Increment Head/Tail bit
  - When this bit is set, the FIFO head will increment by a single message.
- bit 7        **TXEN:** TX Enable bit
- bit 6-5     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4        **TXATIE:** Transmit Attempts Exhausted Interrupt Enable bit
  - 1 = Enables interrupt
  - 0 = Disables interrupt
- bit 3        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2        **TXQEIE:** Transmit Queue Empty Interrupt Enable bit
  - 1 = Interrupt is enabled for TXQ empty
  - 0 = Interrupt is disabled for TXQ empty
- bit 1        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 0        **TXQNIE:** Transmit Queue Not Full Interrupt Enable bit
  - 1 = Interrupt is enabled for TXQ not full
  - 0 = Interrupt is disabled for TXQ not full



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## REGISTER 3-132: C1TXQSTA: CAN TRANSMIT QUEUE STATUS REGISTER

|        |     |     |                       |                       |                       |                       |                       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | R-0                   | R-0                   | R-0                   | R-0                   | R-0                   |
| —      | —   | —   | TXQCI4 <sup>(1)</sup> | TXQCI3 <sup>(1)</sup> | TXQCI2 <sup>(1)</sup> | TXQCI1 <sup>(1)</sup> | TXQCI0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 15 |     |     |                       |                       |                       |                       | bit 8                 |

|                      |        |       |        |     |        |     |        |
|----------------------|--------|-------|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|
| R-0                  | R-0    | R-0   | HS/C-0 | U-0 | R-1    | U-0 | R-1    |
| TXABT <sup>(2)</sup> | TXLARB | TXERR | TXATIF | —   | TXQEIF | —   | TXQNIF |
| bit 7                |        |       |        |     |        |     | bit 0  |

|                   |                            |                                    |
|-------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | HS = Hardware Settable bit | C = Clearable bit                  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit           | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set           | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                            | x = Bit is unknown                 |

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8 **TXQCI<4:0>:** Transmit Message Queue Index bits<sup>(1)</sup>

A read of this register will return an index to the message that the FIFO will next attempt to transmit.

bit 7 **TXABT:** Message Aborted Status bit<sup>(2)</sup>

1 = Message was aborted  
0 = Message completed successfully

bit 6 **TXLARB:** Message Lost Arbitration Status bit

1 = Message lost arbitration while being sent  
0 = Message did not lose arbitration while being sent

bit 5 **TXERR:** Error Detected During Transmission bit

1 = A bus error occurred while the message was being sent  
0 = A bus error did not occur while the message was being sent

bit 4 **TXATIF:** Transmit Attempts Exhausted Interrupt Pending bit

1 = Interrupt is pending  
0 = Interrupt is not pending

bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2 **TXQEIF:** Transmit Queue Empty Interrupt Flag bit

1 = TXQ is empty  
0 = TXQ is not empty, at least one message is queued to be transmitted

bit 1 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 0 **TXQNIF:** Transmit Queue Not Full Interrupt Flag bit

1 = TXQ is not full  
0 = TXQ is full

**Note 1:** The TXQCI<4:0> bits give a zero-indexed value to the message in the TXQ. If the TXQ is four messages deep (FSIZE<4:0> = 3), TXQCIx will take on a value of 0 to 3, depending on the state of the TXQ.

**2:** This bit is updated when a message completes (or aborts) or when the TXQ is reset.

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## REGISTER 3-133: C1FIFOCONHx: CAN FIFO CONTROL REGISTER x (x = 1 TO 7) HIGH

|                        |                        |                        |                       |                       |                       |                       |                       |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                 | R/W-0                 | R/W-0                 | R/W-0                 | R/W-0                 |
| PLSIZE2 <sup>(1)</sup> | PLSIZE1 <sup>(1)</sup> | PLSIZE0 <sup>(1)</sup> | FSIZE4 <sup>(1)</sup> | FSIZE3 <sup>(1)</sup> | FSIZE2 <sup>(1)</sup> | FSIZE1 <sup>(1)</sup> | FSIZE0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 15                 |                        |                        |                       |                       |                       |                       | bit 8                 |

|       |       |       |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | TXAT1 | TXAT0 | TXPRI4 | TXPRI3 | TXPRI2 | TXPRI1 | TXPRI0 |
| bit 7 |       |       |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13      **PLSIZE<2:0>**: Payload Size bits<sup>(1)</sup>

111 = 64 data bytes  
 110 = 48 data bytes  
 101 = 32 data bytes  
 100 = 24 data bytes  
 011 = 20 data bytes  
 010 = 16 data bytes  
 001 = 12 data bytes  
 000 = 8 data bytes

bit 12-8      **FSIZE<4:0>**: FIFO Size bits<sup>(1)</sup>

11111 = FIFO is 32 messages deep  
 ...  
 00010 = FIFO is 3 messages deep  
 00001 = FIFO is 2 messages deep  
 00000 = FIFO is 1 message deep

bit 7      **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 6-5      **TXAT<1:0>**: Retransmission Attempts bits

This feature is enabled when RTXAT (C1CONH<0>) is set.  
 11 = Unlimited number of retransmission attempts  
 10 = Unlimited number of retransmission attempts  
 01 = Three retransmission attempts  
 00 = Disables retransmission attempts

bit 4-0      **TXPRI<4:0>**: Message Transmit Priority bits

11111 = Highest message priority  
 ...  
 00000 = Lowest message priority

**Note 1:** These bits can only be modified in Configuration mode (OPMOD<2:0> = 100).

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## REGISTER 3-134: C1FIFOCONLx: CAN FIFO CONTROL REGISTER x (x = 1 TO 7) LOW

|        |     |     |     |     |        |          |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|----------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | S/HC-1 | R/W/HC-0 | S/HC-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | FRESET | TXREQ    | UINC   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |        | bit 8    |        |

|       |       |                       |        |        |          |          |          |
|-------|-------|-----------------------|--------|--------|----------|----------|----------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0                 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| TXEN  | RTREN | RXTSEN <sup>(1)</sup> | TXATIE | RXOVIE | TFERFFIE | TFHRFHIE | TFNRFNIE |
| bit 7 |       |                       |        |        |          | bit 0    |          |

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | S = Settable bit | HC = Hardware Clearable bit        |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15-11     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10     **FRESET:** FIFO Reset bit  
 1 = FIFO will be reset when bit is set, cleared by hardware when FIFO is reset; user should poll whether this bit is clear before taking any action  
 0 = No effect
- bit 9     **TXREQ:** Message Send Request bit  
TXEN = 1 (FIFO configured as a transmit FIFO):  
 1 = Requests sending a message; the bit will automatically clear when all the messages queued in the FIFO are successfully sent  
 0 = Clearing the bit to '0' while set ('1') will request a message abort  
TXEN = 0 (FIFO configured as a receive FIFO):  
 This bit has no effect.
- bit 8     **UINC:** Increment Head/Tail bit  
TXEN = 1 (FIFO configured as a transmit FIFO):  
 When this bit is set, the FIFO head will increment by a single message.  
TXEN = 0 (FIFO configured as a receive FIFO):  
 When this bit is set, the FIFO tail will increment by a single message.
- bit 7     **TXEN:** TX/RX Buffer Selection bit  
 1 = Transmits message object  
 0 = Receives message object
- bit 6     **RTREN:** Auto-Remote Transmit (RTR) Enable bit  
 1 = When a Remote Transmit is received, TXREQ will be set  
 0 = When a Remote Transmit is received, TXREQ will be unaffected
- bit 5     **RXTSEN:** Received Message Timestamp Enable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
 1 = Captures timestamp in received message object in RAM  
 0 = Does not capture timestamp
- bit 4     **TXATIE:** Transmit Attempts Exhausted Interrupt Enable bit  
 1 = Enables interrupt  
 0 = Disables interrupt
- bit 3     **RXOVIE:** Overflow Interrupt Enable bit  
 1 = Interrupt is enabled for overflow event  
 0 = Interrupt is disabled for overflow event

**Note 1:** This bit can only be modified in Configuration mode (OPMOD<2:0> = 100).

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## REGISTER 3-134: C1FIFOCNLx: CAN FIFO CONTROL REGISTER x (x = 1 TO 7) LOW (CONTINUED)

- bit 2      **TFERFFIE**: Transmit/Receive FIFO Empty/Full Interrupt Enable bit  
TXEN = 1 (FIFO configured as a transmit FIFO):  
Transmit FIFO Empty Interrupt Enable  
1 = Interrupt is enabled for FIFO empty  
0 = Interrupt is disabled for FIFO empty  
TXEN = 0 (FIFO configured as a receive FIFO):  
Receive FIFO Full Interrupt Enable  
1 = Interrupt is enabled for FIFO full  
0 = Interrupt is disabled for FIFO full
- bit 1      **TFHRFHIE**: Transmit/Receive FIFO Half Empty/Half Full Interrupt Enable bit  
TXEN = 1 (FIFO configured as a transmit FIFO):  
Transmit FIFO Half Empty Interrupt Enable  
1 = Interrupt is enabled for FIFO half empty  
0 = Interrupt is disabled for FIFO half empty  
TXEN = 0 (FIFO configured as a receive FIFO):  
Receive FIFO Half Full Interrupt Enable  
1 = Interrupt is enabled for FIFO half full  
0 = Interrupt is disabled for FIFO half full
- bit 0      **TFNRFNIE**: Transmit/Receive FIFO Not Full/Not Empty Interrupt Enable bit  
TXEN = 1 (FIFO configured as a transmit FIFO):  
Transmit FIFO Not Full Interrupt Enable  
1 = Interrupt is enabled for FIFO not full  
0 = Interrupt is disabled for FIFO not full  
TXEN = 0 (FIFO configured as a receive FIFO):  
Receive FIFO Not Empty Interrupt Enable  
1 = Interrupt is enabled for FIFO not empty  
0 = Interrupt is disabled for FIFO not empty

**Note 1:** This bit can only be modified in Configuration mode (OPMOD<2:0> = 100).

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## REGISTER 3-135: C1FIFOSTAx: CAN FIFO STATUS REGISTER x (x = 1 TO 7)

|        |     |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |       |
|--------|-----|-----|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | R-0                    | R-0                    | R-0                    | R-0                    | R-0                    |       |
| —      | —   | —   | FIFOCI4 <sup>(1)</sup> | FIFOCI3 <sup>(1)</sup> | FIFOCI2 <sup>(1)</sup> | FIFOCI1 <sup>(1)</sup> | FIFOCI0 <sup>(1)</sup> |       |
| bit 15 |     |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        | bit 8 |

|                      |                       |                      |        |        |          |          |          |       |
|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--------|--------|----------|----------|----------|-------|
| R-0                  | R-0                   | R-0                  | HS/C-0 | HS/C-0 | R-0      | R-0      | R-0      |       |
| TXABT <sup>(3)</sup> | TXLARB <sup>(2)</sup> | TXERR <sup>(2)</sup> | TXATIF | RXOVIF | TFERFFIF | TFHRFHIF | TFNRFNIF |       |
| bit 7                |                       |                      |        |        |          |          |          | bit 0 |

|                   |                            |                                    |
|-------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | HS = Hardware Settable bit | C = Clearable bit                  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit           | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set           | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                            | x = Bit is unknown                 |

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8 **FIFOCI<4:0>:** FIFO Message Index bits<sup>(1)</sup>

TXEN = 1 (FIFO configured as a transmit buffer):

A read of this register will return an index to the message that the FIFO will next attempt to transmit.

TXEN = 0 (FIFO configured as a receive buffer):

A read of this register will return an index to the message that the FIFO will use to save the next message.

bit 7 **TXABT:** Message Aborted Status bit<sup>(3)</sup>

1 = Message was aborted

0 = Message completed successfully

bit 6 **TXLARB:** Message Lost Arbitration Status bit<sup>(2)</sup>

1 = Message lost arbitration while being sent

0 = Message did not lose arbitration while being sent

bit 5 **TXERR:** Error Detected During Transmission bit<sup>(2)</sup>

1 = A bus error occurred while the message was being sent

0 = A bus error did not occur while the message was being sent

bit 4 **TXATIF:** Transmit Attempts Exhausted Interrupt Pending bit

TXEN = 1 (FIFO configured as a transmit buffer):

1 = Interrupt is pending

0 = Interrupt is not pending

TXEN = 0 (FIFO configured as a receive buffer):

Unused, read as '0'.

bit 3 **RXOVIF:** Receive FIFO Overflow Interrupt Flag bit

TXEN = 1 (FIFO configured as a transmit buffer):

Unused, read as '0'.

TXEN = 0 (FIFO configured as a receive buffer):

1 = Overflow event has occurred

0 = No overflow event has occurred

**Note 1:** FIFOCI<4:0> gives a zero-indexed value to the message in the FIFO. If the FIFO is four messages deep (FSIZE<4:0> = 3), FIFOCIx will take on a value of 0 to 3, depending on the state of the FIFO.

**2:** These bits are updated when a message completes (or aborts) or when the FIFO is reset.

**3:** This bit is reset on any read of this register or when the TXQ is reset. The bits are cleared when TXREQ is set or using an SPI write.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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## REGISTER 3-135: C1FIFOSTAx: CAN FIFO STATUS REGISTER x (x = 1 TO 7) (CONTINUED)

- bit 2      **TFERFFIF**: Transmit/Receive FIFO Empty/Full Interrupt Flag bit  
TXEN = 1 (FIFO configured as a transmit FIFO):  
Transmit FIFO Empty Interrupt Flag  
1 = FIFO is empty  
0 = FIFO is not empty, at least one message is queued to be transmitted  
TXEN = 0 (FIFO configured as a receive FIFO):  
Receive FIFO Full Interrupt Flag  
1 = FIFO is full  
0 = FIFO is not full
- bit 1      **TFHRFHIF**: Transmit/Receive FIFO Half Empty/Half Full Interrupt Flag bit  
TXEN = 1 (FIFO configured as a transmit FIFO):  
Transmit FIFO Half Empty Interrupt Flag  
1 = FIFO is  $\leq$  half full  
0 = FIFO is  $>$  half full  
TXEN = 0 (FIFO configured as a receive FIFO):  
Receive FIFO Half Full Interrupt Flag  
1 = FIFO is  $\geq$  half full  
0 = FIFO is  $<$  half full
- bit 0      **TFNRFNIF**: Transmit/Receive FIFO Not Full/Not Empty Interrupt Flag bit  
TXEN = 1 (FIFO configured as a transmit FIFO):  
Transmit FIFO Not Full Interrupt Flag  
1 = FIFO is not full  
0 = FIFO is full  
TXEN = 0 (FIFO configured as a receive FIFO):  
Receive FIFO Not Empty Interrupt Flag  
1 = FIFO is not empty, has at least one message  
0 = FIFO is empty

- Note 1:** FIFOCI<4:0> gives a zero-indexed value to the message in the FIFO. If the FIFO is four messages deep (FSIZE<4:0> = 3), FIFOCIx will take on a value of 0 to 3, depending on the state of the FIFO.
- 2:** These bits are updated when a message completes (or aborts) or when the FIFO is reset.
- 3:** This bit is reset on any read of this register or when the TXQ is reset. The bits are cleared when TXREQ is set or using an SPI write.

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## REGISTER 3-136: C1TEFCONH: CAN TRANSMIT EVENT FIFO CONTROL REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |                           |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|-----|-----|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0                     | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |       |
| —      | —   | —   | FSIZE<4:0> <sup>(1)</sup> |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15 |     |     |                           |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |       |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   |       |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-13     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 12-8     **FSIZE<4:0>:** FIFO Size bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
               11111 = FIFO is 32 messages deep  
               ...  
               00010 = FIFO is 3 messages deep  
               00001 = FIFO is 2 messages deep  
               00000 = FIFO is 1 message deep
- bit 7-0     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note 1:** These bits can only be modified in Configuration mode (OPMOD<2:0> = 100).

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## REGISTER 3-137: C1TEFCONL: CAN TRANSMIT EVENT FIFO CONTROL REGISTER LOW

|        |     |     |     |     |        |       |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | S/HC-0 | U-0   | S/HC-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | FRESET | —     | UINC   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |        | bit 8 |        |

|       |     |                        |     |         |        |        |         |
|-------|-----|------------------------|-----|---------|--------|--------|---------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0                  | U-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0   |
| —     | —   | TEFTSEN <sup>(1)</sup> | —   | TEFOVIE | TEFFIE | TEFHIE | TEFNEIE |
| bit 7 |     |                        |     |         |        | bit 0  |         |

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | S = Settable bit | HC = Hardware Clearable bit                  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15-11      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10        **FRESET:** FIFO Reset bit
  - 1 = FIFO will be reset when bit is set, cleared by hardware when FIFO is reset; the user should poll whether this bit is clear before taking any action
  - 0 = No effect
- bit 9         **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 8         **UINC:** Increment Tail bit
  - 1 = When this bit is set, the FIFO tail will increment by a single message
  - 0 = FIFO tail will not increment
- bit 7-6       **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5         **TEFTSEN:** Transmit Event FIFO Timestamp Enable bit<sup>(1)</sup>
  - 1 = Timestamps elements in TEF
  - 0 = Does not timestamp elements in TEF
- bit 4         **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3         **TEFOVIE:** Transmit Event FIFO Overflow Interrupt Enable bit
  - 1 = Interrupt is enabled for overflow event
  - 0 = Interrupt is disabled for overflow event
- bit 2         **TEFFIE:** Transmit Event FIFO Full Interrupt Enable bit
  - 1 = Interrupt is enabled for FIFO full
  - 0 = Interrupt is disabled for FIFO full
- bit 1         **TEFHIE:** Transmit Event FIFO Half Full Interrupt Enable bit
  - 1 = Interrupt is enabled for FIFO half full
  - 0 = Interrupt is disabled for FIFO half full
- bit 0         **TEFNEIE:** Transmit Event FIFO Not Empty Interrupt Enable bit
  - 1 = Interrupt is enabled for FIFO not empty
  - 0 = Interrupt is disabled for FIFO not empty

**Note 1:** These bits can only be modified in Configuration mode (OPMOD<2:0> = 100).



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## REGISTER 3-138: C1TEFSTA: CAN TRANSMIT EVENT FIFO STATUS REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |         |                       |                       |                        |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|---------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | S/HC-0  | R-0                   | R-0                   | R-0                    |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | TEFOVIF | TEFFIF <sup>(1)</sup> | TEFHIF <sup>(1)</sup> | TEFNEIF <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |         |                       |                       | bit 0                  |

|                   |                             |                                    |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | HC = Hardware Clearable bit | S = Settable by '1' bit            |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit            | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set            | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                             | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15-4      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3        **TEFOVIF:** Transmit Event FIFO Overflow Interrupt Flag bit
  - 1 = Overflow event has occurred
  - 0 = No overflow event has occurred
- bit 2        **TEFFIF:** Transmit Event FIFO Full Interrupt Flag bit<sup>(1)</sup>
  - 1 = FIFO is full
  - 0 = FIFO is not full
- bit 1        **TEFHIF:** Transmit Event FIFO Half Full Interrupt Flag bit<sup>(1)</sup>
  - 1 = FIFO is ≥ half full
  - 0 = FIFO is < half full
- bit 0        **TEFNEIF:** Transmit Event FIFO Not Empty Interrupt Flag bit<sup>(1)</sup>
  - 1 = FIFO is not empty
  - 0 = FIFO is empty

**Note 1:** These bits are read-only and reflect the status of the FIFO.

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## REGISTER 3-139: C1FIFOUAHx: CAN FIFO USER ADDRESS REGISTER x (x = 1 TO 7) HIGH<sup>(1)</sup>

|               |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-x           | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x   | R-x | R-x | R-x |
| FIFOUA<31:24> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 15        |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |     |     |

|               |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-x           | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x   | R-x | R-x | R-x |
| FIFOUA<23:16> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 7         |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |     |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **FIFOUA<31:16>**: FIFO User Address bits  
TXEN = 1 (FIFO configured as a transmit buffer):  
 A read of this register will return the address where the next message is to be written (FIFO head).  
TXEN = 0 (FIFO configured as a receive buffer):  
 A read of this register will return the address where the next message is to be read (FIFO tail).

**Note 1:** This register is not ensured to read correctly in Configuration mode and should only be accessed when the module is not in Configuration mode.

## REGISTER 3-140: C1FIFOUALx: CAN FIFO USER ADDRESS REGISTER x (x = 1 TO 7) LOW<sup>(1)</sup>

|              |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-x          | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x   | R-x | R-x | R-x |
| FIFOUA<15:8> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 15       |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |     |     |

|             |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-x         | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x   | R-x | R-x | R-x |
| FIFOUA<7:0> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 7       |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |     |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **FIFOUA<15:0>**: FIFO User Address bits  
TXEN = 1 (FIFO configured as a transmit buffer):  
 A read of this register will return the address where the next message is to be written (FIFO head).  
TXEN = 0 (FIFO configured as a receive buffer):  
 A read of this register will return the address where the next message is to be read (FIFO tail).

**Note 1:** This register is not ensured to read correctly in Configuration mode and should only be accessed when the module is not in Configuration mode.

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## REGISTER 3-141: C1TEFUAH: CAN TRANSMIT EVENT FIFO USER ADDRESS REGISTER HIGH<sup>(1)</sup>

|              |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R-x          | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x   |
| TEFUA<31:24> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 15       |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|              |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R-x          | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x   |
| TEFUA<23:16> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 7        |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **TEFUA<31:16>**: Transmit Event FIFO User Address bits  
A read of this register will return the address where the next event is to be read (FIFO tail).

**Note 1:** This register is not ensured to read correctly in Configuration mode and should only be accessed when the module is not in Configuration mode.

## REGISTER 3-142: C1TEFUL: CAN TRANSMIT EVENT FIFO USER ADDRESS REGISTER LOW<sup>(1)</sup>

|             |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R-x         | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x   |
| TEFUA<15:8> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 15      |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|            |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R-x        | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x   |
| TEFUA<7:0> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 7      |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **TEFUA<15:0>**: Transmit Event FIFO User Address bits  
A read of this register will return the address where the next event is to be read (FIFO tail).

**Note 1:** This register is not ensured to read correctly in Configuration mode and should only be accessed when the module is not in Configuration mode.

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## REGISTER 3-143: C1TXQUAH: CAN TRANSMIT QUEUE USER ADDRESS REGISTER HIGH<sup>(1)</sup>

|              |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-x          | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x   | R-x | R-x | R-x |
| TXQUA<31:24> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 15       |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |     |     |

|              |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-x          | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x   | R-x | R-x | R-x |
| TXQUA<23:16> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 7        |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |     |     |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **TXQUA<31:16>**: TXQ User Address bits  
 A read of this register will return the address where the next message is to be written (TXQ head).

**Note 1:** This register is not ensured to read correctly in Configuration mode and should only be accessed when the module is not in Configuration mode.

## REGISTER 3-144: C1TXQUAL: CAN TRANSMIT QUEUE USER ADDRESS REGISTER LOW<sup>(1)</sup>

|             |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-x         | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x   | R-x | R-x | R-x |
| TXQUA<15:8> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 15      |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |     |     |

|            |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-x        | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x   | R-x | R-x | R-x |
| TXQUA<7:0> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 7      |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |     |     |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **TXQUA<15:0>**: TXQ User Address bits  
 A read of this register will return the address where the next message is to be written (TXQ head).

**Note 1:** This register is not ensured to read correctly in Configuration mode and should only be accessed when the module is not in Configuration mode.

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## REGISTER 3-145: C1TRECH: CAN TRANSMIT/RECEIVE ERROR COUNT REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |      |      |      |        |        |       |
|-------|-----|------|------|------|--------|--------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R-1  | R-0  | R-0  | R-0    | R-0    | R-0   |
| —     | —   | TXBO | TXBP | RXBP | TXWARN | RXWARN | EWARN |
| bit 7 |     |      |      |      |        |        | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5            **TXBO:** Transmitter in Error State Bus Off bit (TERRCNT<7:0> > 255)  
                   In Configuration mode, TXBO is set since the module is not on the bus.
- bit 4            **TXBP:** Transmitter in Error State Bus Passive bit (TERRCNT<7:0> > 127)
- bit 3            **RXBP:** Receiver in Error State Bus Passive bit (RERRCNT<7:0> > 127)
- bit 2            **TXWARN:** Transmitter in Error State Warning bit (128 > TERRCNT<7:0> > 95)
- bit 1            **RXWARN:** Receiver in Error State Warning bit (128 > RERRCNT<7:0> > 95)
- bit 0            **EWARN:** Transmitter or Receiver in Error State Warning bit

## REGISTER 3-146: C1TRECL: CAN TRANSMIT/RECEIVE ERROR COUNT REGISTER LOW

|              |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R-0          | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   |
| TERRCNT<7:0> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 15       |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|              |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R-0          | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   |
| RERRCNT<7:0> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 7        |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-8        **TERRCNT<7:0>:** Transmit Error Counter bits
- bit 7-0         **RERRCNT<7:0>:** Receive Error Counter bits

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## REGISTER 3-147: C1BDIAG0H: CAN BUS DIAGNOSTICS REGISTER 0 HIGH

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| DTERRCNT<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15        |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| DRERRCNT<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8        **DTERRCNT<7:0>**: Data Bit Rate Transmit Error Counter bits

bit 7-0        **DRERRCNT<7:0>**: Data Bit Rate Receive Error Counter bits

## REGISTER 3-148: C1BDIAG0L: CAN BUS DIAGNOSTICS REGISTER 0 LOW

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| NTERRCNT<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15        |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| NRERRCNT<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8        **NTERRCNT<7:0>**: Nominal Bit Rate Transmit Error Counter bits

bit 7-0        **NRERRCNT<7:0>**: Nominal Bit Rate Receive Error Counter bits

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## REGISTER 3-149: C1BDIAG1H: CAN BUS DIAGNOSTICS REGISTER 1 HIGH

|        |       |         |          |          |     |          |          |
|--------|-------|---------|----------|----------|-----|----------|----------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/C-0   | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | U-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| DLCMM  | ESI   | DCRCERR | DSTUFERR | DFORMERR | —   | DBIT1ERR | DBIT0ERR |
| bit 15 |       |         |          |          |     | bit 8    |          |

|         |     |          |          |          |         |          |          |
|---------|-----|----------|----------|----------|---------|----------|----------|
| R/W-0   | U-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0   | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| TXBOERR | —   | NRCRCERR | NSTUFERR | NFORMERR | NACKERR | NBIT1ERR | NBIT0ERR |
| bit 7   |     |          |          |          |         | bit 0    |          |

|                   |                   |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | C = Clearable bit |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit  | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set  | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15     **DLCMM:** DLC Mismatch bit  
During a transmission or reception, the specified DLC is larger than the PLSIZE<2:0> of the FIFO element.
- bit 14     **ESI:** ESI Flag of a Received CAN FD Message Set bit
- bit 13     **DCRCERR:** Same as for nominal bit rate
- bit 12     **DSTUFERR:** Same as for nominal bit rate
- bit 11     **DFORMERR:** Same as for nominal bit rate
- bit 10     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 9      **DBIT1ERR:** Same as for nominal bit rate
- bit 8      **DBIT0ERR:** Same as for nominal bit rate
- bit 7      **TXBOERR:** Device Went to Bus Off bit (and auto-recovered)
- bit 6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5      **NRCRCERR:** Received Message with CRC Incorrect Checksum bit  
The CRC checksum of a received message was incorrect. The CRC of an incoming message does not match with the CRC calculated from the received data.
- bit 4      **NSTUFERR:** Received Message with Illegal Sequence bit  
More than 5 equal bits in a sequence have occurred in a part of a received message where this is not allowed.
- bit 3      **NFORMERR:** Received Frame Fixed Format bit  
A fixed format part of a received frame has the wrong format.
- bit 2      **NACKERR:** Transmitted Message Not Acknowledged bit  
Transmitted message was not acknowledged.
- bit 1      **NBIT1ERR:** Transmitted Message Recessive Level bit  
During the transmission of a message (with the exception of the arbitration field), the device wanted to send a recessive level (bit of logical value '1'), but the monitored bus value was dominant.
- bit 0      **NBIT0ERR:** Transmitted Message Dominant Level bit  
During the transmission of a message (or Acknowledge bit, active error flag or overload flag), the device wanted to send a dominant level (data or identifier bit of logical value '0'), but the monitored bus value was recessive. During bus off recovery, this status is set each time a sequence of 11 recessive bits has been monitored. This enables the CPU to monitor the proceeding of the bus off recovery sequence (indicating the bus is not stuck at dominant or continuously disturbed).

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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## REGISTER 3-150: C1BDIAG1L: CAN BUS DIAGNOSTICS REGISTER 1 LOW

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| EFMSGCNT<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15         |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| EFMSGCNT<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **EFMSGCNT<15:0>**: Error-Free Message Counter bits



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## REGISTER 3-151: C1FLTCONxH: CAN FILTER CONTROL REGISTER x HIGH (x = 0 TO 3; c = 2, 6, 10, 14; d = 3, 7, 11, 15)

|         |     |     |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| FLTENDd | —   | —   | FdBP4 | FdBP3 | FdBP2 | FdBP1 | FdBP0 |
| bit 15  |     |     |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|         |     |     |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| FLTENCc | —   | —   | FcBP4 | FcBP3 | FcBP2 | FcBP1 | FcBP0 |
| bit 7   |     |     |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **FLTENDd:** Enable Filter d to Accept Messages bit  
             1 = Filter is enabled  
             0 = Filter is disabled
- bit 14-13    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 12-8     **FdBP<4:0>:** Pointer to Object When Filter d Hits bits  
             11111 to 11000 = Reserved  
             00111 = Message matching filter is stored in Object 7  
             00110 = Message matching filter is stored in Object 6  
             ...  
             00010 = Message matching filter is stored in Object 2  
             00001 = Message matching filter is stored in Object 1  
             00000 = Reserved; Object 0 is the TX Queue and can't receive messages
- bit 7        **FLTENCc:** Enable Filter c to Accept Messages bit  
             1 = Filter is enabled  
             0 = Filter is disabled
- bit 6-5     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4-0     **FcBP<4:0>:** Pointer to Object When Filter c Hits bits  
             11111 to 11000 = Reserved  
             00111 = Message matching filter is stored in Object 7  
             00110 = Message matching filter is stored in Object 6  
             ...  
             00010 = Message matching filter is stored in Object 2  
             00001 = Message matching filter is stored in Object 1  
             00000 = Reserved; Object 0 is the TX Queue and can't receive messages

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**REGISTER 3-152: C1FLTCONxL: CAN FILTER CONTROL REGISTER x LOW (x = 0 TO 3;  
a = 0, 4, 8, 12; b = 1, 5, 9, 13)**

|        |     |     |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| FLTENb | —   | —   | FbBP4 | FbBP3 | FbBP2 | FbBP1 | FbBP0 |
| bit 15 |     |     |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|        |     |     |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| FLTENa | —   | —   | FaBP4 | FaBP3 | FaBP2 | FaBP1 | FaBP0 |
| bit 7  |     |     |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15            **FLTENb:** Enable Filter b to Accept Messages bit  
                  1 = Filter is enabled  
                  0 = Filter is disabled
- bit 14-13       **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 12-8        **FbBP<4:0>:** Pointer to Object When Filter b Hits bits  
                  11111 to 11000 = Reserved  
                  00111 = Message matching filter is stored in Object 7  
                  00110 = Message matching filter is stored in Object 6  
                  ...  
                  00010 = Message matching filter is stored in Object 2  
                  00001 = Message matching filter is stored in Object 1  
                  00000 = Reserved; Object 0 is the TX Queue and can't receive messages
- bit 7            **FLTENa:** Enable Filter a to Accept Messages bit  
                  1 = Filter is enabled  
                  0 = Filter is disabled
- bit 6-5         **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4-0         **FaBP<4:0>:** Pointer to Object When Filter a Hits bits  
                  11111 to 11000 = Reserved  
                  00111 = Message matching filter is stored in Object 7  
                  00110 = Message matching filter is stored in Object 6  
                  ...  
                  00010 = Message matching filter is stored in Object 2  
                  00001 = Message matching filter is stored in Object 1  
                  00000 = Reserved; Object 0 is the TX Queue and can't receive messages

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## REGISTER 3-153: C1FLTOBJxH: CAN FILTER OBJECT REGISTER x HIGH (x = 0 TO 15)

|        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —      | EXIDE | SID11 | EID17 | EID16 | EID15 | EID14 | EID13 |
| bit 15 |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| EID12 | EID11 | EID10 | EID9  | EID8  | EID7  | EID6  | EID5  |
| bit 7 |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15            **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 14            **EXIDE:** Extended Identifier Enable bit  
                     If MIDE = 1:  
                     1 = Matches only messages with Extended Identifier addresses  
                     0 = Matches only messages with Standard Identifier addresses
- bit 13            **SID11:** Standard Identifier Filter bit
- bit 12-0        **EID<17:5>:** Extended Identifier Filter bits  
                     In DeviceNet™ mode, these are the filter bits for the first two data bytes.

## REGISTER 3-154: C1FLTOBJxL: CAN FILTER OBJECT REGISTER x LOW (x = 0 TO 15)

|        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| EID4   | EID3  | EID2  | EID1  | EID0  | SID10 | SID9  | SID8  |
| bit 15 |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SID7  | SID6  | SID5  | SID4  | SID3  | SID2  | SID1  | SID0  |
| bit 7 |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-11        **EID<4:0>:** Extended Identifier Filter bits  
                     In DeviceNet™ mode, these are the filter bits for the first two data bytes.
- bit 10-0        **SID<10:0>:** Standard Identifier Filter bits

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## REGISTER 3-155: C1MASKxH: CAN MASK REGISTER x HIGH (x = 0 TO 15)

|        |       |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | MIDE  | MSID11 | MEID17 | MEID16 | MEID15 | MEID14 | MEID13 |
| bit 15 |       |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|        |        |        |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| MEID12 | MEID11 | MEID10 | MEID9 | MEID8 | MEID7 | MEID6 | MEID5 |
| bit 7  |        |        |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    |                  |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 14      **MIDE:** Identifier Receive Mode bit
  - 1 = Matches only message types (standard or extended address) that correspond to the EXIDE bit in the filter
  - 0 = Matches either standard or extended address message if filters match (i.e., if (Filter SID) = (Message SID) or if (Filter SID/EID) = (Message SID/EID))
- bit 13      **MSID11:** Standard Identifier Mask bit
- bit 12-0    **MEID<17:5>:** Extended Identifier Mask bits
  - In DeviceNet™ mode, these are the mask bits for the first two data bytes.

## REGISTER 3-156: C1MASKxL: CAN MASK REGISTER x LOW (x = 0 TO 15)

|        |       |       |       |       |        |       |       |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| MEID4  | MEID3 | MEID2 | MEID1 | MEID0 | MSID10 | MSID9 | MSID8 |
| bit 15 |       |       |       |       |        |       | bit 8 |

|       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| MSID7 | MSID6 | MSID5 | MSID4 | MSID3 | MSID2 | MSID1 | MSID0 |
| bit 7 |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    |                  |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15-11    **MEID<4:0>:** Extended Identifier Mask bits
  - In DeviceNet™ mode, these are the mask bits for the first two data bytes.
- bit 10-0    **MSID<10:0>:** Standard Identifier Mask bits

## 3.9 High-Speed, 12-Bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (Master ADC)

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “12-Bit High-Speed, Multiple SARs A/D Converter (ADC)” (DS70005213) in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

**2:** This section describes the Master ADC module, which implements one shared core, and no dedicated cores.

dsPIC33CH128MP508 devices have a high-speed, 12-bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC) that features a low conversion latency, high resolution and oversampling capabilities to improve performance in AC/DC and DC/DC power converters. The Master implements one SAR core ADC.

### 3.9.1 MASTER ADC FEATURES OVERVIEW

The high-speed, 12-bit multiple SARs Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC) includes the following features:

- One Shared (common) Core
- User-Configurable Resolution of up to 12 Bits
- Up to 3.5 Msps Conversion Rate per Channel at 12-Bit Resolution
- Low Latency Conversion
- Up to 20 Analog Input Channels, with a Separate 16-Bit Conversion Result Register for each Input Channel
- Conversion Result can be Formatted as Unsigned or Signed Data, on a per Channel Basis, for All Channels

- Channel Scan Capability
- Multiple Conversion Trigger Options, including:
  - PWM triggers from Master and Slave CPU cores
  - SCCP modules triggers
  - CLC modules triggers
  - External pin trigger event (ADTRG31)
  - Software trigger
- Four Integrated Digital Comparators with Dedicated Interrupts:
  - Multiple comparison options
  - Assignable to specific analog inputs
- Four Oversampling Filters with Dedicated Interrupts:
  - Provide increased resolution
  - Assignable to a specific analog input

Simplified block diagrams of the 12-bit ADC are shown in [Figure 3-24](#) and [Figure 3-25](#).

The analog inputs (channels) are connected through multiplexers and switches to the Sample-and-Hold (S&H) circuit of the ADC core. The core uses the channel information (the output format, the Measurement mode and the input number) to process the analog sample. When conversion is complete, the result is stored in the result buffer for the specific analog input, and passed to the digital filter and digital comparator if they were configured to use data from this particular channel.

The ADC provides each analog input the ability to specify its own trigger source. This capability allows the ADC to sample and convert analog inputs that are associated with PWM generators operating on independent time bases.

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FIGURE 3-24: ADC MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



**Note:** SPGA1, SPGA2 and SPGA3 are internal analog inputs and are not available on device pins.

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FIGURE 3-25: SHARED CORE BLOCK DIAGRAM



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## 3.9.2 ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERTER RESOURCES

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page contains the latest updates and additional information.

### 3.9.2.1 Key Resources

- **“12-Bit High-Speed, Multiple SARs A/D Converter (ADC)”** (DS70005213) in the *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”*
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”* Sections
- Development Tools



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## 3.9.3 ADC CONTROL/STATUS REGISTERS

### REGISTER 3-157: ADCON1L: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 1 LOW

|                     |     |        |     |     |     |     |       |
|---------------------|-----|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R/W-0               | U-0 | R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| ADON <sup>(1)</sup> | —   | ADSIDL | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15              |     |        |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

#### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15        **ADON:** ADC Enable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
                  1 = ADC module is enabled  
                  0 = ADC module is off
- bit 14        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13        **ADSIDL:** ADC Stop in Idle Mode bit  
                  1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode  
                  0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12-0      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note 1:** Set the ADON bit only after the ADC module has been configured. Changing ADC Configuration bits when ADON = 1 will result in unpredictable behavior.

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## REGISTER 3-158: ADCON1H: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 1 HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |         |         |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------|---------|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-1   | R/W-1   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| FORM  | SHRRES1 | SHRRES0 | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7 |         |         |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15-8     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7       **FORM:** Fractional Data Output Format bit
  - 1 = Fractional
  - 0 = Integer
- bit 6-5     **SHRRES<1:0>:** Shared ADC Core Resolution Selection bits
  - 11 = 12-bit resolution
  - 10 = 10-bit resolution
  - 01 = 8-bit resolution
  - 00 = 6-bit resolution
- bit 4-0     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 3-159: ADCON2L: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 2 LOW

|        |          |     |       |     |                          |                          |                          |
|--------|----------|-----|-------|-----|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0    | U-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | R/W-0                    | R/W-0                    | R/W-0                    |
| REFCIE | REFERCIE | —   | EIEN  | —   | SHREISEL2 <sup>(1)</sup> | SHREISEL1 <sup>(1)</sup> | SHREISEL0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 15 |          |     |       |     |                          |                          | bit 8                    |

|       |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| U-0   | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| —     | SHRADCS6 | SHRADCS5 | SHRADCS4 | SHRADCS3 | SHRADCS2 | SHRADCS1 | SHRADCS0 |
| bit 7 |          |          |          |          |          |          | bit 0    |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15     **REFCIE:** Band Gap and Reference Voltage Ready Common Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Common interrupt will be generated when the band gap becomes ready  
0 = Common interrupt is disabled for the band gap ready event
- bit 14     **REFERCIE:** Band Gap or Reference Voltage Error Common Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Common interrupt will be generated when a band gap or reference voltage error is detected  
0 = Common interrupt is disabled for the band gap and reference voltage error event
- bit 13     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 12     **EIEN:** Early Interrupts Enable bit  
1 = The early interrupt feature is enabled for the input channel interrupts (when the E1STATx flag is set)  
0 = The individual interrupts are generated when conversion is done (when the ANxRDY flag is set)
- bit 11     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10-8   **SHREISEL<2:0>:** Shared Core Early Interrupt Time Selection bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
111 = Early interrupt is set and interrupt is generated 8 TADCORE clocks prior to when the data is ready  
110 = Early interrupt is set and interrupt is generated 7 TADCORE clocks prior to when the data is ready  
101 = Early interrupt is set and interrupt is generated 6 TADCORE clocks prior to when the data is ready  
100 = Early interrupt is set and interrupt is generated 5 TADCORE clocks prior to when the data is ready  
011 = Early interrupt is set and interrupt is generated 4 TADCORE clocks prior to when the data is ready  
010 = Early interrupt is set and interrupt is generated 3 TADCORE clocks prior to when the data is ready  
001 = Early interrupt is set and interrupt is generated 2 TADCORE clocks prior to when the data is ready  
000 = Early interrupt is set and interrupt is generated 1 TADCORE clock prior to when the data is ready
- bit 7     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 6-0   **SHRADCS<6:0>:** Shared ADC Core Input Clock Divider bits  
These bits determine the number of TCOESRC (Source Clock Periods) for one shared TADCORE (Core Clock Period).  
11111111 = 254 Source Clock Periods  
...  
00000111 = 6 Source Clock Periods  
0000010 = 4 Source Clock Periods  
0000001 = 2 Source Clock Periods  
0000000 = 2 Source Clock Periods

**Note 1:** For the 6-bit shared ADC core resolution (SHRRES<1:0> = 00), the SHREISEL<2:0> settings, from '100' to '111', are not valid and should not be used. For the 8-bit shared ADC core resolution (SHRRES<1:0> = 01), the SHREISEL<2:0> settings, '110' and '111', are not valid and should not be used.

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## REGISTER 3-160: ADCON2H: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 2 HIGH

|         |         |     |     |     |     |          |          |
|---------|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|
| HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| REFRDY  | REFERR  | —   | —   | —   | —   | SHRSAMC9 | SHRSAMC8 |
| bit 15  |         |     |     |     |     | bit 8    |          |

|          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| SHRSAMC7 | SHRSAMC6 | SHRSAMC5 | SHRSAMC4 | SHRSAMC3 | SHRSAMC2 | SHRSAMC1 | SHRSAMC0 |
| bit 7    |          |          |          |          |          | bit 0    |          |

|                   |                                    |                                       |                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                                       |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   | HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   | '0' = Bit is cleared                  | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15      **REFRDY:** Band Gap and Reference Voltage Ready Flag bit  
             1 = Band gap is ready  
             0 = Band gap is not ready
- bit 14      **REFERR:** Band Gap or Reference Voltage Error Flag bit  
             1 = Band gap was removed after the ADC module was enabled (ADON = 1)  
             0 = No band gap error was detected
- bit 13-10   **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 9-0      **SHRSAMC<9:0>:** Shared ADC Core Sample Time Selection bits  
             These bits specify the number of shared ADC Core Clock Periods (TADCORE) for the shared ADC core sample time (Sample Time = (SHRSAMC<9:0> + 2) \* TADCORE).  
             1111111111 = 1025 TADCORE  
             ...  
             0000000001 = 3 TADCORE  
             0000000000 = 2 TADCORE

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## REGISTER 3-161: ADCON3L: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 3 LOW

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | HSC/R-0 | R/W-0   | HSC/R-0 |
| REFSEL2 | REFSEL1 | REFSEL0 | SUSPEND | SUSPCIE | SUSPRDY | SHRSAMP | CNVRTCH |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |         |

|         |         |           |           |           |           |           |           |
|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| R/W-0   | HSC/R-0 | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     |
| SWLCTRG | SWCTRG  | CNVCHSEL5 | CNVCHSEL4 | CNVCHSEL3 | CNVCHSEL2 | CNVCHSEL1 | CNVCHSEL0 |
| bit 7   |         |           |           |           |           | bit 0     |           |

|                   |                                       |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                      |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                      |
|                   | HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared                  |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                    |

bit 15-13 **REFSEL<2:0>**: ADC Reference Voltage Selection bits

| Value | VREFH | VREFL |
|-------|-------|-------|
| 000   | AVDD  | AVSS  |

001-111 = **Unimplemented**: Do not use

bit 12 **SUSPEND**: All ADC Core Triggers Disable bit

1 = All new trigger events for all ADC cores are disabled  
0 = All ADC cores can be triggered

bit 11 **SUSPCIE**: Suspend All ADC Cores Common Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Common interrupt will be generated when ADC core triggers are suspended (SUSPEND bit = 1) and all previous conversions are finished (SUSPRDY bit becomes set)  
0 = Common interrupt is not generated for suspend ADC cores event

bit 10 **SUSPRDY**: All ADC Cores Suspended Flag bit

1 = ADC core is suspended (SUSPEND bit = 1) and has no conversions in progress  
0 = ADC cores have previous conversions in progress

bit 9 **SHRSAMP**: Shared ADC Core Sampling Direct Control bit

This bit should be used with the individual channel conversion trigger controlled by the CNVRTCH bit. It connects an analog input, specified by the CNVCHSEL<5:0> bits, to the shared ADC core and allows extending the sampling time. This bit is not controlled by hardware and must be cleared before the conversion starts (setting CNVRTCH to '1').

1 = Shared ADC core samples an analog input specified by the CNVCHSEL<5:0> bits  
0 = Sampling is controlled by the shared ADC core hardware

bit 8 **CNVRTCH**: Software Individual Channel Conversion Trigger bit

1 = Single trigger is generated for an analog input specified by the CNVCHSEL<5:0> bits; when the bit is set, it is automatically cleared by hardware on the next instruction cycle  
0 = Next individual channel conversion trigger can be generated

bit 7 **SWLCTRG**: Software Level-Sensitive Common Trigger bit

1 = Triggers are continuously generated for all channels with the software; level-sensitive common trigger selected as a source in the ADTRIGNL and ADTRIGNH registers  
0 = No software, level-sensitive common triggers are generated

bit 6 **SWCTRG**: Software Common Trigger bit

1 = Single trigger is generated for all channels with the software; common trigger selected as a source in the ADTRIGNL and ADTRIGNH registers; when the bit is set, it is automatically cleared by hardware on the next instruction cycle  
0 = Ready to generate the next software common trigger

bit 5-0 **CNVCHSEL <5:0>**: Channel Number Selection for Software Individual Channel Conversion Trigger bits

These bits define a channel to be converted when the CNVRTCH bit is set.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 3-162: ADCON3H: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 3 HIGH

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| CLKSEL1 | CLKSEL0 | CLKDIV5 | CLKDIV4 | CLKDIV3 | CLKDIV2 | CLKDIV1 | CLKDIV0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |         |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 |
| SHREN | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15-14      **CLKSEL<1:0>**: ADC Module Clock Source Selection bits

11 = FVCO/4  
 10 = AFVCO/4  
 01 = FOSC  
 00 = FP (FOSC/2)

bit 13-8      **CLKDIV<5:0>**: ADC Module Clock Source Divider bits

The divider forms a TCORESRC clock used by all ADC cores (shared and dedicated), from the TSRC ADC module clock source, selected by the CLKSEL<1:0> bits. Then, each ADC core individually divides the TCORESRC clock to get a core-specific TADCORE clock using the ADCS<6:0> bits in the ADCORExH register or the SHRADCS<6:0> bits in the ADCON2L register.

111111 = 64 Source Clock Periods  
 ...  
 000011 = 4 Source Clock Periods  
 000010 = 3 Source Clock Periods  
 000001 = 2 Source Clock Periods  
 000000 = 1 Source Clock Period

bit 7      **SHREN**: Shared ADC Core Enable bit

1 = Shared ADC core is enabled  
 0 = Shared ADC core is disabled

bit 6-0      **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 3-163: ADCON5L: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 5 LOW

|         |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| HSC/R-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| SHRRDY  | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15  |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| SHRPWR | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7  |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **SHRRDY:** Shared ADC Core Ready Flag bit  
1 = ADC core is powered and ready for operation  
0 = ADC core is not ready for operation
- bit 14-8    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7        **SHRPWR:** Shared ADC Core Power Enable bit  
1 = ADC core is powered  
0 = ADC core is off
- bit 6-0     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 3-164: ADCON5H: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 5 HIGH

|        |     |     |     |           |           |           |           |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | WARMTIME3 | WARMTIME2 | WARMTIME1 | WARMTIME0 |
| bit 15 |     |     |     | bit 8     |           |           |           |

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| SHRCIE | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7  |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 11-8 **WARMTIME<3:0>:** ADC Dedicated Core Power-up Delay bits

These bits determine the power-up delay in the number of the Core Source Clock Periods (TCORESRC) for all ADC cores.

1111 = 32768 Source Clock Periods

1110 = 16384 Source Clock Periods

1101 = 8192 Source Clock Periods

1100 = 4096 Source Clock Periods

1011 = 2048 Source Clock Periods

1010 = 1024 Source Clock Periods

1001 = 512 Source Clock Periods

1000 = 256 Source Clock Periods

0111 = 128 Source Clock Periods

0110 = 64 Source Clock Periods

0101 = 32 Source Clock Periods

0100 = 16 Source Clock Periods

00xxx = 16 Source Clock Periods

bit 7 **SHRCIE:** Shared ADC Core Ready Common Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Common interrupt will be generated when ADC core is powered and ready for operation

0 = Common interrupt is disabled for an ADC core ready event

bit 6-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'



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## REGISTER 3-165: ADLVLTRGL: ADC LEVEL-SENSITIVE TRIGGER CONTROL REGISTER LOW

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| LVLEN<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| LVLEN<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **LVLEN<15:0>**: Level Trigger for Corresponding Analog Input Enable bits  
                   1 = Input trigger is level-sensitive  
                   0 = Input trigger is edge-sensitive

## REGISTER 3-166: ADLVLTRGH: ADC LEVEL-SENSITIVE TRIGGER CONTROL REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |              |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | LVLEN<20:16> |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7 |     |     |              |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-5      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 4-0      **LVLEN<20:16>**: Level Trigger for Corresponding Analog Input Enable bits  
                   1 = Input trigger is level-sensitive  
                   0 = Input trigger is edge-sensitive

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## REGISTER 3-167: ADEIEL: ADC EARLY INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER LOW

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| EIEN<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15     |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|           |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0     | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| EIEN<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7     |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0        **EIEN<15:0>**: Early Interrupt Enable for Corresponding Analog Input bits  
 1 = Early interrupt is enabled for the channel  
 0 = Early interrupt is disabled for the channel

## REGISTER 3-168: ADEIEH: ADC EARLY INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |             |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | EIEN<20:16> |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7 |     |     |             |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-5        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 4-0        **EIEN<20:16>**: Early Interrupt Enable for Corresponding Analog Input bits  
 1 = Early interrupt is enabled for the channel  
 0 = Early interrupt is disabled for the channel

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## REGISTER 3-169: ADEISTATL: ADC EARLY INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER LOW

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |       |
| EISTAT<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |       |
| EISTAT<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **EISTAT<15:0>**: Early Interrupt Status for Corresponding Analog Input bits  
                   1 = Early interrupt was generated  
                   0 = Early interrupt was not generated since the last ADCBUFx read

## REGISTER 3-170: ADEISTATH: ADC EARLY INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |       |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   |       |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |               |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |       |
| —     | —   | —   | EISTAT<20:16> |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7 |     |     |               |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-5      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 4-0      **EISTAT<20:16>**: Early Interrupt Status for Corresponding Analog Input bits  
                   1 = Early interrupt was generated  
                   0 = Early interrupt was not generated since the last ADCBUFx read

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## REGISTER 3-171: ADMOD0L: ADC INPUT MODE CONTROL REGISTER 0 LOW

|        |       |     |       |     |       |       |       |
|--------|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0    | R/W-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | U-0   | R/W-0 |
| —      | SIGN7 | —   | SIGN6 | —   | SIGN5 | —     | SIGN4 |
| bit 15 |       |     |       |     |       | bit 8 |       |

|       |       |     |       |     |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | R/W-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | U-0   | R/W-0 |
| —     | SIGN3 | —   | SIGN2 | —   | SIGN1 | —     | SIGN0 |
| bit 7 |       |     |       |     |       | bit 0 |       |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-1 (odd) **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 14-0 (even) **SIGN<7:0>:** Output Data Sign for Corresponding Analog Input bits  
     1 = Channel output data is signed  
     0 = Channel output data is unsigned

## REGISTER 3-172: ADMOD0H: ADC INPUT MODE CONTROL REGISTER 0 HIGH

|        |        |     |        |     |        |       |        |
|--------|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-------|--------|
| U-0    | R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0  | U-0   | R/W-0  |
| —      | SIGN15 | —   | SIGN14 | —   | SIGN13 | —     | SIGN12 |
| bit 15 |        |     |        |     |        | bit 8 |        |

|       |        |     |        |     |       |       |       |
|-------|--------|-----|--------|-----|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0 | U-0   | R/W-0 |
| —     | SIGN11 | —   | SIGN10 | —   | SIGN9 | —     | SIGN8 |
| bit 7 |        |     |        |     |       | bit 0 |       |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-1 (odd) **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 14-0 (even) **SIGN<15:8>:** Output Data Sign for Corresponding Analog Input bits  
     1 = Channel output data is signed  
     0 = Channel output data is unsigned

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 3-173: ADMOD1L: ADC INPUT MODE CONTROL REGISTER 1 LOW

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | SIGN20 |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8  |

|       |        |     |        |     |        |     |        |
|-------|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|
| U-0   | R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0  |
| —     | SIGN19 | —   | SIGN18 | —   | SIGN17 | —   | SIGN16 |
| bit 7 |        |     |        |     |        |     | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-9      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 8        **SIGN20:** Output Data Sign for Corresponding Analog Input bits  
               1 = Channel output data is signed  
               0 = Channel output data is unsigned
- bit 7        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 6        **SIGN19:** Output Data Sign for Corresponding Analog Input bits  
               1 = Channel output data is signed  
               0 = Channel output data is unsigned
- bit 5        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4        **SIGN18:** Output Data Sign for Corresponding Analog Input bits  
               1 = Channel output data is signed  
               0 = Channel output data is unsigned
- bit 3        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2        **SIGN17:** Output Data Sign for Corresponding Analog Input bits  
               1 = Channel output data is signed  
               0 = Channel output data is unsigned
- bit 1        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 0        **SIGN16:** Output Data Sign for Corresponding Analog Input bits  
               1 = Channel output data is signed  
               0 = Channel output data is unsigned

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## REGISTER 3-174: ADIEL: ADC INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER LOW

|          |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| IE<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15   |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| IE<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7   |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0            **IE<15:0>**: Common Interrupt Enable bits  
 1 = Common and individual interrupts are enabled for the corresponding channel  
 0 = Common and individual interrupts are disabled for the corresponding channel

## REGISTER 3-175: ADIEH: ADC INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |           |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0     | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | IE<20:16> |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7 |     |     |           |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-5            **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 4-0            **IE<20:16>**: Common Interrupt Enable bits  
 1 = Common and individual interrupts are enabled for the corresponding channel  
 0 = Common and individual interrupts are disabled for the corresponding channel

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 3-176: ADSTATL: ADC DATA READY STATUS REGISTER LOW

|             |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|-------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| HSC/R-0     | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 |
| AN<15:8>RDY |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
| bit 15      |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|            |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| HSC/R-0    | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 |
| AN<7:0>RDY |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
| bit 7      |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'   |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                      HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit                                |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                              '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15-0      **AN<15:0>RDY:** Common Interrupt Enable for Corresponding Analog Input bits  
 1 = Channel conversion result is ready in the corresponding ADCBUFx register  
 0 = Channel conversion result is not ready

## REGISTER 3-177: ADSTATH: ADC DATA READY STATUS REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |              |         |         |         |         |
|-------|-----|-----|--------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | HSC/R-0      | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | AN<20:16>RDY |         |         |         |         |
| bit 7 |     |     |              |         |         |         | bit 0   |

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'   |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                      HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit                                |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                              '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15-5      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 4-0      **AN<20:16>RDY:** Common Interrupt Enable for Corresponding Analog Input bits  
 1 = Channel conversion result is ready in the corresponding ADCBUFx register  
 0 = Channel conversion result is not ready

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## REGISTER 3-178: ADTRIGnL AND ADTRIGnH: ADC CHANNEL TRIGGER n(x) SELECTION REGISTERS LOW AND HIGH (x = 0 TO 19; n = 0 TO 4)

|        |     |     |              |              |              |              |              |
|--------|-----|-----|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0        | R/W-0        | R/W-0        | R/W-0        | R/W-0        |
| —      | —   | —   | TRGSRC(x+1)4 | TRGSRC(x+1)3 | TRGSRC(x+1)2 | TRGSRC(x+1)1 | TRGSRC(x+1)0 |
| bit 15 |     |     |              |              |              |              | bit 8        |

|       |     |     |          |          |          |          |          |
|-------|-----|-----|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| —     | —   | —   | TRGSRCx4 | TRGSRCx3 | TRGSRCx2 | TRGSRCx1 | TRGSRCx0 |
| bit 7 |     |     |          |          |          |          | bit 0    |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8      **TRGSRC(x+1)<4:0>:** Trigger Source Selection for Corresponding Analog Input bits  
 (TRGSRC1 to TRGSRC19 – Odd)

- 11111 = ADTRG31 (PPS input)
- 11110 = Master PTG
- 11101 = Slave CLC1
- 11100 = Master CLC1
- 11011 = Slave PWM8 Trigger 2
- 11010 = Slave PWM5 Trigger 2
- 11001 = Slave PWM3 Trigger 2
- 11000 = Slave PWM1 Trigger 2
- 10111 = Master SCCP4 PWM interrupt
- 10110 = Master SCCP3 PWM interrupt
- 10101 = Master SCCP2 PWM interrupt
- 10100 = Master SCCP1 PWM interrupt
- 10011 = Reserved
- 10010 = Reserved
- 10001 = Reserved
- 10000 = Reserved
- 01111 = Reserved
- 01110 = Reserved
- 01101 = Reserved
- 01100 = Reserved
- 01011 = Master PWM4 Trigger 2
- 01010 = Master PWM4 Trigger 1
- 01001 = Master PWM3 Trigger 2
- 01000 = Master PWM3 Trigger 1
- 00111 = Master PWM2 Trigger 2
- 00110 = Master PWM2 Trigger 1
- 00101 = Master PWM1 Trigger 2
- 00100 = Master PWM1 Trigger 1
- 00011 = Reserved
- 00010 = Level software trigger
- 00001 = Common software trigger
- 00000 = No trigger is enabled

bit 7-5      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'



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## REGISTER 3-178: ADTRIGnL AND ADTRIGnH: ADC CHANNEL TRIGGER n(x) SELECTION REGISTERS LOW AND HIGH (x = 0 TO 19; n = 0 TO 4) (CONTINUED)

bit 4-0     **TRGSRCx<4:0>**: Common Interrupt Enable for Corresponding Analog Input bits  
(TRGSRCx0 to TRGSRCx20 – Even)

11111 = ADTRG31 (PPS input)  
11110 = Master PTG  
11101 = Slave CLC1  
11100 = Master CLC1  
11011 = Slave PWM8 Trigger 2  
11010 = Slave PWM5 Trigger 2  
11001 = Slave PWM3 Trigger 2  
11000 = Slave PWM1 Trigger 2  
10111 = Master SCCP4 PWM interrupt  
10110 = Master SCCP3 PWM interrupt  
10101 = Master SCCP2 PWM interrupt  
10100 = Master SCCP2 PWM interrupt  
10011 = Reserved  
10010 = Reserved  
10001 = Reserved  
10000 = Reserved  
01111 = Reserved  
01110 = Reserved  
01101 = Reserved  
01100 = Reserved  
01011 = Master PWM4 Trigger 2  
01010 = Master PWM4 Trigger 1  
01001 = Master PWM3 Trigger 2  
01000 = Master PWM3 Trigger 1  
00111 = Master PWM2 Trigger 2  
00110 = Master PWM2 Trigger 1  
00101 = Master PWM1 Trigger 2  
00100 = Master PWM1 Trigger 1  
00011 = Reserved  
00010 = Level software trigger  
00001 = Common software trigger  
00000 = No trigger is enabled

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## REGISTER 3-179: ADCMPxCON: ADC DIGITAL COMPARATOR x CONTROL REGISTER (x = 0, 1, 2, 3)

|        |     |     |         |         |         |         |         |
|--------|-----|-----|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | CHNL4   | CHNL3   | CHNL2   | CHNL1   | CHNL0   |
| bit 15 |     |     |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|       |       |           |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | HC/HS/R-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CMPEN | IE    | STAT      | BTWN  | HIHI  | HILO  | LOHI  | LOLO  |
| bit 7 |       |           |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                             |                                       |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | HC = Hardware Clearable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit            | HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set            | '0' = Bit is cleared                  |
|                   |                             | HS = Hardware Settable bit            |

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8 **CHNL<4:0>:** Input Channel Number bits

11111 = Reserved

...

10101 = Reserved

10100 = Band gap, 1.2V (AN20)

10011 = Temperature sensor (AN19)

10010 = SPGA3 (AN18)

10001 = SPGA2 (AN17)

10000 = SPGA1 (AN16)

01111 = AN15

...

00000 = AN0

bit 7 **CMPEN:** Comparator Enable bit

1 = Comparator is enabled

0 = Comparator is disabled and the STAT status bit is cleared

bit 6 **IE:** Comparator Common ADC Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Common ADC interrupt will be generated if the comparator detects a comparison event

0 = Common ADC interrupt will not be generated for the comparator

bit 5 **STAT:** Comparator Event Status bit

This bit is cleared by hardware when the channel number is read from the CHNL<4:0> bits.

1 = A comparison event has been detected since the last read of the CHNL<4:0> bits

0 = A comparison event has not been detected since the last read of the CHNL<4:0> bits

bit 4 **BTWN:** Between Low/High Comparator Event bit

1 = Generates a comparator event when  $ADCMPxLO \leq ADCBUFx < ADCMPxHI$

0 = Does not generate a digital comparator event when  $ADCMPxLO \leq ADCBUFx < ADCMPxHI$

bit 3 **HIHI:** High/High Comparator Event bit

1 = Generates a digital comparator event when  $ADCBUFx \geq ADCMPxHI$

0 = Does not generate a digital comparator event when  $ADCBUFx \geq ADCMPxHI$

bit 2 **HILO:** High/Low Comparator Event bit

1 = Generates a digital comparator event when  $ADCBUFx < ADCMPxHI$

0 = Does not generate a digital comparator event when  $ADCBUFx < ADCMPxHI$

bit 1 **LOHI:** Low/High Comparator Event bit

1 = Generates a digital comparator event when  $ADCBUFx \geq ADCMPxLO$

0 = Does not generate a digital comparator event when  $ADCBUFx \geq ADCMPxLO$

bit 0 **LOLO:** Low/Low Comparator Event bit

1 = Generates a digital comparator event when  $ADCBUFx < ADCMPxLO$

0 = Does not generate a digital comparator event when  $ADCBUFx < ADCMPxLO$

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## REGISTER 3-180: ADCMP<sub>x</sub>ENL: ADC DIGITAL COMPARATOR x CHANNEL ENABLE REGISTER LOW (x = 0, 1, 2, 3)

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CMPEN<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CMPEN<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **CMPEN<15:0>**: Comparator Enable for Corresponding Input Channel bits  
 1 = Conversion result for corresponding channel is used by the comparator  
 0 = Conversion result for corresponding channel is not used by the comparator

## REGISTER 3-181: ADCMP<sub>x</sub>ENH: ADC DIGITAL COMPARATOR x CHANNEL ENABLE REGISTER HIGH (x = 0, 1, 2, 3)

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |              |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | CMPEN<20:16> |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7 |     |     |              |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-5      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 4-0      **CMPEN<20:16>**: Comparator Enable for Corresponding Input Channel bits  
 1 = Conversion result for corresponding channel is used by the comparator  
 0 = Conversion result for corresponding channel is not used by the comparator

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## REGISTER 3-182: ADFLxCON: ADC DIGITAL FILTER x CONTROL REGISTER (x = 0, 1, 2, 3)

|        |       |       |         |         |         |       |          |
|--------|-------|-------|---------|---------|---------|-------|----------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0 | R-0, HSC |
| FLEN   | MODE1 | MODE0 | OVRSAM2 | OVRSAM1 | OVRSAM0 | IE    | RDY      |
| bit 15 |       |       |         |         |         |       | bit 8    |

|       |     |     |          |          |          |          |          |
|-------|-----|-----|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| —     | —   | —   | FLCHSEL4 | FLCHSEL3 | FLCHSEL2 | FLCHSEL1 | FLCHSEL0 |
| bit 7 |     |     |          |          |          |          | bit 0    |

|                   |                                    |                                       |                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                                       |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   | HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   | '0' = Bit is cleared                  | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15      **FLEN:** Filter Enable bit  
 1 = Filter is enabled  
 0 = Filter is disabled and the RDY bit is cleared
- bit 14-13    **MODE<1:0>:** Filter Mode bits  
 11 = Averaging mode  
 10 = Reserved  
 01 = Reserved  
 00 = Oversampling mode
- bit 12-10    **OVRSAM<2:0>:** Filter Averaging/Oversampling Ratio bits  
If MODE<1:0> = 00:  
 111 = 128x (16-bit result in the ADFLxDAT register is in 12.4 format)  
 110 = 32x (15-bit result in the ADFLxDAT register is in 12.3 format)  
 101 = 8x (14-bit result in the ADFLxDAT register is in 12.2 format)  
 100 = 2x (13-bit result in the ADFLxDAT register is in 12.1 format)  
 011 = 256x (16-bit result in the ADFLxDAT register is in 12.4 format)  
 010 = 64x (15-bit result in the ADFLxDAT register is in 12.3 format)  
 001 = 16x (14-bit result in the ADFLxDAT register is in 12.2 format)  
 000 = 4x (13-bit result in the ADFLxDAT register is in 12.1 format)  
If MODE<1:0> = 11 (12-bit result in the ADFLxDAT register in all instances):  
 111 = 256x  
 110 = 128x  
 101 = 64x  
 100 = 32x  
 011 = 16x  
 110 = 8x  
 001 = 4x  
 000 = 2x
- bit 9        **IE:** Filter Common ADC Interrupt Enable bit  
 1 = Common ADC interrupt will be generated when the filter result will be ready  
 0 = Common ADC interrupt will not be generated for the filter
- bit 8        **RDY:** Oversampling Filter Data Ready Flag bit  
 This bit is cleared by hardware when the result is read from the ADFLxDAT register.  
 1 = Data in the ADFLxDAT register is ready  
 0 = The ADFLxDAT register has been read and new data in the ADFLxDAT register is not ready
- bit 7-5      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 3-182: ADFLxCON: ADC DIGITAL FILTER x CONTROL REGISTER (x = 0, 1, 2, 3) (CONTINUED)

bit 4-0      **FLCHSEL<4:0>**: Oversampling Filter Input Channel Selection bits

- 11111 = Reserved
- ...
- 10101 = Reserved
- 10100 = Band gap, 1.2V (AN20)
- 10011 = Temperature sensor (AN19)
- 10010 = SPGA3 (AN18)
- 10001 = SPGA2 (AN17)
- 10000 = SPGA1 (AN16)
- 01111 = AN15
- ...
- 00000 = AN0

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## 3.10 Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG)

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG)**” (DS70000669) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com))

Table 3-43 shows an overview of the PTG module.

**TABLE 3-43: PTG MODULE OVERVIEW**

|        | No. of PTG Modules | Identical (Modules) |
|--------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Master | 1                  | NA                  |
| Slave  | None               | NA                  |

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG) module is a user-programmable sequencer that is capable of generating complex trigger signal sequences to coordinate the operation of other peripherals. The PTG module is designed to interface with the modules, such as an Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC), output compare and PWM modules, timers and interrupt controllers.

### 3.10.1 FEATURES

- Behavior is Step Command-Driven:
  - Step commands are eight bits wide
- Commands are Stored in a Step Queue:
  - Queue depth is parameterized (8-32 entries)
  - Programmable Step execution time (Step delay)
- Supports the Command Sequence Loop:
  - Can be nested one-level deep
  - Conditional or unconditional loop
  - Two 16-bit loop counters
- 16 Hardware Input Triggers:
  - Sensitive to either positive or negative edges, or a high or low level
- One Software Input Trigger
- Generates up to 32 Unique Output Trigger Signals
- Generates Two Types of Trigger Outputs:
  - Individual
  - Broadcast
- Strobed Output Port for Literal Data Values:
  - 5-bit literal write (literal part of a command)
  - 16-bit literal write (literal held in the PTGL0 register)
- Generates up to Ten Unique Interrupt Signals
- Two 16-Bit General Purpose Timers
- Flexible Self-Contained Watchdog Timer (WDT) to Set an Upper Limit to Trigger Wait Time
- Single-Step Command Capability in Debug mode
- Selectable Clock (system, Pulse-Width Modulator (PWM) or ADC)
- Programmable Clock Divider

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FIGURE 3-26: PTG BLOCK DIAGRAM



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## 3.10.2 PTG CONTROL/STATUS REGISTERS

### REGISTER 3-183: PTGCST: PTG CONTROL/STATUS LOW REGISTER

|        |     |         |         |     |                       |                        |         |
|--------|-----|---------|---------|-----|-----------------------|------------------------|---------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | U-0 | HC/R/W-0              | R/W-0                  | R/W-0   |
| PTGEN  | —   | PTGSIDL | PTGTOGL | —   | PTGSWT <sup>(2)</sup> | PTGSSEN <sup>(3)</sup> | PTGIVIS |
| bit 15 |     |         |         |     |                       |                        | bit 8   |

|          |          |             |     |     |     |                        |                        |
|----------|----------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------|------------------------|
| HC/R/W-0 | HS/R/W-0 | HS/HC/R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  |
| PTGSTRT  | PTGWDTO  | PTGBUSY     | —   | —   | —   | PTGITM1 <sup>(1)</sup> | PTGITM0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 7    |          |             |     |     |     |                        | bit 0                  |

|                   |                             |                                    |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | HC = Hardware Clearable bit | HS = Hardware Settable bit         |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit            | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set            | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                             | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15     **PTGEN:** PTG Enable bit  
           1 = PTG is enabled  
           0 = PTG is disabled
- bit 14     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13     **PTGSIDL:** PTG Freeze in Debug Mode bit  
           1 = Halts PTG operation when device is Idle  
           0 = PTG operation continues when device is Idle
- bit 12     **PTGTOGL:** PTG Toggle Trigger Output bit  
           1 = Toggles state of TRIG output for each execution of PTGTRIG  
           0 = Generates a single TRIG pulse for each execution of PTGTRIG
- bit 11     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10     **PTGSWT:** PTG Software Trigger bit<sup>(2)</sup>  
           1 = Toggles state of TRIG output for each execution of PTGTRIG  
           0 = Generates a single TRIG pulse for each execution of PTGTRIG
- bit 9      **PTGSSEN:** PTG Single-Step Command bit<sup>(3)</sup>  
           1 = Enables single step when in Debug mode  
           0 = Disables single step
- bit 8      **PTGIVIS:** PTG Counter/Timer Visibility bit  
           1 = Reading the PTGSDLIM, PTGCxLIM or PTGTxLIM registers returns the current values of their corresponding Counter/Timer registers (PTGSDLIM, PTGCxLIM and PTGTxLIM)  
           0 = Reading the PTGSDLIM, PTGCxLIM or PTGTxLIM registers returns the value of these Limit registers
- bit 7      **PTGSTRT:** PTG Start Sequencer bit  
           1 = Starts to sequentially execute the commands (Continuous mode)  
           0 = Stops executing the commands
- bit 6      **PTGWDTO:** PTG Watchdog Timer Time-out Status bit  
           1 = PTG Watchdog Timer has timed out  
           0 = PTG Watchdog Timer has not timed out
- bit 5      **PTGBUSY:** PTG State Machine Busy bit  
           1 = PTG is running on the selected clock source; no SFR writes are allowed to PTGCLK<2:0> or PTGDIV<4:0>  
           0 = PTG state machine is not running
- bit 4-2    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

- Note 1:** These bits apply to the PTGWHI and PTGWLO commands only.
- 2:** This bit is only used with the PTGCTRL Step command software trigger option.
- 3:** The PTGSSEN bit may only be written when in Debug mode.



## REGISTER 3-183: PTGCST: PTG CONTROL/STATUS LOW REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 1-0     **PTGITM<1:0>**: PTG Input Trigger Operation Selection bit<sup>(1)</sup>
- 11 = Single-level detect with Step delay not executed on exit of command (regardless of the PTGCTRL command) (Mode 3)
  - 10 = Single-level detect with Step delay executed on exit of command (Mode 2)
  - 01 = Continuous edge detect with Step delay not executed on exit of command (regardless of the PTGCTRL command) (Mode 1)
  - 00 = Continuous edge detect with Step delay executed on exit of command (Mode 0)

- Note 1:** These bits apply to the PTGWHI and PTGWLO commands only.
- 2:** This bit is only used with the PTGCTRL Step command software trigger option.
- 3:** The PTGSSEN bit may only be written when in Debug mode.

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## REGISTER 3-184: PTGCON: PTG CONTROL/STATUS HIGH REGISTER

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| PTGCLK2 | PTGCLK1 | PTGCLK0 | PTGDIV4 | PTGDIV3 | PTGDIV2 | PTGDIV1 | PTGDIV0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|         |         |         |         |     |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | U-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| PTGPWD3 | PTGPWD2 | PTGPWD1 | PTGPWD0 | —   | PTGWDT2 | PTGWDT1 | PTGWDT0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |     |         |         | bit 0   |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-13     **PTGCLK<2:0>**: PTG Module Clock Source Selection bits  
 111 = Reserved  
 110 = PLL VCO DIV 4 output  
 101 = PTG module clock source will be SCCP7  
 100 = PTG module clock source will be SCCP8  
 011 = Input from Timer1 Clock pin, T1CK  
 010 = PTG module clock source will be ADC clock  
 001 = PTG module clock source will be Fosc  
 000 = PTG module clock source will be Fosc/2 (Fp)
- bit 12-8     **PTGDIV<4:0>**: PTG Module Clock Prescaler (Divider) bits  
 11111 = Divide-by-32  
 11110 = Divide-by-31  
 ...  
 00001 = Divide-by-2  
 00000 = Divide-by-1
- bit 7-4     **PTGPWD<3:0>**: PTG Trigger Output Pulse-Width (in PTG clock cycles) bits  
 1111 = All trigger outputs are 16 PTG clock cycles wide  
 1110 = All trigger outputs are 15 PTG clock cycles wide  
 ...  
 0001 = All trigger outputs are 2 PTG clock cycles wide  
 0000 = All trigger outputs are 1 PTG clock cycle wide
- bit 3     **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'
- bit 2-0     **PTGWDT<2:0>**: PTG Watchdog Timer Time-out Selection bits  
 111 = Watchdog Timer will time out after 512 PTG clocks  
 110 = Watchdog Timer will time out after 256 PTG clocks  
 101 = Watchdog Timer will time out after 128 PTG clocks  
 100 = Watchdog Timer will time out after 64 PTG clocks  
 011 = Watchdog Timer will time out after 32 PTG clocks  
 010 = Watchdog Timer will time out after 16 PTG clocks  
 001 = Watchdog Timer will time out after 8 PTG clocks  
 000 = Watchdog Timer is disabled

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## REGISTER 3-185: PTGBTE: PTG BROADCAST TRIGGER ENABLE LOW REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PTGBTE<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PTGBTE<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **PTGBTE<15:0>**: PTG Broadcast Trigger Enable bits  
                                     1 = Generates trigger when the broadcast command is executed  
                                     0 = Does not generate trigger when the broadcast command is executed

**Note 1:** These bits are read-only when the module is executing Step commands.

## REGISTER 3-186: PTGBTEH: PTG BROADCAST TRIGGER ENABLE HIGH REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PTGBTE<31:24> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15        |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PTGBTE<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **PTGBTE<31:16>**: PTG Broadcast Trigger Enable bits  
                                     1 = Generates trigger when the broadcast command is executed  
                                     0 = Does not generate trigger when the broadcast command is executed

**Note 1:** These bits are read-only when the module is executing Step commands.

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## REGISTER 3-187: PTGHOLD: PTG HOLD REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PTGHOLD<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15        |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PTGHOLD<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7        |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0            **PTGHOLD<15:0>**: PTG General Purpose Hold Register bits  
 This register holds the user-supplied data to be copied to the PTGTxLIM, PTGCxLIM, PTGSDLIM or PTGL0 register using the PTGCOPY command.

**Note 1:** These bits are read-only when the module is executing Step commands.

## REGISTER 3-188: PTGT0LIM: PTG TIMER0 LIMIT REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PTGT0LIM<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15         |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PTGT0LIM<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0            **PTGT0LIM<15:0>**: PTG Timer0 Limit Register bits  
 General Purpose Timer0 Limit register.

**Note 1:** These bits are read-only when the module is executing Step commands.

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## REGISTER 3-189: PTGT1LIM: PTG TIMER1 LIMIT REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PTGT1LIM<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15         |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PTGT1LIM<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0            **PTGT1LIM<15:0>**: PTG Timer1 Limit Register bits  
 General Purpose Timer1 Limit register.

**Note 1:** These bits are read-only when the module is executing Step commands.

## REGISTER 3-190: PTGSDLIM: PTG STEP DELAY LIMIT REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PTGSDLIM<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15         |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PTGSDLIM<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0            **PTGSDLIM<15:0>**: PTG Step Delay Limit Register bits  
 This register holds a PTG Step delay value representing the number of additional PTG clocks between the start of a Step command and the completion of a Step command.

**Note 1:** These bits are read-only when the module is executing Step commands.

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## REGISTER 3-191: PTGC0LIM: PTG COUNTER 0 LIMIT REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PTGC0LIM<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15         |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PTGC0LIM<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0            **PTGC0LIM<15:0>**: PTG Counter 0 Limit Register bits

This register is used to specify the loop count for the PTGJMPC0 Step command or as a Limit register for the General Purpose Counter 0.

**Note 1:** These bits are read-only when the module is executing Step commands.

## REGISTER 3-192: PTGC1LIM: PTG COUNTER 1 LIMIT REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PTGC1LIM<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15         |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PTGC1LIM<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0            **PTGC1LIM<15:0>**: PTG Counter 1 Limit Register bits

This register is used to specify the loop count for the PTGJMPC1 Step command or as a Limit register for the General Purpose Counter 1.

**Note 1:** These bits are read only when the module is executing step commands.

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## REGISTER 3-193: PTGADJ: PTG ADJUST REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PTGADJ<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PTGADJ<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15-0      **PTGADJ<15:0>**: PTG Adjust Register bits  
 This register holds the user-supplied data to be added to the PTGTxLIM, PTGCxLIM, PTGSDLIM or PTGL0 register using the PTGADD command.

**Note 1:** These bits are read-only when the module is executing Step commands.

## REGISTER 3-194: PTGL0: PTG LITERAL 0 REGISTER<sup>(1,2)</sup>

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PTGL0<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15      |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PTGL0<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15-0      **PTGL0<15:0>**: PTG Literal 0 Register bits  
 This register holds the 6-bit value to be written to the CNVCHSEL<5:0> bits (ADCON3L<5:0>) with the PTGCTRL Step command.

**Note 1:** These bits are read-only when the module is executing Step commands.

**2:** The PTG strobe output is typically connected to the ADC Channel Select register. This allows the PTG to directly control ADC channel switching. See the specific device data sheet for connections of the PTG output.

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## REGISTER 3-195: PTGQPTR: PTG STEP QUEUE POINTER REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |              |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | PTGQPTR<4:0> |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7 |     |     |              |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-5                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4-0                      **PTGQPTR<4:0>:** PTG Step Queue Pointer Register bits  
 This register points to the currently active Step command in the Step queue.

**Note 1:** These bits are read only when the module is executing step commands.

## REGISTER 3-196: PTGQUE<sub>n</sub>: PTG STEP QUEUE <sub>n</sub> POINTER REGISTER (<sub>n</sub> = 0-15)<sup>(1,2)</sup>

|                            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0                      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| STEP2 <sub>n+1</sub> <7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15                     |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|                          |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0                    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| STEP2 <sub>n</sub> <7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7                    |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **STEP2<sub>n+1</sub><7:0>:** PTG Command 4<sub>n+1</sub> bits  
 A queue location for storage of the STEP2<sub>n+1</sub> command byte, where 'n' is from PTGQUE<sub>n</sub>.

bit                      **STEP2<sub>n</sub><7:0>:** PTG Command 4<sub>n+2</sub> bits  
 A queue location for storage of the STEP2<sub>n</sub> command byte, where 'n' are the odd numbered Step Queue Pointers.

**Note 1:** These bits are read-only when the module is executing Step commands.

**2:** Refer to [Table 3-1](#) for the Step command encoding.



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**TABLE 3-44: PTG STEP COMMAND FORMAT AND DESCRIPTION**

|                   |             |             |       |
|-------------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| Step Command Byte |             |             |       |
|                   |             | STEPx<7:0>  |       |
| CMD<3:0>          |             | OPTION<3:0> |       |
| bit 7             | bit 4 bit 3 |             | bit 0 |

| bit 7-4 | Step Command | CMD<3:0> | Command Description  |
|---------|--------------|----------|--|
|         | PTGCTRL      | 0000     | Execute the control command as described by the OPTION<3:0> bits.  |
|         | PTGADD       | 0001     | Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the target register as described by the OPTION<3:0> bits.   |
|         | PTGCOPY      |          | Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the target register as described by the OPTION<3:0> bits.   |
|         | PTGSTRB      | 001x     | Copy the values contained in the bits, CMD<0>:OPTION<3:0> to the strobe output bits <4:0>.   |
|         | PTGWHI       | 0100     | Wait for a low-to-high edge input from a selected PTG trigger input as described by the OPTION<3:0> bits.  |
|         | PTGWLO       | 0101     | Wait for a high-to-low edge input from a selected PTG trigger input as described by the OPTION<3:0> bits.  |
|         | —            | 0110     | Reserved; do not use. <sup>(1)</sup>   |
|         | PTGIRQ       | 0111     | Generate individual interrupt request as described by the OPTION<3:0> bits.  |
|         | PTGTRIG      | 100x     | Generate individual trigger output as described by the bits, CMD<0>:OPTION<3:0>.   |
|         | PTGJMP       | 101x     | Copy the values contained in the bits, CMD<0>:OPTION<3:0> to the PTGQPTR register, and jump to that Step queue.  |
|         | PTGJMPC0     | 110x     | PTGC0 = PTGC0LIM: Increment the PTGQPTR register.<br>PTGC0 ≠ PTGC0LIM: Increment Counter 0 (PTGC0) and copy the values contained in the bits, CMD<0>:OPTION<3:0> to the PTGQPTR register, and jump to that Step queue. |
|         | PTGJMPC1     | 111x     | PTGC1 = PTGC1LIM: Increment the PTGQPTR register.<br>PTGC1 ≠ PTGC1LIM: Increment Counter 1 (PTGC1) and copy the values contained in the bits, CMD<0>:OPTION<3:0> to the PTGQPTR register, and jump to that Step queue. |

**Note 1:** All reserved commands or options will execute, but they do not have any affect (i.e., execute as a NOP instruction).

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**TABLE 3-45: PTG COMMAND OPTIONS**

| bit 3-0 | Step Command   | OPTION<3:0>   | Command Description   |  |
|---------|--|---|---|--|
|         | PTGWHI <sup>(1)</sup><br>or<br>PTGWLO <sup>(1)</sup> | 0000  | PTGI0 (see <a href="#">Table 3-46</a> for input assignments).   |  |
|         |  | .   | .   |  |
|         |  | .   | .   |  |
|         |  |   | 1111  | PTGI15 (see <a href="#">Table 3-46</a> for input assignments). |
|         | PTGIRQ <sup>(1)</sup>                                |   | 0000  | Generate PTG Interrupt 0.                                      |
|         |  |   | .   | .  |
|         |  |   | .   | .  |
|         |  |   | .   | .  |
|         |  |   | 0111  | Generate PTG Interrupt 7.                                      |
|         |  |   | 1000  | Reserved; do not use.  |
|         |  |   | .   | .  |
|         |  | .   | .   |  |
|         |  | .   | .   |  |
|         |  | 1111  | Reserved; do not use.   |  |
|         | PTGTRIG  |   | 0000  | PTGO0 (see <a href="#">Table 3-47</a> for output assignments). |
|         |  | 0001  | PTGO1 (see <a href="#">Table 3-47</a> for output assignments).  |  |
|         |  | .   | .   |  |
|         |  | .   | .   |  |
|         |  | .   | .   |  |
|         |  | 1110  | PTGO30 (see <a href="#">Table 3-47</a> for output assignments). |  |
|         | 1111   | PTGO31 (see <a href="#">Table 3-47</a> for output assignments). |   |  |

**Note 1:** All reserved commands or options will execute, but they do not have any affect (i.e., execute as a NOP instruction).

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**TABLE 3-46: PTG INPUT DESCRIPTIONS**

| PTG Input Number     | PTG Input Description                         |
|----------------------|---|
| PTG Trigger Input 0  | Trigger Input from Master PWM Channel 1       |
| PTG Trigger Input 1  | Trigger Input from Master PWM Channel 2       |
| PTG Trigger Input 2  | Trigger Input from Master PWM Channel 3       |
| PTG Trigger Input 3  | Trigger Input from Master PWM Channel 4       |
| PTG Trigger Input 4  | Trigger Input from Slave PWM Channel 1        |
| PTG Trigger Input 5  | Trigger Input from Slave PWM Channel 2        |
| PTG Trigger Input 6  | Trigger Input from Slave PWM Channel 3        |
| PTG Trigger Input 7  | Trigger Input from Master SCCP4               |
| PTG Trigger Input 8  | Trigger Input from Slave SCCP4                |
| PTG Trigger Input 9  | Trigger Input from Master Comparator 1        |
| PTG Trigger Input 10 | Trigger Input from Slave Comparator 1         |
| PTG Trigger Input 11 | Trigger Input from Slave Comparator 2         |
| PTG Trigger Input 12 | Trigger Input from Slave Comparator 3         |
| PTG Trigger Input 13 | Trigger Input Master ADC Done Group Interrupt |
| PTG Trigger Input 14 | Trigger Input Slave ADC Done Group Interrupt  |
| PTG Trigger Input 15 | Trigger Input from INT2 PPS                   |

**TABLE 3-47: PTG OUTPUT DESCRIPTIONS**

| PTG Output Number | PTG Output Description            |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| PTGO0 to PTGO11   | Reserved                          |
| PTGO12            | Trigger for Master ADC TRGSRC<30> |
| PTGO13            | Trigger for Slave ADC TRGSRC<30>  |
| PTGO16 to PTGO23  | Reserved                          |
| PTGO24            | PPS Master Output RP46            |
| PTGO25            | PPS Master Output RP47            |
| PTGO26            | PPS Master Input RP6              |
| PTGO27            | PPS Master Input RP7              |
| PTGO28            | PPS Slave Output RP46             |
| PTGO29            | PPS Slave Output RP47             |
| PTGO30            | PPS Slave Input RP6               |
| PTGO31            | PPS Slave Input RP7               |

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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NOTES:

## 4.0 SLAVE MODULES

### 4.1 Slave CPU

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**dsPIC33E Enhanced CPU**” (DS70005158) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

The Slave CPU fetches instructions from the PRAM (Program RAM Memory for the Slave). The Master core and Slave core can run independently asynchronously, at the same speed, or at a different speed.

On a POR, the PRAM will not have the user code. The Master core will load the Slave code from the Master Flash to the Slave PRAM, and once the code is verified, the Master core will release the Slave core to start executing the code (SLVEN (MS1CON<15> = 1).

**Note:** All of the associated register names are the same on the Master as well as the Slave. The Slave code will be developed in a separate project in MPLAB® X IDE with the device selection, MP50XS1/20XS1, where **S1** indicates the Slave device.

The dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family CPU has a 16-bit (data) modified Harvard architecture with an enhanced instruction set, including significant support for Digital Signal Processing (DSP). The CPU has a 24-bit instruction word with a variable length opcode field. The Program Counter (PC) is 23 bits wide and addresses up to 4M x 24 bits of user program memory space.

Most instructions execute in a single-cycle effective execution rate, with the exception of instructions that change the program flow, the double-word move (MOV.D) instruction, PSV accesses and the table instructions. Overhead-free program loop constructs are supported using the DO and REPEAT instructions, both of which are interruptible at any point.

#### 4.1.1 REGISTERS

The dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 devices have sixteen, 16-bit Working registers in the programmer's model. Each of the Working registers can act as a data, address or address offset register. The 16th Working register (W15) operates as a Software Stack Pointer for interrupts and calls.

In addition, the dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 devices include four Alternate Working register sets, which consist of W0 through W14. The Alternate Working registers can be made persistent to help reduce the saving and restoring of register content during Interrupt Service Routines (ISRs). The Alternate Working registers can be assigned to a specific Interrupt Priority Level (IPL1 through IPL7) by configuring the CTXTx<2:0> bits in the FALTREG Configuration register. The Alternate Working registers can also be accessed manually by using the CTXTSWP instruction. The CCTXI<2:0> and MCTXI<2:0> bits in the CTXTSTAT register can be used to identify the current and most recent, manually selected Working register sets.

#### 4.1.2 INSTRUCTION SET

The instruction set for dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 devices has two classes of instructions: the MCU class of instructions and the DSP class of instructions. These two instruction classes are seamlessly integrated into the architecture and execute from a single execution unit. The instruction set includes many addressing modes and was designed for optimum C compiler efficiency.

**Note 1:** Unlike the Master, there is no prefetch of the instruction implemented for the Slave.

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## 4.1.3 DATA SPACE ADDRESSING

The base Data Space can be addressed as up to 4K words or 8 Kbytes, and is split into two blocks, referred to as X and Y data memory. Each memory block has its own independent Address Generation Unit (AGU). The MCU class of instructions operates solely through the X memory AGU, which accesses the entire memory map as one linear Data Space. Certain DSP instructions operate through the X and Y AGUs to support dual operand reads, which splits the data address space into two parts. The X and Y Data Space boundary is device-specific.

The upper 32 Kbytes of the Data Space memory map can optionally be mapped into Program Space (PS) at any 16K program word boundary. The program-to-Data Space mapping feature, known as Program Space Visibility (PSV), lets any instruction access Program Space as if it were Data Space. Refer to “**Data Memory**” (DS70595) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*” for more details on PSV and table accesses.

On dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family devices, overhead-free circular buffers (Modulo Addressing) are supported in both X and Y address spaces. The Modulo Addressing removes the software boundary checking overhead for DSP algorithms. The X AGU Circular Addressing can be used with any of the MCU class of instructions. The X AGU also supports Bit-Reversed Addressing to greatly simplify input or output data re-ordering for radix-2 FFT algorithms.

## 4.1.4 ADDRESSING MODES

The CPU supports these addressing modes:

- Inherent (no operand)
- Relative
- Literal
- Memory Direct
- Register Direct
- Register Indirect

Each instruction is associated with a predefined addressing mode group, depending upon its functional requirements. As many as six addressing modes are supported for each instruction.

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FIGURE 4-1: dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 FAMILY (SLAVE) CPU BLOCK DIAGRAM



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 4.1.5 PROGRAMMER'S MODEL

The programmer's model for the dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family is shown in [Figure 4-2](#). All registers in the programmer's model are memory-mapped and can be manipulated directly by instructions. [Table 4-1](#) lists a description of each register.

In addition to the registers contained in the programmer's model, the dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 devices contain control registers for Modulo Addressing, Bit-Reversed Addressing and interrupts. These registers are described in subsequent sections of this document.

All registers associated with the programmer's model are memory-mapped, as shown in [Figure 4-3](#).

**TABLE 4-1: PROGRAMMER'S MODEL REGISTER DESCRIPTIONS**

| Register(s) Name                                  | Description   |
|---|---|
| W0 through W15 <sup>(1)</sup>                     | Working Register Array  |
| W0 through W14 <sup>(1)</sup>                     | Alternate 1 Working Register Array                            |
| W0 through W14 <sup>(1)</sup>                     | Alternate 2 Working Register Array                            |
| W0 through W14 <sup>(1)</sup>                     | Alternate 3 Working Register Array                            |
| W0 through W14 <sup>(1)</sup>                     | Alternate 4 Working Register Array                            |
| ACCA, ACCB  | 40-Bit DSP Accumulators (Additional 4 Alternate Accumulators) |
| PC  | 23-Bit Program Counter  |
| SR  | ALU and DSP Engine STATUS Register                            |
| SPLIM   | Stack Pointer Limit Value Register                            |
| TBLPAG  | Table Memory Page Address Register                            |
| DSRPAG  | Extended Data Space (EDS) Read Page Register                  |
| RCOUNT  | REPEAT Loop Counter Register                                  |
| DCOUNT  | DO Loop Counter Register                                      |
| DOSTARTH <sup>(2)</sup> , DOSTARTL <sup>(2)</sup> | DO Loop Start Address Register (High and Low)                 |
| DOENDH, DOENDL                                    | DO Loop End Address Register (High and Low)                   |
| CORCON  | Contains DSP Engine, DO Loop Control and Trap Status bits     |

**Note 1:** Memory-mapped W0 through W14 represent the value of the register in the currently active CPU context.

**2:** The DOSTARTH and DOSTARTL registers are read-only.



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**FIGURE 4-2: PROGRAMMER'S MODEL (SLAVE)**



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## 4.1.6 CPU RESOURCES

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page contains the latest updates and additional information.

### 4.1.6.1 Key Resources

- “**dsPIC33E Enhanced CPU**” (DS70005158) in the *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”*
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All related *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”* Sections
- Development Tools

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## 4.1.7 CPU CONTROL/STATUS REGISTERS

### REGISTER 4-1: SR: CPU STATUS REGISTER

|        |       |                   |                   |       |       |     |       |
|--------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|-------|-------|-----|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0             | R/W-0             | R/C-0 | R/C-0 | R-0 | R/W-0 |
| OA     | OB    | SA <sup>(3)</sup> | SB <sup>(3)</sup> | OAB   | SAB   | DA  | DC    |
| bit 15 |       |                   |                   |       |       |     | bit 8 |

|                      |                      |                      |     |       |       |       |       |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 <sup>(2)</sup> | R/W-0 <sup>(2)</sup> | R/W-0 <sup>(2)</sup> | R-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| IPL2 <sup>(1)</sup>  | IPL1 <sup>(1)</sup>  | IPL0 <sup>(1)</sup>  | RA  | N     | OV    | Z     | C     |
| bit 7                |                      |                      |     |       |       |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                   |                                    |
|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | C = Clearable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit  | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **OA:** Accumulator A Overflow Status bit  
 1 = Accumulator A has overflowed  
 0 = Accumulator A has not overflowed
- bit 14      **OB:** Accumulator B Overflow Status bit  
 1 = Accumulator B has overflowed  
 0 = Accumulator B has not overflowed
- bit 13      **SA:** Accumulator A Saturation 'Sticky' Status bit<sup>(3)</sup>  
 1 = Accumulator A is saturated or has been saturated at some time  
 0 = Accumulator A is not saturated
- bit 12      **SB:** Accumulator B Saturation 'Sticky' Status bit<sup>(3)</sup>  
 1 = Accumulator B is saturated or has been saturated at some time  
 0 = Accumulator B is not saturated
- bit 11      **OAB:** OA || OB Combined Accumulator Overflow Status bit  
 1 = Accumulator A or B has overflowed  
 0 = Neither Accumulator A or B has overflowed
- bit 10      **SAB:** SA || SB Combined Accumulator 'Sticky' Status bit  
 1 = Accumulator A or B is saturated or has been saturated at some time  
 0 = Neither Accumulator A or B is saturated
- bit 9        **DA:** DO Loop Active bit  
 1 = DO loop is in progress  
 0 = DO loop is not in progress
- bit 8        **DC:** MCU ALU Half Carry/Borrow bit  
 1 = A carry-out from the 4th low-order bit (for byte-sized data) or 8th low-order bit (for word-sized data) of the result occurred  
 0 = No carry-out from the 4th low-order bit (for byte-sized data) or 8th low-order bit (for word-sized data) of the result occurred

- Note 1:** The IPL<2:0> bits are concatenated with the IPL<3> bit (CORCON<3>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level. The value in parentheses indicates the IPL, if IPL<3> = 1. User interrupts are disabled when IPL<3> = 1.
- 2:** The IPL<2:0> Status bits are read-only when the NSTDIS bit (INTCON1<15>) = 1.
- 3:** A data write to the SR register can modify the SA and SB bits by either a data write to SA and SB or by clearing the SAB bit. To avoid a possible SA or SB bit write race condition, the SA and SB bits should not be modified using bit operations.

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## REGISTER 4-1: SR: CPU STATUS REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 7-5      **IPL<2:0>**: CPU Interrupt Priority Level Status bits<sup>(1,2)</sup>
- 111 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 7 (15); user interrupts are disabled
  - 110 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 6 (14)
  - 101 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 5 (13)
  - 100 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 4 (12)
  - 011 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 3 (11)
  - 010 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 2 (10)
  - 001 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 1 (9)
  - 000 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 0 (8)
- bit 4      **RA**: REPEAT Loop Active bit
- 1 = REPEAT loop is in progress
  - 0 = REPEAT loop is not in progress
- bit 3      **N**: MCU ALU Negative bit
- 1 = Result was negative
  - 0 = Result was non-negative (zero or positive)
- bit 2      **OV**: MCU ALU Overflow bit
- This bit is used for signed arithmetic (2's complement). It indicates an overflow of the magnitude that causes the sign bit to change state.
- 1 = Overflow occurred for signed arithmetic (in this arithmetic operation)
  - 0 = No overflow occurred
- bit 1      **Z**: MCU ALU Zero bit
- 1 = An operation that affects the Z bit has set it at some time in the past
  - 0 = The most recent operation that affects the Z bit has cleared it (i.e., a non-zero result)
- bit 0      **C**: MCU ALU Carry/Borrow bit
- 1 = A carry-out from the Most Significant bit of the result occurred
  - 0 = No carry-out from the Most Significant bit of the result occurred

- Note 1:** The IPL<2:0> bits are concatenated with the IPL<3> bit (CORCON<3>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level. The value in parentheses indicates the IPL, if IPL<3> = 1. User interrupts are disabled when IPL<3> = 1.
- 2:** The IPL<2:0> Status bits are read-only when the NSTDIS bit (INTCON1<15>) = 1.
- 3:** A data write to the SR register can modify the SA and SB bits by either a data write to SA and SB or by clearing the SAB bit. To avoid a possible SA or SB bit write race condition, the SA and SB bits should not be modified using bit operations.

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## REGISTER 4-2: CORCON: CORE CONTROL REGISTER

|        |     |       |       |                    |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-------|-------|--------------------|-----|-----|-------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0              | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   |
| VAR    | —   | US1   | US0   | EDT <sup>(1)</sup> | DL2 | DL1 | DL0   |
| bit 15 |     |       |       |                    |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |       |       |        |                     |     |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|--------|---------------------|-----|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-0  | R/C-0               | R-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SATA  | SATB  | SATDW | ACCSAT | IPL3 <sup>(2)</sup> | SFA | RND   | IF    |
| bit 7 |       |       |        |                     |     |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | C = Clearable bit                  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **VAR:** Variable Exception Processing Latency Control bit  
1 = Variable exception processing is enabled  
0 = Fixed exception processing is enabled
- bit 14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-12   **US<1:0>:** DSP Multiply Unsigned/Signed Control bits  
11 = Reserved  
10 = DSP engine multiplies are mixed sign  
01 = DSP engine multiplies are unsigned  
00 = DSP engine multiplies are signed
- bit 11      **EDT:** Early DO Loop Termination Control bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = Terminates executing DO loop at the end of the current loop iteration  
0 = No effect
- bit 10-8    **DL<2:0>:** DO Loop Nesting Level Status bits  
111 = Seven DO loops are active  
...  
001 = One DO loop is active  
000 = Zero DO loops are active
- bit 7        **SATA:** ACCA Saturation Enable bit  
1 = Accumulator A saturation is enabled  
0 = Accumulator A saturation is disabled
- bit 6        **SATB:** ACCB Saturation Enable bit  
1 = Accumulator B saturation is enabled  
0 = Accumulator B saturation is disabled
- bit 5        **SATDW:** Data Space Write from DSP Engine Saturation Enable bit  
1 = Data Space write saturation is enabled  
0 = Data Space write saturation is disabled
- bit 4        **ACCSAT:** Accumulator Saturation Mode Select bit  
1 = 9.31 saturation (super saturation)  
0 = 1.31 saturation (normal saturation)
- bit 3        **IPL3:** CPU Interrupt Priority Level Status bit 3<sup>(2)</sup>  
1 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is greater than 7  
0 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 7 or less

- Note 1:** This bit is always read as '0'.
- Note 2:** The IPL3 bit is concatenated with the IPL<2:0> bits (SR<7:5>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level.

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## REGISTER 4-2: CORCON: CORE CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 2      **SFA:** Stack Frame Active Status bit  
 1 = Stack frame is active; W14 and W15 address 0x0000 to 0xFFFF, regardless of DSRPAG  
 0 = Stack frame is not active; W14 and W15 address the base Data Space
- bit 1      **RND:** Rounding Mode Select bit  
 1 = Biased (conventional) rounding is enabled  
 0 = Unbiased (convergent) rounding is enabled
- bit 0      **IF:** Integer or Fractional Multiplier Mode Select bit  
 1 = Integer mode is enabled for DSP multiply  
 0 = Fractional mode is enabled for DSP multiply

- Note 1:** This bit is always read as '0'.  
**2:** The IPL3 bit is concatenated with the IPL<2:0> bits (SR<7:5>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level.

## REGISTER 4-3: CTXTSTAT: CPU W REGISTER CONTEXT STATUS REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R-0    | R-0    | R-0    |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | CCTXI2 | CCTXI1 | CCTXI0 |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |        | bit 8  |        |

|       |     |     |     |     |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R-0    | R-0    | R-0    |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | MCTXI2 | MCTXI1 | MCTXI0 |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |        | bit 0  |        |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15-11      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10-8      **CCTXI<2:0>:** Current (W Register) Context Identifier bits  
 111 = Reserved  
 ...  
 100 = Alternate Working Register Set 4 is currently in use  
 011 = Alternate Working Register Set 3 is currently in use  
 010 = Alternate Working Register Set 2 is currently in use  
 001 = Alternate Working Register Set 1 is currently in use  
 000 = Default register set is currently in use
- bit 7-3      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2-0      **MCTXI<2:0>:** Manual (W Register) Context Identifier bits  
 111 = Reserved  
 ...  
 100 = Alternate Working Register Set 4 was most recently manually selected  
 011 = Alternate Working Register Set 3 was most recently manually selected  
 010 = Alternate Working Register Set 2 was most recently manually selected  
 001 = Alternate Working Register Set 1 was most recently manually selected  
 000 = Default register set was most recently manually selected

## 4.1.8 ARITHMETIC LOGIC UNIT (ALU)

The dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family ALU is 16 bits wide and is capable of addition, subtraction, bit shifts and logic operations. Unless otherwise mentioned, arithmetic operations are two's complement in nature. Depending on the operation, the ALU can affect the values of the Carry (C), Zero (Z), Negative (N), Overflow (OV) and Digit Carry (DC) Status bits in the SR register. The C and DC Status bits operate as Borrow and Digit Borrow bits, respectively, for subtraction operations.

The ALU can perform 8-bit or 16-bit operations, depending on the mode of the instruction that is used. Data for the ALU operation can come from the W register array or data memory, depending on the addressing mode of the instruction. Likewise, output data from the ALU can be written to the W register array or a data memory location.

Refer to the “16-Bit MCU and DSC Programmer’s Reference Manual” (DS70000157) for information on the SR bits affected by each instruction.

The core CPU incorporates hardware support for both multiplication and division. This includes a dedicated hardware multiplier and support hardware for 16-bit divisor division.

### 4.1.8.1 Multiplier

Using the high-speed, 17-bit x 17-bit multiplier, the ALU supports unsigned, signed or mixed-sign operation in several MCU Multiplication modes:

- 16-bit x 16-bit signed
- 16-bit x 16-bit unsigned
- 16-bit signed x 5-bit (literal) unsigned
- 16-bit signed x 16-bit unsigned
- 16-bit unsigned x 5-bit (literal) unsigned
- 16-bit unsigned x 16-bit signed
- 8-bit unsigned x 8-bit unsigned

### 4.1.8.2 Divider

The divide block supports 32-bit/16-bit and 16-bit/16-bit signed and unsigned integer divide operations with the following data sizes:

- 32-bit signed/16-bit signed divide
- 32-bit unsigned/16-bit unsigned divide
- 16-bit signed/16-bit signed divide
- 16-bit unsigned/16-bit unsigned divide

The quotient for all divide instructions ends up in W0 and the remainder in W1. 16-bit signed and unsigned DIV instructions can specify any W register for both the 16-bit divisor (Wn) and any W register (aligned) pair (W(m + 1):Wm) for the 32-bit dividend. The divide algorithm takes one cycle per bit of divisor, so both 32-bit/16-bit and 16-bit/16-bit instructions take the same number of cycles to execute.

## 4.1.9 DSP ENGINE

The DSP engine consists of a high-speed, 17-bit x 17-bit multiplier, a 40-bit barrel shifter and a 40-bit adder/subtractor (with two target accumulators, round and saturation logic).

The DSP engine can also perform inherent accumulator-to-accumulator operations that require no additional data. These instructions are, ADD, SUB and NEG.

The DSP engine has options selected through bits in the CPU Core Control register (CORCON), as listed below:

- Fractional or integer DSP multiply (IF)
- Signed, unsigned or mixed-sign DSP multiply (USx)
- Conventional or convergent rounding (RND)
- Automatic saturation on/off for ACCA (SATA)
- Automatic saturation on/off for ACCB (SATB)
- Automatic saturation on/off for writes to data memory (SATDW)
- Accumulator Saturation mode selection (ACCSAT)

**TABLE 4-2: DSP INSTRUCTIONS SUMMARY**

| Instruction | Algebraic Operation   | ACC Write-Back |
|-------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| CLR         | $A = 0$               | Yes            |
| ED          | $A = (x - y)^2$       | No             |
| EDAC        | $A = A + (x - y)^2$   | No             |
| MAC         | $A = A + (x \cdot y)$ | Yes            |
| MAC         | $A = A + x^2$         | No             |
| MOVSAC      | No change in A        | Yes            |
| MPY         | $A = x \cdot y$       | No             |
| MPY         | $A = x^2$             | No             |
| MPY.N       | $A = -x \cdot y$      | No             |
| MSC         | $A = A - x \cdot y$   | Yes            |

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 4.2 Slave Memory Organization

**Note:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “dsPIC33E/PIC24E Program Memory” (DS70000613) in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

The dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family architecture features separate program and data memory spaces, and buses. This architecture also allows the direct access of program memory from the Data Space (DS) during code execution.

### 4.2.1 PROGRAM ADDRESS SPACE

The program address memory space of the dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family devices is 4M instructions. The space is addressable by a 24-bit value derived either from the 23-bit PC during program execution, or from table operation or Data Space remapping, as described in [Section 4.2.8 “Interfacing Program and Data Memory Spaces”](#).

User application access to the program memory space is restricted to the lower half of the address range (0x000000 to 0x7FFFFFFF). The exception is the use of TBLRD operations, which use TBLPAG<7> to permit access to calibration data and Device ID sections of the configuration memory space.

The PRAM for the Slave dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 devices implements two 12-Kbyte PRAM panels with a total of 24 Kbytes of PRAM available for the Slave device. All variants of the Slave have the same amount of PRAM available, irrespective of the size of the Flash available on the Master Flash program memory, as shown in [Figure 4-3](#).

**FIGURE 4-3: PRAM (PROGRAM MEMORY) FOR SLAVE dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 DEVICES**





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## 4.2.1.1 Program Memory Organization

The program memory space is organized in word-addressable blocks. Although it is treated as 24 bits wide, it is more appropriate to think of each address of the program memory as a lower and upper word, with the upper byte of the upper word being unimplemented. The lower word always has an even address, while the upper word has an odd address (Figure 4-4).

Program memory addresses are always word-aligned on the lower word, and addresses are incremented, or decremented, by two, during code execution. This arrangement provides compatibility with data memory space addressing and makes data in the program memory space accessible.

## 4.2.1.2 Interrupt and Trap Vectors

All dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family devices reserve the addresses between 0x000000 and 0x000200 for hard-coded program execution vectors. A hardware Reset vector is provided to redirect code execution from the default value of the PC on device Reset to the actual start of code. A GOTO instruction is programmed by the user application at address, 0x000000, of PRAM memory, with the actual address for the start of code at address, 0x000200, of Flash memory.

A more detailed discussion of the Interrupt Vector Tables (IVTs) is provided in Table 4-20.

**FIGURE 4-4: PROGRAM MEMORY ORGANIZATION**



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## 4.2.2 DATA ADDRESS SPACE (SLAVE)

The dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family CPU has a separate 16-bit wide data memory space. The Data Space is accessed using separate Address Generation Units (AGUs) for read and write operations. The data memory map is shown in [Figure 4-5](#).

All Effective Addresses (EAs) in the data memory space are 16 bits wide and point to bytes within the Data Space. This arrangement gives a base Data Space address range of 64 Kbytes or 32K words.

The lower half of the data memory space (i.e., when  $EA<15> = 0$ ) is used for implemented memory addresses, while the upper half ( $EA<15> = 1$ ) is reserved for the Program Space Visibility (PSV).

The dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family devices implement up to 4 Kbytes of data memory. If an EA points to a location outside of this area, an all-zero word or byte is returned.

### 4.2.2.1 Data Space Width

The data memory space is organized in byte-addressable, 16-bit wide blocks. Data is aligned in data memory and registers as 16-bit words, but all Data Space EAs resolve to bytes. The Least Significant Bytes (LSBs) of each word have even addresses, while the Most Significant Bytes (MSBs) have odd addresses.

### 4.2.2.2 Data Memory Organization and Alignment

To maintain backward compatibility with PIC® MCU devices and improve Data Space memory usage efficiency, the dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family instruction set supports both word and byte operations. As a consequence of byte accessibility, all Effective Address calculations are internally scaled to step through word-aligned memory. For example, the core recognizes that Post-Modified Register Indirect Addressing mode [Ws++] results in a value of  $Ws + 1$  for byte operations and  $Ws + 2$  for word operations.

A data byte read, reads the complete word that contains the byte, using the LSb of any EA to determine which byte to select. The selected byte is placed onto the LSB of the data path. That is, data memory and registers are organized as two parallel, byte-wide entities with shared (word) address decode, but separate write lines. Data byte writes only write to the corresponding side of the array or register that matches the byte address.

All word accesses must be aligned to an even address. Misaligned word data fetches are not supported, so care must be taken when mixing byte and word operations, or translating from 8-bit MCU code. If a misaligned read or write is attempted, an address error trap is generated. If the error occurred on a read, the instruction underway is completed. If the error occurred on a write, the instruction is executed but the write does not occur. In either case, a trap is then executed, allowing the system and/or user application to examine the machine state prior to execution of the address Fault.

All byte loads into any W register are loaded into the LSB; the MSB is not modified.

A Sign-Extend (SE) instruction is provided to allow user applications to translate 8-bit signed data to 16-bit signed values. Alternatively, for 16-bit unsigned data, user applications can clear the MSB of any W register by executing a Zero-Extend (ZE) instruction on the appropriate address.

### 4.2.2.3 SFR Space

The first 4 Kbytes of the Near Data Space, from 0x0000 to 0x0FFF, is primarily occupied by Special Function Registers (SFRs). These are used by the dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family core and peripheral modules for controlling the operation of the device.

SFRs are distributed among the modules that they control and are generally grouped together by module. Much of the SFR space contains unused addresses; these are read as '0'.

|  |
|--|
| <p><b>Note:</b> The actual set of peripheral features and interrupts varies by the device. Refer to the corresponding device tables and pinout diagrams for device-specific information.</p> |
|--|

### 4.2.2.4 Near Data Space

The 8-Kbyte area, between 0x0000 and 0x1FFF, is referred to as the Near Data Space. Locations in this space are directly addressable through a 13-bit absolute address field within all memory direct instructions. Additionally, the whole Data Space is addressable using MOV instructions, which support Memory Direct Addressing mode with a 16-bit address field, or by using Indirect Addressing mode using a Working register as an Address Pointer.

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**FIGURE 4-5: DATA MEMORY MAP FOR SLAVE dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 DEVICES**



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## 4.2.2.5 X and Y Data Spaces

The dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family core has two Data Spaces, X and Y. These Data Spaces can be considered either separate (for some DSP instructions) or as one unified linear address range (for MCU instructions). The Data Spaces are accessed using two Address Generation Units (AGUs) and separate data paths. This feature allows certain instructions to concurrently fetch two words from RAM, thereby enabling efficient execution of DSP algorithms, such as Finite Impulse Response (FIR) filtering and Fast Fourier Transform (FFT).

The X Data Space is used by all instructions and supports all addressing modes. X Data Space has separate read and write data buses. The X read data bus is the read data path for all instructions that view Data Space as combined X and Y address space. It is also the X data prefetch path for the dual operand DSP instructions (MAC class).

The Y Data Space is used in concert with the X Data Space by the MAC class of instructions (CLR, ED, EDAC, MAC, MOV SAC, MPY, MPY.N and MSC) to provide two concurrent data read paths.

Both the X and Y Data Spaces support Modulo Addressing mode for all instructions, subject to addressing mode restrictions. Bit-Reversed Addressing mode is only supported for writes to X Data Space.

All data memory writes, including in DSP instructions, view Data Space as combined X and Y address space. The boundary between the X and Y Data Spaces is device-dependent and is not user-programmable.

## 4.2.3 MEMORY RESOURCES

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page contains the latest updates and additional information.

### 4.2.3.1 Key Resources

- **“dsPIC33E/PIC24E Program Memory”** (DS70000613) in the *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”*
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”* Sections
- Development Tools

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## 4.2.4 SFR MAPS

The following tables show dsPIC33CH128MP508 family Slave SFR names, addresses and Reset values. These tables contain all registers applicable to the

dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family. Not all registers are present on all device variants. Refer to [Table 1](#) and [Table 2](#) for peripheral availability. [Table 4-25](#) details port availability for the different package options.

**TABLE 4-3: SLAVE SFR BLOCK 000h**

| Register    | Address | All Resets         | Register   | Address | All Resets         | Register | Address | All Resets       |
|-------------|---------|--------------------|------------|---------|--------------------|----------|---------|------------------|
| <b>Core</b> |         |                    | DSRPAG     | 032     | -----0000000001    | CLC1GLSL | 0C8     | 0000000000000000 |
| WREG0       | 000     | 0000000000000000   | DSWPAG     | 034     | ----0000000001     | CLC1GLSH | 0CA     | 0000000000000000 |
| WREG1       | 002     | 0000000000000000   | RCOUNT     | 036     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CLC2CONL | 0CC     | 0-0-00--000--000 |
| WREG2       | 004     | 0000000000000000   | DCOUNT     | 038     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CLC2CONH | 0CE     | -----0000        |
| WREG3       | 006     | 0000000000000000   | DOSTART    | 03A     | 1111111111111111   | CLC2SELL | 0D0     | -000-000-000-000 |
| WREG4       | 008     | 0000000000000000   | DOSTARTL   | 03A     | 1111111111111110   | CLC2SELH | 0D2     | -----            |
| WREG5       | 00A     | 0000000000000000   | DOSTARTH   | 03C     | 0000000111111111   | CLC2GLSL | 0D4     | 0000000000000000 |
| WREG6       | 00C     | 0000000000000000   | DOENDL     | 03E     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx0 | CLC2GLSH | 0D6     | 0000000000000000 |
| WREG7       | 00E     | 0000000000000000   | DOENDH     | 040     | -----xxxxxxx       | CLC3CONL | 0D8     | 0-0-00--000--000 |
| WREG8       | 010     | 0000000000000000   | SR         | 042     | 0000000000000000   | CLC3CONH | 0DA     | -----0000        |
| WREG9       | 012     | 0000000000000000   | CORCON     | 044     | x-xx00000100000    | CLC3SELL | 0DC     | -000-000-000-000 |
| WREG10      | 014     | 0000000000000000   | MODCON     | 046     | 00--00000000000    | CLC3GLSL | 0E0     | 0000000000000000 |
| WREG11      | 016     | 0000000000000000   | XMODSRT    | 048     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx0 | CLC3GLSH | 0E2     | 0000000000000000 |
| WREG12      | 018     | 0000000000000000   | XMODEND    | 04A     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx1 | CLC4CONL | 0E4     | 0-0-00--000--000 |
| WREG13      | 01A     | 0000000000000000   | YMODSRT    | 04C     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx0 | CLC4CONH | 0E6     | -----0000        |
| WREG14      | 01C     | 0000000000000000   | YMODEND    | 04E     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx1 | CLC4SELL | 0E8     | -000-000-000-000 |
| WREG15      | 01E     | 0000100000000000   | XBREV      | 050     | 0xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CLC4GLSL | 0EC     | 0000000000000000 |
| SPLIM       | 020     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | DISICNT    | 052     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx0 | CLC4GLSH | 0EE     | 0000000000000000 |
| ACCAL       | 022     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | TBLPAG     | 054     | -----00000000      | ECCCONL  | 0F0     | -----0           |
| ACCAH       | 024     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | YPAG       | 056     | -----00000001      | ECCCONH  | 0F2     | 0000000000000000 |
| ACCAU       | 026     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | MSTRPR     | 058     | -----0-----        | ECCADDRL | 0F4     | 0000000000000000 |
| ACCBL       | 028     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CTXTSTAT   | 05A     | 0000000000000000   | ECCADDRH | 0F6     | 0000000000000000 |
| ACCBH       | 02A     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | <b>CLC</b> |         |                    | ECCSTATL | 0F8     | 0000000000000000 |
| ACCBU       | 02C     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CLC1CONL   | 0C0     | 0-0-00--000--000   | ECCSTATH | 0FA     | -----0000000000  |
| PCL         | 02E     | 0000000000000000   | CLC1CONH   | 0C2     | -----0000          |          |         |                  |
| PCH         | 030     | -----00000000      | CLC1SELL   | 0C4     | -000-000-000-000   |          |         |                  |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

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**TABLE 4-4: SLAVE SFR BLOCK 100h**

| Register      | Address | All Resets        | Register  | Address | All Resets       | Register  | Address | All Resets       |
|---------------|---------|-------------------|-----------|---------|------------------|-----------|---------|------------------|
| <b>Timers</b> |         |                   | INT1TMRL  | 15C     | 0000000000000000 | SI1MBX2D  | 1DE     | 0000000000000000 |
| T1CON         | 100     | 0-00000000-00-00- | INT1TMRH  | 15E     | 0000000000000000 | SI1MBX3D  | 1E0     | 0000000000000000 |
| TMR1          | 104     | 0000000000000000  | INT1HLDL  | 160     | 0000000000000000 | SI1MBX4D  | 1E2     | 0000000000000000 |
| PR1           | 108     | 0000000000000000  | INT1HLDH  | 162     | 0000000000000000 | SI1MBX5D  | 1E4     | 0000000000000000 |
| <b>QEI</b>    |         |                   | INDX1CNTL | 164     | 0000000000000000 | SI1MBX6D  | 1E6     | 0000000000000000 |
| QEI1CON       | 140     | 0000000000000000  | INDX1CNTH | 166     | 0000000000000000 | SI1MBX7D  | 1E8     | 0000000000000000 |
| QEI1IOCL      | 144     | 0000000000000xxx  | INDX1HLDL | 168     | 0000000000000000 | SI1MBX8D  | 1EA     | 0000000000000000 |
| QEI1IOCH      | 146     | -----0            | INDX1HLDH | 16A     | 0000000000000000 | SI1MBX9D  | 1EC     | 0000000000000000 |
| QEI1STAT      | 148     | --00000000000000  | QEI1GECL  | 16C     | 0000000000000000 | SI1MBX10D | 1EE     | 0000000000000000 |
| POS1CNTL      | 14C     | 0000000000000000  | QEI1GECH  | 16E     | 0000000000000000 | SI1MBX11D | 1F0     | 0000000000000000 |
| POS1CNTH      | 14E     | 0000000000000000  | QEI1LECL  | 170     | 0000000000000000 | SI1MBX12D | 1F2     | 0000000000000000 |
| POS1HLDL      | 150     | 0000000000000000  | QEI1LECH  | 172     | 0000000000000000 | SI1MBX13D | 1F4     | 0000000000000000 |
| POS1HLDH      | 152     | 0000000000000000  | SI1CON    | 1D2     | 0---xx0000000000 | SI1MBX14D | 1F6     | 0000000000000000 |
| VEL1CNTL      | 154     | 0000000000000000  | SI1STAT   | 1D4     | 0000000000000000 | SI1MBX15D | 1F8     | 0000000000000000 |
| VEL1CNTH      | 156     | 0000000000000000  | SI1MBXS   | 1D8     | -----00000000    | SI1FIFOCS | 1FA     | 0---00000---0000 |
| VEL1HLDL      | 158     | 0000000000000000  | SI1MBX0D  | 1DA     | 0000000000000000 | SWMRFDATA | 1FC     | 0000000000000000 |
| VEL1HLDH      | 15A     | 0000000000000000  | SI1MBX1D  | 1DC     | 0000000000000000 | SRMWFDATA | 1FE     | 0000000000000000 |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

**TABLE 4-5: SLAVE SFR BLOCK 200h**

| Register              | Address | All Resets         | Register   | Address | All Resets       | Register  | Address | All Resets        |
|-----------------------|---------|--------------------|------------|---------|------------------|-----------|---------|-------------------|
| <b>I<sup>2</sup>C</b> |         |                    | U1BRGH     | 242     | -----0000        | SPI1CON2L | 2B0     | -----00000        |
| I2C1CONL              | 200     | 0-0100000000000000 | U1RXREG    | 244     | -----xxxxxxxx    | SPI1CON2H | 2B2     | -----             |
| I2C1CONH              | 202     | -----00000000      | U1TXREG    | 248     | -----xxxxxxxx    | SPI1STATL | 2B4     | ---00--0001-1-00  |
| I2C1STAT              | 204     | 000--00000000000   | U1P1       | 24C     | -----00000000    | SPI1STATH | 2B6     | --000000--000000  |
| I2C1ADD               | 208     | -----0000000000    | U1P2       | 24E     | -----00000000    | SPI1BUFL  | 2B8     | 0000000000000000  |
| I2C1MSK               | 20C     | -----0000000000    | U1P3       | 250     | 0000000000000000 | SPI1BUFH  | 2BA     | 0000000000000000  |
| I2C1BRG               | 210     | 0000000000000000   | U1P3H      | 252     | -----00000000    | SPI1BRGL  | 2BC     | ---xxxxxxxxxxxxxx |
| I2C1TRN               | 214     | -----11111111      | U1TXCHK    | 254     | -----00000000    | SPI1BRGH  | 2BE     | -----             |
| I2C1RCV               | 218     | -----00000000      | U1RXCHK    | 256     | -----00000000    | SPI1IMSKL | 2C0     | ---00--0000-0-00  |
| <b>UART</b>           |         |                    | U1SCCON    | 258     | -----00000-      | SPI1IMSKH | 2C2     | 0-0000000-000000  |
| U1MODE                | 238     | 0-000-00000000000  | U1SCINT    | 25A     | --00-000--00-000 | SPI1URDTL | 2C4     | 0000000000000000  |
| U1MODEH               | 23A     | 00---000000000000  | U1INT      | 25C     | -----00---0--    | SPI1URDTH | 2C6     | 0000000000000000  |
| U1STA                 | 23C     | 0000000010000000   | <b>SPI</b> |         |                  |           |         |                   |
| U1STAH                | 23E     | -000-00000101110   | SPI1CON1L  | 2AC     | 0-00000000000000 |           |         |                   |
| U1BRG                 | 240     | 0000000000000000   | SPI1CON1H  | 2AE     | 0000000000000000 |           |         |                   |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

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**TABLE 4-6: SLAVE SFR BLOCK 300h**

| Register              | Address | All Resets         | Register  | Address | All Resets         | Register  | Address | All Resets        |
|-----------------------|---------|--------------------|-----------|---------|--------------------|-----------|---------|-------------------|
| <b>High-Speed PWM</b> |         |                    | PG1TRIGB  | 356     | 0000000000000000   | PG3FFPCIH | 3AE     | 0000-000000000000 |
| PCLKCON               | 300     | 00-----0--00--00   | PG1TRIGC  | 358     | 0000000000000000   | PG3SPCIL  | 3B0     | 0000000000000000  |
| FSCL                  | 302     | 0000000000000000   | PG1DTL    | 35A     | --0000000000000000 | PG3SPCIH  | 3B2     | 0000-000000000000 |
| FSMINPER              | 304     | 0000000000000000   | PG1DTH    | 35C     | --0000000000000000 | PG3LEBL   | 3B4     | 0000000000000000  |
| MPHASE                | 306     | 0000000000000000   | PG1CAP    | 35E     | 0000000000000000   | PG3LEBH   | 3B6     | -----000----0000  |
| MDC                   | 308     | 0000000000000000   | PG2CONL   | 360     | 0-0000000000000000 | PG3PHASE  | 3B8     | 0000000000000000  |
| MPER                  | 30A     | 0000000000000000   | PG2CONH   | 362     | 000-000000--0000   | PG3DC     | 3BA     | 0000000000000000  |
| LFSR                  | 30C     | 0000000000000000   | PG2STAT   | 364     | 0000000000000000   | PG3DCA    | 3BC     | -----0000000000   |
| CMBTRIGL              | 30E     | -----0000000000    | PG2IOCONL | 366     | 0000000000000000   | PG3PER    | 3BE     | 0000000000000000  |
| CMBTRIGH              | 310     | -----0000000000    | PG2IOCONH | 368     | -000---0--0000000  | PG3TRIGA  | 3C0     | 0000000000000000  |
| LOGCONA               | 312     | 000000000000-000   | PG2EVTL   | 36A     | 00000000---00000   | PG3TRIGB  | 3C2     | 0000000000000000  |
| LOGCONB               | 314     | 000000000000-000   | PG2EVTH   | 36C     | 0000--0000000000   | PG3TRIGC  | 3C4     | 0000000000000000  |
| LOGCONC               | 316     | 000000000000-000   | PG2FPCIL  | 36E     | 0000000000000000   | PG3DTL    | 3C6     | --00000000000000  |
| LOGCOND               | 318     | 000000000000-000   | PG2FPCIH  | 370     | 0000-000000000000  | PG3DTH    | 3C8     | --00000000000000  |
| LOGCONE               | 31A     | 000000000000-000   | PG2CLPCIL | 372     | 0000000000000000   | PG3CAP    | 3CA     | 0000000000000000  |
| LOGCONF               | 31C     | 000000000000-000   | PG2CLPCIH | 374     | 0000-000000000000  | PG4CONL   | 3CC     | 0-00000000000000  |
| PWMEVTA               | 31E     | 0000----0000-000   | PG2FFPCIL | 376     | 0000000000000000   | PG4CONH   | 3CE     | 000-000000--0000  |
| PWMEVTB               | 320     | 0000----0000-000   | PG2FFPCIH | 378     | 0000-000000000000  | PG4STAT   | 3D0     | 0000000000000000  |
| PWMEVTC               | 322     | 0000----0000-000   | PG2SPCIL  | 37A     | 0000000000000000   | PG4IOCONL | 3D2     | 0000000000000000  |
| PWMEVTD               | 324     | 0000----0000-000   | PG2SPCIH  | 37C     | 0000-000000000000  | PG4IOCONH | 3D4     | -000---0--000000  |
| PWMEVTE               | 326     | 0000----0000-000   | PG2LEBL   | 37E     | 0000000000000000   | PG4EVTL   | 3D6     | 00000000---00000  |
| PWMEVTF               | 328     | 0000----0000-000   | PG2LEBH   | 380     | -----000----0000   | PG4EVTH   | 3D8     | 0000--0000000000  |
| PG1CONL               | 32A     | 0-0000000000000000 | PG2PHASE  | 382     | 0000000000000000   | PG4FPCIL  | 3DA     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG1CONH               | 32C     | 000-000000--0000   | PG2DC     | 384     | 0000000000000000   | PG4FPCIH  | 3DC     | 0000-000000000000 |
| PG1STAT               | 32E     | 0000000000000000   | PG2DCA    | 386     | -----0000000000    | PG4CLPCIL | 3DE     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG1IOCONL             | 330     | 0000000000000000   | PG2PER    | 388     | 0000000000000000   | PG4CLPCIH | 3E0     | 0000-000000000000 |
| PG1IOCONH             | 332     | -000---0--000000   | PG2TRIGA  | 38A     | 0000000000000000   | PG4FFPCIL | 3E2     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG1EVTL               | 334     | 00000000---00000   | PG2TRIGB  | 38C     | 0000000000000000   | PG4FFPCIH | 3E4     | 0000-000000000000 |
| PG1EVTH               | 336     | 0000--0000000000   | PG2TRIGC  | 38E     | 0000000000000000   | PG4SPCIL  | 3E6     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG1FPCIL              | 338     | 0000000000000000   | PG2DTL    | 390     | --0000000000000000 | PG4SPCIH  | 3E8     | 0000-000000000000 |
| PG1FPCIH              | 33A     | 0000-000000000000  | PG2DTH    | 392     | --0000000000000000 | PG4LEBL   | 3EA     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG1CLPCIL             | 33C     | 0000000000000000   | PG2CAP    | 394     | 0000000000000000   | PG4LEBH   | 3EC     | -----000----0000  |
| PG1CLPCIH             | 33E     | 0000-000000000000  | PG3CONL   | 396     | 0-0000000000000000 | PG4PHASE  | 3EE     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG1FFPCIL             | 340     | 0000000000000000   | PG3CONH   | 398     | 000-000000--0000   | PG4DC     | 3F0     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG1FFPCIH             | 342     | 0000-000000000000  | PG3STAT   | 39A     | 0000000000000000   | PG4DCA    | 3F2     | -----0000000000   |
| PG1SPCIL              | 344     | 0000000000000000   | PG3IOCONL | 39C     | 0000000000000000   | PG4PER    | 3F4     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG1SPCIH              | 346     | 0000-000000000000  | PG3IOCONH | 39E     | -000---0--000000   | PG4TRIGA  | 3F6     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG1LEBL               | 348     | 0000000000000000   | PG3EVTL   | 3A0     | 00000000---00000   | PG4TRIGB  | 3F8     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG1LEBH               | 34A     | -----000----0000   | PG3EVTH   | 3A2     | 0000--0000000000   | PG4TRIGC  | 3FA     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG1PHASE              | 34C     | 0000000000000000   | PG3FPCIL  | 3A4     | 0000000000000000   | PG4DTL    | 3FC     | --00000000000000  |
| PG1DC                 | 34E     | 0000000000000000   | PG3FPCIH  | 3A6     | 0000-000000000000  | PG4DTH    | 3FE     | --00000000000000  |
| PG1DCA                | 350     | -----0000000000    | PG3CLPCIL | 3A8     | 0000000000000000   | PG4CAP    | 400     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG1PER                | 352     | 0000000000000000   | PG3CLPCIH | 3AA     | 0000-000000000000  |           |         |                   |
| PG1TRIGA              | 354     | 0000000000000000   | PG3FFPCIL | 3AC     | 0000000000000000   |           |         |                   |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

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**TABLE 4-7: SLAVE SFR BLOCK 400h**

| Register                          | Address | All Resets         | Register  | Address | All Resets        | Register  | Address | All Resets        |
|-----------------------------------|---------|--------------------|-----------|---------|-------------------|-----------|---------|-------------------|
| <b>High-Speed PWM (Continued)</b> |         |                    | PG6CLPCIL | 44A     | 0000000000000000  | PG7DC     | 492     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG5CONL                           | 402     | 0-0000000000000000 | PG6CLPCIH | 44C     | 0000-000000000000 | PG7DCA    | 494     | -----00000000     |
| PG5CONH                           | 404     | 000-000000--0000   | PG6FFPCIL | 44E     | 0000000000000000  | PG7PER    | 496     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG5STAT                           | 406     | 0000000000000000   | PG6FFPCIH | 450     | 0000-000000000000 | PG7TRIGA  | 498     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG5IOCONL                         | 408     | 0000000000000000   | PG6SPCIL  | 452     | 0000000000000000  | PG7TRIGB  | 49A     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG5IOCONH                         | 40A     | -000---0--000000   | PG6SPCIH  | 454     | 0000-000000000000 | PG7TRIGC  | 49C     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG5EVTL                           | 40C     | 00000000---00000   | PG6LEBL   | 456     | 0000000000000000  | PG7DTL    | 49E     | --00000000000000  |
| PG5EVTH                           | 40E     | 0000--0000000000   | PG6LEBH   | 458     | -----000----0000  | PG7DTH    | 4A0     | --00000000000000  |
| PG5FPCIL                          | 410     | 0000000000000000   | PG6PHASE  | 45A     | 0000000000000000  | PG7CAP    | 4A2     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG5FPCIH                          | 412     | 0000-000000000000  | PG6DC     | 45C     | 0000000000000000  | PG8CONL   | 4A4     | 0-00000000000000  |
| PG5CLPCIL                         | 414     | 0000000000000000   | PG6DCA    | 45E     | -----00000000     | PG8CONH   | 4A6     | 000-000000--0000  |
| PG5CLPCIH                         | 416     | 0000-000000000000  | PG6PER    | 460     | 0000000000000000  | PG8STAT   | 4A8     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG5FFPCIL                         | 418     | 0000000000000000   | PG6TRIGA  | 462     | 0000000000000000  | PG8IOCONL | 4AA     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG5FFPCIH                         | 41A     | 0000-000000000000  | PG6TRIGB  | 464     | 0000000000000000  | PG8IOCONH | 4AC     | -000---0--000000  |
| PG5SPCIL                          | 41C     | 0000000000000000   | PG6TRIGC  | 466     | 0000000000000000  | PG8EVTL   | 4AE     | 00000000---00000  |
| PG5SPCIH                          | 41E     | 0000-000000000000  | PG6DTL    | 468     | --00000000000000  | PG8EVTH   | 4B0     | 0000--0000000000  |
| PG5LEBL                           | 420     | 0000000000000000   | PG6DTH    | 46A     | --00000000000000  | PG8FPCIL  | 4B2     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG5LEBH                           | 422     | -----000----0000   | PG6CAP    | 46C     | 0000000000000000  | PG8FPCIH  | 4B4     | 0000-000000000000 |
| PG5PHASE                          | 424     | 0000000000000000   | PG7CONL   | 46E     | 0-00000000000000  | PG8CLPCIL | 4B6     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG5DC                             | 426     | 0000000000000000   | PG7CONH   | 470     | 000-000000--0000  | PG8CLPCIH | 4B8     | 0000-000000000000 |
| PG5DCA                            | 428     | -----00000000      | PG7STAT   | 472     | 0000000000000000  | PG8FFPCIL | 4BA     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG5PER                            | 42A     | 0000000000000000   | PG7IOCONL | 474     | 0000000000000000  | PG8FFPCIH | 4BC     | 0000-000000000000 |
| PG5TRIGA                          | 42C     | 0000000000000000   | PG7IOCONH | 476     | -000---0--000000  | PG8SPCIL  | 4BE     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG5TRIGB                          | 42E     | 0000000000000000   | PG7EVTL   | 478     | 00000000---00000  | PG8SPCIH  | 4C0     | 0000-000000000000 |
| PG5TRIGC                          | 430     | 0000000000000000   | PG7EVTH   | 47A     | 0000--0000000000  | PG8LEBL   | 4C2     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG5DTL                            | 432     | --00000000000000   | PG7FPCIL  | 47C     | 0000000000000000  | PG8LEBH   | 4C4     | -----000----0000  |
| PG5DTH                            | 434     | --00000000000000   | PG7FPCIH  | 47E     | 0000-000000000000 | PG8PHASE  | 4C6     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG5CAP                            | 436     | 0000000000000000   | PG7CLPCIL | 480     | 0000000000000000  | PG8DC     | 4C8     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG6CONL                           | 438     | 0-00000000000000   | PG7CLPCIH | 482     | 0000-000000000000 | PG8DCA    | 4CA     | -----00000000     |
| PG6CONH                           | 43A     | 000-000000--0000   | PG7FFPCIL | 484     | 0000000000000000  | PG8PER    | 4CC     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG6STAT                           | 43C     | 0000000000000000   | PG7FFPCIH | 486     | 0000-000000000000 | PG8TRIGA  | 4CE     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG6IOCONL                         | 43E     | 0000000000000000   | PG7SPCIL  | 488     | 0000000000000000  | PG8TRIGB  | 4D0     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG6IOCONH                         | 440     | -000---0--000000   | PG7SPCIH  | 48A     | 0000-000000000000 | PG8TRIGC  | 4D2     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG6EVTL                           | 442     | 00000000---00000   | PG7LEBL   | 48C     | 0000000000000000  | PG8DTL    | 4D4     | --00000000000000  |
| PG6EVTH                           | 444     | 0000--0000000000   | PG7LEBH   | 48E     | -----000----0000  | PG8DTH    | 4D6     | --00000000000000  |
| PG6FPCIL                          | 446     | 0000000000000000   | PG7PHASE  | 490     | 0000000000000000  | PG8CAP    | 4D8     | 0000000000000000  |
| PG6FPCIH                          | 448     | 0000-000000000000  |           |         |                   |           |         |                   |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.



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**TABLE 4-8: SLAVE SFR BLOCK 800h**

| Register          | Address | All Resets       | Register | Address | All Resets       | Register     | Address | All Resets       |
|-------------------|---------|------------------|----------|---------|------------------|--------------|---------|------------------|
| <b>Interrupts</b> |         |                  | IPC2     | 844     | -100-100-100-100 | IPC34        | 884     | -100-100-100-100 |
| IFS0              | 800     | 0000000000-00000 | IPC3     | 846     | -100-100-100-100 | IPC35        | 886     | -----100-100     |
| IFS1              | 802     | 0000000000000000 | IPC4     | 848     | -100-100-100-100 | IPC35        | 886     | -----100-100     |
| IFS2              | 804     | 00000-00-00000-- | IPC5     | 84A     | -100-100-100-100 | IPC36        | 888     | -----100-----    |
| IFS3              | 806     | 000-----00000    | IPC6     | 84C     | -100-100-100-100 | IPC42        | 894     | -100-100-100-100 |
| IFS4              | 808     | --000----0000-00 | IPC8     | 850     | -100-100-----    | IPC43        | 896     | -100-100-100-100 |
| IFS5              | 80A     | 000000000000000- | IPC9     | 852     | -----100-100-100 | IPC44        | 898     | -100-100-100-100 |
| IFS6              | 80C     | 0000000000000000 | IPC10    | 854     | -100-----100-100 | IPC45        | 89A     | -----100         |
| IFS7              | 80E     | 00000000000000-- | IPC12    | 858     | -100-100-100-100 | IPC47        | 89E     | -----100-100---- |
| IFS8              | 810     | --0000000000000- | IPC15    | 85E     | -100-100-100---- | INTCON1      | 8C0     | 000000000000000- |
| IFS9              | 812     | --0---00-00--0-- | IPC16    | 860     | -100-----100-100 | INTCON2      | 8C2     | 000----0----0000 |
| IFS10             | 814     | 00000000-----    | IPC17    | 862     | -----100-100-100 | INTCON3      | 8C4     | -----0---0---0   |
| IFS11             | 816     | -00-----00000    | IPC18    | 864     | -100-----        | INTCON4      | 8C6     | -----00          |
| IEC0              | 820     | 0000000000-00000 | IPC19    | 866     | -----100-100     | INTTREG      | 8C8     | 000-000000000000 |
| IEC1              | 822     | 0000000000000000 | IPC20    | 868     | -100-100-100---- | <b>Flash</b> |         |                  |
| IEC2              | 824     | 00000-00-00000-- | IPC21    | 86A     | -100-100-100-100 | NVMCON       | 8D0     | 0000--00----0000 |
| IEC3              | 826     | 000-----00000    | IPC22    | 86C     | -100-100-100-100 | NVMADR       | 8D2     | 0000000000000000 |
| IEC4              | 828     | --000----0000-00 | IPC23    | 86E     | -100-100-100-100 | NVMADRU      | 8D4     | -----00000000    |
| IEC5              | 82A     | 000000000000000- | IPC24    | 870     | -100-100-100-100 | NVMKEY       | 8D6     | -----00000000    |
| IEC6              | 82C     | 0000000000000000 | IPC25    | 872     | -100-100-100-100 | NVMSRCADRL   | 8D8     | 0000000000000000 |
| IEC7              | 82E     | 00000000000000-- | IPC26    | 874     | -100-100-100-100 | NVMSRCADRH   | 8DA     | -----00000000    |
| IEC8              | 830     | --0000000000000- | IPC27    | 876     | -100-100-100-100 | PGA1CON      | 8E0     | 00000000--0-010  |
| IEC8              | 830     | --0000000000000- | IPC28    | 878     | -100-----        | PGA1CAL      | 8E2     | -----00000000    |
| IEC9              | 832     | --0---00-00--0-- | IPC29    | 87A     | -100-100-100-100 | PGA2CON      | 8E4     | 00000000--0-010  |
| IEC10             | 834     | 00000000-----00  | IPC30    | 87C     | -100-100-100-100 | PGA2CAL      | 8E6     | -----00000000    |
| IEC11             | 836     | -00-----00000    | IPC31    | 87E     | -100-100-100-100 | PGA3CON      | 8E8     | 00000000--0-010  |
| IPC0              | 840     | -100-100-100-100 | IPC32    | 880     | -100-100-100---- | PGA3CAL      | 8EA     | -----00000000    |
| IPC1              | 842     | -100-100-----100 | IPC33    | 882     | -100-100-100-100 |              |         |                  |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

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**TABLE 4-9: SLAVE SFR BLOCK 900h**

| Register   | Address | All Resets         | Register  | Address | All Resets         | Register  | Address | All Resets         |
|------------|---------|--------------------|-----------|---------|--------------------|-----------|---------|--------------------|
| <b>CCP</b> |         |                    | CCP2STATL | 980     | -----0--00xx0000   | CCP3RAL   | 9B0     | 0000000000000000   |
| CCP1CON1L  | 950     | 0-0000000000000000 | CCP2STATH | 982     | -----000000        | CCP3RBL   | 9B4     | 0000000000000000   |
| CCP1CON1H  | 952     | 00--00000000000000 | CCP2TMRL  | 984     | 0000000000000000   | CCP3BUFL  | 9B8     | 0000000000000000   |
| CCP1CON2L  | 954     | 00-0----0000000000 | CCP2TMRH  | 986     | 0000000000000000   | CCP3BUFH  | 9BA     | 0000000000000000   |
| CCP1CON2H  | 956     | 0-----100-000000   | CCP2PRL   | 988     | 1111111111111111   | CCP4CON1L | 9BC     | 0-0000000000000000 |
| CCP1CON3H  | 95A     | 0000-----0-00--    | CCP2PRH   | 98A     | 1111111111111111   | CCP4CON1H | 9BE     | 00--00000000000000 |
| CCP1STATL  | 95C     | -----0--00xx0000   | CCP2RAL   | 98C     | 0000000000000000   | CCP4CON2L | 9C0     | 00-0----00000000   |
| CCP1STATH  | 95E     | -----000000        | CCP2RBL   | 990     | 0000000000000000   | CCP4CON2H | 9C2     | 0-----100-000000   |
| CCP1TMRL   | 960     | 0000000000000000   | CCP2BUFL  | 994     | 0000000000000000   | CCP4CON3H | 9C6     | 0000-----0-00--    |
| CCP1TMRH   | 962     | 0000000000000000   | CCP2BUFH  | 996     | 0000000000000000   | CCP4STATL | 9C8     | -----0--00xx0000   |
| CCP1PRL    | 964     | 1111111111111111   | CCP3CON1L | 998     | 0-0000000000000000 | CCP4STATH | 9CA     | -----000000        |
| CCP1PRH    | 966     | 1111111111111111   | CCP3CON1H | 99A     | 00--00000000000000 | CCP4TMRL  | 9CC     | 0000000000000000   |
| CCP1RAL    | 968     | 0000000000000000   | CCP3CON2L | 99C     | 00-0----00000000   | CCP4TMRH  | 9CE     | 0000000000000000   |
| CCP1RBL    | 96C     | 0000000000000000   | CCP3CON2H | 99E     | 0-----100-000000   | CCP4PRL   | 9D0     | 1111111111111111   |
| CCP1BUFL   | 970     | 0000000000000000   | CCP3CON3H | 9A2     | 0000-----0-00--    | CCP4PRH   | 9D2     | 1111111111111111   |
| CCP1BUFH   | 972     | 0000000000000000   | CCP3STATL | 9A4     | -----0--00xx0000   | CCP4RAL   | 9D4     | 0000000000000000   |
| CCP2CON1L  | 974     | 0-0000000000000000 | CCP3STATH | 9A6     | -----000000        | CCP4RBL   | 9D8     | 0000000000000000   |
| CCP2CON1H  | 976     | 00--00000000000000 | CCP3TMRL  | 9A8     | 0000000000000000   | CCP4BUFL  | 9DC     | 0000000000000000   |
| CCP2CON2L  | 978     | 00-0----00000000   | CCP3TMRH  | 9AA     | 0000000000000000   | CCP4BUFH  | 9DE     | 0000000000000000   |
| CCP2CON2H  | 97A     | 0-----100-000000   | CCP3PRL   | 9AC     | 1111111111111111   |           |         |                    |
| CCP2CON3H  | 97E     | 0000-----0-00--    | CCP3PRH   | 9AE     | 1111111111111111   |           |         |                    |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

**TABLE 4-10: SLAVE SFR BLOCK A00h**

| Register   | Address | All Resets       | Register | Address | All Resets        | Register | Address | All Resets        |
|------------|---------|------------------|----------|---------|-------------------|----------|---------|-------------------|
| <b>DMA</b> |         |                  | DMACH0   | AC4     | ---0-000000000000 | DMACH1   | ACE     | ---0-000000000000 |
| DMACON     | ABC     | 0-0-----0        | DMANT0   | AC6     | 000000000000--0   | DMANT1   | AD0     | 000000000000--0   |
| DMABUF     | ABE     | 0000000000000000 | DMASRC0  | AC8     | 0000000000000000  | DMASRC1  | AD2     | 0000000000000000  |
| DMAL       | AC0     | 0001000000000000 | DMADST0  | ACA     | 0000000000000000  | DMADST1  | AD4     | 0000000000000000  |
| DMAH       | AC2     | 0001000000000000 | DMACNT0  | ACC     | 0000000000000001  | DMACNT1  | AD6     | 0000000000000001  |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

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**TABLE 4-11: SLAVE SFR BLOCK B00h**

| Register   | Address | All Resets           | Register  | Address | All Resets       | Register  | Address | All Resets           |
|------------|---------|----------------------|-----------|---------|------------------|-----------|---------|----------------------|
| <b>ADC</b> |         |                      | ADCMP1LO  | B44     | 0000000000000000 | ADTRIG2L  | B88     | 0000000000000000     |
| ADCON1L    | B00     | 000-00000-0000       | ADCMP1HI  | B46     | 0000000000000000 | ADTRIG2H  | B8A     | 0000000000000000     |
| ADCON1H    | B02     | -----011-----        | ADCMP2ENL | B48     | 0000000000000000 | ADTRIG3L  | B8C     | 0000000000000000     |
| ADCON2L    | B04     | 00-0-000000000000    | ADCMP2ENH | B4A     | -----00000       | ADTRIG3H  | B8E     | 0000000000000000     |
| ADCON2H    | B06     | 00-00000000000000    | ADCMP2LO  | B4C     | 0000000000000000 | ADTRIG4L  | B90     | 0000000000000000     |
| ADCON3L    | B08     | 00000x000000000000   | ADCMP2HI  | B4E     | 0000000000000000 | ADTRIG4H  | B92     | 0000000000000000     |
| ADCON3H    | B0A     | 000000000-00000000   | ADCMP3ENL | B50     | 0000000000000000 | ADTRIG5L  | B94     | 000-0000-00000000    |
| ADCON4L    | B0C     | 0-0000-000-0000-xx   | ADCMP3ENH | B52     | -----00000       | ADCMP0CON | BA0     | 0000000000000000     |
| ADCON4H    | B0E     | 00-00000000-0000     | ADCMP3LO  | B54     | 0000000000000000 | ADCMP1CON | BA4     | 0000000000000000     |
| ADMOD0L    | B10     | -0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0     | ADCMP3HI  | B56     | 0000000000000000 | ADCMP2CON | BA8     | 0000000000000000     |
| ADIEL      | B20     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | ADFL0DAT  | B68     | 0000000000000000 | ADCMP3CON | BAC     | 0000000000000000     |
| ADIEH      | B22     | -----xxxxxx          | ADFL0CON  | B6A     | 0xx0000000000000 | ADLVLTRGL | BD0     | 0000000000000000     |
| ADCSS1L    | B28     | 0000000000000000     | ADFL1DAT  | B6C     | 0000000000000000 | ADLVLTRGH | BD2     | -----xxxxxx          |
| ADCSS1H    | B2A     | -----000             | ADFL1CON  | B6E     | 0xx0000000000000 | ADCORE0L  | BD4     | 0000000000000000     |
| ADSTATL    | B30     | 0000000000000000     | ADFL2DAT  | B70     | 0000000000000000 | ADCORE0H  | BD6     | 0000011000000000     |
| ADSTATH    | B32     | -----00000           | ADFL2CON  | B72     | 0xx0000000000000 | ADCORE1L  | BD8     | 0000000000000000     |
| ADCMP0ENL  | B38     | 0000000000000000     | ADFL3DAT  | B74     | 0000000000000000 | ADCORE1H  | BDA     | 0000011000000000     |
| ADCMP0ENH  | B3A     | -----00000           | ADFL3CON  | B76     | 0xx0000000000000 | ADEIEL    | BF0     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx |
| ADCMP0LO   | B3C     | 0000000000000000     | ADTRIG0L  | B80     | 0000000000000000 | ADEIEH    | BF2     | -----xxxxxx          |
| ADCMP0HI   | B3E     | 0000000000000000     | ADTRIG0H  | B82     | 0000000000000000 | ADEISTATL | BF8     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx |
| ADCMP1ENL  | B40     | 0000000000000000     | ADTRIG1L  | B84     | 0000000000000000 | ADEISTATH | BFA     | -----xxxxxx          |
| ADCMP1ENH  | B42     | -----00000           | ADTRIG1H  | B86     | 0000000000000000 |           |         |                      |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

**TABLE 4-12: SLAVE SFR BLOCK C00h**

| Register               | Address | All Resets        | Register   | Address | All Resets        | Register | Address | All Resets        |
|------------------------|---------|-------------------|------------|---------|-------------------|----------|---------|-------------------|
| <b>ADC (Continued)</b> |         |                   | ADCBUF12   | C24     | 0000000000000000  | SLP1CONL | C90     | 0000000000000000  |
| ADCON5L                | C00     | 0-00000-0-00000   | ADCBUF13   | C26     | 0000000000000000  | SLP1CONH | C92     | 0-0-000-00000000  |
| ADCON5H                | C02     | 0-0-0-xxxx0-00000 | ADCBUF14   | C28     | 0000000000000000  | SLP1DAT  | C94     | 0000000000000000  |
| ADCAL0L                | C04     | 0000000000000000  | ADCBUF15   | C2A     | 0000000000000000  | DAC2CONL | C98     | 000-0-000x0000000 |
| ADCAL1H                | C0A     | 00000-00-000-0000 | ADCBUF16   | C2C     | 0000000000000000  | DAC2CONH | C9A     | -----0000000000   |
| ADCBUF0                | C0C     | 0000000000000000  | ADCBUF17   | C2E     | 0000000000000000  | DAC2DATL | C9C     | 0000000000000000  |
| ADCBUF1                | C0E     | 0000000000000000  | ADCBUF18   | C30     | 0000000000000000  | DAC2DATH | C9E     | 0000000000000000  |
| ADCBUF2                | C10     | 0000000000000000  | ADCBUF19   | C32     | 0000000000000000  | SLP2CONL | CA0     | 0000000000000000  |
| ADCBUF3                | C12     | 0000000000000000  | <b>DAC</b> |         |                   | SLP2CONH | CA2     | 0-0-000-00000000  |
| ADCBUF4                | C14     | 0000000000000000  | DACCTRL1L  | C80     | 000-0000-0000-000 | SLP2DAT  | CA4     | 0000000000000000  |
| ADCBUF5                | C16     | 0000000000000000  | DACCTRL2L  | C84     | -----0001010101   | DAC3CONL | CA8     | 000-0-000x0000000 |
| ADCBUF6                | C18     | 0000000000000000  | DACCTRL2H  | C86     | -----0010001010   | DAC3CONH | CAA     | -----0000000000   |
| ADCBUF7                | C1A     | 0000000000000000  | DAC1CONL   | C88     | 000-0-000x0000000 | DAC3DATL | CAC     | 0000000000000000  |
| ADCBUF8                | C1C     | 0000000000000000  | ADCBUF12   | C24     | 0000000000000000  | DAC3DATH | CAE     | 0000000000000000  |
| ADCBUF9                | C1E     | 0000000000000000  | DAC1CONH   | C8A     | -----0000000000   | SLP3CONL | CB0     | 0000000000000000  |
| ADCBUF10               | C20     | 0000000000000000  | DAC1DATL   | C8C     | 0000000000000000  | SLP3CONH | CB2     | 0-0-000-00000000  |
| ADCBUF11               | C22     | 0000000000000000  | DAC1DATH   | C8E     | 0000000000000000  | SLP3DAT  | CB4     | 0000000000000000  |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

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**TABLE 4-13: SLAVE SFR BLOCK D00h**

| Register  | Address | All Resets       | Register | Address | All Resets       | Register | Address | All Resets       |
|-----------|---------|------------------|----------|---------|------------------|----------|---------|------------------|
| I/O Ports |         |                  | RPINR23  | D32     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR8    | D90     | --000000--000000 |
| RPCON     | D00     | ----0-----       | RPINR37  | D4E     | 11111111-----    | RPOR9    | D92     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR0    | D04     | 11111111-----    | RPINR38  | D50     | -----11111111    | RPOR10   | D94     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR1    | D06     | 1111111111111111 | RPINR42  | D58     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR11   | D96     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR2    | D08     | 11111111-----    | RPINR43  | D5A     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR12   | D98     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR3    | D0A     | 1111111111111111 | RPINR44  | D5C     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR13   | D9A     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR4    | D0C     | 1111111111111111 | RPINR45  | D5E     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR14   | D9C     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR5    | D0E     | 1111111111111111 | RPINR46  | D60     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR15   | D9E     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR6    | D10     | 1111111111111111 | RPINR47  | D62     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR16   | DA0     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR11   | D1A     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR0    | D80     | --000000--000000 | RPOR17   | DA2     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR12   | D1C     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR1    | D82     | --000000--000000 | RPOR18   | DA4     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR13   | D1E     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR2    | D84     | --000000--000000 | RPOR19   | DA6     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR14   | D20     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR3    | D86     | --000000--000000 | RPOR20   | DA8     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR15   | D22     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR4    | D88     | --000000--000000 | RPOR21   | DAA     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR18   | D28     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR5    | D8A     | --000000--000000 | RPOR22   | DAC     | --000000--000000 |
| RPINR20   | D2C     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR6    | D8C     | --000000--000000 |          |         |                  |
| RPINR21   | D2E     | 1111111111111111 | RPOR7    | D8E     | --000000--000000 |          |         |                  |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

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**TABLE 4-14: SLAVE SFR BLOCK E00h**

| Register                     | Address | All Resets          | Register | Address | All Resets          | Register | Address | All Resets          |
|------------------------------|---------|---------------------|----------|---------|---------------------|----------|---------|---------------------|
| <b>I/O Ports (Continued)</b> |         |                     | CNEN0B   | E2C     | 0000000000000000    | CNPUD    | E5E     | 0000000000000000    |
| ANSELA                       | E00     | -----1111-          | CNSTATB  | E2E     | 0000000000000000    | CNPDD    | E60     | 0000000000000000    |
| TRISA                        | E02     | -----11111          | CNEN1B   | E30     | 0000000000000000    | CNCOND   | E62     | 0---0-----          |
| PORTA                        | E04     | -----xxxxx          | CNFB     | E32     | 0000000000000000    | CNEN0D   | E64     | 0000000000000000    |
| LATA                         | E06     | -----xxxxx          | ANSELC   | E38     | -----11--1111       | CNSTATD  | E66     | 0000000000000000    |
| ODCA                         | E08     | -----00000          | TRISC    | E3A     | 1111111111111111    | CNEN1D   | E68     | 0000000000000000    |
| CNPUA                        | E0A     | -----00000          | PORTC    | E3C     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CNFD     | E6A     | 0000000000000000    |
| CNPDA                        | E0C     | -----00000          | LATC     | E3E     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | ANSELE   | E70     | -----1-----         |
| CNEN0A                       | E10     | -----00000          | ODCC     | E40     | 0000000000000000    | TRISE    | E72     | 1111111111111111    |
| CNSTATA                      | E12     | -----00000          | CNPUC    | E42     | 0000000000000000    | PORTE    | E74     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx |
| CNEN1A                       | E14     | -----00000          | CNPDC    | E44     | 0000000000000000    | LATE     | E76     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx |
| CNFA                         | E16     | -----00000          | CNCONC   | E46     | 0---0-----          | ODCE     | E78     | 0000000000000000    |
| ANSELB                       | E1C     | -----11--1111       | CNEN0C   | E48     | 0000000000000000    | CNPUE    | E7A     | 0000000000000000    |
| TRISB                        | E1E     | 1111111111111111    | CNSTATC  | E4A     | 0000000000000000    | CNPDE    | E7C     | 0000000000000000    |
| PORTB                        | E20     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CNEN1C   | E4C     | 0000000000000000    | CNCONE   | E7E     | 0---0-----          |
| LATB                         | E22     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CNFC     | E4E     | 0000000000000000    | CNEN0E   | E80     | 0000000000000000    |
| ODCB                         | E24     | 0000000000000000    | ANSELD   | E54     | -11111-----         | CNSTATE  | E82     | 0000000000000000    |
| CNPUB                        | E26     | 0000000000000000    | TRISD    | E56     | 1111111111111111    | CNEN1E   | E84     | 0000000000000000    |
| CNPDB                        | E28     | 0000000000000000    | PORTD    | E58     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx | CNFE     | E86     | 0000000000000000    |
| CNEN0A                       | E10     | -----00000          | LATD     | E5A     | xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx |          |         |                     |
| CNCONB                       | E2A     | 0---0-----          | ODCD     | E5C     | 0000000000000000    |          |         |                     |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Address and Reset values are in hexadecimal and binary, respectively.

**TABLE 4-15: SLAVE SFR BLOCK F00h**

| Register          | Address | All Resets       | Register   | Address | All Resets        | Register  | Address | All Resets       |
|-------------------|---------|------------------|------------|---------|-------------------|-----------|---------|------------------|
| <b>Reset</b>      |         |                  | PMD1       | FA4     | ----000-00000-00  | REFOTRIML | FBC     | 0000000000000000 |
| RCON              | F80     | 00--x-0000000011 | PMD2       | FA6     | -----00000000     | REFOTRIMH | FBE     | -----            |
| <b>Oscillator</b> |         |                  | PMD4       | FAA     | -----0---         | PCTRAPL   | FBF     | 0000000000000000 |
| OSCCON            | F84     | -000-xxx0-0-0--0 | PMD6       | FAE     | --000000-----     | PCTRAPL   | FC0     | 0000000000000000 |
| CLKDIV            | F86     | 00110000--000001 | PMD7       | FB0     | -----x---0---     | PCTRAPH   | FC2     | -----00000000    |
| PLLFBD            | F88     | ----000010010110 | PMD8       | FB2     | ---00--0--xx000-  |           |         |                  |
| PLLDIV            | F8A     | -----00-011-001  | <b>WDT</b> |         |                   |           |         |                  |
| APLLFBD1          | F90     | ----000010010110 | WDTCONL    | FB4     | 0--000000000000   |           |         |                  |
| APLLDIV1          | F92     | -----00-011-001  | WDTCONH    | FB6     | 0000000000000000  |           |         |                  |
| <b>PMD</b>        |         |                  | REFOCONL   | FB8     | 0-000-00---0000   |           |         |                  |
| PMDCON            | FA0     | ----0-----       | REFOCONH   | FBA     | -0000000000000000 |           |         |                  |

**Legend:** x = unknown or indeterminate value; "-" = unimplemented bits. Reset and address values are in hexadecimal.

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## 4.2.4.1 Paged Memory Scheme

The dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 architecture extends the available Data Space through a paging scheme, which allows the available Data Space to be accessed using MOV instructions in a linear fashion for pre- and post-modified Effective Addresses (EAs). The upper half of the base Data Space address is used in conjunction with the Data Space Read Page (DSRPAG) register to form the Program Space Visibility (PSV) address.

The Data Space Read Page (DSRPAG) register is located in the SFR space. Construction of the PSV address is shown in Figure 4-6. When DSRPAG<9> = 1 and the base address bit, EA<15> = 1, the DSRPAG<8:0> bits are concatenated onto EA<14:0> to form the 24-bit PSV read address.

The paged memory scheme provides access to multiple 32-Kbyte windows in the PSV memory. The Data Space Read Page (DSRPAG) register, in combination with the upper half of the Data Space address, can provide up to 8 Mbytes of PSV address space. The paged data memory space is shown in Figure 4-7.

The Program Space (PS) can be accessed with a DSRPAG of 0x200 or greater. Only reads from PS are supported using the DSRPAG.

**FIGURE 4-6: PROGRAM SPACE VISIBILITY (PSV) READ ADDRESS GENERATION**



**FIGURE 4-7: PAGED DATA MEMORY SPACE**



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When a PSV page overflow or underflow occurs, EA<15> is cleared as a result of the register indirect EA calculation. An overflow or underflow of the EA in the PSV pages can occur at the page boundaries when:

- The initial address, prior to modification, addresses the PSV page
- The EA calculation uses Pre- or Post-Modified Register Indirect Addressing; however, this does not include Register Offset Addressing

In general, when an overflow is detected, the DSRPAG register is incremented and the EA<15> bit is set to keep the base address within the PSV window. When an underflow is detected, the DSRPAG register is decremented and the EA<15> bit is set to keep the

base address within the PSV window. This creates a linear PSV address space, but only when using Register Indirect Addressing modes.

Exceptions to the operation described above arise when entering and exiting the boundaries of Page 0 and PSV spaces. Table 4-16 lists the effects of overflow and underflow scenarios at different boundaries.

In the following cases, when overflow or underflow occurs, the EA<15> bit is set and the DSRPAG is not modified; therefore, the EA will wrap to the beginning of the current page:

- Register Indirect with Register Offset Addressing
- Modulo Addressing
- Bit-Reversed Addressing

**TABLE 4-16: OVERFLOW AND UNDERFLOW SCENARIOS AT PAGE 0 AND PSV SPACE BOUNDARIES<sup>(2,3,4)</sup>**

| O/U,<br>R/W | Operation | Before         |              |                        | After          |              |                            |
|-------------|-----------|----------------|--------------|------------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------------------|
|             |           | DSRPAG         | DS<br>EA<15> | Page<br>Description    | DSRPAG         | DS<br>EA<15> | Page<br>Description        |
| O,<br>Read  | [++Wn]    | DSRPAG = 0x2FF | 1            | PSV: Last lsw<br>page  | DSRPAG = 0x300 | 1            | PSV: First MSB<br>page     |
| O,<br>Read  | [Wn++]    | DSRPAG = 0x3FF | 1            | PSV: Last MSB<br>page  | DSRPAG = 0x3FF | 0            | See <a href="#">Note 1</a> |
| U,<br>Read  | [--Wn]    | DSRPAG = 0x001 | 1            | PSV page               | DSRPAG = 0x001 | 0            | See <a href="#">Note 1</a> |
| U,<br>Read  | [Wn--]    | DSRPAG = 0x200 | 1            | PSV: First lsw<br>page | DSRPAG = 0x200 | 0            | See <a href="#">Note 1</a> |
| U,<br>Read  | [Wn--]    | DSRPAG = 0x300 | 1            | PSV: First MSB<br>page | DSRPAG = 0x2FF | 1            | PSV: Last lsw<br>page      |

**Legend:** O = Overflow, U = Underflow, R = Read, W = Write

**Note 1:** The Register Indirect Addressing now addresses a location in the base Data Space (0x0000-0x8000).

**2:** An EDS access, with DSRPAG = 0x000, will generate an address error trap.

**3:** Only reads from PS are supported using DSRPAG.

**4:** Pseudolinear Addressing is not supported for large offsets.



## 4.2.4.2 Extended X Data Space

The lower portion of the base address space range, between 0x0000 and 0x7FFF, is always accessible, regardless of the contents of the Data Space Read Page register. It is indirectly addressable through the register indirect instructions. It can be regarded as being located in the default EDS Page 0 (i.e., EDS address range of 0x000000 to 0x007FFF with the base address bit, EA<15> = 0, for this address range). However, Page 0 cannot be accessed through the upper 32 Kbytes, 0x8000 to 0xFFFF, of base Data Space in combination with DSRPAG = 0x00. Consequently, DSRPAG is initialized to 0x001 at Reset.

- Note 1:** DSRPAG should not be used to access Page 0. An EDS access with DSRPAG set to 0x000 will generate an address error trap.
- 2:** Clearing the DSRPAG in software has no effect.

The remaining PSV pages are only accessible using the DSRPAG register in combination with the upper 32 Kbytes, 0x8000 to 0xFFFF, of the base address, where base address bit, EA<15> = 1.

## 4.2.4.3 Software Stack

The W15 register serves as a dedicated Software Stack Pointer (SSP), and is automatically modified by exception processing, subroutine calls and returns; however, W15 can be referenced by any instruction in the same manner as all other W registers. This simplifies reading, writing and manipulating the Stack Pointer (for example, creating stack frames).

- Note:** To protect against misaligned stack accesses, W15<0> is fixed to '0' by the hardware.

W15 is initialized to 0x1000 during all Resets. This address ensures that the SSP points to valid RAM in all dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 devices and permits stack availability for non-maskable trap exceptions. These can occur before the SSP is initialized by the user software. You can reprogram the SSP during initialization to any location within Data Space.

The Software Stack Pointer always points to the first available free word and fills the software stack, working from lower toward higher addresses. Figure 4-8 illustrates how it pre-decrements for a stack pop (read) and post-increments for a stack push (writes).

When the PC is pushed onto the stack, PC<15:0> are pushed onto the first available stack word, then PC<22:16> are pushed into the second available stack location. For a PC push during any CALL instruction, the MSB of the PC is zero-extended before the push, as shown in Figure 4-8. During exception processing, the MSB of the PC is concatenated with the lower 8 bits of the CPU STATUS Register, SR. This allows the contents of SRL to be preserved automatically during interrupt processing.

- Note 1:** To maintain system Stack Pointer (W15) coherency, W15 is never subject to (EDS) paging, and is therefore, restricted to an address range of 0x0000 to 0xFFFF. The same applies to W14 when used as a Stack Frame Pointer (SFA = 1).
- 2:** As the stack can be placed in, and can access X and Y spaces, care must be taken regarding its use, particularly with regard to local automatic variables in a C development environment

**FIGURE 4-8: CALL STACK FRAME**



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## 4.2.5 INSTRUCTION ADDRESSING MODES

The addressing modes shown in Table 4-17 form the basis of the addressing modes optimized to support the specific features of individual instructions. The addressing modes provided in the MAC class of instructions differ from those in the other instruction types.

### 4.2.5.1 File Register Instructions

Most file register instructions use a 13-bit address field (f) to directly address data present in the first 8192 bytes of data memory (Near Data Space). Most file register instructions employ a Working register, W0, which is denoted as WREG in these instructions. The destination is typically either the same file register or WREG (with the exception of the MUL instruction), which writes the result to a register or register pair. The MOV instruction allows additional flexibility and can access the entire Data Space.

### 4.2.5.2 MCU Instructions

The three-operand MCU instructions are of the form:

Operand 3 = Operand 1 <function> Operand 2

where Operand 1 is always a Working register (that is, the addressing mode can only be Register Direct), which is referred to as Wb. Operand 2 can be a W register fetched from data memory or a 5-bit literal. The result location can either be a W register or a data memory location. The following addressing modes are supported by MCU instructions:

- Register Direct
- Register Indirect
- Register Indirect Post-Modified
- Register Indirect Pre-Modified
- 5-Bit or 10-Bit Literal

**Note:** Not all instructions support all the addressing modes given above. Individual instructions can support different subsets of these addressing modes.

TABLE 4-17: FUNDAMENTAL ADDRESSING MODES SUPPORTED

| Addressing Mode   | Description   |
|---|---|
| File Register Direct                                      | The address of the file register is specified explicitly.   |
| Register Direct   | The contents of a register are accessed directly.   |
| Register Indirect   | The contents of Wn form the Effective Address (EA).   |
| Register Indirect Post-Modified                           | The contents of Wn form the EA. Wn is post-modified (incremented or decremented) by a constant value. |
| Register Indirect Pre-Modified                            | Wn is pre-modified (incremented or decremented) by a signed constant value to form the EA.            |
| Register Indirect with Register Offset (Register Indexed) | The sum of Wn and Wb forms the EA.  |
| Register Indirect with Literal Offset                     | The sum of Wn and a literal forms the EA.   |

## 4.2.5.3 Move and Accumulator Instructions

Move instructions, and the DSP accumulator class of instructions, provide a greater degree of addressing flexibility than other instructions. In addition to the addressing modes supported by most MCU instructions, move and accumulator instructions also support Register Indirect with Register Offset Addressing mode, also referred to as Register Indexed mode.

**Note:** For the `MOV` instructions, the addressing mode specified in the instruction can differ for the source and destination EA. However, the 4-bit `Wb` (Register Offset) field is shared by both source and destination (but typically only used by one).

In summary, the following addressing modes are supported by move and accumulator instructions:

- Register Direct
- Register Indirect
- Register Indirect Post-Modified
- Register Indirect Pre-Modified
- Register Indirect with Register Offset (Indexed)
- Register Indirect with Literal Offset
- 8-Bit Literal
- 16-Bit Literal

**Note:** Not all instructions support all the addressing modes given above. Individual instructions may support different subsets of these addressing modes.

## 4.2.5.4 MAC Instructions

The dual source operand DSP instructions (`CLR`, `ED`, `EDAC`, `MAC`, `MPY`, `MPY.N`, `MOVSAC` and `MSC`), also referred to as `MAC` instructions, use a simplified set of addressing modes to allow the user application to effectively manipulate the Data Pointers through register indirect tables.

The two-source operand prefetch registers must be members of the set {`W8`, `W9`, `W10`, `W11`}. For data reads, `W8` and `W9` are always directed to the X RAGU, and `W10` and `W11` are always directed to the Y AGU. The Effective Addresses generated (before and after modification) must therefore, be valid addresses within X Data Space for `W8` and `W9`, and Y Data Space for `W10` and `W11`.

**Note:** Register Indirect with Register Offset Addressing mode is available only for `W9` (in X space) and `W11` (in Y space).

In summary, the following addressing modes are supported by the `MAC` class of instructions:

- Register Indirect
- Register Indirect Post-Modified by 2
- Register Indirect Post-Modified by 4
- Register Indirect Post-Modified by 6
- Register Indirect with Register Offset (Indexed)

## 4.2.5.5 Other Instructions

Besides the addressing modes outlined previously, some instructions use literal constants of various sizes. For example, `BRA` (branch) instructions use 16-bit signed literals to specify the branch destination directly, whereas the `DISI` instruction uses a 14-bit unsigned literal field. In some instructions, such as `ULNK`, the source of an operand or result is implied by the opcode itself. Certain operations, such as a `NOP`, do not have any operands.

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## 4.2.6 MODULO ADDRESSING

Modulo Addressing mode is a method of providing an automated means to support circular data buffers using hardware. The objective is to remove the need for software to perform data address boundary checks when executing tightly looped code, as is typical in many DSP algorithms.

Modulo Addressing can operate in either Data or Program Space (since the Data Pointer mechanism is essentially the same for both). One circular buffer can be supported in each of the X (which also provides the pointers into Program Space) and Y Data Spaces. Modulo Addressing can operate on any W Register Pointer. However, it is not advisable to use W14 or W15 for Modulo Addressing since these two registers are used as the Stack Frame Pointer and Stack Pointer, respectively.

In general, any particular circular buffer can be configured to operate in only one direction, as there are certain restrictions on the buffer start address (for incrementing buffers) or end address (for decrementing buffers), based upon the direction of the buffer.

The only exception to the usage restrictions is for buffers that have a power-of-two length. As these buffers satisfy the start and end address criteria, they can operate in a Bidirectional mode (that is, address boundary checks are performed on both the lower and upper address boundaries).

### 4.2.6.1 Start and End Address

The Modulo Addressing scheme requires that a starting and ending address be specified and loaded into the 16-bit Modulo Buffer Address registers: XMODSRT, XMODEND, YMODSRT and YMODEND (see Table 4-1).

**Note:** Y space Modulo Addressing EA calculations assume word-sized data (LSb of every EA is always clear).

The length of a circular buffer is not directly specified. It is determined by the difference between the corresponding start and end addresses. The maximum possible length of the circular buffer is 32K words (64 Kbytes).

### 4.2.6.2 W Address Register Selection

The Modulo and Bit-Reversed Addressing Control register, MODCON<15:0>, contains enable flags, as well as a W register field to specify the W Address registers. The XWM and YWM fields select the registers that operate with Modulo Addressing:

- If XWM = 1111, X RAGU and X WAGU Modulo Addressing is disabled
- If YWM = 1111, Y AGU Modulo Addressing is disabled

The X Address Space Pointer W (XWM) register, to which Modulo Addressing is to be applied, is stored in MODCON<3:0> (see Table 4-1). Modulo Addressing is enabled for X Data Space when XWM is set to any value other than '1111' and the XMODEN bit is set (MODCON<15>).

The Y Address Space Pointer W (YWM) register, to which Modulo Addressing is to be applied, is stored in MODCON<7:4>. Modulo Addressing is enabled for Y Data Space when YWM is set to any value other than '1111' and the YMODEN bit (MODCON<14>) is set.

**FIGURE 4-9: MODULO ADDRESSING OPERATION EXAMPLE**



## 4.2.6.3 Modulo Addressing Applicability

Modulo Addressing can be applied to the Effective Address (EA) calculation associated with any W register. Address boundaries check for addresses equal to:

- The upper boundary addresses for incrementing buffers
- The lower boundary addresses for decrementing buffers

It is important to realize that the address boundaries check for addresses less than, or greater than, the upper (for incrementing buffers) and lower (for decrementing buffers) boundary addresses (not just equal to). Address changes can, therefore, jump beyond boundaries and still be adjusted correctly.

**Note:** The modulo corrected Effective Address is written back to the register only when Pre-Modify or Post-Modify Addressing mode is used to compute the Effective Address. When an address offset (such as [W7 + W2]) is used, Modulo Addressing correction is performed, but the contents of the register remain unchanged.

## 4.2.7 BIT-REVERSED ADDRESSING

Bit-Reversed Addressing mode is intended to simplify data reordering for radix-2 FFT algorithms. It is supported by the X AGU for data writes only.

The modifier, which can be a constant value or register contents, is regarded as having its bit order reversed. The address source and destination are kept in normal order. Thus, the only operand requiring reversal is the modifier.

## 4.2.7.1 Bit-Reversed Addressing Implementation

Bit-Reversed Addressing mode is enabled in any of these situations:

- BWMx bits (W register selection) in the MODCON register are any value other than '1111' (the stack cannot be accessed using Bit-Reversed Addressing)
- The BREN bit is set in the XBREV register
- The addressing mode used is Register Indirect with Pre-Increment or Post-Increment

If the length of a bit-reversed buffer is  $M = 2^N$  bytes, the last 'N' bits of the data buffer start address must be zeros.

XB<14:0> is the Bit-Reversed Addressing modifier, or 'pivot point', which is typically a constant. In the case of an FFT computation, its value is equal to half of the FFT data buffer size.

**Note:** All bit-reversed EA calculations assume word-sized data (LSb of every EA is always clear). The XB value is scaled accordingly to generate compatible (byte) addresses.

When enabled, Bit-Reversed Addressing is executed only for Register Indirect with Pre-Increment or Post-Increment Addressing and word-sized data writes. It does not function for any other addressing mode or for byte-sized data and normal addresses are generated instead. When Bit-Reversed Addressing is active, the W Address Pointer is always added to the address modifier (XB) and the offset associated with the Register Indirect Addressing mode is ignored. In addition, as word-sized data is a requirement, the LSb of the EA is ignored (and always clear).

**Note:** Modulo Addressing and Bit-Reversed Addressing can be enabled simultaneously using the same W register, but Bit-Reversed Addressing operation will always take precedence for data writes when enabled.

If Bit-Reversed Addressing has already been enabled by setting the BREN (XBREV<15>) bit, a write to the XBREV register should not be immediately followed by an indirect read operation using the W register that has been designated as the Bit-Reversed Pointer.

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**FIGURE 4-10: BIT-REVERSED ADDRESSING EXAMPLE**



**TABLE 4-18: BIT-REVERSED ADDRESSING SEQUENCE (16-ENTRY)**

| Normal Address |    |    |    |         | Bit-Reversed Address |    |    |    |         |
|----------------|----|----|----|---------|----------------------|----|----|----|---------|
| A3             | A2 | A1 | A0 | Decimal | A3                   | A2 | A1 | A0 | Decimal |
| 0              | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0       | 0                    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0       |
| 0              | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1       | 1                    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 8       |
| 0              | 0  | 1  | 0  | 2       | 0                    | 1  | 0  | 0  | 4       |
| 0              | 0  | 1  | 1  | 3       | 1                    | 1  | 0  | 0  | 12      |
| 0              | 1  | 0  | 0  | 4       | 0                    | 0  | 1  | 0  | 2       |
| 0              | 1  | 0  | 1  | 5       | 1                    | 0  | 1  | 0  | 10      |
| 0              | 1  | 1  | 0  | 6       | 0                    | 1  | 1  | 0  | 6       |
| 0              | 1  | 1  | 1  | 7       | 1                    | 1  | 1  | 0  | 14      |
| 1              | 0  | 0  | 0  | 8       | 0                    | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1       |
| 1              | 0  | 0  | 1  | 9       | 1                    | 0  | 0  | 1  | 9       |
| 1              | 0  | 1  | 0  | 10      | 0                    | 1  | 0  | 1  | 5       |
| 1              | 0  | 1  | 1  | 11      | 1                    | 1  | 0  | 1  | 13      |
| 1              | 1  | 0  | 0  | 12      | 0                    | 0  | 1  | 1  | 3       |
| 1              | 1  | 0  | 1  | 13      | 1                    | 0  | 1  | 1  | 11      |
| 1              | 1  | 1  | 0  | 14      | 0                    | 1  | 1  | 1  | 7       |
| 1              | 1  | 1  | 1  | 15      | 1                    | 1  | 1  | 1  | 15      |

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## 4.2.8 INTERFACING PROGRAM AND DATA MEMORY SPACES

The dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family architecture uses a 24-bit wide Program Space (PS) and a 16-bit wide Data Space (DS). The architecture is also a modified Harvard scheme, meaning that data can also be present in the Program Space. To use this data successfully, it must be accessed in a way that preserves the alignment of information in both spaces.

Aside from normal execution, the architecture of the dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family devices provides two methods by which Program Space can be accessed during operation:

- Using table instructions to access individual bytes or words anywhere in the Program Space
- Remapping a portion of the Program Space into the Data Space (Program Space Visibility)

Table instructions allow an application to read or write to small areas of the program memory. This capability makes the method ideal for accessing data tables that need to be updated periodically. It also allows access to all bytes of the program word. The remapping method allows an application to access a large block of data on a read-only basis, which is ideal for look-ups from a large table of static data. However, this method only provides visibility to the lower 16 bits in each location addressed.

**TABLE 4-19: PROGRAM SPACE ADDRESS CONSTRUCTION**

| Access Type                         | Access Space | Program Space Address            |          |                        |        |     |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|----------|------------------------|--------|-----|
|                                     |              | <23>                             | <22:16>  | <15>                   | <14:1> | <0> |
| Instruction Access (Code Execution) | User         | 0                                | PC<22:1> |                        |        | 0   |
|                                     |              | 0xxx xxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxx0 |          |                        |        |     |
| TBLRD/TBLWT (Byte/Word Read/Write)  | User         | TBLPAG<7:0>                      |          | Data EA<15:0>          |        |     |
|                                     |              | 0xxx xxxx                        |          | xxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx |        |     |

**FIGURE 4-11: DATA ACCESS FROM PROGRAM SPACE ADDRESS GENERATION**



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## 4.2.8.1 Data Access from Program Memory Using Table Instructions

The `TBLRDL` and `TBLWTL` instructions offer a direct method of reading or writing the lower word of any address within the Program Space without going through Data Space. The `TBLRDH` and `TBLWTH` instructions are the only method to read or write the upper eight bits of a Program Space word as data.

This allows program memory addresses to directly map to Data Space addresses. Program memory can thus be regarded as two 16-bit wide word address spaces, residing side by side, each with the same address range. `TBLRDL` and `TBLWTL` access the space that contains the least significant data word. `TBLRDH` and `TBLWTH` access the space that contains the upper data byte.

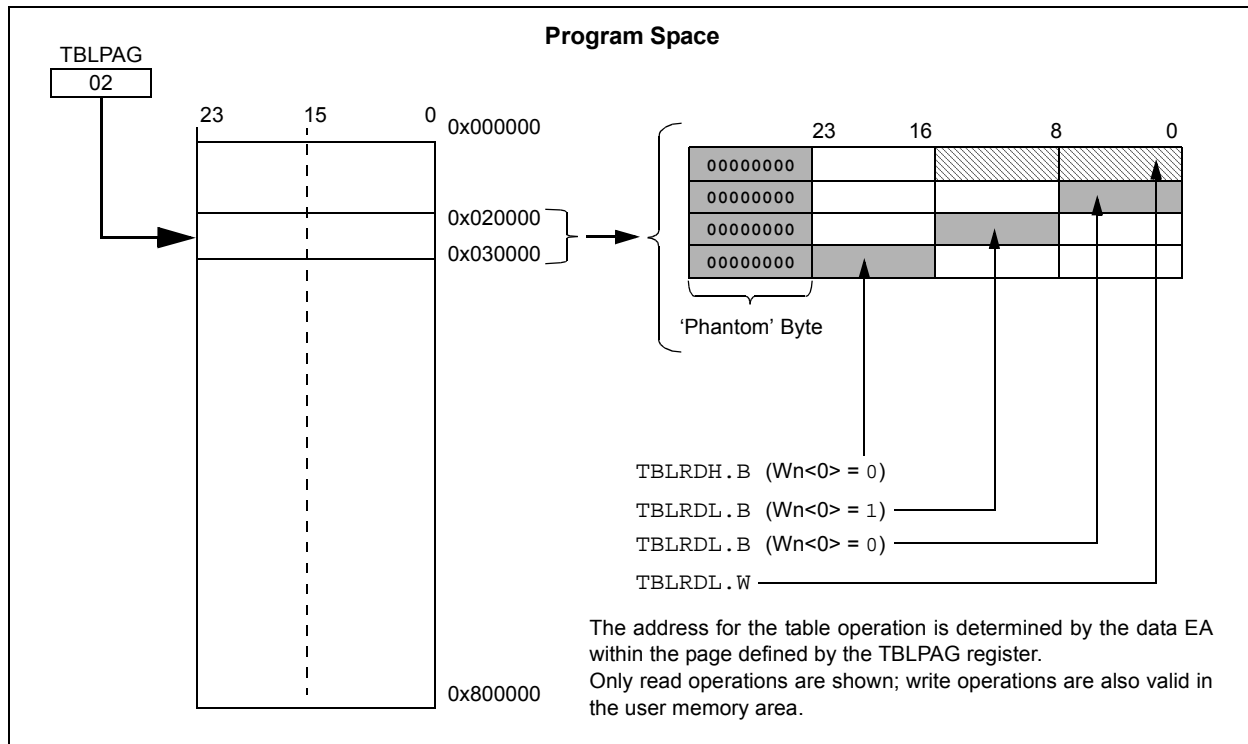
Two table instructions are provided to read byte or word-sized (16-bit) data from Program Space. Both function as either byte or word operations.

- `TBLRDL` (Table Read Low):
  - In Word mode, this instruction maps the lower word of the Program Space location ( $P<15:0>$ ) to a data address ( $D<15:0>$ ).
  - In Byte mode, either the upper or lower byte of the lower program word is mapped to the lower byte of a data address. The upper byte is selected when Byte Select is '1'; the lower byte is selected when it is '0'.

- `TBLRDH` (Table Read High):
  - In Word mode, this instruction maps the entire upper word of a program address ( $P<23:16>$ ) to a data address. The 'phantom' byte ( $D<15:8>$ ) is always '0'.
  - In Byte mode, either the upper or lower byte of the upper program word is mapped to the lower byte of a data address. The upper byte is selected when Byte Select is '1'; the lower byte is selected when it is '0'. When the upper byte is selected, the 'phantom' byte is read as '0'.

In a similar fashion, two table instructions, `TBLWTH` and `TBLWTL`, are used to write individual bytes or words to a Program Space address. For these writes, data is written to a set of NVM latches and subsequently copied to the Program Space address using an NVM write operation. The details of their operation are explained in [Section 4.3.2 "RTSP Operation"](#).

**FIGURE 4-12: ACCESSING PROGRAM MEMORY WITH TABLE INSTRUCTIONS**





## 4.3 Slave PRAM Program Memory

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**Dual Partition Flash Program Memory**” (DS70005156) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com))

**2:** Though the reference to the chapter is “**Dual Partition Flash Program Memory**” (DS70005156), the program memory for the Slave code is PRAM. Therefore, after each POR, the Master will have to reload the content of the Slave PRAM.

The dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family devices contain internal PRAM program memory for storing and executing application code. The PRAM program memory array is organized into rows of 128 instructions or 64 double instruction words. Though the PRAM is volatile, it is writable during normal operation over the entire VDD range.

PRAM memory can be programmed in three ways:

- In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™)
- Run-Time Self-Programming (RTSP)
- Master to Slave Image Loading (MSIL)

ICSP allows for a dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family device to be serially programmed in the application circuit. Since the Slave PRAM is volatile, Slave PRAM ICSP programming is supported only as a development and debugging feature.

RTSP allows the Slave PRAM user application code to update itself during run time. This feature is capable of writing a single program memory word (two instructions) or an entire row as needed.

Master to Slave Image Loading allows the Master user code to load the Slave PRAM at run time. A Slave PRAM compatible image is stored in Master Flash memory. At run time, the Master user code is responsible for loading and verifying the contents of the Slave PRAM.

**Note:** In an actual application mode, the Slave PRAM is loaded by the Master, so the ICSP mode of PRAM operation is valid only for the Debug mode during the code development.

### 4.3.1 PRAM PROGRAMMING OPERATIONS

For ICSP and RTSP programming of the Slave PRAM, TBLWTL and TBLWTH instructions are used to write to the NVM write latches. An NVM write operation then writes the contents of both latches to the PRAM, starting at the address defined in the NVMADR and NVMADRU registers.

For Master to Slave Image Loading (MSIL) of the Slave PRAM, the Master user code is responsible for transferring the Slave image contents stored in the Master Flash to the Slave PRAM. The LDSLV instruction is used along with the DSRPAG and DSWPAG registers to transfer a single 24-bit instruction to the Slave PRAM.

The VFSLV instruction allows the Master user code to verify that the PRAM has been loaded correctly.

**Note:** Master to Slave Image Loading is the only supported method for programming the Slave PRAM in a final user application.

Regardless of the method used to program the PRAM, a few basic requirements should be met:

- A full 48-bit double instruction word should always be programmed to a PRAM location. Either instruction may simply be a NOP to fulfill this requirement. This ensures a valid ECC value is generated for each pair of instructions written.
- Assuming the above step is followed, the last 24-bit location in implemented program space, or prior to any unprogrammed region in program space, should never be executed. The penultimate instruction in either case must contain a program flow change instruction, such as a RETURN or a BRA instruction.

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FIGURE 4-13: ADDRESSING FOR TABLE REGISTERS



## 4.3.2 RTSP OPERATION

RTSP allows the user application to program one double instruction word, or one row, at a time.

The double instruction word write blocks and single row write blocks are edge-aligned, from the beginning of program memory, on boundaries of one double instruction word and 64 double instruction words, respectively.

**Note:** Because the PRAM is volatile, RTSP writes that change the Slave PRAM user code will be lost when the device is powered down. For persistent changes to Slave PRAM user code, the Slave image in the Master Flash should be updated.

The basic sequence for RTSP programming is to first load two 24-bit instructions into the NVM write latches found in configuration memory space. Refer to [Figure 4-3](#) for write latch addresses. Then, the WR bit in the NVMCON register is set to initiate the write process. The processor stalls (waits) until the programming operation is finished. The WR bit is automatically cleared when the operation is finished. All program operations may optionally use the NVM interrupt to signal the successful completion of the operation.

Double instruction word writes are performed by manually loading both write latches, using TBLWTL and TBLWTH instructions, and then initiating the NVM write while the NVMOP<3:0> bits (NVMCON<3:0>) are set to '0x1'. The program space destination address is defined by the NVMADR/U registers.

### EXAMPLE 4-1: PRAM WRITE/READ

```
//Sample code for PRAM write
// Writing 0x777777 to location 0x3000
NVMCON = 0x4001;
TBLPAG = 0xFA;           // write latch upper address
NVMADR = 0x3000;        // set target write address of general segment
NVMADRU = 0x0000;
__builtin_tblwtl(0, 0x7777); // load write latches
__builtin_tblwth (0,0x77);

__builtin_tblwtl(2, 0x7777); // load write latches
__builtin_tblwth (2,0x77);

asm volatile ("disi #5");
__builtin_write_NVM();

while(_WR == 1 ) ;
// Sample code for reading address location 0x3000
//readDataL /readDataLH need to be defined as variables.
TBLPAG = 0x0000;
readDataL = __builtin_tblrld(0x3000);
readDataH = __builtin_tblrhd(0x0000);
```

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Row programming is performed by first loading 128 instructions into data RAM and then loading the address of the first instruction in that row into the NVMSRCADRL/H register. Once the write has been initiated, the device will automatically load two instructions into the write latches, and write them to the program space destination address defined by the NVMAADR/U registers.

The operation will increment the NVMSRCADRL/H and the NVMAADR/U registers until all double instruction words have been programmed.

The RPDF bit (NVMCON<9>) selects the format of the stored data in RAM to be either compressed or uncompressed. See [Figure 4-14](#) for data formatting. Compressed data helps to reduce the amount of required RAM by using the upper byte of the second word for the MSB of the second instruction.

**FIGURE 4-14: UNCOMPRESSED/COMPRESSED FORMAT**



## 4.3.3 MASTER TO SLAVE IMAGE LOADING (MSIL)

Master to Slave Image Loading allows the Master user application code to transfer the Slave image stored in the Master Flash to the Slave PRAM. This is the only supported method for programming the Slave PRAM in a final user application.

The LDSLV instruction is executed by the Master user application to transfer a single 24-bit instruction from the Master Flash address, defined by  $Ws<14:0>$  (DSRPAG), to the Slave PRAM address, defined by  $Wd<14:0>$  (DSWPAG).

The LDSLV instruction should be executed in pairs to ensure correct ECC value generation for each double instruction word that is loaded into the Slave PRAM. The Slave image instruction found at a given even address should be loaded first. This will be the lower instruction word of a 48-bit double instruction word. The upper instruction word should then be loaded from the following odd address. After the pair of LDSLV instructions is executed by the Master user application, both 24-bit Slave image instructions and the generated 7-bit ECC value are actually loaded into the PRAM destination address locations.

The VFSLV instruction allows the Master user application to verify that the PRAM has been loaded correctly. The VFSLV instruction compares the 24-bit instruction word stored in the Master Flash address, defined by  $Ws<14:0>$  (DSRPAG), to the 24 bit instruction written to the Slave PRAM address, defined by  $Wd<14:0>$  (DSWPAG).

The VFSLV instruction should also be executed in pairs. The lower instruction word found on a given even address should be verified first. The upper instruction word found in the following odd address should then be verified. Then, the Slave image instruction pair read from the Master Flash will have a valid generated ECC value. This full double instruction word with ECC is then compared to the 55-bit value that was actually loaded into the PRAM destination locations. The entire Slave image may be loaded into the PRAM first and then subsequently verified. To make this process simpler, the Microchip `libpic30.h` library has implemented a routine which can be called once to either load or verify the entire Slave image.

The `__program_slave(core#, verify, &slave_image)` routine uses the "verify" parameter to determine if the routine will run using LDSLV instructions or VFSLV instructions. A '0' will load the entire Slave image to the PRAM and a '1' will verify the entire Slave image in the PRAM. An example of how this routine may be used to load and verify the contents of the Slave PRAM is shown in [Example 4-2](#).

## EXAMPLE 4-2: SLAVE PRAM LOAD AND VERIFY ROUTINE

```
#include <libpic30.h>
//__program_slave(core#, verify, &slave_image)
if (__program_slave(1, 0, &slave) == 0)
{
    /* now verify */
    if (__program_slave(1, 1, &slave) ==
        ESLV_VERIFY_FAIL)
    {
        asm("reset"); // try again
    }
}
```

The `__program_slave(core#, verify, &slave_image)` routine only supports Slave images created with a compatible Microchip language tools format. Slave PRAM images not following this format will require a custom routine that follows all requirements for the PRAM Master to Slave image loading process described in this chapter.

### 4.3.4 PRAM DUAL PARTITION CONSIDERATIONS

For dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family devices operating in Dual Partition PRAM Program Memory modes, both partitions would be loaded using the Master to Slave image loading process. The Master can load the active partition of the PRAM only when `SLVEN = 0` (Slave is not running). The Master can load the PRAM Inactive Partition any time. To support LiveUpdate, the Master would load the PRAM Inactive Partition while the Slave is running and then the Slave would execute the `BOOTSWP` instruction to swap partitions.

#### 4.3.4.1 PRAM Partition Swapping

At device Reset, the default PRAM partition is Partition 1. The `BOOTSWP` instruction provides the means of swapping the Active and Inactive Partitions (soft swap) without the need for a device Reset. The `BOOTSWP` must always be followed by a `GOTO` instruction. The `BOOTSWP` instruction swaps the Active and Inactive Partitions, and the PC vectors to the location specified by the `GOTO` instruction in the newly Active Partition.

It is important to note that interrupts should temporarily be disabled while performing the soft swap sequence, and that after the partition swap, all peripherals and interrupts which were enabled remain enabled. Additionally, the RAM and stack will maintain their state after the switch. As a result, it is recommended that applications using soft swaps jump to a routine that will reinitialize the device in order to ensure the firmware runs as expected. The Configuration registers will have no effect during a soft swap.

For robustness of operation, in order to execute the `BOOTSWP` instruction, it is necessary to execute the NVM unlocking sequence as follows:

1. Write 0x55 to NVMKEY.
2. Write 0xAA to NVMKEY.
3. Execute the `BOOTSWP` instruction.

If the unlocking sequence is not performed, the `BOOTSWP` instruction will be executed as a forced `NOP` and a `GOTO` instruction, following the `BOOTSWP` instruction, will be executed, causing the PC to jump to that location in the current operating partition.

The `SFTSWP` and `P2ACTIV` bits in the `NVMCON` register are used to determine a successful swap of the Active and Inactive Partitions, as well as which partition is active. After the `BOOTSWP` and `GOTO` instructions, the `SFTSWP` bit should be polled to verify the partition swap has occurred and then cleared for the next panel swap event.

#### 4.3.4.2 Dual Partition Modes

While operating in Dual Partition mode, the dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family devices have the option for both partitions to have their own defined security segments, as shown in [Figure](#).

Alternatively, the device can operate in Protected Dual Partition mode, where Partition 1 becomes permanently write-protected. Protected Dual Partition mode allows for a “Factory Default” mode, which provides a fail-safe backup image to be stored in Partition 1.

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## 4.3.5 ERROR CORRECTING CODE (ECC)

In order to improve program memory performance and durability, the devices include Error Correcting Code (ECC) functionality as an integral part of the PRAM memory controller. ECC can determine the presence of single bit errors in program data, including which bit is in error, and correct the data automatically without user intervention. ECC cannot be disabled.

When data is written to program memory, ECC generates a 7-bit Hamming code parity value for every two (24-bit) instruction words. The data is stored in blocks of 48 data bits and seven parity bits; parity data is not memory-mapped and is inaccessible. When the data is read back, the ECC calculates the parity on it and compares it to the previously stored parity value. If a parity mismatch occurs, there are two possible outcomes:

- Single bit error has occurred and has been automatically corrected on readback.
- Double-bit error has occurred and the read data is not changed.

Single bit error occurrence can be identified by the state of the ECCSBEIF bit (IFS0<13>). An interrupt can be generated when the corresponding interrupt enable bit is set, ECCSBEIE (IEC0<13>). The ECCSTATL register contains the parity information for single bit errors. The SECOUT<7:0> bits field contains the expected calculated SEC parity and the SECIN<7:0> bits contain the actual value from a PRAM read operation. The SECSYNDx bits (ECCSTATH<7:0>) indicate the bit position of the single bit error within the 48-bit pair of instruction words. When no error is present, SECINx equals SECOUTx and SECSYNDx is zero.

Double-bit errors result in a generic hard trap. The ECCDBE bit (INTCON4<1>) will set to identify the source of the hard trap. If no Interrupt Service Routine is implemented for the hard trap, a device Reset will also occur. The ECCSTATH register contains double-bit error status information. The DEDOUT bit is the expected calculated DED parity and DEDIN is the actual value from a Flash read operation. When no error is present, DEDIN equals DEDOUT.

## 4.3.5.1 ECC FAULT INJECTION

To test Fault handling, an EEC error can be generated. Both single and double-bit errors can be generated in both the read and write data paths. Read path Fault injection first reads the Flash data and then modifies it prior to entering the ECC logic. Write path Fault injection modifies the actual data prior to it being written into the target PRAM and will cause an EEC error on a subsequent Flash read. The following procedure is used to inject a Fault:

1. Load the Flash target address into the ECCADDR register.
2. Select 1st Fault bit determined by FLT1PTRx (ECCCONH<7:0>). The target bit is inverted to create the Fault.
3. If a double Fault is desired, select the 2nd Fault bit determined by FLT2PTRx (ECCCONH<15:8>), otherwise set to all '1's.
4. Write the NVMKEY unlock sequence.
5. Enable the ECC Fault injection logic by setting FLTINJ bit (ECCCONL<0>).
6. Perform a read or write to the Flash target address.

## 4.3.6 CONTROL REGISTERS

Six SFRs are used to support ICSP and RTSP PRAM write operations: NVMCON, NVMKEY, NVMADR, NVMADRU, NVMSRCADRL and NVMSRCADRH.

The NVMCON register ([Register 4-4](#)) selects the operation to be performed (double-word write or row write) and initiates the program cycle.

NVMKEY ([Register 4-7](#)) is a write-only register that is used for write protection. To start a programming sequence, the user application must consecutively write 0x55 and 0xAA to the NVMKEY register.

There are two NVM Address registers: NVMADRU and NVMADR. These two registers, when concatenated, form the 24-bit Effective Address (EA) of the selected word/row for programming operation. The NVMADRU register is used to hold the upper eight bits of the EA, while the NVMADR register is used to hold the lower 16 bits of the EA.

For row programming (RTSP operation only), data to be written to the Slave PRAM is written into Slave data memory space (RAM) at an address defined by the NVMSRCADRL/H registers (location of first element in row programming data).

For Master to Slave image loading, the DSRPAG and DSWPAG SFR registers are used in conjunction with the Ws and Wd Working registers to create the source and destination addresses for LDSLV and VFSLV instruction operations.

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## 4.3.7 SLAVE PROGRAM MEMORY CONTROL/STATUS REGISTERS

### REGISTER 4-4: NVMCON: PROGRAM MEMORY SLAVE CONTROL REGISTER

|                       |                      |                      |                        |        |         |       |       |
|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------|---------|-------|-------|
| R/SO-0 <sup>(1)</sup> | R/W-0 <sup>(1)</sup> | R/W-0 <sup>(1)</sup> | R/W-0                  | R/C-0  | R/C-0   | R/W-0 | R/C-0 |
| WR                    | WREN                 | WRERR                | NVMSIDL <sup>(2)</sup> | SFTSWP | P2ACTIV | RPDF  | URERR |
| bit 15                |                      |                      |                        |        |         |       | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |                         |                         |                         |                         |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 <sup>(1)</sup>    | R/W-0 <sup>(1)</sup>    | R/W-0 <sup>(1)</sup>    | R/W-0 <sup>(1)</sup>    |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | NVMOP3 <sup>(3,4)</sup> | NVMOP2 <sup>(3,4)</sup> | NVMOP1 <sup>(3,4)</sup> | NVMOP0 <sup>(3,4)</sup> |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |                         |                         |                         | bit 0                   |

|                   |                   |                                    |
|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | C = Clearable bit | SO = Settable Only bit             |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit  | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set  | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15     **WR:** Write Control bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
 1 = Initiates a PRAM memory program or erase operation; the operation is self-timed and the bit is cleared by hardware once the operation is complete  
 0 = Program or erase operation is complete and inactive
- bit 14     **WREN:** Write Enable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
 1 = Enables program/erase operations  
 0 = Inhibits program/erase operations
- bit 13     **WRERR:** Write Sequence Error Flag bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
 1 = An improper program or erase sequence attempt, or termination has occurred (bit is set automatically on any set attempt of the WR bit)  
 0 = The program or erase operation completed normally
- bit 12     **NVMSIDL:** PRAM Stop in Idle Control bit<sup>(2)</sup>  
 1 = PRAM voltage regulator goes into Standby mode during Idle mode  
 0 = PRAM voltage regulator is active during Idle mode
- bit 11     **SFTSWP:** Soft Swap Status bit  
 1 = Panels have been successfully swapped using the `BOOTSWP` instruction  
 0 = Awaiting for panels to be successfully swapped using the `BOOTSWP` instruction
- bit 10     **P2ACTIV:** Dual Boot Active Region Status bit  
 1 = Panel 2 PRAM is mapped into the active region  
 0 = Panel 1 PRAM is mapped into the active region
- bit 9      **RPDF:** Row Programming Data Format bit  
 1 = Row data to be stored in PRAM is in compressed format  
 0 = Row data to be stored in PRAM is in uncompressed format
- bit 8      **URERR:** Row Programming Data Underrun Error bit  
 1 = Indicates row programming operation has been terminated  
 0 = No data underrun error is detected
- bit 7-4    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

- Note 1:** These bits can only be reset on a POR.
- 2:** If this bit is set, there will be minimal power savings (IDLE) and upon exiting Idle mode, there is a delay (TVREG) before PRAM memory becomes operational.
- 3:** All other combinations of NVMOP<3:0> are unimplemented.
- 4:** Execution of the `PWRSVAV` instruction is ignored while any of the NVM operations are in progress.
- 5:** Two adjacent words on a 4-word boundary are programmed during execution of this operation.

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## REGISTER 4-4: NVMCON: PROGRAM MEMORY SLAVE CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 3-0      **NVMOP<3:0>**: NVM Operation Select bits<sup>(1,3,4)</sup>

- 1111 = Reserved
- ...
- 0101 = Reserved
- 0100 = Inactive Partition memory erase operation
- 0011 = Reserved
- 0010 = Reserved
- 0001 = Memory double-word program operation<sup>(5)</sup>
- 0000 = Reserved

**Note 1:** These bits can only be reset on a POR.

**2:** If this bit is set, there will be minimal power savings (IDLE) and upon exiting Idle mode, there is a delay (TVREG) before PRAM memory becomes operational.

**3:** All other combinations of NVMOP<3:0> are unimplemented.

**4:** Execution of the `PWRSV` instruction is ignored while any of the NVM operations are in progress.

**5:** Two adjacent words on a 4-word boundary are programmed during execution of this operation.



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## REGISTER 4-5: NVMADR: SLAVE PROGRAM MEMORY LOWER ADDRESS REGISTER

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-x        | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x |       |
| NVMADR<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-x       | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x |       |
| NVMADR<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **NVMADR<15:0>**: PRAM Memory Lower Write Address bits  
 Selects the lower 16 bits of the location to program PRAM. This register may be read or written to by the user application.

## REGISTER 4-6: NVMADRU: SLAVE PROGRAM MEMORY UPPER ADDRESS REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |       |
| —      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-x          | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x |       |
| NVMADRU<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7          |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'  
 bit 7-0                      **NVMADRU<23:16>**: PRAM Memory Upper Write Address bits  
 Selects the upper eight bits of the location to program PRAM. This register may be read or written to by the user application.

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## REGISTER 4-7: NVMKEY: SLAVE NONVOLATILE MEMORY KEY REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|             |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| W-0         | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0   |
| NVMKEY<7:0> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 7       |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 7-0                      **NVMKEY<7:0>:** NVM Key Register bits (write-only)

## REGISTER 4-8: NVMSRCADR: SLAVE NVM SOURCE DATA ADDRESS REGISTER

|                 |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0           | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| NVMSRCADR<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15          |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| NVMSRCADR<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7          |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **NVMSRCADR<15:0>:** NVM Source Data Address bits  
 The RAM address of the data to be programmed into PRAM when the NVMOP<3:0> bits are set to row programming.

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## 4.3.8 SLAVE ECC CONTROL/STATUS REGISTERS

### REGISTER 4-9: ECCCONL: ECC FAULT INJECTION CONFIGURATION REGISTER LOW

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |         |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0   |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | FLTINMJ |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0   |

#### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-1                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 0                      **FLTINJ:** Fault Injection Sequence Enable bit  
                                     1 = Enabled  
                                     0 = Disabled

### REGISTER 4-10: ECCCONH: ECC FAULT INJECTION CONFIGURATION REGISTER HIGH

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| FLT2PTR<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| FLT1PTR<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7        |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

#### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **FLT2PTR<7:0>:** ECC Fault Injection Bit Pointer 2  
                                     11111111-00111000 = No Fault injection occurs  
                                     00110111 = Fault injection (bit inversion) occurs on bit 55 of ECC bit order  
                                     ...  
                                     00000001 = Fault injection (bit inversion) occurs on bit 1 of ECC bit order  
                                     00000000 = Fault injection (bit inversion) occurs on bit 0 of ECC bit order

bit 7-0                      **FLT1PTR<7:0>:** ECC Fault Injection Bit Pointer 1  
                                     11111111-00111000 = No Fault injection occurs  
                                     00110111 = Fault injection occurs on bit 55 of ECC bit order  
                                     ...  
                                     00000001 = Fault injection occurs on bit 1 of ECC bit order  
                                     00000000 = Fault injection occurs on bit 0 of ECC bit order

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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## REGISTER 4-11: ECCADDRL: ECC FAULT INJECT ADDRESS COMPARE REGISTER LOW

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| ECCADDR<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15        |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| ECCADDR<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7        |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **ECCADDR<15:0>**: ECC Fault Injection Memory Address Match Compare bits

## REGISTER 4-12: ECCADDRH: ECC FAULT INJECT ADDRESS COMPARE REGISTER HIGH

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| ECCADDR<31:24> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15         |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| ECCADDR<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7          |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **ECCADDR<31:16>**: ECC Fault Injection Memory Address Match Compare bits

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## REGISTER 4-13: ECCSTATL: ECC SYSTEM STATUS DISPLAY REGISTER LOW

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SECOUT<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SECIN<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                   |  |
|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | C = Clearable bit | SO = Settable Only bit                       |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit  | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set  | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15-8      **SECOUT<7:0>**: Calculated Single Error Correction Parity Value bits

bit 7-0      **SECIN<7:0>**: Read Single Error Correction Parity Value bits  
 Bits are the actual parity value of a PRAM read operation.

## REGISTER 4-14: ECCSTATH: ECC SYSTEM STATUS DISPLAY REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |        |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | DEDOUT | DEDIN |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |        | bit 8 |

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SECSYND<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7        |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| R = Readable bit  | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |
| -n = Value at POR |                  |  |

bit 15-10      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 9      **DEDOUT:** Calculated Dual Bit Error Detection Parity bit

bit 8      **DEDIN:** Read Dual Bit Error Detection Parity bit  
 DEDIN is the actual parity value of a PRAM read operation.

bit 7-0      **SECSYND<7:0>**: Calculated ECC Syndrome Value bits  
 Indicates the bit location that contains the error.

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## 4.4 Slave Resets

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “Reset” (DS70602) in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

The Reset module combines all Reset sources and controls the device Master Reset Signal,  $\overline{\text{SYSRST}}$ . The following is a list of device Reset sources:

- POR: Power-on Reset
- BOR: Brown-out Reset
- MCLR: Master Clear Pin Reset
- SWR: RESET Instruction
- WDTO: Watchdog Timer Time-out Reset
- CM: Configuration Mismatch Reset
- TRAPR: Trap Conflict Reset
- IOPUWR: Illegal Condition Device Reset
  - Illegal Opcode Reset
  - Uninitialized W Register Reset
  - Security Reset

A simplified block diagram of the Reset module is shown in [Figure 4-15](#).

Any active source of Reset will make the  $\overline{\text{SYSRST}}$  signal active. On system Reset, some of the registers associated with the CPU and peripherals are forced to a known Reset state, and some are unaffected.

**Note:** Refer to the specific peripheral section or [Section 4.2 “Slave Memory Organization”](#) of this data sheet for register Reset states.

All types of device Reset set a corresponding status bit in the RCON register to indicate the type of Reset (see [Register 4-15](#)).

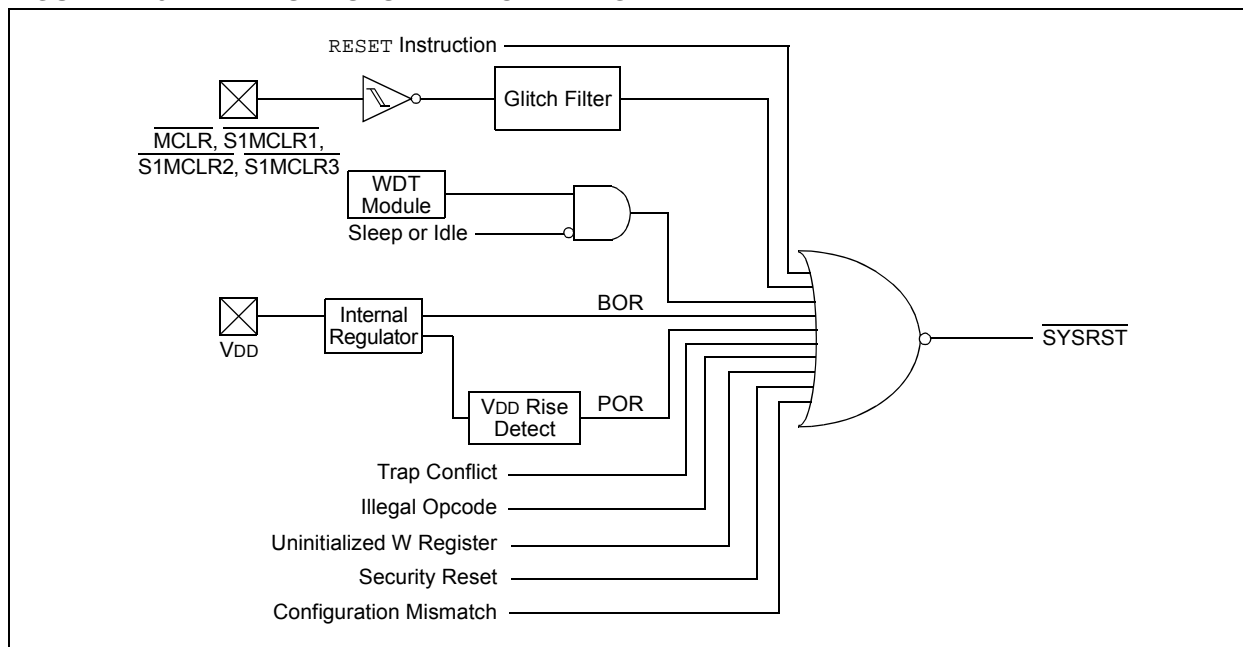
A POR clears all the bits, except for the BOR and POR bits (RCON<1:0>) that are set. The user application can set or clear any bit, at any time, during code execution. The RCON bits only serve as status bits. Setting a particular Reset status bit in software does not cause a device Reset to occur.

The RCON register also has other bits associated with the Watchdog Timer and device power-saving states. The function of these bits is discussed in other sections of this data sheet.

**Note:** The status bits in the RCON register should be cleared after they are read so that the next RCON register value after a device Reset is meaningful.

For all Resets, the default clock source is determined by the FNOSC<2:0> bits in the FOSCSEL Configuration register. The value of the FNOSCx bits is loaded into the NOSC<2:0> (OSCCON<10:8>) bits on Reset, which in turn, initializes the system clock.

**FIGURE 4-15: RESET SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM**



## 4.4.1 RESET RESOURCES

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page contains the latest updates and additional information.

### 4.4.1.1 Key Resources

- **“Reset”** (DS70602) in the *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”*
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”* Sections
- Development Tools

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## 4.4.2 SLAVE RESET CONTROL REGISTER

### REGISTER 4-15: RCON: RESET CONTROL REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>

|        |        |     |     |     |     |       |       |
|--------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| TRAPR  | IOPUWR | —   | —   | —   | —   | CM    | VREGS |
| bit 15 |        |     |     |     |     |       | bit 8 |

|       |       |     |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| EXTR  | SWR   | —   | WDTO  | SLEEP | IDLE  | BOR   | POR   |
| bit 7 |       |     |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

#### Legend:

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **TRAPR:** Trap Reset Flag bit  
 1 = A Trap Conflict Reset has occurred  
 0 = A Trap Conflict Reset has not occurred
- bit 14      **IOPUWR:** Illegal Opcode or Uninitialized W Register Access Reset Flag bit  
 1 = An Illegal Opcode, an Illegal Address mode or Uninitialized W Register used as an Address Pointer caused a Reset  
 0 = An Illegal Opcode or Uninitialized W Register Reset has not occurred
- bit 13-10   **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 9        **CM:** Configuration Mismatch Flag bit  
 1 = A Configuration Mismatch Reset has occurred.  
 0 = A Configuration Mismatch Reset has not occurred
- bit 8        **VREGS:** Voltage Regulator Standby During Sleep bit  
 1 = Voltage regulator is active during Sleep  
 0 = Voltage regulator goes into Standby mode during Sleep
- bit 7        **EXTR:** External Reset ( $\overline{MCLR}$ ,  $\overline{S1MCLR}$ ) Pin bit  
 1 = A Master Clear (pin) Reset has occurred  
 0 = A Master Clear (pin) Reset has not occurred
- bit 6        **SWR:** Software RESET (Instruction) Flag bit  
 1 = A RESET instruction has been executed  
 0 = A RESET instruction has not been executed
- bit 5        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4        **WDTO:** Watchdog Timer Time-out Flag bit  
 1 = WDT time-out has occurred  
 0 = WDT time-out has not occurred
- bit 3        **SLEEP:** Wake-up from Sleep Flag bit  
 1 = Device has been in Sleep mode  
 0 = Device has not been in Sleep mode
- bit 2        **IDLE:** Wake-up from Idle Flag bit  
 1 = Device has been in Idle mode  
 0 = Device has not been in Idle mode
- bit 1        **BOR:** Brown-out Reset Flag bit  
 1 = A Brown-out Reset has occurred  
 0 = A Brown-out Reset has not occurred

**Note 1:** All of the Reset status bits can be set or cleared in software. Setting one of these bits in software does not cause a device Reset.



## REGISTER 4-15: RCON: RESET CONTROL REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup> (CONTINUED)

bit 0            **POR:** Power-on Reset Flag bit  
                  1 = A Power-on Reset has occurred  
                  0 = A Power-on Reset has not occurred

**Note 1:** All of the Reset status bits can be set or cleared in software. Setting one of these bits in software does not cause a device Reset.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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## 4.5 Slave Interrupt Controller

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**Interrupts**” (DS70000600) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

The dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family interrupt controller reduces the numerous peripheral interrupt request signals to a single interrupt request signal to the dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family CPU.

The interrupt controller has the following features:

- Six Processor Exceptions and Software Traps
- Seven User-Selectable Priority Levels
- Interrupt Vector Table (IVT) with a Unique Vector for each Interrupt or Exception Source
- Fixed Priority within a Specified User Priority Level
- Fixed Interrupt Entry and Return Latencies

**Note:** There is no Alternate Interrupt Vector Table (AIVT) for the Slave.

### 4.5.1 INTERRUPT VECTOR TABLE

The dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family Interrupt Vector Table (IVT), shown in [Figure 4-16](#), resides in program memory, starting at location, 000004h. The IVT contains six non-maskable trap vectors and up to 246 sources of interrupts. In general, each interrupt source has its own vector. Each interrupt vector contains a 24-bit wide address. The value programmed into each interrupt vector location is the starting address of the associated Interrupt Service Routine (ISR).

Interrupt vectors are prioritized in terms of their natural priority. This priority is linked to their position in the vector table. Lower addresses generally have a higher natural priority. For example, the interrupt associated with Vector 0 takes priority over interrupts at any other vector address.

### 4.5.2 RESET SEQUENCE

A device Reset is not a true exception because the interrupt controller is not involved in the Reset process. The dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family devices clear their registers in response to a Reset, which forces the PC to zero. The device then begins program execution at location, 0x000000. A GOTO instruction at the Reset address can redirect program execution to the appropriate start-up routine.

**Note:** Any unimplemented or unused vector locations in the IVT should be programmed with the address of a default interrupt handler routine that contains a RESET instruction.

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**FIGURE 4-16: dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 FAMILY INTERRUPT VECTOR TABLE**

|                      |                             |          |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------|
|                      | Reset – GOTO Instruction    | 0x000000 |
|                      | Reset – GOTO Address        | 0x000002 |
|                      | Oscillator Fail Trap Vector | 0x000004 |
|                      | Address Error Trap Vector   | 0x000006 |
|                      | Generic Hard Trap Vector    | 0x000008 |
|                      | Stack Error Trap Vector     | 0x00000A |
|                      | Math Error Trap Vector      | 0x00000C |
|                      | Reserved                    | 0x00000E |
|                      | Generic Soft Trap Vector    | 0x000010 |
|                      | Reserved                    | 0x000012 |
|                      | Interrupt Vector 0          | 0x000014 |
|                      | Interrupt Vector 1          | 0x000016 |
|                      | :                           | :        |
|                      | :                           | :        |
|                      | :                           | :        |
|                      | Interrupt Vector 52         | 0x00007C |
|                      | Interrupt Vector 53         | 0x00007E |
|                      | Interrupt Vector 54         | 0x000080 |
|                      | :                           | :        |
|                      | :                           | :        |
|                      | :                           | :        |
|                      | Interrupt Vector 116        | 0x0000FC |
|                      | Interrupt Vector 117        | 0x0000FE |
|                      | Interrupt Vector 118        | 0x000100 |
|                      | Interrupt Vector 119        | 0x000102 |
|                      | Interrupt Vector 120        | 0x000104 |
|                      | :                           | :        |
|                      | :                           | :        |
|                      | :                           | :        |
| Interrupt Vector 244 | 0x0001FC                    |          |
| Interrupt Vector 245 | 0x0001FE                    |          |
| START OF CODE        | 0x000200                    |          |

See [Table 4-20](#) for Interrupt Vector Details

**Note:** In Dual Partition modes, each partition has a dedicated Interrupt Vector Table.

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**TABLE 4-20: SLAVE INTERRUPT VECTOR DETAILS**

| Interrupt Source                      | Vector # | IRQ # | IVT Address       | Interrupt Bit Location |          |              |
|---------------------------------------|----------|-------|-------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------|
|                                       |          |       |                   | Flag                   | Enable   | Priority     |
| INT0 – External Interrupt 0           | 8        | 0     | 0x000014          | IFS0<0>                | IEC0<0>  | IPC0<2:0>    |
| T1 – Timer1                           | 9        | 1     | 0x000016          | IFS0<1>                | IEC0<1>  | IPC0<6:4>    |
| CNA – Change Notice Interrupt A       | 10       | 2     | 0x000018          | IFS0<2>                | IEC0<2>  | IPC0<10:8>   |
| CNB – Change Notice Interrupt B       | 11       | 3     | 0x00001A          | IFS0<3>                | IEC0<3>  | IPC0<14:12>  |
| DMA0 – DMA Channel 0                  | 12       | 4     | 0x00002C          | IFS0<4>                | IEC0<4>  | IPC1<2:0>    |
| Reserved                              | 13       | 5     | 0x00002E          | —                      | —        | —            |
| CCP1 – Input Capture/Output Compare 1 | 14       | 6     | 0x000020          | IFS0<6>                | IEC0<6>  | IPC1<10:8>   |
| CCT1 – CCP1 Timer                     | 15       | 7     | 0x000022          | IFS0<7>                | IEC0<7>  | IPC1<14:12>  |
| DMA1 – DMA Channel 1                  | 16       | 8     | 0x000024          | IFS0<8>                | IEC0<8>  | IPC2<2:0>    |
| SPI1RX – SPI1 Receiver                | 17       | 9     | 0x000026          | IFS0<9>                | IEC0<9>  | IPC2<6:4>    |
| SPI1TX – SPI1 Transmitter             | 18       | 10    | 0x000028          | IFS0<10>               | IEC0<10> | IPC2<10:8>   |
| U1RX – UART1 Receiver                 | 19       | 11    | 0x00002A          | IFS0<11>               | IEC0<11> | IPC2<14:12>  |
| U1TX – UART1 Transmitter              | 20       | 12    | 0x00002C          | IFS0<12>               | IEC0<12> | IPC3<2:0>    |
| ECCSBE – ECC Single Bit Error         | 21       | 13    | 0x00002E          | IFS0<13>               | IEC0<13> | IPC3<6:4>    |
| NVM – NVM Write Complete              | 22       | 14    | 0x000030          | IFS0<14>               | IEC0<14> | IPC3<10:8>   |
| INT1 – External Interrupt 1           | 23       | 15    | 0x000032          | IFS0<15>               | IEC0<15> | IPC3<14:12>  |
| SI2C1 – I2C1 Slave Event              | 24       | 16    | 0x000034          | IFS1<0>                | IEC1<0>  | IPC4<2:0>    |
| MI2C1 – I2C1 Master Event             | 25       | 17    | 0x000036          | IFS1<1>                | IEC1<1>  | IPC4<6:4>    |
| Reserved                              | 26       | 18    | 0x000038          | —                      | —        | —            |
| CNC – Change Notice Interrupt C       | 27       | 19    | 0x00003A          | IFS1<3>                | IEC1<3>  | IPC4<14:12>  |
| INT2 – External Interrupt 2           | 28       | 20    | 0x00003C          | IFS1<4>                | IEC1<4>  | IPC5<2:0>    |
| Reserved                              | 29-30    | 21-22 | 0x00003E-0x000040 | —                      | —        | —            |
| CCP2 – Input Capture/Output Compare 2 | 31       | 23    | 0x000042          | IFS1<7>                | IEC1<7>  | IPC5<14:12>  |
| CCT2 – CCP2 Timer                     | 32       | 24    | 0x000044          | IFS1<8>                | IEC1<8>  | IPC6<2:0>    |
| Reserved                              | 33       | 25    | 0x000046          | IFS1<9>                | IEC1<9>  | IPC6<6:4>    |
| INT3 – External Interrupt 3           | 34       | 26    | 0x000048          | IFS1<10>               | IEC1<10> | IPC6<10:8>   |
| Reserved                              | 35-42    | 27-34 | 0x00004A-0x000058 | —                      | —        | —            |
| CCP3 – Input Capture/Output Compare 3 | 43       | 35    | 0x00005A          | IFS2<3>                | IEC2<3>  | IPC8<14:12>  |
| CCT3 – CCP3 Timer                     | 44       | 36    | 0x00005C          | IFS2<4>                | IEC2<4>  | IPC9<2:0>    |
| Reserved                              | 45-47    | 37-39 | 0x00005E-0x000062 | —                      | —        | —            |
| CCP4 – Input Capture/Output Compare 4 | 48       | 40    | 0x000064          | IFS2<8>                | IEC2<8>  | IPC10<2:0>   |
| CCT4 – CCP4 Timer                     | 49       | 41    | 0x000066          | IFS2<9>                | IEC2<9>  | IPC10<6:4>   |
| Reserved                              | 50-55    | 42-47 | 0x000068-0x000072 | —                      | —        | —            |
| QE11 – Position Counter Compare       | 56       | 48    | 0x000074          | IFS3<0>                | IEC3<0>  | IPC12<2:0>   |
| U1E – UART1 Error Interrupt           | 57       | 49    | 0x000076          | IFS3<1>                | IEC3<1>  | IPC12<6:4>   |
| Reserved                              | 58-71    | 50-63 | 0x000078-0x000092 | —                      | —        | —            |
| I2C1BC – I2C1 Bus Collision           | 72       | 64    | 0x000094          | IFS4<0>                | IEC4<0>  | IPC16<2:0>   |
| Reserved                              | 73-74    | 65-66 | 0x000096-0x000098 | —                      | —        | —            |
| PWM1 – PWM Generator 1                | 75       | 67    | 0x00009A          | IFS4<3>                | IEC4<3>  | IPC16<14:12> |
| PWM2 – PWM Generator 2                | 76       | 68    | 0x00009C          | IFS4<4>                | IEC4<4>  | IPC17<2:0>   |
| PWM3 – PWM Generator 3                | 77       | 69    | 0x00009E          | IFS4<5>                | IEC4<5>  | IPC17<6:4>   |
| PWM4 – PWM Generator 4                | 78       | 70    | 0x0000A0          | IFS4<6>                | IEC4<6>  | IPC17<10:8>  |
| PWM5 – PWM Generator 5                | 79       | 71    | 0x0000A2          | IFS4<7>                | IEC4<7>  | IPC17<14:12> |
| PWM6 – PWM Generator 6                | 80       | 72    | 0x0000A4          | IFS4<8>                | IEC4<8>  | IPC18<2:0>   |
| PWM7 – PWM Generator 7                | 81       | 73    | 0x0000A6          | IFS4<9>                | IEC4<9>  | IPC18<6:4>   |
| PWM8 – PWM Generator 8                | 82       | 74    | 0x0000A8          | IFS4<10>               | IEC4<10> | IPC18<10:8>  |

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**TABLE 4-20: SLAVE INTERRUPT VECTOR DETAILS (CONTINUED)**

| Interrupt Source                    | Vector # | IRQ #   | IVT Address       | Interrupt Bit Location |          |              |
|-------------------------------------|----------|---------|-------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------|
|                                     |          |         |                   | Flag                   | Enable   | Priority     |
| CND – Change Notice Interrupt D     | 83       | 75      | 0x0000AA          | IFS4<11>               | IEC4<11> | IPC18<14:12> |
| CNE – Change Notice Interrupt E     | 84       | 76      | 0x0000AC          | IFS4<12>               | IEC4<12> | IPC19<2:0>   |
| Reserved                            | 85       | 77      | —                 | —                      | —        | —            |
| CMP1 – Slave Comparator 1 Interrupt | 86       | 78      | 0x0000B0          | IFS4<14>               | IEC4<14> | IPC19<10:8>  |
| CMP2 – Slave Comparator 2 Interrupt | 87       | 79      | 0x0000B2          | IFS4<15>               | IEC4<15> | IPC19<14:12> |
| CMP3 – Slave Comparator 3 Interrupt | 88       | 80      | 0x0000B4          | IFS5<0>                | IEC5<0>  | IPC20<2:0>   |
| Reserved                            | 89       | 81      | 0x0000B6          | —                      | —        | —            |
| PTG0 – PTG Int. Trigger Master 0    | 90       | 82      | 0x0000B8          | IFS5<2>                | IEC5<2>  | IPC20<10:8>  |
| PTG1 – PTG Int. Trigger Master 1    | 91       | 83      | 0x0000BA          | IFS5<3>                | IEC5<3>  | IPC20<14:12> |
| PTG2 – PTG Int. Trigger Master 2    | 92       | 84      | 0x0000BC          | IFS5<4>                | IEC5<4>  | IPC21<2:0>   |
| PTG3 – PTG Int. Trigger Master 3    | 93       | 85      | 0x0000BE          | IFS5<5>                | IEC5<6>  | IPC21<6:4>   |
| Reserved                            | 94-97    | 86-89   | 0x0000C0          | —                      | —        | —            |
| ADC – ADC Global Interrupt          | 98       | 90      | 0x0000C8          | IFS5<10>               | IEC5<10> | IPC22<10:8>  |
| ADCAN0 – ADC AN0 Interrupt          | 99       | 91      | 0x0000CA          | IFS5<11>               | IEC5<11> | IPC22<14:12> |
| ADCAN1 – ADC AN1 Interrupt          | 100      | 92      | 0x0000CC          | IFS5<12>               | IEC5<12> | IPC23<2:0>   |
| ADCAN2 – ADC AN2 Interrupt          | 101      | 93      | 0x0000CE          | IFS5<13>               | IEC5<13> | IPC23<6:4>   |
| ADCAN3 – ADC AN3 Interrupt          | 102      | 94      | 0x0000D0          | IFS5<14>               | IEC5<14> | IPC23<10:8>  |
| ADCAN4 – ADC AN4 Interrupt          | 103      | 95      | 0x0000D2          | IFS5<15>               | IEC5<15> | IPC23<14:12> |
| ADCAN5 – ADC AN5 Interrupt          | 104      | 96      | 0x0000D4          | IFS6<0>                | IEC6<0>  | IPC24<2:0>   |
| ADCAN6 – ADC AN6 Interrupt          | 105      | 97      | 0x0000D6          | IFS6<1>                | IEC6<1>  | IPC24<6:4>   |
| ADCAN7 – ADC AN7 Interrupt          | 106      | 98      | 0x0000D8          | IFS6<2>                | IEC6<2>  | IPC24<10:8>  |
| ADCAN8 – ADC AN8 Interrupt          | 107      | 99      | 0x0000DA          | IFS6<3>                | IEC6<3>  | IPC24<14:12> |
| ADCAN9 – ADC AN9 Interrupt          | 108      | 100     | 0x0000DC          | IFS6<4>                | IEC6<4>  | IPC25<2:0>   |
| ADCAN10 – ADC AN10 Interrupt        | 109      | 101     | 0x0000DE          | IFS6<5>                | IEC6<5>  | IPC25<6:4>   |
| ADCAN11 – ADC AN11 Interrupt        | 110      | 102     | 0x0000E0          | IFS6<6>                | IEC6<6>  | IPC25<10:8>  |
| ADCAN12 – ADC AN12 Interrupt        | 111      | 103     | 0x0000E2          | IFS6<7>                | IEC6<7>  | IPC25<14:12> |
| ADCAN13 – ADC AN13 Interrupt        | 112      | 104     | 0x0000E4          | IFS6<8>                | IEC6<8>  | IPC26<2:0>   |
| ADCAN14 – ADC AN14 Interrupt        | 113      | 105     | 0x0000E6          | IFS6<9>                | IEC6<9>  | IPC26<6:4>   |
| ADCAN15 – ADC AN15 Interrupt        | 114      | 106     | 0x0000E8          | IFS6<10>               | IEC6<10> | IPC26<10:8>  |
| ADCAN16 – ADC AN16 Interrupt        | 115      | 107     | 0x0000EA          | IFS6<11>               | IEC6<11> | IPC26<14:12> |
| ADCAN17 – ADC AN17 Interrupt        | 116      | 108     | 0x0000EC          | IFS6<12>               | IEC6<12> | IPC27<2:0>   |
| ADCAN18 – ADC AN18 Interrupt        | 117      | 109     | 0x0000EE          | IFS6<13>               | IEC6<13> | IPC27<6:4>   |
| ADCAN19 – ADC AN19 Interrupt        | 118      | 110     | 0x0000F0          | IFS6<14>               | IEC6<14> | IPC27<10:8>  |
| ADCAN20 – ADC AN20 Interrupt        | 119      | 111     | 0x0000F2          | IFS6<15>               | IEC6<15> | IPC27<14:12> |
| Reserved                            | 120-122  | 112-114 | 0x0000F4-0x0000F8 | —                      | —        | —            |
| ADFLT – ADC Fault                   | 123      | 115     | 0x0000FA          | IFS7<3>                | IEC7<3>  | IPC28<14:12> |
| ADCMP0 – ADC Digital Comparator 0   | 124      | 116     | 0x0000FC          | IFS7<4>                | IEC7<4>  | IPC29<2:0>   |
| ADCMP1 – ADC Digital Comparator 1   | 125      | 117     | 0x0000FE          | IFS7<5>                | IEC7<5>  | IPC29<6:4>   |
| ADCMP2 – ADC Digital Comparator 2   | 126      | 118     | 0x000100          | IFS7<6>                | IEC7<6>  | IPC29<10:8>  |
| ADCMP3 – ADC Digital Comparator 3   | 127      | 119     | 0x000102          | IFS7<7>                | IEC7<7>  | IPC29<14:12> |
| ADFLTR0 – ADC Oversample Filter 0   | 128      | 120     | 0x000104          | IFS7<8>                | IEC7<8>  | IPC30<2:0>   |
| ADFLTR1 – ADC Oversample Filter 1   | 129      | 121     | 0x000106          | IFS7<9>                | IEC7<9>  | IPC30<6:4>   |
| ADFLTR2 – ADC Oversample Filter 2   | 130      | 122     | 0x000108          | IFS7<10>               | IEC7<10> | IPC30<10:8>  |
| ADFLTR3 – ADC Oversample Filter 3   | 131      | 123     | 0x00010A          | IFS7<11>               | IEC7<11> | IPC30<14:12> |
| CLC1P – CLC1 Positive Edge          | 132      | 124     | 0x00010C          | IFS7<12>               | IEC7<12> | IPC31<2:0>   |
| CLC2P – CLC2 Positive Edge          | 133      | 125     | 0x00010E          | IFS7<13>               | IEC7<13> | IPC31<6:4>   |

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**TABLE 4-20: SLAVE INTERRUPT VECTOR DETAILS (CONTINUED)**

| Interrupt Source                                   | Vector # | IRQ #   | IVT Address       | Interrupt Bit Location |            |              |
|--|----------|---------|-------------------|------------------------|------------|--------------|
|  |          |         |                   | Flag                   | Enable     | Priority     |
| SPI1 – SPI1 Error                                  | 134      | 126     | 0x000110          | IFS7<14>               | IEC7<14>   | IPC31<10:8>  |
| Reserved   | 135-136  | 127-128 | 0x000112-0x000114 | —                      | —          | —            |
| MSIM – MSI Master Initiated Interrupt              | 137      | 129     | 0x000116          | IFS8<1>                | IEC8<1>    | IPC32<6:4>   |
| MSIA – MSI Protocol A                              | 138      | 130     | 0x000118          | IFS8<2>                | IEC8<2>    | IPC32<10:8>  |
| MSIB – MSI Protocol B                              | 139      | 131     | 0x00011A          | IFS8<3>                | IEC8<3>    | IPC32<14:12> |
| MSIC – MSI Protocol C                              | 140      | 132     | 0x00011C          | IFS8<4>                | IEC8<4>    | IPC33<2:0>   |
| MSID – MSI Protocol D                              | 141      | 133     | 0x00011E          | IFS8<5>                | IEC8<5>    | IPC33<6:4>   |
| MSIE – MSI Protocol E                              | 142      | 134     | 0x000120          | IFS8<6>                | IEC8<6>    | IPC33<10:8>  |
| MSIF – MSI Protocol F                              | 143      | 135     | 0x000122          | IFS8<7>                | IEC8<7>    | IPC33<14:12> |
| MSIG – MSI Protocol G                              | 144      | 136     | 0x000124          | IFS8<8>                | IEC8<8>    | IPC34<2:0>   |
| MSIH – MSI Protocol H                              | 145      | 137     | 0x000126          | IFS8<9>                | IEC8<9>    | IPC34<6:4>   |
| MSIDT – MSI Slave Read FIFO Data Ready             | 146      | 138     | 0x000128          | IFS8<10>               | IEC8<10>   | IPC34<10:8>  |
| MSIWFE – MSI Slave Write FIFO Empty                | 147      | 139     | 0x00012A          | IFS8<11>               | IEC8<11>   | IPC34<14:12> |
| MSIFLT – Read or Write FIFO Fault (Over/Underflow) | 148      | 140     | 0x00012C          | IFS8<12>               | IEC8<12>   | IPC35<2:0>   |
| MSIMRST – MSI Master Reset                         | 149      | 141     | 0x00012E-0x000134 | IFS8<13>               | IEC8<13>   | IPC35<6:4>   |
| Reserved   | 150-152  | 142-144 | 0x000130          | —                      | —          | —            |
| MSTBRK – Master Break                              | 153      | 145     | 0x000136          | IFS9<1>                | IEC9<1>    | IPC36<6:4>   |
| Reserved   | 154-163  | 146-163 | 0x000138-0x00014A | —                      | —          | —            |
| MCLKF – Master Clock Fail                          | 164      | 156     | 0x00014C          | IFS9<12>               | IEC9<12>   | IPC39<2:0>   |
| Reserved   | 165-175  | 157-167 | 0x00014E-0x000162 | —                      | —          | —            |
| ADFIFO – ADC FIFO Ready                            | 176      | 168     | 0x000164          | IFS10<8>               | IEC10<8>   | IPC42<2:0>   |
| PEVTA – PWM Event A                                | 177      | 169     | 0x000166          | IFS10<9>               | IEC10<9>   | IPC42<6:4>   |
| PEVTB – PWM Event B                                | 178      | 170     | 0x000168          | IFS10<10>              | IEC10<10>  | IPC42<10:8>  |
| PEVTC – PWM Event C                                | 179      | 171     | 0x00016A          | IFS10<11>              | IEC10<11>  | IPC42<14:12> |
| PEVTD – PWM Event D                                | 180      | 172     | 0x00016C          | IFS10<12>              | IEC10<12>  | IPC43<2:0>   |
| PEVTE – PWM Event E                                | 181      | 173     | 0x00016E          | IFS10<13>              | IEC10<13>  | IPC43<6:4>   |
| PEVTF – PWM Event F                                | 182      | 174     | 0x000170          | IFS10<14>              | IEC10<14>  | IPC43<10:8>  |
| CLC3P – CLC3 Positive Edge                         | 183      | 175     | 0x000172          | IFS10<15>              | IEC10<15>  | IPC43<14:12> |
| CLC4P – CLC4 Positive Edge                         | 184      | 176     | 0x000174          | IFS11<0>               | IEC11<0>   | IPC44<2:0>   |
| CLC1N – CLC1 Negative Edge                         | 185      | 177     | 0x000176          | IFS11<1>               | IEC11<1>   | IPC44<6:4>   |
| CLC2N – CLC2 Negative Edge                         | 186      | 178     | 0x000178          | IFS11<2>               | IEC11<2>   | IPC44<10:8>  |
| CLC3N – CLC3 Negative Edge                         | 187      | 179     | 0x00017A          | IFS11<3>               | IEC11<3>   | IPC44<14:12> |
| CLC4N – CLC4 Negative Edge                         | 188      | 180     | 0x00017C          | IFS11<4>               | IEC11<4>   | IPC45<2:0>   |
| Reserved   | 189-196  | 181-188 | 0x0017E- 0x0018C  | —                      | —          | —            |
| U1EVT – UART1 Event                                | 197      | 189     | 0x00018E          | IFS11<13>              | IF2C11<13> | IPC47<6:4>   |

**TABLE 4-21: SLAVE INTERRUPT FLAG REGISTERS**

| Register | Bit 15    | Bit 14    | Bit 13    | Bit 12    | Bit 11    | Bit 10    | Bit 9     | Bit 8     | Bit 7     | Bit 6     | Bit 5     | Bit 4    | Bit 3    | Bit 2    | Bit 1    | Bit 0    |
|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| IFS0     | INT1IF    | NVMIF     | ECCSBEIF  | U1TXIF    | U1RXIF    | SPI1TXIF  | SPI1RXIF  | DMA1IF    | CCT1IF    | CCP1IF    | —         | DMA0IF   | CNBIF    | CNAIF    | T1IF     | INT0IF   |
| IFS1     | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | INT3IF    | —         | CCT2IF    | CCP2IF    | —         | —         | INT2IF   | CNCIF    | —        | MI2C1IF  | SI2C1IF  |
| IFS2     | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | CCT4IF    | CCP4IF    | —         | —         | —         | CCT3IF   | CCP3IF   | —        | —        | —        |
| IFS3     | —         | —         | ICDIF     | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —        | —        | —        | U1EIF    | QE1IF    |
| IFS4     | CMP2IF    | CMP1IF    | —         | CNEIF     | CNDIF     | PWM8IF    | PWM7IF    | PWM6IF    | PWM5IF    | PWM4IF    | PWM3IF    | PWM2IF   | PWM1IF   | —        | —        | I2C1BCIF |
| IFS5     | ADCAN4IF  | ADCAN3IF  | ADCAN2IF  | ADCAN1IF  | ADCAN0IF  | ADCIF     | —         | —         | —         | —         | PTG3IF    | PTG2IF   | PTG1IF   | PTG0IF   | —        | CMP3IF   |
| IFS6     | ADCAN20IF | ADCAN19IF | ADCAN18IF | ADCAN17IF | ADCAN16IF | ADCAN15IF | ADCAN14IF | ADCAN13IF | ADCAN12IF | ADCAN11IF | ADCAN10IF | ADCAN9IF | ADCAN8IF | ADCAN7IF | ADCAN6IF | ADCAN5IF |
| IFS7     | —         | SPI1IF    | CLC2PIF   | CLC1PIF   | ADFLTR3IF | ADFLTR2IF | ADFLTR1IF | ADFLTR0IF | ADCMP3IF  | ADCMP2IF  | ADCMP1IF  | ADCMP0IF | ADFLTIF  | —        | —        | —        |
| IFS8     | —         | —         | MSIMRSTIF | MSIFLTIF  | MSIWFEIF  | MSIDTIF   | MSIHIF    | MSIGIF    | MSIFIF    | MSIEIF    | MSIDIF    | MSICIF   | MSIBIF   | MSIAIF   | MSIMIF   | —        |
| IFS9     | —         | —         | —         | MCLKFIF   | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —        | —        | —        | MSTBRKIF | —        |
| IFS10    | CLC3PIF   | PEVTFIF   | PEVTEIF   | PEVTDIF   | PEVTCIF   | PEVTBIF   | PEVTAIF   | ADFIFOIF  | —         | —         | —         | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        |
| IFS11    | —         | —         | U1EVTIF   | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | CLC4NIF  | CLC3NIF  | CLC2NPIF | CLC1NIF  | CLC4PIF  |

**TABLE 4-22: SLAVE INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTERS**

| Register | Bit 15   | Bit 14    | Bit 13    | Bit 12    | Bit 11    | Bit 10    | Bit 9     | Bit 8     | Bit 7     | Bit 6     | Bit 5     | Bit 4    | Bit 3    | Bit 2    | Bit 1    | Bit 0    |
|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| IEC0     | INT1IE   | NVMIE     | ECCSBEIE  | U1TXIE    | U1RXIE    | SPI1TXIE  | SPI1RXIE  | DMA1IE    | CCT1IE    | CCP1IE    | —         | DMA0IE   | CNBIE    | CNAIE    | T1IE     | INT0IE   |
| IEC1     | —        | —         | —         | —         | —         | INT3IE    | —         | CCT2IE    | CCP2IE    | —         | —         | INT2IE   | CNCIE    | —        | MI2C1IE  | SI2C1IE  |
| IEC2     | —        | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | CCT4IE    | CCP4IE    | —         | —         | —         | CCT3IE   | CCP3IE   | —        | —        | —        |
| IEC3     | —        | —         | ICDIE     | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —        | —        | —        | U1EIE    | QE1IE    |
| IEC4     | CMP2IE   | CMP1IE    | —         | CNEIE     | CNDIE     | PWM8IE    | PWM7IE    | PWM6IE    | PWM5IE    | PWM4IE    | PWM3IE    | PWM2IE   | PWM1IE   | —        | —        | I2C1BCIE |
| IEC5     | ADCAN4IE | ADCAN3IE  | ADCAN2IE  | ADCAN1IE  | ADCAN0IE  | ADCIE     | —         | —         | —         | —         | PTG3IE    | PTG2IE   | PTG1IE   | PTG0IE   | —        | CMP3IE   |
| IEC6     | —        | ADCAN19IE | ADCAN18IE | ADCAN17IE | ADCAN16IE | ADCAN15IE | ADCAN14IE | ADCAN13IE | ADCAN12IE | ADCAN11IE | ADCAN10IE | ADCAN9IE | ADCAN8IE | ADCAN7IE | ADCAN6IE | ADCAN5IE |
| IEC7     | —        | SPI1IE    | CLC2PIE   | CLC1PIE   | ADFLTR3IE | ADFLTR2IE | ADFLTR1IE | ADFLTR0IE | ADCMP3IE  | ADCMP2IE  | ADCMP1IE  | ADCMP0IE | ADFLTIE  | —        | —        | —        |
| IEC8     | —        | —         | MSIMRSTIE | MSIFLTIE  | MSIWFEIE  | MSIDTIE   | MSHIE     | MSIGIE    | MSIFIE    | MSIEIE    | MSIDIE    | MSICIE   | MSIBIE   | MSIAIE   | MSIMIF   | —        |
| IEC9     | —        | —         | —         | MCLKFIE   | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —        | —        | —        | MSTBRKIE | —        |
| IEC10    | CLC3PIE  | PEVTFIE   | PEVTEIE   | PEVTDIE   | PEVTCIE   | PEVTBIE   | PEVTAIE   | ADFIFOIE  | —         | —         | —         | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        |
| IEC11    | —        | —         | U1EVTIE   | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | CLC4NIE  | CLC3NIE  | CLC2NIE  | CLC1NIE  | CLC4PIE  |

**TABLE 4-23: SLAVE INTERRUPT PRIORITY REGISTERS**

| Register | Bit 15 | Bit 14     | Bit 13     | Bit 12     | Bit 11 | Bit 10     | Bit 9      | Bit 8      | Bit 7 | Bit 6      | Bit 5      | Bit 4      | Bit 3 | Bit 2      | Bit 1      | Bit 0      |
|----------|--------|------------|------------|------------|--------|------------|------------|------------|-------|------------|------------|------------|-------|------------|------------|------------|
| IPC0     | —      | CNBIP2     | CNBIP1     | CNBIP0     | —      | CNAIP2     | CNAIP1     | CNAIP0     | —     | T1IP2      | T1IP1      | T1IP0      | —     | INT0IP2    | INT0IP1    | INT0IP0    |
| IPC1     | —      | CCT1IP2    | CCT1IP1    | CCT1IP0    | —      | CCP1IP2    | CCP1IP1    | CCP1IP0    | —     | —          | —          | —          | —     | DMA0IP2    | DMA0IP1    | DMA0IP0    |
| IPC2     | —      | U1RXIP2    | U1RXIP1    | U1RXIP0    | —      | SP11TXIP2  | SP11TXIP1  | SP11TXIP0  | —     | SP11RXIP2  | SP11RXIP1  | SP11RXIP0  | —     | DMA1IP2    | DMA1IP1    | DMA1IP0    |
| IPC3     | —      | INT1IP2    | INT1IP1    | INT1IP0    | —      | NVMIP2     | NVMIP1     | NVMIP0     | —     | ECCSBEIP2  | ECCSBEIP1  | ECCSBEIP0  | —     | U1TXIP2    | U1TXIP1    | U1TXIP0    |
| IPC4     | —      | CNCIP2     | CNCIP1     | CNCIP0     | —      | —          | —          | —          | —     | MI2C1IP2   | MI2C1IP1   | MI2C1IP0   | —     | SI2C1IP2   | SI2C1IP1   | SI2C1IP0   |
| IPC5     | —      | CCP2IP2    | CCP2IP1    | CCP2IP0    | —      | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          | —     | INT2IP2    | INT2IP1    | INT2IP0    |
| IPC6     | —      | —          | —          | —          | —      | INT3IP2    | INT3IP1    | INT3IP0    | —     | —          | —          | —          | —     | CCT2IP2    | CCT2IP1    | CCT2IP0    |
| IPC7     | —      | —          | —          | —          | —      | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          |
| IPC8     | —      | CCP3IP2    | CCP3IP1    | CCP3IP0    | —      | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          |
| IPC9     | —      | —          | —          | —          | —      | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          | —     | CCT3IP2    | CCT3IP1    | CCT3IP0    |
| IPC10    | —      | —          | —          | —          | —      | —          | —          | —          | —     | CCT4IP2    | CCT4IP1    | CCT4IP0    | —     | CCP4IP2    | CCP4IP1    | CCP4IP0    |
| IPC11    | —      | —          | —          | —          | —      | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          |
| IPC12    | —      | —          | —          | —          | —      | —          | —          | —          | —     | U1EIP2     | U1EIP1     | U1EIP0     | —     | QE1IP2     | QE1IP1     | QE1IP0     |
| IPC13    | —      | —          | —          | —          | —      | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          |
| IPC14    | —      | —          | —          | —          | —      | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          |
| IPC15    | —      | —          | —          | —          | —      | JTAGIP2    | JTAGIP1    | JTAGIP0    | —     | ICDIP2     | ICDIP1     | ICDIP0     | —     | —          | —          | —          |
| IPC16    | —      | PWM1IP2    | PWM1IP1    | PWM1IP0    | —      | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          | —     | I2C1BCIP2  | I2C1BCIP1  | I2C1BCIP0  |
| IPC17    | —      | PWM5IP2    | PWM5IP1    | PWM5IP0    | —      | PWM4IP2    | PWM4IP1    | PWM4IP0    | —     | PWM3IP2    | PWM3IP1    | PWM3IP0    | —     | PWM2IP2    | PWM2IP1    | PWM2IP0    |
| IPC18    | —      | CNDIP2     | CNDIP1     | CNDIP0     | —      | PWM8IP2    | PWM8IP1    | PWM8IP0    | —     | PWM7IP2    | PWM7IP1    | PWM7IP0    | —     | PWM6IP2    | PWM6IP1    | PWM6IP0    |
| IPC19    | —      | CMP2IP2    | CMP2IP1    | CMP2IP0    | —      | CMP1IP2    | CMP1IP1    | CMP1IP0    | —     | —          | —          | —          | —     | CNEIP2     | CNEIP1     | CNEIP0     |
| IPC20    | —      | PTG1IP2    | PTG1IP1    | PTG1IP0    | —      | PTG0IP2    | PTG0IP1    | PTG0IP0    | —     | —          | —          | —          | —     | CMP3IP2    | CMP3IP1    | CMP3IP0    |
| IPC21    | —      | —          | —          | —          | —      | —          | —          | —          | —     | PTG3IP2    | PTG3IP1    | PTG3IP0    | —     | PTG12P2    | PTG12P1    | PTG12P0    |
| IPC22    | —      | ADCAN0IP2  | ADCAN0IP1  | ADCAN0IP0  | —      | ADCIP2     | ADCIP1     | ADCIP      | —     | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          |
| IPC23    | —      | ADCAN4IP2  | ADCAN4IP1  | ADCAN4IP0  | —      | ADCAN3IP2  | ADCAN3IP1  | ADCAN3IP0  | —     | ADCAN2IP2  | ADCAN2IP1  | ADCAN2IP0  | —     | ADCAN1IP2  | ADCAN1IP1  | ADCAN1IP0  |
| IPC24    | —      | ADCAN8IP2  | ADCAN8IP1  | ADCAN8IP0  | —      | ADCAN7IP2  | ADCAN7IP1  | ADCAN7IP0  | —     | ADCAN6IP2  | ADCAN6IP1  | ADCAN6IP0  | —     | ADCAN5IP2  | ADCAN5IP1  | ADCAN5IP0  |
| IPC25    | —      | ADCAN12IP2 | ADCAN12IP1 | ADCAN12IP0 | —      | ADCAN11IP2 | ADCAN11IP1 | ADCAN11IP0 | —     | ADCAN10IP2 | ADCAN10IP1 | ADCAN10IP0 | —     | ADCAN9IP2  | ADCAN9IP1  | ADCAN9IP0  |
| IPC26    | —      | ADCAN16IP2 | ADCAN16IP1 | ADCAN16IP0 | —      | ADCAN15IP2 | ADCAN15IP1 | ADCAN15IP0 | —     | ADCAN14IP2 | ADCAN14IP1 | ADCAN14IP0 | —     | ADCAN13IP2 | ADCAN13IP1 | ADCAN13IP0 |
| IPC27    | —      | ADCAN20IP2 | ADCAN20IP1 | ADCAN20IP0 | —      | ADCAN19IP2 | ADCAN19IP1 | ADCAN19IP0 | —     | ADCAN18IP2 | ADCAN18IP1 | ADCAN18IP0 | —     | ADCAN17IP2 | ADCAN17IP1 | ADCAN17IP0 |
| IPC28    | —      | ADFLTIP2   | ADFLTIP1   | ADFLTIP0   | —      | —          | —          | —          | —     | —          | —          | —          | —     | ADCAN21IP2 | ADCAN21IP1 | ADCAN21IP0 |
| IPC29    | —      | ADCMPIP2   | ADCMPIP1   | ADCMPIP0   | —      | ADCMPIP2   | ADCMPIP1   | ADCMPIP0   | —     | ADCMPIP2   | ADCMPIP1   | ADCMPIP0   | —     | ADCMPIP2   | ADCMPIP1   | ADCMPIP0   |
| IPC30    | —      | ADFLTR3IP2 | ADFLTR3IP1 | ADFLTR3IP0 | —      | ADFLTR2IP2 | ADFLTR2IP1 | ADFLTR2IP0 | —     | ADFLTR1IP2 | ADFLTR1IP1 | ADFLTR1IP0 | —     | ADFLTR0IP2 | ADFLTR0IP1 | ADFLTR0IP0 |
| IPC31    | —      | —          | —          | —          | —      | SP11IP2    | SP11IP1    | SP11IP0    | —     | CLC2PEIP2  | CLC2PEIP1  | CLC2PEIP0  | —     | CLC1PEIP2  | CLC1PEIP1  | CLC1PEIP0  |
| IPC32    | —      | MSIBIP2    | MSIBIP1    | MSIBIP0    | —      | MSIAIP2    | MSIAIP1    | MSIAIP0    | —     | MSMIP2     | MSMIP1     | MSMIP0     | —     | —          | —          | —          |
| IPC33    | —      | MSIFIP2    | MSIFIP1    | MSIFIP0    | —      | MSIEIP2    | MSIEIP1    | MSIEIP0    | —     | MSIDIP2    | MSIDIP1    | MSIDIP0    | —     | MSICIP2    | MSICIP1    | MSICIP0    |
| IPC34    | —      | MSIWFEIP2  | MSIWFEIP1  | MSIWFEIP0  | —      | MSIDTIP2   | MSIDTIP1   | MSIDTIP0   | —     | MSIHIP2    | MSIHIP1    | MSIHIP0    | —     | MSIGIP2    | MSIGIP1    | MSIGIP0    |
| IPC35    | —      | —          | —          | —          | —      | —          | —          | —          | —     | MSIMRSTIP2 | MSIMRSTIP1 | MSIMRSTIP0 | —     | MSIFLTP2   | MSIFLTP1   | MSIFLTP0   |



**TABLE 4-23: SLAVE INTERRUPT PRIORITY REGISTERS (CONTINUED)**

| Register | Bit 15 | Bit 14   | Bit 13   | Bit 12   | Bit 11 | Bit 10   | Bit 9    | Bit 8    | Bit 7 | Bit 6     | Bit 5     | Bit 4     | Bit 3 | Bit 2     | Bit 1     | Bit 0     |
|----------|--------|----------|----------|----------|--------|----------|----------|----------|-------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| IPC36    | —      | —        | —        | —        | —      | —        | —        | —        | —     | MSTBRKIP2 | MSTBRKIP1 | MSTBRKIP0 | —     | —         | —         | —         |
| IPC37    | —      | —        | —        | —        | —      | —        | —        | —        | —     | —         | —         | —         | —     | —         | —         | —         |
| IPC38    | —      | —        | —        | —        | —      | —        | —        | —        | —     | —         | —         | —         | —     | —         | —         | —         |
| IPC39    | —      | —        | —        | —        | —      | —        | —        | —        | —     | —         | —         | —         | —     | MCLKFIP2  | MCLKFIP1  | MCLKFIP0  |
| IPC40    | —      | —        | —        | —        | —      | —        | —        | —        | —     | ADC1IP2   | ADC1IP1   | ADC1IP0   | —     | ADC0IP2   | ADC0IP1   | ADC0IP0   |
| IPC41    | —      | —        | —        | —        | —      | —        | —        | —        | —     | —         | —         | —         | —     | —         | —         | —         |
| IPC42    | —      | PEVTCIP2 | PEVTCIP1 | PEVTCIP0 | —      | PEVTBIP2 | PEVTBIP1 | PEVTBIP0 | —     | PEVTAIP2  | PEVTAIP1  | PEVTAIP0  | —     | ADFIFOIP2 | ADFIFOIP1 | ADFIFOIP0 |
| IPC43    | —      | CLC3PIP2 | CLC3PIP1 | CLC3PIP0 | —      | PEVTFIP2 | PEVTFIP1 | PEVTFIP0 | —     | PEVTEIP2  | PEVTEIP1  | PEVTEIP0  | —     | PEVDIP2   | PEVDIP1   | PEVDIP0   |
| IPC44    | —      | CLC3NIP2 | CLC3NIP1 | CLC3NIP0 | —      | CLC2NIP2 | CLC2NIP1 | CLC2NIP0 | —     | CLC1NIP2  | CLC1NIP1  | CLC1NIP0  | —     | CLC4PIP2  | CLC4PIP1  | CLC4PIP0  |
| IPC45    | —      | —        | —        | —        | —      | —        | —        | —        | —     | —         | —         | —         | —     | CLC4NIP2  | CLC4NIP1  | CLC4NIP0  |
| IPC46    | —      | —        | —        | —        | —      | —        | —        | —        | —     | —         | —         | —         | —     | —         | —         | —         |
| IPC47    | —      | —        | —        | —        | —      | —        | —        | —        | —     | U1EVTIP2  | U1EVTIP1  | U1EVTIP0  | —     | —         | —         | —         |

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## 4.5.3 INTERRUPT RESOURCES

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page contains the latest updates and additional information.

### 4.5.3.1 Key Resources

- “**Interrupts**” (DS70000600) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*” Sections
- Development Tools

## 4.5.4 INTERRUPT CONTROL AND STATUS REGISTERS

The dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family devices implement the following registers for the interrupt controller:

- INTCON1
- INTCON2
- INTCON3
- INTCON4
- INTTREG

### 4.5.4.1 INTCON1 through INTCON4

Global interrupt control functions are controlled from INTCON1, INTCON2, INTCON3 and INTCON4.

INTCON1 contains the Interrupt Nesting Disable bit (NSTDIS), as well as the control and status flags for the processor trap sources.

The INTCON2 register controls external interrupt request signal behavior and contains the Global Interrupt Enable bit (GIE).

INTCON3 contains the status flags for the Auxiliary PLL and DO stack overflow status trap sources.

The INTCON4 register contains the Software Generated Hard Trap Status bit (SGHT).

### 4.5.4.2 IFSx

The IFSx registers maintain all of the interrupt request flags. Each source of interrupt has a status bit, which is set by the respective peripherals or external signal and is cleared via software.

### 4.5.4.3 IECx

The IECx registers maintain all of the interrupt enable bits. These control bits are used to individually enable interrupts from the peripherals or external signals.

### 4.5.4.4 IPCx

The IPCx registers are used to set the Interrupt Priority Level (IPL) for each source of interrupt. Each user interrupt source can be assigned to one of seven priority levels.

## 4.5.5 INTTREG

The INTTREG register contains the associated interrupt vector number and the new CPU Interrupt Priority Level, which are latched into the Vector Number (VECNUM<7:0>) and Interrupt Level bits (ILR<3:0>) fields in the INTTREG register. The new Interrupt Priority Level is the priority of the pending interrupt.

The interrupt sources are assigned to the IFSx, IECx and IPCx registers in the same sequence as they are listed in [Table 4-20](#). For example, INT0 (External Interrupt 0) is shown as having Vector Number 8 and a natural order priority of 0. Thus, the INT0IF bit is found in IFS0<0>, the INT0IE bit in IEC0<0> and the INT0IP<2:0> bits in the first position of IPC0 (IPC0<2:0>).

## 4.5.6 STATUS/CONTROL REGISTERS

Although these registers are not specifically part of the interrupt control hardware, two of the CPU Control registers contain bits that control interrupt functionality. For more information on these registers, refer to “**dsPIC33E Enhanced CPU**” (DS70005158) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”.

- The CPU STATUS Register, SR, contains the IPL<2:0> bits (SR<7:5>). These bits indicate the current CPU Interrupt Priority Level. The user software can change the current CPU Interrupt Priority Level by writing to the IPLx bits.
- The CORCON register contains the IPL3 bit which, together with IPL<2:0>, also indicates the current CPU priority level. IPL3 is a read-only bit so that trap events cannot be masked by the user software.

All Interrupt registers are described in [Register 4-18](#) through [Register 4-22](#) on the following pages.

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## 4.5.7 SLAVE INTERRUPT CONTROL/STATUS REGISTERS

### REGISTER 4-16: SR: CPU STATUS REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>

|        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/C-0 | R/C-0 | R-0   | R/W-0 |
| OA     | OB    | SA    | SB    | OAB   | SAB   | DA    | DC    |
| bit 15 |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |

|                      |                      |                      |     |       |       |       |       |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 <sup>(3)</sup> | R/W-0 <sup>(3)</sup> | R/W-0 <sup>(3)</sup> | R-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| IPL2 <sup>(2)</sup>  | IPL1 <sup>(2)</sup>  | IPL0 <sup>(2)</sup>  | RA  | N     | OV    | Z     | C     |
| bit 7                |                      |                      |     |       |       | bit 0 |       |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | C = Clearable bit                  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

#### bit 7-5 **IPL<2:0>**: CPU Interrupt Priority Level Status bits<sup>(2,3)</sup>

- 111 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 7 (15); user interrupts are disabled
- 110 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 6 (14)
- 101 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 5 (13)
- 100 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 4 (12)
- 011 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 3 (11)
- 010 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 2 (10)
- 001 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 1 (9)
- 000 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 0 (8)

- Note 1:** For complete register details, see [Register 4-1](#).
- 2:** The IPL<2:0> bits are concatenated with the IPL<3> bit (CORCON<3>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level. The value in parentheses indicates the IPL, if IPL<3> = 1. User interrupts are disabled when IPL<3> = 1.
- 3:** The IPL<2:0> Status bits are read-only when the NSTDIS bit (INTCON1<15>) = 1.

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## REGISTER 4-17: CORCON: SLAVE CORE CONTROL REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>

|        |     |       |       |       |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-----|-------|-----|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R-0 | R-0   | R-0 |
| VAR    | —   | US1   | US0   | EDT   | DL2 | DL1   | DL0 |
| bit 15 |     |       |       |       |     | bit 8 |     |

|       |       |       |        |                     |     |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|--------|---------------------|-----|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-0  | R/C-0               | R-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SATA  | SATB  | SATDW | ACCSAT | IPL3 <sup>(2)</sup> | SFA | RND   | IF    |
| bit 7 |       |       |        |                     |     | bit 0 |       |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | C = Clearable bit                  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

bit 15      **VAR:** Variable Exception Processing Latency Control bit  
             1 = Variable exception processing is enabled  
             0 = Fixed exception processing is enabled

bit 3      **IPL3:** CPU Interrupt Priority Level Status bit 3<sup>(2)</sup>  
             1 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is greater than 7  
             0 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 7 or less

**Note 1:** For complete register details, see [Register 4-2](#).

**2:** The IPL3 bit is concatenated with the IPL<2:0> bits (SR<7:5>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level.

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## REGISTER 4-18: INTCON1: SLAVE INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 1

|        |        |        |         |         |       |       |       |
|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| NSTDIS | OVAERR | OVBERR | COVAERR | COVBERR | OVATE | OVBTE | COVTE |
| bit 15 |        |        |         |         |       | bit 8 |       |

|          |         |     |         |         |        |         |     |
|----------|---------|-----|---------|---------|--------|---------|-----|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0   | U-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0  | R/W-0   | U-0 |
| SFTACERR | DIV0ERR | —   | MATHERR | ADDRERR | STKERR | OSCFAIL | —   |
| bit 7    |         |     |         |         |        | bit 0   |     |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **NSTDIS:** Interrupt Nesting Disable bit  
1 = Interrupt nesting is disabled  
0 = Interrupt nesting is enabled
- bit 14      **OVAERR:** Accumulator A Overflow Trap Flag bit  
1 = Trap was caused by overflow of Accumulator A  
0 = Trap was not caused by overflow of Accumulator A
- bit 13      **OVBERR:** Accumulator B Overflow Trap Flag bit  
1 = Trap was caused by overflow of Accumulator B  
0 = Trap was not caused by overflow of Accumulator B
- bit 12      **COVAERR:** Accumulator A Catastrophic Overflow Trap Flag bit  
1 = Trap was caused by catastrophic overflow of Accumulator A  
0 = Trap was not caused by catastrophic overflow of Accumulator A
- bit 11      **COVBERR:** Accumulator B Catastrophic Overflow Trap Flag bit  
1 = Trap was caused by catastrophic overflow of Accumulator B  
0 = Trap was not caused by catastrophic overflow of Accumulator B
- bit 10      **OVATE:** Accumulator A Overflow Trap Enable bit  
1 = Trap overflow of Accumulator A  
0 = Trap is disabled
- bit 9        **OVBTE:** Accumulator B Overflow Trap Enable bit  
1 = Trap overflow of Accumulator B  
0 = Trap is disabled
- bit 8        **COVTE:** Catastrophic Overflow Trap Enable bit  
1 = Trap on catastrophic overflow of Accumulator A or B is enabled  
0 = Trap is disabled
- bit 7        **SFTACERR:** Shift Accumulator Error Status bit  
1 = Math error trap was caused by an invalid accumulator shift  
0 = Math error trap was not caused by an invalid accumulator shift
- bit 6        **DIV0ERR:** Divide-by-Zero Error Status bit  
1 = Math error trap was caused by a divide-by-zero  
0 = Math error trap was not caused by a divide-by-zero
- bit 5        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4        **MATHERR:** Math Error Status bit  
1 = Math error trap has occurred  
0 = Math error trap has not occurred
- bit 3        **ADDRERR:** Address Error Trap Status bit  
1 = Address error trap has occurred  
0 = Address error trap has not occurred

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## REGISTER 4-18: INTCON1: SLAVE INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 1 (CONTINUED)

- bit 2            **STKERR:** Stack Error Trap Status bit  
                 1 = Stack error trap has occurred  
                 0 = Stack error trap has not occurred
- bit 1            **OSCFAIL:** Oscillator Failure Trap Status bit  
                 1 = Oscillator failure trap has occurred  
                 0 = Oscillator failure trap has not occurred
- bit 0            **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 4-19: INTCON2: SLAVE INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 2

|        |       |        |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R/W-1  | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| GIE    | DISI  | SWTRAP | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |       |        |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | INT3EP | INT2EP | INT1EP | INT0EP |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15            **GIE:** Global Interrupt Enable bit  
                   1 = Interrupts and associated IE bits are enabled  
                   0 = Interrupts are disabled, but traps are still enabled
- bit 14            **DISI:** DISI Instruction Status bit  
                   1 = DISI instruction is active  
                   0 = DISI instruction is not active
- bit 13            **SWTRAP:** Software Trap Status bit  
                   1 = Software trap is enabled  
                   0 = Software trap is disabled
- bit 12-4        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3            **INT3EP:** External Interrupt 3 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit  
                   1 = Interrupt on negative edge  
                   0 = Interrupt on positive edge
- bit 2            **INT2EP:** External Interrupt 2 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit  
                   1 = Interrupt on negative edge  
                   0 = Interrupt on positive edge
- bit 1            **INT1EP:** External Interrupt 1 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit  
                   1 = Interrupt on negative edge  
                   0 = Interrupt on positive edge
- bit 0            **INT0EP:** External Interrupt 0 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit  
                   1 = Interrupt on negative edge  
                   0 = Interrupt on positive edge

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## REGISTER 4-20: INTCON3: SLAVE INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 3

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | NAE   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |       |     |     |     |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | DOOVR | —   | —   | —   | APLL  |
| bit 7 |     |     |       |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-9      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 8        **NAE:** NVM Address Error Soft Trap Status bit  
 1 = NVM address error soft trap has occurred  
 0 = NVM address error soft trap has not occurred
- bit 7-5      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4        **DOOVR:** DO Stack Overflow Soft Trap Status bit  
 1 = DO stack overflow soft trap has occurred  
 0 = DO stack overflow soft trap has not occurred
- bit 3-1      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 0        **APLL:** Auxiliary PLL Loss of Lock Soft Trap Status bit  
 1 = APLL lock soft trap has occurred  
 0 = APLL lock soft trap has not occurred

## REGISTER 4-21: INTCON4: SLAVE INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 4

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | SGHT  |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-1     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 0        **SGHT:** Software Generated Hard Trap Status bit  
 1 = Software generated hard trap has occurred  
 0 = Software generated hard trap has not occurred



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## REGISTER 4-22: INTTREG: SLAVE INTERRUPT CONTROL AND STATUS REGISTER

|        |     |       |     |      |      |      |       |
|--------|-----|-------|-----|------|------|------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R-0   | U-0 | R-0  | R-0  | R-0  | R-0   |
| —      | —   | VHOLD | —   | ILR3 | ILR2 | ILR1 | ILR0  |
| bit 15 |     |       |     |      |      |      | bit 8 |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R-0     | R-0     | R-0     | R-0     | R-0     | R-0     | R-0     | R-0     |
| VECNUM7 | VECNUM6 | VECNUM5 | VECNUM4 | VECNUM3 | VECNUM2 | VECNUM1 | VECNUM0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    |                  |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15-14     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13       **VHOLD:** Vector Number Capture Enable bit
  - 1 = VECNUM<7:0> bits read current value of vector number encoding tree (i.e., highest priority pending interrupt)
  - 0 = Vector number latched into VECNUM<7:0> at Interrupt Acknowledge and retained until next IACK
- bit 12       **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11-8     **ILR<3:0>:** New CPU Interrupt Priority Level bits
  - 1111 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 15
  - ...
  - 0001 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 1
  - 0000 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 0
- bit 7-0      **VECNUM<7:0>:** Vector Number of Pending Interrupt bits
  - 11111111 = 255, Reserved; do not use
  - ...
  - 00001001 = 9, IC1 – Input Capture 1
  - 00001000 = 8, INTO – External Interrupt 0
  - 00000111 = 7, Reserved; do not use
  - 00000110 = 6, Generic soft error trap
  - 00000101 = 5, Reserved; do not use
  - 00000100 = 4, Math error trap
  - 00000011 = 3, Stack error trap
  - 00000010 = 2, Generic hard trap
  - 00000001 = 1, Address error trap
  - 00000000 = 0, Oscillator fail trap

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## 4.6 Slave I/O Ports

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “I/O Ports with Edge Detect” (DS70005322) in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

- 2: The I/O ports are shared by the Master core and Slave core. All input goes to both the Master and Slave. The I/O ownership is defined by the Configuration bits.
- 3: The TMS pin function may be active multiple times during ICSP™ device erase, programming and debugging. When the TMS function is active, the integrated pull-up resistor will pull the pin to VDD. Proper care should be taken if there are sensitive circuits connected on the TMS pin during programming/erase and debugging.

Many of the device pins are shared among the peripherals and the Parallel I/O ports. All I/O input ports feature Schmitt Trigger inputs for improved noise immunity. The Master and the Slave have the same number of I/O ports and are shared. The Master PORT registers are located in the Master SFR and the Slave PORT registers are located in the Slave SFR, respectively.

All of the input goes to both Master and Slave. For example, a high in RA0 can be read as high on both Master and Slave as long as the TRISA0 bit is maintained as an input of both Master and Slave. The ownership of the output functionality is assigned by the Configuration registers, FCFGPRA0 to FCFGPRE0. Setting the bits in the FCFGPRA0 to FCFGPRE0 registers assigns ownership to the Master or Slave pin.

### 4.6.1 PARALLEL I/O (PIO) PORTS

Generally, a Parallel I/O port that shares a pin with a peripheral is subservient to the peripheral. The peripheral's output buffer data and control signals are provided to a pair of multiplexers. The multiplexers select whether the peripheral or the associated port has ownership of the output data and control signals of the I/O pin. The logic also prevents “loop through”, in which a port's digital output can drive the input of a peripheral that shares the same pin. [Figure 4-17](#) illustrates how ports are shared with other peripherals and the associated I/O pin to which they are connected.

When a peripheral is enabled and the peripheral is actively driving an associated pin, the use of the pin as a general purpose output pin is disabled. The I/O pin can be read, but the output driver for the parallel port bit is disabled. If a peripheral is enabled, but the peripheral is not actively driving a pin, that pin can be driven by a port.

All port pins have twelve registers directly associated with their operation as digital I/Os. The Data Direction register (TRISx) determines whether the pin is an input or an output. If the data direction bit is a ‘1’, then the pin is an input.

All port pins are defined as inputs after a Reset. Reads from the latch (LATx), read the latch. Writes to the latch, write the latch. Reads from the port (PORTx), read the port pins, while writes to the port pins, write the latch. Any bit and its associated data and control registers that are not valid for a particular device are disabled. This means the corresponding LATx and TRISx registers, and the port pin are read as zeros.

When a pin is shared with another peripheral or function that is defined as an input only, it is nevertheless regarded as a dedicated port because there is no other competing source of outputs. [Table 4-24](#) shows the pin availability. [Table 4-25](#) shows the 5V input tolerant pins across this device.

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**TABLE 4-24: PIN AND ANSELx AVAILABILITY**

| Device              | Rx15 | Rx14 | Rx13 | Rx12 | Rx11 | Rx10 | Rx9 | Rx8 | Rx7 | Rx6 | Rx5 | Rx4 | Rx3 | Rx2 | Rx1 | Rx0 |
|---------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| <b>PORTA</b>        |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| dsPIC33XXXMP508/208 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP506/206 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP505/205 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP503/203 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP502/202 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| ANSELA              | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | X   | X   | X   | X   | —   |
| <b>PORTB</b>        |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| dsPIC33XXXMP508/208 | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP506/206 | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP505/205 | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP503/203 | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP502/202 | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| ANSELB              | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | X   | X   | —   | —   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| <b>PORTC</b>        |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| dsPIC33XXXMP508/208 | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP506/206 | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP505/205 | —    | —    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP503/203 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP502/202 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   |
| ANSEL C             | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | X   | X   | —   | —   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| <b>PORTD</b>        |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| dsPIC33XXXMP508/208 | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP506/206 | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP505/205 | —    | —    | X    | —    | —    | X    | —   | X   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | X   | —   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP503/203 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP502/202 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   |
| ANSEL D             | —    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   |
| <b>PORTE</b>        |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| dsPIC33XXXMP508/208 | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP506/206 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP505/205 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP503/203 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   |
| dsPIC33XXXMP502/202 | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   |
| ANSELE              | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | X   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   |

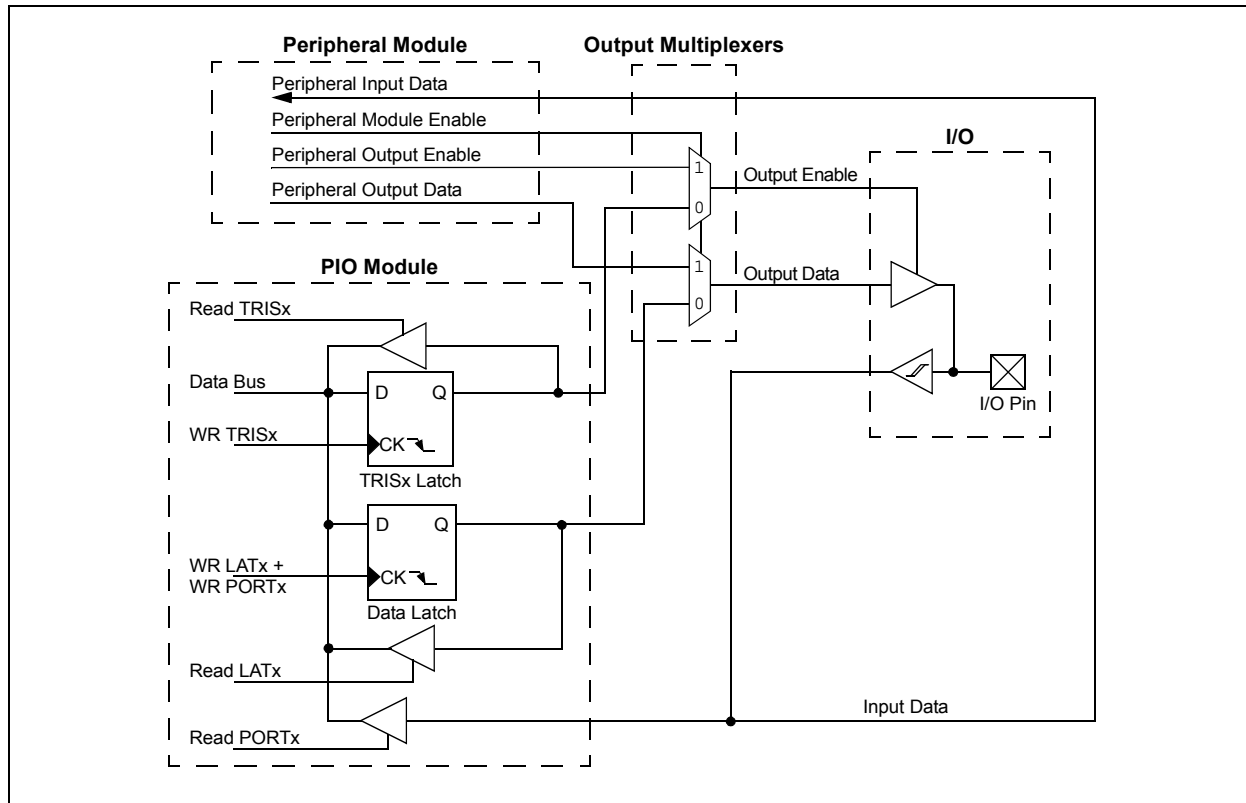
**TABLE 4-25: 5V INPUT TOLERANT PORTS**

|       |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| PORTA | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | RA4 | RA3 | RA2 | RA1 | RA0 |
| PORTB | RB15 | RB14 | RB13 | RB12 | RB11 | RB10 | RB9 | RB8 | RB7 | RB6 | RB5 | RB4 | RB3 | RB2 | RB1 | RB0 |
| PORTC | RC15 | RC14 | RC13 | RC12 | RC11 | RC10 | RC9 | RC8 | RC7 | RC6 | RC5 | RC4 | RC3 | RC2 | RC1 | RC0 |
| PORTD | RD15 | RD14 | RD13 | RD12 | RD11 | RD10 | RD9 | RD8 | RD7 | RD6 | RD5 | RD4 | RD3 | RD2 | RD1 | RD0 |
| PORTE | RE15 | RE14 | RE13 | RE12 | RE11 | RE10 | RE9 | RE8 | RE7 | RE6 | RE5 | RE4 | RE3 | RE2 | RE1 | RE0 |

**Legend:** Shaded pins are up to 5.5 VDC input tolerant.

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FIGURE 4-17: BLOCK DIAGRAM OF A TYPICAL SHARED PORT STRUCTURE



## 4.6.1.1 Open-Drain Configuration

In addition to the PORTx, LATx and TRISx registers for data control, port pins can also be individually configured for either digital or open-drain output. This is controlled by the Open-Drain Control x register, ODCx, associated with each port. Setting any of the bits configures the corresponding pin to act as an open-drain output.

The open-drain feature allows the generation of outputs, other than VDD, by using external pull-up resistors. The maximum open-drain voltage allowed on any pin is the same as the maximum VIH specification for that particular pin.

See the “[Pin Diagrams](#)” section for the available 5V tolerant pins and [Table 24-18](#) for the maximum VIH specification for each pin.

## 4.6.2 CONFIGURING ANALOG AND DIGITAL PORT PINS

The ANSELx register controls the operation of the analog port pins. The port pins that are to function as analog inputs or outputs must have their corresponding ANSELx and TRISx bits set. In order to use port pins for I/O functionality with digital modules, such as timers, UARTs, etc., the corresponding ANSELx bit must be cleared.

The ANSELx register has a default value of 0xFFFF; therefore, all pins that share analog functions are analog (not digital) by default.

Pins with analog functions affected by the ANSELx registers are listed with a buffer type of analog in the Pinout I/O Descriptions (see [Table 1-1](#)).

If the TRISx bit is cleared (output) while the ANSELx bit is set, the digital output level (VOH or VOL) is converted by an analog peripheral, such as the ADC module or comparator module.

When the PORTx register is read, all pins configured as analog input channels are read as cleared (a low level).

Pins configured as digital inputs do not convert an analog input. Analog levels on any pin, defined as a digital input (including the ANx pins), can cause the input buffer to consume current that exceeds the device specifications.

## 4.6.2.1 I/O Port Write/Read Timing

One instruction cycle is required between a port direction change or port write operation and a read operation of the same port. Typically, this instruction would be a NOP, as shown in [Example 4-3](#).

The following registers are in the PORT module:

- [Register 4-23](#): ANSELx (one per port)
- [Register 4-24](#): TRISx (one per port)
- [Register 4-25](#): PORTx (one per port)
- [Register 4-26](#): LATx (one per port)
- [Register 4-27](#): ODCx (one per port)
- [Register 4-28](#): CNPUx (one per port)
- [Register 4-29](#): CNPDx (one per port)
- [Register 4-30](#): CNCONx (one per port – optional)
- [Register 4-31](#): CNEN0x (one per port)
- [Register 4-32](#): CNSTATx (one per port – optional)
- [Register 4-33](#): CNEN1x (one per port)
- [Register 4-34](#): CNFx (one per port)

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## 4.6.3 SLAVE PORT CONTROL/STATUS REGISTERS

### REGISTER 4-23: ANSELx: ANALOG SELECT FOR PORTx REGISTER

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-1        | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| ANSELx<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-1       | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| ANSELx<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0     **ANSELx<15:0>**: Analog Select for PORTx bits

1 = Analog input is enabled and digital input is disabled on PORTx[n] pin

0 = Analog input is disabled and digital input is enabled on PORTx[n] pin

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## REGISTER 4-24: TRISx: OUTPUT ENABLE FOR PORTx REGISTER

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-1       | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| TRISx<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15      |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-1      | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| TRISx<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **TRISx<15:0>**: Output Enable for PORTx bits  
 1 = LATx[n] is not driven on PORTx[n] pin  
 0 = LATx[n] is driven on PORTx[n] pin

## REGISTER 4-25: PORTx: INPUT DATA FOR PORTx REGISTER

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-1       | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| PORTx<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15      |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-1      | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| PORTx<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **PORTx<15:0>**: PORTx Data Input Value bits

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## REGISTER 4-26: LATx: OUTPUT DATA FOR PORTx REGISTER

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-x      | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x |
| LATx<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15     |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|           |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-x     | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x |
| LATx<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7     |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **LATx<15:0>**: PORTx Data Output Value bits

## REGISTER 4-27: ODCx: OPEN-DRAIN ENABLE FOR PORTx REGISTER

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| ODCx<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15     |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|           |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0     | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| ODCx<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7     |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **ODCx<15:0>**: PORTx Open-Drain Enable bits  
    1 = Open-drain is enabled on PORTx pin  
    0 = Open-drain is disabled on PORTx pin



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## REGISTER 4-28: CNPUx: CHANGE NOTIFICATION PULL-UP ENABLE FOR PORTx REGISTER

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CNPUx<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CNPUx<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |  |  |  |  |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |  |  |  |  |

bit 15-0      **CNPUx<15:0>**: Change Notification Pull-up Enable for PORTx bits  
 1 = The pull-up for PORTx[n] is enabled – takes precedence over pull-down selection  
 0 = The pull-up for PORTx[n] is disabled

## REGISTER 4-29: CNPDx: CHANGE NOTIFICATION PULL-DOWN ENABLE FOR PORTx REGISTER

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CNPDx<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CNPDx<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |  |  |  |  |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |  |  |  |  |

bit 15-0      **CNPDx<15:0>**: Change Notification Pull-Down Enable for PORTx bits  
 1 = The pull-down for PORTx[n] is enabled (if the pull-up for PORTx[n] is not enabled)  
 0 = The pull-down for PORTx[n] is disabled

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## REGISTER 4-30: CNCONx: CHANGE NOTIFICATION CONTROL FOR PORTx REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |         |     |     |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|---------|-----|-----|-----|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| ON     | —   | —   | —   | CNSTYLE | —   | —   | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     | bit 8   |     |     |     |

|       |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   | —   | —   |
| bit 7 |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |     |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15            **ON:** Change Notification (CN) Control for PORTx On bit  
                   1 = CN is enabled  
                   0 = CN is disabled
- bit 14-12       **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11           **CNSTYLE:** Change Notification Style Selection bit  
                   1 = Edge style (detects edge transitions, CNF<x<15:0> bits are used for a Change Notification event)  
                   0 = Mismatch style (detects change from last port read, CNSTAT<x<15:0> bits are used for a Change Notification event)
- bit 10-0        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

## REGISTER 4-31: CNEN0x: INTERRUPT CHANGE NOTIFICATION ENABLE FOR PORTx REGISTER

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CNEN0x<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CNEN0x<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-0        **CNEN0x<15:0>:** Interrupt Change Notification Enable for PORTx bits  
                   1 = Interrupt-on-change (from the last read value) is enabled for PORTx[n]  
                   0 = Interrupt-on-change is disabled for PORTx[n]

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## REGISTER 4-32: CNSTATx: INTERRUPT CHANGE NOTIFICATION STATUS FOR PORTx REGISTER

|               |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-0           | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| CNSTATx<15:8> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 15        |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |     |     |

|              |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-0          | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| CNSTATx<7:0> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 7        |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |     |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **CNSTAT<15:0>**: Interrupt Change Notification Status for PORTx bits  
 When CNSTYLE (CNCONx<11>) = 0:  
 1 = Change occurred on PORTx[n] since last read of PORTx[n]  
 0 = Change did not occur on PORTx[n] since last read of PORTx[n]

## REGISTER 4-33: CNEN1x: INTERRUPT CHANGE NOTIFICATION EDGE SELECT FOR PORTx REGISTER

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CNEN1x<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CNEN1x<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **CNEN1x<15:0>**: Interrupt Change Notification Edge Select for PORTx bits

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## REGISTER 4-34: CNF<sub>x</sub>: INTERRUPT CHANGE NOTIFICATION FLAG FOR PORT<sub>x</sub> REGISTER

|                         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0                   | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CNF <sub>x</sub> <15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15                  |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|                        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0                  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CNF <sub>x</sub> <7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7                  |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0

**CNF<sub>x</sub><15:0>**: Interrupt Change Notification Flag for PORT<sub>x</sub> bits

When CNSTYLE (CNCON<sub>x</sub><11>) = 1:

1 = An enabled edge event occurred on PORT<sub>x</sub>[n] pin

0 = An enabled edge event did not occur on PORT<sub>x</sub>[n] pin

## 4.6.4 INPUT CHANGE NOTIFICATION (ICN)

The Input Change Notification function of the I/O ports allows the dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family devices to generate interrupt requests to the processor in response to a Change-of-State (COS) on selected input pins. This feature can detect input Change-of-States, even in Sleep mode, when the clocks are disabled. Every I/O port pin can be selected (enabled) for generating an interrupt request on a Change-of-State. Five control registers are associated with the Change Notification (CN) functionality of each I/O port. To enable the Change Notification feature for the port, the ON bit (CNCONx<15>) must be set.

The CNEN0x and CNEN1x registers contain the CN interrupt enable control bits for each of the input pins. The setting of these bits enables a CN interrupt for the corresponding pins. Also, these bits, in combination with the CNSTYLE bit (CNCONx<11>), define a type of transition when the interrupt is generated. Possible CN event options are listed in [Table 4-26](#).

The CNSTATx register indicates whether a change occurred on the corresponding pin since the last read of the PORTx bit. In addition to the CNSTATx register, the CNFx register is implemented for each port. This register contains flags for Change Notification events. These flags are set if the valid transition edge, selected in the CNEN0x and CNEN1x registers, is detected. CNFx stores the occurrence of the event. CNFx bits must be cleared in software to get the next Change Notification interrupt. The CN interrupt is generated only for the I/Os configured as inputs (corresponding TRISx bits must be set).

**TABLE 4-26: CHANGE NOTIFICATION EVENT OPTIONS**

| CNSTYLE Bit (CNCONx<11>) | CNEN1x Bit      | CNEN0x Bit | Change Notification Event Description   |
|--------------------------|-----------------|------------|---|
| 0                        | Does not matter | 0          | Disabled  |
| 0                        | Does not matter | 1          | Detects a mismatch between the last read state and the current state of the pin |
| 1                        | 0               | 0          | Disabled  |
| 1                        | 0               | 1          | Detects a positive transition only (from '0' to '1')                            |
| 1                        | 1               | 0          | Detects a negative transition only (from '1' to '0')                            |
| 1                        | 1               | 1          | Detects both positive and negative transitions                                  |

**Note:** Pull-ups and pull-downs on Input Change Notification pins should always be disabled when the port pin is configured as a digital output.

**EXAMPLE 4-3: PORT WRITE/READ EXAMPLE**

```

MOV    0xFF00, W0    ; Configure PORTB<15:8>
                        ; as inputs
MOV    W0, TRISB    ; and PORTB<7:0>
                        ; as outputs
NOP                                ; Delay 1 cycle
BTSS   PORTB, #13   ; Next Instruction
    
```

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## 4.6.5 PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT (PPS)

A major challenge in general purpose devices is providing the largest possible set of peripheral features, while minimizing the conflict of features on I/O pins. The challenge is even greater on low pin count devices. In an application where more than one peripheral needs to be assigned to a single pin, inconvenient work arounds in application code, or a complete redesign, may be the only option.

Peripheral Pin Select configuration provides an alternative to these choices by enabling peripheral set selection and placement on a wide range of I/O pins. By increasing the pinout options available on a particular device, users can better tailor the device to their entire application, rather than trimming the application to fit the device.

The Peripheral Pin Select configuration feature operates over a fixed subset of digital I/O pins. Users may independently map the input and/or output of most digital peripherals to any one of these I/O pins. Hardware safeguards are included that prevent accidental or spurious changes to the peripheral mapping once it has been established.

### 4.6.5.1 Available Pins

The number of available pins is dependent on the particular device and its pin count. Pins that support the Peripheral Pin Select feature include the label, "S1RPn", in their full pin designation, where "n" is the remappable pin number. "S1RP" is used to designate pins that support both remappable input and output functions.

### 4.6.5.2 Available Peripherals

The peripherals managed by the Peripheral Pin Select are all digital only peripherals. These include general serial communications (UART and SPI), general purpose timer clock inputs, timer-related peripherals (input capture and output compare) and interrupt-on-change inputs.

In comparison, some digital only peripheral modules are never included in the Peripheral Pin Select feature. This is because the peripheral's function requires special I/O circuitry on a specific port and cannot be easily connected to multiple pins. One example includes I<sup>2</sup>C modules. A similar requirement excludes all modules with analog inputs, such as the ADC Converter.

A key difference between remappable and non-remappable peripherals is that remappable peripherals are not associated with a default I/O pin. The peripheral must always be assigned to a specific I/O pin before it can be used. In contrast, non-remappable peripherals are always available on a default pin, assuming that the peripheral is active and not conflicting with another peripheral.

When a remappable peripheral is active on a given I/O pin, it takes priority over all other digital I/Os and digital communication peripherals associated with the pin. Priority is given regardless of the type of peripheral that is mapped. Remappable peripherals never take priority over any analog functions associated with the pin.

### 4.6.5.3 Controlling Peripheral Pin Select

Peripheral Pin Select features are controlled through two sets of SFRs: one to map peripheral inputs and one to map outputs. Because they are separately controlled, a particular peripheral's input and output (if the peripheral has both) can be placed on any selectable function pin without constraint.

The association of a peripheral to a peripheral-selectable pin is handled in two different ways, depending on whether an input or output is being mapped.

## 4.6.5.4 Input Mapping

The inputs of the Peripheral Pin Select options are mapped on the basis of the peripheral. That is, a control register associated with a peripheral dictates the pin it will be mapped to. The RPINRx registers are used to configure peripheral input mapping (see [Register 4-36](#) through [Register 4-59](#)). Each register contains sets of 8-bit fields, with each set associated with one of the remappable peripherals. Programming a given peripheral's bit field with an appropriate 8-bit index value maps the S1RPn pin with the corresponding value, or internal signal, to that peripheral. See [Table 4-27](#) for a list of available inputs.

For example, [Figure 4-18](#) illustrates remappable pin selection for the U1RX input.

**FIGURE 4-18: REMAPPABLE INPUT FOR U1RX**



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**TABLE 4-27: SLAVE REMAPPABLE PIN INPUTS**

| <b>RPINRx&lt;15:8&gt; or<br/>RPINRx&lt;7:0&gt;</b> | <b>Function</b>           | <b>Available on Ports</b> |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 0  | Vss                       | Internal                  |
| 1  | Master Comparator 1       | Internal                  |
| 2  | Slave Comparator 1        | Internal                  |
| 3  | Slave Comparator 2        | Internal                  |
| 4  | Slave Comparator 3        | Internal                  |
| 5  | Master REFCLKO            | Internal                  |
| 6  | Master PTG Trigger 30     | Internal                  |
| 7  | Master PTG Trigger 31     | Internal                  |
| 8  | Slave PWM Event Output C  | Internal                  |
| 9  | Slave PWM Event Output D  | Internal                  |
| 10   | Slave PWM Event Output E  | Internal                  |
| 11   | Master PWM Event Output C | Internal                  |
| 12   | Master PWM Event Output D | Internal                  |
| 13   | Master PWM Event Output E | Internal                  |
| 14-31  | S1RP14-S1RP31             | Reserved                  |
| 32   | S1RP32                    | Port Pin RB0              |
| 33   | S1RP33                    | Port Pin RB1              |
| 34   | S1RP34                    | Port Pin RB2              |
| 35   | S1RP35                    | Port Pin RB3              |
| 36   | S1RP36                    | Port Pin RB4              |
| 37   | S1RP37                    | Port Pin RB5              |
| 38   | S1RP38                    | Port Pin RB6              |
| 39   | S1RP39                    | Port Pin RB7              |
| 40   | S1RP40                    | Port Pin RB8              |
| 41   | S1RP41                    | Port Pin RB9              |
| 42   | S1RP42                    | Port Pin RB10             |
| 43   | S1RP43                    | Port Pin RB11             |
| 44   | S1RP44                    | Port Pin RB12             |
| 45   | S1RP45                    | Port Pin RB13             |
| 46   | S1RP46                    | Port Pin RB14             |
| 47   | S1RP47                    | Port Pin RB15             |
| 48   | S1RP48                    | Port Pin RC0              |
| 49   | S1RP49                    | Port Pin RC1              |
| 50   | S1RP50                    | Port Pin RC2              |
| 51   | S1RP51                    | Port Pin RC3              |
| 52   | S1RP52                    | Port Pin RC4              |
| 53   | S1RP53                    | Port Pin RC5              |
| 54   | S1RP54                    | Port Pin RC6              |
| 55   | S1RP55                    | Port Pin RC7              |
| 56   | S1RP56                    | Port Pin RC8              |
| 57   | S1RP57                    | Port Pin RC9              |
| 58   | S1RP58                    | Port Pin RC10             |
| 59   | S1RP59                    | Port Pin RC11             |



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**TABLE 4-27: SLAVE REMAPPABLE PIN INPUTS (CONTINUED)**

| RPINRx<15:8> or<br>RPINRx<7:0> | Function               | Available on Ports   |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| 60                             | S1RP60                 | Port Pin RC12        |
| 61                             | S1RP61                 | Port Pin RC13        |
| 62                             | S1RP62                 | Port Pin RC14        |
| 63                             | S1RP63                 | Port Pin RC15        |
| 64                             | S1RP64                 | Port Pin RD0         |
| 65                             | S1RP65                 | Port Pin RD1         |
| 66                             | S1RP66                 | Port Pin RD2         |
| 67                             | S1RP67                 | Port Pin RD3         |
| 68                             | S1RP68                 | Port Pin RD4         |
| 69                             | S1RP69                 | Port Pin RD5         |
| 70                             | S1RP70                 | Port Pin RD6         |
| 71                             | S1RP71                 | Port Pin RD7         |
| 72-161                         | S1RP72-S1RP161         | Reserved             |
| 162                            | Slave On Request PWM3  | Internal PWM Signal  |
| 163                            | Slave Off Request PWM3 | Internal PWM Signal  |
| 164                            | Slave On Request PWM2  | Internal PWM Signal  |
| 165                            | Slave Off Request PWM2 | Internal PWM Signal  |
| 166                            | Slave On Request PWM1  | Internal PWM Signal  |
| 167                            | Slave Off Request PWM1 | Internal PWM Signal  |
| 168-169                        | S1RP168-S1RP169        | Reserved             |
| 170                            | S1RP170                | Slave Virtual S1RPV0 |
| 171                            | S1RP171                | Slave Virtual S1RPV1 |
| 172                            | S1RP172                | Slave Virtual S1RPV2 |
| 173                            | S1RP173                | Slave Virtual S1RPV3 |
| 174                            | S1RP174                | Slave Virtual S1RPV4 |
| 175                            | S1RP175                | Slave Virtual S1RPV5 |
| 176                            | S1RP176                | Master Virtual RPV0  |
| 177                            | S1RP177                | Master Virtual RPV1  |
| 178                            | S1RP178                | Master Virtual RPV2  |
| 179                            | S1RP179                | Master Virtual RPV3  |
| 180                            | S1RP180                | Master Virtual RPV4  |
| 181                            | S1RP181                | Master Virtual RPV5  |

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## 4.6.5.5 Virtual Connections

The dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family devices support six virtual S1RPn pins (S1RP170-S1RP175), which are identical in functionality to all other S1RPn pins, with the exception of pinouts. These six pins are internal to the devices and are not connected to a physical device pin.

These pins provide a simple way for inter-peripheral connection without utilizing a physical pin. For example, the output of the analog comparator can be connected to S1RP170 and the PWM control input can be configured for S1RP170 as well. This configuration allows the analog comparator to trigger PWM Faults without the use of an actual physical pin on the device.

## 4.6.5.6 Slave PPS Inputs to Master Core PPS

The dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 Slave core subsystem PPS has connections to the Master core subsystem virtual PPS (S1RPV5-S1RPV0) output blocks. These inputs are mapped as S1RP175, S1RP174, S1RP173, S1RP172, S1RP171 and S1RP170.

The S1RPn inputs, S1RP1-S1RP13, are connected to internal signals from both the Master and Slave core subsystems. Additionally, the Master core virtual PPS output blocks (RPV5-RPV0) are connected to the Slave core PPS circuitry.

There are virtual pins in PPS to share between Master and Slave:

- RP181 is for Master input (RPV5)
- RP180 is for Master input (RPV4)
- RP179 is for Master input (RPV3)
- RP178 is for Master input (RPV2)
- RP177 is for Master input (RPV1)
- RP176 is for Master input (RPV0)
- S1RP175 is for Slave input (S1RPV5)
- S1RP174 is for Slave input (S1RPV4)
- S1RP173 is for Slave input (S1RPV3)
- S1RP172 is for Slave input (S1RPV2)
- S1RP171 is for Slave input (S1RPV1)
- S1RP170 is for Slave input (S1RPV0)

The idea of the S1RPVn (Remappable Pin Virtual) is to interconnect between Master and Slave without an I/O pin. For example, the Master UART receiver can be connected to the Slave UART transmit using S1RPVn and data communication can happen from Slave to Master without using any physical pin.

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**TABLE 4-28: SELECTABLE INPUT SOURCES (MAPS INPUT TO FUNCTION)**

| Input Name <sup>(1)</sup>             | Function Name        | Register | Configuration Bits |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|----------|--------------------|
| External Interrupt 1                  | S1INT1               | RPINR0   | INT1R<7:0>         |
| External Interrupt 2                  | S1INT2               | RPINR1   | INT2R<7:0>         |
| External Interrupt 3                  | S1INT3               | RPINR1   | INT3R<7:0>         |
| Timer1 External Clock                 | S1T1CK               | RPINR2   | T1CKR<7:0>         |
| SCCP Timer1                           | S1TCKI1              | RPINR3   | TCKI1R<7:0>        |
| SCCP Capture 1                        | S1ICM1               | RPINR3   | ICM1R<7:0>         |
| SCCP Timer2                           | S1TCKI2              | RPINR4   | TCKI2R<7:0>        |
| SCCP Capture 2                        | S1ICM2               | RPINR4   | ICM2R<7:0>         |
| SCCP Timer3                           | S1TCKI3              | RPINR5   | TCKI3R<7:0>        |
| SCCP Capture 3                        | S1ICM3               | RPINR5   | ICM3R<7:0>         |
| SCCP Timer4                           | S1TCKI4              | RPINR6   | TCKI4R<7:0>        |
| SCCP Capture 4                        | S1ICM4               | RPINR6   | ICM4R<7:0>         |
| Output Compare Fault A                | S1OCFA               | RPINR11  | OCFAR<7:0>         |
| Output Compare Fault B                | S1OCFB               | RPINR11  | OCFBR<7:0>         |
| PWM Input 8                           | S1PCI8               | RPINR12  | PCI8R<7:0>         |
| PWM Input 9                           | S1PCI9               | RPINR12  | PCI9R<7:0>         |
| PWM Input 10                          | S1PCI10              | RPINR13  | PCI10R<7:0>        |
| PWM Input 11                          | S1PCI11              | RPINR13  | PCI11R<7:0>        |
| QEI Input A                           | S1QEIA1              | RPINR14  | QEIA1R<7:0>        |
| QEI Input B                           | S1QEIB1              | RPINR14  | QEIB1R<7:0>        |
| QEI Index 1 Input                     | S1QEINDX1            | RPINR15  | QEINDX1R<7:0>      |
| QEI Home 1 Input                      | S1QEIHOM1            | RPINR15  | QEIHOM1R<7:0>      |
| UART1 Receive                         | S1U1RX               | RPINR18  | U1RXR<7:0>         |
| UART1 Data-Set-Ready                  | $\overline{S1U1DSR}$ | RPINR18  | U1DSRR<7:0>        |
| SPI1 Data Input                       | S1SDI1               | RPINR20  | SDI1R<7:0>         |
| SPI1 Clock Input                      | S1SCK1               | RPINR20  | SCK1R<7:0>         |
| SPI1 Slave Select                     | $\overline{S1SS1}$   | RPINR21  | SS1R<7:0>          |
| Reference Clock Input                 | S1REFOI              | RPINR21  | REFOIR<7:0>        |
| UART1 Clear-to-Send                   | $\overline{S1U1CTS}$ | RPINR23  | U1CTSR<7:0>        |
| PWM Input 17                          | S1PCI17              | RPINR37  | PCI17R<7:0>        |
| PWM Input 18                          | S1PCI18              | RPINR38  | PCI18R<7:0>        |
| PWM Input 12                          | S1PCI12              | RPINR42  | PCI12R<7:0>        |
| PWM Input 13                          | S1PCI13              | RPINR42  | PCI13R<7:0>        |
| PWM Input 14                          | S1PCI14              | RPINR43  | PCI14R<7:0>        |
| PWM Input 15                          | S1PCI15              | RPINR43  | PCI15R<7:0>        |
| PWM Input 16                          | S1PCI16              | RPINR44  | PCI16R<7:0>        |
| CLC Input A                           | S1CLCINA             | RPINR45  | CLCINAR<7:0>       |
| CLC Input B                           | S1CLCINB             | RPINR46  | CLCINBR<7:0>       |
| CLC Input C                           | S1CLCINC             | RPINR46  | CLCINCR<7:0>       |
| CLC Input D                           | S1CLCIND             | RPINR47  | CLCINDR<7:0>       |
| ADC External Trigger Input (ADTRIG31) | S1ADCTRG             | RPINR47  | ADCTRGR<7:0>       |

**Note 1:** Unless otherwise noted, all inputs use the Schmitt Trigger input buffers.

**TABLE 4-29: SLAVE PPS INPUT CONTROL REGISTERS**

| Register | Bit 15   | Bit 14   | Bit 13   | Bit 12   | Bit 11   | Bit 10   | Bit 9    | Bit 8    | Bit 7     | Bit 6     | Bit 5     | Bit 4     | Bit 3     | Bit 2     | Bit 1     | Bit 0     |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| RPCONL   | —        | —        | —        | —        | IOLOCK   | —        | —        | —        | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         |
| RPINR0   | INT1R7   | INT1R6   | INT1R5   | INT1R4   | INT1R3   | INT1R2   | INT1R1   | INT1R0   | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         |
| RPINR1   | INT3R7   | INT3R6   | INT3R5   | INT3R4   | INT3R3   | INT3R2   | INT3R1   | INT3R0   | INT2R7    | INT2R6    | INT2R5    | INT2R4    | INT2R3    | INT2R2    | INT2R1    | INT2R0    |
| RPINR2   | T1CKR7   | T1CKR6   | T1CKR5   | T1CKR4   | T1CKR3   | T1CKR2   | T1CKR1   | T1CKR0   | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         |
| RPINR3   | ICM1R7   | ICM1R6   | ICM1R5   | ICM1R4   | ICM1R3   | ICM1R2   | ICM1R1   | ICM1R0   | TCK1R7    | TCK1R6    | TCK1R5    | TCK1R4    | TCK1R3    | TCK1R2    | TCK1R1    | TCK1R0    |
| RPINR4   | ICM2R7   | ICM2R6   | ICM2R5   | ICM2R4   | ICM2R3   | ICM2R2   | ICM2R1   | ICM2R0   | TCKI2R7   | TCKI2R6   | TCKI2R5   | TCKI2R4   | TCKI2R3   | TCKI2R2   | TCKI2R1   | TCKI2R0   |
| RPINR5   | ICM3R7   | ICM3R6   | ICM3R5   | ICM3R4   | ICM3R3   | ICM3R2   | ICM3R1   | ICM3R0   | TCKI3R7   | TCKI3R6   | TCKI3R5   | TCKI3R4   | TCKI3R3   | TCKI3R2   | TCKI3R1   | TCKI3R0   |
| RPINR6   | ICM4R7   | ICM4R6   | ICM4R5   | ICM4R4   | ICM4R3   | ICM4R2   | ICM4R1   | ICM4R0   | TCKI4R7   | TCKI4R6   | TCKI4R5   | TCKI4R4   | TCKI4R3   | TCKI4R2   | TCKI4R1   | TCKI4R0   |
| RPINR11  | OCFBR7   | OCFBR6   | OCFBR5   | OCFBR4   | OCFBR3   | OCFBR2   | OCFBR1   | OCFBR0   | OCFAR7    | OCFAR6    | OCFAR5    | OCFAR4    | OCFAR3    | OCFAR2    | OCFAR1    | OCFAR0    |
| RPINR12  | PCI9R7   | PCI9R6   | PCI9R5   | PCI9R4   | PCI9R3   | PCI9R2   | PCI9R1   | PCI9R0   | PCI8R7    | PCI8R6    | PCI8R5    | PCI8R4    | PCI8R3    | PCI8R2    | PCI8R1    | PCI8R0    |
| RPINR13  | PCI11R7  | PCI11R6  | PCI11R5  | PCI11R4  | PCI11R3  | PCI11R2  | PCI11R1  | PCI11R0  | PCI10R7   | PCI10R6   | PCI10R5   | PCI10R4   | PCI10R3   | PCI10R2   | PCI10R1   | PCI10R0   |
| RPINR14  | QEIB1R7  | QEIB1R6  | QEIB1R5  | QEIB1R4  | QEIB1R3  | QEIB1R2  | QEIB1R1  | QEIB1R0  | QEIA1R7   | QEIA1R6   | QEIA1R5   | QEIA1R4   | QEIA1R3   | QEIA1R2   | QEIA1R1   | QEIA1R0   |
| RPINR15  | QEIHM1R7 | QEIHM1R6 | QEIHM1R5 | QEIHM1R4 | QEIHM1R3 | QEIHM1R2 | QEIHM1R1 | QEIHM1R0 | QEINDX1R7 | QEINDX1R6 | QEINDX1R5 | QEINDX1R4 | QEINDX1R3 | QEINDX1R2 | QEINDX1R1 | QEINDX1R0 |
| RPINR18  | U1DSRR7  | U1DSRR6  | U1DSRR5  | U1DSRR4  | U1DSRR3  | U1DSRR2  | U1DSRR1  | U1DSRR0  | U1RXR7    | U1RXR6    | U1RXR5    | U1RXR4    | U1RXR3    | U1RXR2    | U1RXR1    | U1RXR0    |
| RPINR20  | SCK1R7   | SCK1R6   | SCK1R5   | SCK1R4   | SCK1R3   | SCK1R2   | SCK1R1   | SCK1R0   | SDI1R7    | SDI1R6    | SDI1R5    | SDI1R4    | SDI1R3    | SDI1R2    | SDI1R1    | SDI1R0    |
| RPINR21  | REFOIR7  | REFOIR6  | REFOIR5  | REFOIR4  | REFOIR3  | REFOIR2  | REFOIR1  | REFOIR0  | SS1R7     | SS1R6     | SS1R5     | SS1R4     | SS1R3     | SS1R2     | SS1R1     | SS1R0     |
| RPINR23  | U1CTSR7  | U1CTSR6  | U1CTSR5  | U1CTSR4  | U1CTSR3  | U1CTSR2  | U1CTSR1  | U1CTSR0  | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         |
| RPINR37  | PCI17R7  | PCI17R6  | PCI17R5  | PCI17R4  | PCI17R3  | PCI17R2  | PCI17R1  | PCI17R0  | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         |
| RPINR38  | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | PCI18R7   | PCI18R6   | PCI18R5   | PCI18R4   | PCI18R3   | PCI18R2   | PCI18R1   | PCI18R0   |
| RPINR42  | PCI13R7  | PCI13R6  | PCI13R5  | PCI13R4  | PCI13R3  | PCI13R2  | PCI13R1  | PCI13R0  | PCI12R7   | PCI12R6   | PWM12R5   | PWM12R4   | PWM12R3   | PWM12R2   | PWM12R1   | PWM12R0   |
| RPINR43  | PCI15R7  | PCI15R6  | PCI15R5  | PCI15R4  | PCI15R3  | PCI15R2  | PCI15R1  | PCI15R0  | PCI14R7   | PCI14R6   | PCI14R5   | PCI14R4   | PCI14R3   | PCI14R2   | PCI14R1   | PCI14R0   |
| RPINR44  | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | PCI16R7   | PCI16R6   | PCI16R5   | PCI16R4   | PCI16R3   | PCI16R2   | PCI16R1   | PCI16R0   |
| RPINR45  | CLCINAR7 | CLCINAR6 | CLCINAR5 | CLCINAR4 | CLCINAR3 | CLCINAR2 | CLCINAR1 | CLCINAR0 | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         | —         |
| RPINR46  | CLCINCR7 | CLCINCR6 | CLCINCR5 | CLCINCR4 | CLCINCR3 | CLCINCR2 | CLCINCR1 | CLCINCR0 | CLCINBR7  | CLCINBR6  | CLCINBR5  | CLCINBR4  | CLCINBR3  | CLCINBR2  | CLCINBR1  | CLCINBR0  |
| RPINR47  | ADCTRGR7 | ADCTRGR6 | ADCTRGR5 | ADCTRGR4 | ADCTRGR3 | ADCTRGR2 | ADCTRGR1 | ADCTRGR0 | CLCINDR7  | CLCINDR6  | CLCINDR5  | CLCINDR4  | CLCINDR3  | CLCINDR2  | CLCINDR1  | CLCINDR0  |

## 4.6.5.7 Output Mapping

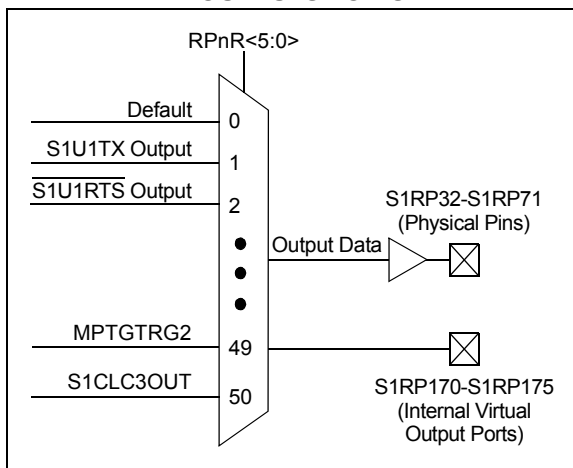
In contrast to inputs, the outputs of the Peripheral Pin Select options are mapped on the basis of the pin. In this case, a control register associated with a particular pin dictates the peripheral output to be mapped. The RPORx registers are used to control output mapping. Each register contains sets of 6-bit fields, with each set associated with one S1RPn pin (see [Register 4-60](#) through [Register 4-82](#)). The value of the bit field corresponds to one of the peripherals and that peripheral's output is mapped to the pin (see [Table 4-31](#) and [Figure 4-19](#)).

A null output is associated with the PPS Output register Reset value of '0'. This is done to ensure that remappable outputs remain disconnected from all output pins by default.

## 4.6.5.8 Mapping Limitations

The control schema of the peripheral select pins is not limited to a small range of fixed peripheral configurations. There are no mutual or hardware-enforced lockouts between any of the peripheral mapping SFRs. Literally any combination of peripheral mappings, across any or all of the S1RPn pins, is possible. This includes both many-to-one and one-to-many mappings of peripheral inputs, and outputs to pins. While such mappings may be technically possible from a configuration point of view, they may not be supportable from an electrical point of view.

**FIGURE 4-19: MULTIPLEXING REMAPPABLE OUTPUTS FOR S1RPn**



**Note 1:** There are six virtual output ports which are not connected to any I/O ports (S1RP170-S1RP175). These virtual ports can be accessed by RPOR20, RPOR21 and RPOR22.

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**TABLE 4-30: SLAVE REMAPPABLE OUTPUT PIN REGISTERS**

| Register     | S1RP Pin        | I/O Port           |
|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| RPOR0<5:0>   | S1RP32          | Port Pin S1RB0     |
| RPOR0<13:8>  | S1RP33          | Port Pin S1RB1     |
| RPOR1<5:0>   | S1RP34          | Port Pin S1RB2     |
| RPOR1<13:8>  | S1RP35          | Port Pin S1RB3     |
| RPOR2<5:0>   | S1RP36          | Port Pin S1RB4     |
| RPOR2<13:8>  | S1RP37          | Port Pin S1RB5     |
| RPOR3<5:0>   | S1RP38          | Port Pin S1RB6     |
| RPOR3<13:8>  | S1RP39          | Port Pin S1RB7     |
| RPOR4<5:0>   | S1RP40          | Port Pin S1RB8     |
| RPOR4<13:8>  | S1RP41          | Port Pin S1RB9     |
| RPOR5<5:0>   | S1RP42          | Port Pin S1RB10    |
| RPOR5<13:8>  | S1RP43          | Port Pin S1RB11    |
| RPOR6<5:0>   | S1RP44          | Port Pin S1RB12    |
| RPOR6<13:8>  | S1RP45          | Port Pin S1RB13    |
| RPOR7<5:0>   | S1RP46          | Port Pin S1RB14    |
| RPOR7<13:8>  | S1RP47          | Port Pin S1RB15    |
| RPOR8<5:0>   | S1RP48          | Port Pin S1RC0     |
| RPOR8<13:8>  | S1RP49          | Port Pin S1RC1     |
| RPOR9<5:0>   | S1RP50          | Port Pin S1RC2     |
| RPOR9<13:8>  | S1RP51          | Port Pin S1RC3     |
| RPOR10<5:0>  | S1RP52          | Port Pin S1RC4     |
| RPOR10<13:8> | S1RP53          | Port Pin S1RC5     |
| RPOR11<5:0>  | S1RP54          | Port Pin S1RC6     |
| RPOR11<13:8> | S1RP55          | Port Pin S1RC7     |
| RPOR12<5:0>  | S1RP56          | Port Pin S1RC8     |
| RPOR12<13:8> | S1RP57          | Port Pin S1RC9     |
| RPOR13<5:0>  | S1RP58          | Port Pin S1RC10    |
| RPOR13<13:8> | S1RP59          | Port Pin S1RC11    |
| RPOR14<5:0>  | S1RP60          | Port Pin S1RC12    |
| RPOR14<13:8> | S1RP61          | Port Pin S1RC13    |
| RPOR15<5:0>  | S1RP62          | Port Pin S1RC14    |
| RPOR15<13:8> | S1RP63          | Port Pin S1RC15    |
| RPOR16<5:0>  | S1RP64          | Port Pin S1RD0     |
| RPOR16<13:8> | S1RP65          | Port Pin S1RD1     |
| RPOR17<5:0>  | S1RP66          | Port Pin S1RD2     |
| RPOR17<13:8> | S1RP67          | Port Pin S1RD3     |
| RPOR18<5:0>  | S1RP68          | Port Pin S1RD4     |
| RPOR18<13:8> | S1RP69          | Port Pin S1RD5     |
| RPOR19<5:0>  | S1RP70          | Port Pin S1RD6     |
| RPOR19<13:8> | S1RP71          | Port Pin S1RD7     |
|              | S1RP181-S1RP176 | Reserved           |
| RPOR20<5:0>  | S1RP170         | Virtual Pin S1RPV0 |
| RPOR20<13:8> | S1RP171         | Virtual Pin S1RPV1 |
| RPOR21<5:0>  | S1RP172         | Virtual Pin S1RPV2 |
| RPOR21<13:8> | S1RP173         | Virtual Pin S1RPV3 |
| RPOR22<5:0>  | S1RP174         | Virtual Pin S1RPV4 |
| RPOR22<13:8> | S1RP175         | Virtual Pin S1RPV5 |

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**TABLE 4-31: OUTPUT SELECTION FOR REMAPPABLE PINS (S1RPn)**

| Function     | RPnR<5:0> | Output Name                          |
|--------------|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| Default PORT | 000000    | S1RPn tied to Default Pin            |
| S1U1TX       | 000001    | S1RPn tied to UART1 Transmit         |
| S1U1RTS      | 000010    | S1RPn tied to UART1 Request-to-Send  |
| S1SDO1       | 000101    | S1RPn tied to SPI1 Data Output       |
| S1SCK1OUT    | 000110    | S1RPn tied to SPI1 Clock Output      |
| S1SS1OUT     | 000111    | S1RPn tied to SPI1 Slave Select      |
| S1REFCLKO    | 001110    | S1RPn tied to Reference Clock Output |
| S1OCM1       | 001111    | S1RPn tied to SCCP1 Output           |
| S1OCM2       | 010000    | S1RPn tied to SCCP2 Output           |
| S1OCM3       | 010001    | S1RPn tied to SCCP3 Output           |
| S1OCM4       | 010010    | S1RPn tied to SCCP4 Output           |
| S1CMP1       | 010111    | S1RPn tied to Comparator 1 Output    |
| S1CMP2       | 011000    | S1RPn tied to Comparator 2 Output    |
| S1CMP3       | 011001    | S1RPn tied to Comparator 3 Output    |
| S1PWMH4      | 100010    | S1RPn tied to PWM4H Output           |
| S1PWML4      | 100011    | S1RPn tied to PWM4L Output           |
| S1PWMEA      | 100100    | S1RPn tied to PWM Event A Output     |
| S1PWMEB      | 100101    | S1RPn tied to PWM Event B Output     |
| S1QEICMP1    | 100110    | S1RPn tied to QEI Comparator Output  |
| S1CLC1OUT    | 101000    | S1RPn tied to CLC1 Output            |
| S1CLC2OUT    | 101001    | S1RPn tied to CLC2 Output            |
| S1PWMEC      | 101100    | S1RPn tied to PWM Event C Output     |
| S1PWMED      | 101101    | S1RPn tied to PWM Event D Output     |
| MPTGTRG1     | 101110    | Master PTG24 Output                  |
| MPTGTRG2     | 101111    | Master PTG25 Output                  |
| S1CLC3OUT    | 110010    | S1RPn tied to CLC3 Output            |

**TABLE 4-32: SLAVE PPS OUTPUT CONTROL REGISTERS**

| Register              | Bit 15 | Bit 14 | Bit 13  | Bit 12  | Bit 11  | Bit 10  | Bit 9   | Bit 8   | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5   | Bit 4   | Bit 3   | Bit 2   | Bit 1   | Bit 0   |
|-----------------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| RPOR0                 | —      | —      | RP33R5  | RP33R4  | RP33R3  | RP33R2  | RP33R1  | RP33R0  | —     | —     | RP32R5  | RP32R4  | RP32R3  | RP32R2  | RP32R1  | RP32R0  |
| RPOR1                 | —      | —      | RP35R5  | RP35R4  | RP35R3  | RP35R2  | RP35R1  | RP35R0  | —     | —     | RP34R5  | RP34R4  | RP34R3  | RP34R2  | RP34R1  | RP34R0  |
| RPOR2                 | —      | —      | RP37R5  | RP37R4  | RP37R3  | RP37R2  | RP37R1  | RP37R0  | —     | —     | RP36R5  | RP36R4  | RP36R3  | RP36R2  | RP36R1  | RP36R0  |
| RPOR3                 | —      | —      | RP39R5  | RP39R4  | RP39R3  | RP39R2  | RP39R1  | RP39R0  | —     | —     | RP38R5  | RP38R4  | RP38R3  | RP38R2  | RP38R1  | RP38R0  |
| RPOR4                 | —      | —      | RP41R5  | RP41R4  | RP41R3  | RP41R2  | RP41R1  | RP41R0  | —     | —     | RP40R5  | RP40R4  | RP40R3  | RP40R2  | RP40R1  | RP40R0  |
| RPOR5                 | —      | —      | RP43R5  | RP43R4  | RP43R3  | RP43R2  | RP43R1  | RP43R0  | —     | —     | RP42R5  | RP42R4  | RP42R3  | RP42R2  | RP42R1  | RP42R0  |
| RPOR6                 | —      | —      | RP45R5  | RP45R4  | RP45R3  | RP45R2  | RP45R1  | RP45R0  | —     | —     | RP44R5  | RP44R4  | RP44R3  | RP44R2  | RP44R1  | RP44R0  |
| RPOR7                 | —      | —      | RP47R5  | RP47R4  | RP47R3  | RP47R2  | RP47R1  | RP47R0  | —     | —     | RP46R5  | RP46R4  | RP46R3  | RP46R2  | RP46R1  | RP46R0  |
| RPOR8                 | —      | —      | RP49R5  | RP49R4  | RP49R3  | RP49R2  | RP49R1  | RP49R0  | —     | —     | RP48R5  | RP48R4  | RP48R3  | RP48R2  | RP48R1  | RP48R0  |
| RPOR9                 | —      | —      | RP51R5  | RP51R4  | RP51R3  | RP51R2  | RP51R1  | RP51R0  | —     | —     | RP50R5  | RP50R4  | RP50R3  | RP50R2  | RP50R1  | RP50R0  |
| RPOR10                | —      | —      | RP53R5  | RP53R4  | RP53R3  | RP53R2  | RP53R1  | RP53R0  | —     | —     | RP52R5  | RP52R4  | RP52R3  | RP52R2  | RP52R1  | RP52R0  |
| RPOR11                | —      | —      | RP55R5  | RP55R4  | RP55R3  | RP55R2  | RP55R1  | RP55R0  | —     | —     | RP54R5  | RP54R4  | RP54R3  | RP54R2  | RP54R1  | RP54R0  |
| RPOR12                | —      | —      | RP57R5  | RP57R4  | RP57R3  | RP57R2  | RP57R1  | RP57R0  | —     | —     | RP56R5  | RP56R4  | RP56R3  | RP56R2  | RP56R1  | RP56R0  |
| RPOR13                | —      | —      | RP59R5  | RP59R4  | RP59R3  | RP59R2  | RP59R1  | RP59R0  | —     | —     | RP58R5  | RP58R4  | RP58R3  | RP58R2  | RP58R1  | RP58R0  |
| RPOR14                | —      | —      | RP61R5  | RP61R4  | RP61R3  | RP61R2  | RP61R1  | RP61R0  | —     | —     | RP60R5  | RP60R4  | RP60R3  | RP60R2  | RP60R1  | RP60R0  |
| RPOR15                | —      | —      | RP63R5  | RP63R4  | RP63R3  | RP63R2  | RP63R1  | RP63R0  | —     | —     | RP62R5  | RP62R4  | RP62R3  | RP62R2  | RP62R1  | RP62R0  |
| RPOR16                | —      | —      | RP65R5  | RP65R4  | RP65R3  | RP65R2  | RP65R1  | RP65R0  | —     | —     | RP64R5  | RP64R4  | RP64R3  | RP64R2  | RP64R1  | RP64R0  |
| RPOR17                | —      | —      | RP67R5  | RP67R4  | RP67R3  | RP67R2  | RP67R1  | RP67R0  | —     | —     | RP66R5  | RP66R4  | RP66R3  | RP66R2  | RP66R1  | RP66R0  |
| RPOR18                | —      | —      | RP69R5  | RP69R4  | RP69R3  | RP69R2  | RP69R1  | RP69R0  | —     | —     | RP68R5  | RP68R4  | RP68R3  | RP68R2  | RP68R1  | RP68R0  |
| RPOR19                | —      | —      | RP71R5  | RP71R4  | RP71R3  | RP71R2  | RP71R1  | RP71R0  | —     | —     | RP70R5  | RP70R4  | RP70R3  | RP70R2  | RP70R1  | RP70R0  |
| RPOR20 <sup>(1)</sup> | —      | —      | RP171R5 | RP171R4 | RP171R3 | RP177R2 | RP171R1 | RP171R0 | —     | —     | RP170R5 | RP170R4 | RP170R3 | RP170R2 | RP170R1 | RP170R0 |
| RPOR21 <sup>(1)</sup> | —      | —      | RP173R5 | RP173R4 | RP173R3 | RP173R2 | RP173R1 | RP173R0 | —     | —     | RP172R5 | RP172R4 | RP172R3 | RP172R2 | RP172R1 | RP172R0 |
| RPOR22 <sup>(1)</sup> | —      | —      | RP175R5 | RP175R4 | RP175R3 | RP175R2 | RP175R1 | RP175R0 | —     | —     | RP174R5 | RP174R4 | RP174R3 | RP174R2 | RP174R1 | RP174R0 |

**Note 1:** The RPOR20, RPOR21 and RPOR22 registers are for virtual output pins.



## 4.6.6 I/O HELPFUL TIPS

1. In some cases, certain pins, as defined in [Table 24-18](#) under “Injection Current”, have internal protection diodes to VDD and VSS. The term, “Injection Current”, is also referred to as “Clamp Current”. On designated pins, with sufficient external current-limiting precautions by the user, I/O pin input voltages are allowed to be greater or lesser than the data sheet absolute maximum ratings, with respect to the VSS and VDD supplies. Note that when the user application forward biases either of the high or low-side internal input clamp diodes, that the resulting current being injected into the device, that is clamped internally by the VDD and VSS power rails, may affect the ADC accuracy by four to six counts.
2. I/O pins that are shared with any analog input pin (i.e., ANx) are always analog pins, by default, after any Reset. Consequently, configuring a pin as an analog input pin automatically disables the digital input pin buffer and any attempt to read the digital input level by reading PORTx or LATx will always return a ‘0’, regardless of the digital logic level on the pin. To use a pin as a digital I/O pin on a shared ANx pin, the user application needs to configure the Analog Select for PORTx registers, in the I/O ports module (i.e., ANSELx), by setting the appropriate bit that corresponds to that I/O port pin to a ‘0’.

**Note:** Although it is not possible to use a digital input pin when its analog function is enabled, it is possible to use the digital I/O output function, TRISx = 0x0, while the analog function is also enabled. However, this is not recommended, particularly if the analog input is connected to an external analog voltage source, which would create signal contention between the analog signal and the output pin driver.

3. Most I/O pins have multiple functions. Referring to the device pin diagrams in this data sheet, the priorities of the functions allocated to any pins are indicated by reading the pin name, from left-to-right. The left most function name takes precedence over any function to its right in the naming convention. For example: AN16/T2CK/T7CK/RC1; this indicates that AN16 is the highest priority in this example and will supersede all other functions to its right in the list. Those other functions to its right, even if enabled, would not work as long as any other function to its left was enabled. This rule applies to all of the functions listed for a given pin.
4. Each pin has an internal weak pull-up resistor and pull-down resistor that can be configured using the CNPUs and CNPDx registers, respectively. These resistors eliminate the need for external resistors in certain applications. The internal pull-up is up to  $\sim(VDD - 0.8)$ , not VDD. This value is still above the minimum  $V_{IH}$  of CMOS and TTL devices.
5. When driving LEDs directly, the I/O pin can source or sink more current than what is specified in the  $V_{OH}/I_{OH}$  and  $V_{OL}/I_{OL}$  DC characteristics specification. The respective  $I_{OH}$  and  $I_{OL}$  current rating only applies to maintaining the corresponding output at or above the  $V_{OH}$ , and at or below the  $V_{OL}$  levels. However, for LEDs, unlike digital inputs of an externally connected device, they are not governed by the same minimum  $V_{IH}/V_{IL}$  levels. An I/O pin output can safely sink or source any current less than that listed in the Absolute Maximum Ratings in [Section 24.0 “Electrical Characteristics”](#) of this data sheet. For example:

$$V_{OH} = 2.4\text{V} @ I_{OH} = -8\text{mA and } V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$$

The maximum output current sourced by any 8 mA I/O pin = 12 mA.

LED source current < 12 mA is technically permitted.

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6. The Peripheral Pin Select (PPS) pin mapping rules are as follows:

- a) Only one “output” function can be active on a given pin at any time, regardless if it is a dedicated or remappable function (one pin, one output).
- b) It is possible to assign a “remappable output” function to multiple pins and externally short or tie them together for increased current drive.
- c) If any “dedicated output” function is enabled on a pin, it will take precedence over any remappable “output” function.
- d) If any “dedicated digital” (input or output) function is enabled on a pin, any number of “input” remappable functions can be mapped to the same pin.
- e) If any “dedicated analog” function(s) are enabled on a given pin, “digital input(s)” of any kind will all be disabled, although a single “digital output”, at the user’s cautionary discretion, can be enabled and active as long as there is no signal contention with an external analog input signal. For example, it is possible for the ADC to convert the digital output logic level, or to toggle a digital output on a comparator or ADC input, provided there is no external analog input, such as for a Built-In Self-Test.
- f) Any number of “input” remappable functions can be mapped to the same pin(s) at the same time, including to any pin with a single output from either a dedicated or remappable “output”.
- g) The TRISx registers control *only* the digital I/O output buffer. Any other dedicated or remappable active “output” will automatically override the TRISx setting. The TRISx register *does not* control the digital logic “input” buffer. Remappable digital “inputs” do not automatically override TRISx settings, which means that the TRISx bit must be set to input for pins with only remappable input function(s) assigned.
- h) All analog pins are enabled by default after any Reset and the corresponding digital input buffer on the pin has been disabled. Only the Analog Select for PORTx (ANSELx) registers control the digital input buffer, *not* the TRISx register. The user must disable the analog function on a pin using the Analog Select for PORTx registers in order to use any “digital input(s)” on a corresponding pin, no exceptions.

## 4.6.7 I/O PORTS RESOURCES

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page contains the latest updates and additional information.

### 4.6.7.1 Key Resources

- “I/O Ports with Edge Detect” (DS70005322) in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual” Sections
- Development Tools

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## 4.6.8 PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT REGISTERS

### REGISTER 4-35: RPCON: PERIPHERAL REMAPPING CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |        |     |     |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|-----|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | IOLOCK | —   | —   | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     | bit 8  |     |     |     |

|       |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   | —   | —   |
| bit 7 |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |     |     |

#### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-12                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 11                      **IOLOCK:** Peripheral Remapping Register Lock bit

1 = All Peripheral Remapping registers are locked and cannot be written  
 0 = All Peripheral Remapping registers are unlocked and can be written

bit 10-0                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

### REGISTER 4-36: RPINR0: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 0

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| INT1R7 | INT1R6 | INT1R5 | INT1R4 | INT1R3 | INT1R2 | INT1R1 | INT1R0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        | bit 8  |        |        |        |

|       |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   | —   | —   |
| bit 7 |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |     |     |

#### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **INT1R<7:0>:** Assign External Interrupt 1 (S1INT1) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

bit 7-0                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 4-37: RPINR1: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 1

|         |         |         |         |         |         |        |        |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| INT3R15 | INT3R14 | INT3R13 | INT3R12 | INT3R11 | INT3R10 | INT3R9 | INT3R8 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |        | bit 8  |

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| INT2R7 | INT2R6 | INT2R5 | INT2R4 | INT2R3 | INT2R2 | INT2R1 | INT2R0 |
| bit 7  |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **INT3R<15:8>**: Assign External Interrupt 3 (S1INT3) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

bit 7-0            **INT2R<7:0>**: Assign External Interrupt 2 (S1INT2) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

## REGISTER 4-38: RPINR2: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 2

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| T1CKR7 | T1CKR6 | T1CKR5 | T1CKR4 | T1CKR3 | T1CKR2 | T1CKR1 | T1CKR0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **T1CKR<7:0>**: Assign Timer1 External Clock (S1T1CK) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

bit 7-0            **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 4-39: RPINR3: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 3

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| ICM1R7 | ICM1R6 | ICM1R5 | ICM1R4 | ICM1R3 | ICM1R2 | ICM1R1 | ICM1R0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| TCKI1R7 | TCKI1R6 | TCKI1R5 | TCKI1R4 | TCKI1R3 | TCKI1R2 | TCKI1R1 | TCKI1R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **ICM1R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Capture 1 (S1ICM1) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

bit 7-0            **TCKI1R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Timer1 (S1TCKI1) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

## REGISTER 4-40: RPINR4: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 4

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| ICM2R7 | ICM2R6 | ICM2R5 | ICM2R4 | ICM2R3 | ICM2R2 | ICM2R1 | ICM2R0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| TCKI2R7 | TCKI2R6 | TCKI2R5 | TCKI2R4 | TCKI2R3 | TCKI2R2 | TCKI2R1 | TCKI2R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **ICM2R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Capture 2 (S1ICM2) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

bit 7-0            **TCKI2R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Timer2 (S1TCKI2) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

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## REGISTER 4-41: RPINR5: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 5

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| ICM3R7 | ICM3R6 | ICM3R5 | ICM3R4 | ICM3R3 | ICM3R2 | ICM3R1 | ICM3R0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| TCKI3R7 | TCKI3R6 | TCKI3R5 | TCKI3R4 | TCKI3R3 | TCKI3R2 | TCKI3R1 | TCKI3R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **ICM3R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Capture 3 (S1ICM3) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

bit 7-0            **TCKI3R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Timer3 (S1TCKI3) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

## REGISTER 4-42: RPINR6: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 6

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| ICM4R7 | ICM4R6 | ICM4R5 | ICM4R4 | ICM4R3 | ICM4R2 | ICM4R1 | ICM4R0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| TCKI4R7 | TCKI4R6 | TCKI4R5 | TCKI4R4 | TCKI4R3 | TCKI4R2 | TCKI4R1 | TCKI4R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **ICM4R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Capture 4 (S1ICM4) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

bit 7-0            **TCKI4R<7:0>**: Assign SCCP Timer4 (S1TCKI4) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

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## REGISTER 4-43: RPINR11: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 11

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| OCFBR7 | OCFBR6 | OCFBR5 | OCFBR4 | OCFBR3 | OCFBR2 | OCFBR1 | OCFBR0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| OCFAR7 | OCFAR6 | OCFAR5 | OCFAR4 | OCFAR3 | OCFAR2 | OCFAR1 | OCFAR0 |
| bit 7  |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **OCFBR<7:0>**: Assign Output Compare Fault B (S1OCFB) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#)

bit 7-0                      **OCFBA<7:0>**: Assign Output Compare Fault A (S1OCFA) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#)

## REGISTER 4-44: RPINR12: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 12

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| PCI9R7 | PCI9R6 | PCI9R5 | PCI9R4 | PCI9R3 | PCI9R2 | PCI9R1 | PCI9R0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| PCI8R7 | PCI8R6 | PCI8R5 | PCI8R4 | PCI8R3 | PCI8R2 | PCI8R1 | PCI8R0 |
| bit 7  |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **PCI9R<7:0>**: Assign PWM Input 9 (S1PCI9) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

bit 7-0                      **PCI8R<7:0>**: Assign PWM Input 8 (S1PCI8) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

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## REGISTER 4-45: RPINR13: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 13

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| PCI11R7 | PCI11R6 | PCI11R5 | PCI11R4 | PCI11R3 | PCI11R2 | PCI11R1 | PCI11R0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| PCI10R7 | PCI10R6 | PCI10R5 | PCI10R4 | PCI10R3 | PCI10R2 | PCI10R1 | PCI10R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **PCI11R<7:0>**: Assign PWM Input 11 (S1PCI11) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

bit 7-0             **PCI10R<7:0>**: Assign PWM Input 10 (S1PCI10) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

## REGISTER 4-46: RPINR14: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 14

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| QEIB1R7 | QEIB1R6 | QEIB1R5 | QEIB1R4 | QEIB1R3 | QEIB1R2 | QEIB1R1 | QEIB1R0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| QEIA1R7 | QEIA1R6 | QEIA1R5 | QEIA1R4 | QEIA1R3 | QEIA1R2 | QEIA1R1 | QEIA1R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **QEIB1R<7:0>**: Assign QEI Input B (S1QEIB1) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

bit 7-0             **QEIA1R<7:0>**: Assign QEI Input A (S1QEIA1) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).



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## REGISTER 4-47: RPINR15: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 15

|           |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     |
| QEIHOM1R7 | QEIHOM1R6 | QEIHOM1R5 | QEIHOM1R4 | QEIHOM1R3 | QEIHOM1R2 | QEIHOM1R1 | QEIHOM1R0 |
| bit 15    |           |           |           |           |           |           | bit 8     |

|           |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     |
| QEINDX1R7 | QEINDX1R6 | QEINDX1R5 | QEINDX1R4 | QEINDX1R3 | QEINDX1R2 | QEINDX1R1 | QEINDX1R0 |
| bit 7     |           |           |           |           |           |           | bit 0     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **QEIHOM1R<7:0>**: Assign QEI Home 1 Input (S1QEIHOM1) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

bit 7-0            **QEINDX1R<7:0>**: Assign QEI Index 1 Input (S1QEINDX1) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

## REGISTER 4-48: RPINR18: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 18

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| U1DSRR7 | U1DSRR6 | U1DSRR5 | U1DSRR4 | U1DSRR3 | U1DSRR2 | U1DSRR1 | U1DSRR0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| U1RXR7 | U1RXR6 | U1RXR5 | U1RXR4 | U1RXR3 | U1RXR2 | U1RXR1 | U1RXR0 |
| bit 7  |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **U1DSRR<7:0>**: Assign UART1 Data-Set-Ready ( $\overline{S1U1DSR}$ ) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

bit 7-0            **U1RXR<7:0>**: Assign UART1 Receive (S1U1RX) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

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## REGISTER 4-49: RPINR20: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 20

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| SCK1R7 | SCK1R6 | SCK1R5 | SCK1R4 | SCK1R3 | SCK1R2 | SCK1R1 | SCK1R0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| SDI1R7 | SDI1R6 | SDI1R5 | SDI1R4 | SDI1R3 | SDI1R2 | SDI1R1 | SDI1R0 |
| bit 7  |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **SCK1R<7:0>**: Assign SPI1 Clock Input (S1SCK1) to the Corresponding S1RPN Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

bit 7-0                      **SDI1R<7:0>**: Assign SPI1 Data Input (S1SDI1) to the Corresponding S1RPN Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

## REGISTER 4-50: RPINR21: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 21

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| REFOIR7 | REFOIR6 | REFOIR5 | REFOIR4 | REFOIR3 | REFOIR2 | REFOIR1 | REFOIR0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SS1R7 | SS1R6 | SS1R5 | SS1R4 | SS1R3 | SS1R2 | SS1R1 | SS1R0 |
| bit 7 |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **REFOIR<7:0>**: Assign Reference Clock Input (S1REFOI) to the Corresponding S1RPN Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

bit 7-0                      **SS1R<7:0>**: Assign SPI1 Slave Select ( $\overline{S1SS1}$ ) to the Corresponding S1RPN Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

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## REGISTER 4-51: RPINR23: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 23

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| U1CTSR7 | U1CTSR6 | U1CTSR5 | U1CTSR4 | U1CTSR3 | U1CTSR2 | U1CTSR1 | U1CTSR0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **U1CTSR<7:0>**: Assign UART1 Clear-to-Send ( $\overline{S1U1CTS}$ ) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

bit 7-0                      **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

## REGISTER 4-52: RPINR37: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 37

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| PCI17R7 | PCI17R6 | PCI17R5 | PCI17R4 | PCI17R3 | PCI17R2 | PCI17R1 | PCI17R0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **PCI17R<7:0>**: Assign PWM Input 17 (S1PCI17) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

bit 7-0                      **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 4-53: RPINR38: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 38

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| PCI18R7 | PCI18R6 | PCI18R5 | PCI18R4 | PCI18R3 | PCI18R2 | PCI18R1 | PCI18R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 7-0                      **PCI18R<7:0>:** Assign PWM Input 18 (S1PCI18) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

## REGISTER 4-54: RPINR42: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 42

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| PCI13R7 | PCI13R6 | PCI13R5 | PCI13R4 | PCI13R3 | PCI13R2 | PCI13R1 | PCI13R0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| PCI12R7 | PCI12R6 | PCI12R5 | PCI12R4 | PCI12R3 | PCI12R2 | PCI12R1 | PCI12R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **PCI13R<7:0>:** Assign PWM Input 13 (S1PCI13) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).  
 bit 7-0                      **PCI12R<7:0>:** Assign PWM Input 12 (S1PCI12) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

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## REGISTER 4-55: RPINR43: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 43

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| PCI15R7 | PCI15R6 | PCI15R5 | PCI15R4 | PCI15R3 | PCI15R2 | PCI15R1 | PCI15R0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| PCI14R7 | PCI14R6 | PCI14R5 | PCI14R4 | PCI14R3 | PCI14R2 | PCI14R1 | PCI14R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **PCI15R<7:0>**: Assign PWM Input 15 (S1PCI15) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

bit 7-0                      **PCI14R<7:0>**: Assign PWM Input 14 (S1PCI14) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

## REGISTER 4-56: RPINR44: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 44

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| PCI16R7 | PCI16R6 | PCI16R5 | PCI16R4 | PCI16R3 | PCI16R2 | PCI16R1 | PCI16R0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-0                      **PCI16<7:0>**: Assign PWM Input 16 (S1PCI16) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

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## REGISTER 4-57: RPINR45: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 45

|          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| CLCINAR7 | CLCINAR6 | CLCINAR5 | CLCINAR4 | CLCINAR3 | CLCINAR2 | CLCINAR1 | CLCINAR0 |
| bit 15   |          |          |          |          |          |          | bit 8    |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **CLCINAR<7:0>**: Assign CLC Input A (S1CLCINA) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

bit 7-0            **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

## REGISTER 4-58: RPINR46: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 46

|          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| CLCINCR7 | CLCINCR6 | CLCINCR5 | CLCINCR4 | CLCINCR3 | CLCINCR2 | CLCINCR1 | CLCINCR0 |
| bit 15   |          |          |          |          |          |          | bit 8    |

|          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| CLCINBR7 | CLCINBR6 | CLCINBR5 | CLCINBR4 | CLCINBR3 | CLCINBR2 | CLCINBR1 | CLCINBR0 |
| bit 7    |          |          |          |          |          |          | bit 0    |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **CLCINCR<7:0>**: Assign CLC Input C (S1CLCINC) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

bit 7-0            **CLCINBR<7:0>**: Assign CLC Input B (S1CLCINB) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
 See [Table 4-27](#).

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## REGISTER 4-59: RPINR47: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 47

|          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| ADCTRGR7 | ADCTRGR6 | ADCTRGR5 | ADCTRGR4 | ADCTRGR3 | ADCTRGR2 | ADCTRGR1 | ADCTRGR0 |
| bit 15   |          |          |          |          |          |          | bit 8    |

|          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| CLCINDR7 | CLCINDR6 | CLCINDR5 | CLCINDR4 | CLCINDR3 | CLCINDR2 | CLCINDR1 | CLCINDR0 |
| bit 7    |          |          |          |          |          |          | bit 0    |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8     **ADCTRGR<7:0>**: Assign ADC External Trigger Input (S1ADCTRGR) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
See [Table 4-27](#).

bit 7-0     **CLCINDR<7:0>**: Assign CLC Input D (S1CLCIND) to the Corresponding S1RPn Pin bits  
See [Table 4-27](#).

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## REGISTER 4-60: RPOR0: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 0

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP33R5 | RP33R4 | RP33R3 | RP33R2 | RP33R1 | RP33R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP32R5 | RP32R4 | RP32R3 | RP32R2 | RP32R1 | RP32R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP33R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP33 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP32R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP32 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)

## REGISTER 4-61: RPOR1: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 1

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP35R5 | RP35R4 | RP35R3 | RP35R2 | RP35R1 | RP35R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP34R5 | RP34R4 | RP34R3 | RP34R2 | RP34R1 | RP34R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP35R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP35 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP34R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP34 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)



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## REGISTER 4-62: RPOR2: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 2

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP37R5 | RP37R4 | RP37R3 | RP37R2 | RP37R1 | RP37R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP36R5 | RP36R4 | RP36R3 | RP36R2 | RP36R1 | RP36R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP37R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP37 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0      **RP36R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP36 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)

## REGISTER 4-63: RPOR3: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 3

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP39R5 | RP39R4 | RP39R3 | RP39R2 | RP39R1 | RP39R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP38R5 | RP38R4 | RP38R3 | RP38R2 | RP38R1 | RP38R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP39R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP39 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0      **RP38R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP38 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)

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## REGISTER 4-64: RPOR4: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 4

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP41R5 | RP41R4 | RP41R3 | RP41R2 | RP41R1 | RP41R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP40R5 | RP40R4 | RP40R3 | RP40R2 | RP40R1 | RP40R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP41R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP41 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0      **RP40R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP40 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)

## REGISTER 4-65: RPOR5: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 5

|        |     |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | RP43  | RP43  | RP43  | RP43  | RP43  | RP43  |
| bit 15 |     |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP42R5 | RP42R4 | RP42R3 | RP42R2 | RP42R1 | RP42R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP43R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP43 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0      **RP42R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP42 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)

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## REGISTER 4-66: RPOR6: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 6

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP45R5 | RP45R4 | RP45R3 | RP45R2 | RP45R1 | RP45R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP44R5 | RP44R4 | RP44R3 | RP44R2 | RP44R1 | RP44R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP45R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP45 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0      **RP44R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP44 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)

## REGISTER 4-67: RPOR7: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 7

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP47R5 | RP47R4 | RP47R3 | RP47R2 | RP47R1 | RP47R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP46R5 | RP46R4 | RP46R3 | RP46R2 | RP46R1 | RP46R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP47R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP47 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0      **RP46R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP46 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)

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## REGISTER 4-68: RPOR8: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 8

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP49R5 | RP49R4 | RP49R3 | RP49R2 | RP49R1 | RP49R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP48R5 | RP48R4 | RP48R3 | RP48R2 | RP48R1 | RP48R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP49R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP49 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP48R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP48 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)

## REGISTER 4-69: RPOR9: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 9

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP51R5 | RP51R4 | RP51R3 | RP51R2 | RP51R1 | RP51R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP50R5 | RP50R4 | RP50R3 | RP50R2 | RP50R1 | RP50R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP51R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP51 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP50R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP50 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)

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## REGISTER 4-70: RPOR10: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 10

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP53R5 | RP53R4 | RP53R3 | RP53R2 | RP53R1 | RP53R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP52R5 | RP52R4 | RP52R3 | RP52R2 | RP52R1 | RP52R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP53R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP53 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0      **RP52R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP52 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)

## REGISTER 4-71: RPOR11: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 11

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP55R5 | RP55R4 | RP55R3 | RP55R2 | RP55R1 | RP55R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP54R5 | RP54R4 | RP54R3 | RP54R2 | RP54R1 | RP54R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP55R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP55 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0      **RP54R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP54 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)

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## REGISTER 4-72: RPOR12: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 12

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP57R5 | RP57R4 | RP57R3 | RP57R2 | RP57R1 | RP57R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP56R5 | RP56R4 | RP56R3 | RP56R2 | RP56R1 | RP56R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP57R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP57 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP56R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP56 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)

## REGISTER 4-73: RPOR13: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 13

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP59R5 | RP59R4 | RP59R3 | RP59R2 | RP59R1 | RP59R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP58R5 | RP58R4 | RP58R3 | RP58R2 | RP58R1 | RP58R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP59R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP59 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP58R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP58 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)

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## REGISTER 4-74: RPOR14: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 14

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP61R5 | RP61R4 | RP61R3 | RP61R2 | RP61R1 | RP61R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP60R5 | RP60R4 | RP60R3 | RP60R2 | RP60R1 | RP60R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP61R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP61 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0      **RP60R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP60 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)

## REGISTER 4-75: RPOR15: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 15

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP63R5 | RP63R4 | RP63R3 | RP63R2 | RP63R1 | RP63R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP62R5 | RP62R4 | RP62R3 | RP62R2 | RP62R1 | RP62R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP63R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP63 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0      **RP62R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP62 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)

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## REGISTER 4-76: RPOR16: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 16

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP65R5 | RP65R4 | RP65R3 | RP65R2 | RP65R1 | RP65R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP64R5 | RP64R4 | RP64R3 | RP64R2 | RP64R1 | RP64R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP65R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP65 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP64R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP64 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)

## REGISTER 4-77: RPOR17: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 17

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP67R5 | RP67R4 | RP67R3 | RP67R2 | RP67R1 | RP67R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP66R5 | RP66R4 | RP66R3 | RP66R2 | RP66R1 | RP66R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP67R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP67 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP66R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP66 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)



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## REGISTER 4-78: RPOR18: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 18

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP69R5 | RP69R4 | RP69R3 | RP69R2 | RP69R1 | RP69R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP68R5 | RP68R4 | RP68R3 | RP68R2 | RP68R1 | RP68R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP69R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP69 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0      **RP68R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP68 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)

## REGISTER 4-79: RPOR19: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 19

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | RP71R5 | RP71R4 | RP71R3 | RP71R2 | RP71R1 | RP71R0 |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | RP70R5 | RP70R4 | RP70R3 | RP70R2 | RP70R1 | RP70R0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP71R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP71 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0      **RP70R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP70 Output Pin bits  
 (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 4-80: RPOR20: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 20

|        |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |
|--------|-----|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  |
| —      | —   | RP171R5 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP171R4 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP171R3 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP171R2 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP171R1 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP171R0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 15 |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        | bit 8                  |

|       |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |
|-------|-----|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  |
| —     | —   | RP170R5 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP170R4 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP170R3 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP170R2 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP170R1 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP170R0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 7 |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        | bit 0                  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP171R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP171 Output Pin bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
                   (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP170R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP170 Output Pin bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
                   (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)

**Note 1:** These are virtual output ports.

## REGISTER 4-81: RPOR21: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 21

|        |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |
|--------|-----|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  |
| —      | —   | RP173R5 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP173R4 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP173R3 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP173R2 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP173R1 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP173R0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 15 |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        | bit 8                  |

|       |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |
|-------|-----|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  |
| —     | —   | RP172R5 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP172R4 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP172R3 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP172R2 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP172R1 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP172R0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 7 |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        | bit 0                  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP173R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP173 Output Pin bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
                   (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP172R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP172 Output Pin bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
                   (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)

**Note 1:** These are virtual output ports.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 4-82: RPOR22: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 22

|        |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |
|--------|-----|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  |
| —      | —   | RP175R5 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP175R4 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP175R3 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP175R2 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP175R1 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP175R0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 15 |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        | bit 8                  |

|       |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |
|-------|-----|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  |
| —     | —   | RP174R5 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP174R4 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP174R3 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP174R2 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP174R1 <sup>(1)</sup> | RP174R0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 7 |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        | bit 0                  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8      **RP175R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP175 Output Pin bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
                   (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0        **RP174R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to S1RP174 Output Pin bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
                   (see [Table 4-31](#) for peripheral function numbers)

**Note 1:** These are virtual output ports.

**TABLE 4-33: PORTA REGISTER SUMMARY**

| Register | Bit 15 | Bit 14 | Bit 13 | Bit 12 | Bit 11  | Bit 10 | Bit 9 | Bit 8 | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4        | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| ANSELA   | —      | —      | —      | —      | —       | —      | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | ANSELA<3:1>  |       |       |       | —     |
| TRISA    | —      | —      | —      | —      | —       | —      | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | TRISA<4:0>   |       |       |       |       |
| PORTA    | —      | —      | —      | —      | —       | —      | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | RA<4:0>      |       |       |       |       |
| LATA     | —      | —      | —      | —      | —       | —      | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | LATA<4:0>    |       |       |       |       |
| ODCA     | —      | —      | —      | —      | —       | —      | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | ODCA<4:0>    |       |       |       |       |
| CNPUA    | —      | —      | —      | —      | —       | —      | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | CNPUA<4:0>   |       |       |       |       |
| CNPDA    | —      | —      | —      | —      | —       | —      | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | CNPDA<4:0>   |       |       |       |       |
| CNCONA   | ON     | —      | —      | —      | CNSTYLE | —      | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | —            | —     | —     | —     | —     |
| CNEN0A   | —      | —      | —      | —      | —       | —      | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | CNEN0A<4:0>  |       |       |       |       |
| CNSTATA  | —      | —      | —      | —      | —       | —      | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | CNSTATA<4:0> |       |       |       |       |
| CNEN1A   | —      | —      | —      | —      | —       | —      | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | CNEN1A<4:0>  |       |       |       |       |
| CNFA     | —      | —      | —      | —      | —       | —      | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | CNFA<4:0>    |       |       |       |       |

**TABLE 4-34: PORTB REGISTER SUMMARY**

| Register | Bit 15        | Bit 14 | Bit 13 | Bit 12 | Bit 11  | Bit 10 | Bit 9 | Bit 8       | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3       | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |  |
|----------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|-------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| ANSELB   | —             | —      | —      | —      | —       | —      | —     | ANSELB<8:7> |       |       | —     | —     | ANSELB<4:0> |       |       |       |  |
| TRISB    | TRISB<15:0>   |        |        |        |         |        |       |             |       |       |       |       |             |       |       |       |  |
| PORTB    | RB<15:0>      |        |        |        |         |        |       |             |       |       |       |       |             |       |       |       |  |
| LATB     | LATB<15:0>    |        |        |        |         |        |       |             |       |       |       |       |             |       |       |       |  |
| ODCB     | ODCB<15:0>    |        |        |        |         |        |       |             |       |       |       |       |             |       |       |       |  |
| CNPUB    | CNPUB<15:0>   |        |        |        |         |        |       |             |       |       |       |       |             |       |       |       |  |
| CNPDB    | CNPDB<15:0>   |        |        |        |         |        |       |             |       |       |       |       |             |       |       |       |  |
| CNCONB   | ON            | —      | —      | —      | CNSTYLE | —      | —     | —           | —     | —     | —     | —     | —           | —     | —     | —     |  |
| CNEN0B   | CNEN0B<15:0>  |        |        |        |         |        |       |             |       |       |       |       |             |       |       |       |  |
| CNSTATB  | CNSTATB<15:0> |        |        |        |         |        |       |             |       |       |       |       |             |       |       |       |  |
| CNEN1B   | CNEN1B<15:0>  |        |        |        |         |        |       |             |       |       |       |       |             |       |       |       |  |
| CNFB     | CNFB<15:0>    |        |        |        |         |        |       |             |       |       |       |       |             |       |       |       |  |

**TABLE 4-35: PORTC REGISTER SUMMARY**

| Register | Bit 15        | Bit 14 | Bit 13 | Bit 12 | Bit 11  | Bit 10 | Bit 9 | Bit 8 | Bit 7      | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2      | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
|----------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|-------|-------|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------------|-------|-------|
| ANSEL    | —             | —      | —      | —      | —       | —      | —     | —     | ANSEL<7:6> |       |       | —     | —     | ANSEL<3:0> |       |       |
| TRISC    | TRISC<15:0>   |        |        |        |         |        |       |       |            |       |       |       |       |            |       |       |
| PORTC    | RC<15:0>      |        |        |        |         |        |       |       |            |       |       |       |       |            |       |       |
| LATC     | LATC<15:0>    |        |        |        |         |        |       |       |            |       |       |       |       |            |       |       |
| ODCC     | ODCC<15:0>    |        |        |        |         |        |       |       |            |       |       |       |       |            |       |       |
| CNPUC    | CNPUC<15:0>   |        |        |        |         |        |       |       |            |       |       |       |       |            |       |       |
| CNPDC    | CNPDC<15:0>   |        |        |        |         |        |       |       |            |       |       |       |       |            |       |       |
| CNCONC   | ON            | —      | —      | —      | CNSTYLE | —      | —     | —     | —          | —     | —     | —     | —     | —          | —     | —     |
| CNEN0C   | CNEN0C<15:0>  |        |        |        |         |        |       |       |            |       |       |       |       |            |       |       |
| CNSTATC  | CNSTATC<15:0> |        |        |        |         |        |       |       |            |       |       |       |       |            |       |       |
| CNEN1C   | CNEN1C<15:0>  |        |        |        |         |        |       |       |            |       |       |       |       |            |       |       |
| CNFC     | CNFC<15:0>    |        |        |        |         |        |       |       |            |       |       |       |       |            |       |       |

**TABLE 4-36: PORTD REGISTER SUMMARY**

| Register | Bit 15        | Bit 14        | Bit 13 | Bit 12 | Bit 11  | Bit 10 | Bit 9 | Bit 8 | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |   |
|----------|---------------|---------------|--------|--------|---------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|
| ANSELD   | —             | ANSELD<14:10> |        |        |         |        | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | — |
| TRISD    | TRISD<15:0>   |               |        |        |         |        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |   |
| PORTD    | RD<15:0>      |               |        |        |         |        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |   |
| LATD     | LATD<15:0>    |               |        |        |         |        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |   |
| ODCD     | ODCD<15:0>    |               |        |        |         |        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |   |
| CNPUD    | CNPUD<15:0>   |               |        |        |         |        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |   |
| CNPDD    | CNPDD<15:0>   |               |        |        |         |        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |   |
| CNCOND   | ON            | —             | —      | —      | CNSTYLE | —      | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     |   |
| CNEN0D   | CNEN0D<15:0>  |               |        |        |         |        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |   |
| CNSTATD  | CNSTATD<15:0> |               |        |        |         |        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |   |
| CNEN1D   | CNEN1D<15:0>  |               |        |        |         |        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |   |
| CNFD     | CNFD<15:0>    |               |        |        |         |        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |   |

**TABLE 4-37: PORTE REGISTER SUMMARY**

| Register | Bit 15        | Bit 14 | Bit 13 | Bit 12 | Bit 11  | Bit 10 | Bit 9 | Bit 8 | Bit 7 | Bit 6   | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
|----------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|-------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| ANSLE    | —             | —      | —      | —      | —       | —      | —     | —     | —     | ANSELE6 | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     |
| TRISE    | TRISE<15:0>   |        |        |        |         |        |       |       |       |         |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| PORTE    | RE<15:0>      |        |        |        |         |        |       |       |       |         |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| LATE     | LATE<15:0>    |        |        |        |         |        |       |       |       |         |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| ODCE     | ODCE<15:0>    |        |        |        |         |        |       |       |       |         |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| CNPUE    | CNPUE<15:0>   |        |        |        |         |        |       |       |       |         |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| CNPDE    | CNPDE<15:0>   |        |        |        |         |        |       |       |       |         |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| CNCONE   | ON            | —      | —      | —      | CNSTYLE | —      | —     | —     | —     | —       | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     |
| CNEN0E   | CNEN0E<15:0>  |        |        |        |         |        |       |       |       |         |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| CNSTATE  | CNSTATE<15:0> |        |        |        |         |        |       |       |       |         |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| CNEN1E   | CNEN1E<15:0>  |        |        |        |         |        |       |       |       |         |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| CNFE     | CNFE<15:0>    |        |        |        |         |        |       |       |       |         |       |       |       |       |       |       |

## 4.7 High-Speed, 12-Bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (Slave ADC)

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**12-Bit High-Speed, Multiple SARs A/D Converter (ADC)**” (DS70005213) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

**2:** This section describes the Slave ADC.

dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 devices have a high-speed, 12-bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC) that features a low conversion latency, high resolution and over-sampling capabilities to improve performance in AC/DC, DC/DC power converters. The Slave implements the ADC with three SAR cores, two dedicated and one shared.

### 4.7.1 SLAVE ADC FEATURES OVERVIEW

The High-Speed, 12-Bit Multiple SARs Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC) includes the following features:

- Three ADC Cores: Two Dedicated Cores and One Shared (common) Core
- User-Configurable Resolution of up to 12 Bits for each Core
- Up to 3.5 Msps Conversion Rate per Channel at 12-Bit Resolution
- Low-Latency Conversion
- Up to 20 Analog Input Channels, with a Separate 16-Bit Conversion Result Register for each Input
- Conversion Result can be Formatted as Unsigned or Signed Data, on a per Channel Basis, for All Channels

- Simultaneous Sampling of up to Three Analog Inputs
- Channel Scan Capability
- Multiple Conversion Trigger Options for each Core, including:
  - PWM triggers from Master and Slave CPU cores
  - SCCP modules triggers
  - CLC modules triggers
  - External pin trigger event (ADTRG31)
  - Software trigger
- Four Integrated Digital Comparators with Dedicated Interrupts:
  - Multiple comparison options
  - Assignable to specific analog inputs
- Four Oversampling Filters with Dedicated Interrupts:
  - Provide increased resolution
  - Assignable to a specific analog input
- CVD Hardware for Capacitive Touch and Capacitance Measurement Applications

The module consists of three independent SAR ADC cores. Simplified block diagrams of the Multiple SARs 12-Bit ADC are shown in [Figure 4-20](#) and [Figure 4-21](#).

The analog inputs (channels) are connected through multiplexers and switches to the Sample-and-Hold (S&H) circuit of each ADC core. The core uses the channel information (the output format, the Measurement mode and the input number) to process the analog sample. When conversion is complete, the result is stored in the result buffer for the specific analog input, and passed to the digital filter and digital comparator if they were configured to use data from this particular channel.

The ADC module can sample up to three inputs at a time (two inputs from the dedicated SAR cores and one from the shared SAR core). If multiple ADC inputs request conversion on the shared core, the module will convert them in a sequential manner, starting with the lowest order input.

The ADC provides each analog input the ability to specify its own trigger source. This capability allows the ADC to sample and convert analog inputs that are associated with PWM generators operating on independent time bases.

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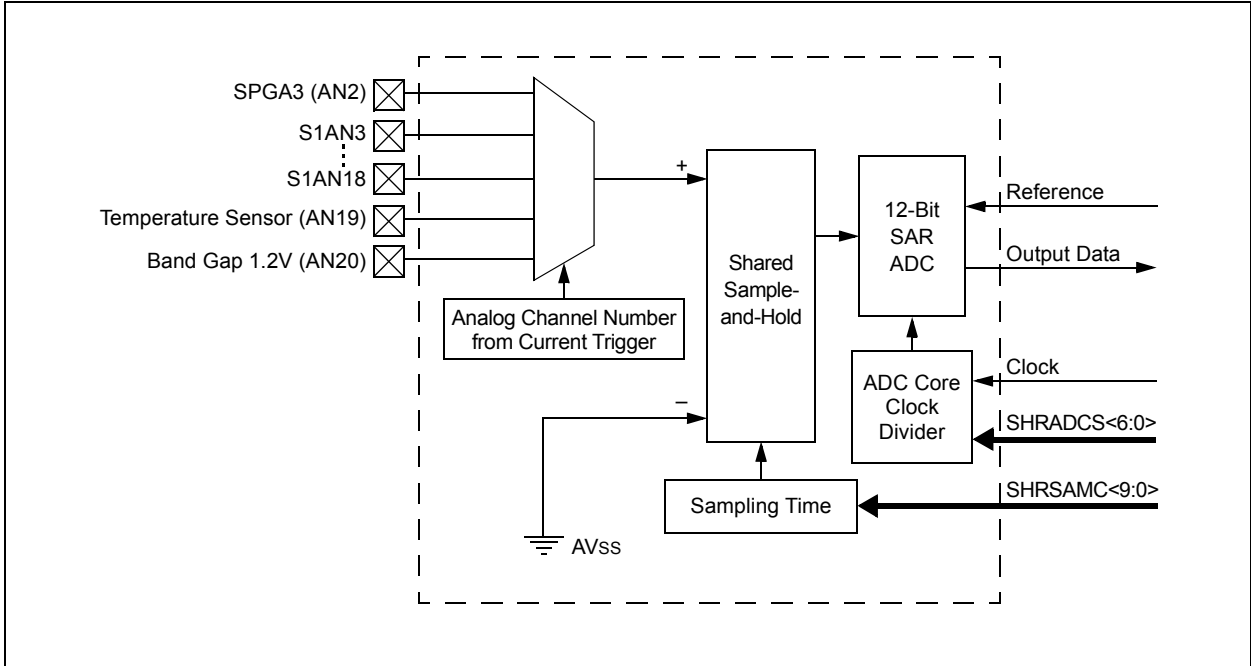
FIGURE 4-20: ADC MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



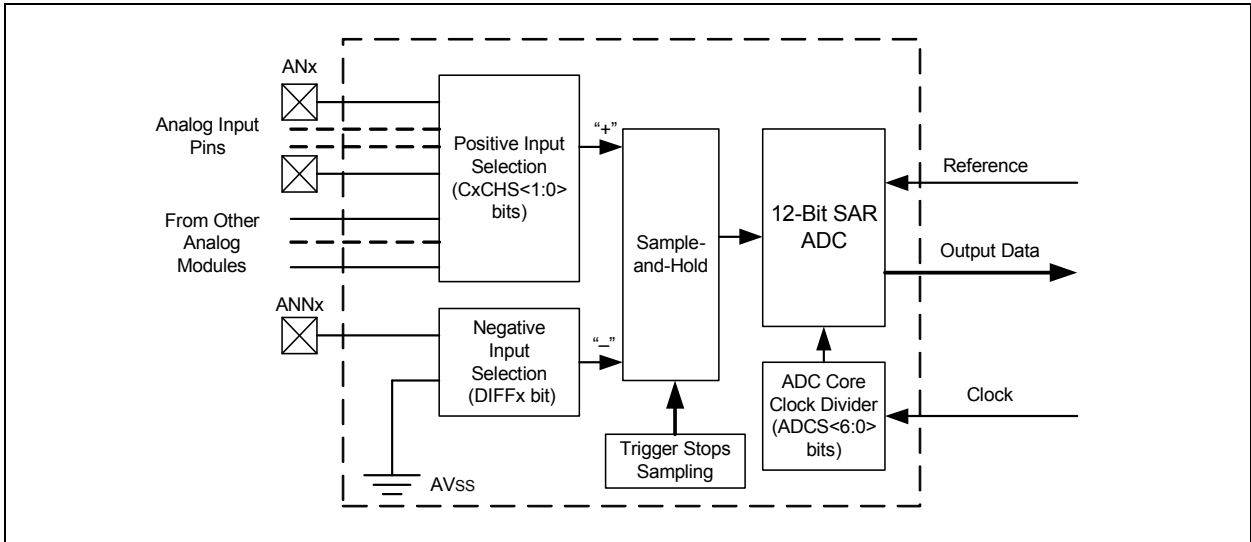


# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**FIGURE 4-21: ADC SHARED CORE BLOCK DIAGRAM**



**FIGURE 4-22: DEDICATED ADC CORE**



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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## 4.7.2 ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERTER RESOURCES

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page contains the latest updates and additional information.

### 4.7.2.1 Key Resources

- **“12-Bit High-Speed, Multiple SARs A/D Converter (ADC)”** (DS70005213) in the *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”*
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”* Sections
- Development Tools

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## 4.7.3 ADC CONTROL/STATUS REGISTERS

### REGISTER 4-83: ADCON1L: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 1 LOW

|                     |     |        |     |     |     |     |       |
|---------------------|-----|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R/W-0               | U-0 | R/W-0  | U-0 | r-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| ADON <sup>(1)</sup> | —   | ADSIDL | —   | r   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15              |     |        |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | r = Reserved bit                   |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15     **ADON:** ADC Enable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
           1 = ADC module is enabled  
           0 = ADC module is off
- bit 14     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13     **ADSIDL:** ADC Stop in Idle Mode bit  
           1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode  
           0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11     **Reserved:** Maintain as '0'
- bit 10-0   **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note 1:** Set the ADON bit only after the ADC module has been configured. Changing ADC Configuration bits when ADON = 1 will result in unpredictable behavior.

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## REGISTER 4-84: ADCON1H: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 1 HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |         |         |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------|---------|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-1   | R/W-1   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| FORM  | SHRRES1 | SHRRES0 | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7 |         |         |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15-8      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7        **FORM:** Fractional Data Output Format bit
  - 1 = Fractional
  - 0 = Integer
- bit 6-5      **SHRRES<1:0>:** Shared ADC Core Resolution Selection bits
  - 11 = 12-bit resolution
  - 10 = 10-bit resolution
  - 01 = 8-bit resolution
  - 00 = 6-bit resolution
- bit 4-0      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 4-85: ADCON2L: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 2 LOW

|        |          |     |       |     |                          |                          |                          |
|--------|----------|-----|-------|-----|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0    | U-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | R/W-0                    | R/W-0                    | R/W-0                    |
| REFCIE | REFERCIE | —   | EIEN  | —   | SHREISEL2 <sup>(1)</sup> | SHREISEL1 <sup>(1)</sup> | SHREISEL0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 15 |          |     |       |     |                          |                          | bit 8                    |

|       |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| U-0   | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| —     | SHRADCS6 | SHRADCS5 | SHRADCS4 | SHRADCS3 | SHRADCS2 | SHRADCS1 | SHRADCS0 |
| bit 7 |          |          |          |          |          |          | bit 0    |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15     **REFCIE:** Band Gap and Reference Voltage Ready Common Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Common interrupt will be generated when the band gap will become ready  
0 = Common interrupt is disabled for the band gap ready event
- bit 14     **REFERCIE:** Band Gap or Reference Voltage Error Common Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Common interrupt will be generated when a band gap or reference voltage error is detected  
0 = Common interrupt is disabled for the band gap and reference voltage error event
- bit 13     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 12     **EIEN:** Early Interrupts Enable bit  
1 = The early interrupt feature is enabled for the input channel interrupts (when the E1STATx flag is set)  
0 = The individual interrupts are generated when conversion is done (when the ANxRDY flag is set)
- bit 11     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10-8   **SHREISEL<2:0>:** Shared Core Early Interrupt Time Selection bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
111 = Early interrupt is set and interrupt is generated 8 TADCORE clocks prior to when the data is ready  
110 = Early interrupt is set and interrupt is generated 7 TADCORE clocks prior to when the data is ready  
101 = Early interrupt is set and interrupt is generated 6 TADCORE clocks prior to when the data is ready  
100 = Early interrupt is set and interrupt is generated 5 TADCORE clocks prior to when the data is ready  
011 = Early interrupt is set and interrupt is generated 4 TADCORE clocks prior to when the data is ready  
010 = Early interrupt is set and interrupt is generated 3 TADCORE clocks prior to when the data is ready  
001 = Early interrupt is set and interrupt is generated 2 TADCORE clocks prior to when the data is ready  
000 = Early interrupt is set and interrupt is generated 1 TADCORE clock prior to when the data is ready
- bit 7     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 6-0   **SHRADCS<6:0>:** Shared ADC Core Input Clock Divider bits  
These bits determine the number of TCORESRC (Source Clock Periods) for one shared TADCORE (Core Clock Period).  
11111111 = 254 Source Clock Periods  
...  
00000111 = 6 Source Clock Periods  
0000010 = 4 Source Clock Periods  
0000001 = 2 Source Clock Periods  
0000000 = 2 Source Clock Periods

**Note 1:** For the 6-bit shared ADC core resolution (SHRRES<1:0> = 00), the SHREISEL<2:0> settings, from '100' to '111', are not valid and should not be used. For the 8-bit shared ADC core resolution (SHRRES<1:0> = 01), the SHREISEL<2:0> settings, '110' and '111', are not valid and should not be used.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 4-86: ADCON2H: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 2 HIGH

|         |         |     |     |     |     |          |          |
|---------|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|
| HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | U-0 | r-0 | r-0 | r-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| REFRDY  | REFERR  | —   | r   | r   | r   | SHRSAMC9 | SHRSAMC8 |
| bit 15  |         |     |     |     |     | bit 8    |          |

|          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| SHRSAMC7 | SHRSAMC6 | SHRSAMC5 | SHRSAMC4 | SHRSAMC3 | SHRSAMC2 | SHRSAMC1 | SHRSAMC0 |
| bit 7    |          |          |          |          |          | bit 0    |          |

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | r = Reserved bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit        |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15      **REFRDY:** Band Gap and Reference Voltage Ready Flag bit  
             1 = Band gap is ready  
             0 = Band gap is not ready
- bit 14      **REFERR:** Band Gap or Reference Voltage Error Flag bit  
             1 = Band gap was removed after the ADC module was enabled (ADON = 1)  
             0 = No band gap error was detected
- bit 13      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 12-10   **Reserved:** Maintain as '0'
- bit 9-0      **SHRSAMC<9:0>:** Shared ADC Core Sample Time Selection bits  
             These bits specify the number of shared ADC Core Clock Periods (TADCORE) for the shared ADC core sample time.  
             1111111111 = 1025 TADCORE  
             ...  
             0000000001 = 3 TADCORE  
             0000000000 = 2 TADCORE

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 4-87: ADCON3L: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 3 LOW

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | HSC/R-0 | R/W-0   | HSC/R-0 |
| REFSEL2 | REFSEL1 | REFSEL0 | SUSPEND | SUSPCIE | SUSPRDY | SHRSAMP | CNVRTCH |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|         |         |           |           |           |           |           |           |
|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| R/W-0   | HSC/R-0 | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     |
| SWLCTRG | SWCTRG  | CNVCHSEL5 | CNVCHSEL4 | CNVCHSEL3 | CNVCHSEL2 | CNVCHSEL1 | CNVCHSEL0 |
| bit 7   |         |           |           |           |           |           | bit 0     |

|                   |                                       |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                      |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                      |
|                   | HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared                  |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                    |

bit 15-13 **REFSEL<2:0>**: ADC Reference Voltage Selection bits

| Value | VREFH | VREFL |
|-------|-------|-------|
| 000   | AVDD  | AVSS  |

001-111 = **Unimplemented**: Do not use

bit 12 **SUSPEND**: All ADC Core Triggers Disable bit

1 = All new trigger events for all ADC cores are disabled  
0 = All ADC cores can be triggered

bit 11 **SUSPCIE**: Suspend All ADC Cores Common Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Common interrupt will be generated when ADC core triggers are suspended (SUSPEND bit = 1) and all previous conversions are finished (SUSPRDY bit becomes set)  
0 = Common interrupt is not generated for suspend ADC cores event

bit 10 **SUSPRDY**: All ADC Cores Suspended Flag bit

1 = All ADC cores are suspended (SUSPEND bit = 1) and have no conversions in progress  
0 = ADC cores have previous conversions in progress

bit 9 **SHRSAMP**: Shared ADC Core Sampling Direct Control bit

This bit should be used with the individual channel conversion trigger controlled by the CNVRTCH bit. It connects an analog input, specified by the CNVCHSEL<5:0> bits, to the shared ADC core and allows extending the sampling time. This bit is not controlled by hardware and must be cleared before the conversion starts (setting CNVRTCH to '1').

1 = Shared ADC core samples an analog input specified by the CNVCHSEL<5:0> bits  
0 = Sampling is controlled by the shared ADC core hardware

bit 8 **CNVRTCH**: Software Individual Channel Conversion Trigger bit

1 = Single trigger is generated for an analog input specified by the CNVCHSEL<5:0> bits; when the bit is set, it is automatically cleared by hardware on the next instruction cycle  
0 = Next individual channel conversion trigger can be generated

bit 7 **SWLCTRG**: Software Level-Sensitive Common Trigger bit

1 = Triggers are continuously generated for all channels with the software, level-sensitive common trigger selected as a source in the ADTRIGNL and ADTRIGNH registers  
0 = No software, level-sensitive common triggers are generated

bit 6 **SWCTRG**: Software Common Trigger bit

1 = Single trigger is generated for all channels with the software; common trigger selected as a source in the ADTRIGNL and ADTRIGNH registers; when the bit is set, it is automatically cleared by hardware on the next instruction cycle  
0 = Ready to generate the next software common trigger

bit 5-0 **CNVCHSEL <5:0>**: Channel Number Selection for Software Individual Channel Conversion Trigger bits

These bits define a channel to be converted when the CNVRTCH bit is set.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 4-88: ADCON3H: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 3 HIGH

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| CLKSEL1 | CLKSEL0 | CLKDIV5 | CLKDIV4 | CLKDIV3 | CLKDIV2 | CLKDIV1 | CLKDIV0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |         |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SHREN | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | C1EN  | C0EN  |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **CLKSEL<1:0>**: ADC Module Clock Source Selection bits

11 = FVCO/4

10 = AFVCO/4

01 = FOSC

00 = FP (FOSC/2)

bit 13-8 **CLKDIV<5:0>**: ADC Module Clock Source Divider bits

The divider forms a TCORESRC clock used by all ADC cores (shared and dedicated) from the TSRC ADC module clock source selected by the CLKSEL<1:0> bits. Then, each ADC core individually divides the TCORESRC clock to get a core-specific TADCORE clock using the ADCS<6:0> bits in the ADCORExH register or the SHRADCS<6:0> bits in the ADCON2L register.

111111 = 64 Source Clock Periods

...

000011 = 4 Source Clock Periods

000010 = 3 Source Clock Periods

000001 = 2 Source Clock Periods

000000 = 1 Source Clock Period

bit 7 **SHREN**: Shared ADC Core Enable bit

1 = Shared ADC core is enabled

0 = Shared ADC core is disabled

bit 6-2 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 1 **C1EN**: Dedicated ADC Core 1 Enable bits

1 = Dedicated ADC Core 1 is enabled

0 = Dedicated ADC Core 1 is disabled

bit 0 **C0EN**: Dedicated ADC Core 0 Enable bits

1 = Dedicated ADC Core 0 is enabled

0 = Dedicated ADC Core 0 is disabled



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 4-89: ADCON4L: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 4 LOW

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | r-0   | r-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |         |         |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|---------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | SAMC1EN | SAMC0EN |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0   |         |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | r = Reserved bit |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15-10 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 9-8 **Reserved:** Must be written as '0'

bit 7-2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 1 **SAMC1EN:** Dedicated ADC Core 1 Conversion Delay Enable bit

1 = After trigger, the conversion will be delayed and the ADC core will continue sampling during the time specified by the SAMC<9:0> bits in the ADCORE1L register

0 = After trigger, the sampling will be stopped immediately and the conversion will be started on the next core clock cycle

bit 0 **SAMC0EN:** Dedicated ADC Core 0 Conversion Delay Enable bit

1 = After trigger, the conversion will be delayed and the ADC core will continue sampling during the time specified by the SAMC<9:0> bits in the ADCORE0L register

0 = After trigger, the sampling will be stopped immediately and the conversion will be started on the next core clock cycle

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 4-90: ADCON4H: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 4 HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |

|       |     |     |     |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | C1CHS1 | C1CHS0 | C0CHS1 | C0CHS0 |
| bit 7 |     |     |     | bit 0  |        |        |        |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15-4      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3-2      **C1CHS<1:0>:** Dedicated ADC Core 1 Input Channel Selection bits
  - 11 = S1ANC1
  - 10 = SPGA2
  - 01 = S1ANA1
  - 00 = S1AN1
- bit 1-0      **C0CHS<1:0>:** Dedicated ADC Core 0 Input Channel Selection bits
  - 11 = S1ANC0
  - 10 = SPGA1
  - 01 = S1ANA0
  - 00 = S1AN0

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 4-91: ADCON5L: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 5 LOW

|         |     |     |     |     |     |         |         |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|---------|
| HSC/R-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 |
| SHRRDY  | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | C1RDY   | C0RDY   |
| bit 15  |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8   |         |

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SHRPWR | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | C1PWR | C0PWR |
| bit 7  |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |       |

|                   |                                       |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                      |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                      |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared                  |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                    |
|                   | HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit |

- bit 15     **SHRRDY:** Shared ADC Core Ready Flag bit  
           1 = ADC core is powered and ready for operation  
           0 = ADC core is not ready for operation
- bit 14-10   **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 9       **C1RDY:** Dedicated ADC Core 1 Ready Flag bit  
           1 = ADC Core 1 is powered and ready for operation  
           0 = ADC Core 1 is not ready for operation
- bit 8       **C0RDY:** Dedicated ADC Core 0 Ready Flag bit  
           1 = ADC Core 0 is powered and ready for operation  
           0 = ADC Core 0 is not ready for operation
- bit 7       **SHRPWR:** Shared ADC Core Power Enable bit  
           1 = ADC core is powered  
           0 = ADC core is off
- bit 6-2     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1       **C1PWR:** Dedicated ADC Core 1 Power Enable bit  
           1 = ADC Core 1 is powered  
           0 = ADC Core 1 is off
- bit 0       **C0PWR:** Dedicated ADC Core 0 Power Enable bit  
           1 = ADC Core 0 is powered  
           0 = ADC Core 0 is off

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 4-92: ADCON5H: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 5 HIGH

|        |     |     |     |           |           |           |           |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | WARMTIME3 | WARMTIME2 | WARMTIME1 | WARMTIME0 |
| bit 15 |     |     |     | bit 8     |           |           |           |

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SHRCIE | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | C1CIE | C0CIE |
| bit 7  |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 11-8 **WARMTIME<3:0>:** ADC Dedicated Core x Power-up Delay bits

These bits determine the power-up delay in the number of the Core Source Clock Periods (TCORESRC) for all ADC cores.

1111 = 32768 Source Clock Periods

1110 = 16384 Source Clock Periods

1101 = 8192 Source Clock Periods

1100 = 4096 Source Clock Periods

1011 = 2048 Source Clock Periods

1010 = 1024 Source Clock Periods

1001 = 512 Source Clock Periods

1000 = 256 Source Clock Periods

0111 = 128 Source Clock Periods

0110 = 64 Source Clock Periods

0101 = 32 Source Clock Periods

0100 = 16 Source Clock Periods

00xxx = 16 Source Clock Periods

bit 7 **SHRCIE:** Shared ADC Core Ready Common Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Common interrupt will be generated when ADC core is powered and ready for operation

0 = Common interrupt is disabled for an ADC core ready event

bit 6-2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 1 **C1CIE:** Dedicated ADC Core 1 Ready Common Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Common interrupt will be generated when ADC Core 1 is powered and ready for operation

0 = Common interrupt is disabled for an ADC Core 1 ready event

bit 0 **C0CIE:** Dedicated ADC Core 0 Ready Common Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Common interrupt will be generated when ADC Core 0 is powered and ready for operation

0 = Common interrupt is disabled for an ADC Core 0 ready event

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 4-93: ADCORExL: DEDICATED ADC CORE x CONTROL REGISTER LOW (x = 0 TO 1)

|           |       |       |       |       |       |           |       |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|-------|
| U-0       | U-0   | U-0   | U-0   | U-0   | U-0   | R/W-0     | R/W-0 |
| —         | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | SAMC<9:8> |       |
| bit 15    |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8     |       |
| R/W-0     | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0     | R/W-0 |
| SAMC<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |           |       |
| bit 7     |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0     |       |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

bit 15-10     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 9-0     **SAMC<9:0>:** Dedicated ADC Core x Conversion Delay Selection bits

These bits determine the time between the trigger event and the start of conversion in the number of the Core Clock Periods (TADCORE). During this time, the ADC Core x still continues sampling. This feature is enabled by the SAMCxEN bits in the ADCON4L register.

1111111111 = 1025 TADCORE

...

0000000001 = 3 TADCORE

0000000000 = 2 TADCORE

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 4-94: ADCORExH: DEDICATED ADC CORE x CONTROL REGISTER HIGH (x = 0 TO 1)

|        |     |     |        |        |        |       |       |
|--------|-----|-----|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | EISEL2 | EISEL1 | EISEL0 | RES1  | RES2  |
| bit 15 |     |     |        |        |        | bit 8 |       |

|       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | ADCS6 | ADCS5 | ADCS4 | ADCS3 | ADCS2 | ADCS1 | ADCS0 |
| bit 7 |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-10 **EISEL<2:0>:** ADC Core x Early Interrupt Time Selection bits

111 = Early interrupt is set and an interrupt is generated 8 TADCORE clocks prior to when the data is ready  
 110 = Early interrupt is set and an interrupt is generated 7 TADCORE clocks prior to when the data is ready  
 101 = Early interrupt is set and an interrupt is generated 6 TADCORE clocks prior to when the data is ready  
 100 = Early interrupt is set and an interrupt is generated 5 TADCORE clocks prior to when the data is ready  
 011 = Early interrupt is set and an interrupt is generated 4 TADCORE clocks prior to when the data is ready  
 010 = Early interrupt is set and an interrupt is generated 3 TADCORE clocks prior to when the data is ready  
 001 = Early interrupt is set and an interrupt is generated 2 TADCORE clocks prior to when the data is ready  
 000 = Early interrupt is set and an interrupt is generated 1 TADCORE clock prior to when the data is ready

bit 9-8 **RES<1:0>:** ADC Core x Resolution Selection bits

11 = 12-bit resolution  
 10 = 10-bit resolution  
 01 = 8-bit resolution<sup>(1)</sup>  
 00 = 6-bit resolution<sup>(1)</sup>

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-0 **ADCS<6:0>:** ADC Core x Input Clock Divider bits

These bits determine the number of Source Clock Periods (TCORESRC) for one Core Clock Period (TADCORE).  
 1111111 = 254 Source Clock Periods  
 ...  
 0000011 = 6 Source Clock Periods  
 0000010 = 4 Source Clock Periods  
 0000001 = 2 Source Clock Periods  
 0000000 = 2 Source Clock Periods

**Note 1:** For the 6-bit ADC core resolution (RES<1:0> = 00), the EISEL<2:0> bits settings, from '100' to '111', are not valid and should not be used. For the 8-bit ADC core resolution (RES<1:0> = 01), the EISEL<2:0> bits settings, '110' and '111', are not valid and should not be used.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 4-95: ADLVLTRGL: ADC LEVEL-SENSITIVE TRIGGER CONTROL REGISTER LOW

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| LVLEN<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| LVLEN<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **LVLEN<15:0>**: Level Trigger for Corresponding Analog Input Enable bits  
                   1 = Input trigger is level-sensitive  
                   0 = Input trigger is edge-sensitive

## REGISTER 4-96: ADLVLTRGH: ADC LEVEL-SENSITIVE TRIGGER CONTROL REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |              |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | LVLEN<20:16> |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7 |     |     |              |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-5      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 4-0      **LVLEN<20:16>**: Level Trigger for Corresponding Analog Input Enable bits  
                   1 = Input trigger is level-sensitive  
                   0 = Input trigger is edge-sensitive

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 4-97: ADEIEL: ADC EARLY INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER LOW

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| EIEN<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15     |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|           |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0     | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| EIEN<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7     |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0            **EIEN<15:0>**: Early Interrupt Enable for Corresponding Analog Inputs bits  
 1 = Early interrupt is enabled for the channel  
 0 = Early interrupt is disabled for the channel

## REGISTER 4-98: ADEIEH: ADC EARLY INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |             |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | EIEN<20:16> |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7 |     |     |             |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-5            **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 4-0            **EIEN<20:16>**: Early Interrupt Enable for Corresponding Analog Inputs bits  
 1 = Early interrupt is enabled for the channel  
 0 = Early interrupt is disabled for the channel



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 4-99: ADEISTATL: ADC EARLY INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER LOW

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| EISTAT<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| EISTAT<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |  |  |  |  |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |  |  |  |  |

bit 15-0     **EISTAT<15:0>**: Early Interrupt Status for Corresponding Analog Inputs bits  
                   1 = Early interrupt was generated  
                   0 = Early interrupt was not generated since the last ADCBUFx read

## REGISTER 4-100: ADEISTATH: ADC EARLY INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |               |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | EISTAT<20:16> |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7 |     |     |               |       |       |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |  |  |  |  |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |  |  |  |  |

bit 15-5     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 4-0     **EISTAT<20:16>**: Early Interrupt Status for Corresponding Analog Inputs bits  
                   1 = Early interrupt was generated  
                   0 = Early interrupt was not generated since the last ADCBUFx read

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 4-101: ADMOD0L: ADC INPUT MODE CONTROL REGISTER 0 LOW

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |

|       |     |     |     |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | DIFF1 | SIGN1 | DIFF0 | SIGN0 |
| bit 7 |     |     |     | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-4      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3 and bit 1      **DIFF<1:0>:** Differential-Mode for Corresponding Analog Inputs bits

(odd)

1 = Channel is differential

0 = Channel is single-ended

bit 2 and bit 0      **SIGN<1:0>:** Output Data Sign for Corresponding Analog Inputs bits

(even)

1 = Channel output data is signed

0 = Channel output data is unsigned

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 4-102: ADIEL: ADC INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER LOW

|          |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |       |
| IE<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15   |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |       |
| IE<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7   |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **IE<15:0>**: Common Interrupt Enable bits  
    1 = Common and individual interrupts are enabled for the corresponding channel  
    0 = Common and individual interrupts are disabled for the corresponding channel

## REGISTER 4-103: ADIEH: ADC INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |       |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   |       |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |           |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0     | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |       |
| —     | —   | —   | IE<20:16> |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7 |     |     |           |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-5                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 4-0                      **IE<20:16>**: Common Interrupt Enable bits  
    1 = Common and individual interrupts are enabled for the corresponding channel  
    0 = Common and individual interrupts are disabled for the corresponding channel

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 4-104: ADSTATL: ADC DATA READY STATUS REGISTER LOW

|             |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|-------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| HSC/R-0     | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 |
| AN<15:8>RDY |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
| bit 15      |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|            |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| HSC/R-0    | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 |
| AN<7:0>RDY |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
| bit 7      |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

|                   |                                    |                                       |                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                                       |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   | HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   | '0' = Bit is cleared                  | x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15-0     **AN<15:0>RDY:** Common Interrupt Enable for Corresponding Analog Inputs bits  
 1 = Channel conversion result is ready in the corresponding ADCBUFx register  
 0 = Channel conversion result is not ready

## REGISTER 4-105: ADSTATH: ADC DATA READY STATUS REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |              |         |         |         |         |
|-------|-----|-----|--------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | HSC/R-0      | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | AN<20:16>RDY |         |         |         |         |
| bit 7 |     |     |              |         |         |         | bit 0   |

|                   |                                    |                                       |                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                                       |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   | HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   | '0' = Bit is cleared                  | x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15-5     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 4-0     **AN<20:16>RDY:** Common Interrupt Enable for Corresponding Analog Inputs bits  
 1 = Channel conversion result is ready in the corresponding ADCBUFx register  
 0 = Channel conversion result is not ready

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## REGISTER 4-106: ADTRIGnL/ADTRIGnH: ADC CHANNEL TRIGGER n(x) SELECTION REGISTERS LOW AND HIGH (x = 0 TO 19; n = 0 TO 4)

|        |     |     |              |              |              |              |              |
|--------|-----|-----|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0        | R/W-0        | R/W-0        | R/W-0        | R/W-0        |
| —      | —   | —   | TRGSRC(x+1)4 | TRGSRC(x+1)3 | TRGSRC(x+1)2 | TRGSRC(x+1)1 | TRGSRC(x+1)0 |
| bit 15 |     |     |              |              |              |              | bit 8        |

|       |     |     |          |          |          |          |          |
|-------|-----|-----|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| —     | —   | —   | TRGSRCx4 | TRGSRCx3 | TRGSRCx2 | TRGSRCx1 | TRGSRCx0 |
| bit 7 |     |     |          |          |          |          | bit 0    |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8      **TRGSRC(x+1)<4:0>:** Trigger Source Selection for Corresponding Analog Inputs bits (TRGSRC1 to TRGSRC19 – Odd)

- 11111 = ADTRG31 (PPS input)
- 11110 = Master PTG
- 11101 = Slave CLC1
- 11100 = Master CLC1
- 11011 = Reserved
- 11010 = Reserved
- 11001 = Master PWM3 Trigger 2
- 11000 = Master PWM1 Trigger 2
- 10111 = Slave SCCP4 PWM/IC interrupt
- 10110 = Slave SCCP3 PWM/IC interrupt
- 10101 = Slave SCCP2 PWM/IC interrupt
- 10100 = Slave SCCP1 PWM/IC interrupt
- 10011 = Reserved
- 10010 = Reserved
- 10001 = Reserved
- 10000 = Reserved
- 01111 = Slave PWM8 Trigger 1
- 01110 = Slave PWM7 Trigger 1
- 01101 = Slave PWM6 Trigger 1
- 01100 = Slave PWM5 Trigger 1
- 01011 = Slave PWM4 Trigger 2
- 01010 = Slave PWM4 Trigger 1
- 01001 = Slave PWM3 Trigger 2
- 01000 = Slave PWM3 Trigger 1
- 00111 = Slave PWM2 Trigger 2
- 00110 = Slave PWM2 Trigger 1
- 00101 = Slave PWM1 Trigger 2
- 00100 = Slave PWM1 Trigger 1
- 00011 = Reserved
- 00010 = Level software trigger
- 00001 = Common software trigger
- 00000 = No trigger is enabled

bit 7-5      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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## REGISTER 4-106: ADTRIGnL/ADTRIGnH: ADC CHANNEL TRIGGER n(x) SELECTION REGISTERS LOW AND HIGH (x = 0 TO 19; n = 0 TO 4) (CONTINUED)

bit 4-0 **TRGSRCx<4:0>**: Common Interrupt Enable for Corresponding Analog Inputs bits  
(TRGSRC0 to TRGSRC20 – Even)

11111 = ADTRG31 (PPS input)  
11110 = Master PTG  
11101 = Slave CLC1  
11100 = Master CLC1  
11011 = Reserved  
11010 = Reserved  
11001 = Master PWM3 Trigger 2  
11000 = Master PWM1 Trigger 2  
10111 = Slave SCCP4 PWM/IC interrupt  
10110 = Slave SCCP3 PWM/IC interrupt  
10101 = Slave SCCP2 PWM/IC interrupt  
10100 = Slave SCCP1 PWM/IC interrupt  
10011 = Reserved  
10010 = Reserved  
10001 = Reserved  
10000 = Reserved  
01111 = Slave PWM8 Trigger 1  
01110 = Slave PWM7 Trigger 1  
01101 = Slave PWM6 Trigger 1  
01100 = Slave PWM5 Trigger 1  
01011 = Slave PWM4 Trigger 2  
01010 = Slave PWM4 Trigger 1  
01001 = Slave PWM3 Trigger 2  
01000 = Slave PWM3 Trigger 1  
00111 = Slave PWM2 Trigger 2  
00110 = Slave PWM2 Trigger 1  
00101 = Slave PWM1 Trigger 2  
00100 = Slave PWM1 Trigger 1  
00011 = Reserved  
00010 = Level software trigger  
00001 = Common software trigger  
00000 = No trigger is enabled

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 4-107: ADCAL1H: ADC CALIBRATION REGISTER 1 HIGH

|          |     |     |     |     |     |        |         |
|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|---------|
| HS/R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | r-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0   |
| CSHRRDY  | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | CSHREN | CSHRRUN |
| bit 15   |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8  |         |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |

|                   |                            |  |
|-------------------|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | HS = Hardware Settable bit | r = Reserved bit                             |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit           | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set           | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15      **CSHRRDY:** Shared ADC Core Calibration Status Flag bit  
 1 = Shared ADC core calibration is finished  
 0 = Shared ADC core calibration is in progress
- bit 14-11      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10      **Reserved:** Maintain as '0'
- bit 9      **CSHREN:** Shared ADC Core Calibration Enable bit  
 1 = Shared ADC core calibration bits (CSHRRDY and CSHRRUN) can be accessed by software  
 0 = Shared ADC core calibration bits are disabled
- bit 8      **CSHRRUN:** Shared ADC Core Calibration Start bit  
 1 = If this bit is set by software, the shared ADC core calibration cycle is started; this bit is cleared automatically by hardware  
 0 = Software can start the next calibration cycle
- bit 7-0      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 4-108: ADCMPxCON: ADC DIGITAL COMPARATOR x CONTROL REGISTER (x = 0, 1, 2, 3)

|        |     |     |         |         |         |         |         |       |
|--------|-----|-----|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 |       |
| —      | —   | —   | CHNL4   | CHNL3   | CHNL2   | CHNL1   | CHNL0   |       |
| bit 15 |     |     |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8 |

|       |       |           |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | HC/HS/R-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CMPEN | IE    | STAT      | BTWN  | HIHI  | HILO  | LOHI  | LOLO  |
| bit 7 |       |           |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                             |                                       |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | HC = Hardware Clearable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit            | HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set            | '0' = Bit is cleared                  |
|                   |                             | HS = Hardware Settable bit            |

- bit 15-13     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 12-8     **CHNL<4:0>:** Input Channel Number bits  
 If the comparator has detected an event for a channel, this channel number is written to these bits.  
 11111 = Reserved  
 ...  
 10100 = Reserved  
 10100 = Band gap, 1.2V (AN20)  
 10011 = Temperature sensor (AN19)  
 10010 = S1AN18  
 ...  
 00011 = S1AN3  
 00010 = S1AN2  
 00001 = S1AN1  
 00000 = S1AN0
- bit 7         **CMPEN:** Comparator Enable bit  
 1 = Comparator is enabled  
 0 = Comparator is disabled and the STAT status bit is cleared
- bit 6         **IE:** Comparator Common ADC Interrupt Enable bit  
 1 = Common ADC interrupt will be generated if the comparator detects a comparison event  
 0 = Common ADC interrupt will not be generated for the comparator
- bit 5         **STAT:** Comparator Event Status bit  
 This bit is cleared by hardware when the channel number is read from the CHNL<4:0> bits.  
 1 = A comparison event has been detected since the last read of the CHNL<4:0> bits  
 0 = A comparison event has not been detected since the last read of the CHNL<4:0> bits
- bit 4         **BTWN:** Between Low/High Comparator Event bit  
 1 = Generates a comparator event when  $ADCMPxLO \leq ADCBUFx < ADCMPxHI$   
 0 = Does not generate a digital comparator event when  $ADCMPxLO \leq ADCBUFx < ADCMPxHI$
- bit 3         **HIHI:** High/High Comparator Event bit  
 1 = Generates a digital comparator event when  $ADCBUFx \geq ADCMPxHI$   
 0 = Does not generate a digital comparator event when  $ADCBUFx \geq ADCMPxHI$
- bit 2         **HILO:** High/Low Comparator Event bit  
 1 = Generates a digital comparator event when  $ADCBUFx < ADCMPxHI$   
 0 = Does not generate a digital comparator event when  $ADCBUFx < ADCMPxHI$
- bit 1         **LOHI:** Low/High Comparator Event bit  
 1 = Generates a digital comparator event when  $ADCBUFx \geq ADCMPxLO$   
 0 = Does not generate a digital comparator event when  $ADCBUFx \geq ADCMPxLO$
- bit 0         **LOLO:** Low/Low Comparator Event bit  
 1 = Generates a digital comparator event when  $ADCBUFx < ADCMPxLO$   
 0 = Does not generate a digital comparator event when  $ADCBUFx < ADCMPxLO$



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 4-109: ADCMP<sub>x</sub>ENL: ADC DIGITAL COMPARATOR x CHANNEL ENABLE REGISTER LOW (x = 0, 1, 2, 3)

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CMPEN<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W/0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CMPEN<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **CMPEN<15:0>**: Comparator Enable for Corresponding Input Channels bits  
 1 = Conversion result for corresponding channel is used by the comparator  
 0 = Conversion result for corresponding channel is not used by the comparator

## REGISTER 4-110: ADCMP<sub>x</sub>ENH: ADC DIGITAL COMPARATOR x CHANNEL ENABLE REGISTER HIGH (x = 0, 1, 2, 3)

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |              |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | CMPEN<20:16> |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7 |     |     |              |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-5      **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'  
 bit 4-0      **CMPEN<20:16>**: Comparator Enable for Corresponding Input Channels bits  
 1 = Conversion result for corresponding channel is used by the comparator  
 0 = Conversion result for corresponding channel is not used by the comparator

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## REGISTER 4-111: ADFLxCON: ADC DIGITAL FILTER x CONTROL REGISTER (x = 0, 1, 2, 3)

|        |       |       |         |         |         |       |         |
|--------|-------|-------|---------|---------|---------|-------|---------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0 | HSC/R-0 |
| FLEN   | MODE1 | MODE0 | OVRSAM2 | OVRSAM1 | OVRSAM0 | IE    | RDY     |
| bit 15 |       |       |         |         |         |       | bit 8   |

|       |     |     |          |          |          |          |          |
|-------|-----|-----|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| —     | —   | —   | FLCHSEL4 | FLCHSEL3 | FLCHSEL2 | FLCHSEL1 | FLCHSEL0 |
| bit 7 |     |     |          |          |          |          | bit 0    |

|                   |                                    |                                       |                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                                       |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   | HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   | '0' = Bit is cleared                  | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15      **FLEN:** Filter Enable bit  
 1 = Filter is enabled  
 0 = Filter is disabled and the RDY bit is cleared
- bit 14-13    **MODE<1:0>:** Filter Mode bits  
 11 = Averaging mode  
 10 = Reserved  
 01 = Reserved  
 00 = Oversampling mode
- bit 12-10    **OVRSAM<2:0>:** Filter Averaging/Oversampling Ratio bits  
If MODE<1:0> = 00:  
 111 = 128x (16-bit result in the ADFLxDAT register is in 12.4 format)  
 110 = 32x (15-bit result in the ADFLxDAT register is in 12.3 format)  
 101 = 8x (14-bit result in the ADFLxDAT register is in 12.2 format)  
 100 = 2x (13-bit result in the ADFLxDAT register is in 12.1 format)  
 011 = 256x (16-bit result in the ADFLxDAT register is in 12.4 format)  
 010 = 64x (15-bit result in the ADFLxDAT register is in 12.3 format)  
 001 = 16x (14-bit result in the ADFLxDAT register is in 12.2 format)  
 000 = 4x (13-bit result in the ADFLxDAT register is in 12.1 format)  
If MODE<1:0> = 11 (12-bit result in the ADFLxDAT register in all instances):  
 111 = 256x  
 110 = 128x  
 101 = 64x  
 100 = 32x  
 011 = 16x  
 110 = 8x  
 001 = 4x  
 000 = 2x
- bit 9        **IE:** Filter Common ADC Interrupt Enable bit  
 1 = Common ADC interrupt will be generated when the filter result will be ready  
 0 = Common ADC interrupt will not be generated for the filter
- bit 8        **RDY:** Oversampling Filter Data Ready Flag bit  
 This bit is cleared by hardware when the result is read from the ADFLxDAT register.  
 1 = Data in the ADFLxDAT register is ready  
 0 = The ADFLxDAT register has been read and new data in the ADFLxDAT register is not ready
- bit 7-5      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 4-111: ADFLxCON: ADC DIGITAL FILTER x CONTROL REGISTER (x = 0, 1, 2, 3) (CONTINUED)

bit 4-0      **FLCHSEL<4:0>**: Oversampling Filter Input Channel Selection bits

- 11111 = Reserved
- ...
- 10100 = Reserved
- 10100 = Band gap, 1.2V (AN20)
- 10011 = Temperature sensor (AN19)
- 10010 = S1AN18
- ...
- 00011 = S1AN3
- 00010 = SPGA3 (S1AN2)
- 00001 = S1AN1
- 00000 = S1AN0

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## 4.8 Programmable Gain Amplifier (PGA) Slave

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**Programmable Gain Amplifier (PGA)**” (DS70005146) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

The dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family devices have three Programmable Gain Amplifiers (PGA1, PGA2, PGA3). The PGA is an op amp-based, non-inverting amplifier with user-programmable gains. The output of the PGA can be connected to a number of dedicated Sample-and-Hold inputs of the Analog-to-Digital Converter and/or to the high-speed analog comparator module. The PGA has four selectable gains and may

be used as a ground referenced amplifier (single-ended) or used with an independent ground reference point.

Key features of the PGA module include:

- Single-Ended or Independent Ground Reference
- Selectable Gains: 4x, 8x, 16x and 32x (and 6x, 12x, 24x and 48x with the 1.5 gain)
- High-Gain Bandwidth
- Rail-to-Rail Output Voltage
- Wide Input Voltage Range

Table 4-38 shows an overview of the PGA module.

**TABLE 4-38: PGA MODULE OVERVIEW<sup>(1)</sup>**

|        | Number of PGA Modules | Identical (Modules) |
|--------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Master | —                     | —                   |
| Slave  | 3                     | —                   |

**Note 1:** The Slave owns the PGA module, but it is shared with the Master.

**FIGURE 4-23: PGAx MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM**



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## 4.8.1 MODULE DESCRIPTION

The Programmable Gain Amplifiers are used to amplify small voltages (i.e., voltages across burden/shunt resistors) to improve the Signal-to-Noise Ratio (SNR) of the measured signal. The PGAx output voltage can be read by any of the four dedicated Sample-and-Hold circuits on the ADC module. The output voltage can also be fed to the comparator module for overcurrent/voltage protection. Figure 4-24 shows a functional block diagram of the PGAx module. Refer to Section 3.9 “High-Speed, 12-Bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (Master ADC)” for more interconnection details.

The gain of the PGAx module is selectable via the GAIN<2:0> bits in the PGAxCON register. There are four gains, ranging from 4x to 48x (with a 1.5 gain multiplier). The SELPI<2:0> and SELNI<2:0> bits in the PGAxCON register select one of the positive/negative inputs to the PGAx module. For single-ended applica-

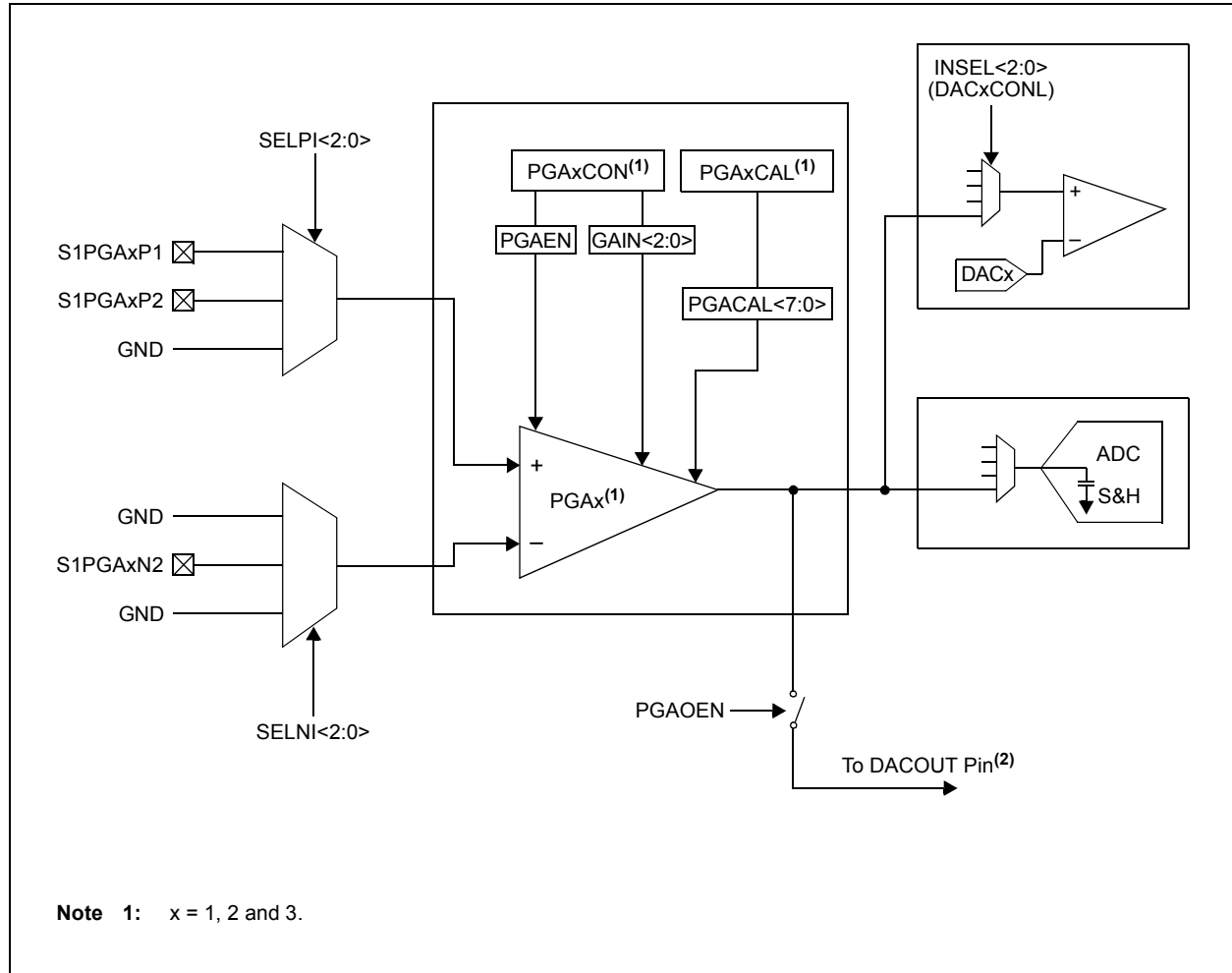
tions, the SELNI<2:0> bits will select the ground as the negative input source. To provide an independent ground reference, S1PGAxN2 is available as the negative input source to the PGAx module.

**Note 1:** Not all PGA positive/negative inputs are available on all devices. Refer to the specific device pinout for available input source pins.

The output voltage of the PGAx module can be connected to the DACOUT pin by setting the PGOEN bit in the PGAxCON register. When the PGOEN bit is enabled, the output voltage of PGA1 is connected to DACOUT. There is only one DACOUT pin.

If all three of the DACx output voltages and PGAx output voltages are connected to the DACOUT pin, the resulting output voltage would be a combination of signals. There is no assigned priority between the PGAx module and the DACx module.

**FIGURE 4-24: PGAx FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**



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## 4.8.2 PGA RESOURCES

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page contains the latest updates and additional information.

### 4.8.2.1 Key Resources

- **“Programmable Gain Amplifier (PGA)”** (DS70005146) in the *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”*
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”* Sections
- Development Tools

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## 4.8.3 PGA CONTROL REGISTERS

### REGISTER 4-112: PGAxCON: PGAx CONTROL REGISTER

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| PGAEN  | PGAOEN | SELPI2 | SELPI1 | SELPI0 | SELNI2 | SELNI1 | SELNI0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |     |        |     |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|--------|-----|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | HIGAIN | —   | GAIN2 | GAIN1 | GAIN0 |
| bit 7 |     |     |        |     |       |       | bit 0 |

#### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15            **PGAEN:** PGAx Enable bit  
 1 = PGAx module is enabled  
 0 = PGAx module is disabled (reduces power consumption)
- bit 14            **PGAOEN:** PGAx Output Enable bit  
 1 = PGAx output is connected to the DACOUT pin  
 0 = PGAx output is not connected to the DACOUT pin
- bit 13-11        **SELPI<2:0>:** PGAx Positive Input Selection bits  
 111 = Reserved  
 110 = Reserved  
 101 = Reserved  
 100 = Reserved  
 011 = Ground  
 010 = Ground  
 001 = S1PGAxP2  
 000 = S1PGAxP1
- bit 10-8        **SELNI<2:0>:** PGAx Negative Input Selection bits  
 111 = Reserved  
 110 = Reserved  
 101 = Reserved  
 100 = Reserved  
 011 = Ground (Single-Ended mode)  
 010 = Reserved  
 001 = S1PGAxN2  
 000 = Ground (Single-Ended mode)
- bit 7-5         **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4            **HIGAIN:** High-Gain Select bit  
 This bit, when asserted, enables a 50% increase in gain as specified by the GAIN<2:0> bits.
- bit 3            **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2-0         **GAIN<2:0>:** PGAx Gain Selection bits  
 111 = Reserved  
 110 = Reserved  
 101 = Gain of 32x  
 100 = Gain of 16x  
 011 = Gain of 8x  
 010 = Gain of 4x  
 001 = Reserved  
 000 = Reserved

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## REGISTER 4-113: PGAxCAL: PGAx CALIBRATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PGACAL<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15-8      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-0      **PGACAL<7:0>:** PGAx Offset Calibration bits

The calibration values for PGA1, PGA2 and PGA3 must be copied from Flash addresses, 0xF8001C, 0xF8001CE and 0xF800120, respectively, into these bits before the module is enabled. Refer to the calibration data address table (Table 21-4) in [Section 21.0 "Special Features"](#) for more information.



## 5.0 MASTER SLAVE INTERFACE (MSI)

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**Master Slave Interface (MSI) Module**” (DS70005278) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

The Master Slave Interface (MSI) module is a bridge between the Master and a Slave processor system, each of which operates within independent clock domains. The Master and Slave have their own registers to communicate between the MSI modules; the Master MSI registers are located in the Master SFR space and the Slave MSI registers are in the Slave SFR space. The Master Slave Interface (MSI) includes these characteristics:

- 16 Unidirectional Data Mailbox Registers:
  - Direction of each Mailbox register is fuse-selectable
  - Byte and word-addressable
- Eight Mailbox Data Flow Control Protocol Blocks:
  - Individual fuse enables
  - Write port active; read port passive (i.e., no read data request required)
  - Automatic, interrupt driven (or polled), data flow control mechanism across MSI clock boundary
  - Fuse assignable to any of the Mailbox registers, supports any length data buffers (up to the number of available Mailbox registers)
  - DMA transfer compatible
- Master to Slave and Slave to Master Interrupt Request with Acknowledge Data Flow Control
- Optional (parameterized) 2-Channel FIFO Memory Structure
- Parameterized Depth (between 16 and 32 words):
  - One read and one write channel
  - Circular operation with empty and full status, and interrupts
  - Overflow/underflow detection with interrupts to Master core and Slave core
  - Interrupt-based, software polled or DMA transfer compatible

- Master and Slave Processor Cross-Boundary Control and Status:
  - Readable operating mode status for both processors
  - Slave enable from Master (subject to satisfying a hardware write interlock sequencer)
  - Master interrupt when Slave is reset during code execution
  - Slave interrupt when Master is reset during code execution
- Optional (fuse) Decoupling of Master and Slave Resets; POR/BOR/MCLR always Resets Master and Slave; Influence of Remaining Run-Time Resets on the Slave Enable is Fuse-Programmable

### 5.1 Master MSI Control Registers

The following registers are associated with the Master MSI module and are located in the Master SFR space.

- [Register 5-1](#): MSI1CON
- [Register 5-2](#): MSI1STAT
- [Register 5-3](#): MSI1KEY
- [Register 5-4](#): MSI1MBXS
- [Register 5-5](#): MSI1MBXnD
- [Register 5-6](#): MSI1FIFOC
- [Register 5-7](#): MRSWFDATA
- [Register 5-8](#): MWSRFDATA

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## REGISTER 5-1: MS1CON: MS1 MASTER CONTROL REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |          |          |        |         |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|--------|---------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0  | R/W-0   |
| SLVEN  | —   | —   | —   | RFITSEL1 | RFITSEL0 | MTSIRQ | STMIACK |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |          |          |        | bit 8   |

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R/W-0  | r-0 | r-0 | r-0 | r-0 | r-0 | r-0 | r-0   |
| SRSTIE | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7  |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | r = Reserved bit |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15      **SLVEN:** Slave Enable bit  
 This bit enables the Slave processor subsystem. Writing to the SLVEN bit is subject to satisfying the MS1KEY unlock sequence.  
 1 = Slave processor is enabled, Slave Reset is released and execution is permitted  
 0 = Slave processor is disabled and held in Reset
- bit 14-12      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11-10      **RFITSEL<1:0>:** Read FIFO Interrupt Threshold Select bits  
 11 = Trigger data valid interrupt when FIFO is full after Slave write  
 10 = Trigger data valid interrupt when FIFO is 75% full after Slave write  
 01 = Trigger data valid interrupt when FIFO is 50% full after Slave write  
 00 = Trigger data valid interrupt when 1st FIFO entry is written by Slave
- bit 9      **MTSIRQ:** Master to Slave Interrupt Request bit  
 1 = Master has issued an interrupt request to the Slave  
 0 = Master has not issued a Slave interrupt request
- bit 8      **STMIACK:** Master to Slave Interrupt Acknowledge bit (to Acknowledge the Slave interrupt)  
 1 = If STMIRQ = 1, Master Acknowledges Slave interrupt request, else protocol error  
 0 = If STMIRQ = 0, Master has not yet Acknowledged Slave interrupt request, else no Slave to Master interrupt request is pending
- bit 7      **SRSTIE:** Slave Reset Event Interrupt Enable bit  
 1 = Master Slave Reset event interrupt occurs when Slave enters Reset state  
 0 = Master Slave Reset event interrupt does not occur when Slave enters Reset state
- bit 6-0      **Reserved:** Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 5-2: MS1STAT: MS1 MASTER STATUS REGISTER

|        |          |         |         |         |          |        |         |
|--------|----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|--------|---------|
| R-0    | R/W-0    | R-0     | R-0     | R/W-0   | R-0      | R-0    | R-0     |
| SLVRST | SLVWDRST | SLVPWR1 | SLVPWR0 | VERFERR | SLVP2ACT | STMIRQ | MTSIACK |
| bit 15 |          |         |         |         |          | bit 8  |         |

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| R-0    | r-0 | r-0 | r-0 | r-0 | r-0 | r-0   | r-0 |
| SLVDBG | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 7  |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | r = Reserved bit |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15      **SLVRST:** Slave Reset Status bit  
 Indicates when the Slave is in Reset as the result of any Reset source. Generates a Slave Reset event interrupt to the Master on leading edge of being set when MTSIRQ (MS1CON<9>) = 1.  
 1 = Slave is in Reset  
 0 = Slave is not in Reset
- bit 14      **SLVWDRST:** Slave Watchdog Timer (WDT) Reset Status bit  
 Indicates when the Slave has been reset as the result of a WDT time-out. The SLVRST bit will also get set (at the same time this bit is set) by the hardware.  
 1 = Slave has been reset by the WDT  
 0 = Slave has not been reset by the WDT
- bit 13-12    **SLVPWR<1:0>:** Slave Low-Power Operating Mode Status bits  
 11 = Reserved  
 10 = Slave is in Sleep mode  
 01 = Slave is in Idle mode  
 00 = Slave is not in a Low-Power mode
- bit 11      **VERFERR:** PRAM Verify Error Status bit  
 1 = Error detected during execution of VFSLV (PRAM write verify) instruction  
 0 = No error detected during execution of VFSLV (PRAM write verify) instruction
- bit 10      **SLVP2ACT:** Slave PRAM Panel 2 Active Status bit  
 This bit is a reflection of the Slave NVM controller, P2ACTIV (NVMCON<10>) status bit, which is toggled after successful execution of a BOOTSWP instruction (during a Slave PRAM LiveUpdate operation).  
 1 = Slave NVM controller, P2ACTIV (NVMCON<10>) = 1  
 0 = Slave NVM controller P2ACTIV (NVMCON<10>) = 0
- bit 9        **STMIRQ:** Slave to Master Interrupt Request Status bit  
 1 = Slave has issued an interrupt request to the Master  
 0 = Slave has not issued a Master interrupt request
- bit 8        **MTSIACK:** Acknowledge Status bit (Slave acknowledged)  
 1 = If MTSIRQ = 1, Slave Acknowledges Master interrupt request, else protocol error  
 0 = If MTSIRQ = 1, Slave has not yet Acknowledged Master interrupt request, else no Master to Slave interrupt request is pending
- bit 7        **SLVDBG:** Slave Debug Mode Status bit  
 1 = Slave is operating in Debug mode  
 0 = Slave is operating in Mission or Application mode
- bit 6-0      **Reserved:** Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 5-3: MSI1KEY: MSI1 MASTER INTERLOCK KEY REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|              |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| W-0          | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0   |
| MSI1KEY<7:0> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 7        |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 7-0                      **MSI1KEY<7:0>:** MSI1 Key bits  
 The MSI1KEYx bits are monitored for specific write values.

## REGISTER 5-4: MSI1MBXS: MSI1 MASTER MAILBOX DATA TRANSFER STATUS REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| DTRDY<H:A> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 7-0                      **DTRDY<H:A>:** Data Ready Status bits  
 1 = Data transmitter has indicated that data is available to be read by data receiver in MSI1MBXnD (DTRDYx is automatically set by a data transmitter processor write to assigned MSI1MBXnD); Meaning when configured as a:  
     - Transmitter: Data is written. Waiting for receiver to read.  
     - Receiver: New data is ready to read.  
 0 = No data is available to be read by receiver in MSI1MBXnD (or the handshake protocol logic block is disabled)

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## REGISTER 5-5: MS1MBXnD: MS11 MASTER MAILBOX n DATA REGISTER (n = 0 to 15)

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| MSIMBXnD<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15         |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| MSIMBXnD<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0

**MSIMBXnD<15:0>**: MS11 Mailbox n Data bits

When Configuration bit, MBXMx = 1 (programmed):

Mailbox Data Direction: Master read, Slave write; Master MSIMBXnD<15:0> bits become R-0 (a Master write to MSIMBXnD<15:0> will have no effect).

When Configuration bit, MBXMx = 0 (programmed):

Mailbox Data Direction: Master write, Slave read; Master MSIMBXnD<15:0> bits become R/W-0.

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## REGISTER 5-6: MSI1FIFOCs: MSI1 MASTER FIFO CONTROL/STATUS REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |                     |                     |                       |                        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/C-0               | R-0                 | R-0                   | R-1                    |
| WFEN   | —   | —   | —   | WFOF <sup>(1)</sup> | WFUF <sup>(1)</sup> | WFFULL <sup>(1)</sup> | WFEMPTY <sup>(2)</sup> |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |                     |                     |                       | bit 8                  |

|       |     |     |     |      |       |        |         |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|------|-------|--------|---------|
| R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R-0  | R/C-0 | R-0    | R-1     |
| RFEN  | —   | —   | —   | RFOF | RFUF  | RFFULL | RFEMPTY |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |      |       |        | bit 0   |

|                   |                   |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | C = Clearable bit |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit  | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set  | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15      **WFEN:** Write FIFO Enable bit  
 1 = Enables (Master) Write FIFO  
 0 = Disables and initializes (Master) Write FIFO
- bit 14-12    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11      **WFOF:** Write FIFO Overflow bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
 1 = Write FIFO overflow is detected  
 0 = No Write FIFO overflow is detected
- bit 10      **WFUF:** Write FIFO Underflow bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
 1 = Write FIFO underflow is detected  
 0 = No Write FIFO underflow is detected
- bit 9        **WFFULL:** Write FIFO Full Status bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
 1 = Write FIFO is full, last write by Master to Write FIFO (WFDATA) was into the last free location  
 0 = Write FIFO is not full
- bit 8        **WFEMPTY:** Write FIFO Empty Status bit<sup>(2)</sup>  
 1 = Write FIFO is empty; last read by Slave from Write FIFO (WFDATA) emptied the FIFO of all valid data or FIFO is disabled (and initialized to the empty state)  
 0 = Write FIFO contains valid data not yet read by the Slave
- bit 7        **RFEN:** Read FIFO Enable bit  
 1 = Enables (Master) the Read FIFO  
 0 = Disables and initializes the (Master) Read FIFO
- bit 6-4     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3        **RFOF:** Read FIFO Overflow bit  
 1 = Read FIFO overflow is detected  
 0 = No Read FIFO overflow is detected
- bit 2        **RFUF:** Read FIFO Underflow bit  
 1 = Read FIFO underflow is detected  
 0 = No Read FIFO underflow is detected
- bit 1        **RFFULL:** Read FIFO Full Status bit  
 1 = Read FIFO is full; last write by Slave to Read FIFO (RFDATA) was into the last free location  
 0 = Read FIFO is not full
- bit 0        **RFEMPTY:** Read FIFO Empty Status bit  
 1 = Read FIFO is empty; last read by Master from Read FIFO (RFDATA) emptied the FIFO of all valid data or FIFO is disabled (and initialized to the empty state)  
 0 = Read FIFO contains valid data not yet read by the Master

**Note 1:** Once set, these bits can be cleared by making WFEN = 0.

**Note 2:** Clearing WFEN will also cause the WFEMPTY status bit to be set. After WFEN is subsequently set, WFEMPTY will remain set until the Master writes data into the Write FIFO.

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## REGISTER 5-7: MRSWFDATA: MASTER READ (SLAVE WRITE) FIFO DATA REGISTER

|                 |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-0             | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| MRSWFDATA<15:8> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 15          |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |     |     |

|                |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-0            | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| MRSWFDATA<7:0> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 7          |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |     |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **MRSWFDATA<15:0>**: Read FIFO Data Out Register bits

## REGISTER 5-8: MWSRFDATA: MASTER WRITE (SLAVE READ) FIFO DATA REGISTER

|                 |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-0             | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| MWSRFDATA<15:8> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 15          |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |     |     |

|                |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-0            | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| MWSRFDATA<7:0> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 7          |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |     |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **MWSRFDATA<15:0>**: Write FIFO Data Out Register bits

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## 5.2 Slave MSI Control Registers

The following registers are associated with the Slave MSI module and are located in the Slave SFR space.

- Register 5-9: SI1CON
- Register 5-10: SI1STAT
- Register 5-11: SI1MBX
- Register 5-12: SI1MBXnD
- Register 5-13: SI1FIFOCs
- Register 5-14: SWMRFDATA
- Register 5-15: SRMWFDATA

### REGISTER 5-9: SI1CON: MSI1 SLAVE CONTROL REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |          |          |        |         |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|--------|---------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0  | R/W-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | RFITSEL1 | RFITSEL0 | STMIRQ | MTSIACK |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |          |          |        | bit 8   |

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| MRSTIE | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7  |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

#### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 11-10 **RFITSEL<1:0>:** Read FIFO Interrupt Threshold Select bits

11 = Triggers data valid interrupt when FIFO is full after Slave write

10 = Triggers data valid interrupt when FIFO is 75% full after Slave write

01 = Triggers data valid interrupt when FIFO is 50% full after Slave write

00 = Triggers data valid interrupt when 1st FIFO entry is written by Slave

bit 9 **STMIRQ:** Slave to Master Interrupt Request bit

1 = Interrupts the Master

0 = Does not interrupt the Master

bit 8 **MTSIACK:** Slave to Acknowledge Master Interrupt bit

1 = If MTSIRQ = 1, Slave Acknowledges Master interrupt request, else protocol error

0 = If MTSIRQ = 0, Slave has not yet Acknowledged Master interrupt request, else no Master to Slave interrupt request is pending

bit 7 **MRSTIE:** Master Reset Event Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Slave Master Reset event interrupt occurs when Master enters Reset state

0 = Slave Master Reset event interrupt does not occur when Master enters Reset state

bit 6-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'



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## REGISTER 5-10: SI1STAT: MS11 SLAVE STATUS REGISTER

|        |     |         |         |     |     |        |         |
|--------|-----|---------|---------|-----|-----|--------|---------|
| R-0    | U-0 | R-0     | R-0     | U-0 | U-0 | R-0    | R-0     |
| MSTRST | —   | MSTPWR1 | MSTPWR0 | —   | —   | MTSIRQ | STMIACK |
| bit 15 |     |         |         |     |     | bit 8  |         |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15      **MSTRST:** Master Reset Status bit  
 Indicates when the Master is in Reset as the result of any Reset source. Generates a Master Reset event interrupt to the Slave on the leading edge of being set when STMIRQ (SI1CON<9>) = 1.  
 1 = Master is in Reset  
 0 = Master is not in Reset
- bit 14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-12    **MSTPWR<1:0>:** Master Low-Power Operating Mode Status bits  
 11 = Reserved  
 10 = Master is in Sleep mode  
 01 = Master is in Idle mode  
 00 = Master is not in a Low-Power mode
- bit 11-10    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 9        **MTSIRQ:** Master interrupt Slave bit  
 1 = Master has issued an interrupt request to the Slave  
 0 = Master has not issued a Slave interrupt request
- bit 8        **STMIACK:** Master Acknowledgment Status bit  
 1 = If STMIRQ = 1, Master Acknowledges Slave interrupt request, else protocol error  
 0 = If STMIRQ = 0, Master has not yet Acknowledged Slave interrupt request, else no Slave to Master interrupt request is pending
- bit 7-0      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 5-11: SI1MBX: MSI1 SLAVE MAILBOX DATA TRANSFER STATUS REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|            |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R-0        | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   |
| DTRDY<H:A> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 7      |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-0                      **DTRDY<H:A>:** Data Ready Status bits

- 1 = Data transmitter has indicated that data is available to be read by data receiver in MSI1MBXnD (DTRDYx is automatically set by a data transmitter processor write to assigned MSI1MBXnD)  
 Meaning when configured as a:
  - Transmitter: Data is written. Waiting for receiver to read.
  - Receiver: New data is ready to read.
- 0 = No data is available to be read in receiver, MSI1MBXnD (or the handshake protocol logic block is disabled)

## REGISTER 5-12: SI1MBXnD: MSI1 SLAVE MAILBOX n DATA REGISTER (n = 0 TO 15)

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SIMBXnD<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15        |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SIMBXnD<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7        |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **SIMBXnD<15:0>:** MSI1 Slave Mailbox Data n bits

When Configuration bit, MBXMx = 1 (programmed):

Mailbox Data Direction: Master read, Slave writes Master; SIMBXnD<15:0> bits become R-0 (a Master write to SIMBXnD<15:0> will have no effect).

When Configuration bit, MBXMx = 0 (programmed):

Mailbox Data Direction: Master write, Slave reads Master; SIMBXnD<15:0> bits become R/W-0.

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## REGISTER 5-13: SI1FIFOCs: MS11 SLAVE FIFO STATUS REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |       |       |         |          |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|---------|----------|
| R-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R-0   | R/C-0 | R-0     | R-1      |
| SRFEN  | —   | —   | —   | SRFOF | SRFUF | SRFFULL | SRFEMPTY |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |       |       |         | bit 8    |

|       |     |     |     |       |       |         |          |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|---------|----------|
| R-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/C-0 | R-0   | R-0     | R-1      |
| SWFEN | —   | —   | —   | SWFOF | SWFUF | SWFFULL | SWFEMPTY |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |       |       |         | bit 0    |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | C = Clearable bit                  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **SRFEN:** Slave Read (Master Write) FIFO Enable bit  
1 = Enables Slave Read (Master Write) FIFO  
0 = Disables Slave Read (Master Write) FIFO
- bit 14-12    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11      **SRFOF:** Slave Read (Master Write) FIFO Overflow bit  
1 = Slave Read FIFO overflow is detected  
0 = No Slave Read FIFO overflow is detected
- bit 10      **SRFUF:** Slave Read (Master Write) FIFO Underflow bit  
1 = Slave Read (Master Write) FIFO underflow is detected  
0 = No Slave Read (Master Write) FIFO underflow is detected
- bit 9        **SRFFULL:** Slave Read (Master Write) FIFO Full Status bit  
1 = Slave Read (Master Write) FIFO is full; last write by Master to Slave Read FIFO (SRMWFDATA) was into the last free location  
0 = Slave Read (Master Write) FIFO is not full
- bit 8        **SRFEMPTY:** Slave Read (Master Write) FIFO Empty Status bit  
1 = Slave Read (Master Write) FIFO is empty; last read by Slave from Read FIFO (SRMWFDATA) emptied the FIFO of all valid data or FIFO is disabled (and initialized to the empty state)  
0 = Slave Read (Master Write) FIFO contains valid data not yet read by the Slave
- bit 7        **SWFEN:** Slave Write (Master Read) FIFO Enable bit  
1 = Enables Slave Write (Master Read) FIFO  
0 = Disables Slave Write (Master Read) FIFO
- bit 6-4      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3        **SWFOF:** Slave Write (Master Read) FIFO Overflow bit  
1 = Slave Write (Master Read) FIFO overflow is detected  
0 = No Slave Write (Master Read) FIFO overflow is detected
- bit 2        **SWFUF:** Slave Write (Master Read) FIFO Underflow bit  
1 = Slave Write (Master Read) FIFO underflow is detected  
0 = No Slave Write (Master Read) FIFO underflow is detected
- bit 1        **SWFFULL:** Slave Write (Master Read) FIFO Full Status bit  
1 = Slave Write (Master Read) FIFO is full; last write by Slave to FIFO (SWMRFDATA) was into the last free location  
0 = Slave Write (Master Read) FIFO is not full
- bit 0        **SWFEMPTY:** Slave Write (Master Read) FIFO Empty Status bit  
1 = Slave Write (Master Read) FIFO is empty; last read by Master from Read FIFO emptied the FIFO of all valid data or FIFO is disabled (and initialized to the empty state)  
0 = Slave Write (Master Read) FIFO contains valid data not yet read by the Master

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## REGISTER 5-14: SWMRFDATA: SLAVE WRITE (MASTER READ) FIFO DATA REGISTER

|                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| W-0             | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0   |
| SWMRFDATA<15:8> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 15          |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|                |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| W-0            | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0   |
| SWMRFDATA<7:0> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 7          |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **SWMRFDATA<15:0>**: Read FIFO Data Out Register bits

## REGISTER 5-15: SRMWFDATA: SLAVE READ (MASTER WRITE) FIFO DATA REGISTER

|                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R-0             | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   |
| SRMWFDATA<15:8> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 15          |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|                |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R-0            | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   |
| SRMWFDATA<7:0> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 7          |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **SRMWFDATA<15:0>**: Write FIFO Data Out Register bits

## 5.3 Slave Processor Control

The MSI contains three control bits related to Slave processor control within the MSI1CON register.

### 5.3.1 SLAVE ENABLE (SLVEN) CONTROL

The SLVEN (MSI1CON<15>) control bit provides a means for the Master processor to enable or disable the Slave processor.

The Slave is disabled when SLVEN (MSI1CON<15>) = 0. In this state:

- The Slave is held in the Reset state
- The Master has access to the Slave PRAM (to load it out of a device Reset)
- The Slave Reset status bit, SLVRST (MSI1STAT<15>) = 1

The Slave is enabled when SLVEN (MSI1CON<15>) = 1. In this state:

- The Slave Reset is released and it will start to execute code in whatever mode it is configured to operate in
- The Master processor will no longer have access to the Slave PRAM
- The Slave Reset status bit, SLVRST (MSI1STAT<15>) = 0

**Note:** The SLVRST (MSI1STAT<15>) status bit indicates when the Slave is in Reset. The associated interrupt only occurs when the Slave enters the Reset state after having previously not been in Reset. That is, no interrupt can be generated until the Slave is first enabled.

The SLVEN bit may only be modified after satisfying the hardware write interlock. The SLVEN bit is protected from unexpected writes through a software unlocking sequence that is based on the MSI1KEY register. Given the critical nature of the MSI control interface, the MSI macro unlock mechanism is independent from that of the Flash controller for added robustness.

Completing a predefined data write sequence to the MSI1KEY register will open a window. The SLVEN bit should be written on the first instruction that follows the unlock sequence. No other bits within the MSI1CON register are affected by the interlock. The MSI1KEY register is not a physical register. A read of the MSI1KEY register will read all '0's.

When the SLVEN bit lock is enabled (i.e., the bits are locked and cannot be modified), the instruction sequence shown in [Example 5-1](#) must be executed to open the lock. The unlock sequence is a prerequisite to both setting and clearing the target control bit.

**Note:** It is recommended to enable SRSTIE (MSI1CON<7>) = 1 prior to enabling the SLVEN bit. This will make the design robust and will update the Master with the Reset state of the Slave.

### EXAMPLE 5-1: MSI ENABLE OPERATION

```
//Unlock Key to allow MSI Enable control
MOV.b #0x55, W0
MOV.b WREG, MSI1KEY
MOV.b #0xAA, W0
MOV.b WREG, MSI1KEY
// Enable MSI
BSET MSI1CON, SLVEN
```

### EXAMPLE 5-2: MSI ENABLE OPERATION IN C CODE

```
#include <libpic30.h>
_start_slave();
```

## 5.4 Slave Reset Coupling Control

In all operating modes, the user may couple or decouple the Master Run-Time Resets to the Slave Reset by using the Master Slave Reset Enable (S1MSRE) fuse. The Resets are effectively coupled by directing the selected Reset source to the SLVEN bit Reset.

In all operating modes, the user may also choose whether the SLVEN bit is reset or not in the event of a Slave Run-Time Reset by using the Slave Reset Enable (S1SSRE) fuse.

A user may choose to reset SLVEN in the event of a Slave Reset because that event could be an indicator of a problem with Slave execution. The Slave would be placed in Reset and the Master alerted (via the Slave Reset event interrupt, need to make SRSTIE (MSI1CON<7> = 1) to attempt to rectify the problem. The Master must re-enable the Slave by setting the SLVEN bit again.

Alternatively, the user may choose to not halt the Slave in the event of a Slave Reset, and just allow it to restart execution after a Reset and continue operation as soon as possible. The Slave Reset event interrupt would still occur, but could be ignored by the Master.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 5-1: APPLICATION MODE SLVEN RESET CONTROL TRUTH TABLE**

| S1MSRE | S1SSRE | SLVEN Bit Reset Source   | Application Effect  |
|--------|--------|--|---|
| 0      | 0      | Master Resets <sup>(1)</sup>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Slave is reset and disabled in the event of a POR, BOR or <math>\overline{\text{MCLR}}</math> Reset. Master must re-enable Slave.</li> <li>Slave Run-Time Resets will not disable Slave. Slave will reset and continue execution (and may optionally interrupt Master).</li> </ul> |
| 1      | 0      | Master Resets <sup>(1)</sup>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Slave is reset and disabled in the event of a POR, BOR or <math>\overline{\text{MCLR}}</math> Reset. Master must re-enable Slave.</li> <li>Slave Run-Time Resets will not disable Slave. Slave will reset and continue execution (and may optionally interrupt Master).</li> </ul> |
| 0      | 1      | Master Resets <sup>(1)</sup> and Slave Resets <sup>(2)</sup>                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Slave is reset and disabled in the event of any Slave Run-Time Reset (and may optionally interrupt Master). Master must re-enable Slave to execute the Slave code.</li> <li>Master Run-Time Resets will not affect Slave operation.</li> </ul>                                     |
| 1      | 1      | POR/BOR/ $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ <sup>(1)</sup> Slave Resets <sup>(2)</sup> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Slave is reset and disabled in the event of any Slave Run-Time Reset or Master Reset. Master must re-enable Slave. This represents the default state (S1MSRE and S1SSRE are unprogrammed).</li> </ul>  |

**Note 1:** Master Resets include any Master Reset, such as POR/BOR/ $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$  Resets.

**Note 2:** Slave Resets include any Slave Reset, plus POR/BOR/ $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$  Resets (in Application mode).

## 5.4.1 INTER-PROCESSOR INTERRUPT REQUEST AND ACKNOWLEDGE

The Master and Slave processors may interrupt each other directly. The Master may issue an interrupt request to the Slave by asserting the MTSIRQ (MSI1CON<9>) control bit. Similarly, the Slave may issue an interrupt request to the Master by asserting the STMIRQ (MSI1STAT<9>) control bit.

The interrupts are Acknowledged through the use of the Interrupt Acknowledge bits, MTSIACK (MSI1STAT<8>) for the Master to Slave interrupt request and STMIACK (MSI1CON<8>) for the Slave to Master interrupt request.

## 5.4.2 READ ADDRESS POINTERS FOR FIFOs

The MSI macro may also include a set of two FIFOs, one for data reads from the Slave and the other for data writes to the Slave. The Read Address Pointers for the Read and Write FIFOs are held in the RDPTR<6:0> bits (MSI1CON<6:0>) and WRPTR<6:0> bits (MSI1STAT<6:0>), respectively. These bits are accessible only from within Debug mode.

## 6.0 OSCILLATOR WITH HIGH-FREQUENCY PLL

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**Oscillator Module with High-Speed PLL**” (DS70005255) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

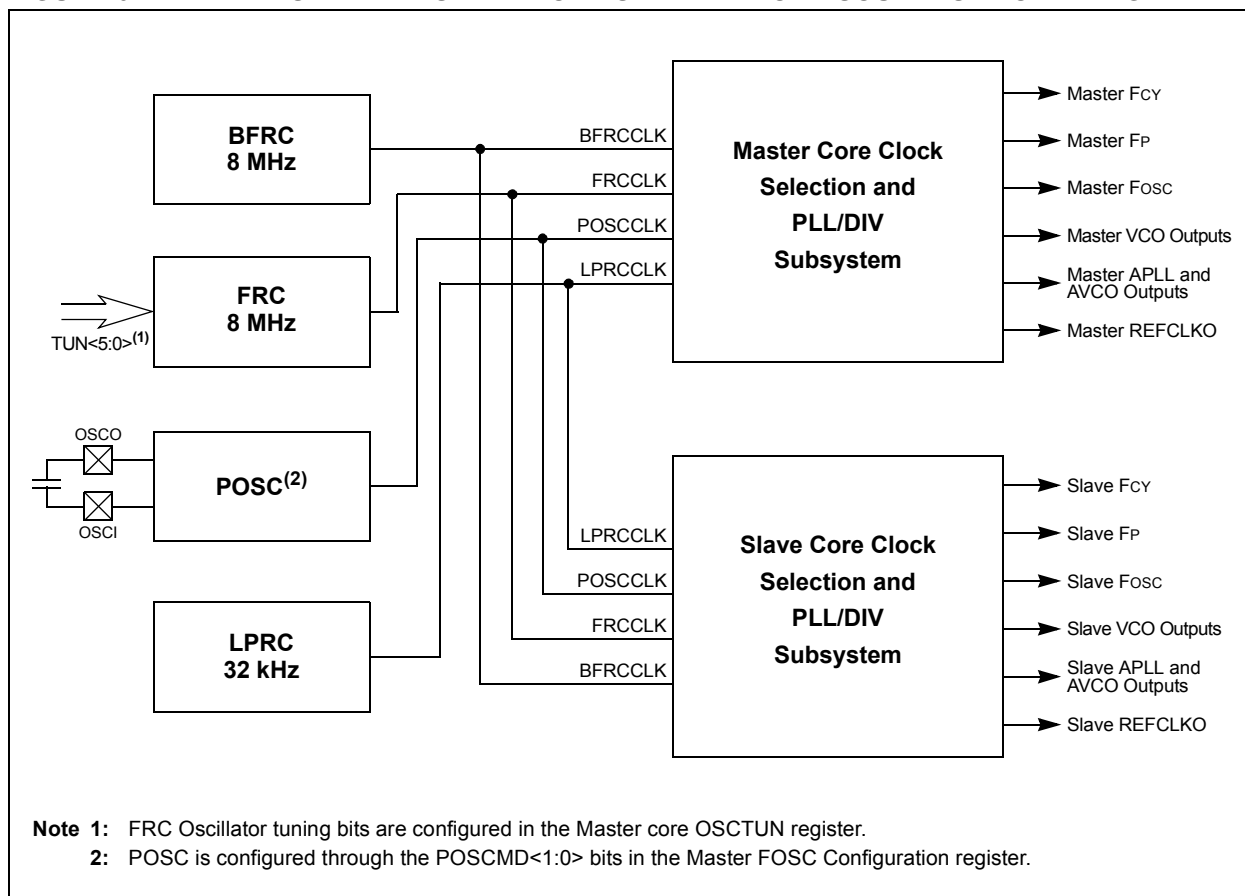
The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family oscillator with high-frequency PLL includes these characteristics:

- Master and Core Subsystems
- Internal and External Oscillator Sources Shared between Master and Slave Cores

- Master and Slave Independent On-Chip Phase-Locked Loop (PLL) to Boost Internal Operating Frequency on Select Internal and External Oscillator Sources
- Master and Slave Independent Auxiliary PLL (APLL) Clock Generator to Boost Operating Frequency for Peripherals
- Master and Slave Independent Doze mode for System Power Savings
- Master and Slave Independent Scalable Reference Clock Output (REFCLKO)
- On-the-Fly Clock Switching between Various Clock Sources
- Fail-Safe Clock Monitoring (FSCM) that Detects Clock Failure and Permits Safe Application Recovery or Shutdown

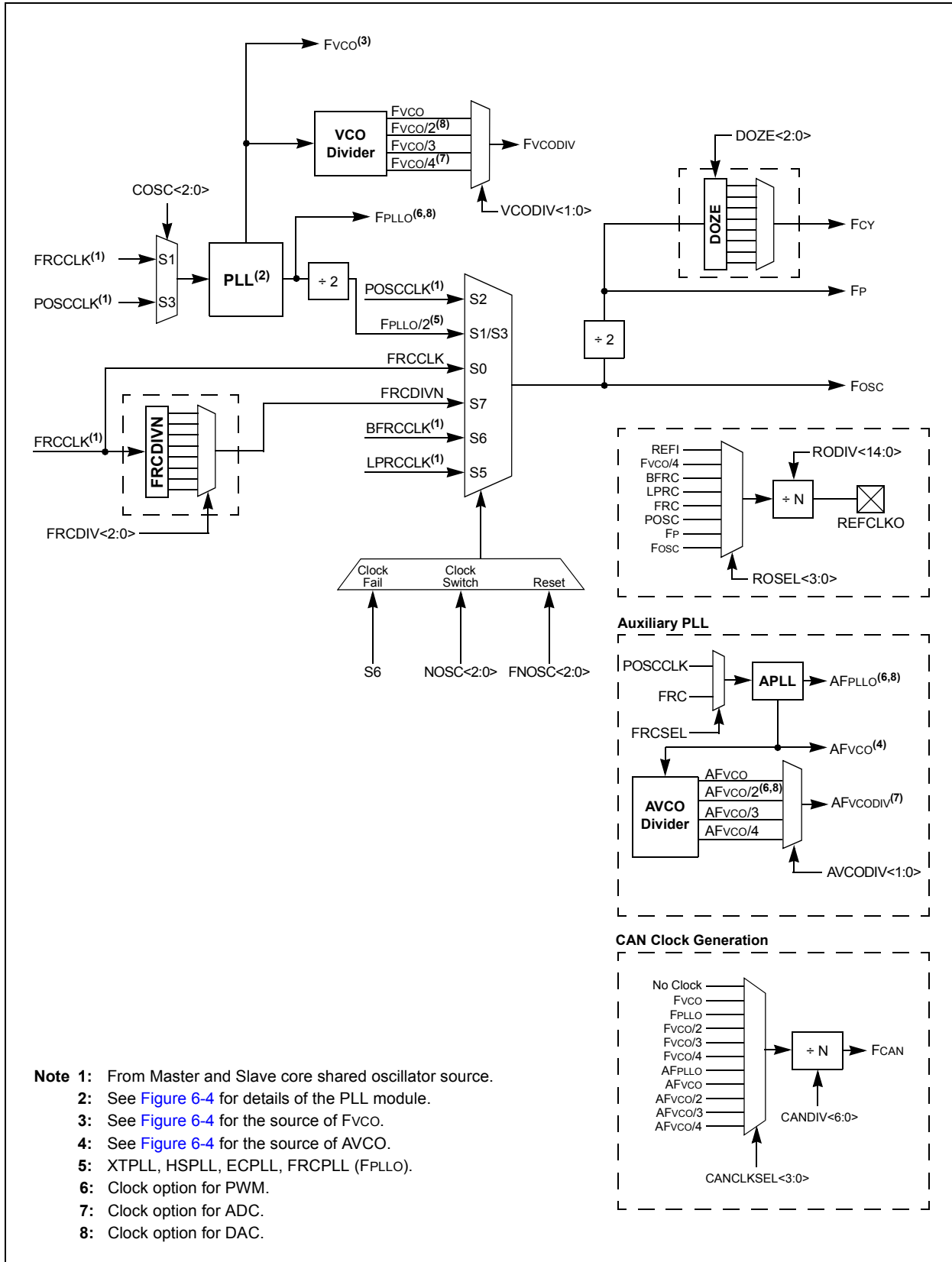
A block diagram of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 oscillator system is shown in [Figure 6-1](#).

**FIGURE 6-1: MASTER AND SLAVE CORE SHARED CLOCK SOURCES BLOCK DIAGRAM**



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

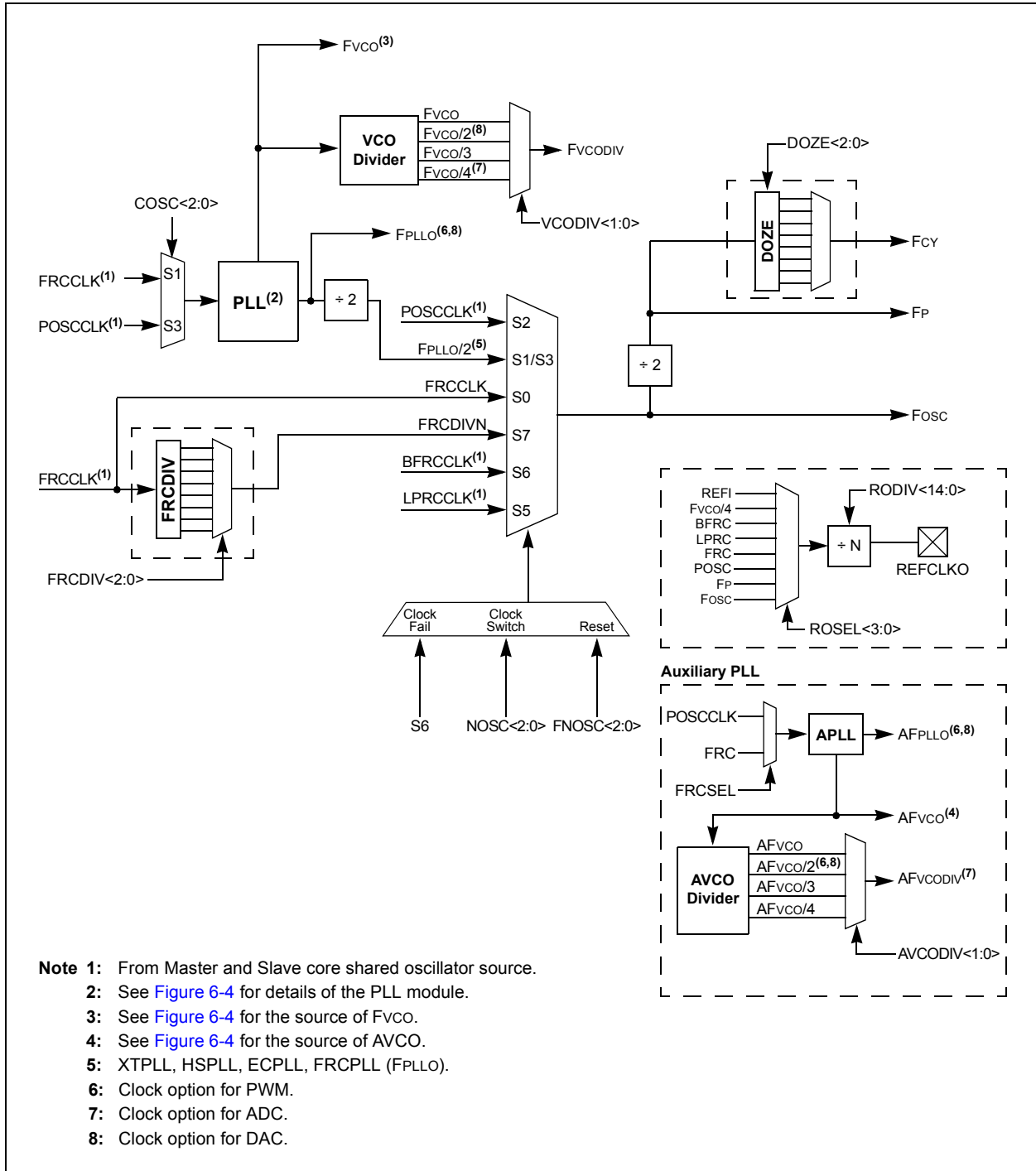
**FIGURE 6-2: MASTER CORE OSCILLATOR SUBSYSTEM**





# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

FIGURE 6-3: SLAVE CORE OSCILLATOR SUBSYSTEM



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

The Primary Oscillator and internal FRC Oscillator sources can optionally use an on-chip PLL to obtain higher operating speeds. There are two independent instantiations of PLL for the Master and Slave clock subsystems. Figure 6-4 illustrates a block diagram of the Master/Slave core PLL module.

For PLL operation, the following requirements must be met at all times without exception:

- The PLL Input Frequency (F<sub>PLLI</sub>) must be in the range of 8 MHz to 64 MHz
- The PFD Input Frequency (F<sub>PFD</sub>) must be in the range of 8 MHz to (F<sub>VCO</sub>/16) MHz

The VCO Output Frequency (F<sub>VCO</sub>) must be in the range of 400 MHz to 1600 MHz

**FIGURE 6-4: MASTER/SLAVE CORE PLL AND VCO DETAIL**



Equation 6-1 provides the relationship between the PLL Input Frequency ( $F_{PLLI}$ ) and VCO Output Frequency ( $F_{VCO}$ ).

## EQUATION 6-1: MASTER/SLAVE CORE $F_{VCO}$ CALCULATION

$$F_{VCO} = F_{PLLI} \times \left(\frac{M}{N1}\right) = F_{PLLI} \times \left(\frac{PLLFBDIV\langle 7:0 \rangle}{PLLPRE\langle 3:0 \rangle}\right)$$

Equation 6-2 provides the relationship between the PLL Input Frequency ( $F_{PLLI}$ ) and PLL Output Frequency ( $F_{PLLO}$ ).

## EQUATION 6-2: MASTER/SLAVE CORE $F_{PLLO}$ CALCULATION

$$F_{PLLO} = F_{PLLI} \times \left(\frac{M}{N1 \times N2 \times N3}\right) = F_{PLLI} \times \left(\frac{PLLFBDIV\langle 7:0 \rangle}{PLLPRE\langle 3:0 \rangle \times POST1DIV\langle 2:0 \rangle \times POST2DIV\langle 2:0 \rangle}\right)$$

Where:

$$M = PLLFBDIV\langle 7:0 \rangle$$

$$N1 = PLLPRE\langle 3:0 \rangle$$

$$N2 = POST1DIV\langle 2:0 \rangle$$

$$N3 = POST2DIV\langle 2:0 \rangle$$

**Note:** The PLL Phase Detector Input Divider Select (PLLPREx) bits and the PLL Feedback Divider (PLLFBDIVx) bits should not be changed when operating in PLL mode. Therefore, the user must start in either a non-PLL mode or clock switch to a non-PLL mode (e.g., internal FRC Oscillator) to make any necessary changes and then clock switch to the desired PLL mode.

It is not permitted to directly clock switch from one PLL clock source to a different PLL clock source. The user would need to transition between PLL clock sources with a clock switch to a non-PLL clock source.

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## EXAMPLE 6-1: CODE EXAMPLE FOR USING MASTER PRIMARY PLL WITH 8 MHz INTERNAL FRC

```
//code example for 50 MIPS system clock using 8MHz FRC
// Select FRC on POR
#pragma config FNOSC = FRC          // Oscillator Source Selection (Internal Fast RC (FRC))
#pragma config IESO = OFF
// Enable Clock Switching
#pragma config FCKSM = CSECMD
int    main()
{
// Configure PLL prescaler, both PLL postscalers, and PLL feedback divider
CLKDIVbits.PLLPRE = 1;             // N1=1
PLLFBDBits.PLLFBDIV = 125;        // M = 125
PLLDIVbits.POST1DIV = 5;          // N2=5
PLLDIVbits.POST2DIV = 1;          // N3=1
// Initiate Clock Switch to FRC with PLL (NOSC=0b001)
__builtin_write_OSCCONH(0x01);
__builtin_write_OSCCONL(OSCCON | 0x01);
// Wait for Clock switch to occur
while (OSCCONbits.OSWEN!= 0);
}
```

**Note:**  $F_{P_{LLO}} = F_{P_{LH}} * M / (N1 * N2 * N3)$ ;  $F_{P_{LH}} = 8$ ;  $M = 125$ ;  $N1 = 1$ ;  $N2 = 5$ ;  $N3 = 1$ ;  
so  $F_{P_{LLO}} = 8 * 125 / (1 * 5 * 1) = 200 \text{ MHz}$  or 50 MIPS.

## EXAMPLE 6-2: CODE EXAMPLE FOR USING SLAVE PRIMARY PLL WITH 8 MHz INTERNAL FRC

```
//code example for 60 MIPS system clock using 8MHz FRC
// Select Internal FRC at POR
// Select FRC on POR
#pragma config S1FNOSC = FRC        // Oscillator Source Selection (Internal Fast RC (FRC))
#pragma config S1IESO = OFF         // Two-speed Oscillator Start-up Enable bit (Start up with
user-selected oscillator source)
// Enable Clock Switching
#pragma config S1FCKSM = CSECMD
int    main()
{
// Configure PLL prescaler, both PLL postscalers, and PLL feedback divider
CLKDIVbits.PLLPRE = 1;             // N1=1
PLLFBDBits.PLLFBDIV = 150;        // M = 150
PLLDIVbits.POST1DIV = 5;          // N2=5
PLLDIVbits.POST2DIV = 1;          // N3=1
// Initiate Clock Switch to FRC with PLL (NOSC=0b001)
__builtin_write_OSCCONH(0x01);
__builtin_write_OSCCONL(OSCCON | 0x01);
// Wait for Clock switch to occur
while (OSCCONbits.OSWEN!= 0);
}
```

**Note:**  $F_{P_{LLO}} = F_{P_{LH}} * M / (N1 * N2 * N3)$ ;  $F_{P_{LH}} = 8$ ;  $M = 150$ ;  $N1 = 1$ ;  $N2 = 5$ ;  $N3 = 1$ ;  
so  $F_{P_{LLO}} = 8 * 150 / (1 * 5 * 1) = 240 \text{ MHz}$  or 60 MIPS.

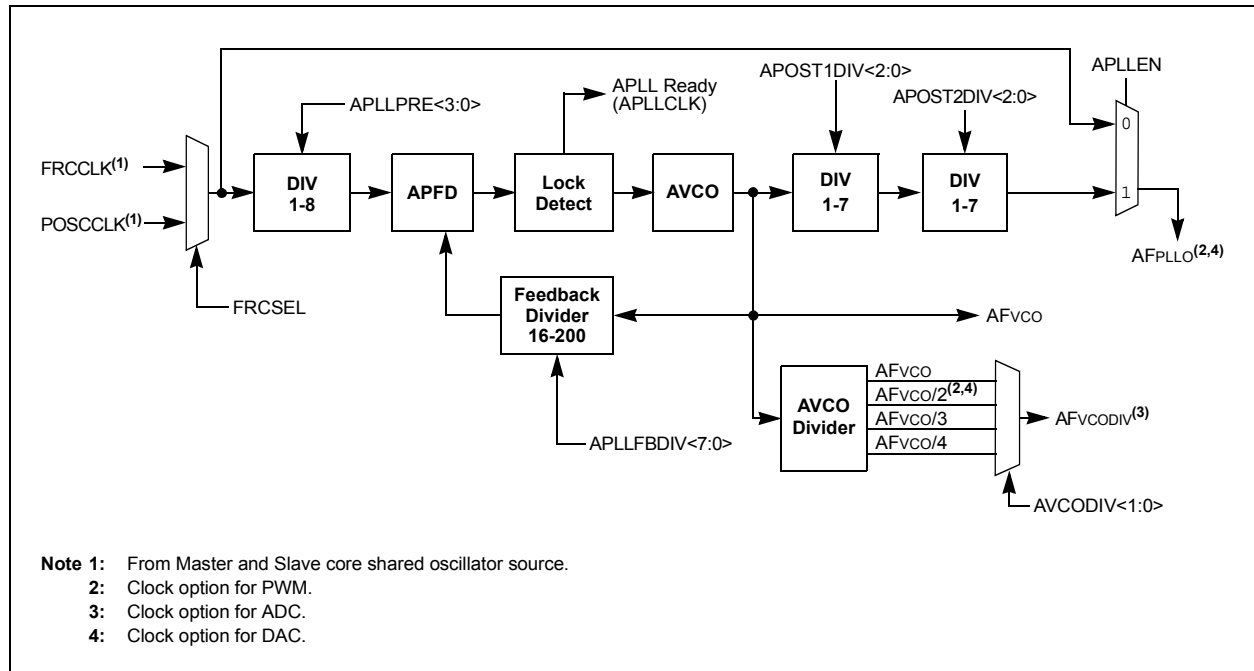
# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 device family implements an Auxiliary PLL (APLL) module for each core present. There are two independent instantiations of APLL for the Master and Slave clock subsystems. The APLL is used to generate various peripheral clock sources independent of the system clock. Figure 6-5 shows a block diagram of the Master/Slave core APLL module.

For APLL operation, the following requirements must be met at all times without exception:

- The APLL Input Frequency (AF<sub>PLLI</sub>) must be in the range of 8 MHz to 64 MHz
- The APFD Input Frequency (AF<sub>FPD</sub>) must be in the range of 8 MHz to (AF<sub>VCO</sub>/16) MHz
- The AVCO Output Frequency (AF<sub>VCO</sub>) must be in the range of 400 MHz to 1600 MHz

**FIGURE 6-5: MASTER/SLAVE CORE APLL AND VCO DETAIL**



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

Equation 6-3 provides the relationship between the APLL Input Frequency (AF<sub>PLLI</sub>) and the AVCO Output Frequency (AF<sub>VCO</sub>).

## EQUATION 6-3: MASTER/SLAVE CORE AF<sub>VCO</sub> CALCULATION

$$AF_{VCO} = AF_{PLLI} \times \left(\frac{M}{N1}\right) = AF_{PLLI} \times \left(\frac{APLLFBDIV\langle 7:0 \rangle}{APLLPRE\langle 3:0 \rangle}\right)$$

Equation 6-4 provides the relationship between the APLL Input Frequency (AF<sub>PLLI</sub>) and APLL Output Frequency (AF<sub>PLLO</sub>).

## EQUATION 6-4: MASTER/SLAVE CORE AF<sub>PLLO</sub> CALCULATION

$$AF_{PLLO} = AF_{PLLI} \times \left(\frac{M}{N1 \times N2 \times N3}\right) = AF_{PLLI} \times \left(\frac{APLLFBDIV\langle 7:0 \rangle}{APLLPRE\langle 3:0 \rangle \times APOST1DIV\langle 2:0 \rangle \times APOST2DIV\langle 2:0 \rangle}\right)$$

Where:

$M = APLLFB DIV\langle 7:0 \rangle$

$N1 = APLLPRE\langle 3:0 \rangle$

$N2 = APOST1DIV\langle 2:0 \rangle$

$N3 = APOST2DIV\langle 2:0 \rangle$

## EXAMPLE 6-3: CODE EXAMPLE FOR USING MASTER OR SLAVE AUXILIARY PLL WITH THE INTERNAL FRC OSCILLATOR

```
//code example for AFVCO = 1 GHz and AFPLLO = 500 MHz using 8 MHz internal FRC
// Configure the source clock for the APLL
ACLKCON1bits.FRCSEL = 1;           // Select internal FRC as the clock source
// Configure the APLL prescaler, APLL feedback divider, and both APLL postscalers.
ACLKCON1bits.APLLPRE = 1;          // N1 = 1
APLLFBD1bits.APLLFB DIV = 125;    // M = 125
APLLDIV1bits.APOST1DIV = 2;       // N2 = 2
APLLDIV1bits.APOST2DIV = 1;       // N3 = 1
// Enable APLL
ACLKCON1bits.AP LLEN = 1;
```

**Note:** Even with the AP LLEN bit set, another peripheral must generate a clock request before the APLL will start.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 6.1 CPU Clocking

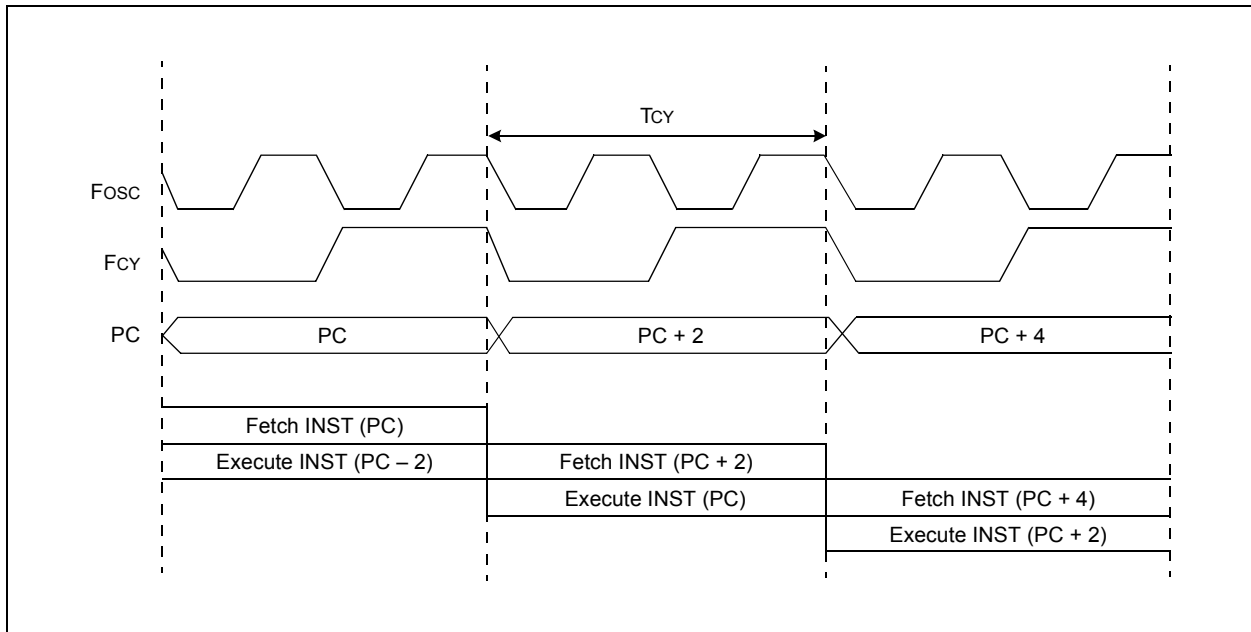
While the Master and Slave subsystems share access to a single set of oscillator sources, all other clocking logic is implemented individually. The Master and Slave core can be configured independently to use any of the following clock configurations:

- Primary Oscillator (POSC) on the OSCI and OSCO pins
- Internal Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with optional clock divider
- Internal Low-Power RC Oscillator (LPRC)
- Primary Oscillator with PLL (ECPLL, HSPLL, XTPLL)
- Internal Fast RC Oscillator with PLL (FRCPLL)
- Backup Internal Fast RC Oscillator (BFRC)

Each core's system clock source is divided by two to produce the internal instruction cycle clock. In this document, the instruction cycle clock is denoted by Fcy. The timing diagram in Figure 6-6 illustrates the relationship between the system clock (Fosc), the instruction cycle clock (Fcy) and the Program Counter (PC).

The internal instruction cycle clock (Fcy) can be output on the OSCO I/O pin if the Primary Oscillator mode (POSCMD<1:0>) is not configured as HS/XT.

**FIGURE 6-6: CLOCK AND INSTRUCTION CYCLE TIMING**



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 6.2 Master Oscillator Configuration Registers

Table 6-1 lists the configuration settings that select the device's Master core oscillator source and operating mode at a POR.

**TABLE 6-1: CONFIGURATION BIT VALUES FOR CLOCK SELECTION FOR THE MASTER**

| Oscillator Source | Oscillator Mode                               | FNOSC<2:0> Value | POSCMD<1:0> Value <sup>(3)</sup> | Notes |
|-------------------|---|------------------|----------------------------------|-------|
| S0                | Fast RC Oscillator (FRC)                      | 000              | xx                               | 1     |
| S1                | Fast RC Oscillator with PLL (FRCPLL)          | 001              | xx                               | 1     |
| S2                | Primary Oscillator (EC)                       | 010              | 00                               | 1     |
| S2                | Primary Oscillator (XT)                       | 010              | 01                               |       |
| S2                | Primary Oscillator (HS)                       | 010              | 10                               |       |
| S3                | Primary Oscillator with PLL (ECPLL)           | 011              | 00                               | 1     |
| S3                | Primary Oscillator with PLL (XTPLL)           | 011              | 01                               |       |
| S3                | Primary Oscillator with PLL (HSPLL)           | 011              | 10                               |       |
| S4                | Reserved                                      | 100              | xx                               |       |
| S5                | Low-Power RC Oscillator (LPRC)                | 101              | xx                               | 1     |
| S6                | Backup FRC (BFRC)                             | 110              | xx                               | 1     |
| S7                | Fast RC Oscillator with ÷ N Divider (FRCDIVN) | 111              | xx                               | 1, 2  |

**Note 1:** The OSCO pin function is determined by the OSCIOFNC Configuration bit.

**2:** This is the default oscillator mode for an unprogrammed (erased) device.

**3:** The POSCMDx bits are only available in the Master FOSC Configuration register.



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## 6.3 Slave Oscillator Configuration Registers

Table 6-2 lists the configuration settings that select the device's Slave core oscillator source and operating mode at a POR.

**TABLE 6-2: CONFIGURATION BIT VALUES FOR CLOCK SELECTION FOR THE SLAVE**

| Oscillator Source | Oscillator Mode                               | S1FNOSC<2:0> Value | POSCMD<1:0> Value <sup>(3)</sup> | Notes |
|-------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------------------|-------|
| S0                | Fast RC Oscillator (FRC)                      | 000                | xx                               | 1     |
| S1                | Fast RC Oscillator with PLL (FRCPLL)          | 001                | xx                               | 1     |
| S2                | Primary Oscillator (EC)                       | 010                | 00                               | 1     |
| S2                | Primary Oscillator (XT)                       | 010                | 01                               |       |
| S2                | Primary Oscillator (HS)                       | 010                | 10                               |       |
| S3                | Primary Oscillator with PLL (ECPLL)           | 011                | 00                               | 1     |
| S3                | Primary Oscillator with PLL (XTPLL)           | 011                | 01                               |       |
| S3                | Primary Oscillator with PLL (HSPLL)           | 011                | 10                               |       |
| S4                | Reserved                                      | 100                | xx                               | 1     |
| S5                | Low-Power RC Oscillator (LPRC)                | 101                | xx                               | 1     |
| S6                | Backup FRC (BFRC)                             | 110                | xx                               | 1     |
| S7                | Fast RC Oscillator with ÷ N Divider (FRCDIVN) | 111                | xx                               | 1, 2  |

- Note 1:** The OSCO pin function is determined by the S1OSCIOFNC Configuration bit. If both the Master core OSCIOFNC and Slave core S1OSCIOFNC bits are set, the Master core OSCIOFNC bit has priority.
- 2:** This is the default oscillator mode for an unprogrammed (erased) device.
- 3:** The POSCMD<1:0> bits are only available in the Master Oscillator Configuration register, FOSC. This setting configures the Primary Oscillator for use by either core.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 6.4 Master Special Function Registers

These Special Function Registers provide run-time control and status of the Master core's oscillator system.

### 6.4.1 MASTER OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTERS

#### REGISTER 6-1: OSCCON: OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTER (MASTER)<sup>(1)</sup>

|        |       |       |       |       |                      |                      |                      |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| U-0    | R-0   | R-0   | R-0   | U-0   | R/W-y                | R/W-y                | R/W-y                |
| —      | COSC2 | COSC1 | COSC0 | —     | NOSC2 <sup>(2)</sup> | NOSC1 <sup>(2)</sup> | NOSC0 <sup>(2)</sup> |
| bit 15 |       |       |       | bit 8 |                      |                      |                      |

|         |     |      |     |                   |     |     |       |
|---------|-----|------|-----|-------------------|-----|-----|-------|
| R/W-0   | U-0 | R-0  | U-0 | R/W-0             | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 |
| CLKLOCK | —   | LOCK | —   | CF <sup>(3)</sup> | —   | —   | OSWEN |
| bit 7   |     |      |     | bit 0             |     |     |       |

|                   |  |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | y = Value set from Configuration bits on POR |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                             | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                             | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-12 **COSC<2:0>:** Current Oscillator Selection bits (read-only)

- 111 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-n (FRCDIVN)
- 110 = Backup FRC (BFRC)
- 101 = Low-Power RC Oscillator (LPRC)
- 100 = Reserved – default to FRC
- 011 = Primary Oscillator (XT, HS, EC) with PLL (XTPLL, HSPPLL, ECPLL)
- 010 = Primary Oscillator (XT, HS, EC)
- 001 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with PLL (FRCPLL)
- 000 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC)

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 **NOSC<2:0>:** New Oscillator Selection bits<sup>(2)</sup>

- 111 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-n (FRCDIVN)
- 110 = Backup FRC (BFRC)
- 101 = Low-Power RC Oscillator (LPRC)
- 100 = Reserved – default to FRC
- 011 = Primary Oscillator (XT, HS, EC) with PLL (XTPLL, HSPPLL, ECPLL)
- 010 = Primary Oscillator (XT, HS, EC)
- 001 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with PLL (FRCPLL)
- 000 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC)

bit 7 **CLKLOCK:** Clock Lock Enable bit

- 1 = If (FCKSM0 = 1), then clock and PLL configurations are locked; if (FCKSM0 = 0), then clock and PLL configurations may be modified
- 0 = Clock and PLL selections are not locked, configurations may be modified

bit 6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note 1:** Writes to this register require an unlock sequence.

**2:** Direct clock switches between any Primary Oscillator mode with PLL and FRCPLL mode are not permitted. This applies to clock switches in either direction. In these instances, the application must switch to FRC mode as a transitional clock source between the two PLL modes.

**3:** This bit should only be cleared in software. Setting the bit in software (= 1) will have the same effect as an actual oscillator failure and will trigger an oscillator failure trap.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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## REGISTER 6-1: OSCCON: OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTER (MASTER)<sup>(1)</sup> (CONTINUED)

- bit 5      **LOCK:** PLL Lock Status bit (read-only)  
1 = Indicates that PLL is in lock or PLL start-up timer is satisfied  
0 = Indicates that PLL is out of lock, start-up timer is in progress or PLL is disabled
- bit 4      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3      **CF:** Clock Fail Detect bit<sup>(3)</sup>  
1 = FSCM has detected a clock failure  
0 = FSCM has not detected a clock failure
- bit 2-1    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 0      **OSWEN:** Oscillator Switch Enable bit  
1 = Requests oscillator switch to the selection specified by the NOSC<2:0> bits  
0 = Oscillator switch is complete

- Note 1:** Writes to this register require an unlock sequence.
- 2:** Direct clock switches between any Primary Oscillator mode with PLL and FRCPLL mode are not permitted. This applies to clock switches in either direction. In these instances, the application must switch to FRC mode as a transitional clock source between the two PLL modes.
- 3:** This bit should only be cleared in software. Setting the bit in software (= 1) will have the same effect as an actual oscillator failure and will trigger an oscillator failure trap.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 6-2: CLKDIV: CLOCK DIVIDER REGISTER (MASTER)

|        |                      |                      |                      |                        |         |         |         |
|--------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0                | R/W-1                | R/W-1                | R/W-0                  | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| ROI    | DOZE2 <sup>(1)</sup> | DOZE1 <sup>(1)</sup> | DOZE0 <sup>(1)</sup> | DOZEN <sup>(2,3)</sup> | FRCDIV2 | FRCDIV1 | FRCDIV0 |
| bit 15 |                      |                      |                      |                        |         | bit 8   |         |

|       |     |     |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| U-0   | U-0 | r-0 | r-0 | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-1                  |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | PLLPRE3 <sup>(4)</sup> | PLLPRE2 <sup>(4)</sup> | PLLPRE1 <sup>(4)</sup> | PLLPRE0 <sup>(4)</sup> |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |                        |                        | bit 0                  |                        |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | r = Reserved bit |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15      **ROI:** Recover on Interrupt bit  
 1 = Interrupts will clear the DOZEN bit and the processor clock, and the peripheral clock ratio is set to 1:1  
 0 = Interrupts have no effect on the DOZEN bit
- bit 14-12    **DOZE<2:0>:** Processor Clock Reduction Select bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
 111 = FP divided by 128  
 110 = FP divided by 64  
 101 = FP divided by 32  
 100 = FP divided by 16  
 011 = FP divided by 8 (default)  
 010 = FP divided by 4  
 001 = FP divided by 2  
 000 = FP divided by 1
- bit 11      **DOZEN:** Doze Mode Enable bit<sup>(2,3)</sup>  
 1 = DOZE<2:0> field specifies the ratio between the peripheral clocks and the processor clocks  
 0 = Processor clock and peripheral clock ratio is forced to 1:1
- bit 10-8    **FRCDIV<2:0>:** Internal Fast RC Oscillator Postscaler bits  
 111 = FRC divided by 256  
 110 = FRC divided by 64  
 101 = FRC divided by 32  
 100 = FRC divided by 16  
 011 = FRC divided by 8  
 010 = FRC divided by 4  
 001 = FRC divided by 2  
 000 = FRC divided by 1 (default)
- bit 7-6     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-4     **Reserved:** Read as '0'

- Note 1:** The DOZE<2:0> bits can only be written to when the DOZEN bit is clear. If DOZEN = 1, any writes to DOZE<2:0> are ignored.
- 2:** This bit is cleared when the ROI bit is set and an interrupt occurs.
- 3:** The DOZEN bit cannot be set if DOZE<2:0> = 000. If DOZE<2:0> = 000, any attempt by user software to set the DOZEN bit is ignored.
- 4:** PLLPRE<3:0> may be updated while the PLL is operating, but the VCO may overshoot.

## REGISTER 6-2: CLKDIV: CLOCK DIVIDER REGISTER (MASTER) (CONTINUED)

bit 3-0      **PLLPRE<3:0>**: PLL Phase Detector Input Divider Select bits (also denoted as 'N1', PLL prescaler)<sup>(4)</sup>

- 11111 = Reserved
- ...
- 1001 = Reserved
- 1000 = Input divided by 8
- 0111 = Input divided by 7
- 0110 = Input divided by 6
- 0101 = Input divided by 5
- 0100 = Input divided by 4
- 0011 = Input divided by 3
- 0010 = Input divided by 2
- 0001 = Input divided by 1 (power-on default selection)
- 0000 = Reserved

- Note 1:** The DOZE<2:0> bits can only be written to when the DOZEN bit is clear. If DOZEN = 1, any writes to DOZE<2:0> are ignored.
- 2:** This bit is cleared when the ROI bit is set and an interrupt occurs.
- 3:** The DOZEN bit cannot be set if DOZE<2:0> = 000. If DOZE<2:0> = 000, any attempt by user software to set the DOZEN bit is ignored.
- 4:** PLLPRE<3:0> may be updated while the PLL is operating, but the VCO may overshoot.

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## REGISTER 6-3: PLLFBD: PLL FEEDBACK DIVIDER REGISTER (MASTER)

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | r-0 | r-0 | r-0 | r-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-1         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-0 |
| PLLFBDIV<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | r = Reserved bit |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15-12     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11-8     **Reserved:** Maintain as '0'
- bit 7-0     **PLLFBDIV<7:0>:** PLL Feedback Divider bits (also denoted as 'M', PLL multiplier)
  - 11111111 = Reserved
  - ...
  - 11001000 = 200 Maximum<sup>(1)</sup>
  - ...
  - 10010110 = 150 (default)
  - ...
  - 00010000 = 16 Minimum<sup>(1)</sup>
  - ...
  - 00000010 = Reserved
  - 00000001 = Reserved
  - 00000000 = Reserved

**Note 1:** The allowed range is 16-200 (decimal). The rest of the values are reserved and should be avoided. The power on the default feedback divider is 150 (decimal) with an 8 MHz FRC input clock. The VCO frequency is 1.2 GHz.

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## REGISTER 6-4: OSCTUN: FRC OSCILLATOR TUNING REGISTER (MASTER)

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |          |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | TUN<5:0> |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7 |     |          |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-6                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0                      **TUN<5:0>:** FRC Oscillator Tuning bits

0111111 = Maximum frequency deviation of 1.74% (MHz)

0111110 = Center frequency + 1.693% (MHz)

...

0000001 = Center frequency + 0.047% (MHz)

0000000 = Center frequency (8.00 MHz nominal)

1111111 = Center frequency – 0.047% (MHz)

...

1000001 = Center frequency – 1.693% (MHz)

1000000 = Minimum frequency deviation of -1.74% (MHz)

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## REGISTER 6-5: PLLDIV: PLL OUTPUT DIVIDER REGISTER (MASTER)

|        |     |     |     |     |     |         |         |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|---------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | VCODIV1 | VCODIV0 |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8   |         |

|       |                            |                            |                            |     |                            |                            |                            |
|-------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| U-0   | R/W-1                      | R/W-0                      | R/W-0                      | U-0 | R/W-0                      | R/W-0                      | R/W-1                      |
| —     | POST1DIV2 <sup>(1,2)</sup> | POST1DIV1 <sup>(1,2)</sup> | POST1DIV0 <sup>(1,2)</sup> | —   | POST2DIV2 <sup>(1,2)</sup> | POST2DIV1 <sup>(1,2)</sup> | POST2DIV0 <sup>(1,2)</sup> |
| bit 7 |                            |                            |                            |     |                            | bit 0                      |                            |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-10 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 9-8 **VCODIV<1:0>:** PLL VCO Output Divider Select bits

11 = Fvco  
 10 = Fvco/2  
 01 = Fvco/3  
 00 = Fvco/4

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-4 **POST1DIV<2:0>:** PLL Output Divider #1 Ratio bits<sup>(1,2)</sup>

POST1DIV<2:0> can have a valid value, from 1 to 7 (POST1DIVx value should be greater than or equal to the POST2DIVx value). The POST1DIVx divider is designed to operate at higher clock rates than the POST2DIVx divider.

bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-0 **POST2DIV<2:0>:** PLL Output Divider #2 Ratio bits<sup>(1,2)</sup>

POST2DIV<2:0> can have a valid value, from 1 to 7 (POST2DIVx value should be less than or equal to the POST1DIVx value). The POST1DIVx divider is designed to operate at higher clock rates than the POST2DIVx divider.

**Note 1:** The POST1DIVx and POST2DIVx divider values must not be changed while the PLL is operating.

**Note 2:** The default values for POST1DIVx and POST2DIVx are 4 and 1, respectively, yielding a 150 MHz system source clock.



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## REGISTER 6-6: ACLKCON1: AUXILIARY CLOCK CONTROL REGISTER (MASTER)

|                       |        |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|-----------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| R/W-0                 | R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  |
| APLLEN <sup>(1)</sup> | APLLCK | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | FRCSEL |
| bit 15                |        |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8  |

|       |     |     |     |          |          |          |          |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| U-0   | U-0 | r-0 | r-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-1    |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | APLLPRE3 | APLLPRE2 | APLLPRE1 | APLLPRE0 |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |          |          |          | bit 0    |

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | r = Reserved bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15     **APLLEN:** Auxiliary PLL Enable/Bypass select bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
           1 = AFPLLO is connected to the APLL post-divider output (bypass disabled)  
           0 = AFPLLO is connected to the APLL input clock (bypass enabled)
- bit 14     **APLLCK:** APLL Phase-Locked State Status bit  
           1 = Auxiliary PLL is in lock  
           0 = Auxiliary PLL is not in lock
- bit 13-9   **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 8       **FRCSEL:** FRC Clock Source Select bit  
           1 = FRC is the clock source for APLL  
           0 = Primary Oscillator is the clock source for APLL
- bit 7-6     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-4     **Reserved:** Maintain as '0'
- bit 3-0     **APLLPRE<3:0>:** Auxiliary PLL Phase Detector Input Divider bits  
           1111 = Reserved  
           ...  
           1001 = Reserved  
           1000 = Input divided by 8  
           0111 = Input divided by 7  
           0110 = Input divided by 6  
           0101 = Input divided by 5  
           0100 = Input divided by 4  
           0011 = Input divided by 3  
           0010 = Input divided by 2  
           0001 = Input divided by 1 (power-on default selection)  
           0000 = Reserved

**Note 1:** Even with the APLLEN bit set, another peripheral must generate a clock request before the APLL will start.

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## REGISTER 6-7: APLLFB1: APLL FEEDBACK DIVIDER REGISTER (MASTER)

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | r-0 | r-0 | r-0 | r-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|                 |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-1           | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-0 |
| APLLFB1DIV<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7           |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | r = Reserved bit |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15-12     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11-8     **Reserved:** Maintain as '0'
- bit 7-0     **APLLFB1DIV<7:0>:** APLL Feedback Divider bits
  - 11111111 = Reserved
  - ...
  - 11001000 = 200 maximum<sup>(1)</sup>
  - ...
  - 10010110 = 150 (default)
  - ...
  - 00010000 = 16 minimum<sup>(1)</sup>
  - ...
  - 00000010 = Reserved
  - 00000001 = Reserved
  - 00000000 = Reserved

**Note 1:** The allowed range is 16-200 (decimal). The rest of the values are reserved and should be avoided. The power-on default feedback divider is 150 (decimal) with an 8 MHz FRC input clock; the VCO frequency is 1.2 GHz.

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## REGISTER 6-8: APLL DIV1: APLL OUTPUT DIVIDER REGISTER (MASTER)

|        |     |     |     |     |     |              |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0        | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | AVCODIV<1:0> |       |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8        |       |

|       |                                 |       |       |     |                                 |       |       |
|-------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-----|---------------------------------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | R/W-1                           | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | R/W-0                           | R/W-0 | R/W-1 |
| —     | APOST1DIV<2:0> <sup>(1,2)</sup> |       |       | —   | APOST2DIV<2:0> <sup>(1,2)</sup> |       |       |
| bit 7 |                                 |       |       |     |                                 | bit 0 |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-10 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 9-8 **AVCODIV<1:0>:** APLL VCO Output Divider Select bits

11 = AFVCO

10 = AFVCO/2

01 = AFVCO/3

00 = AFVCO/4

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-4 **APOST1DIV<2:0>:** APLL Output Divider #1 Ratio bits<sup>(1,2)</sup>

APOST1DIV<2:0> can have a valid value, from 1 to 7 (the APOST1DIVx value should be greater than or equal to the APOST2DIVx value). The APOST1DIVx divider is designed to operate at higher clock rates than the APOST2DIVx divider.

bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-0 **APOST2DIV<2:0>:** APLL Output Divider #2 Ratio bits<sup>(1,2)</sup>

APOST2DIV<2:0> can have a valid value, from 1 to 7 (the APOST2DIVx value should be less than or equal to the APOST1DIVx value). The APOST1DIVx divider is designed to operate at higher clock rates than the APOST2DIVx divider.

**Note 1:** The APOST1DIVx and APOST2DIVx values must not be changed while the PLL is operating.

**Note 2:** The default values for APOST1DIVx and APOST2DIVx are 4 and 1, respectively, yielding a 150 MHz system source clock.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 6-9: CANCLKCON: CAN CLOCK CONTROL REGISTER

|          |     |     |     |                               |       |       |       |
|----------|-----|-----|-----|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0                         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| CANCLKEN | —   | —   | —   | CANCLKSEL<3:0> <sup>(1)</sup> |       |       |       |
| bit 15   |     |     |     | bit 8                         |       |       |       |

|       |                                 |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | R/W-0                           | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | CANCLKDIV<6:0> <sup>(2,3)</sup> |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7 |                                 |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **CANCLKEN:** Enables the CAN Clock Generator bit

1 = CAN clock generation circuitry is enabled

0 = CAN clock generation circuitry is disabled

bit 14-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 11-8 **CANCLKSEL<3:0>:** CAN Clock Source Select bits<sup>(1)</sup>

1011-1111 = Reserved (no clock selected)

1010 = AFVCO/4

1001 = AFVCO/3

1000 = AFVCO/2

0111 = AFVCO

0110 = AFPLLO

0101 = FVCO/4

0100 = FVCO/3

0011 = FVCO/2

0010 = FPLLO

0001 = FVCO

0000 = 0 (no clock selected)

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-0 **CANCLKDIV<6:0>:** CAN Clock Divider Select bits<sup>(2,3)</sup>

1111111 = Divide-by-128

...

0000010 = Divide-by-3

0000001 = Divide-by-2

0000000 = Divide-by-1

**Note 1:** The user must ensure the input clock source is 640 MHz or less. Operation with input reference frequency above 640 MHz will result in unpredictable behavior.

**2:** The CANCLKDIVx divider value must not be changed during CAN module operation.

**3:** The user must ensure the maximum clock output frequency of the divider is 80 MHz or less.

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## REGISTER 6-10: REFOCONL: REFERENCE CLOCK CONTROL LOW REGISTER (MASTER)

|        |     |        |       |       |     |          |         |
|--------|-----|--------|-------|-------|-----|----------|---------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | HC/R/W-0 | HSC/R-0 |
| ROEN   | —   | ROSIDL | ROOUT | ROSLP | —   | ROSWEN   | ROACTIV |
| bit 15 |     |        |       |       |     | bit 8    |         |

|       |     |     |     |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | ROSEL3 | ROSEL2 | ROSEL1 | ROSEL0 |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |        |        | bit 0  |        |

|                   |                             |                                       |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | HC = Hardware Clearable bit | HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit            | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set            | '0' = Bit is cleared                  |
|                   |                             | x = Bit is unknown                    |

- bit 15     **ROEN:** Reference Clock Enable bit  
1 = Reference Oscillator is enabled on the REFCLKO pin  
0 = Reference Oscillator is disabled
- bit 14     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13     **ROSIDL:** Reference Clock Stop in Idle bit  
1 = Reference Oscillator continues to run in Idle mode  
0 = Reference Oscillator is disabled in Idle mode
- bit 12     **ROOUT:** Reference Clock Output Enable bit  
1 = Reference clock external output is enabled and available on the REFCLKO pin  
0 = Reference clock external output is disabled
- bit 11     **ROSLP:** Reference Clock Stop in Sleep bit  
1 = Reference Oscillator continues to run in Sleep modes  
0 = Reference Oscillator is disabled in Sleep modes
- bit 10     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 9       **ROSWEN:** Reference Clock Output Enable bit  
1 = Clock divider change (requested by changes to RODIVx) is requested or is in progress (set in software, cleared by hardware upon completion)  
0 = Clock divider change has completed or is not pending
- bit 8       **ROACTIV:** Reference Clock Status bit  
1 = Reference clock is active; do not change clock source  
0 = Reference clock is stopped; clock source and configuration may be safely changed
- bit 7-4     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3-0     **ROSEL<3:0>:** Reference Clock Source Select bits  
1111 = Reserved  
... = Reserved  
1000 = Reserved  
0111 = REFI pin  
0110 = FVCO/4  
0101 = BFRC  
0100 = LPRC  
0011 = FRC  
0010 = Primary Oscillator  
0001 = Peripheral clock (FP)  
0000 = System clock (FOSC)

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## REGISTER 6-11: REFOCONH: REFERENCE CLOCK CONTROL HIGH REGISTER (MASTER)

|        |             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0    | R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |       |
| —      | RODIV<14:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15 |             |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| RODIV<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-0    **RODIV<14:0>:** Reference Clock Integer Divider Select bits

Divider for the selected input clock source is two times the selected value.

111 1111 1111 1111 = Base clock value divided by 65,534 (2 \* 7FFFh)

111 1111 1111 1110 = Base clock value divided by 65,532 (2 \* 7FFEh)

111 1111 1111 1101 = Base clock value divided by 65,530 (2 \* 7FFDh)

...

000 0000 0000 0010 = Base clock value divided by 4 (2 \* 2)

000 0000 0000 0001 = Base clock value divided by 2 (2 \* 1)

000 0000 0000 0000 = Base clock value

## 6.5 Slave Special Function Registers

These Special Function Registers provide run-time control and status of the Slave core's oscillator system.

### 6.5.1 SLAVE OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTERS

#### REGISTER 6-12: OSCCON: OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTER (SLAVE)<sup>(1)</sup>

|        |       |       |       |       |                      |                      |                      |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| U-0    | R-0   | R-0   | R-0   | U-0   | R/W-y                | R/W-y                | R/W-y                |
| —      | COSC2 | COSC1 | COSC0 | —     | NOSC2 <sup>(2)</sup> | NOSC1 <sup>(2)</sup> | NOSC0 <sup>(2)</sup> |
| bit 15 |       |       |       | bit 8 |                      |                      |                      |

|         |     |      |     |                   |     |     |       |
|---------|-----|------|-----|-------------------|-----|-----|-------|
| R/W-0   | U-0 | R-0  | U-0 | R/W-0             | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 |
| CLKLOCK | —   | LOCK | —   | CF <sup>(3)</sup> | —   | —   | OSWEN |
| bit 7   |     |      |     | bit 0             |     |     |       |

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | y = Value Set from Configuration bits on POR |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                             |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                             |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared                         |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                           |

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-12 **COSC<2:0>:** Current Oscillator Selection bits (read-only)

- 111 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-n (FRCDIVN)
- 110 = Backup FRC (BFRC)
- 101 = Low-Power RC Oscillator (LPRC)
- 100 = Reserved
- 011 = Primary Oscillator (XT, HS, EC) with PLL (XTPLL, HSPLL, ECPLL)
- 010 = Primary Oscillator (XT, HS, EC)
- 001 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with PLL (FRCPLL)
- 000 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC)

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 **NOSC<2:0>:** New Oscillator Selection bits<sup>(2)</sup>

- 111 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-n (FRCDIVN)
- 110 = Backup FRC (BFRC)
- 101 = Low-Power RC Oscillator (LPRC)
- 100 = Reserved
- 011 = Primary Oscillator (XT, HS, EC) with PLL (XTPLL, HSPLL, ECPLL)
- 010 = Primary Oscillator (XT, HS, EC)
- 001 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with PLL (FRCPLL)
- 000 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC)

bit 7 **CLKLOCK:** Clock Lock Enable bit

- 1 = If (FCKSM0 = 1), then clock and PLL configurations are locked; if (FCKSM0 = 0), then clock and PLL configurations may be modified
- 0 = Clock and PLL selections are not locked, configurations may be modified

bit 6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

- Note 1:** Writes to this register require an unlock sequence.
- 2:** Direct clock switches between any Primary Oscillator mode with PLL and FRCPLL mode are not permitted. This applies to clock switches in either direction. In these instances, the application must switch to FRC mode as a transitional clock source between the two PLL modes.
- 3:** This bit should only be cleared in software. Setting the bit in software (= 1) will have the same effect as an actual oscillator failure and will trigger an oscillator failure trap.

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## REGISTER 6-12: OSCCON: OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTER (SLAVE)<sup>(1)</sup> (CONTINUED)

- bit 5      **LOCK:** PLL Lock Status bit (read-only)  
1 = Indicates that PLL is in lock or PLL start-up timer is satisfied  
0 = Indicates that PLL is out of lock, start-up timer is in progress or PLL is disabled
- bit 4      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3      **CF:** Clock Fail Detect bit<sup>(3)</sup>  
1 = FSCM has detected a clock failure  
0 = FSCM has not detected a clock failure
- bit 2-1    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 0      **OSWEN:** Oscillator Switch Enable bit  
1 = Requests oscillator switch to the selection specified by the NOSC<2:0> bits  
0 = Oscillator switch is complete

- Note 1:** Writes to this register require an unlock sequence.
- 2:** Direct clock switches between any Primary Oscillator mode with PLL and FRCPLL mode are not permitted. This applies to clock switches in either direction. In these instances, the application must switch to FRC mode as a transitional clock source between the two PLL modes.
- 3:** This bit should only be cleared in software. Setting the bit in software (= 1) will have the same effect as an actual oscillator failure and will trigger an oscillator failure trap.



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## REGISTER 6-13: CLKDIV: CLOCK DIVIDER REGISTER (SLAVE)

|        |                      |                      |                      |                        |         |         |         |
|--------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0                | R/W-1                | R/W-1                | R/W-0                  | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| ROI    | DOZE2 <sup>(1)</sup> | DOZE1 <sup>(1)</sup> | DOZE0 <sup>(1)</sup> | DOZEN <sup>(2,3)</sup> | FRCDIV2 | FRCDIV1 | FRCDIV0 |
| bit 15 |                      |                      |                      |                        |         | bit 8   |         |

|       |     |     |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| U-0   | U-0 | r-0 | r-0 | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | PLLPRE3 <sup>(4)</sup> | PLLPRE2 <sup>(4)</sup> | PLLPRE1 <sup>(4)</sup> | PLLPRE0 <sup>(4)</sup> |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |                        |                        | bit 0                  |                        |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | r = Reserved bit                   |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **ROI:** Recover on Interrupt bit  
 1 = Interrupts will clear the DOZEN bit and the processor clock, and the peripheral clock ratio is set to 1:1  
 0 = Interrupts have no effect on the DOZEN bit
- bit 14-12    **DOZE<2:0>:** Processor Clock Reduction Select bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
 111 = FP divided by 128  
 110 = FP divided by 64  
 101 = FP divided by 32  
 100 = FP divided by 16  
 011 = FP divided by 8 (default)  
 010 = FP divided by 4  
 001 = FP divided by 2  
 000 = FP divided by 1
- bit 11      **DOZEN:** Doze Mode Enable bit<sup>(2,3)</sup>  
 1 = DOZE<2:0> field specifies the ratio between the peripheral clocks and the processor clocks  
 0 = Processor clock and peripheral clock ratio is forced to 1:1
- bit 10-8    **FRCDIV<2:0>:** Internal Fast RC Oscillator Postscaler bits  
 111 = FRC divided by 256  
 110 = FRC divided by 64  
 101 = FRC divided by 32  
 100 = FRC divided by 16  
 011 = FRC divided by 8  
 010 = FRC divided by 4  
 001 = FRC divided by 2  
 000 = FRC divided by 1 (default)
- bit 7-6     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-4     **Reserved:** Read as '0'

- Note 1:** The DOZE<2:0> bits can only be written to when the DOZEN bit is clear. If DOZEN = 1, any writes to DOZE<2:0> are ignored.
- 2:** This bit is cleared when the ROI bit is set and an interrupt occurs.
- 3:** The DOZEN bit cannot be set if DOZE<2:0> = 000. If DOZE<2:0> = 000, any attempt by user software to set the DOZEN bit is ignored.
- 4:** PLLPRE<3:0> may be updated while the PLL is operating, but the VCO may overshoot.

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## REGISTER 6-13: CLKDIV: CLOCK DIVIDER REGISTER (SLAVE) (CONTINUED)

bit 3-0      **PLLPRE<3:0>**: PLL Phase Detector Input Divider Select bits (also denoted as 'N1', PLL prescaler)<sup>(4)</sup>

- 11111 = Reserved
- ...
- 1001 = Reserved
- 1000 = Input divided by 8
- 0111 = Input divided by 7
- 0110 = Input divided by 6
- 0101 = Input divided by 5
- 0100 = Input divided by 4
- 0011 = Input divided by 3
- 0010 = Input divided by 2
- 0001 = Input divided by 1 (power-on default selection)
- 0000 = Reserved

- Note 1:** The DOZE<2:0> bits can only be written to when the DOZEN bit is clear. If DOZEN = 1, any writes to DOZE<2:0> are ignored.
- 2:** This bit is cleared when the ROI bit is set and an interrupt occurs.
- 3:** The DOZEN bit cannot be set if DOZE<2:0> = 000. If DOZE<2:0> = 000, any attempt by user software to set the DOZEN bit is ignored.
- 4:** PLLPRE<3:0> may be updated while the PLL is operating, but the VCO may overshoot.

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## REGISTER 6-14: PLLFBD: PLL FEEDBACK DIVIDER REGISTER (SLAVE)

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | r-0 | r-0 | r-0 | r-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-1         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-0 |
| PLLFBDIV<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | r = Reserved bit |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 11-8 **Reserved:** Maintain as '0'

bit 7-0 **PLLFBDIV<7:0>:** PLL Feedback Divider bits (also denoted as 'M', PLL multiplier)

11111111 = Reserved

...

11001000 = 200 maximum<sup>(1)</sup>

...

10010110 = 150 (default)

...

00010000 = 16 minimum<sup>(1)</sup>

...

00000010 = Reserved

00000001 = Reserved

00000000 = Reserved

**Note 1:** The allowed range is 16-200 (decimal). The rest of the values are reserved and should be avoided. The power on the default feedback divider is 150 (decimal) with an 8 MHz FRC input clock. The VCO frequency is 1.2 GHz.

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## REGISTER 6-15: PLLDIV: PLL OUTPUT DIVIDER REGISTER (SLAVE)

|        |     |     |     |     |     |             |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0       | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | VCODIV<1:0> |       |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8       |       |

|       |                                |       |       |     |                                |       |       |
|-------|--------------------------------|-------|-------|-----|--------------------------------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | R/W-1                          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | R/W-0                          | R/W-0 | R/W-1 |
| —     | POST1DIV<2:0> <sup>(1,2)</sup> |       |       | —   | POST2DIV<2:0> <sup>(1,2)</sup> |       |       |
| bit 7 |                                |       |       |     |                                | bit 0 |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-10            **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 9-8              **VCODIV<1:0>:** PLL VCO Output Divider Select bits

11 = Fvco  
 10 = Fvco/2  
 01 = Fvco/3  
 00 = Fvco/4

bit 7                **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-4             **POST1DIV<2:0>:** PLL Output Divider #1 Ratio bits<sup>(1,2)</sup>

POST1DIV<2:0> can have a valid value, from 1 to 7 (POST1DIVx value should be greater than or equal to the POST2DIVx value). The POST1DIVx divider is designed to operate at higher clock rates than the POST2DIVx divider.

bit 3                **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-0             **POST2DIV<2:0>:** PLL Output Divider #2 Ratio bits<sup>(1,2)</sup>

POST2DIV<2:0> can have a valid value, from 1 to 7 (POST2DIVx value should be less than or equal to the POST1DIVx value). The POST1DIVx divider is designed to operate at higher clock rates than the POST2DIVx divider.

**Note 1:** The POST1DIVx and POST2DIVx divider values must not be changed while the PLL is operating.

**Note 2:** The default values for POST1DIVx and POST2DIVx are 4 and 1, respectively, yielding a 150 MHz system source clock.

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## REGISTER 6-16: ACLKCON1: AUXILIARY CLOCK CONTROL REGISTER (SLAVE)

|                       |        |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|-----------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| R/W-0                 | R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  |
| APLLEN <sup>(1)</sup> | APLLCK | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | FRCSEL |
| bit 15                |        |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8  |

|       |     |     |     |          |          |          |          |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| U-0   | U-0 | r-0 | r-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | APLLPRE3 | APLLPRE2 | APLLPRE1 | APLLPRE0 |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |          |          |          | bit 0    |

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | r = Reserved bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **APLLEN:** Auxiliary PLL Enable/Bypass Select bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
             1 = AFPLLO is connected to APLL post-divider output (bypass is disabled)  
             0 = AFPLLO is connected to APLL input clock (bypass is enabled)
- bit 14      **APLLCK:** APLL Phase-Locked State Status bit  
             1 = Auxiliary PLL is in lock  
             0 = Auxiliary PLL is not in lock
- bit 13-9    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 8        **FRCSEL:** FRC Clock Source Select bit
- bit 7-6     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-4     **Reserved:** Read as '0'
- bit 3-0     **APLLPRE<3:0>:** Auxiliary PLL Phase Detector Input Divider bits  
             111111 = Reserved  
             ...  
             1001 = Reserved  
             1000 = Input divided by 8  
             0111 = Input divided by 7  
             0110 = Input divided by 6  
             0101 = Input divided by 5  
             0100 = Input divided by 4  
             0011 = Input divided by 3  
             0010 = Input divided by 2  
             0001 = Input divided by 1 (power-on default selection)  
             0000 = Reserved

**Note 1:** Even with the APLLEN bit set, another peripheral must generate a clock request before the APLL will start.

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## REGISTER 6-17: APLLFB1: APLL FEEDBACK DIVIDER REGISTER (SLAVE)

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | r-0 | r-0 | r-0   | r-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |

|                 |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-1           | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-0 |
| APLLFB1DIV<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7           |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | r = Reserved bit |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15-12     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11-8     **Reserved:** Maintain as '0'
- bit 7-0     **APLLFB1DIV<7:0>:** APLL Feedback Divider bits
  - 11111111 = Reserved
  - ...
  - 11001000 = 200 maximum<sup>(1)</sup>
  - ...
  - 10010110 = 150 (default)
  - ...
  - 00010000 = 16 minimum<sup>(1)</sup>
  - ...
  - 00000010 = Reserved
  - 00000001 = Reserved
  - 00000000 = Reserved

**Note 1:** The allowed range is 16-200 (decimal). The rest of the values are reserved and should be avoided. The power-on default feedback divider is 150 (decimal) with an 8 MHz FRC input clock; the VCO frequency is 1.2 GHz.

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## REGISTER 6-18: APLL DIV: APLL OUTPUT DIVIDER REGISTER (SLAVE)

|        |     |     |     |     |     |              |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0        | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | AVCODIV<1:0> |       |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8        |       |

|       |                                 |       |       |       |                                 |       |       |
|-------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | R/W-1                           | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0   | R/W-0                           | R/W-0 | R/W-1 |
| —     | APOST1DIV<2:0> <sup>(1,2)</sup> |       |       | —     | APOST2DIV<2:0> <sup>(1,2)</sup> |       |       |
| bit 7 |                                 |       |       | bit 0 |                                 |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-10      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 9-8      **AVCODIV<1:0>:** APLL VCO Output Divider Select bits

11 = AFVCO  
 10 = AFVCO/2  
 01 = AFVCO/3  
 00 = AFVCO/4

bit 7      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-4      **APOST1DIV<2:0>:** APLL Output Divider #1 Ratio bits<sup>(1,2)</sup>

APOST1DIV<2:0> can have a valid value, from 1 to 7 (APOST1DIVx value should be greater than or equal to the APOST2DIVx value). The APOST1DIVx divider is designed to operate at higher clock rates than the APOST2DIVx divider.

bit 3      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-0      **APOST2DIV<2:0>:** APLL Output Divider #2 Ratio bits<sup>(1,2)</sup>

APOST2DIV<2:0> can have a valid value, from 1 to 7 (APOST2DIVx value should be less than or equal to the APOST1DIVx value). The APOST1DIVx divider is designed to operate at higher clock rates than the APOST2DIVx divider.

**Note 1:** The APOST1DIVx and APOST2DIVx divider values must not be changed while the PLL is operating.

**Note 2:** The default values for APOST1DIVx and APOST2DIVx are 4 and 1, respectively, yielding a 150 MHz system source clock.

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## REGISTER 6-19: REFOCONL: REFERENCE CLOCK CONTROL LOW REGISTER (SLAVE)

|        |     |        |       |       |     |          |         |
|--------|-----|--------|-------|-------|-----|----------|---------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | HC/R/W-0 | HSC/R-0 |
| ROEN   | —   | ROSIDL | ROOUT | ROSLP | —   | ROSWEN   | ROACTIV |
| bit 15 |     |        |       |       |     | bit 8    |         |

|       |     |     |     |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | ROSEL3 | ROSEL2 | ROSEL1 | ROSEL0 |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |        |        | bit 0  |        |

|                   |                             |                                       |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | HC = Hardware Clearable bit | HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit            | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set            | '0' = Bit is cleared                  |
|                   |                             | x = Bit is unknown                    |

- bit 15      **ROEN:** Reference Clock Enable bit  
1 = Reference Oscillator is enabled on the REFCLKO pin  
0 = Reference Oscillator is disabled
- bit 14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13      **ROSIDL:** Reference Clock Stop in Idle bit  
1 = Reference Oscillator is disabled in Idle mode  
0 = Reference Oscillator continues to run in Idle mode
- bit 12      **ROOUT:** Reference Clock Output Enable bit  
1 = Reference clock external output is enabled and available on the REFCLKO pin  
0 = Reference clock external output is disabled
- bit 11      **ROSLP:** Reference Clock Stop in Sleep bit  
1 = Reference Oscillator continues to run in Sleep modes  
0 = Reference Oscillator is disabled in Sleep modes
- bit 10      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 9        **ROSWEN:** Reference Clock Output Enable bit  
1 = Clock divider change (requested by changes to RODIVx) is requested or is in progress (set in software, cleared by hardware upon completion)  
0 = Clock divider change has completed or is not pending
- bit 8        **ROACTIV:** Reference Clock Status bit  
1 = Reference clock is active; do not change clock source  
0 = Reference clock is stopped; clock source and configuration may be safely changed
- bit 7-4     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3-0     **ROSEL<3:0>:** Reference Clock Source Select bits  
1111 =  
... = Reserved  
1000 = Reserved  
0111 = REFI pin  
0110 = FVCO/4  
0101 = BFRC  
0100 = LPRC  
0011 = FRC  
0010 = Primary Oscillator  
0001 = Peripheral clock (FP)  
0000 = System clock (FOSC)



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## REGISTER 6-20: REFOCONH: REFERENCE CLOCK CONTROL HIGH REGISTER (SLAVE)

|        |             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0    | R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |       |
| —      | RODIV<14:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15 |             |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| RODIV<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

bit 15      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-0    **RODIV<14:0>:** Reference Clock Integer Divider Select bits

Divider for the selected input clock source is two times the selected value.

111 1111 1111 1111 = Base clock value divided by 65,534 (2 \* 7FFFh)

111 1111 1111 1110 = Base clock value divided by 65,532 (2 \* 7FFEh)

111 1111 1111 1101 = Base clock value divided by 65,530 (2 \* 7FFDh)

...

000 0000 0000 0010 = Base clock value divided by 4 (2 \* 2)

000 0000 0000 0001 = Base clock value divided by 2 (2 \* 1)

000 0000 0000 0000 = Base clock value

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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## 6.6 Primary Oscillator (POSC)

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices contain one instance of the Primary Oscillator (POSC), which is available to both the Master and Slave clock subsystems. The Primary Oscillator is available on the OSCI and OSCO pins of the dsPIC33CH devices. This connection enables an external crystal (or ceramic resonator) to provide the clock to the device. The Primary Oscillator provides three modes of operation:

- **Medium Speed Oscillator (XT Mode):**  
The XT mode is a Medium Gain, Medium Frequency mode used to work with crystal frequencies of 3.5 MHz to 10 MHz.
- **High-Speed Oscillator (HS Mode):**  
The HS mode is a High-Gain, High-Frequency mode used to work with crystal frequencies of 10 MHz to 32 MHz.
- **External Clock Source Operation (EC Mode):**  
If the on-chip oscillator is not used, the EC mode allows the internal oscillator to be bypassed. The device clocks are generated from an external source (0 MHz to up to 64 MHz) and input on the OSCI pin.

**Note:** The Primary Oscillator (POSC) is shared between Master and Slave.

## 6.7 Internal Fast RC (FRC) Oscillator

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices contain one instance of the internal Fast RC (FRC) Oscillator, which is available to both the Master and Slave clock subsystems. The FRC Oscillator provides a nominal 8 MHz clock without requiring an external crystal or ceramic resonator, which results in system cost savings for applications that do not require a precise clock reference.

The application software can tune the frequency of the oscillator using the FRC Oscillator Tuning bits (TUN<5:0>) in the FRC Oscillator Tuning register (OSCTUN<5:0>).

**Note:** The FRC is shared between Master and Slave; the OSCTUN register is used to tune the FRC as a part of the Master oscillator configuration.

## 6.8 Low-Power RC (LPRC) Oscillator

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices contain one instance of the Low-Power RC (LPRC) Oscillator that is available to both the Master and Slave clock subsystems. The LPRC Oscillator provides a nominal clock frequency of 32 kHz and is the clock source for the Power-up Timer (PWRT), Watchdog Timer (WDT) and Fail-Safe Clock Monitor (FSCM) circuits in each core clock subsystem.

The LPRC Oscillator is the clock source for the PWRT, WDT and FSCM in both the Master and Slave cores. The LPRC Oscillator is enabled at power-on.

The LPRC Oscillator remains enabled under these conditions:

- The Master or Slave FSCM is enabled
- The Master or Slave WDT is enabled
- The LPRC Oscillator is selected as the system clock

If none of these conditions is true, the LPRC Oscillator shuts off after the PWRT expires. The LPRC Oscillator is shut off in Sleep mode.

**Note:** The LPRC is shared between Master and Slave.

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Example 6-4 illustrates code for using the PLL (50 MIPS) with the Primary Oscillator.

## EXAMPLE 6-4: CODE EXAMPLE FOR USING MASTER PLL (75 MIPS) WITH PRIMARY OSCILLATOR (POSC)

```
//code example for 70 MIPS system clock using POSC with 10 MHz external crystal

// Select Internal FRC at POR
// Select FRC on POR
#pragma config FNOSC = FRC           // Oscillator Source Selection (Internal Fast RC (FRC))
#pragma config IESO = OFF
/// Enable Clock Switching and Configure POSC in XT mode
#pragma config POSCMD = XT
#pragma config FCKSM = CSECMD

int    main()
{
    // Configure PLL prescaler, both PLL postscalers, and PLL feedback divider
    CLKDIVbits.PLLPRE = 1;           // N1=1
    PLLFBDBits.PLLFBDIV = 100;      // M = 100
    PLLDIVbits.POST1DIV = 5;        // N2=5
    PLLDIVbits.POST2DIV = 1;        // N3=1

    // Initiate Clock Switch to Primary Oscillator with PLL (NOSC=0b011)
    __builtin_write_OSCCONH(0x03);
    __builtin_write_OSCCONL(OSCCON | 0x01);

    // Wait for Clock switch to occur
    while (OSCCONbits.OSWEN!= 0);

    // Wait for PLL to lock
    while (OSCCONbits.LOCK!= 1);
}
```

**Note:**  $F_{PLLO} = F_{PLLI} * M / (N1 * N2 * N3)$ ;  $F_{PLLI} = 10$ ;  $M = 150$ ;  $N1 = 1$ ;  $N2 = 5$ ;  $N3 = 1$ ;  
so  $F_{PLLO} = 10 * 150 / (1 * 5 * 1) = 300 \text{ MHz}$  or 75 MIPS.

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---

Example 6-5 illustrates code for using the PLL (60 MIPS) with the Primary Oscillator.

## EXAMPLE 6-5: CODE EXAMPLE FOR USING SLAVE PLL (60 MIPS) WITH PRIMARY OSCILLATOR (POSC)

```
//code example for 60 MIPS system clock using POSC with 10 MHz external crystal
// Select Internal FRC at POR
// Select FRC on POR
#pragma config S1FNOSC = FRC           // Oscillator Source Selection (Internal Fast RC (FRC))
#pragma config S1IESO = OFF           // Two-speed Oscillator Start-up Enable bit (Start up
                                     // with user-selected oscillator source)

// Enable Clock Switching
#pragma config S1FCKSM = CSECMD

//Configure POSC in XT mode in Master core FOSC configuration register
#pragma config POSCMD = XT

int    main()
{
    // Configure PLL prescaler, both PLL postscalers, and PLL feedback divider
    CLKDIVbits.PLLPRE = 1;           // N1=1
    PLLFBDbits.PLLFBDIV = 120;      // M = 120
    PLLDIVbits.POST1DIV = 5;        // N2=5
    PLLDIVbits.POST2DIV = 1;        // N3=1

    // Initiate Clock Switch to Primary Oscillator with PLL (NOSC=0b011)
    __builtin_write_OSCCONH(0x03);
    __builtin_write_OSCCONL(OSCCON | 0x01);

    // Wait for Clock switch to occur
    while (OSCCONbits.OSWEN!= 0);

    // Wait for PLL to lock
    while (OSCCONbits.LOCK!= 1);
}
```

**Note:**  $F_{PLLO} = F_{PLLI} * M / (N1 * N2 * N3)$ ;  $F_{PLLI} = 10$ ;  $M = 120$ ;  $N1 = 1$ ;  $N2 = 5$ ;  $N3 = 1$ ;  
so  $F_{PLLO} = 10 * 100 / (1 * 5 * 1) = 240 \text{ MHz}$  or 60 MIPS.

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Example 6-6 illustrates code for using the Master PLL with an 8 MHz internal FRC.

## EXAMPLE 6-6: CODE EXAMPLE FOR USING MASTER PLL WITH 8 MHz INTERNAL FRC

```
//code example for 50 MIPS system clock using 8MHz FRC

// Select FRC on POR
#pragma config FNOSC = FRC           // Oscillator Source Selection (Internal Fast RC (FRC))
#pragma config IESO = OFF
/// Enable Clock Switching
#pragma config FCKSM = CSECMD

int    main()
{
    // Configure PLL prescaler, both PLL postscalers, and PLL feedback divider
    CLKDIVbits.PLLPRE = 1;           // N1=1
    PLLFBDbits.PLLFBDIV = 125;      // M = 125
    PLLDIVbits.POST1DIV = 5;        // N2=5
    PLLDIVbits.POST2DIV = 1;        // N3=1

    // Initiate Clock Switch to FRC with PLL (NOSC=0b001)
    __builtin_write_OSCCONH(0x01);
    __builtin_write_OSCCONL(OSCCON | 0x01);

    // Wait for Clock switch to occur
    while (OSCCONbits.OSWEN!= 0);

    // Wait for PLL to lock
    while (OSCCONbits.LOCK!= 1);
}
```

**Note:**  $F_{P_{LLO}} = F_{P_{LLI}} * M / (N1 * N2 * N3)$ ;  $F_{P_{LLI}} = 8$ ;  $M = 125$ ;  $N1 = 1$ ;  $N2 = 5$ ;  $N3 = 1$ ;  
so  $F_{P_{LLO}} = 10 * 100 / (1 * 5 * 1) = 200 \text{ MHz}$  or 50 MIPS.

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Example 6-7 illustrates code for using the Slave PLL with an 8 MHz internal FRC.

## EXAMPLE 6-7: CODE EXAMPLE FOR USING SLAVE PLL WITH 8 MHz INTERNAL FRC

```
//code example for 60 MIPS system clock using 8MHz FRC

// Select FRC on POR
#pragma config S1FNOSC = FRC           // Oscillator Source Selection (Internal Fast RC (FRC))
#pragma config S1IESO = OFF           // Two-speed Oscillator Start-up Enable bit (Start up
                                     // with user-selected oscillator source)

// Enable Clock Switching
#pragma config S1FCKSM = CSECMD

int    main()
{
    // Configure PLL prescaler, both PLL postscalers, and PLL feedback divider
    CLKDIVbits.PLLPRE = 1;           // N1=1
    PLLFBDbits.PLLFBDIV = 150;      // M = 150
    PLLDIVbits.POST1DIV = 5;        // N2=5
    PLLDIVbits.POST2DIV = 1;        // N3=1

    // Initiate Clock Switch to FRC with PLL (NOSC=0b001)
    __builtin_write_OSCCONH(0x01);
    __builtin_write_OSCCONL(OSCCON | 0x01);

    // Wait for Clock switch to occur
    while (OSCCONbits.OSWEN!= 0);
    // Wait for PLL to lock
    while (OSCCONbits.LOCK!= 1);
}

```

**Note:**  $F_{PULO} = F_{PLLI} * M / (N1 * N2 * N3)$ ;  $F_{PLLI} = 8$ ;  $M = 150$ ;  $N1 = 1$ ;  $N2 = 5$ ;  $N3 = 1$ ;  
so  $F_{PULO} = 10 * 100 / (1 * 5 * 1) = 240 \text{ MHz}$  or 60 MIPS.

## 7.0 POWER-SAVING FEATURES (MASTER AND SLAVE)

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**Watchdog Timer and Power-Saving Modes**” (DS70615) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)). The power saving section is only relevant for this device. The WDT has its own family reference manual section.

**2:** This chapter is applicable to both the Master core and the Slave core. There are registers associated with PMD that are listed separately for Master and Slave at the end of this section. Other features related to power saving that are discussed are applicable to both the Master and Slave core.

**3:** All associated register names are the same on the Master core and the Slave core. The Slave code will be developed in a separate project in MPLAB® X IDE with the device selection, dsPIC33CH128MP508S1, where S1 indicates the Slave device.

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices provide the ability to manage power consumption by selectively managing clocking to the CPU and the peripherals. In general, a lower clock frequency and a reduction in the number of peripherals being clocked constitutes lower consumed power.

dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices can manage power consumption in four ways:

- Clock Frequency
- Instruction-Based Sleep and Idle modes
- Software-Controlled Doze mode
- Selective Peripheral Control in Software

Combinations of these methods can be used to selectively tailor an application’s power consumption while still maintaining critical application features, such as timing-sensitive communications.

### 7.1 Clock Frequency and Clock Switching

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices allow a wide range of clock frequencies to be selected under application control. If the system clock configuration is not locked, users can choose low-power or high-precision oscillators by simply changing the NOSC<sub>x</sub> bits (OSCCON<10:8>). The process of changing a system clock during operation, as well as limitations to the process, are discussed in more detail in [Section 6.0 “Oscillator with High-Frequency PLL”](#).

### 7.2 Instruction-Based Power-Saving Modes

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices have two special power-saving modes that are entered through the execution of a special PWRSAV instruction. Sleep mode stops clock operation and halts all code execution. Idle mode halts the CPU and code execution, but allows peripheral modules to continue operation. The assembler syntax of the PWRSAV instruction is shown in [Example 7-1](#).

**Note:** SLEEP\_MODE and IDLE\_MODE are constants defined in the assembler include file for the selected device.

Sleep and Idle modes can be exited as a result of an enabled interrupt, WDT time-out or a device Reset. When the device exits these modes, it is said to “wake-up”.

#### EXAMPLE 7-1: PWRSAV INSTRUCTION SYNTAX

```
PWRSAV #SLEEP_MODE    ; Put the device into Sleep mode
PWRSAV #IDLE_MODE     ; Put the device into Idle mode
```

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---

## 7.2.1 SLEEP MODE

The following occurs in Sleep mode:

- The system clock source is shut down. If an on-chip oscillator is used, it is turned off.
- The device current consumption is reduced to a minimum, provided that no I/O pin is sourcing current.
- The Fail-Safe Clock Monitor does not operate, since the system clock source is disabled.
- The LPRC clock continues to run in Sleep mode if the WDT is enabled.
- The WDT, if enabled, is automatically cleared prior to entering Sleep mode.
- Some device features or peripherals can continue to operate. This includes items such as the Input Change Notification on the I/O ports or peripherals that use an External Clock input.
- Any peripheral that requires the system clock source for its operation is disabled.

The device wakes up from Sleep mode on any of the these events:

- Any interrupt source that is individually enabled
- Any form of device Reset
- A WDT time-out

On wake-up from Sleep mode, the processor restarts with the same clock source that was active when Sleep mode was entered.

For optimal power savings, the internal regulator and the Flash regulator can be configured to go into stand-by when Sleep mode is entered by clearing the VREGS (RCON<8>) bit.

## 7.2.2 IDLE MODE

The following occurs in Idle mode:

- The CPU stops executing instructions.
- The WDT is automatically cleared.
- The system clock source remains active. By default, all peripheral modules continue to operate normally from the system clock source, but can also be selectively disabled (see [Section 7.4 “Peripheral Module Disable”](#)).
- If the WDT or FSCM is enabled, the LPRC also remains active.

The device wakes from Idle mode on any of these events:

- Any interrupt that is individually enabled
- Any device Reset
- A WDT time-out

On wake-up from Idle mode, the clock is reapplied to the CPU and instruction execution will begin (2-4 clock cycles later), starting with the instruction following the `PWRSVAV` instruction or the first instruction in the ISR.

All peripherals also have the option to discontinue operation when Idle mode is entered to allow for increased power savings. This option is selectable in the control register of each peripheral; for example, the `SIDL` bit in the Timer1 Control register (T1CON<13>).

## 7.2.3 INTERRUPTS COINCIDENT WITH POWER SAVE INSTRUCTIONS

Any interrupt that coincides with the execution of a `PWRSVAV` instruction is held off until entry into Sleep or Idle mode has completed. The device then wakes up from Sleep or Idle mode.



## 7.3 Doze Mode

The preferred strategies for reducing power consumption are changing clock speed and invoking one of the power-saving modes. In some circumstances, this cannot be practical. For example, it may be necessary for an application to maintain uninterrupted synchronous communication, even while it is doing nothing else. Reducing system clock speed can introduce communication errors, while using a power-saving mode can stop communications completely.

Doze mode is a simple and effective alternative method to reduce power consumption while the device is still executing code. In this mode, the system clock continues to operate from the same source and at the same speed. Peripheral modules continue to be clocked at the same speed, while the CPU clock speed is reduced. Synchronization between the two clock domains is maintained, allowing the peripherals to access the SFRs while the CPU executes code at a slower rate.

Doze mode is enabled by setting the DOZEN bit (CLKDIV<11>). The ratio between peripheral and core clock speed is determined by the DOZE<2:0> bits (CLKDIV<14:12>). There are eight possible configurations, from 1:1 to 1:128, with 1:1 being the default setting.

Programs can use Doze mode to selectively reduce power consumption in event-driven applications. This allows clock-sensitive functions, such as synchronous communications, to continue without interruption while the CPU Idles, waiting for something to invoke an interrupt routine. An automatic return to full-speed CPU operation on interrupts can be enabled by setting the ROI bit (CLKDIV<15>). By default, interrupt events have no effect on Doze mode operation.

## 7.4 Peripheral Module Disable

The Peripheral Module Disable (PMD) registers provide a method to disable a peripheral module by stopping all clock sources supplied to that module. When a peripheral is disabled using the appropriate PMD control bit, the peripheral is in a minimum power consumption state. The control and status registers associated with the peripheral are also disabled, so writes to those registers do not have any effect and read values are invalid.

A peripheral module is enabled only if both the associated bit in the PMD register is cleared and the peripheral is supported by the specific dsPIC® DSC variant. If the peripheral is present in the device, it is enabled in the PMD register by default.

**Note 1:** If a PMD bit is set, the corresponding module is disabled after a delay of one instruction cycle. Similarly, if a PMD bit is cleared, the corresponding module is enabled after a delay of one instruction cycle (assuming the module control registers are already configured to enable module operation).

**2:** The PMD bits are different for the Master core and Slave core. The Master has its own PMD bits which can be disabled/enabled independently of the Slave peripherals. The Slave has its own PMD bits which can be disabled/enabled independently of the Master peripherals. The register names are the same for the Master and the Slave, but the PMD registers have different addresses in the Master and Slave SFR.

## 7.5 Power-Saving Resources

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page contains the latest updates and additional information.

### 7.5.1 KEY RESOURCES

- **“Watchdog Timer and Power-Saving Modes”** (DS70615) in the *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”*
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All related *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”* Sections
- Development Tools

**TABLE 7-1: MASTER AND SLAVE PMD REGISTERS**

| Master PMD Registers |          | Slave PMD Registers |          |
|----------------------|----------|---------------------|----------|
| SFR Addresses        | Register | SFR Addresses       | Register |
| FA0h                 | PMDCONL  | FA0h                | PMDCONL  |
| FA4h                 | PMD1     | FA4h                | PMD1     |
| FA6h                 | PMD2     | FA6h                | PMD2     |
| FA8h                 | PMD3     | FA8h                | —        |
| FAAh                 | PMD4     | FAAh                | PMD4     |
| FACH                 | —        | FACH                | —        |
| FAEh                 | PMD6     | FAEh                | PMD6     |
| FB0h                 | PMD7     | FB0h                | PMD7     |
| FB2h                 | PMD8     | FB2h                | PMD8     |

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## 7.6 PMD Control Registers

### REGISTER 7-1: PMDCONL: MASTER PMD CONTROL REGISTER LOW

|        |     |     |     |         |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|---------|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | PMDLOCK | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |         |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 11 **PMDLOCK:** PMD Lock bit

1 = PMD bits can be written

0 = PMD bits are not allowed to be written

bit 10-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 7-2: PMD1: MASTER PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE 1 CONTROL REGISTER LOW

|        |     |     |     |       |       |       |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | T1MD  | QEIMD | PWMMD | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|        |       |       |        |        |     |       |        |
|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-----|-------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0  |
| I2C1MD | U2MD  | U1MD  | SPI2MD | SPI1MD | —   | C1MD  | ADC1MD |
| bit 7  |       |       |        |        |     |       | bit 0  |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11 **T1MD:** Timer1 Module Disable bit  
1 = Timer1 module is disabled  
0 = Timer1 module is enabled
- bit 10 **QEIMD:** QEI Module Disable bit  
1 = QEI module is disabled  
0 = QEI module is enabled
- bit 9 **PWMMD:** PWM Module Disable bit  
1 = PWM module is disabled  
0 = PWM module is enabled
- bit 8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7 **I2C1MD:** I2C1 Module Disable bit  
1 = I2C1 module is disabled  
0 = I2C1 module is enabled
- bit 6 **U2MD:** UART2 Module Disable bit  
1 = UART2 module is disabled  
0 = UART2 module is enabled
- bit 5 **U1MD:** UART1 Module Disable bit  
1 = UART1 module is disabled  
0 = UART1 module is enabled
- bit 4 **SPI2MD:** SPI2 Module Disable bit  
1 = SPI2 module is disabled  
0 = SPI2 module is enabled
- bit 3 **SPI1MD:** SPI1 Module Disable bit  
1 = SPI1 module is disabled  
0 = SPI1 module is enabled
- bit 2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1 **C1MD:** CAN1 Module Disable bit  
1 = CAN1 module is disabled  
0 = CAN1 module is enabled
- bit 0 **ADC1MD:** ADC Module Disable bit  
1 = ADC module is disabled  
0 = ADC module is enabled

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## REGISTER 7-3: PMD2: MASTER PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE 2 CONTROL REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| CCP8MD | CCP7MD | CCP6MD | CCP5MD | CCP4MD | CCP3MD | CCP2MD | CCP1MD |
| bit 7  |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-8      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7          **CCP8MD:** SCCP8 Module Disable bit  
                  1 = SCCP8 module is disabled  
                  0 = SCCP8 module is enabled
- bit 6          **CCP7MD:** SCCP7 Module Disable bit  
                  1 = SCCP7 module is disabled  
                  0 = SCCP7 module is enabled
- bit 5          **CCP6MD:** SCCP6 Module Disable bit  
                  1 = SCCP6 module is disabled  
                  0 = SCCP6 module is enabled
- bit 4          **CCP5MD:** SCCP5 Module Disable bit  
                  1 = SCCP5 module is disabled  
                  0 = SCCP5 module is enabled
- bit 3          **CCP4MD:** SCCP4 Module Disable bit  
                  1 = SCCP4 module is disabled  
                  0 = SCCP4 module is enabled
- bit 2          **CCP3MD:** SCCP3 Module Disable bit  
                  1 = SCCP3 module is disabled  
                  0 = SCCP3 module is enabled
- bit 1          **CCP2MD:** SCCP2 Module Disable bit  
                  1 = SCCP2 module is disabled  
                  0 = SCCP2 module is enabled
- bit 0          **CCP1MD:** SCCP1 Module Disable bit  
                  1 = SCCP1 module is disabled  
                  0 = SCCP1 module is enabled

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## REGISTER 7-4: PMD3: MASTER PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE 3 CONTROL REGISTER LOW<sup>(1)</sup>

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |        |     |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|
| R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | U-0 |
| CRCMD | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | I2C2MD | —   |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0  |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7 **CRCMD:** CRC Module Disable bit

1 = CRC module is disabled

0 = CRC module is enabled

bit 6-2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 1 **I2C2MD:** I2C2 Module Disable bit

1 = I2C2 module is disabled

0 = I2C2 module is enabled

bit 0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note 1:** This register is only available in the Master core.

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## REGISTER 7-5: PMD4: MASTER PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE 4 CONTROL REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |        |     |     |     |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|-----|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | REFOMD | —   | —   | —   |
| bit 7 |     |     |     | bit 0  |     |     |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-4      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3        **REFOMD:** Reference Clock Module Disable bit
  - 1 = Reference clock module is disabled
  - 0 = Reference clock module is enabled
- bit 2-0      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 7-6: PMD6: MASTER PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE 6 CONTROL REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | DMA5MD | DMA4MD | DMA3MD | DMA2MD | DMA1MD | DMA0MD |
| bit 15 |     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13       **DMA5MD:** DMA5 Module Disable bit  
1 = DMA5 module is disabled  
0 = DMA5 module is enabled
- bit 12       **DMA4MD:** DMA4 Module Disable bit  
1 = DMA4 module is disabled  
0 = DMA4 module is enabled
- bit 11       **DMA3MD:** DMA3 Module Disable bit  
1 = DMA3 module is disabled  
0 = DMA3 module is enabled
- bit 10       **DMA2MD:** DMA2 Module Disable bit  
1 = DMA2 module is disabled  
0 = DMA2 module is enabled
- bit 9         **DMA1MD:** DMA1 Module Disable bit  
1 = DMA1 module is disabled  
0 = DMA1 module is enabled
- bit 8         **DMA0MD:** DMA0 Module Disable bit  
1 = DMA0 module is disabled  
0 = DMA0 module is enabled
- bit 7-0       **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 7-7: PMD7: MASTER PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE 7 CONTROL REGISTER LOW

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | CMP1MD |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8  |

|       |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | PTGMD | —   | —   | —   |
| bit 7 |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |     |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-9      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 8        **CMP1MD:** Comparator 1 Module Disable bit  
                  1 = Comparator 1 module is disabled  
                  0 = Comparator 1 module is enabled
- bit 7-4      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3        **PTGMD:** PTG Module Disable bit  
                  1 = PTG module is disabled  
                  0 = PTG module is enabled
- bit 2-0      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 7-8: PMD8: MASTER PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE 8 CONTROL REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>

|        |     |     |         |         |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-----|---------|---------|-----|-------|-----|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | SENT2MD | SENT1MD | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |         |         |     | bit 8 |     |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |        |     |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | U-0 |
| —     | —   | CLC4MD | CLC3MD | CLC2MD | CLC1MD | BIASMD | —   |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12 **SENT2MD:** SENT2 Module Disable bit

1 = SENT2 module is disabled

0 = SENT2 module is enabled

bit 11 **SENT1MD:** SENT1 Module Disable bit

1 = SENT1 module is disabled

0 = SENT1 module is enabled

bit 10-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5 **CLC4MD:** CLC4 Module Disable bit

1 = CLC4 module is disabled

0 = CLC4 module is enabled

bit 4 **CLC3MD:** CLC3 Module Disable bit

1 = CLC3 module is disabled

0 = CLC3 module is enabled

bit 3 **CLC2MD:** CLC2 Module Disable bit

1 = CLC2 module is disabled

0 = CLC2 module is enabled

bit 2 **CLC1MD:** CLC1 Module Disable bit

1 = CLC1 module is disabled

0 = CLC1 module is enabled

bit 1 **BIASMD:** Constant-Current Source Module Disable bit

1 = Constant-current source module is disabled

0 = Constant-current source module is enabled

bit 0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note 1:** This register is only available in the Master core.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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## REGISTER 7-9: PMDCON: SLAVE PMD CONTROL REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |         |     |     |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|---------|-----|-----|-----|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | PMDLOCK | —   | —   | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     | bit 8   |     |     |     |

|       |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   | —   | —   |
| bit 7 |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |     |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 11 **PMDLOCK:** PMD Lock bit

1 = PMD bits can be written

0 = PMD bits are not allowed to be written

bit 10-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 7-10: PMD1: SLAVE PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE 1 CONTROL REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |       |       |       |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | T1MD  | QEIMD | PWMMD | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|        |     |       |     |        |     |     |        |
|--------|-----|-------|-----|--------|-----|-----|--------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  |
| I2C1MD | —   | U1MD  | —   | SPI1MD | —   | —   | ADC1MD |
| bit 7  |     |       |     |        |     |     | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-12    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11        **T1MD:** Timer1 Module Disable bit  
                   1 = Timer1 module is disabled  
                   0 = Timer1 module is enabled
- bit 10        **QEIMD:** QEI Module Disable bit  
                   1 = QEI module is disabled  
                   0 = QEI module is enabled
- bit 9          **PWMMD:** PWM Module Disable bit  
                   1 = PWM module is disabled  
                   0 = PWM module is enabled
- bit 8          **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7          **I2C1MD:** I2C1 Module Disable bit  
                   1 = I2C1 module is disabled  
                   0 = I2C1 module is enabled
- bit 6          **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5          **U1MD:** UART1 Module Disable bit  
                   1 = UART1 module is disabled  
                   0 = UART1 module is enabled
- bit 4          **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3          **SPI1MD:** SPI1 Module Disable bit  
                   1 = SPI1 module is disabled  
                   0 = SPI1 module is enabled
- bit 2-1       **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 0          **ADC1MD:** ADC Module Disable bit  
                   1 = ADC module is disabled  
                   0 = ADC module is enabled

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## REGISTER 7-11: PMD2: SLAVE PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE 2 CONTROL REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |

|       |     |     |     |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | CCP4MD | CCP3MD | CCP2MD | CCP1MD |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |        |        | bit 0  |        |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15-4      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3      **CCP4MD:** SCCP4 Module Disable bit  
             1 = SCCP4 module is disabled  
             0 = SCCP4 module is enabled
- bit 2      **CCP3MD:** SCCP3 Module Disable bit  
             1 = SCCP3 module is disabled  
             0 = SCCP3 module is enabled
- bit 1      **CCP2MD:** SCCP2 Module Disable bit  
             1 = SCCP2 module is disabled  
             0 = SCCP2 module is enabled
- bit 0      **CCP1MD:** SCCP1 Module Disable bit  
             1 = SCCP1 module is disabled  
             0 = SCCP1 module is enabled

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## REGISTER 7-12: PMD4: SLAVE PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE 4 CONTROL REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |        |     |     |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | REFOMD | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |        |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3 **REFOMD:** Reference Clock Module Disable bit

1 = Reference clock module is disabled

0 = Reference clock module is enabled

bit 2-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 7-13: PMD6: SLAVE PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE 6 CONTROL REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |        |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | DMA1MD | DMA0MD |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8  |        |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-10     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 9         **DMA1MD:** DMA1 Module Disable bit  
                   1 = DMA1 module is disabled  
                   0 = DMA1 module is enabled
- bit 8         **DMA0MD:** DMA0 Module Disable bit  
                   1 = DMA0 module is disabled  
                   0 = DMA0 module is enabled
- bit 7-0       **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 7-14: PMD7: SLAVE PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE 7 CONTROL REGISTER LOW

|        |     |     |     |     |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | CMP3MD | CMP2MD | CMP1MD |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     | bit 8  |        |        |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |        |     |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | U-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | PGA1MD | —   |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0  |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-11    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10      **CMP3MD:** Comparator 3 disable bit  
1 = Comparator 3 module is disabled  
0 = Comparator 3 module is enabled
- bit 9        **CMP2MD:** Comparator 2 disable bit  
1 = Comparator 2 module is disabled  
0 = Comparator 2 module is enabled
- bit 8        **CMP1MD:** Comparator 1 disable bit  
1 = Comparator 1 module is disabled  
0 = Comparator 1 module is enabled
- bit 7-2     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1        **PGA1MD:** PGA module disable bit  
1 = PGA module is disabled  
0 = PGA module is enabled
- bit 0        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 7-15: PMD8: SLAVE PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE 8 CONTROL REGISTER

|        |        |     |     |     |        |       |     |
|--------|--------|-----|-----|-----|--------|-------|-----|
| U-0    | R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | U-0   | U-0 |
| —      | PGA3MD | —   | —   | —   | PGA2MD | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |        |     |     |     |        | bit 8 |     |

|       |     |        |        |        |        |       |     |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-----|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | U-0   | U-0 |
| —     | —   | CLC4MD | CLC3MD | CLC2MD | CLC1MD | —     | —   |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |        |        | bit 0 |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 14      **PGA3MD:** PGA3 Module Disable bit  
1 = PGA3 module is disabled  
0 = PGA3 module is enabled
- bit 13-11   **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10      **PGA2MD:** PGA2 Module Disable bit  
1 = PGA2 module is disabled  
0 = PGA2 module is enabled
- bit 9-6     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5       **CLC4MD:** CLC4 Module Disable bit  
1 = CLC4 module is disabled  
0 = CLC4 module is enabled
- bit 4       **CLC3MD:** CLC3 Module Disable bit  
1 = CLC3 module is disabled  
0 = CLC3 module is enabled
- bit 3       **CLC2MD:** CLC2 Module Disable bit  
1 = CLC2 module is disabled  
0 = CLC2 module is enabled
- bit 2       **CLC1MD:** CLC1 Module Disable bit  
1 = CLC1 module is disabled  
0 = CLC1 module is enabled
- bit 1-0     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'



**TABLE 7-2: MASTER PMD REGISTERS**

| Register | Bit 15 | Bit14 | Bit 13 | Bit 12  | Bit 11  | Bit 10 | Bit 9  | Bit 8  | Bit 7  | Bit 6  | Bit 5  | Bit 4  | Bit 3  | Bit 2  | Bit 1  | Bit 0  |
|----------|--------|-------|--------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| PMDCONL  | —      | —     | —      | —       | PMDLOCK | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      |
| PMD1     | —      | —     | —      | —       | T1MD    | QEIMD  | PWMMD  | —      | I2C1MD | U2MD   | U1MD   | SPI2MD | SPI1MD | —      | C1MD   | ADC1MD |
| PMD2     | —      | —     | —      | —       | —       | —      | —      | —      | CCP8MD | CCP7MD | CCP6MD | CCP5MD | CCP4MD | CCP3MD | CCP2MD | CCP1MD |
| PMD3     | —      | —     | —      | —       | —       | —      | —      | —      | CRCMD  | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | I2C2MD | —      |
| PMD4     | —      | —     | —      | —       | —       | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | REFOMD | —      | —      | —      |
| PMD6     | —      | —     | DMA5MD | DMA4MD  | DMA3MD  | DMA2MD | DMA1MD | DMA0MD | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      |
| PMD7     | —      | —     | —      | —       | —       | —      | —      | CMP1MD | —      | —      | —      | —      | PTGMD  | —      | —      | —      |
| PMD8     | —      | —     | —      | SENT2MD | SENT1MD | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | CLC4MD | CLC3MD | CLC2MD | CLC1MD | BIASMD | —      |

**TABLE 7-3: SLAVE PMD REGISTERS**

| Register | Bit 15 | Bit14  | Bit 13 | Bit 12 | Bit 11  | Bit 10 | Bit 9  | Bit 8  | Bit 7  | Bit 6 | Bit 5  | Bit 4  | Bit 3  | Bit 2  | Bit 1  | Bit 0  |
|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| PMDCON   | —      | —      | —      | —      | PMDLOCK | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      |
| PMD1     | —      | —      | —      | —      | T1MD    | QEIMD  | PWMMD  | —      | I2C1MD | —     | U1MD   | —      | SPI1MD | —      | —      | ADC1MD |
| PMD2     | —      | —      | —      | —      | —       | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —      | —      | CCP4MD | CCP3MD | CCP2MD | CCP1MD |
| PMD4     | —      | —      | —      | —      | —       | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —      | —      | REFOMD | —      | —      | —      |
| PMD6     | —      | —      | —      | —      | —       | —      | DMA1MD | DMA0MD | —      | —     | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      |
| PMD7     | —      | —      | —      | —      | —       | CMP3MD | CMP2MD | CMP1MD | —      | —     | —      | —      | —      | —      | PGA1MD | —      |
| PMD8     | —      | PGA3MD | —      | —      | —       | PGA2MD | —      | —      | —      | —     | CLC4MD | CLC3MD | CLC2MD | CLC1MD | —      | —      |

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NOTES:

## 8.0 DIRECT MEMORY ACCESS (DMA) CONTROLLER

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of this group of dsPIC33 devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. For more information, refer to “**Direct Memory Access Controller (DMA)**” (DS39742) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

**2:** The DMA is identical for both Master core and Slave core. The x is common for both Master and Slave (where the x represents the number of the specific module being addressed).

**3:** All associated register names are the same on the Master core and the Slave core. The Slave code will be developed in a separate project in MPLAB® X IDE with the device selection, dsPIC33CH128MP508**S1**, where **S1** indicates the Slave device.

The DMA Controller functions both as a peripheral and a direct extension of the CPU. It is located on the microcontroller data bus, between the CPU and DMA-enabled peripherals, with direct access to SRAM. This partitions the SFR bus into two buses, allowing the DMA Controller access to the DMA-capable peripherals located on the new DMA SFR bus. The controller serves as a Master device on the DMA SFR bus, controlling data flow from DMA-capable peripherals.

The controller also monitors CPU instruction processing directly, allowing it to be aware of when the CPU requires access to peripherals on the DMA bus and automatically relinquishing control to the CPU as needed. This increases the effective bandwidth for handling data without DMA operations, causing a processor Stall. This makes the controller essentially transparent to the user.

The DMA Controller has these features:

- A Total of Eight (Six Master, Two Slave), Independently Programmable Channels
- Concurrent Operation with the CPU (no DMA caused Wait states)
- DMA Bus Arbitration
- Five Programmable Address modes
- Four Programmable Transfer modes
- Four Flexible Internal Data Transfer modes
- Byte or Word Support for Data Transfer
- 16-Bit Source and Destination Address Register for each Channel, Dynamically Updated and Reloadable
- 16-Bit Transaction Count Register, Dynamically Updated and Reloadable
- Upper and Lower Address Limit Registers
- Counter Half-Full Level Interrupt
- Software Triggered Transfer
- Null Write mode for Symmetric Buffer Operations

A simplified block diagram of the DMA Controller is shown in [Figure 8-1](#).

[Table 8-1](#) shows an overview of the DMA module.

**TABLE 8-1: DMA MODULE OVERVIEW**

|             | Number of DMA Modules | Identical (Modules) |
|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Master Core | 6                     | Yes                 |
| Slave Core  | 2                     | Yes                 |

The Direct Memory Access (DMA) Controller is designed to service high data throughput peripherals operating on the SFR bus, allowing them to access data memory directly and alleviating the need for CPU-intensive management. By allowing these data-intensive peripherals to share their own data path, the main data bus is also deloaded, resulting in additional power savings.

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**FIGURE 8-1: DMA FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**



## 8.1 Summary of DMA Operations

The DMA Controller is capable of moving data between addresses according to a number of different parameters. Each of these parameters can be independently configured for any transaction. In addition, any or all of the DMA channels can independently perform a different transaction at the same time. Transactions are classified by these parameters:

- Source and destination (SFRs and data RAM)
- Data size (byte or word)
- Trigger source
- Transfer mode (One-Shot, Repeated or Continuous)
- Addressing modes (Fixed Address or Address Blocks with or without Address Increment/Decrement)

In addition, the DMA Controller provides channel priority arbitration for all channels.

### 8.1.1 SOURCE AND DESTINATION

Using the DMA Controller, data may be moved between any two addresses in the Data Space. The SFR space (0000h to 0FFFh) or the data RAM space (Master is 1000h to 4FFFh and Slave is 1000 to 1FFFh) can serve as either the source or the destination. Data can be moved between these areas in either direction or between addresses in either area. The four different combinations are shown in [Figure 8-2](#).

If it is necessary to protect areas of data RAM, the DMA Controller allows the user to set upper and lower address boundaries for operations in the Data Space above the SFR space. The boundaries are set by the DMAH and DMAL Limit registers. If a DMA channel attempts an operation outside of the address boundaries, the transaction is terminated and an interrupt is generated.

### 8.1.2 DATA SIZE

The DMA Controller can handle both 8-bit and 16-bit transactions. Size is user-selectable using the SIZE bit (DMACHn<1>). By default, each channel is configured for word-size transactions. When byte-size transactions are chosen, the LSB of the source and/or destination address determines if the data represents the upper or lower byte of the data RAM location.

### 8.1.3 TRIGGER SOURCE

The DMA Controller can use 82 of the device's interrupt sources to initiate a transaction. The DMA trigger sources occur in reverse order from their natural interrupt priority and are shown in [Table 8-2](#).

Since the source and destination addresses for any transaction can be programmed independently of the trigger source, the DMA Controller can use any trigger to perform an operation on any peripheral. This also allows DMA channels to be cascaded to perform more complex transfer operations.

### 8.1.4 TRANSFER MODE

The DMA Controller supports four types of data transfers, based on the volume of data to be moved for each trigger.

- One-Shot: A single transaction occurs for each trigger.
- Continuous: A series of back-to-back transactions occur for each trigger; the number of transactions is determined by the DMACNTn transaction counter.
- Repeated One-Shot: A single transaction is performed repeatedly, once per trigger, until the DMA channel is disabled.
- Repeated Continuous: A series of transactions are performed repeatedly, one cycle per trigger, until the DMA channel is disabled.

All transfer modes allow the option to have the source and destination addresses, and counter value, automatically reloaded after the completion of a transaction.

### 8.1.5 ADDRESSING MODES

The DMA Controller also supports transfers between single addresses or address ranges. The four basic options are:

- Fixed-to-Fixed: Between two constant addresses
- Fixed-to-Block: From a constant source address to a range of destination addresses
- Block-to-Fixed: From a range of source addresses to a single, constant destination address
- Block-to-Block: From a range of source addresses to a range of destination addresses

The option to select auto-increment or auto-decrement of source and/or destination addresses is available for Block Addressing modes.

In addition to the four basic modes, the DMA Controller also supports Peripheral Indirect Addressing (PIA) mode, where the source or destination address is generated jointly by the DMA Controller and a PIA-capable peripheral. When enabled, the DMA channel provides a base source and/or destination address, while the peripheral provides a fixed range offset address.

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FIGURE 8-2: TYPES OF DMA DATA TRANSFERS



## 8.1.6 CHANNEL PRIORITY

Each DMA channel functions independently of the others, but also competes with the others for access to the data and DMA buses. When access collisions occur, the DMA Controller arbitrates between the channels using a user-selectable priority scheme. Two schemes are available:

- Round Robin: When two or more channels collide, the lower numbered channel receives priority on the first collision. On subsequent collisions, the higher numbered channels each receive priority based on their channel number.
- Fixed: When two or more channels collide, the lowest numbered channel always receives priority, regardless of past history; however, any channel being actively processed is not available for an immediate retrigger. If a higher priority channel is continually requesting service, it will be scheduled for service after the next lower priority channel with a pending request.

## 8.2 Typical Setup

To set up a DMA channel for a basic data transfer:

1. Enable the DMA Controller (DMAEN = 1) and select an appropriate channel priority scheme by setting or clearing PRSSEL.
2. Program DMAH and DMAL with appropriate upper and lower address boundaries for data RAM operations.
3. Select the DMA channel to be used and disable its operation (CHEN = 0).
4. Program the appropriate source and destination addresses for the transaction into the channel's DMASRCn and DMADSTn registers. For PIA mode addressing, use the base address value.
5. Program the DMACNTn register for the number of triggers per transfer (One-Shot or Continuous modes) or the number of words (bytes) to be transferred (Repeated modes).
6. Set or clear the SIZE bit to select the data size.
7. Program the TRMODE<1:0> bits to select the Data Transfer mode.
8. Program the SAMODE<1:0> and DAMODE<1:0> bits to select the addressing mode.
9. Enable the DMA channel by setting CHEN.
10. Enable the trigger source interrupt.

## 8.3 Peripheral Module Disable

The channels of the DMA Controller can be individually powered down using the Peripheral Module Disable (PMD) registers.

## 8.4 Registers

The DMA Controller uses a number of registers to control its operation. The number of registers depends on the number of channels implemented for a particular device.

There are always four module-level registers (one control and three buffer/address):

- DMACON: DMA Engine Control Register ([Register 8-1](#))
- DMAH and DMAL: DMA High and Low Address Limit Registers
- DMABUF: DMA Transfer Data Buffer

Each of the DMA channels implements five registers (two control and three buffer/address):

- DMACHn: DMA Channel n Control Register ([Register 8-2](#))
- DMAINTn: DMA Channel n Interrupt Register ([Register 8-3](#))
- DMASRCn: DMA Data Source Address Pointer for Channel n Register
- DMADSTn: DMA Data Destination Source for Channel n Register
- DMACNTn: DMA Transaction Counter for Channel n Register

For dsPIC33CH128MP508 devices, there are a total of 34 registers.

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## 8.5 DMA Control Registers

**REGISTER 8-1: DMACON: DMA ENGINE CONTROL REGISTER**

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| DMAEN  | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | PRSSEL |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0  |

**Legend:**

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **DMAEN:** DMA Module Enable bit
  - 1 = Enables module
  - 0 = Disables module and terminates all active DMA operation(s)
- bit 14-1    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 0        **PRSSEL:** Channel Priority Scheme Selection bit
  - 1 = Round robin scheme
  - 0 = Fixed priority scheme



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## REGISTER 8-2: DMACHn: DMA CHANNEL n CONTROL REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |       |       |                       |                      |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | r-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0                 | R/W-0                |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —     | NULLW | RELOAD <sup>(1)</sup> | CHREQ <sup>(3)</sup> |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |       |       | bit 8                 |                      |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |       |       |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SAMODE1 | SAMODE0 | DAMODE1 | DAMODE0 | TRMODE1 | TRMODE0 | SIZE  | CHEN  |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0 |       |

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | r = Reserved bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 12 **Reserved:** Maintain as '0'
- bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10 **NULLW:** Null Write Mode bit  
1 = A dummy write is initiated to DMASRCn for every write to DMADSTn  
0 = No dummy write is initiated
- bit 9 **RELOAD:** Address and Count Reload bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = DMASRCn, DMADSTn and DMACNTn registers are reloaded to their previous values upon the start of the next operation  
0 = DMASRCn, DMADSTn and DMACNTn are not reloaded on the start of the next operation<sup>(2)</sup>
- bit 8 **CHREQ:** DMA Channel Software Request bit<sup>(3)</sup>  
1 = A DMA request is initiated by software; automatically cleared upon completion of a DMA transfer  
0 = No DMA request is pending
- bit 7-6 **SAMODE<1:0>:** Source Address Mode Selection bits  
11 = DMASRCn is used in Peripheral Indirect Addressing and remains unchanged  
10 = DMASRCn is decremented based on the SIZE bit after a transfer completion  
01 = DMASRCn is incremented based on the SIZE bit after a transfer completion  
00 = DMASRCn remains unchanged after a transfer completion
- bit 5-4 **DAMODE<1:0>:** Destination Address Mode Selection bits  
11 = DMADSTn is used in Peripheral Indirect Addressing and remains unchanged  
10 = DMADSTn is decremented based on the SIZE bit after a transfer completion  
01 = DMADSTn is incremented based on the SIZE bit after a transfer completion  
00 = DMADSTn remains unchanged after a transfer completion
- bit 3-2 **TRMODE<1:0>:** Transfer Mode Selection bits  
11 = Repeated Continuous  
10 = Continuous  
01 = Repeated One-Shot  
00 = One-Shot
- bit 1 **SIZE:** Data Size Selection bit  
1 = Byte (8-bit)  
0 = Word (16-bit)
- bit 0 **CHEN:** DMA Channel Enable bit  
1 = The corresponding channel is enabled  
0 = The corresponding channel is disabled

- Note 1:** Only the original DMACNTn is required to be stored to recover the original DMASRCn and DMADSTn values.
- 2:** DMACNTn will always be reloaded in Repeated mode transfers, regardless of the state of the RELOAD bit.
- 3:** The number of transfers executed while CHREQ is set depends on the configuration of TRMODE<1:0>.

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## REGISTER 8-3: DMAINTn: DMA CHANNEL n INTERRUPT REGISTER

|                       |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-----------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R-0                   | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| DBUFWF <sup>(1)</sup> | CHSEL6 | CHSEL5 | CHSEL4 | CHSEL3 | CHSEL2 | CHSEL1 | CHSEL0 |
| bit 15                |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|                         |                        |                       |                       |                        |     |     |        |
|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----|-----|--------|
| R/W-0                   | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                 | R/W-0                 | R/W-0                  | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  |
| HIGHIF <sup>(1,2)</sup> | LOWIF <sup>(1,2)</sup> | DONEIF <sup>(1)</sup> | HALFIF <sup>(1)</sup> | OVRUNIF <sup>(1)</sup> | —   | —   | HALFEN |
| bit 7                   |                        |                       |                       |                        |     |     | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15            **DBUFWF:** DMA Buffered Data Write Flag bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = The content of the DMA buffer has not been written to the location specified in DMADSTn or DMASRCn in Null Write mode  
0 = The content of the DMA buffer has been written to the location specified in DMADSTn or DMASRCn in Null Write mode
- bit 14-8        **CHSEL<6:0>:** DMA Channel Trigger Selection bits  
See [Table 8-2](#) for a complete list.
- bit 7            **HIGHIF:** DMA High Address Limit Interrupt Flag bit<sup>(1,2)</sup>  
1 = The DMA channel has attempted to access an address higher than DMAH or the upper limit of the data RAM space  
0 = The DMA channel has not invoked the high address limit interrupt
- bit 6            **LOWIF:** DMA Low Address Limit Interrupt Flag bit<sup>(1,2)</sup>  
1 = The DMA channel has attempted to access the DMA SFR address lower than DMAL, but above the SFR range (07FFh)  
0 = The DMA channel has not invoked the low address limit interrupt
- bit 5            **DONEIF:** DMA Complete Operation Interrupt Flag bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
If CHEN = 1:  
1 = The previous DMA session has ended with completion  
0 = The current DMA session has not yet completed  
If CHEN = 0:  
1 = The previous DMA session has ended with completion  
0 = The previous DMA session has ended without completion
- bit 4            **HALFIF:** DMA 50% Watermark Level Interrupt Flag bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = DMACNTn has reached the halfway point to 0000h  
0 = DMACNTn has not reached the halfway point
- bit 3            **OVRUNIF:** DMA Channel Overrun Flag bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = The DMA channel is triggered while it is still completing the operation based on the previous trigger  
0 = The overrun condition has not occurred
- bit 2-1        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 0            **HALFEN:** Halfway Completion Watermark bit  
1 = Interrupts are invoked when DMACNTn has reached its halfway point and at completion  
0 = An interrupt is invoked only at the completion of the transfer

**Note 1:** Setting these flags in software does not generate an interrupt.

**Note 2:** Testing for address limit violations (DMASRCn or DMADSTn is either greater than DMAH or less than DMAL) is NOT done before the actual access.

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**TABLE 8-2: DMA CHANNEL TRIGGER SOURCES (MASTER)**

| CHSEL<6:0> |     | Trigger (Interrupt)         | CHSEL<6:0> | Trigger (Interrupt) | CHSEL<6:0>                     | Trigger (Interrupt) |     |                                     |
|------------|-----|-----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|-----|-------------------------------------|
| 0000000    | 00h | INT0 – External Interrupt 0 | 0100011    | 23h                 | (Reserved, do not use)         | 1000101             | 45h | CLC2 Interrupt                      |
| 0000001    | 01h | SCCP1 Interrupt             | 0100100    | 24h                 | PWM Event C                    | 1000110             | 46h | SPI1 – Fault Interrupt              |
| 0000010    | 02h | SPI1 Receiver               | 0100101    | 25h                 | SENT1 TX/RX                    | 1000111             | 47h | SPI2 – Fault Interrupt              |
| 0000011    | 03h | SPI1 Transmitter            | 0100110    | 26h                 | SENT2 TX/RX                    | 1001000             | 48h | (Reserved, do not use)              |
| 0000100    | 04h | UART1 Receiver              | 0100111    | 27h                 | ADC1 Group Convert Done        | 1001001             | 49h | (Reserved, do not use)              |
| 0000101    | 05h | UART1 Transmitter           | 0101000    | 28h                 | ADC Done AN0                   | 1001010             | 4Ah | MSI Slave Initiated Slave IRQ       |
| 0000110    | 06h | ECC Single Bit Error        | 0101001    | 29h                 | ADC Done AN1                   | 1001011             | 4Bh | MSI Protocol A                      |
| 0000111    | 07h | NVM Write Complete          | 0101010    | 2Ah                 | ADC Done AN2                   | 1001100             | 4Ch | MSI Protocol B                      |
| 0001000    | 08h | INT1 – External Interrupt 1 | 0101011    | 2Bh                 | ADC Done AN3                   | 1001101             | 4Dh | MSI Protocol C                      |
| 0001001    | 09h | SI2C1 – I2C1 Slave Event    | 0101100    | 2Ch                 | ADC Done AN4                   | 1001110             | 4Eh | MSI Protocol D                      |
| 0001010    | 0Ah | MI2C1 – I2C1 Master Event   | 0101101    | 2Dh                 | ADC Done AN5                   | 1001111             | 4Fh | MSI Protocol E                      |
| 0001010    | 0Bh | INT2 – External Interrupt 2 | 0101110    | 2Eh                 | ADC Done AN6                   | 1010000             | 50h | MSI Protocol F                      |
| 0001100    | 0Ch | SCCP2 Interrupt             | 0101111    | 2Fh                 | ADC Done AN7                   | 1010001             | 51h | MSI Protocol G                      |
| 0001101    | 0Dh | INT3 – External Interrupt 3 | 0110000    | 30h                 | ADC Done AN8                   | 1010010             | 52h | MSI Protocol H                      |
| 0001110    | 0Eh | UART2 Receiver              | 0110001    | 31h                 | ADC Done AN9                   | 1010011             | 53h | MSI Master Read FIFO Data Ready IRQ |
| 0001111    | 0Fh | UART2 Transmitter           | 0110010    | 32h                 | ADC Done AN10                  | 1010100             | 54h | MSI Master Write FIFO Empty IRQ     |
| 0010000    | 10h | SPI2 Receiver               | 0110011    | 33h                 | ADC Done AN11                  | 1010101             | 55h | MSI Fault (Over/Underflow)          |
| 0010001    | 11h | SPI2 Transmitter            | 0110100    | 34h                 | ADC Done AN12                  | 1010110             | 56h | MSI Master Reset IRQ                |
| 0010010    | 12h | SCCP3 Interrupt             | 0110101    | 35h                 | ADC Done AN13                  | 1010111             | 57h | PWM Event D                         |
| 0010011    | 13h | SI2C2 – I2C2 Slave Event    | 0110110    | 36h                 | ADC Done AN14                  | 1011000             | 58h | PWM Event E                         |
| 0010100    | 14h | MI2C2 – I2C1 Master Event   | 0110111    | 37h                 | ADC Done AN15                  | 1011001             | 59h | PWM Event F                         |
| 0010101    | 15h | SCCP4 Interrupt             | 0111000    | 38h                 | ADC Done AN16                  | 1011010             | 5Ah | Slave ICD Breakpoint Interrupt      |
| 0010110    | 16h | SCCP5 Interrupt             | 0111001    | 39h                 | ADC Done AN17                  | 1011011             | 5Bh | (Reserved, do not use)              |
| 0010111    | 17h | SCCP6 Interrupt             | 0111010    | 3Ah                 | (Reserved, do not use)         | 1011100             | 5Ch | SCCP7 Interrupt                     |
| 0011000    | 18h | CRC Generator Interrupt     | 0111010    | 3Bh                 | (Reserved, do not use)         | 1011101             | 5Dh | SCCP8 Interrupt                     |
| 0011001    | 19h | PWM Event A                 | 0111100    | 3Ch                 | (Reserved, do not use)         | 1011110             | 5Eh | Slave Clock Fail Interrupt          |
| 0011011    | 1Bh | PWM Event B                 | 0111101    | 3Dh                 | (Reserved, do not use)         | 1011111             | 5Fh | ADC FIFO Ready Interrupt            |
| 0011100    | 1Ch | PWM Generator 1             | 0111110    | 3Eh                 | (Reserved, do not use)         | 1100000             | 60h | CLC3 Positive Edge Interrupt        |
| 0011101    | 1Dh | PWM Generator 2             | 0111111    | 3Fh                 | (Reserved, do not use)         | 1100001             | 61h | CLC4 Positive Edge Interrupt        |
| 0011110    | 1Eh | PWM Generator 3             | 1000000    | 40h                 | AD1FLTR1 – Oversample Filter 1 | 1100001             | 62h | (Reserved, do not use)              |
| 0011111    | 1Fh | PWM Generator 4             | 1000001    | 41h                 | AD1FLTR2 – Oversample Filter 2 | ...                 | ... |                                     |
| 0100000    | 20h | (Reserved, do not use)      | 1000010    | 42h                 | AD1FLTR3 – Oversample Filter 3 | 1111111             | 7Fh |                                     |
| 0100001    | 21h | (Reserved, do not use)      | 1000011    | 43h                 | AD1FLTR4 – Oversample Filter 4 |                     |     |                                     |
| 0100010    | 22h | (Reserved, do not use)      | 1000100    | 44h                 | CLC1 Interrupt                 |                     |     |                                     |

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**TABLE 8-3: DMA CHANNEL TRIGGER SOURCES (SLAVE)**

| CHSEL<6:0> | Trigger (Interrupt)             | CHSEL<6:0> | Trigger (Interrupt)                | CHSEL<6:0> | Trigger (Interrupt)                    |
|------------|---------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|--|
| 0000000    | 00h INT0 – External Interrupt 0 | 0100010    | 22h PWM Generator 7                | 1000100    | 44h CLC1 Interrupt                     |
| 0000001    | 01h SCCP1 Interrupt             | 0100011    | 23h PWM Generator 8                | 1000101    | 45h CLC2 Interrupt                     |
| 0000010    | 02h SPI1 Receiver               | 0100100    | 24h PWM Event C                    | 1000110    | 46h SPI1 – Fault Interrupt             |
| 0000011    | 03h SPI1 Transmitter            | 0100101    | (Reserved, do not use)             | 1000111    | (Reserved, do not use)                 |
| 0000100    | 04h UART1 Receiver              | 0100110    | (Reserved, do not use)             | 1001000    | (Reserved, do not use)                 |
| 0000101    | 05h UART1 Transmitter           | 0100111    | 27h ADC1 Group Convert Done        | 1001001    | (Reserved, do not use)                 |
| 0000110    | 06h ECC Single Bit Error        | 0101000    | 28h ADC Done AN0                   | 1001010    | 4Ah MSI Master Initiated Slave IRQ     |
| 0000111    | 07h NVM Write Complete          | 0101001    | 29h ADC Done AN1                   | 1001011    | 4Bh MSI Protocol A                     |
| 0001000    | 08h INT1 – External Interrupt 1 | 0101010    | 2Ah ADC Done AN2                   | 1001100    | 4Ch MSI Protocol B                     |
| 0001001    | 09h SI2C1 – I2C1 Slave Event    | 0101011    | 2Bh ADC Done AN3                   | 1001101    | 4Dh MSI Protocol C                     |
| 0001010    | 0Ah MI2C1 – I2C1 Master Event   | 0101100    | 2Ch ADC Done AN4                   | 1001110    | 4Eh MSI Protocol D                     |
| 0001010    | 0Bh INT2 – External Interrupt 2 | 0101101    | 2Dh ADC Done AN5                   | 1001111    | 4Fh MSI Protocol E                     |
| 0001100    | 0Ch SCCP2 Interrupt             | 0101110    | 2Eh ADC Done AN6                   | 1010000    | 50h MSI Protocol F                     |
| 0001101    | 0Dh INT3 – External Interrupt 3 | 0101111    | 2Fh ADC Done AN7                   | 1010001    | 51h MSI Protocol G                     |
| 0001110    | (Reserved, do not use)          | 0110000    | 30h ADC Done AN8                   | 1010010    | 52h MSI Protocol H                     |
| 0001111    | (Reserved, do not use)          | 0110001    | 31h ADC Done AN9                   | 1010011    | 53h MSI Slave Read FIFO Data Ready IRQ |
| 0010000    | 10h (Reserved, do not use)      | 0110010    | 32h ADC Done AN10                  | 1010100    | 54h MSI Slave Write FIFO Empty IRQ     |
| 0010001    | 11h (Reserved, do not use)      | 0110011    | 33h ADC Done AN11                  | 1010101    | 55h MSI FIFO Fault (Over/Underflow)    |
| 0010010    | 12h SCCP3 Interrupt             | 0110100    | 34h ADC Done AN12                  | 1010110    | 56h MSI Master Reset IRQ               |
| 0010011    | (Reserved, do not use)          | 0110101    | 35h ADC Done AN13                  | 1010111    | 57h PWM Event D                        |
| 0010100    | (Reserved, do not use)          | 0110110    | 36h ADC Done AN14                  | 1011000    | 58h PWM Event E                        |
| 0010101    | 15h SCCP4 Interrupt             | 0110111    | 37h ADC Done AN15                  | 1011001    | 59h PWM Event F                        |
| 0010110    | 16h (Reserved, do not use)      | 0111000    | 38h ADC Done AN16                  | 1011010    | 5Ah Master ICD Breakpoint Interrupt    |
| 0010111    | 17h (Reserved, do not use)      | 0111001    | 39h ADC Done AN17                  | 1011011    | 5Bh (Reserved, do not use)             |
| 0011000    | 18h (Reserved, do not use)      | 0111010    | 3Ah (Reserved, do not use)         | 1011100    | 5Ch (Reserved, do not use)             |
| 0011001    | 19h PWM Event A                 | 0111010    | 3Bh ADC Done AN19                  | 1011101    | 5Dh (Reserved, do not use)             |
| 0011010    | 1Ah (Reserved, do not use)      | 0111100    | 3Ch (Reserved, do not use)         | 1011110    | 5Eh Master Clock Fail Interrupt        |
| 0011011    | 1Bh PWM Event B                 | 0111101    | 3Dh (Reserved, do not use)         | 1011111    | 5Fh ADC FIFO Ready Interrupt           |
| 0011100    | 1Ch PWM Generator 1             | 0111110    | 3Eh (Reserved, do not use)         | 1100000    | 60h CLC3 Positive Edge Interrupt       |
| 0011101    | 1Dh PWM Generator 2             | 0111111    | 3Fh (Reserved, do not use)         | 1100001    | 61h CLC4 Positive Edge Interrupt       |
| 0011110    | 1Eh PWM Generator 3             | 1000000    | 40h AD1FLTR1 – Oversample Filter 1 | 1100001    | 62h (Reserved, do not use)             |
| 0011111    | 1Fh PWM Generator 4             | 1000001    | 41h AD1FLTR2 – Oversample Filter 2 | ...        | ...                                    |
| 0100000    | 20h PWM Generator 5             | 1000010    | 42h AD1FLTR3 – Oversample Filter 3 | 1111111    | 7Fh (Reserved, do not use)             |
| 0100001    | 21h PWM Generator 6             | 1000011    | 43h AD1FLTR4 – Oversample Filter 4 |            |  |

## 9.0 HIGH-RESOLUTION PWM (HSPWM) WITH FINE EDGE PLACEMENT

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**High-Resolution PWM with Fine Edge Placement**” (DS70005320) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

**2:** The PWM is identical for both Master core and Slave core. The x is common for both Master core and Slave core (where the x represents the number of the specific module being addressed). The number of HSPWM modules available on the Master core and Slave core is different and they are located in different SFR locations.

**3:** All associated register names are the same on the Master core and the Slave core. The Slave code will be developed in a separate project in MPLAB® X IDE with the device selection, dsPIC33CH128MP508S1, where the **S1** indicates the Slave device. The Master is PWM1 to PWM4 and the Slave is PWM1 to PWM8.

## 9.1 Features

- Up to Eight Independent PWM Generators for Slave Core, each with Dual Outputs
- Up to Four Independent PWM Generators for Master Core, each with Dual Outputs
- Operating modes:
  - Independent Edge mode
  - Variable Phase PWM mode
  - Center-Aligned mode
  - Double Update Center-Aligned mode
  - Dual Edge Center-Aligned mode
  - Dual PWM mode
- Output modes:
  - Complementary
  - Independent
  - Push-Pull
- Dead-Time Generator
- Leading-Edge Blanking (LEB)
- Output Override for Fault Handling
- Flexible Period/Duty Cycle Updating Options
- Programmable Control Inputs (PCI)
- Advanced Triggering Options
- Six Combinatorial Logic Outputs
- Six PWM Event Outputs

Table 9-1 shows an overview of the PWM module.

**TABLE 9-1: PWM MODULE OVERVIEW**

|             | Number of PWM Modules | Identical (Modules) |
|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Master Core | 4                     | Yes                 |
| Slave Core  | 8                     | Yes                 |

The High-Speed PWM (HSPWM) module is a Pulse-Width Modulated (PWM) module to support both motor control and power supply applications. This flexible module provides features to support many types of Motor Control (MC) and Power Control (PC) applications, including:

- AC-to-DC Converters
- DC-to-DC Converters
- AC and DC Motors: BLDC, PMSM, ACIM, SRM, etc.
- Inverters
- Battery Chargers
- Digital Lighting
- Power Factor Correction (PFC)

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## 9.2 Architecture Overview

The PWM module consists of a common set of controls and features, and multiple instantiations of PWM Generators (PGs). Each PWM Generator can be independently configured or multiple PWM Generators can

be used to achieve complex multiphase systems. PWM Generators can also be used to implement sophisticated triggering, protection and logic functions. A high-level block diagram is shown in [Figure 9-1](#).

**FIGURE 9-1: PWM HIGH-LEVEL BLOCK DIAGRAM**



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## 9.3 PWM Control Registers

There are two categories of Special Function Registers (SFRs) used to control the operation of the PWM module:

- Common, shared by all PWM Generators
- PWM Generator-specific

An 'x' in the register name denotes an instance of a PWM Generator.

A 'y' in the register name denotes an instance of the common function.

### REGISTER 9-1: PCLKCON: PWM CLOCK CONTROL REGISTER

|        |       |     |     |     |     |     |                     |
|--------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0               |
| HRRDY  | HRERR | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | LOCK <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 15 |       |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8               |

|       |     |         |         |     |     |                         |                         |
|-------|-----|---------|---------|-----|-----|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0                   | R/W-0                   |
| —     | —   | DIVSEL1 | DIVSEL0 | —   | —   | MCLKSEL1 <sup>(2)</sup> | MCLKSEL0 <sup>(2)</sup> |
| bit 7 |     |         |         |     |     |                         | bit 0                   |

#### Legend:

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15      **HRRDY:** High-Resolution Ready bit  
 1 = The high-resolution circuitry is ready  
 0 = The high-resolution circuitry is not ready
- bit 14      **HRERR:** High-Resolution Error bit  
 1 = An error has occurred; PWM signals will have limited resolution  
 0 = No error has occurred; PWM signals will have full resolution when HRRDY = 1
- bit 13-9    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 8        **LOCK:** Lock bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
 1 = Write-protected registers and bits are locked  
 0 = Write-protected registers and bits are unlocked
- bit 7-6     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-4     **DIVSEL<1:0>:** PWM Clock Divider Selection bits  
 11 = Divide ratio is 1:16  
 10 = Divide ratio is 1:8  
 01 = Divide ratio is 1:4  
 00 = Divide ratio is 1:2
- bit 3-2     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1-0     **MCLKSEL<1:0>:** PWM Master Clock Selection bits<sup>(2)</sup>  
 11 = AFPLLO – Auxiliary PLL post-divider output  
 10 = FPLLO – Primary PLL post-divider output  
 01 = AFVCO/2 – Auxiliary VCO/2  
 00 = FOSC

- Note 1:** A device-specific unlock sequence must be performed before this bit can be cleared.  
**2:** Changing the MCLKSEL<1:0> bits while ON (PGxCONL<15>) = 1 is not recommended.

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## REGISTER 9-2: FSCL: FREQUENCY SCALE REGISTER

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| FSCL<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15     |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|           |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0     | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| FSCL<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7     |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **FSCL<15:0>**: Frequency Scale Register bits  
The value in this register is added to the frequency scaling accumulator at each pwm\_clk. When the accumulated value exceeds the value of FSMINPER, a clock pulse is produced.

## REGISTER 9-3: FSMINPER: FREQUENCY SCALING MINIMUM PERIOD REGISTER

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| FSMINPER<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15         |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| FSMINPER<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **FSMINPER<15:0>**: Frequency Scaling Minimum Period Register bits  
This register holds the minimum clock period (maximum clock frequency) that can be produced by the frequency scaling circuit.



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## REGISTER 9-4: MPHASE: MASTER PHASE REGISTER

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| MPHASE<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| MPHASE<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **MPHASE<15:0>**: Master Phase Register bits

## REGISTER 9-5: MDC: MASTER DUTY CYCLE REGISTER

|           |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0     | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| MDC<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15    |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|          |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| MDC<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7    |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **MDC<15:0>**: Master Duty Cycle Register bits

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## REGISTER 9-6: MPER: MASTER PERIOD REGISTER

|                           |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0                     | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| MPER<15:8> <sup>(1)</sup> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15                    |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|                          |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0                    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| MPER<7:0> <sup>(1)</sup> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7                    |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **MPER<15:0>**: Master Period Register bits<sup>(1)</sup>

**Note 1:** Period values less than '0x0010' should not be selected.

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## REGISTER 9-7: CMBTRIGL: COMBINATIONAL TRIGGER REGISTER LOW

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| CTA8EN | CTA7EN | CTA6EN | CTA5EN | CTA4EN | CTA3EN | CTA2EN | CTA1EN |
| bit 7  |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |        |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    |                  |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15-8      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7        **CTA8EN:** Enable Trigger Output from PWM Generator #8 as Source for Combinational Trigger A bit  
                  1 = Enables specified trigger signal to be OR'd into the Combinatorial Trigger A signal  
                  0 = Disabled
- bit 6        **CTA7EN:** Enable Trigger Output from PWM Generator #7 as Source for Combinational Trigger A bit  
                  1 = Enables specified trigger signal to be OR'd into the Combinatorial Trigger A signal  
                  0 = Disabled
- bit 5        **CTA6EN:** Enable Trigger Output from PWM Generator #6 as Source for Combinational Trigger A bit  
                  1 = Enables specified trigger signal to be OR'd into the Combinatorial Trigger A signal  
                  0 = Disabled
- bit 4        **CTA5EN:** Enable Trigger Output from PWM Generator #5 as Source for Combinational Trigger A bit  
                  1 = Enables specified trigger signal to be OR'd into the Combinatorial Trigger A signal  
                  0 = Disabled
- bit 3        **CTA4EN:** Enable Trigger Output from PWM Generator #4 as Source for Combinational Trigger A bit  
                  1 = Enables specified trigger signal to be OR'd into the Combinatorial Trigger A signal  
                  0 = Disabled
- bit 2        **CTA3EN:** Enable Trigger Output from PWM Generator #3 as Source for Combinational Trigger A bit  
                  1 = Enables specified trigger signal to be OR'd into the Combinatorial Trigger A signal  
                  0 = Disabled
- bit 1        **CTA2EN:** Enable Trigger Output from PWM Generator #2 as Source for Combinational Trigger A bit  
                  1 = Enables specified trigger signal to be OR'd into the Combinatorial Trigger A signal  
                  0 = Disabled
- bit 0        **CTA1EN:** Enable Trigger Output from PWM Generator #1 as Source for Combinational Trigger A bit  
                  1 = Enables specified trigger signal to be OR'd into the Combinatorial Trigger A signal  
                  0 = Disabled

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## REGISTER 9-8: CMBTRIGH: COMBINATIONAL TRIGGER REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| CTB8EN | CTB7EN | CTB6EN | CTB5EN | CTB4EN | CTB3EN | CTB2EN | CTB1EN |
| bit 7  |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-8        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7         **CTB8EN:** Enable Trigger Output from PWM Generator #8 as Source for Combinational Trigger B bit  
                  1 = Enables specified trigger signal to be OR'd into the Combinatorial Trigger B signal  
                  0 = Disabled
- bit 6         **CTB7EN:** Enable Trigger Output from PWM Generator #7 as Source for Combinational Trigger B bit  
                  1 = Enables specified trigger signal to be OR'd into the Combinatorial Trigger B signal  
                  0 = Disabled
- bit 5         **CTB6EN:** Enable Trigger Output from PWM Generator #6 as Source for Combinational Trigger B bit  
                  1 = Enables specified trigger signal to be OR'd into the Combinatorial Trigger B signal  
                  0 = Disabled
- bit 4         **CTB5EN:** Enable Trigger Output from PWM Generator #5 as Source for Combinational Trigger B bit  
                  1 = Enables specified trigger signal to be OR'd into the Combinatorial Trigger B signal  
                  0 = Disabled
- bit 3         **CTB4EN:** Enable Trigger Output from PWM Generator #4 as Source for Combinational Trigger B bit  
                  1 = Enables specified trigger signal to be OR'd into the Combinatorial Trigger B signal  
                  0 = Disabled
- bit 2         **CTB3EN:** Enable Trigger Output from PWM Generator #3 as Source for Combinational Trigger B bit  
                  1 = Enables specified trigger signal to be OR'd into the Combinatorial Trigger B signal  
                  0 = Disabled
- bit 1         **CTB2EN:** Enable Trigger Output from PWM Generator #2 as Source for Combinational Trigger B bit  
                  1 = Enables specified trigger signal to be OR'd into the Combinatorial Trigger B signal  
                  0 = Disabled
- bit 0         **CTB1EN:** Enable Trigger Output from PWM Generator #1 as Source for Combinational Trigger B bit  
                  1 = Enables specified trigger signal to be OR'd into the Combinatorial Trigger B signal  
                  0 = Disabled

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## REGISTER 9-9: LOGCONy: COMBINATORIAL PWM LOGIC CONTROL REGISTER y<sup>(2)</sup>

|                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  |
| PWMS1y3 <sup>(1)</sup> | PWMS1y2 <sup>(1)</sup> | PWMS1y1 <sup>(1)</sup> | PWMS1y0 <sup>(1)</sup> | PWMS2y3 <sup>(1)</sup> | PWMS2y2 <sup>(1)</sup> | PWMS2y1 <sup>(1)</sup> | PWMS2y0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 15                 |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        | bit 8                  |

|        |        |         |         |     |          |          |          |
|--------|--------|---------|---------|-----|----------|----------|----------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | U-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| S1yPOL | S2yPOL | PWMLFy1 | PWMLFy0 | —   | PWMLFyD2 | PWMLFyD1 | PWMLFyD0 |
| bit 7  |        |         |         |     |          |          | bit 0    |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

bit 15-12 **PWMS1y<3:0>**: Combinatorial PWM Logic Source #1 Selection bits<sup>(1)</sup>

1111 = PWM8L  
 1110 = PWM8H  
 1101 = PWM7L  
 1100 = PWM7H  
 1011 = PWM6L  
 1010 = PWM6H  
 1001 = PWM5L  
 1000 = PWM5H  
 0111 = PWM4L  
 0110 = PWM4H  
 0101 = PWM3L  
 0100 = PWM3H  
 0011 = PWM2L  
 0010 = PWM2H  
 0001 = PWM1L  
 0000 = PWM1H

bit 11-8 **PWMS2y<3:0>**: Combinatorial PWM Logic Source #2 Selection bits<sup>(1)</sup>

1111 = PWM8L  
 1110 = PWM8H  
 1101 = PWM7L  
 1100 = PWM7H  
 1011 = PWM6L  
 1010 = PWM6H  
 1001 = PWM5L  
 1000 = PWM5H  
 0111 = PWM4L  
 0110 = PWM4H  
 0101 = PWM3L  
 0100 = PWM3H  
 0011 = PWM2L  
 0010 = PWM2H  
 0001 = PWM1L  
 0000 = PWM1H

bit 7 **S1yPOL**: Combinatorial PWM Logic Source #1 Polarity bit

1 = Input is inverted  
 0 = Input is positive logic

**Note 1:** Logic function input will be connected to '0' if the PWM channel is not present.

**2:** 'y' denotes a common instance (A-F).

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## REGISTER 9-9: LOGCONy: COMBINATORIAL PWM LOGIC CONTROL REGISTER y<sup>(2)</sup> (CONTINUED)

- bit 6            **S2yPOL:** Combinatorial PWM Logic Source #2 Polarity bit  
1 = Input is inverted  
0 = Input is positive logic
- bit 5-4        **PWMLFy<1:0>:** Combinatorial PWM Logic Function Selection bits  
11 = Reserved  
10 = PWMS1 ^ PWMS2 (XOR)  
01 = PWMS1 & PWMS2 (AND)  
00 = PWMS1 | PWMS2 (OR)
- bit 3            **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2-0        **PWMLFyD<2:0>:** Combinatorial PWM Logic Destination Selection bits  
111 = Logic function is assigned to the PWM8H or PWM8L pin  
110 = Logic function is assigned to the PWM7H or PWM7L pin  
101 = Logic function is assigned to the PWM6H or PWM6L pin  
100 = Logic function is assigned to the PWM5H or PWM5Lpin  
011 = Logic function is assigned to the PWM4H or PWM4Lpin  
010 = Logic function is assigned to the PWM3H or PWM3Lpin  
001 = Logic function is assigned to the PWM2H or PWM2Lpin  
000 = No assignment, combinatorial PWM logic function is disabled

- Note 1:** Logic function input will be connected to '0' if the PWM channel is not present.  
**2:** 'y' denotes a common instance (A-F).

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## REGISTER 9-10: PWMEV<sub>Ty</sub>: PWM EVENT OUTPUT CONTROL REGISTER <sub>y</sub><sup>(5)</sup>

|         |         |          |          |     |     |     |       |
|---------|---------|----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| EVTyOEN | EVTyPOL | EVTySTRD | EVTySYNC | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15  |         |          |          |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|          |          |          |          |     |                         |                         |                         |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | U-0 | R/W-0                   | R/W-0                   | R/W-0                   |
| EVTySEL3 | EVTySEL2 | EVTySEL1 | EVTySEL0 | —   | EVTyPGS2 <sup>(2)</sup> | EVTyPGS1 <sup>(2)</sup> | EVTyPGS0 <sup>(2)</sup> |
| bit 7    |          |          |          |     |                         |                         | bit 0                   |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **EVTyOEN:** PWM Event Output Enable bit  
 1 = Event output signal is output on PWMEV<sub>Ty</sub> pin  
 0 = Event output signal is internal only
- bit 14      **EVTyPOL:** PWM Event Output Polarity bit  
 1 = Event output signal is active-low  
 0 = Event output signal is active-high
- bit 13      **EVTySTRD:** PWM Event Output Stretch Disable bit  
 1 = Event output signal pulse width is not stretched  
 0 = Event output signal is stretched to 8 PWM clock cycles minimum<sup>(1)</sup>
- bit 12      **EVTySYNC:** PWM Event Output Sync bit  
 1 = Event output signal is synchronized to the system clock  
 0 = Event output is not synchronized to the system clock  
 Event output signal pulse will be two system clocks when this bit is set and EVTySTRD = 1.
- bit 11-8    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7-4      **EVTySEL<3:0>:** PWM Event Selection bits  
 1111 = High-resolution error event signal  
 1110-1010 = Reserved  
 1001 = ADC Trigger 2 signal  
 1000 = ADC Trigger 1 signal  
 0111 = STEER signal (available in Push-Pull Output modes only)<sup>(4)</sup>  
 0110 = CAHALF signal (available in Center-Aligned modes only)<sup>(4)</sup>  
 0101 = PCI Fault active output signal  
 0100 = PCI current-limit active output signal  
 0011 = PCI feed-forward active output signal  
 0010 = PCI Sync active output signal  
 0001 = PWM Generator output signal<sup>(3)</sup>  
 0000 = Source is selected by the PGTRGSEL<2:0> bits
- bit 3        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

- Note 1:** The event signal is stretched using the peripheral clock because different PGs may be operating from different clock sources. The leading edge of the event pulse is produced in the clock domain of the PWM Generator. The trailing edge of the stretched event pulse is produced in the peripheral clock domain.
- 2:** No event will be produced if the selected PWM Generator is not present.
- 3:** This is the PWM Generator output signal prior to output mode logic and any output override logic.
- 4:** This signal should be the PG<sub>x</sub>\_clk domain signal prior to any synchronization into the system clock domain.
- 5:** 'y' denotes a common instance (A-F).

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## REGISTER 9-10: PWMEV<sub>Ty</sub>: PWM EVENT OUTPUT CONTROL REGISTER <sub>y</sub><sup>(5)</sup> (CONTINUED)

bit 2-0      EV<sub>Ty</sub>PGS<2:0>: PWM Event Source Selection bits<sup>(2)</sup>

111 = PG8

110 = PG7

101 = PG6

100 = PG5

011 = PG4

010 = PG3

001 = PG2

000 = PG1

**Note 1:** The event signal is stretched using the peripheral clock because different PGs may be operating from different clock sources. The leading edge of the event pulse is produced in the clock domain of the PWM Generator. The trailing edge of the stretched event pulse is produced in the peripheral clock domain.

**2:** No event will be produced if the selected PWM Generator is not present.

**3:** This is the PWM Generator output signal prior to output mode logic and any output override logic.

**4:** This signal should be the PG<sub>x</sub>\_clk domain signal prior to any synchronization into the system clock domain.

**5:** 'y' denotes a common instance (A-F).



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## REGISTER 9-11: LFSR: LINEAR FEEDBACK SHIFT REGISTER

|        |            |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0    | R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —      | LFSR<14:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15 | bit 8      |       |       |       |       |       |       |

|           |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0     | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| LFSR<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7     |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15

**Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-0

**LFSR<14:0>:** Linear Feedback Shift Register bits

A read of this register will provide a 15-bit pseudorandom value.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 9-12: PGxCONL: PWM GENERATOR x CONTROL REGISTER LOW

|        |     |     |     |     |         |         |         |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0  | r-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| ON     | —   | —   | —   | —   | TRGCNT2 | TRGCNT1 | TRGCNT0 |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     | bit 8   |         |         |

|       |     |     |         |         |         |         |         |
|-------|-----|-----|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| HREN  | —   | —   | CLKSEL1 | CLKSEL0 | MODSEL2 | MODSEL1 | MODSEL0 |
| bit 7 |     |     |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | r = Reserved bit |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15      **ON:** Enable bit  
             1 = PWM Generator is enabled  
             0 = PWM Generator is not enabled
- bit 14      **Reserved:** Maintain as '0'
- bit 13-11   **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10-8    **TRGCNT<2:0>:** Trigger Count Select bits  
             111 = PWM Generator produces 8 PWM cycles after triggered  
             110 = PWM Generator produces 7 PWM cycles after triggered  
             101 = PWM Generator produces 6 PWM cycles after triggered  
             100 = PWM Generator produces 5 PWM cycles after triggered  
             011 = PWM Generator produces 4 PWM cycles after triggered  
             010 = PWM Generator produces 3 PWM cycles after triggered  
             001 = PWM Generator produces 2 PWM cycles after triggered  
             000 = PWM Generator produces 1 PWM cycle after triggered
- bit 7        **HREN:** PWM Generator x High-Resolution Enable bit  
             1 = PWM Generator x operates in High-Resolution mode  
             0 = PWM Generator x operates in standard resolution
- bit 6-5     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4-3     **CLKSEL<1:0>:** Clock Selection bits  
             11 = PWM Generator uses Master clock scaled by frequency scaling circuit<sup>(1)</sup>  
             10 = PWM Generator uses Master clock divided by clock divider circuit<sup>(1)</sup>  
             01 = PWM Generator uses Master clock selected by the MCLKSEL<1:0> (PCLKCON<1:0>) control bits  
             00 = No clock selected, PWM Generator is in lowest power state (default)
- bit 2-0     **MODSEL<2:0>:** Mode Selection bits  
             111 = Dual Edge Center-Aligned PWM mode (interrupt/register update twice per cycle)  
             110 = Dual Edge Center-Aligned PWM mode (interrupt/register update once per cycle)  
             101 = Double-Update Center-Aligned PWM mode  
             100 = Center-Aligned PWM mode  
             011 = Reserved  
             010 = Independent Edge PWM mode, dual output  
             001 = Variable Phase PWM mode  
             000 = Independent Edge PWM mode

**Note 1:** The PWM Generator time base operates from the frequency scaling circuit clock, effectively scaling the duty cycle and period of the PWM Generator output.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 9-13: PGxCONH: PWM GENERATOR x CONTROL REGISTER HIGH

|        |         |        |     |       |         |         |         |
|--------|---------|--------|-----|-------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0   | R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| MDCSEL | MPERSEL | MPHSEL | —   | MSTEN | UPDMOD2 | UPDMOD1 | UPDMOD0 |
| bit 15 |         |        |     |       |         |         | bit 8   |

|       |        |     |     |                          |                          |                          |                          |
|-------|--------|-----|-----|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| U-0   | R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0                    | R/W-0                    | R/W-0                    | R/W-0                    |
| —     | TRGMOD | —   | —   | SOCS3 <sup>(1,2,3)</sup> | SOCS2 <sup>(1,2,3)</sup> | SOCS1 <sup>(1,2,3)</sup> | SOCS0 <sup>(1,2,3)</sup> |
| bit 7 |        |     |     |                          |                          |                          | bit 0                    |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15     **MDCSEL:** Master Duty Cycle Register Select bit  
 1 = PWM Generator uses the MDC register instead of PGxDC  
 0 = PWM Generator uses the PGxDC register
- bit 14     **MPERSEL:** Master Period Register Select bit  
 1 = PWM Generator uses the MPER register instead of PGxPER  
 0 = PWM Generator uses the PGxPER register
- bit 13     **MPHSEL:** Master Phase Register Select bit  
 1 = PWM Generator uses the MPHASE register instead of PGxPHASE  
 0 = PWM Generator uses the PGxPHASE register
- bit 12     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11     **MSTEN:** Master Update Enable bit  
 1 = PWM Generator broadcasts software set/clear of the UPDATE status bit and EOC signal to other PWM Generators  
 0 = PWM Generator does not broadcast the UPDATE status bit state or EOC signal
- bit 10-8   **UPDMOD<2:0>:** PWM Buffer Update Mode Selection bits  
 011 = Slaved immediate update  
       Data registers immediately, or as soon as possible, when a Master update request is received. A Master update request will be transmitted if MSTEN = 1 and UPDATE = 1 for the requesting PWM Generator.
- 010 = Slaved SOC update  
       Data registers at start of next cycle if a Master update request is received. A Master update request will be transmitted if MSTEN = 1 and UPDATE = 1 for the requesting PWM Generator.
- 001 = Immediate update  
       Data registers immediately, or as soon as possible, if UPDATE = 1. The UPDATE status bit will be cleared automatically after the update occurs (UPDATE = 1). The UPDATE status bit will be cleared automatically after the update occurs.
- 000 = SOC update  
       Data registers at start of next PWM cycle.
- bit 7     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

- Note 1:** The PCI selected Sync signal is always available to be OR'd with the selected SOC signal per the SOCS<3:0> bits if the PCI Sync function is enabled.
- 2:** The source selected by the SOCS<3:0> bits MUST operate from the same clock source as the local PWM Generator. If not, the source must be routed through the PCI Sync logic so the trigger signal may be synchronized to the PWM Generator clock domain.
- 3:** PWM Generators are grouped into groups of four: PG1-PG4 and PG5-PG8, if available. Any generator within a group of four may be used to trigger another generator within the same group.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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## REGISTER 9-13: PGxCONH: PWM GENERATOR x CONTROL REGISTER HIGH (CONTINUED)

- bit 6      **TRGMOD:** PWM Generator Trigger Mode Selection bit  
1 = PWM Generator operates in Retriggerable mode  
0 = PWM Generator operates in Single Trigger mode
- bit 5-4    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3-0    **SOCS<3:0>:** Start-of-Cycle Selection bits<sup>(1,2,3)</sup>  
1111 = TRIG bit or PCI Sync function only (no hardware trigger source is selected)  
1110-0101 = Reserved  
0100 = PWM4(8) PG1 or PG5 trigger output selected by PGTRGSEL<2:0> (PGxEVT<2:0>)  
0011 = PWM3(7) PG1 or PG5 trigger output selected by PGTRGSEL<2:0> (PGxEVT<2:0>)  
0010 = PWM2(6) PG1 or PG5 trigger output selected by PGTRGSEL<2:0> (PGxEVT<2:0>)  
0001 = PWM1(5) PG1 or PG5 trigger output selected by PGTRGSEL<2:0> (PGxEVT<2:0>)  
0000 = Local EOC – PWM Generator is self-triggered

- Note 1:** The PCI selected Sync signal is always available to be OR'd with the selected SOC signal per the SOCS<3:0> bits if the PCI Sync function is enabled.
- 2:** The source selected by the SOCS<3:0> bits MUST operate from the same clock source as the local PWM Generator. If not, the source must be routed through the PCI Sync logic so the trigger signal may be synchronized to the PWM Generator clock domain.
- 3:** PWM Generators are grouped into groups of four: PG1-PG4 and PG5-PG8, if available. Any generator within a group of four may be used to trigger another generator within the same group.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 9-14: PGxSTAT: PWM GENERATOR x STATUS REGISTER

|        |        |        |        |      |        |       |       |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|------|--------|-------|-------|
| HS/C-0 | HS/C-0 | HS/C-0 | HS/C-0 | R-0  | R-0    | R-0   | R-0   |
| SEVT   | FLTEVT | CLEVT  | FFEVT  | SACT | FLTACT | CLACT | FFACT |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |      |        | bit 8 |       |

|       |       |                    |        |        |       |        |      |
|-------|-------|--------------------|--------|--------|-------|--------|------|
| W-0   | W-0   | HS/R/W-0           | R-0    | W-0    | R-0   | R-0    | R-0  |
| TRSET | TRCLR | CAP <sup>(1)</sup> | UPDATE | UPDREQ | STEER | CAHALF | TRIG |
| bit 7 |       |                    |        |        |       | bit 0  |      |

|                   |                   |  |
|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | C = Clearable bit | HS = Hardware Settable bit                   |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit  | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set  | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |

- bit 15      **SEVT:** PCI Sync Event bit  
 1 = A PCI Sync event has occurred (rising edge on PCI Sync output or PCI Sync output is high when module is enabled)  
 0 = No PCI Sync event has occurred
- bit 14      **FLTEVT:** PCI Fault Active Status bit  
 1 = A Fault event has occurred (rising edge on PCI Fault output or PCI Fault output is high when module is enabled)  
 0 = No Fault event has occurred
- bit 13      **CLEVT:** PCI Current-Limit Status bit  
 1 = A PCI current-limit event has occurred (rising edge on PCI current-limit output or PCI current-limit output is high when module is enabled)  
 0 = No PCI current-limit event has occurred
- bit 12      **FFEVT:** PCI Feed-Forward Active Status bit  
 1 = A PCI feed-forward event has occurred (rising edge on PCI feed-forward output or PCI feed-forward output is high when module is enabled)  
 0 = No PCI feed-forward event has occurred
- bit 11      **SACT:** PCI Sync Status bit  
 1 = PCI Sync output is active  
 0 = PCI Sync output is inactive
- bit 10      **FLTACT:** PCI Fault Active Status bit  
 1 = PCI Fault output is active  
 0 = PCI Fault output is inactive
- bit 9        **CLACT:** PCI Current-Limit Status bit  
 1 = PCI current-limit output is active  
 0 = PCI current-limit output is inactive
- bit 8        **FFACT:** PCI Feed-Forward Active Status bit  
 1 = PCI feed-forward output is active  
 0 = PCI feed-forward output is inactive
- bit 7        **TRSET:** PWM Generator Software Trigger Set bit  
 User software writes a '1' to this bit location to trigger a PWM Generator cycle. The bit location always reads as '0'. The TRIG bit will indicate '1' when the PWM Generator is triggered.
- bit 6        **TRCLR:** PWM Generator Software Trigger Clear bit  
 User software writes a '1' to this bit location to stop a PWM Generator cycle. The bit location always reads as '0'. The TRIG bit will indicate '0' when the PWM Generator is not triggered.

**Note 1:** User software may write a '1' to CAP as a request to initiate a software capture. The CAP status bit will be set when the capture event has occurred. No further captures will occur until CAP is cleared by software.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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## REGISTER 9-14: PGxSTAT: PWM GENERATOR x STATUS REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 5      **CAP:** Capture Status bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = PWM Generator time base value has been captured in PGxCAP  
0 = No capture has occurred
- bit 4      **UPDATE:** PWM Data Register Update Status/Control bit  
1 = PWM Data register update is pending – user Data registers are not writable  
0 = No PWM Data register update is pending
- bit 3      **UPDREQ:** PWM Data Register Update Request bit  
User software writes a '1' to this bit location to request a PWM Data register update. The bit location always reads as '0'. The UPDATE status bit will indicate '1' when an update is pending.
- bit 2      **STEER:** Output Steering Status bit (Push-Pull Output mode only)  
1 = PWM Generator is in 2nd cycle of Push-Pull mode  
0 = PWM Generator is in 1st cycle of Push-Pull mode
- bit 1      **CAHALF:** Half Cycle Status bit (Center-Aligned modes only)  
1 = PWM Generator is in 2nd half of time base cycle  
0 = PWM Generator is in 1st half of time base cycle
- bit 0      **TRIG:** PWM Trigger Status bit  
1 = PWM Generator is triggered and PWM cycle is in progress  
0 = No PWM cycle is in progress

**Note 1:** User software may write a '1' to CAP as a request to initiate a software capture. The CAP status bit will be set when the capture event has occurred. No further captures will occur until CAP is cleared by software.

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## REGISTER 9-15: PGxIOCONL: PWM GENERATOR x I/O CONTROL REGISTER LOW

|        |       |        |        |         |         |        |        |
|--------|-------|--------|--------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| CLMOD  | SWAP  | OVRENH | OVRENL | OVRDAT1 | OVRDAT0 | OSYNC1 | OSYNC0 |
| bit 15 |       |        |        |         |         | bit 8  |        |

|         |         |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| FLTDAT1 | FLTDAT0 | CLDAT1 | CLDAT0 | FFDAT1 | FFDAT0 | DBDAT1 | DBDAT0 |
| bit 7   |         |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |        |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15      **CLMOD:** Current-Limit Mode Select bit  
 1 = If PCI current limit is active, then the PWMxH and PWMxL output signals are inverted (bit flipping), and the CLDAT<1:0> bits are not used  
 0 = If PCI current limit is active, then the CLDAT<1:0> bits define the PWM output levels
- bit 14      **SWAP:** Swap PWM Signals to PWMxH and PWMxL Device Pins bit  
 1 = The PWMxH signal is connected to the PWMxL pin and the PWMxL signal is connected to the PWMxH pin  
 0 = PWMxH/L signals are mapped to their respective pins
- bit 13      **OVRENH:** User Override Enable for PWMxH Pin bit  
 1 = OVRDAT1 provides data for output on the PWMxH pin  
 0 = PWM Generator provides data for the PWMxH pin
- bit 12      **OVRENL:** User Override Enable for PWMxL Pin bit  
 1 = OVRDAT0 provides data for output on the PWMxL pin  
 0 = PWM Generator provides data for the PWMxL pin
- bit 11-10      **OVRDAT<1:0>:** Data for PWMxH/PWMxL Pins if Override is Enabled bits  
 If OVRRENH = 1, then OVRDAT1 provides data for PWMxH.  
 If OVRRENL = 1, then OVRDAT0 provides data for PWMxL.
- bit 9-8      **OSYNC<1:0>:** User Output Override Synchronization Control bits  
 11 = Reserved  
 10 = User output overrides via the OVRRENH/L and OVRDAT<1:0> bits occur when specified by the UPDMOD<2:0> bits in the PGxCONH register  
 01 = User output overrides via the OVRRENH/L and OVRDAT<1:0> bits occur immediately (as soon as possible)  
 00 = User output overrides via the OVRRENH/L and OVRDAT<1:0> bits are synchronized to the local PWM time base (next Start-of-Cycle)
- bit 7-6      **FLTDAT<1:0>:** Data for PWMxH/PWMxL Pins if Fault Event is Active bits  
 If Fault is active, then FLTDAT1 provides data for PWMxH.  
 If Fault is active, then FLTDAT0 provides data for PWMxL.
- bit 5-4      **CLDAT<1:0>:** Data for PWMxH/PWMxL Pins if Current-Limit Event is Active bits  
 If current limit is active, then CLDAT1 provides data for PWMxH.  
 If current limit is active, then CLDAT0 provides data for PWMxL.
- bit 3-2      **FFDAT<1:0>:** Data for PWMxH/PWMxL Pins if Feed-Forward Event is Active bits  
 If feed-forward is active, then FFDAT1 provides data for PWMxH.  
 If feed-forward is active, then FFDAT0 provides data for PWMxL.
- bit 1-0      **DBDAT<1:0>:** Data for PWMxH/PWMxL Pins if Debug Mode is Active and PTFRZ = 1 bits  
 If Debug mode is active and PTFRZ = 1, then DBDAT1 provides data for PWMxH.  
 If Debug mode is active and PTFRZ = 1, then DBDAT0 provides data for PWMxL.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 9-16: PGxIOCONH: PWM GENERATOR x I/O CONTROL REGISTER HIGH

|        |                        |                        |                        |     |     |     |          |
|--------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----------|
| U-0    | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0    |
| —      | CAPSRC2 <sup>(1)</sup> | CAPSRC1 <sup>(1)</sup> | CAPSRC0 <sup>(1)</sup> | —   | —   | —   | DTCMPSEL |
| bit 15 |                        |                        |                        |     |     |     | bit 8    |

|       |     |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | PMOD1 | PMOD0 | PENH  | PENL  | POLH  | POLL  |
| bit 7 |     |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-12 **CAPSRC<2:0>:** Time Base Capture Source Selection bits<sup>(1)</sup>

111 = Reserved

110 = Reserved

101 = Reserved

100 = Capture time base value at assertion of selected PCI Fault signal

011 = Capture time base value at assertion of selected PCI current-limit signal

010 = Capture time base value at assertion of selected PCI feed-forward signal

001 = Capture time base value at assertion of selected PCI Sync signal

000 = No hardware source selected for time base capture – software only

bit 11-9 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 8 **DTCMPSEL:** Dead-Time Compensation Select bit

1 = Dead-time compensation is controlled by PCI feed-forward limit logic

0 = Dead-time compensation is controlled by PCI Sync logic

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-4 **PMOD<1:0>:** PWM Generator Output Mode Selection bits

11 = Reserved

10 = PWM Generator outputs operate in Push-Pull mode

01 = PWM Generator outputs operate in Independent mode

00 = PWM Generator outputs operate in Complementary mode

bit 3 **PENH:** PWMxH Output Port Enable bit

1 = PWM Generator controls the PWMxH output pin

0 = PWM Generator does not control the PWMxH output pin

bit 2 **PENL:** PWMxL Output Port Enable bit

1 = PWM Generator controls the PWMxL output pin

0 = PWM Generator does not control the PWMxL output pin

bit 1 **POLH:** PWMxH Output Polarity bit

1 = Output pin is active-low

0 = Output pin is active-high

bit 0 **POLL:** PWMxL Output Polarity bit

1 = Output pin is active-low

0 = Output pin is active-high

**Note 1:** A capture may be initiated in software at any time by writing a '1' to CAP (PGxSTAT<5>).



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 9-17: PGxyPCIL: PWM GENERATOR xy PCI REGISTER LOW (x = PWM GENERATOR #; y = F, CL, FF OR S)

|          |       |       |       |      |       |       |       |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| TSYNCDIS | TERM2 | TERM1 | TERM0 | AQPS | AQSS2 | AQSS1 | AQSS0 |
| bit 15   |       |       |       |      |       |       | bit 8 |

|        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SWTERM | PSYNC | PPS   | PSS4  | PSS3  | PSS2  | PSS1  | PSS0  |
| bit 7  |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15        **TSYNCDIS:** Termination Synchronization Disable bit  
1 = Termination of latched PCI occurs immediately  
0 = Termination of latched PCI occurs at PWM EOC
- bit 14-12    **TERM<2:0>:** Termination Event Selection bits  
111 = Selects PCI Source #9  
110 = Selects PCI Source #8  
101 = Selects PCI Source #1 (PWM Generator output selected by the PWMPCI<2:0> bits)  
100 = PGxTRIGC trigger event  
011 = PGxTRIGB trigger event  
010 = PGxTRIGA trigger event  
001 = Auto-Terminate: Terminate when PCI source transitions from active to inactive  
000 = Manual Terminate: Terminate on a write of '1' to the SWTERM bit location
- bit 11        **AQPS:** Acceptance Qualifier Polarity Select bit  
1 = Inverted  
0 = Not inverted
- bit 10-8     **AQSS<2:0>:** Acceptance Qualifier Source Selection bits  
111 = SWPCI control bit only (qualifier forced to '0')  
110 = Selects PCI Source #9  
101 = Selects PCI Source #8  
100 = Selects PCI Source #1 (PWM Generator output selected by the PWMPCI<2:0> bits)  
011 = PWM Generator is triggered  
010 = LEB is active  
001 = Duty cycle is active (base PWM Generator signal)  
000 = No acceptance qualifier is used (qualifier forced to '1')
- bit 7        **SWTERM:** PCI Software Termination bit  
A write of '1' to this location will produce a termination event. This bit location always reads as '0'.
- bit 6        **PSYNC:** PCI Synchronization Control bit  
1 = PCI source is synchronized to PWM EOC  
0 = PCI source is not synchronized to PWM EOC
- bit 5        **PPS:** PCI Polarity Select bit  
1 = Inverted  
0 = Not inverted

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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## REGISTER 9-17: PGxyPCIL: PWM GENERATOR xy PCI REGISTER LOW (x = PWM GENERATOR #; y = F, CL, FF OR S) (CONTINUED)

bit 4-0 **PSS<4:0>**: PCI Source Selection bits

For Master:

11111 = Master CLC1  
11110 = Slave Comparator 3 output  
11101 = Slave Comparator 2 output  
11100 = Slave Comparator 1 output  
11011 = Master Comparator 1 output  
11010 = Slave PWM Event F  
11001 = Slave PWM Event E  
11000 = Slave PWM Event D  
10111 = Slave PWM Event C  
10110 = Device pin, PCI<22>  
10101 = Device pin, PCI<21>  
10100 = Device pin, PCI<20>  
10011 = Device pin, PCI<19>  
10010 = Master RPn input, Master PCI18R  
10001 = Master RPn input, Master PCI17R  
10000 = Master RPn input, Master PCI16R  
01111 = Master RPn input, Master PCI15R  
01110 = Master RPn input, Master PCI14R  
01101 = Master RPn input, Master PCI13R  
01100 = Master RPn input, Master PCI12R  
01011 = Master RPn input, Master PCI11R  
01010 = Master RPn input, Master PCI10R  
01001 = Master RPn input, Master PCI9R  
01000 = Master RPn input, Master PCI8R  
00111 = Reserved  
00110 = Reserved  
00101 = Reserved  
00100 = Reserved  
00011 = Internally connected to Combo Trigger B  
00010 = Internally connected to Combo Trigger A  
00001 = Internally connected to the output of PWMPCI<2:0> MUX  
00000 = Tied to '0'

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## REGISTER 9-17: PGxyPCIL: PWM GENERATOR xy PCI REGISTER LOW (x = PWM GENERATOR #; y = F, CL, FF OR S) (CONTINUED)

### For Slave:

PWM\_PCI<n> Source

00111 = Reserved

00110 = Reserved

00101 = Reserved

00100 = Reserved

00011 = Internally connected to Combo Trigger B

00010 = Internally connected to Combo Trigger A

00001 = Internally connected to the output of PWMPCI<2:0> MUX

00000 = Internally connect to '1'b0'

11111 = Slave CLC1

11110 = Slave Comparator Output 3

11101 = Slave Comparator Output 2

11100 = Slave Comparator Output 1

11011 = Master Comparator Output 1

11010 = Master PWM Event F

11001 = Master PWM Event E

11000 = Master PWM Event D

10111 = Master PWM Event C

10110 = PCI<22> device pin device none PCI<22>

10101 = PCI<21> device pin device none PCI<21>

10100 = PCI<20> device pin device none PCI<20>

10011 = Device pin device none PCI<19>

10010 = Slave S1RPn input Slave PCI18R

10001 = Slave S1RPn input Slave PCI17R

10000 = Slave S1RPn input Slave PCI16R

01111 = Slave S1RPn input Slave PCI15R

01110 = Slave S1RPn input Slave PCI14R

01101 = Slave S1RPn input Slave PCI13R

01100 = Slave S1RPn input Slave PCI12R

01011 = Slave S1RPn input Slave PCI11R

01010 = Slave S1RPn input Slave PCI10R

01001 = Slave S1RPn input Slave PCI9R

01000 = Slave S1RPn input Slave PCI8R

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**REGISTER 9-18: PGxyPCIH: PWM GENERATOR xy PCI REGISTER HIGH**  
(x = PWM GENERATOR #; y = F, CL, FF OR S)

|        |                       |                       |                       |     |       |       |       |
|--------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0                 | R/W-0                 | R/W-0                 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| BPEN   | BPSEL2 <sup>(1)</sup> | BPSEL1 <sup>(1)</sup> | BPSEL0 <sup>(1)</sup> | —   | ACP2  | ACP1  | ACP0  |
| bit 15 |                       |                       |                       |     |       | bit 8 |       |

|       |         |         |        |       |       |       |       |
|-------|---------|---------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SWPCI | SWPCIM1 | SWPCIM0 | LATMOD | TQPS  | TQSS2 | TQSS1 | TQSS0 |
| bit 7 |         |         |        |       |       | bit 0 |       |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15      **BPEN:** PCI Bypass Enable bit
  - 1 = PCI function is enabled and local PCI logic is bypassed; PWM Generator will be controlled by PCI function in the PWM Generator selected by the BPSEL<2:0> bits
  - 0 = PCI function is not bypassed
- bit 14-12      **BPSEL<2:0>:** PCI Bypass Source Selection bits<sup>(1)</sup>
  - 111 = PCI control is sourced from PWM Generator 8 PCI logic when BPEN = 1
  - 110 = PCI control is sourced from PWM Generator 7 PCI logic when BPEN = 1
  - 101 = PCI control is sourced from PWM Generator 6 PCI logic when BPEN = 1
  - 100 = PCI control is sourced from PWM Generator 5 PCI logic when BPEN = 1
  - 011 = PCI control is sourced from PWM Generator 4 PCI logic when BPEN = 1
  - 010 = PCI control is sourced from PWM Generator 3 PCI logic when BPEN = 1
  - 001 = PCI control is sourced from PWM Generator 2 PCI logic when BPEN = 1
  - 000 = PCI control is sourced from PWM Generator 1 PCI logic when BPEN = 1
- bit 11      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10-8      **ACP<2:0>:** PCI Acceptance Criteria Selection bits
  - 111 = Reserved
  - 110 = Reserved
  - 101 = Latched any edge
  - 100 = Latched rising edge
  - 011 = Latched
  - 010 = Any edge
  - 001 = Rising edge
  - 000 = Level-sensitive
- bit 7      **SWPCI:** Software PCI Control bit
  - 1 = Drives a '1' to PCI logic assigned to by the SWPCIM<1:0> control bits
  - 0 = Drives a '0' to PCI logic assigned to by the SWPCIM<1:0> control bits
- bit 6-5      **SWPCIM<1:0>:** Software PCI Control Mode bits
  - 11 = Reserved
  - 10 = SWPCI bit is assigned to termination qualifier logic
  - 01 = SWPCI bit is assigned to acceptance qualifier logic
  - 00 = SWPCI bit is assigned to PCI acceptance logic
- bit 4      **LATMOD:** PCI SR Latch Mode bit
  - 1 = SR latch is Reset-dominant in Latched Acceptance modes
  - 0 = SR latch is Set-dominant in Latched Acceptance modes

**Note 1:** Selects '0' if selected PWM Generator is not present.

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## REGISTER 9-18: PGxyPCIH: PWM GENERATOR xy PCI REGISTER HIGH (x = PWM GENERATOR #; y = F, CL, FF OR S) (CONTINUED)

- bit 3      **TQPS:** Termination Qualifier Polarity Select bit  
1 = Inverted  
0 = Not inverted
- bit 2-0    **TQSS<2:0>:** Termination Qualifier Source Selection bits  
111 = SWPCI control bit only (qualifier forced to '0')  
110 = Selects PCI Source #9  
101 = Selects PCI Source #8  
100 = Selects PCI Source #1 (PWM Generator output selected by the PWMPCI<2:0> bits)  
011 = PWM Generator is triggered  
010 = LEB is active  
001 = Duty cycle is active (base PWM Generator signal)  
000 = No termination qualifier used (qualifier forced to '1')

**Note 1:** Selects '0' if selected PWM Generator is not present.

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## REGISTER 9-19: PGxEVTL: PWM GENERATOR x EVENT REGISTER LOW

|          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| ADTR1PS4 | ADTR1PS3 | ADTR1PS2 | ADTR1PS1 | ADTR1PS0 | ADTR1EN3 | ADTR1EN2 | ADTR1EN1 |
| bit 15   |          |          |          |          |          |          | bit 8    |

|       |     |     |         |         |                          |                          |                          |
|-------|-----|-----|---------|---------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0                    | R/W-0                    | R/W-0                    |
| —     | —   | —   | UPDTRG1 | UPDTRG0 | PGTRGSEL2 <sup>(1)</sup> | PGTRGSEL1 <sup>(1)</sup> | PGTRGSEL0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 7 |     |     |         |         |                          |                          | bit 0                    |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-11 **ADTR1PS<4:0>**: ADC Trigger 1 Postscaler Selection bits

11111 = 1:32  
 ...  
 00010 = 1:3  
 00001 = 1:2  
 00000 = 1:1

bit 10 **ADTR1EN3**: ADC Trigger 1 Source is PGxTRIGC Compare Event Enable bit  
 1 = PGxTRIGC register compare event is enabled as trigger source for ADC Trigger 1  
 0 = PGxTRIGC register compare event is disabled as trigger source for ADC Trigger 1

bit 9 **ADTR1EN2**: ADC Trigger 1 Source is PGxTRIGB Compare Event Enable bit  
 1 = PGxTRIGB register compare event is enabled as trigger source for ADC Trigger 1  
 0 = PGxTRIGB register compare event is disabled as trigger source for ADC Trigger 1

bit 8 **ADTR1EN1**: ADC Trigger 1 Source is PGxTRIGA Compare Event Enable bit  
 1 = PGxTRIGA register compare event is enabled as trigger source for ADC Trigger 1  
 0 = PGxTRIGA register compare event is disabled as trigger source for ADC Trigger 1

bit 7-5 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 4-3 **UPDTRG<1:0>**: Update Trigger Select bits  
 11 = A write of the PGxTRIGA register automatically sets the UPDATE bit  
 10 = A write of the PGxPHASE register automatically sets the UPDATE bit  
 01 = A write of the PGxDC register automatically sets the UPDATE bit  
 00 = User must set the UPDATE bit (PGxSTAT<4>) manually

bit 2-0 **PGTRGSEL<2:0>**: PWM Generator Trigger Output Selection bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
 111 = Reserved  
 110 = Reserved  
 101 = Reserved  
 100 = Reserved  
 011 = PGxTRIGC compare event is the PWM Generator trigger  
 010 = PGxTRIGB compare event is the PWM Generator trigger  
 001 = PGxTRIGA compare event is the PWM Generator trigger  
 000 = EOC event is the PWM Generator trigger

**Note 1:** These events are derived from the internal PWM Generator time base comparison events.

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## REGISTER 9-20: PGxEVTH: PWM GENERATOR x EVENT REGISTER HIGH

|                       |                      |                      |                     |     |     |          |          |
|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----|-----|----------|----------|
| R/W-0                 | R/W-0                | R/W-0                | R/W-0               | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| FLTIEN <sup>(1)</sup> | CLIEN <sup>(2)</sup> | FFIEN <sup>(3)</sup> | SIEN <sup>(4)</sup> | —   | —   | IEVTSEL1 | IEVTSEL0 |
| bit 15                |                      |                      |                     |     |     | bit 8    |          |

|          |          |          |           |           |           |           |           |
|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     |
| ADTR2EN3 | ADTR2EN2 | ADTR2EN1 | ADTR1OFS4 | ADTR1OFS3 | ADTR1OFS2 | ADTR1OFS1 | ADTR1OFS0 |
| bit 7    |          |          |           |           |           | bit 0     |           |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15        **FLTIEN:** PCI Fault Interrupt Enable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
                  1 = Fault interrupt is enabled  
                  0 = Fault interrupt is disabled
- bit 14        **CLIEN:** PCI Current-Limit Interrupt Enable bit<sup>(2)</sup>  
                  1 = Current-limit interrupt is enabled  
                  0 = Current-limit interrupt is disabled
- bit 13        **FFIEN:** PCI Feed-Forward Interrupt Enable bit<sup>(3)</sup>  
                  1 = Feed-forward interrupt is enabled  
                  0 = Feed-forward interrupt is disabled
- bit 12        **SIEN:** PCI Sync Interrupt Enable bit<sup>(4)</sup>  
                  1 = Sync interrupt is enabled  
                  0 = Sync interrupt is disabled
- bit 11-10     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 9-8        **IEVTSEL<1:0>:** Interrupt Event Selection bits  
                  11 = Time base interrupts are disabled (Sync, Fault, current-limit and feed-forward events can be independently enabled)  
                  10 = Interrupts CPU at ADC Trigger 1 event  
                  01 = Interrupts CPU at TRIGA compare event  
                  00 = Interrupts CPU at EOC
- bit 7         **ADTR2EN3:** ADC Trigger 2 Source is PGxTRIGC Compare Event Enable bit  
                  1 = PGxTRIGC register compare event is enabled as trigger source for ADC Trigger 2  
                  0 = PGxTRIGC register compare event is disabled as trigger source for ADC Trigger 2
- bit 6         **ADTR2EN2:** ADC Trigger 2 Source is PGxTRIGB Compare Event Enable bit  
                  1 = PGxTRIGB register compare event is enabled as trigger source for ADC Trigger 2  
                  0 = PGxTRIGB register compare event is disabled as trigger source for ADC Trigger 2
- bit 5         **ADTR2EN1:** ADC Trigger 2 Source is PGxTRIGA Compare Event Enable bit  
                  1 = PGxTRIGA register compare event is enabled as trigger source for ADC Trigger 2  
                  0 = PGxTRIGA register compare event is disabled as trigger source for ADC Trigger 2

- Note 1:** An interrupt is only generated on the rising edge of the PCI Fault active signal.  
**Note 2:** An interrupt is only generated on the rising edge of the PCI current-limit active signal.  
**Note 3:** An interrupt is only generated on the rising edge of the PCI feed-forward active signal.  
**Note 4:** An interrupt is only generated on the rising edge of the PCI Sync active signal.

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## REGISTER 9-20: PGxEVTH: PWM GENERATOR x EVENT REGISTER HIGH (CONTINUED)

bit 4-0     **ADTR1OFS<4:0>**: ADC Trigger 1 Offset Selection bits  
 11111 = Offset by 31 trigger events  
 ...  
 00010 = Offset by 2 trigger events  
 00001 = Offset by 1 trigger event  
 00000 = No offset

- Note 1:** An interrupt is only generated on the rising edge of the PCI Fault active signal.  
**Note 2:** An interrupt is only generated on the rising edge of the PCI current-limit active signal.  
**Note 3:** An interrupt is only generated on the rising edge of the PCI feed-forward active signal.  
**Note 4:** An interrupt is only generated on the rising edge of the PCI Sync active signal.

## REGISTER 9-21: PGxLEBL: PWM GENERATOR x LEADING-EDGE BLANKING REGISTER LOW

|           |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0     | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| LEB<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15    |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|                         |       |       |       |       |     |     |     |
|-------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R/W-0                   | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| LEB<7:0> <sup>(1)</sup> |       |       |       |       |     |     |     |
| bit 7                   |       |       |       | bit 0 |     |     |     |

**Legend:**

|                   |                  |   |
|-------------------|------------------|---|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'          |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared     x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15-0     **LEB<15:0>**: Leading-Edge Blanking Period bits<sup>(1)</sup>

**Note 1:** Bits<2:0> are read-only and always remain as '0'.



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## REGISTER 9-22: PGxLEBH: PWM GENERATOR x LEADING-EDGE BLANKING REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |                        |                        |                        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | PWMPCI2 <sup>(1)</sup> | PWMPCI1 <sup>(1)</sup> | PWMPCI0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     | bit 8                  |                        |                        |

|       |     |     |     |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | PHR   | PHF   | PLR   | PLF   |
| bit 7 |     |     |     | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-11      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8      **PWMPCI<2:0>:** PWM Source for PCI Selection bits<sup>(1)</sup>

111 = PWM Generator #8 output is made available to PCI logic  
 110 = PWM Generator #7 output is made available to PCI logic  
 101 = PWM Generator #6 output is made available to PCI logic  
 100 = PWM Generator #5 output is made available to PCI logic  
 011 = PWM Generator #4 output is made available to PCI logic  
 010 = PWM Generator #3 output is made available to PCI logic  
 001 = PWM Generator #2 output is made available to PCI logic  
 000 = PWM Generator #1 output is made available to PCI logic

bit 7-4      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3      **PHR:** PWMxH Rising bit

1 = Rising edge of PWMxH will trigger the LEB duration counter  
 0 = LEB ignores the rising edge of PWMxH

bit 2      **PHF:** PWMxH Falling bit

1 = Falling edge of PWMxH will trigger the LEB duration counter  
 0 = LEB ignores the falling edge of PWMxH

bit 1      **PLR:** PWMxL Rising bit

1 = Rising edge of PWMxL will trigger the LEB duration counter  
 0 = LEB ignores the rising edge of PWMxL

bit 0      **PLF:** PWMxL Falling bit

1 = Falling edge of PWMxL will trigger the LEB duration counter  
 0 = LEB ignores the falling edge of PWMxL

**Note 1:** The selected PWM Generator source does not affect the LEB counter. This source can be optionally used as a PCI input, PCI qualifier, PCI terminator or PCI terminator qualifier (see the description in [Register 9-17](#) and [Register 9-18](#) for more information).

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## REGISTER 9-23: PGxPHASE: PWM GENERATOR x PHASE REGISTER

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PGxPHASE<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15         |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PGxPHASE<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit            W = Writable bit            U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR            '1' = Bit is set            '0' = Bit is cleared            x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **PGxPHASE<15:0>**: PWM Generator x Phase Register bits

## REGISTER 9-24: PGxDC: PWM GENERATOR x DUTY CYCLE REGISTER

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PGxDC<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PGxDC<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit            W = Writable bit            U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR            '1' = Bit is set            '0' = Bit is cleared            x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **PGxDC<15:0>**: PWM Generator x Duty Cycle Register bits

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## REGISTER 9-25: PGxDCA: PWM GENERATOR x DUTY CYCLE ADJUSTMENT REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PGxDCA<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-0      **PGxDCA<7:0>:** PWM Generator x Duty Cycle Adjustment Value bits

Depending on the state of the selected PCI source, the PGxDCA value will be added to the value in the PGxDC register to create the effective duty cycle. When the PCI source is active, PGxDCA is added. When the PCI source is inactive, no adjustment is made. Duty cycle adjustment is disabled when PGxDCA<7:0> = 0. The PCI source is selected using the DTCMPSEL bit.

## REGISTER 9-26: PGxPER: PWM GENERATOR x PERIOD REGISTER

|                             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0                       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PGxPER<15:8> <sup>(1)</sup> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15                      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|                            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0                      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PGxPER<7:0> <sup>(1)</sup> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7                      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **PGxPER<15:0>:** PWM Generator x Period Register bits<sup>(1)</sup>

**Note 1:** Period values less than '0x0010' should not be selected.

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## REGISTER 9-27: PGxTRIGA: PWM GENERATOR x TRIGGER A REGISTER

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PGxTRIGA<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 8          |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PGxTRIGA<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 0         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **PGxTRIGA<15:0>**: PWM Generator x Trigger A Register bits

## REGISTER 9-28: PGxTRIGB: PWM GENERATOR x TRIGGER B REGISTER

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PGxTRIGB<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 8          |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PGxTRIGB<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 0         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **PGxTRIGB<15:0>**: PWM Generator x Trigger B Register bits

## REGISTER 9-29: PGxTRIGC: PWM GENERATOR x TRIGGER C REGISTER

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PGxTRIGC<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 8          |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| PGxTRIGC<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 0         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **PGxTRIGC<15:0>**: PWM Generator x Trigger C Register bits

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## REGISTER 9-30: PGxDTL: PWM GENERATOR x DEAD-TIME REGISTER LOW

|        |     |                          |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|-----|--------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0                    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | DTL<13:8> <sup>(1)</sup> |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15 |     |                          |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|          |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| DTL<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7    |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 13-0    **DTL<13:0>:** PWMxL Dead-Time Delay bits<sup>(1)</sup>

**Note 1:** DTL<13:11> bits are not available when HREN (PGxCONL<7>) = 0.

## REGISTER 9-31: PGxDTH: PWM GENERATOR x DEAD-TIME REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |                          |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|-----|--------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0                    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | DTH<13:8> <sup>(1)</sup> |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15 |     |                          |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|          |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| DTH<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7    |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 13-0    **DTH<13:0>:** PWMxH Dead-Time Delay bits<sup>(1)</sup>

**Note 1:** DTH<13:11> bits are not available when HREN (PGxCONL<7>) = 0.

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## REGISTER 9-32: PGxCAP: PWM GENERATOR x CAPTURE REGISTER

|              |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-0          | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| PGxCAP<15:8> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 15       |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |     |     |

|                            |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| R-0                        | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0   | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| PGxCAP<7:0> <sup>(1)</sup> |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 7                      |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |     |     |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |  |  |  |  |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |  |  |  |  |

bit 15-0      **PGxCAP<15:0>**: PGx Time Base Capture bits<sup>(1)</sup>

**Note 1:** PGxCAP<1:0> will read as '0' in Standard Resolution mode. PGxCAP<4:0> will read as '0' in High-Resolution mode.

## 10.0 CAPTURE/COMPARE/PWM/TIMER MODULES (SCCP)

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. For more information on the MCCP/SCCP modules, refer to “**Capture/Compare/PWM/Timer (MCCP and SCCP)**” (DS33035) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”.

**2:** The SCCP is identical for both Master core and Slave core. The x is common for both Master and Slave (where the x represents the number of the specific module being addressed).

**3:** All associated register names are the same on the Master core and the Slave core. The Slave code will be developed in a separate project in MPLAB® X IDE with the device selection, dsPIC33CH128MP508**S1**, where **S1** indicates the Slave device. The Master SCCP modules are SCCP1, SCCP2, SCCP3, SCCP4, SSCCP5, SCCP6, SCCP7 and SCCP8. The Slave SCCP modules are SSCCP1, SSCCP2, SSCCP3 and SSCCP4.

Table 10-1 shows an overview of the SCCP module.

**TABLE 10-1: SCCP MODULE OVERVIEW**

|             | Number of SCCP Modules | Identical (Modules) |
|-------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| Master Core | 8                      | Yes                 |
| Slave Core  | 4                      | Yes                 |

dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices include several Capture/Compare/PWM/Timer base modules, which provide the functionality of three different peripherals from earlier PIC24F devices. The module can operate in one of three major modes:

- General Purpose Timer
- Input Capture
- Output Compare/PWM

Single CCP (SCCP) output modules provide only one PWM output.

The SCCP module can be operated only in one of the three major modes at any time. The other modes are not available unless the module is reconfigured for the new mode.

A conceptual block diagram for the module is shown in Figure 10-1. All three modes share a time base generator and a common Timer register pair (CCPxTMRH/L); other shared hardware components are added as a particular mode requires.

Each module has a total of six control and status registers:

- CCPxCON1L (Register 10-1)
- CCPxCON1H (Register 10-2)
- CCPxCON2L (Register 10-3)
- CCPxCON2H (Register 10-4)
- CCPxCON3H (Register 10-5)
- CCPxSTATL (Register 10-6)

Each module also includes eight buffer/counter registers that serve as Timer Value registers or data holding buffers:

- CCPxTMRH/CCPxTMRL (CCPx Timer High/Low Counters)
- CCPxPRH/CCPxPRL (CCPx Timer Period High/Low)
- CCPxRA (CCPx Primary Output Compare Data Buffer)
- CCPxRB (CCPx Secondary Output Compare Data Buffer)
- CCPxBUFH/CCPxBUFL (CCPx Input Capture High/Low Buffers)

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**FIGURE 10-1: SCCPx CONCEPTUAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**



## 10.1 Time Base Generator

The Timer Clock Generator (TCG) generates a clock for the module's internal time base, using one of the clock signals already available on the microcontroller. This is used as the time reference for the module in its three major modes. The internal time base is shown in Figure 10-2.

There are eight inputs available to the clock generator, which are selected using the CLKSEL<2:0> bits (CCPxCON1L<10:8>). Available sources include the FRC and LPRC, the Secondary Oscillator and the TCLKI External Clock inputs. The system clock is the default source (CLKSEL<2:0> = 000).

**FIGURE 10-2: TIMER CLOCK GENERATOR**





## 10.2 General Purpose Timer

Timer mode is selected when CCSEL = 0 and MOD<3:0> = 0000. The timer can function as a 32-bit timer or a dual 16-bit timer, depending on the setting of the T32 bit (Table 10-2).

**TABLE 10-2: TIMER OPERATION MODE**

| T32<br>(CCPxCON1L<5>) | Operating Mode           |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 0                     | Dual Timer Mode (16-bit) |
| 1                     | Timer Mode (32-bit)      |

Dual 16-Bit Timer mode provides a simple timer function with two independent 16-bit timer/counters. The primary timer uses CCPxTMRL and CCPxPRL. Only the primary timer can interact with other modules on the device. It generates the SCCPx sync out signals for use by other SCCP modules. It can also use the SYNC<4:0> bits signal generated by other modules.

The secondary timer uses CCPxTMRH and CCPxPRH. It is intended to be used only as a periodic interrupt source for scheduling CPU events. It does not generate an output sync/trigger signal like the primary time base. In Dual Timer mode, the CCPx Secondary Timer Period register, CCPxPRH, generates the SCCP compare event (CCPxIF) used by many other modules on the device.

The 32-Bit Timer mode uses the CCPxTMRL and CCPxTMRH registers, together, as a single 32-bit timer. When CCPxTMRL overflows, CCPxTMRH increments by one. This mode provides a simple timer function when it is important to track long time periods. Note that the T32 bit (CCPxCON1L<5>) should be set before the CCPxTMRL or CCPxPRH registers are written to initialize the 32-bit timer.

### 10.2.1 SYNC AND TRIGGER OPERATION

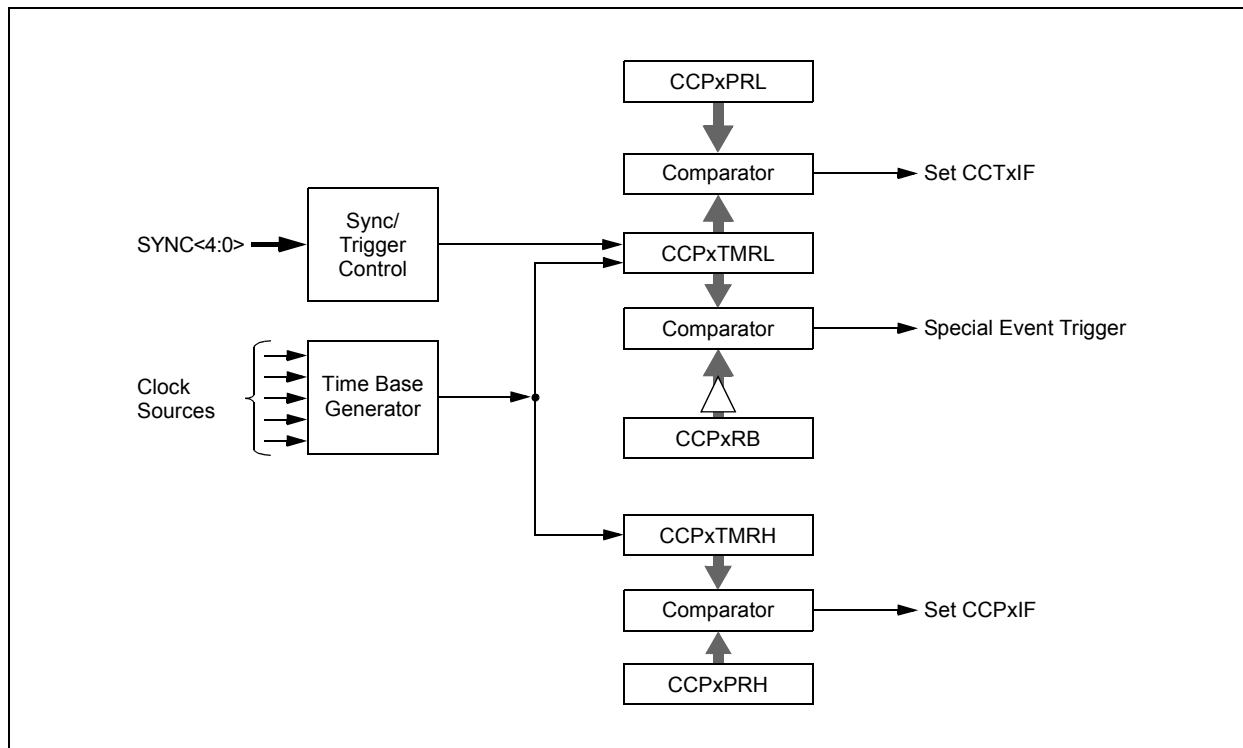
In both 16-bit and 32-bit modes, the timer can also function in either synchronization (“sync”) or trigger operation. Both use the SYNC<4:0> bits (CCPxCON1H<4:0>) to determine the input signal source. The difference is how that signal affects the timer.

In sync operation, the timer Reset or clear occurs when the input selected by SYNC<4:0> is asserted. The timer immediately begins to count again from zero unless it is held for some other reason. Sync operation is used whenever the TRIGEN bit (CCPxCON1H<7>) is cleared. SYNC<4:0> can have any value, except ‘11111’.

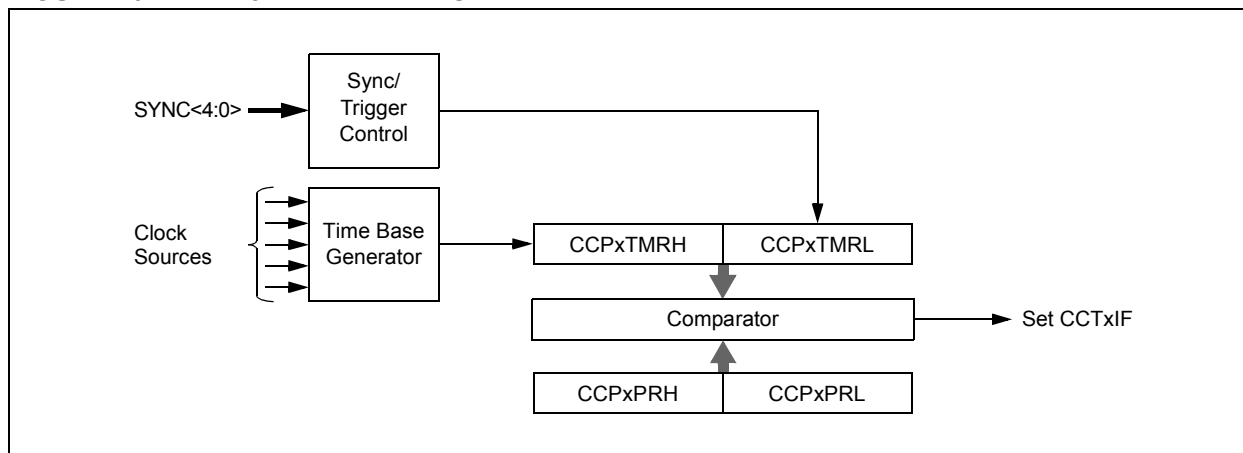
In trigger operation, the timer is held in Reset until the input selected by SYNC<4:0> is asserted; when it occurs, the timer starts counting. Trigger operation is used whenever the TRIGEN bit is set. In Trigger mode, the timer will continue running after a trigger event as long as the CCPTRIG bit (CCPxSTATL<7>) is set. To clear CCPTRIG, the TRCLR bit (CCPxSTATL<5>) must be set to clear the trigger event, reset the timer and hold it at zero until another trigger event occurs. On dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices, trigger operation can only be used when the system clock is the time base source (CLKSEL<2:0> = 000).

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**FIGURE 10-3: DUAL 16-BIT TIMER MODE**



**FIGURE 10-4: 32-BIT TIMER MODE**



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## 10.3 Output Compare Mode

Output Compare mode compares the Timer register value with the value of one or two Compare registers, depending on its mode of operation. The Output Compare x module, on compare match events, has the ability to generate a single output transition or a train of

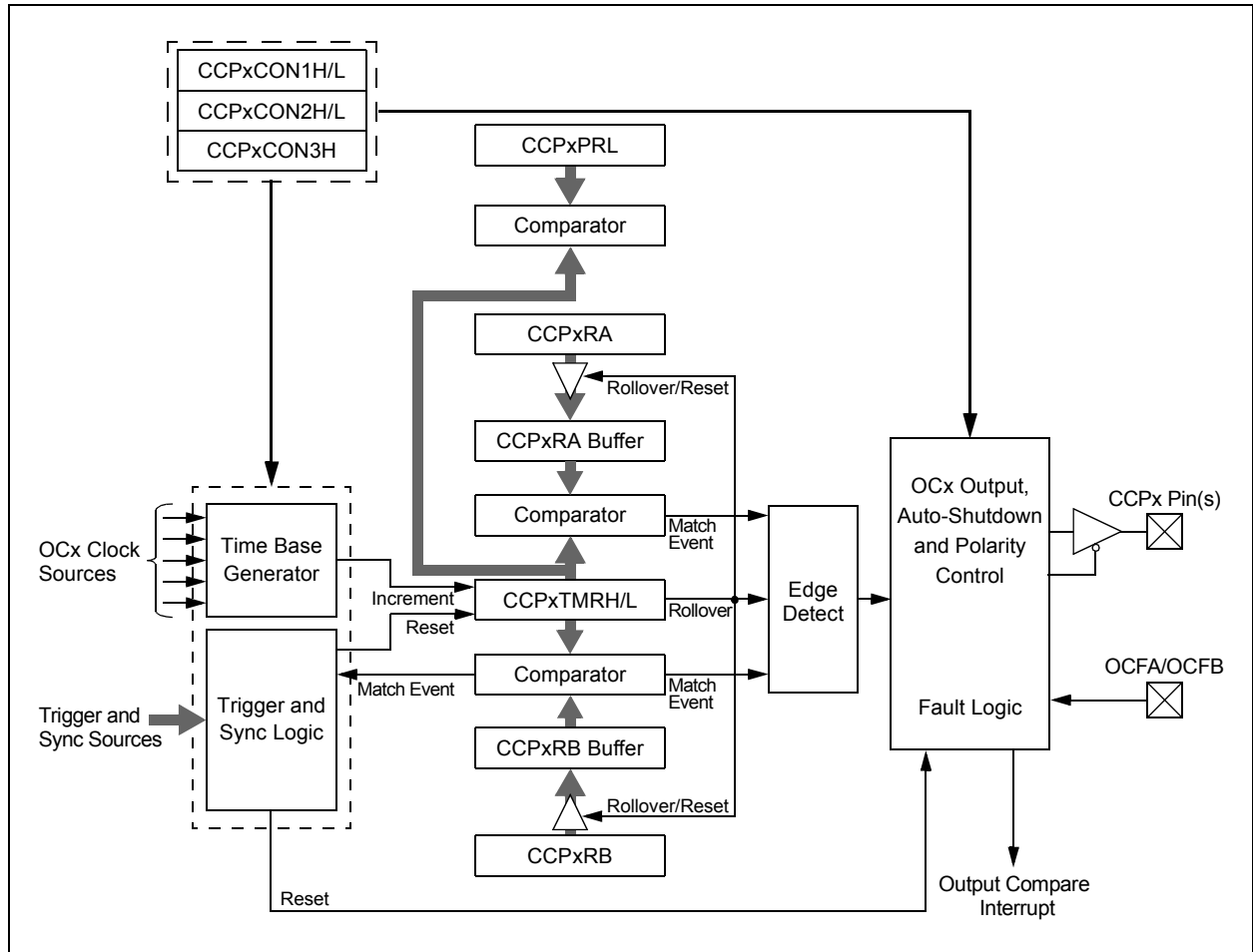
output pulses. Like most PIC® MCU peripherals, the Output Compare x module can also generate interrupts on a compare match event.

Table 10-3 shows the various modes available in Output Compare modes.

**TABLE 10-3: OUTPUT COMPARE x/PWMx MODES**

| MOD<3:0><br>(CCPxCON1L<3:0>) | T32<br>(CCPxCON1L<5>) | Operating Mode                      |                  |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| 0001                         | 0                     | Output High on Compare (16-bit)     | Single Edge Mode |
| 0001                         | 1                     | Output High on Compare (32-bit)     |                  |
| 0010                         | 0                     | Output Low on Compare (16-bit)      |                  |
| 0010                         | 1                     | Output Low on Compare (32-bit)      |                  |
| 0011                         | 0                     | Output Toggle on Compare (16-bit)   |                  |
| 0011                         | 1                     | Output Toggle on Compare (32-bit)   |                  |
| 0100                         | 0                     | Dual Edge Compare (16-bit)          | Dual Edge Mode   |
| 0101                         | 0                     | Dual Edge Compare (16-bit buffered) | PWM Mode         |

**FIGURE 10-5: OUTPUT COMPARE x BLOCK DIAGRAM**



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## 10.4 Input Capture Mode

Input Capture mode is used to capture a timer value from an independent timer base, upon an event, on an input pin or other internal trigger source. The input capture features are useful in applications requiring frequency (time period) and pulse measurement. Figure 10-6 depicts a simplified block diagram of Input Capture mode.

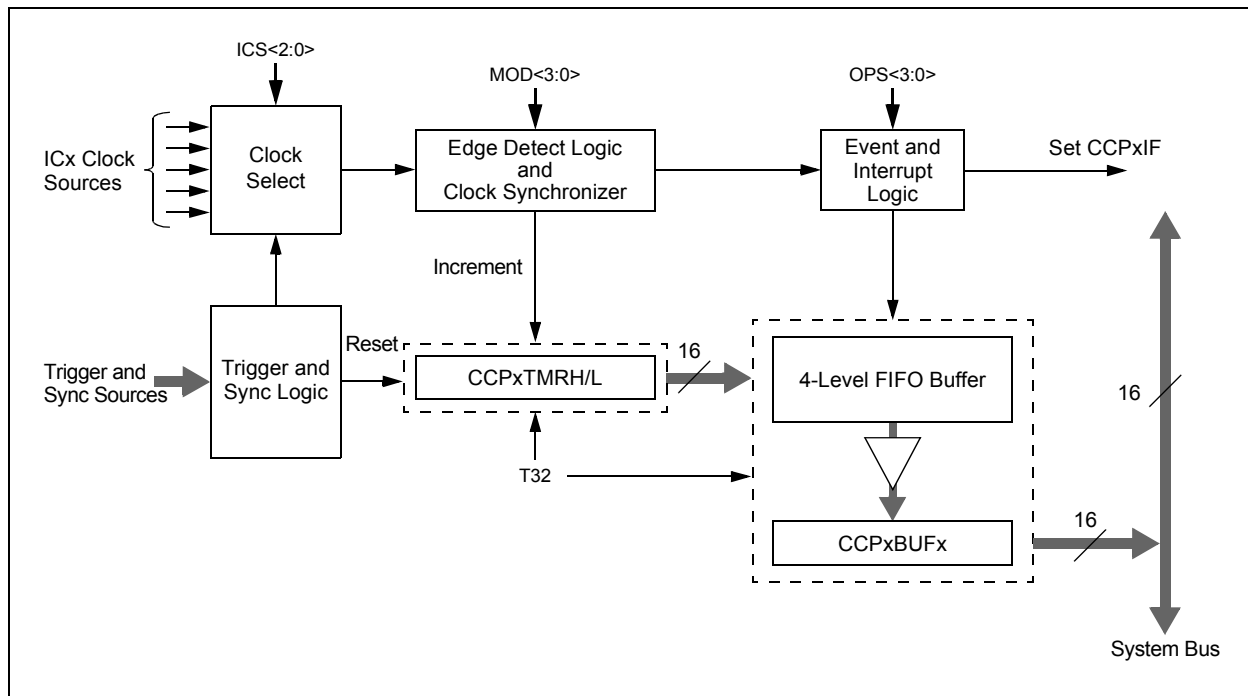
Input Capture mode uses a dedicated 16/32-bit, synchronous, up counting timer for the capture function. The timer value is written to the FIFO when a capture event occurs. The internal value may be read (with a synchronization delay) using the CCPxTMRH/L register.

To use Input Capture mode, the CCSEL bit (CCPxCON1L<4>) must be set. The T32 and the MOD<3:0> bits are used to select the proper Capture mode, as shown in Table 10-4.

**TABLE 10-4: INPUT CAPTURE x MODES**

| MOD<3:0><br>(CCPxCON1L<3:0>) | T32<br>(CCPxCON1L<5>) | Operating Mode                        |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 0000                         | 0                     | Edge Detect (16-bit capture)          |
| 0000                         | 1                     | Edge Detect (32-bit capture)          |
| 0001                         | 0                     | Every Rising (16-bit capture)         |
| 0001                         | 1                     | Every Rising (32-bit capture)         |
| 0010                         | 0                     | Every Falling (16-bit capture)        |
| 0010                         | 1                     | Every Falling (32-bit capture)        |
| 0011                         | 0                     | Every Rising/Falling (16-bit capture) |
| 0011                         | 1                     | Every Rising/Falling (32-bit capture) |
| 0100                         | 0                     | Every 4th Rising (16-bit capture)     |
| 0100                         | 1                     | Every 4th Rising (32-bit capture)     |
| 0101                         | 0                     | Every 16th Rising (16-bit capture)    |
| 0101                         | 1                     | Every 16th Rising (32-bit capture)    |

**FIGURE 10-6: INPUT CAPTURE x BLOCK DIAGRAM**



## 10.5 Auxiliary Output

The SCCPx modules have an auxiliary (secondary) output that provides other peripherals access to internal module signals. The auxiliary output is intended to connect to other SCCP modules, or other digital peripherals, to provide these types of functions:

- Time Base Synchronization
- Peripheral Trigger and Clock Inputs
- Signal Gating

The type of output signal is selected using the AUXOUT<1:0> control bits (CCPxCON2H<4:3>). The type of output signal is also dependent on the module operating mode.

**TABLE 10-5: AUXILIARY OUTPUT**

| AUXOUT<1:0> | CCSEL | MOD<3:0>                | Comments                  | Signal Description                  |
|-------------|-------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 00          | x     | xxxx                    | Auxiliary output disabled | No Output                           |
| 01          | 0     | 0000                    | Time Base modes           | Time Base Period Reset or Rollover  |
| 10          |       |                         |                           | Special Event Trigger Output        |
| 11          |       |                         |                           | No Output                           |
| 01          | 0     | 0001<br>through<br>1111 | Output Compare modes      | Time Base Period Reset or Rollover  |
| 10          |       |                         |                           | Output Compare Event Signal         |
| 11          |       |                         |                           | Output Compare Signal               |
| 01          | 1     | xxxx                    | Input Capture modes       | Time Base Period Reset or Rollover  |
| 10          |       |                         |                           | Reflects the Value of the ICDIS bit |
| 11          |       |                         |                           | Input Capture Event Signal          |

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## 10.6 SCCP Control/Status Registers

### REGISTER 10-1: CCPxCON1L: CCPx CONTROL 1 LOW REGISTERS

|        |     |         |        |         |                        |                        |                        |
|--------|-----|---------|--------|---------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0  | R/W-0   | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  |
| CCPON  | —   | CCPSIDL | CCPSLP | TMRSYNC | CLKSEL2 <sup>(1)</sup> | CLKSEL1 <sup>(1)</sup> | CLKSEL0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 15 |     |         |        |         |                        |                        | bit 8                  |

|        |        |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| TMRPS1 | TMRPS0 | T32   | CCSEL | MOD3  | MOD2  | MOD1  | MOD0  |
| bit 7  |        |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

#### Legend:

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **CCPON:** CCPx Module Enable bit  
 1 = Module is enabled with an operating mode specified by the MOD<3:0> control bits  
 0 = Module is disabled
- bit 14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13      **CCPSIDL:** CCPx Stop in Idle Mode bit  
 1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode  
 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12      **CCPSLP:** CCPx Sleep Mode Enable bit  
 1 = Module continues to operate in Sleep modes  
 0 = Module does not operate in Sleep modes
- bit 11      **TMRSYNC:** Time Base Clock Synchronization bit  
 1 = Asynchronous module time base clock is selected and synchronized to the internal system clocks (CLKSEL<2:0> ≠ 000)  
 0 = Synchronous module time base clock is selected and does not require synchronization (CLKSEL<2:0> = 000)
- bit 10-8    **CLKSEL<2:0>:** CCPx Time Base Clock Select bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
 111 = External T1CK input  
 110 = Slave CLC2  
 101 = Slave CLC1  
 100 = Master CLC2  
 011 = Master CLC1  
 010 = FOSC  
 001 = Reference Clock (REFCLKO)  
 000 = FOSC/2 (FP)
- bit 7-6    **TMRPS<1:0>:** Time Base Prescale Select bits  
 11 = 1:64 Prescaler  
 10 = 1:16 Prescaler  
 01 = 1:4 Prescaler  
 00 = 1:1 Prescaler
- bit 5      **T32:** 32-Bit Time Base Select bit  
 1 = Uses 32-bit time base for timer, single edge output compare or input capture function  
 0 = Uses 16-bit time base for timer, single edge output compare or input capture function
- bit 4      **CCSEL:** Capture/Compare Mode Select bit  
 1 = Input Capture peripheral  
 0 = Output Compare/PWM/Timer peripheral (exact function is selected by the MOD<3:0> bits)

**Note 1:** Clock selection is the same for the Master and the Slave.

## REGISTER 10-1: CCPxCON1L: CCPx CONTROL 1 LOW REGISTERS (CONTINUED)

bit 3-0      **MOD<3:0>**: CCPx Mode Select bits

For CCSEL = 1 (Input Capture modes):

- 1xxx = Reserved
- 011x = Reserved
- 0101 = Capture every 16th rising edge
- 0100 = Capture every 4th rising edge
- 0011 = Capture every rising and falling edge
- 0010 = Capture every falling edge
- 0001 = Capture every rising edge
- 0000 = Capture every rising and falling edge (Edge Detect mode)

For CCSEL = 0 (Output Compare/Timer modes):

- 1111 = External Input mode: Pulse generator is disabled, source is selected by ICS<2:0>
- 1110 = Reserved
- 110x = Reserved
- 10xx = Reserved
- 0111 = Reserved
- 0110 = Reserved
- 0101 = Dual Edge Compare mode, buffered
- 0100 = Dual Edge Compare mode
- 0011 = 16-Bit/32-Bit Single Edge mode, toggles output on compare match
- 0010 = 16-Bit/32-Bit Single Edge mode, drives output low on compare match
- 0001 = 16-Bit/32-Bit Single Edge mode, drives output high on compare match
- 0000 = 16-Bit/32-Bit Timer mode, output functions are disabled

**Note 1:** Clock selection is the same for the Master and the Slave.

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## REGISTER 10-2: CCPxCON1H: CCPx CONTROL 1 HIGH REGISTERS

|                       |                       |     |     |                     |                     |                     |                     |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----|-----|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| R/W-0                 | R/W-0                 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0               | R/W-0               | R/W-0               | R/W-0               |
| OPSSRC <sup>(1)</sup> | RTRGEN <sup>(2)</sup> | —   | —   | OPS3 <sup>(3)</sup> | OPS2 <sup>(3)</sup> | OPS1 <sup>(3)</sup> | OPS0 <sup>(3)</sup> |
| bit 15                |                       |     |     |                     |                     |                     | bit 8               |

|        |         |         |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|---------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| TRIGEN | ONESHOT | ALTSYNC | SYNC4 | SYNC3 | SYNC2 | SYNC1 | SYNC0 |
| bit 7  |         |         |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15            **OPSSRC:** Output Postscaler Source Select bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
                   1 = Output postscaler scales module trigger output events  
                   0 = Output postscaler scales time base interrupt events
- bit 14            **RTRGEN:** Retrigger Enable bit<sup>(2)</sup>  
                   1 = Time base can be retriggered when TRIGEN bit = 1  
                   0 = Time base may not be retriggered when TRIGEN bit = 1
- bit 13-12       **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11-8        **OPS3<3:0>:** CCPx Interrupt Output Postscale Select bits<sup>(3)</sup>  
                   1111 = Interrupt every 16th time base period match  
                   1110 = Interrupt every 15th time base period match  
                   ...  
                   0100 = Interrupt every 5th time base period match  
                   0011 = Interrupt every 4th time base period match or 4th input capture event  
                   0010 = Interrupt every 3rd time base period match or 3rd input capture event  
                   0001 = Interrupt every 2nd time base period match or 2nd input capture event  
                   0000 = Interrupt after each time base period match or input capture event
- bit 7            **TRIGEN:** CCPx Trigger Enable bit  
                   1 = Trigger operation of time base is enabled  
                   0 = Trigger operation of time base is disabled
- bit 6            **ONESHOT:** One-Shot Trigger Mode Enable bit  
                   1 = One-Shot Trigger mode is enabled; trigger duration is set by OSCNT<2:0>  
                   0 = One-Shot Trigger mode is disabled
- bit 5            **ALTSYNC:** CCPx Clock Select bits  
                   1 = An alternate signal is used as the module synchronization output signal  
                   0 = The module synchronization output signal is the Time Base Reset/rollover event
- bit 4-0        **SYNC<4:0>:** CCPx Synchronization Source Select bits  
                   See [Table 10-6](#) and [Table 10-7](#) for the definition of inputs.

- Note 1:** This control bit has no function in Input Capture modes.  
**Note 2:** This control bit has no function when TRIGEN = 0.  
**Note 3:** Output postscale settings, from 1:5 to 1:16 (0100-1111), will result in a FIFO buffer overflow for Input Capture modes.



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**TABLE 10-6: SYNCHRONIZATION SOURCES (MASTER)**

| <b>SYNC&lt;4:0&gt;</b> | <b>Synchronization Source</b>                      |
|------------------------|--|
| 00000                  | None; Timer with Rollover on CCPxPR Match or FFFFh |
| 00001                  | Module's Own Timer Sync Out                        |
| 00010                  | Sync Output SCCP1                                  |
| 00011                  | Sync Output SCCP2                                  |
| 00100                  | Sync Output SCCP3                                  |
| 00101                  | Sync Output SCCP4                                  |
| 00110                  | Sync Output SCCP5                                  |
| 00111                  | Sync Output SCCP6                                  |
| 01000                  | Sync Output SCCP7                                  |
| 01001                  | INT0   |
| 01010                  | INT1   |
| 01011                  | INT2   |
| 01100-01111            | Reserved   |
| 10000                  | Master CLC1 Output                                 |
| 10001                  | Master CLC2 Output                                 |
| 10010                  | Slave CLC1 Output                                  |
| 10011                  | Slave CLC2 Output                                  |
| 10100-10110            | Reserved   |
| 10111                  | Comparator 1 Output                                |
| 11000                  | Slave Comparator 1 Output                          |
| 11001                  | Slave Comparator 2 Output                          |
| 11010                  | Slave Comparator 3 Output                          |
| 11011-11110            | Reserved   |
| 11111                  | None; Timer with Auto-Rollover (FFFFh → 0000h)     |

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**TABLE 10-7: SYNCHRONIZATION SOURCES (SLAVE)**

| <b>SYNC&lt;4:0&gt;</b> | <b>Synchronization Source</b>                      |
|------------------------|--|
| 00000                  | None; Timer with Rollover on CCPxPR Match or FFFFh |
| 00001                  | Module's Own Timer Sync Out                        |
| 00010                  | Sync Output SCCP1                                  |
| 00011                  | Sync Output SCCP2                                  |
| 00100                  | Sync Output SCCP3                                  |
| 00101                  | Sync Output SCCP4                                  |
| 00110-01000            | Reserved   |
| 01001                  | INT0   |
| 01010                  | INT1   |
| 01011                  | INT2   |
| 01100-01111            | Reserved   |
| 10000                  | Master CLC1 Output                                 |
| 10001                  | Master CLC2 Output                                 |
| 10010                  | Slave CLC1 Output                                  |
| 10011                  | Slave CLC2 Output                                  |
| 10100-10110            | Reserved   |
| 10111                  | Master Comparator 1 Output                         |
| 11000                  | Slave Comparator 1 Output                          |
| 11001                  | Slave Comparator 2 Output                          |
| 11010                  | Slave Comparator 3 Output                          |
| 11011-11110            | Reserved   |
| 11111                  | None; Timer with Auto-Rollover (FFFFh → 0000h)     |

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## REGISTER 10-3: CCPxCON2L: CCPx CONTROL 2 LOW REGISTERS

|         |       |     |       |     |     |     |       |
|---------|-------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| PWMRSEN | ASDGM | —   | SSDG  | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15  |       |     |       |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| ASDG7 | ASDG6 | ASDG5 | ASDG4 | ASDG3 | ASDG2 | ASDG1 | ASDG0 |
| bit 7 |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15      **PWMRSEN:** CCPx PWM Restart Enable bit  
 1 = ASEVT bit clears automatically at the beginning of the next PWM period, after the shutdown input has ended  
 0 = ASEVT bit must be cleared in software to resume PWM activity on output pins
- bit 14      **ASDGM:** CCPx Auto-Shutdown Gate Mode Enable bit  
 1 = Waits until the next Time Base Reset or rollover for shutdown to occur  
 0 = Shutdown event occurs immediately
- bit 13      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 12      **SSDG:** CCPx Software Shutdown/Gate Control bit  
 1 = Manually forces auto-shutdown, timer clock gate or input capture signal gate event (setting of ASDGM bit still applies)  
 0 = Normal module operation
- bit 11-8    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7-0     **ASDG<7:0>:** CCPx Auto-Shutdown/Gating Source Enable bits  
 1 = ASDGx Source n is enabled (see [Table 10-8](#) and [Table 10-9](#) for auto-shutdown/gating sources)  
 0 = ASDGx Source n is disabled

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**TABLE 10-8: AUTO-SHUTDOWN AND GATING SOURCES (MASTER)**

| ASDG<x><br>Bit | Auto-Shutdown/Gating Source |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |
|----------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
|                | SCCP1                       | SCCP2                      | SCCP3                      | SCCP4                      | SCCP5                      | SCCP6                      | SCCP7                      | SCCP8                      |
| 0              | Master Comparator 1 Output  |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |
| 1              | Slave Comparator 1 Output   |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |
| 2              | Slave Comparator 2 Output   |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |
| 3              | Slave Comparator 3 Output   |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |
| 4              | Master ICM1 <sup>(1)</sup>  | Master ICM2 <sup>(1)</sup> | Master ICM3 <sup>(1)</sup> | Master ICM4 <sup>(1)</sup> | Master ICM5 <sup>(1)</sup> | Master ICM6 <sup>(1)</sup> | Master ICM7 <sup>(1)</sup> | Master ICM8 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| 5              | Master CLC1 <sup>(1)</sup>  |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |
| 6              | Master OCFA <sup>(1)</sup>  |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |
| 7              | Master OCFB <sup>(1)</sup>  |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |

**Note 1:** Selected by Peripheral Pin Select (PPS).

**TABLE 10-9: AUTO-SHUTDOWN AND GATING SOURCES (SLAVE)**

| ASDG<x><br>Bit | Auto-Shutdown/Gating Source |                           |                           |                           |
|----------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|                | SCCP1                       | SCCP2                     | SCCP3                     | SCCP4                     |
| 0              | Master Comparator 1 Output  |                           |                           |                           |
| 1              | Slave Comparator 1 Output   |                           |                           |                           |
| 2              | Slave Comparator 2 Output   |                           |                           |                           |
| 3              | Slave Comparator 3 Output   |                           |                           |                           |
| 4              | Slave ICM1 <sup>(1)</sup>   | Slave ICM2 <sup>(1)</sup> | Slave ICM3 <sup>(1)</sup> | Slave ICM4 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| 5              | Slave CLC1 <sup>(1)</sup>   |                           |                           |                           |
| 6              | Slave OCFA <sup>(1)</sup>   |                           |                           |                           |
| 7              | Slave OCFB <sup>(1)</sup>   |                           |                           |                           |

**Note 1:** Selected by Peripheral Pin Select (PPS).

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## REGISTER 10-4: CCPxCON2H: CCPx CONTROL 2 HIGH REGISTERS

|         |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R/W-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 |
| OENSYNC | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | OCAEN |
| bit 15  |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|        |        |     |         |         |                     |                     |                     |
|--------|--------|-----|---------|---------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0               | R/W-0               | R/W-0               |
| ICGSM1 | ICGSM0 | —   | AUXOUT1 | AUXOUT0 | ICS2 <sup>(1)</sup> | ICS1 <sup>(1)</sup> | ICS0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 7  |        |     |         |         |                     |                     | bit 0               |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15            **OENSYNC:** Output Enable Synchronization bit  
 1 = Update by output enable bits occurs on the next Time Base Reset or rollover  
 0 = Update by output enable bits occurs immediately
- bit 14-9        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 8            **OCAEN:** Output Enable/Steering Control bit  
 1 = OCx pin is controlled by the CCPx module and produces an output compare or PWM signal  
 0 = OCx pin is not controlled by the CCPx module; the pin is available to the port logic or another peripheral multiplexed on the pin
- bit 7-6        **ICGSM<1:0>:** Input Capture Gating Source Mode Control bits  
 11 = Reserved  
 10 = One-Shot mode: Falling edge from gating source disables future capture events (ICDIS = 1)  
 01 = One-Shot mode: Rising edge from gating source enables future capture events (ICDIS = 0)  
 00 = Level-Sensitive mode: A high level from gating source will enable future capture events; a low level will disable future capture events
- bit 5            **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4-3        **AUXOUT<1:0>:** Auxiliary Output Signal on Event Selection bits  
 11 = Input capture or output compare event; no signal in Timer mode  
 10 = Signal output is defined by module operating mode (see [Table 10-5](#))  
 01 = Time base rollover event (all modes)  
 00 = Disabled
- bit 2-0        **ICS<2:0>:** Input Capture Source Select bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
 111 = Slave CLC2 output  
 110 = Slave CLC1 output  
 101 = Master CLC2 output  
 100 = Master CLC1 output  
 011 = Slave Comparator 2 output  
 010 = Slave Comparator 1 output  
 001 = Master Comparator 1 output  
 000 = SCCP Input Capture x (ICx) pin (PPS)

**Note 1:** Common for both the Master and the Slave.

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## REGISTER 10-5: CCPxCON3H: CCPx CONTROL 3 HIGH REGISTERS

|        |        |        |        |     |     |     |       |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| OETRIG | OSCNT2 | OSCNT1 | OSCNT0 | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |        |     |         |         |         |         |
|-------|-----|--------|-----|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| —     | —   | POLACE | —   | PSSACE1 | PSSACE0 | PSSBDF1 | PSSBDF0 |
| bit 7 |     |        |     |         |         |         | bit 0   |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15            **OETRIG:** CCPx Dead-Time Select bit  
 1 = For Triggered mode (TRIGEN = 1): Module does not drive enabled output pins until triggered  
 0 = Normal output pin operation
- bit 14-12       **OSCNT<2:0>:** One-Shot Event Count bits  
 111 = Extends one-shot event by 7 time base periods (8 time base periods total)  
 110 = Extends one-shot event by 6 time base periods (7 time base periods total)  
 101 = Extends one-shot event by 5 time base periods (6 time base periods total)  
 100 = Extends one-shot event by 4 time base periods (5 time base periods total)  
 011 = Extends one-shot event by 3 time base periods (4 time base periods total)  
 010 = Extends one-shot event by 2 time base periods (3 time base periods total)  
 001 = Extends one-shot event by 1 time base period (2 time base periods total)  
 000 = Does not extend one-shot trigger event
- bit 11-6       **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5            **POLACE:** CCPx Output Pins, OCxA, OCxC and OCxE, Polarity Control bit  
 1 = Output pin polarity is active low  
 0 = Output pin polarity is active high
- bit 4            **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3-2        **PSSACE<1:0>:** PWMx Output Pins, OCxA, OCxC and OCxE, Shutdown State Control bits  
 11 = Pins are driven active when a shutdown event occurs  
 10 = Pins are driven inactive when a shutdown event occurs  
 0x = Pins are in high-impedance state when a shutdown event occurs
- bit 1-0        **PSSBDF<1:0>:** PWMx Output Pins, OCMxB, OCMxD, and OCMxF, Shutdown State Control bits  
 11 = Pins are driven active when a shutdown event occurs  
 10 = Pins are driven inactive when a shutdown event occurs  
 0x = Pins are in a high-impedance state when a shutdown event occurs

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## REGISTER 10-6: CCPxSTATL: CCPx STATUS REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |

|         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R-0     | W1-0  | W1-0  | R/C-0 | R/C-0 | R/C-0 | R/C-0 | R/C-0 |
| CCPTRIG | TRSET | TRCLR | ASEVT | SCEVT | ICDIS | ICOV  | ICBNE |
| bit 7   |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |

|                   |                         |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | C = Clearable bit       |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W1 = Write '1' Only bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set        | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15-8     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7       **CCPTRIG:** CCPx Trigger Status bit  
           1 = Timer has been triggered and is running  
           0 = Timer has not been triggered and is held in Reset
- bit 6       **TRSET:** CCPx Trigger Set Request bit  
           Writes '1' to this location to trigger the timer when TRIGEN = 1 (location always reads as '0').
- bit 5       **TRCLR:** CCPx Trigger Clear Request bit  
           Writes '1' to this location to cancel the timer trigger when TRIGEN = 1 (location always reads as '0').
- bit 4       **ASEVT:** CCPx Auto-Shutdown Event Status/Control bit  
           1 = A shutdown event is in progress; CCPx outputs are in the shutdown state  
           0 = CCPx outputs operate normally
- bit 3       **SCEVT:** Single Edge Compare Event Status bit  
           1 = A single edge compare event has occurred  
           0 = A single edge compare event has not occurred
- bit 2       **ICDIS:** Input Capture x Disable bit  
           1 = Event on Input Capture x pin (ICx) does not generate a capture event  
           0 = Event on Input Capture x pin will generate a capture event
- bit 1       **ICOV:** Input Capture x Buffer Overflow Status bit  
           1 = The Input Capture x FIFO buffer has overflowed  
           0 = The Input Capture x FIFO buffer has not overflowed
- bit 0       **ICBNE:** Input Capture x Buffer Status bit  
           1 = Input Capture x buffer has data available  
           0 = Input Capture x buffer is empty

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NOTES:



## 11.0 HIGH-SPEED ANALOG COMPARATOR WITH SLOPE COMPENSATION DAC

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**High-Speed Analog Comparator Module**” (DS70005280) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

- 2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to [Section 3.2 “Master Memory Organization”](#) in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.
- 3: The comparator and DAC are identical for both Master core and Slave core. The module is similar for both Master core and Slave core (where the x represents the number of the specific modules being addressed in Master or Slave).

The high-speed analog comparator module provides a method to monitor voltage, current and other critical signals in a power conversion application that may be too fast for the CPU and ADC to capture. There are a total of four comparator modules, one of which is controlled by the Master core and the remaining three by the Slave core. The analog comparator module can be used to implement Peak Current mode control, Critical Conduction mode (variable frequency) and Hysteretic Control mode. [Table 11-1](#) shows an overview of the comparator/DAC module.

**TABLE 11-1: COMPARATOR/DAC MODULE OVERVIEW**

|             | Number of Comparator Modules | Identical (Modules) |
|-------------|------------------------------|---------------------|
| Master Core | 1                            | Yes                 |
| Slave Core  | 3                            | Yes                 |

## 11.1 Overview

The high-speed analog comparator module is comprised of a high-speed comparator, Pulse Density Modulation (PDM) DAC and a slope compensation unit. The slope compensation unit provides a user-defined slope which can be used to alter the DAC output. This feature is useful in applications, such as Peak Current mode control, where slope compensation is required to maintain the stability of the power supply. The user simply specifies the direction and rate of change for the slope compensation and the output of the DAC is modified accordingly.

The DAC consists of a PDM unit, followed by a digitally controlled multiphase RC filter. The PDM unit uses a phase accumulator circuit to generate an output stream of pulses. The density of the pulse stream is proportional to the input data value, relative to the maximum value supported by the bit width of the accumulator. The output pulse density is representative of the desired output voltage. The pulse stream is filtered with an RC filter to yield an analog voltage. The output of the DAC is connected to the negative input of the comparator. The positive input of the comparator can be selected using a MUX from either of the input pins or the output of the PGAs. The comparator provides a high-speed operation with a typical delay of 15 ns.

The output of the comparator is processed by the pulse stretcher and the digital filter blocks, which prevent comparator response to unintended fast transients in the inputs. [Figure 11-1](#) shows a block diagram of the high-speed analog comparator module. The DAC module can be operated in one of three modes: Slope Generation mode, Hysteretic mode and Triangle Wave mode. Each of these modes can be used in a variety of power supply applications.

**Note:** The DACOUT pin can only be associated with a single DAC or PGA output at any given time. If more than one DACOEN bit is set, or the PGA Output Enable bit (PGA\_OEN) and the DACOEN bit are set, the DACOUT pin will be a combination of the signals.

**Note:** DAC input frequency needs to be 500 MHz.

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FIGURE 11-1: HIGH-SPEED ANALOG COMPARATOR MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



## 11.2 Features Overview

- Four Rail-to-Rail Analog Comparators
- Up to Five Selectable Input Sources per Comparator:
  - Three external inputs
  - Two internal inputs from PGA module
- Programmable Comparator Hysteresis
- Programmable Output Polarity
- Interrupt Generation Capability
- Dedicated Pulse Density Modulation DAC for each Analog Comparator:
  - PDM unit followed by a digitally controlled multimode multipole RC filter
- Multimode Multipole RC Output Filter:
  - Transition mode: Provides the fastest response
  - Fast mode: For tracking DAC slopes
  - Steady-State mode: Provides 12-bit resolution
- Slope Compensation along with each DAC:
  - Slope Generation mode
  - Hysteretic Control mode
  - Triangle Wave mode
- Functional Support for the High-Speed PWM module which Includes:
  - PWM duty cycle control
  - PWM period control
  - PWM Fault detect

## 11.3 DAC Control Registers

The DACCTRL1L and DACCTRL2H/L registers are common configuration registers for Master and Slave DAC modules. The Master and Slave DAC modules are controlled by separate sets of DACCTRL1/2 registers. The DACxCON, DACxDAT, SLPxCON and SLPxDAT registers specify the operation of individual modules. Note that x = 1 for the Master module and x = 1-3 for the Slave modules.

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## REGISTER 11-1: DACCTRL1L: DAC CONTROL 1 LOW REGISTER

|        |     |         |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| DACON  | —   | DACSIDL | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |         |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|                        |                        |                        |                        |     |                         |                         |                         |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | U-0 | R/W-0                   | R/W-0                   | R/W-0                   |
| CLKSEL1 <sup>(1)</sup> | CLKSEL0 <sup>(1)</sup> | CLKDIV1 <sup>(1)</sup> | CLKDIV0 <sup>(1)</sup> | —   | FCLKDIV2 <sup>(2)</sup> | FCLKDIV1 <sup>(2)</sup> | FCLKDIV0 <sup>(2)</sup> |
| bit 7                  |                        |                        |                        |     |                         |                         | bit 0                   |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared

- bit 15            **DACON:** Common DAC Module Enable bit  
                   1 = Enables DAC modules  
                   0 = Disables DAC modules and disables FSCM clocks to reduce power consumption; any pending Slope mode and/or underflow conditions are cleared
- bit 14            **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13            **DACSIDL:** DAC Stop in Idle Mode bit  
                   1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode  
                   0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12-8        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7-6         **CLKSEL<1:0>:** DAC Clock Source Select bits<sup>(1)</sup>  
                   11 = FPLLO  
                   10 = AFPLLO  
                   01 = FVCO/2  
                   00 = AFVCO/2
- bit 5-4         **CLKDIV<1:0>:** DAC Clock Divider bits (DAC should be operated at 500 MHz)<sup>(1)</sup>  
                   11 = Divide-by-4  
                   10 = Divide-by-3 (non-uniform duty cycle)  
                   01 = Divide-by-2  
                   00 = 1x
- bit 3            **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2-0         **FCLKDIV<2:0>:** Comparator Filter Clock Divider bits<sup>(2)</sup>  
                   111 = Divide-by-8  
                   110 = Divide-by-7  
                   101 = Divide-by-6  
                   100 = Divide-by-5  
                   011 = Divide-by-4  
                   010 = Divide-by-3  
                   001 = Divide-by-2  
                   000 = 1x

- Note 1:** These bits should only be changed when DACON = 0 to avoid unpredictable behavior.  
**Note 2:** The input clock to this divider is the selected clock input, CLKSEL<1:0>, and then divided by two.

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## REGISTER 11-2: DACCTRL2H: DAC CONTROL 2 HIGH REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |                            |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------------------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0                      | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | SSTIME<9:8> <sup>(1)</sup> |       |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8                      |       |

|                            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-1                      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-0 |
| SSTIME<7:0> <sup>(1)</sup> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7                      |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared

bit 15-10      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 9-0      **SSTIME<9:0>:** Time from Start of Transition Mode until Steady-State Filter is Enabled bits<sup>(1)</sup>

**Note 1:** The value for SSTIME<9:0> should be greater than the TMODTIME<9:0> value.

## REGISTER 11-3: DACCTRL2L: DAC CONTROL 2 LOW REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |                              |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0                        | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | TMODTIME<9:8> <sup>(1)</sup> |       |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8                        |       |

|                              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0                        | R/W-1 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 |
| TMODTIME<7:0> <sup>(1)</sup> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7                        |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared

bit 15-10      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 9-0      **TMODTIME<9:0>:** Transition Mode Duration bits<sup>(1)</sup>

**Note 1:** The value for TMODTIME<9:0> should be less than the SSTIME<9:0> value.

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## REGISTER 11-4: DACxCONH: DACx CONTROL HIGH REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |           |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0     | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | TMCB<9:8> |       |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8     |       |

|           |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0     | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| TMCB<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7     |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared

bit 15-10      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 9-0      **TMCB<9:0>:** DACx Leading-Edge Blanking bits

These register bits specify the blanking period for the comparator, following changes to the DAC output during Change-of-State (COS), for the input signal selected by the HCFSEL<3:0> bits in [Register 11-9](#).

## REGISTER 11-5: DACxCONL: DACx CONTROL LOW REGISTER

|        |                        |                        |     |     |       |        |        |
|--------|------------------------|------------------------|-----|-----|-------|--------|--------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| DACEN  | IRQM1 <sup>(1,2)</sup> | IRQM0 <sup>(1,2)</sup> | —   | —   | CBE   | DACOEN | FLTREN |
| bit 15 |                        |                        |     |     |       | bit 8  |        |

|         |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| CMPSTAT | CMPPOL | INSEL2 | INSEL1 | INSEL0 | HYSPOL | HYSSEL1 | HYSSEL0 |
| bit 7   |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0   |         |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared

bit 15      **DACEN:** Individual DACx Module Enable bit

1 = Enables DACx module

0 = Disables DACx module to reduce power consumption; any pending Slope mode and/or underflow conditions are cleared

bit 14-13      **IRQM<1:0>:** Interrupt Mode select bits<sup>(1,2)</sup>

11 = Generates an interrupt on either a rising or falling edge detect

10 = Generates an interrupt on a falling edge detect

01 = Generates an interrupt on a rising edge detect

00 = Interrupts are disabled

bit 12-11      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note 1:** Changing these bits during operation may generate a spurious interrupt.

**2:** The edge selection is a post-polarity selection via the CMPPOL bit.

## REGISTER 11-5: DACxCONL: DACx CONTROL LOW REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 10      **CBE:** Comparator Blank Enable bit  
1 = Enables the analog comparator output to be blanked (gated off) during the recovery transition following the completion of a slope operation  
0 = Disables the blanking signal to the analog comparator; therefore, the analog comparator output is always active
- bit 9      **DACOEN:** DACx Output Buffer Enable bit  
1 = DACx analog voltage is connected to the DACOUT pin  
0 = DACx analog voltage is not connected to the DACOUT pin
- bit 8      **FLTREN:** Comparator Digital Filter Enable bit  
1 = Digital filter is enabled  
0 = Digital filter is disabled
- bit 7      **CMPSTAT:** Comparator Status bits  
The current state of the comparator output including the CMPPOL selection.
- bit 6      **CMPPOL:** Comparator Output Polarity Control bit  
1 = Output is inverted  
0 = Output is non-inverted
- bit 5-3     **INSEL<2:0>:** Comparator Input Source Select bits  
Master  
111 = Reserved  
110 = Reserved  
101 = SPGA2 output  
100 = SPGA1 output  
011 = CMPxD input pin  
010 = SPGA3 output  
001 = CMPxB input pin  
000 = CMPxA input pin  
Slave  
111 = Reserved  
110 = Reserved  
101 = SPGA2 output  
100 = SPGA1 output  
011 = S1CMPxD input pin  
010 = SPGA3 output  
001 = S1CMPxB input pin  
000 = S1CMPxA input pin
- bit 2      **HYSPOL:** Comparator Hysteresis Polarity Select bit  
1 = Hysteresis is applied to the falling edge of the comparator output  
0 = Hysteresis is applied to the rising edge of the comparator output
- bit 1-0     **HYSSEL<1:0>:** Comparator Hysteresis Select bits  
11 = 45 mv hysteresis  
10 = 30 mv hysteresis  
01 = 15 mv hysteresis  
00 = No hysteresis is selected

**Note 1:** Changing these bits during operation may generate a spurious interrupt.

**2:** The edge selection is a post-polarity selection via the CMPPOL bit.

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## REGISTER 11-6: DACxDATH: DACx DATA HIGH REGISTER

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| DACDAT<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| DACDAT<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared

bit 15-0        **DACDAT<15:0>**: DACx Data bits  
This register specifies the high DACx data value.

## REGISTER 11-7: DACxDATL: DACx DATA LOW REGISTER

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| DACLOW<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| DACLOW<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared

bit 15-0        **DACLOW<15:0>**: DACx Low Data bits  
In Hysteretic mode, Slope Generator mode and Triangle mode, this register specifies the low data value and/or limit for the DACx module.



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## REGISTER 11-8: SLPxCONH: DACx SLOPE CONTROL HIGH REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |                    |                     |       |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|--------------------|---------------------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0              | R/W-0               | R/W-0 | U-0   |
| SLOPEN | —   | —   | —   | HME <sup>(1)</sup> | TWME <sup>(2)</sup> | PSE   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |                    |                     |       | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

- bit 15      **SLOPEN:** Slope Function Enable/On bit  
 1 = Enables slope function  
 0 = Disables slope function; slope accumulator is disabled to reduce power consumption
- bit 14-12    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11      **HME:** Hysteretic Mode Enable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
 1 = Enables Hysteretic mode for DACx  
 0 = Disables Hysteretic mode for DACx
- bit 10      **TWME:** Triangle Wave Mode Enable bit<sup>(2)</sup>  
 1 = Enables Triangle Wave mode for DACx  
 0 = Disables Triangle Wave mode for DACx
- bit 9        **PSE:** Positive Slope Mode Enable bit  
 1 = Slope mode is positive (increasing)  
 0 = Slope mode is negative (decreasing)
- bit 8-0     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note 1:** HME mode requires the user to disable the slope function (SLOPEN = 0).

**2:** TWME mode requires the user to enable the slope function (SLOPEN = 1).

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## REGISTER 11-9: SLPxCONL: DACx SLOPE CONTROL LOW REGISTER

|         |         |         |         |           |           |           |           |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     |
| HCFSEL3 | HCFSEL2 | HCFSEL1 | HCFSEL0 | SLPSTOPA3 | SLPSTOPA2 | SLPSTOPA1 | SLPSTOPA0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |           |           |           | bit 8     |

|           |           |           |           |          |          |          |          |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| SLPSTOPB3 | SLPSTOPB2 | SLPSTOPB1 | SLPSTOPB0 | SLPSTRT3 | SLPSTRT2 | SLPSTRT1 | SLPSTRT0 |
| bit 7     |           |           |           |          |          |          | bit 0    |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set0                      '0' = Bit is cleared

bit 15-12      **HCFSEL<3:0>**: Hysteretic Comparator Function Input Select bits

The selected input signal controls the switching between the DACx high limit (DACxDATH) and the DACx low limit (DACxDATL) as the data source for the PDM DAC. It modifies the polarity of the comparator, and the rising and falling edges initiate the start of the LEB counter (TMCB<9:0> bits in [Register 11-4](#)).

| Input Selection | Master  | Slave   |
|-----------------|---------|---------|
| 1111            | 1       | 1       |
| 1100            | 0       | PWM4H   |
| 1011            | 0       | PWM3H   |
| 1010            | 0       | PWM2H   |
| 1001            | 0       | PWM1H   |
| 1000            | S1PWM4H | S1PWM8H |
| 0111            | S1PWM3H | S1PWM7H |
| 0110            | S1PWM2H | S1PWM6H |
| 0101            | S1PWM1H | S1PWM5H |
| 0100            | PWM4H   | S1PWM4H |
| 0011            | PWM3H   | S1PWM3H |
| 0010            | PWM2H   | S1PWM2H |
| 0001            | PWM1H   | S1PWM1H |
| 0000            | 0       | 0       |

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## REGISTER 11-9: SLPxCONL: DACx SLOPE CONTROL LOW REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 11-8 **SLPSTOPA<3:0>**: Slope Stop A Signal Select bits

The selected Slope Stop A signal is logically OR'd with the selected Slope Stop B signal to terminate the slope function.

| Slope Stop A Signal Selection | Master                | Slave                 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1111                          | 1                     | 1                     |
| 1110                          | Slave PWM2 Trigger 2  | Master PWM8 Trigger 2 |
| 1101                          | Slave PWM1 Trigger 2  | Master PWM7 Trigger 2 |
| 1000                          | Master PWM4 Trigger 2 | Slave PWM8 Trigger 2  |
| 0111                          | Master PWM3 Trigger 2 | Slave PWM7 Trigger 2  |
| 0110                          | Master PWM2 Trigger 2 | Slave PWM6 Trigger 2  |
| 0101                          | Master PWM1 Trigger 2 | Slave PWM5 Trigger 2  |
| 0100                          | Master PWM4 Trigger 1 | Slave PWM4 Trigger 2  |
| 0011                          | Master PWM3 Trigger 1 | Slave PWM3 Trigger 2  |
| 0010                          | Master PWM2 Trigger 1 | Slave PWM2 Trigger 2  |
| 0001                          | Master PWM1 Trigger 1 | Slave PWM1 Trigger 2  |
| 0000                          | 0                     | 0                     |

bit 7-4 **SLPSTOPB<3:0>**: Slope Stop B Signal Select bits

The selected Slope Stop B signal is logically OR'd with the selected Slope Stop A signal to terminate the slope function.

| Slope Start B Signal Selection | Master     | Slave      |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------|
| 1111                           | 1          | 1          |
| 0100                           | S1CMP3 Out | CMP1 Out   |
| 0011                           | S1CMP2 Out | S1CMP3 Out |
| 0010                           | S1CMP1 Out | S1CMP2 Out |
| 0001                           | CMP1 Out   | S1CMP1 Out |
| 0000                           | 0          | 0          |

bit 3-0 **SLPSTRT<3:0>**: Slope Start Signal Select bits

| Slope Start Signal Selection | Master                | Slave                 |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1111                         | 1                     | 1                     |
| 1110                         | Slave PWM2 Trigger 1  | Master PWM2 Trigger 1 |
| 1101                         | Slave PWM1 Trigger 1  | Master PWM1 Trigger 1 |
| 1000                         | Master PWM4 Trigger 2 | Slave PWM8 Trigger 1  |
| 0111                         | Master PWM3 Trigger 2 | Slave PWM7 Trigger 1  |
| 0110                         | Master PWM2 Trigger 2 | Slave PWM6 Trigger 1  |
| 0101                         | Master PWM1 Trigger 2 | Slave PWM5 Trigger 1  |
| 0100                         | Master PWM4 Trigger 1 | Slave PWM4 Trigger 1  |
| 0011                         | Master PWM3 Trigger 1 | Slave PWM3 Trigger 1  |
| 0010                         | Master PWM2 Trigger 1 | Slave PWM2 Trigger 1  |
| 0001                         | Master PWM1 Trigger 1 | Slave PWM1 Trigger 1  |
| 0000                         | 0                     | 0                     |

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## REGISTER 11-10: SLPxDAT: DACx SLOPE DATA REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SLPDAT<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| SLPDAT<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

bit 15-0      **SLPDAT<15:0>**: Slope Ramp Rate Value bits  
The SLPDATx value is in 12.4 format.

**Note 1:** Register data is left justified.

## 12.0 QUADRATURE ENCODER INTERFACE (QEI) (MASTER/SLAVE)

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive resource. For more information, refer to the “**Quadrature Encoder Interface (QEI)**” (DS70000601) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

- 2: The QEI is identical for both Master core and Slave core (the x represents the number of the specific module being addressed in Master or Slave).
- 3: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 3.2 “Master Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The Quadrature Encoder Interface (QEI) module provides the interface to incremental encoders for obtaining mechanical position data. Quadrature Encoders, also known as incremental encoders or optical encoders, detect position and speed of rotating motion systems. Quadrature Encoders enable closed-loop control of motor control applications, such as Switched Reluctance (SR) and AC Induction Motors (ACIM).

A typical Quadrature Encoder includes a slotted wheel attached to the shaft of the motor and an emitter/detector module that senses the slots in the wheel.

Typically, three output channels, Phase A (QEAx), Phase B (QEBx) and Index (INDXx), provide information on the movement of the motor shaft, including distance and direction.

The two channels, Phase A (QEAx) and Phase B (QEBx), are typically 90 degrees out of phase with respect to each other. The Phase A and Phase B channels have a unique relationship. If Phase A leads Phase B, the direction of the motor is deemed positive or forward. If Phase A lags Phase B, the direction of the motor is deemed negative or reverse. The Index pulse occurs once per mechanical revolution and is used as a reference to indicate an absolute position. **Figure 12-1** illustrates the Quadrature Encoder Interface signals.

The Quadrature signals from the encoder can have four unique states ('01', '00', '10' and '11') that reflect the relationship between QEAx and QEBx. **Figure 12-1** illustrates these states for one count cycle. The order of the states get reversed when the direction of travel changes.

The Quadrature Decoder increments or decrements the 32-bit up/down Position x Counter (POSxCNTH/L) registers for each Change-of-State (COS). The counter increments when QEAx leads QEBx and decrements when QEBx leads QEAx. **Table 12-1** shows an overview of the QEI module.

**TABLE 12-1: QEI MODULE OVERVIEW**

|             | Number of QEI Modules | Identical (Modules) |
|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Master Core | 1                     | Yes                 |
| Slave Core  | 1                     | Yes                 |

**FIGURE 12-1: QUADRATURE ENCODER INTERFACE SIGNALS**



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Table 12-2 shows the truth table that describes how the Quadrature signals are decoded.

**TABLE 12-2: TRUTH TABLE FOR QUADRATURE ENCODER**

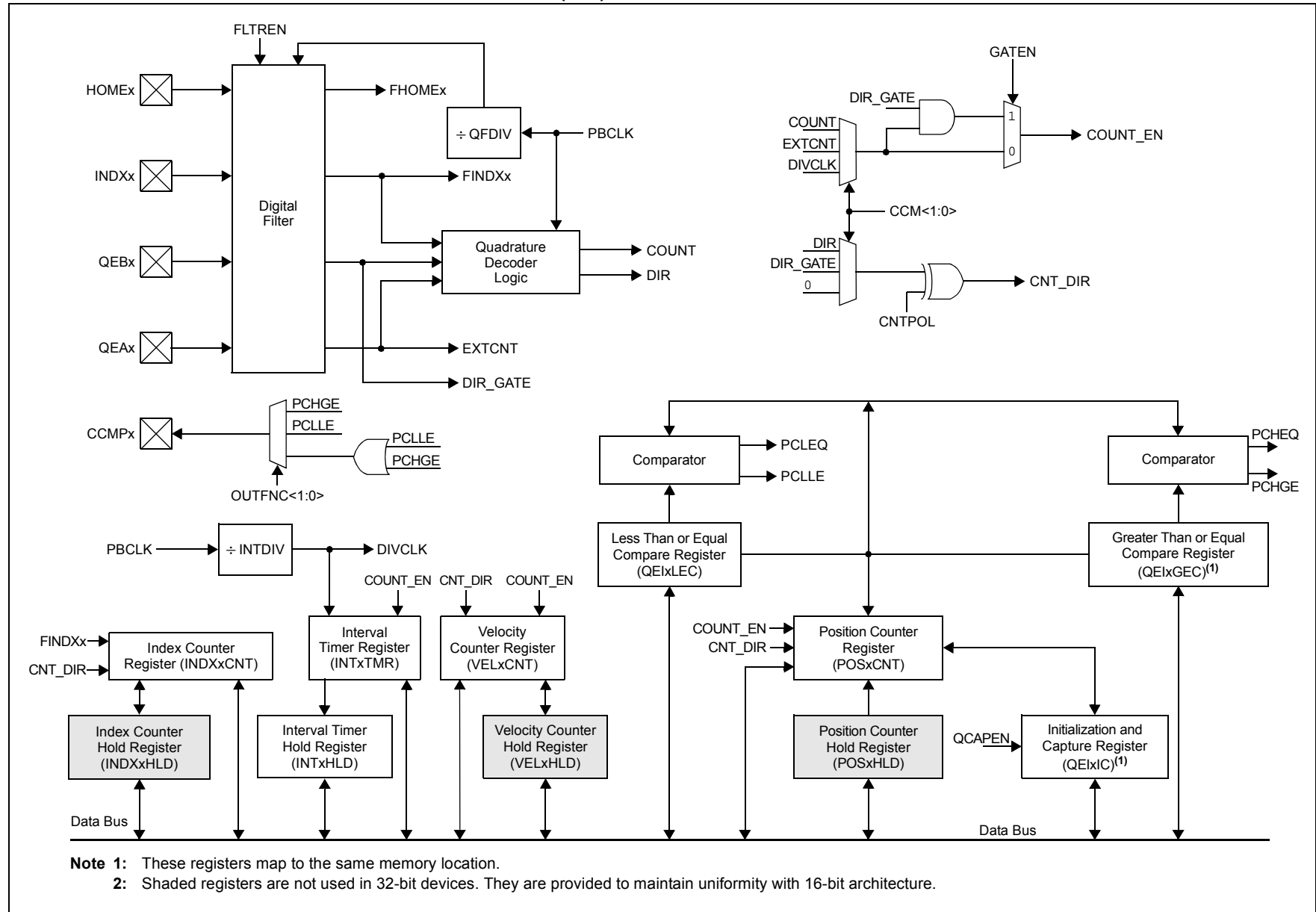
| Current Quadrature State |    | Previous Quadrature State |    | Action                       |
|--------------------------|----|---------------------------|----|------------------------------|
| QA                       | QB | QA                        | QB |                              |
| 1                        | 1  | 1                         | 1  | No count or direction change |
| 1                        | 1  | 1                         | 0  | Count up                     |
| 1                        | 1  | 0                         | 1  | Count down                   |
| 1                        | 1  | 0                         | 0  | Invalid state change; ignore |
| 1                        | 0  | 1                         | 1  | Count down                   |
| 1                        | 0  | 1                         | 0  | No count or direction change |
| 1                        | 0  | 0                         | 1  | Invalid state change; ignore |
| 1                        | 0  | 0                         | 0  | Count up                     |
| 0                        | 1  | 1                         | 1  | Count up                     |
| 0                        | 1  | 1                         | 0  | Invalid state change; ignore |
| 0                        | 1  | 0                         | 1  | No count or direction change |
| 0                        | 1  | 0                         | 0  | Count down                   |
| 0                        | 0  | 1                         | 1  | Invalid state change; ignore |
| 0                        | 0  | 1                         | 0  | Count down                   |
| 0                        | 0  | 0                         | 1  | Count up                     |
| 0                        | 0  | 0                         | 0  | No count or direction change |

Figure 12-2 illustrates the simplified block diagram of the QEI module. The QEI module consists of decoder logic to interpret the Phase A (QEAx) and Phase B (QEBx) signals, and an up/down counter to accumulate the count. The counter pulses are generated when the Quadrature state changes. The count direction information must be maintained in a register until a direction change is detected. The module also includes digital noise filters, which condition the input signal.

The QEI module consists of the following major features:

- Four Input Pins: Two Phase Signals, an Index Pulse and a Home Pulse
- Programmable Digital Noise Filters on Inputs
- Quadrature Decoder providing Counter Pulses and Count Direction
- Count Direction Status
- 4x Count Resolution
- Index (INDXx) Pulse to Reset the Position Counter
- General Purpose 32-Bit Timer/Counter mode
- Interrupts generated by QEI or Counter Events
- 32-Bit Velocity Counter
- 32-Bit Position Counter
- 32-Bit Index Pulse Counter
- 32-Bit Interval Timer
- 32-Bit Position Initialization/Capture Register
- 32-Bit Compare Less Than and Greater Than Registers
- External Up/Down Count mode
- External Gated Count mode
- External Gated Timer mode
- Interval Timer mode

**FIGURE 12-2: QUADRATURE ENCODER INTERFACE (QEI) MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM**



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## 12.1 QEI Control and Status Registers

### REGISTER 12-1: QEIXCON: QEIX CONTROL REGISTER

|        |     |         |        |        |        |       |       |
|--------|-----|---------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| QEIEN  | —   | QEISIDL | PIMOD2 | PIMOD1 | PIMOD0 | IMV1  | IMV0  |
| bit 15 |     |         |        |        |        |       | bit 8 |

|       |         |         |         |        |       |       |       |
|-------|---------|---------|---------|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | INTDIV2 | INTDIV1 | INTDIV0 | CNTPOL | GATEN | CCM1  | CCM0  |
| bit 7 |         |         |         |        |       |       | bit 0 |

#### Legend:

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **QEIEN:** Quadrature Encoder Interface Module Enable bit  
 1 = QEI module is enabled  
 0 = QEI module is disabled; however, SFRs can be read or written
- bit 14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13      **QEISIDL:** QEI Stop in Idle Mode bit  
 1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode  
 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12-10   **PIMOD<2:0>:** Position Counter Initialization Mode Select bits  
 111 = Modulo Count mode for position counter and every Index event resets the position counter  
 110 = Modulo Count mode for position counter  
 101 = Resets the position counter when the position counter equals the QEIXGEC register  
 100 = Second Index event after Home event initializes the position counter with the contents of the QEIXIC register  
 011 = First Index event after Home event initializes the position counter with the contents of the QEIXIC register  
 010 = Next Index input event initializes the position counter with the contents of the QEIXIC register  
 001 = Every Index input event resets the position counter  
 000 = Index input event does not affect the position counter
- bit 9-8     **IMV<1:0>:** Index Match Value bits  
 11 = Index match occurs when QEBx = 1 and QEAx = 1  
 10 = Index match occurs when QEBx = 1 and QEAx = 0  
 01 = Index match occurs when QEBx = 0 and QEAx = 1  
 00 = Index match occurs when QEBx = 0 and QEAx = 0
- bit 7       **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 6-4     **INTDIV<2:0>:** Timer Input Clock Prescale Select bits (interval timer, main timer (position counter), velocity counter and Index counter internal clock divider select)  
 111 = 1:128 prescale value  
 110 = 1:64 prescale value  
 101 = 1:32 prescale value  
 100 = 1:16 prescale value  
 011 = 1:8 prescale value  
 010 = 1:4 prescale value  
 001 = 1:2 prescale value  
 000 = 1:1 prescale value
- bit 3       **CNTPOL:** Position, Velocity and Index Counter/Timer Direction Select bit  
 1 = Counter direction is negative unless modified by an external up/down signal  
 0 = Counter direction is positive unless modified by an external up/down signal



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## REGISTER 12-1: QEIXCON: QEIX CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 2       **GATEN:** External Count Gate Enable bit  
             1 = External gate signal controls the position counter/timer operation  
             0 = External gate signal does not affect the position counter/timer operation
- bit 1-0     **CCM<1:0>:** Counter Control Mode Selection bits  
             11 = Internal timer with External Gate mode  
             10 = External Clock count with External Gate mode  
             01 = External Clock count with External Up/Down mode  
             00 = Quadrature Encoder mode

## REGISTER 12-2: QEIXIOCL: QEIX I/O CONTROL LOW REGISTER

|        |        |        |        |        |         |         |       |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0 |
| QCAPEN | FLTREN | QFDIV2 | QFDIV1 | QFDIV0 | OUTFNC1 | OUTFNC0 | SWPAB |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |         |         | bit 8 |

|        |        |        |        |      |       |     |       |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|-----|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R-x  | R-x   | R-x | R-x   |
| HOMPOL | IDXPOL | QEBPOL | QEAPOL | HOME | INDEX | QEB | QEA   |
| bit 7  |        |        |        |      |       |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15       **QCAPEN:** QEIX Position Counter Input Capture by Index Event Enable bit  
             1 = Index match event (positive edge) triggers a position capture event  
             0 = Index match event (positive edge) does not trigger a position capture event
- bit 14       **FLTREN:** QEAX/QEBX/INDXx/HOMEx Digital Filter Enable bit  
             1 = Input pin digital filter is enabled  
             0 = Input pin digital filter is disabled (bypassed)
- bit 13-11    **QFDIV<2:0>:** QEAX/QEBX/INDXx/HOMEx Digital Input Filter Clock Divide Select bits  
             111 = 1:128 clock divide  
             110 = 1:64 clock divide  
             101 = 1:32 clock divide  
             100 = 1:16 clock divide  
             011 = 1:8 clock divide  
             010 = 1:4 clock divide  
             001 = 1:2 clock divide  
             000 = 1:1 clock divide
- bit 10-9     **OUTFNC<1:0>:** QEIX Module Output Function Mode Select bits  
             11 = The CNTCMPx pin goes high when POSxCNT ≤ QEIXLEC or POSxCNT ≥ QEIXGEC  
             10 = The CNTCMPx pin goes high when POSxCNT ≤ QEIXLEC  
             01 = The CNTCMPx pin goes high when POSxCNT ≥ QEIXGEC  
             00 = Output is disabled
- bit 8        **SWPAB:** Swap QEAX and QEBX Inputs bit  
             1 = QEAX and QEBX are swapped prior to Quadrature Decoder logic  
             0 = QEAX and QEBX are not swapped
- bit 7        **HOMPOL:** HOMEx Input Polarity Select bit  
             1 = Input is inverted  
             0 = Input is not inverted

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## REGISTER 12-2: QEIXIOCL: QEIX I/O CONTROL LOW REGISTER (CONTINUED)

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| bit 6 | <b>IDXPOL:</b> INDXx Input Polarity Select bit<br>1 = Input is inverted<br>0 = Input is not inverted   |
| bit 5 | <b>QEBPOL:</b> QEBx Input Polarity Select bit<br>1 = Input is inverted<br>0 = Input is not inverted  |
| bit 4 | <b>QEAPOL:</b> QEAx Input Polarity Select bit<br>1 = Input is inverted<br>0 = Input is not inverted  |
| bit 3 | <b>HOME:</b> Status of HOMEx Input Pin after Polarity Control bit (read-only)<br>1 = Pin is at logic '1' if the HOMPOL bit is set to '0'; pin is at logic '0' if the HOMPOL bit is set to '1'<br>0 = Pin is at logic '0' if the HOMPOL bit is set to '0'; pin is at logic '1' if the HOMPOL bit is set to '1'  |
| bit 2 | <b>INDEX:</b> Status of INDXx Input Pin After Polarity Control bit (read-only)<br>1 = Pin is at logic '1' if the IDXPOL bit is set to '0'; pin is at logic '0' if the IDXPOL bit is set to '1'<br>0 = Pin is at logic '0' if the IDXPOL bit is set to '0'; pin is at logic '1' if the IDXPOL bit is set to '1'   |
| bit 1 | <b>QEB:</b> Status of QEBx Input Pin After Polarity Control and SWPAB Pin Swapping bit (read-only)<br>1 = Physical pin, QEBx, is at logic '1' if the QEBPOL bit is set to '0' and the SWPAB bit is set to '0';<br>physical pin, QEBx, is at logic '0' if the QEBPOL bit is set to '1' and the SWPAB bit is set to '0';<br>physical pin, QEAx, is at logic '1' if the QEBPOL bit is set to '0' and the SWPAB bit is set to '1';<br>physical pin, QEAx, is at logic '0' if the QEBPOL bit is set to '1' and the SWPAB bit is set to '1'<br>0 = Physical pin, QEBx, is at logic '0' if the QEBPOL bit is set to '0' and the SWPAB bit is set to '0';<br>physical pin, QEBx, is at logic '1' if the QEBPOL bit is set to '1' and the SWPAB bit is set to '0';<br>physical pin, QEAx, is at logic '0' if the QEBPOL bit is set to '0' and the SWPAB bit is set to '1';<br>physical pin, QEAx, is at logic '1' if the QEBPOL bit is set to '1' and the SWPAB bit is set to '1' |
| bit 0 | <b>QEA:</b> Status of QEAx Input Pin After Polarity Control and SWPAB Pin Swapping bit (read-only)<br>1 = Physical pin, QEAx, is at logic '1' if the QEAPOL bit is set to '0' and the SWPAB bit is set to '0';<br>physical pin, QEAx, is at logic '0' if the QEAPOL bit is set to '1' and the SWPAB bit is set to '0';<br>physical pin, QEBx, is at logic '1' if the QEAPOL bit is set to '0' and the SWPAB bit is set to '1';<br>physical pin, QEBx, is at logic '0' if the QEAPOL bit is set to '1' and the SWPAB bit is set to '1'<br>0 = Physical pin, QEAx, is at logic '0' if the QEAPOL bit is set to '0' and the SWPAB bit is set to '0';<br>physical pin, QEAx, is at logic '1' if the QEAPOL bit is set to '1' and the SWPAB bit is set to '0';<br>physical pin, QEBx, is at logic '0' if the QEAPOL bit is set to '0' and the SWPAB bit is set to '1'   |

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## REGISTER 12-3: QEIxIOCH: QEIx I/O CONTROL HIGH REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | HCAPEN |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0  |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-1 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 0 **HCAPEN:** Position Counter Input Capture by Home Event Enable bit

1 = HOME<sub>x</sub> input event (positive edge) triggers a position capture event

0 = HOME<sub>x</sub> input event (positive edge) does not trigger a position capture event

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## REGISTER 12-4: QEIxSTAT: QEIx STATUS REGISTER

|        |     |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|--------|-----|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| U-0    | U-0 | HS/R/C-0 | R/W-0    | HS/R/C-0 | R/W-0    | HS/R/C-0 | R/W-0    |
| —      | —   | PCHEQIRQ | PCHEQIEN | PCLEQIRQ | PCLEQIEN | POSOVIRQ | POSOVIEN |
| bit 15 |     |          |          |          |          | bit 8    |          |

|                       |       |          |          |          |        |          |        |
|-----------------------|-------|----------|----------|----------|--------|----------|--------|
| HS/R/C-0              | R/W-0 | HS/R/C-0 | R/W-0    | HS/R/C-0 | R/W-0  | HS/R/C-0 | R/W-0  |
| PCIIRQ <sup>(1)</sup> | PCIEN | VELOVIRQ | VELOVIEN | HOMIRQ   | HOMIEN | IDXIRQ   | IDXIEN |
| bit 7                 |       |          |          |          |        | bit 0    |        |

|                   |                   |  |
|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | C = Clearable bit | HS = Hardware Settable bit                   |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit  | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set  | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13      **PCHEQIRQ:** Position Counter Greater Than Compare Status bit  
                  1 = POSxCNT ≥ QEIxGEC  
                  0 = POSxCNT < QEIxGEC
- bit 12      **PCHEQIEN:** Position Counter Greater Than Compare Interrupt Enable bit  
                  1 = Interrupt is enabled  
                  0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 11      **PCLEQIRQ:** Position Counter Less Than Compare Status bit  
                  1 = POSxCNT ≤ QEIxLEC  
                  0 = POSxCNT > QEIxLEC
- bit 10      **PCLEQIEN:** Position Counter Less Than Compare Interrupt Enable bit  
                  1 = Interrupt is enabled  
                  0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 9      **POSOVIRQ:** Position Counter Overflow Status bit  
                  1 = Overflow has occurred  
                  0 = No overflow has occurred
- bit 8      **POSOVIEN:** Position Counter Overflow Interrupt Enable bit  
                  1 = Interrupt is enabled  
                  0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 7      **PCIIRQ:** Position Counter (Homing) Initialization Process Complete Status bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
                  1 = POSxCNT was reinitialized  
                  0 = POSxCNT was not reinitialized
- bit 6      **PCIEN:** Position Counter (Homing) Initialization Process Complete Interrupt Enable bit  
                  1 = Interrupt is enabled  
                  0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 5      **VELOVIRQ:** Velocity Counter Overflow Status bit  
                  1 = Overflow has occurred  
                  0 = No overflow has occurred
- bit 4      **VELOVIEN:** Velocity Counter Overflow Interrupt Enable bit  
                  1 = Interrupt is enabled  
                  0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 3      **HOMIRQ:** Status Flag for Home Event Status bit  
                  1 = Home event has occurred  
                  0 = No Home event has occurred

**Note 1:** This status bit is only applicable to PIMOD<2:0> modes, '011' and '100'.

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## REGISTER 12-4: QEIxSTAT: QEIx STATUS REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 2      **HOMIEN:** Home Input Event Interrupt Enable bit  
           1 = Interrupt is enabled  
           0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 1      **IDXIRQ:** Status Flag for Index Event Status bit  
           1 = Index event has occurred  
           0 = No Index event has occurred
- bit 0      **IDXIEN:** Index Input Event Interrupt Enable bit  
           1 = Interrupt is enabled  
           0 = Interrupt is disabled

**Note 1:** This status bit is only applicable to PIMOD<2:0> modes, '011' and '100'.

## REGISTER 12-5: POSxCNTL: POSITION x COUNTER REGISTER LOW

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| POSCNT<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| POSCNT<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

**Legend:**

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15-0      **POSCNT<15:0>:** Position Counter Value bits

## REGISTER 12-6: POSxCNTH: POSITION x COUNTER REGISTER HIGH

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| POSCNT<31:24> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15        |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| POSCNT<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

**Legend:**

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15-0      **POSCNT<31:16>:** Position Counter Value bits

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## REGISTER 12-7: POSxHLDL: POSITION x COUNTER HOLD REGISTER LOW

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| POSHLD<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| POSHLD<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **POSHLD<15:0>**: Position Counter Hold for Reading/Writing Position x Counter Register (POSxCNT) bits

## REGISTER 12-8: POSxHLDH: POSITION x COUNTER HOLD REGISTER HIGH

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| POSHLD<31:24> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15        |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| POSHLD<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **POSHLD<31:16>**: Position Counter Hold for Reading/Writing Position x Counter Register (POSxCNT) bits

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## REGISTER 12-9: VELxCNTL: VELOCITY x COUNTER REGISTER LOW

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| VELCNT<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| VELCNT<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **VELCNT<15:0>**: Velocity Counter Value bits

## REGISTER 12-10: VELxCNTH: VELOCITY x COUNTER REGISTER HIGH

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| VELCNT<31:24> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15        |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| VELCNT<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **VELCNT<31:16>**: Velocity Counter Value bits

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## REGISTER 12-11: VELxHLDL: VELOCITY x COUNTER HOLD REGISTER LOW

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| VELHLD<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| VELHLD<7:0>  |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7        |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **VELHLD<15:0>**: Velocity Counter Hold Value bits

## REGISTER 12-12: VELxHLDH: VELOCITY x COUNTER HOLD REGISTER HIGH

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| VELHLD<31:24> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15        |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| VELHLD<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **VELHLD<31:16>**: Velocity Counter Hold Value bits



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## REGISTER 12-13: INTxTMRL: INTERVAL x TIMER REGISTER LOW

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| INTTMR<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 8        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| INTTMR<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 0       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0     **INTTMR<15:0>**: Interval Timer Value bits

## REGISTER 12-14: INTxTMRH: INTERVAL x TIMER REGISTER HIGH

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| INTTMR<31:24> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 8         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| INTTMR<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 0         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0     **INTTMR<31:16>**: Interval Timer Value bits

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 12-15: INTXxHLDL: INDEX x COUNTER HOLD REGISTER LOW

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| INTHLD<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| INTHLD<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **INTXHLD<15:0>**: Hold for Reading/Writing Interval Timer Value Register (INDXCNT) bits

## REGISTER 12-16: INTXxHLDH: INDEX x COUNTER HOLD REGISTER HIGH

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| INTHLD<31:24> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15        |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| INTHLD<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **INTHLD<31:16>**: Hold for Reading/Writing Interval Timer Value Register (INDXCNT) bits

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 12-17: INDXxCNTL: INDEX x COUNTER REGISTER LOW

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| INDXCNT<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15        |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| INDXCNT<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7        |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **INDXCNT<15:0>**: Index Counter Value bits

## REGISTER 12-18: INDXxCNTH: INDEX x COUNTER REGISTER HIGH

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| INDXCNT<31:24> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15         |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| INDXCNT<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7          |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **INDXCNT<31:16>**: Index Counter Value bits

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 12-19: INDXxHLDL: INDEX x COUNTER HOLD REGISTER LOW

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| INDXHLD<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15        |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| INDXHLD<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7        |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **INDXHLD<15:0>**: Hold for Reading/Writing Index x Counter Register (INDXCNT) bits

## REGISTER 12-20: INDXxHLDH: INDEX x COUNTER HOLD REGISTER HIGH

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| INDXHLD<31:24> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15         |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0          | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| INDXHLD<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7          |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **INDXHLD<31:16>**: Hold for Reading/Writing Index x Counter Register (INDXCNT) bits

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 12-21: QEIxGECL: QEIx GREATER THAN OR EQUAL COMPARE REGISTER LOW

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| QEIGEC<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| QEIGEC<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7       |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **QEIGEC<15:0>**: QEIx Greater Than or Equal Compare bits

## REGISTER 12-22: QEIxGECH: QEIx GREATER THAN OR EQUAL COMPARE REGISTER HIGH

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| QEIGEC<31:24> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15        |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|               |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| QEIGEC<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7         |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **QEIGEC<31:16>**: QEIx Greater Than or Equal Compare bits

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 12-23: QEIxLECL: QEIx LESS THAN OR EQUAL COMPARE REGISTER LOW

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| QEIIC<31:24> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15       |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|              |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0        | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| QEIIC<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7        |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0            **QEIIC<31:16>**: QEIx Less Than or Equal Compare bits

## REGISTER 12-24: QEIxLECH: QEIx LESS THAN OR EQUAL COMPARE REGISTER HIGH

|             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| QEIIC<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| QEIIC<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0            **QEIIC<15:0>**: QEIx Less Than or Equal Compare bits

## 13.0 UNIVERSAL ASYNCHRONOUS RECEIVER TRANSMITTER (UART)

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**Multiprotocol Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (UART) Module**” (DS70005288) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

**2:** The UART is identical for both Master core and Slave core. The x is common for both Master core and Slave core (where the x represents the number of the specific module being addressed). The number of UART modules available on the Master core and Slave core is different and they are located in different SFR locations.

**3:** All associated register names are the same on the Master core and the Slave core. The Slave code will be developed in a separate project in MPLAB® X IDE with the device selection, dsPIC33CH128MP508**S1**, where the **S1** indicates the Slave device. The Master UART is UART1 and UART2, and the Slave UART is UART1.

The Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (UART) is a flexible serial communication peripheral used to interface dsPIC® microcontrollers with other equipment, including computers and peripherals. The UART is a full-duplex, asynchronous communication channel that can be used to implement protocols, such as RS-232 and RS-485. The UART also supports the following hardware extensions:

- LIN/J2602
- IrDA®
- Direct Matrix Architecture (DMX)
- Smart Card

The primary features of the UART are:

- Full or Half-Duplex Operation
- Up to 8-Deep TX and RX First In, First Out (FIFO) Buffers
- 8-Bit or 9-Bit Data Width
- Configurable Stop Bit Length
- Flow Control
- Auto-Baud Calibration
- Parity, Framing and Buffer Overrun Error Detection
- Address Detect
- Break Transmission
- Transmit and Receive Polarity Control
- Manchester Encoder/Decoder
- Operation in Sleep mode
- Wake from Sleep on Sync Break Received Interrupt

Table 13-1 shows an overview of the module.

**TABLE 13-1: UART MODULE OVERVIEW**

|             | Number of UART Modules | Identical (Modules) |
|-------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| Master Core | 2                      | Yes                 |
| Slave Core  | 1                      | Yes                 |

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 13.1 Architectural Overview

The UART transfers bytes of data, to and from device pins, using First-In First-Out (FIFO) buffers up to eight bytes deep. The status of the buffers and data is made available to user software through Special Function

Registers (SFRs). The UART implements multiple interrupt channels for handling transmit, receive and error events. A simplified block diagram of the UART is shown in [Figure 13-1](#).

**FIGURE 13-1: SIMPLIFIED UARTx BLOCK DIAGRAM**





## 13.2 Character Frame

A typical UART character frame is shown in [Figure 13-2](#). The Idle state is high with a 'Start' condition indicated by a falling edge. The Start bit is followed by the number of data, parity/address detect and Stop bits defined by the MOD<3:0> (UxMODE<3:0>) bits selected.

**FIGURE 13-2: UART CHARACTER FRAME**



## 13.3 Data Buffers

Both transmit and receive functions use buffers to store data shifted to/from the pins. These buffers are FIFOs and are accessed by reading the SFRs, UxTXREG and UxRXREG, respectively. Each data buffer has multiple flags associated with its operation to allow software to read the status. Interrupts can also be configured based on the space available in the buffers. The transmit and receive buffers can be cleared and their pointers reset using the associated TX/RX Buffer Empty Status bits, UTXBE (UxSTAH<5>) and URXBE (UxSTAH<1>).

## 13.4 Protocol Extensions

The UART provides hardware support for LIN/J2602, IrDA<sup>®</sup>, DMX and smart card protocol extensions to reduce software overhead. A protocol extension is enabled by writing a value to the MOD<3:0> (UxMODE<3:0>) selection bits and further configured using the UARTx Timing Parameter registers, UxP1 ([Register 13-9](#)), UxP2 ([Register 13-10](#)), UxP3 ([Register 13-11](#)) and UxP3H ([Register 13-12](#)). Details regarding operation and usage are discussed in their respective chapters. Not all protocols are available on all devices.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 13.5 UART Control/Status Registers

**REGISTER 13-1: UxMODE: UARTx CONFIGURATION REGISTER**

|        |     |       |       |        |     |        |                         |
|--------|-----|-------|-------|--------|-----|--------|-------------------------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0  | HC/R/W-0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| UARTEN | —   | USIDL | WAKE  | RXBIMD | —   | BRKOVr | UTXBRK                  |
| bit 15 |     |       |       |        |     |        | bit 8                   |

|       |          |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | HC/R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| BRGH  | ABAUD    | UTXEN | URXEN | MOD3  | MOD2  | MOD1  | MOD0  |
| bit 7 |          |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | HC = Hardware Clearable bit        |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **UARTEN:** UART Enable bit  
1 = UART is ready to transmit and receive  
0 = UART state machine, FIFO Buffer Pointers and counters are reset; registers are readable and writable
- bit 14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13      **USIDL:** UART Stop in Idle Mode bit  
1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode  
0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12      **WAKE:** Wake-up Enable bit  
1 = Module will continue to sample the RX pin – interrupt generated on falling edge, bit cleared in hardware on following rising edge; if ABAUD is set, Auto-Baud Detection (ABD) will begin immediately  
0 = RX pin is not monitored nor rising edge detected
- bit 11      **RXBIMD:** Receive Break Interrupt Mode bit  
1 = RXBKIF flag when a minimum of 23 (DMX)/11 (asynchronous or LIN/J2602) low bit periods are detected  
0 = RXBKIF flag when the Break makes a low-to-high transition after being low for at least 23/11 bit periods
- bit 10      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 9        **BRKOVr:** Send Break Software Override bit  
Overrides the TX Data Line:  
1 = Makes the TX line active (Output 0 when UTXINV = 0, Output 1 when UTXINV = 1)  
0 = TX line is driven by the shifter
- bit 8        **UTXBRK:** UART Transmit Break bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = Sends Sync Break on next transmission; cleared by hardware upon completion  
0 = Sync Break transmission is disabled or has completed
- bit 7        **BRGH:** High Baud Rate Select bit  
1 = High Speed: Baud rate is baudclk/4  
0 = Low Speed: Baud rate is baudclk/16
- bit 6        **ABAUD:** Auto-Baud Detect Enable bit (read-only when MOD<3:0> = 1xxx)  
1 = Enables baud rate measurement on the next character – requires reception of a Sync field (55h); cleared in hardware upon completion  
0 = Baud rate measurement is disabled or has completed

**Note 1:** R/HS/HC in DMX and LIN mode.  
**2:** These modes are not available on all devices.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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## REGISTER 13-1: UxMODE: UARTx CONFIGURATION REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 5        **UTXEN:** UART Transmit Enable bit  
            1 = Transmit enabled – except during Auto-Baud Detection  
            0 = Transmit disabled – all transmit counters, pointers and state machines are reset; TX buffer is not flushed, status bits are not reset
- bit 4        **URXEN:** UART Receive Enable bit  
            1 = Receive enabled – except during Auto-Baud Detection  
            0 = Receive disabled – all receive counters, pointers and state machines are reset; RX buffer is not flushed, status bits are not reset
- bit 3-0      **MOD<3:0>:** UART Mode bits  
            Other = Reserved  
            1111 = Smart card<sup>(2)</sup>  
            1110 = IrDA<sup>®(2)</sup>  
            1101 = Reserved  
            1100 = LIN Master/Slave  
            1011 = LIN Slave only  
            1010 = DMX<sup>(2)</sup>  
            1001 = Reserved  
            1000 = Reserved  
            0111 = Reserved  
            0110 = Reserved  
            0101 = Reserved  
            0100 = Asynchronous 9-bit UART with address detect, ninth bit = 1 signals address  
            0011 = Asynchronous 8-bit UART without address detect, ninth bit is used as an even parity bit  
            0010 = Asynchronous 8-bit UART without address detect, ninth bit is used as an odd parity bit  
            0001 = Asynchronous 7-bit UART  
            0000 = Asynchronous 8-bit UART

- Note 1:** R/HS/HC in DMX and LIN mode.  
**2:** These modes are not available on all devices.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 13-2: UxMODEH: UARTx CONFIGURATION REGISTER HIGH

|        |        |     |     |         |          |          |          |
|--------|--------|-----|-----|---------|----------|----------|----------|
| R/W-0  | R-0    | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| SLPEN  | ACTIVE | —   | —   | BCLKMOD | BCLKSEL1 | BCLKSEL0 | HALFDPLX |
| bit 15 |        |     |     | bit 8   |          |          |          |

|        |        |        |        |       |        |       |       |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| RUNOVF | URXINV | STSEL1 | STSEL0 | C0EN  | UTXINV | FLO1  | FLO0  |
| bit 7  |        |        |        | bit 0 |        |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15            **SLPEN:** Run During Sleep Enable bit  
 1 = UART BRG clock runs during Sleep  
 0 = UART BRG clock is turned off during Sleep
- bit 14            **ACTIVE:** UART Running Status bit  
 1 = UART clock request is active (user can not update the UxMODE/UxMODEH registers)  
 0 = UART clock request is not active (user can update the UxMODE/UxMODEH registers)
- bit 13-12        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11            **BCLKMOD:** Baud Clock Generation Mode Select bit  
 1 = Uses fractional Baud Rate Generation  
 0 = Uses legacy divide-by-x counter for baud clock generation (x = 4 or 16 depending on the BRGH bit)
- bit 10-9         **BCLKSEL<1:0>:** Baud Clock Source Selection bits  
 11 = Reserved  
 10 = FOSC  
 01 = Reserved  
 00 = FOSC/2 (Fp)
- bit 8            **HALFDPLX:** UART Half-Duplex Selection Mode bit  
 1 = Half-Duplex mode: UxTX is driven as an output when transmitting and tri-stated when TX is Idle  
 0 = Full-Duplex mode: UxTX is driven as an output at all times when both UxRTEN and UxTXEN are set
- bit 7            **RUNOVF:** Run During Overflow Condition Mode bit  
 1 = When an Overflow Error (OERR) condition is detected, the RX shifter continues to run so as to remain synchronized with incoming RX data; data is not transferred to UxRXREG when it is full (i.e., no UxRXREG data is overwritten)  
 0 = When an Overflow Error (OERR) condition is detected, the RX shifter stops accepting new data (Legacy mode)
- bit 6            **URXINV:** UART Receive Polarity bit  
 1 = Inverts RX polarity; Idle state is low  
 0 = Input is not inverted; Idle state is high
- bit 5-4         **STSEL<1:0>:** Number of Stop Bits Selection bits  
 11 = 2 Stop bits sent, 1 checked at receive  
 10 = 2 Stop bits sent, 2 checked at receive  
 01 = 1.5 Stop bits sent, 1.5 checked at receive  
 00 = 1 Stop bit sent, 1 checked at receive
- bit 3            **C0EN:** Enable Legacy Checksum (C0) Transmit and Receive bit  
 1 = Checksum Mode 1 (enhanced LIN checksum in LIN mode; add all TX/RX words in all other modes)  
 0 = Checksum Mode 0 (legacy LIN checksum in LIN mode; not used in all other modes)

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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## REGISTER 13-2: UxMODEH: UARTx CONFIGURATION REGISTER HIGH (CONTINUED)

- bit 2            **UTXINV:** UART Transmit Polarity bit  
1 = Inverts TX polarity; TX is low in Idle state  
0 = Output data is not inverted; TX output is high in Idle state
- bit 1-0        **FLO<1:0>:** Flow Control Enable bits (only valid when MOD<3:0> = 0xxxx)  
11 = Reserved  
10 =  $\overline{\text{RTS}}$ - $\overline{\text{DSR}}$  (for TX side)/ $\overline{\text{CTS}}$ -DTR (for RX side) hardware flow control  
01 = XON/XOFF software flow control  
00 = Flow control off

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## REGISTER 13-3: UxSTA: UARTx STATUS REGISTER

|        |       |        |       |       |        |       |       |
|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| TXMTIE | PERIE | ABDOVE | CERIE | FERIE | RXBKIE | OERIE | TXCIE |
| bit 15 |       |        |       |       |        | bit 8 |       |

|       |      |          |          |      |          |          |          |
|-------|------|----------|----------|------|----------|----------|----------|
| R-1   | R-0  | HS/R/W-0 | HC/R/W-0 | R-0  | HC/R/W-0 | HC/R/W-0 | HC/R/W-0 |
| TRMT  | PERR | ABDOVF   | CERIF    | FERR | RXBKIF   | OERR     | TXCIF    |
| bit 7 |      |          |          |      |          | bit 0    |          |

|                   |                            |                                    |
|-------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | HS = Hardware Settable bit | HC = Hardware Clearable bit        |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit           | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set           | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                            | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **TXMTIE:** Transmit Shifter Empty Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Interrupt is enabled  
0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 14      **PERIE:** Parity Error Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Interrupt is enabled  
0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 13      **ABDOVE:** Auto-Baud Rate Acquisition Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Interrupt is enabled  
0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 12      **CERIE:** Checksum Error Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Interrupt is enabled  
0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 11      **FERIE:** Framing Error Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Interrupt is enabled  
0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 10      **RXBKIE:** Receive Break Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Interrupt is enabled  
0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 9        **OERIE:** Receive Buffer Overflow Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Interrupt is enabled  
0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 8        **TXCIE:** Transmit Collision Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Interrupt is enabled  
0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 7        **TRMT:** Transmit Shifter Empty Interrupt Flag bit (read-only)  
1 = Transmit Shift Register (TSR) is empty (end of last Stop bit when STPMD = 1 or middle of first Stop bit when STPMD = 0)  
0 = Transmit Shift Register is not empty
- bit 6        **PERR:** Parity Error/Address Received/Forward Frame Interrupt Flag bit  
LN and Parity Modes:  
1 = Parity error detected  
0 = No parity error detected  
Address Mode:  
1 = Address received  
0 = No address detected  
All Other Modes:  
Not used.

## REGISTER 13-3: UxSTA: UARTx STATUS REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 5      **ABDOVF**: Auto-Baud Rate Acquisition Interrupt Flag bit (must be cleared by software)  
          1 = BRG rolled over during the auto-baud rate acquisition sequence (must be cleared in software)  
          0 = BRG has not rolled over during the auto-baud rate acquisition sequence
- bit 4      **CERIF**: Checksum Error Interrupt Flag bit (must be cleared by software)  
          1 = Checksum error  
          0 = No checksum error
- bit 3      **FERR**: Framing Error Interrupt Flag bit  
          1 = Framing Error: Inverted level of the Stop bit corresponding to the topmost character in the buffer;  
              propagates through the buffer with the received character  
          0 = No framing error
- bit 2      **RXBKIF**: Receive Break Interrupt Flag bit (must be cleared by software)  
          1 = A Break was received  
          0 = No Break was detected
- bit 1      **OERR**: Receive Buffer Overflow Interrupt Flag bit (must be cleared by software)  
          1 = Receive buffer has overflowed  
          0 = Receive buffer has not overflowed
- bit 0      **TXCIF**: Transmit Collision Interrupt Flag bit (must be cleared by software)  
          1 = Transmitted word is not equal to the received word  
          0 = Transmitted word is equal to the received word

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## REGISTER 13-4: UxSTAH: UARTx STATUS REGISTER HIGH

|        |          |          |          |       |                         |                         |                         |
|--------|----------|----------|----------|-------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| U-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | U-0   | R/W-0                   | R/W-0                   | R/W-0                   |
| —      | UTXISEL2 | UTXISEL1 | UTXISEL0 | —     | URXISEL2 <sup>(1)</sup> | URXISEL1 <sup>(1)</sup> | URXISEL0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 15 |          |          |          | bit 8 |                         |                         |                         |

|          |       |       |       |       |     |       |       |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-------|-------|
| HS/R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/S-1 | R-0   | R-1   | R-1 | R/S-1 | R-0   |
| TXWRE    | STPMD | UTXBE | UTXBF | RIDLE | XON | URXBE | URXBF |
| bit 7    |       |       |       |       |     |       | bit 0 |

|                   |                            |                                    |
|-------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | HS = Hardware Settable bit | S = Settable bit                   |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit           | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set           | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                            | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 14-12    **UTXISEL<2:0>:** UART Transmit Interrupt Select bits
  - 111 = Sets transmit interrupt when there is one empty slot left in the buffer
  - ...
  - 010 = Sets transmit interrupt when there are six empty slots or more in the buffer
  - 001 = Sets transmit interrupt when there are seven empty slots or more in the buffer
  - 000 = Sets transmit interrupt when there are eight empty slots in the buffer; TX buffer is empty
- bit 11      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10-8    **URXISEL<2:0>:** UART Receive Interrupt Select bits<sup>(1)</sup>
  - 111 = Triggers receive interrupt when there are eight words in the buffer; RX buffer is full
  - ...
  - 001 = Triggers receive interrupt when there are two words or more in the buffer
  - 000 = Triggers receive interrupt when there is one word or more in the buffer
- bit 7      **TXWRE:** TX Write Transmit Error Status bit
  - LIN and Parity Modes:
  - 1 = A new byte was written when the buffer was full or when P2<8:0> = 0 (must be cleared by software)
  - 0 = No error
  - Address Detect Mode:
  - 1 = A new byte was written when the buffer was full or to P1<8:0> when P1x was full (must be cleared by software)
  - 0 = No error
  - Other Modes:
  - 1 = A new byte was written when the buffer was full (must be cleared by software)
  - 0 = No error
- bit 6      **STPMD:** Stop Bit Detection Mode bit
  - 1 = Triggers RXIF at the end of the last Stop bit
  - 0 = Triggers RXIF in the middle of the first (or second, depending on the STSEL<1:0> setting) Stop bit
- bit 5      **UTXBE:** UART TX Buffer Empty Status bit
  - 1 = Transmit buffer is empty; writing '1' when UTXEN = 0 will reset the TX FIFO Pointers and counters
  - 0 = Transmit buffer is not empty
- bit 4      **UTXBF:** UART TX Buffer Full Status bit
  - 1 = Transmit buffer is full
  - 0 = Transmit buffer is not full
- bit 3      **RIDLE:** Receive Idle bit
  - 1 = UART RX line is in the Idle state
  - 0 = UART RX line is receiving something

**Note 1:** The receive watermark interrupt is not set if PERIF or FERIF is set and the corresponding IE bit is set.



## REGISTER 13-4: UxSTAH: UARTx STATUS REGISTER HIGH (CONTINUED)

- bit 2        **XON**: UART in XON Mode bit  
Only valid when FLO<1:0> control bits are set to XON/XOFF mode.  
1 = UART has received XON  
0 = UART has not received XON or XOFF was received
- bit 1        **URXBE**: UART RX Buffer Empty Status bit  
1 = Receive buffer is empty; writing '1' when URXEN = 0 will reset the RX FIFO Pointers and counters  
0 = Receive buffer is not empty
- bit 0        **URXBF**: UART RX Buffer Full Status bit  
1 = Receive buffer is full  
0 = Receive buffer is not full

**Note 1:** The receive watermark interrupt is not set if PERIF or FERIF is set and the corresponding IE bit is set.

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## REGISTER 13-5: UxBRG: UARTx BAUD RATE REGISTER

|           |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0     | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| BRG<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15    |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|          |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| BRG<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7    |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15                      **BRG<15:0>**: Baud Rate Divisor bits

## REGISTER 13-6: UxBRGH: UARTx BAUD RATE REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |            |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|------------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | BRG<19:16> |       |       |       |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |            |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-4                      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 3-0                      **BRG<19:16>**: Baud Rate Divisor bits

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## REGISTER 13-7: UxRXREG: UARTx RECEIVE BUFFER REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|            |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R-x        | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x | R-x   |
| RXREG<7:0> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 7      |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8            **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 7-0            **RXREG<7:0>:** Received Character Data bits 7-0

## REGISTER 13-8: UxTXREG: UARTx TRANSMIT BUFFER REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| W-x    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| LAST   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|            |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| W-x        | W-x | W-x | W-x | W-x | W-x | W-x | W-x   |
| TXREG<7:0> |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
| bit 7      |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15            **LAST:** Last Byte Indicator for Smart Card Support bit  
 bit 14-8            **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'  
 bit 7-0            **TXREG<7:0>:** Transmitted Character Data bits 7-0  
                     If the buffer is full, further writes to the buffer are ignored.

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## REGISTER 13-9: UxP1: UARTx TIMING PARAMETER 1 REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | P1<8> |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| P1<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7   |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15-9      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 8-0      **P1<8:0>:** Parameter 1 bits

DMX TX:

Number of Bytes to Transmit – 1 (not including Start code).

LIN Master TX:

PID to transmit (bits<5:0>).

Asynchronous TX with Address Detect:

Address to transmit. A '1' is automatically inserted into bit 9 (bits<7:0>).

Smart Card Mode:

Guard Time Counter bits. This counter is operated on the bit clock whose period is always equal to one ETU (bits<8:0>).

Other Modes:

Not used.

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## REGISTER 13-10: UxP2: UARTx TIMING PARAMETER 2 REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | P2<8> |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| P2<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7   |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-9     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 8-0     **P2<8:0>:** Parameter 2 bits

#### DMX RX:

The first byte number to receive – 1, not including Start code (bits<8:0>).

#### LIN Slave TX:

Number of bytes to transmit (bits<7:0>).

#### Asynchronous RX with Address Detect:

Address to start matching (bits<7:0>).

#### Smart Card Mode:

Block Time Counter bits. This counter is operated on the bit clock whose period is always equal to one ETU (bits<8:0>).

#### Other Modes:

Not used.

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## REGISTER 13-11: UxP3: UARTx TIMING PARAMETER 3 REGISTER

|          |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| P3<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15   |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| P3<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7   |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **P3<15:0>**: Parameter 3 bits  
DMX RX:  
 The last byte number to receive – 1, not including Start code (bits<8:0>).  
LIN Slave RX:  
 Number of bytes to receive (bits<7:0>).  
Asynchronous RX:  
 Used to mask the UxP2 address bits; 1 = P2 address bit is used, 0 = P2 address bit is masked off (bits<7:0>).  
Smart Card Mode:  
 Waiting Time Counter bits (bits<15:0>).  
Other Modes:  
 Not used.

## REGISTER 13-12: UxP3H: UARTx TIMING PARAMETER 3 REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| —      |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |     |     |

|           |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0     | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| P3<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7     |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8      **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'  
 bit 7-0      **P3<23:16>**: Parameter 3 High bits  
Smart Card Mode:  
 Waiting Time Counter bits (bits<23:16>).  
Other Modes:  
 Not used.

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## REGISTER 13-13: UxTXCHK: UARTx TRANSMIT CHECKSUM REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| TXCHK<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-0 **TXCHK<7:0>:** Transmit Checksum bits (calculated from TX words)

#### LIN Modes:

C0EN = 1: Sum of all transmitted data + addition carries, including PID.

C0EN = 0: Sum of all transmitted data + addition carries, excluding PID.

#### LIN Slave:

Cleared when Break is detected.

#### LIN Master/Slave:

Cleared when Break is detected.

#### Other Modes:

C0EN = 1: Sum of every byte transmitted + addition carries.

C0EN = 0: Value remains unchanged.

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## REGISTER 13-14: UxRXCHK: UARTx RECEIVE CHECKSUM REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| RXCHK<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-8        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7-0        **RXCHK<7:0>:** Receive Checksum bits (calculated from RX words)
  - LIN Modes:
  - C0EN = 1: Sum of all received data + addition carries, including PID.
  - C0EN = 0: Sum of all received data + addition carries, excluding PID.
  - LIN Slave:
  - Cleared when Break is detected.
  - LIN Master/Slave:
  - Cleared when Break is detected.
  - Other Modes:
  - C0EN = 1: Sum of every byte received + addition carries.
  - C0EN = 0: Value remains unchanged.



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## REGISTER 13-15: UxSCCON: UARTx SMART CARD CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |        |        |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0   |
| —     | —   | TXRPT1 | TXRPT0 | CONV  | T0PD  | PRTCL | —     |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-6     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-4     **TXRPT<1:0>:** Transmit Repeat Selection bits  
             11 = Retransmit the error byte four times  
             10 = Retransmit the error byte three times  
             01 = Retransmit the error byte twice  
             00 = Retransmit the error byte once
- bit 3       **CONV:** Logic Convention Selection bit  
             1 = Inverse logic convention  
             0 = Direct logic convention
- bit 2       **T0PD:** Pull-Down Duration for T = 0 Error Handling bit  
             1 = 2 ETU  
             0 = 1 ETU
- bit 1       **PRTCL:** Smart Card Protocol Selection bit  
             1 = T = 1  
             0 = T = 0
- bit 0       **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 13-16: UxSCINT: UARTx SMART CARD INTERRUPT REGISTER

|        |     |          |          |       |          |          |          |
|--------|-----|----------|----------|-------|----------|----------|----------|
| U-0    | U-0 | HS/R/W-0 | HS/R/W-0 | U-0   | HS/R/W-0 | HS/R/W-0 | HS/R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | RXRPTIF  | TXRPTIF  | —     | BTCIF    | WTCIF    | GTCIF    |
| bit 15 |     |          |          | bit 8 |          |          |          |

|       |     |         |         |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|---------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | U-0   | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | RXRPTIE | TXRPTIE | —     | BTCIE | WTCIE | GTCIE |
| bit 7 |     |         |         | bit 0 |       |       |       |

|                   |                            |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | HS = Hardware Settable bit |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit           | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set           | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15-14     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13       **RXRPTIF:** Receive Repeat Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = Parity error has persisted after the same character has been received five times (four retransmits)  
0 = Flag is cleared
- bit 12       **TXRPTIF:** Transmit Repeat Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = Line error has been detected after the last retransmit per TXRPT<1:0>  
0 = Flag is cleared
- bit 11       **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10       **BTCIF:** Block Time Counter Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = Block Time Counter has reached 0  
0 = Block Time Counter has not reached 0
- bit 9         **WTCIF:** Waiting Time Counter Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = Waiting Time Counter has reached 0  
0 = Waiting Time Counter has not reached 0
- bit 8         **GTCIF:** Guard Time Counter Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = Guard Time Counter has reached 0  
0 = Guard Time Counter has not reached 0
- bit 7-6       **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5         **RXRPTIE:** Receive Repeat Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = An interrupt is invoked when a parity error has persisted after the same character has been received five times (four retransmits)  
0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 4         **TXRPTIE:** Transmit Repeat Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = An interrupt is invoked when a line error is detected after the last retransmit per TXRPT<1:0> has been completed  
0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 3         **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2         **BTCIE:** Block Time Counter Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Block Time Counter interrupt is enabled  
0 = Block Time Counter interrupt is disabled
- bit 1         **WTCIE:** Waiting Time Counter Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Waiting Time Counter interrupt is enabled  
0 = Waiting Time Counter Interrupt is disabled
- bit 0         **GTCIE:** Guard Time Counter interrupt enable bit  
1 = Guard Time Counter interrupt is enabled  
0 = Guard Time Counter interrupt is disabled

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## REGISTER 13-17: UxINT: UARTx INTERRUPT REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |

|          |          |     |     |     |       |       |     |
|----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|-----|
| HS/R/W-0 | HS/R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | U-0   | U-0 |
| WUIF     | ABDIF    | —   | —   | —   | ABDIE | —     | —   |
| bit 7    |          |     |     |     |       | bit 0 |     |

|                   |                            |
|-------------------|----------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | HS = Hardware Settable bit |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set           |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared       |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown         |

bit 15-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7 **WUIF:** Wake-up Interrupt Flag bit

1 = Sets when WAKE = 1 and RX makes a '1'-to-'0' transition; triggers event interrupt (must be cleared by software)

0 = WAKE is not enabled or WAKE is enabled, but no wake-up event has occurred

bit 6 **ABDIF:** Auto-Baud Completed Interrupt Flag bit

1 = Sets when ABD sequence makes the final '1'-to-'0' transition; triggers event interrupt (must be cleared by software)

0 = ABAUD is not enabled or ABAUD is enabled but auto-baud has not completed

bit 5-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2 **ABDIE:** Auto-Baud Completed Interrupt Enable Flag bit

1 = Allows ABDIF to set an event interrupt

0 = ABDIF does not set an event interrupt

bit 1-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

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NOTES:

## 14.0 SERIAL PERIPHERAL INTERFACE (SPI)

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) with Audio Codec Support**” (DS70005136) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

**2:** The SPI is Identical for both Master core and Slave core. The x is common for both Master and Slave (where the x represents the number of the specific module being addressed). The number of SPI modules available on the Master and Slave is different and they are located in different SFR locations.

**3:** All associated register names are the same on the Master core and the Slave core. The Slave code will be developed in a separate project in MPLAB® X IDE with the device selection, dsPIC33CH128MP508S1, where the S1 indicates the Slave device. The Master is SPI1 and SPI2, and the Slave is SPI1.

The module supports operation in two Buffer modes. In Standard mode, data is shifted through a single serial buffer. In Enhanced Buffer mode, data is shifted through a FIFO buffer. The FIFO level depends on the configured mode.

**Note:** FIFO depth for this device is four (in 8-Bit Data mode).

Variable length data can be transmitted and received, from 2 to 32 bits.

**Note:** Do not perform Read-Modify-Write operations (such as bit-oriented instructions) on the SPIxBUF register in either Standard or Enhanced Buffer mode.

The module also supports a basic framed SPI protocol while operating in either Master or Slave mode. A total of four framed SPI configurations are supported.

The module also supports Audio modes. Four different Audio modes are available.

- I<sup>2</sup>S mode
- Left Justified mode
- Right Justified mode
- PCM/DSP mode

In each of these modes, the serial clock is free-running and audio data is always transferred.

If an audio protocol data transfer takes place between two devices, then usually one device is the Master and the other is the Slave. However, audio data can be transferred between two Slaves. Because the audio protocols require free-running clocks, the Master can be a third-party controller. In either case, the Master generates two free-running clocks: SCKx and LRC (Left, Right Channel Clock/SSx/FSYNC).

The SPI serial interface consists of four pins:

- SDIx/S1SDIx: Serial Data Input
- SDOx/S1SDOx: Serial Data Output
- SCKx/S1SCKx: Shift Clock Input or Output
- SSx/S1SSx: Active-Low Slave Select or Frame Synchronization I/O Pulse

The SPI module can be configured to operate using two, three or four pins. In the 3-pin mode, SSx/S1SSx is not used. In the 2-pin mode, both SDOx/S1SDOx and SSx/S1SSx are not used.

Table 14-1 shows an overview of the SPI module.

**TABLE 14-1: SPI MODULE OVERVIEW**

|             | Number of SPI Modules | Identical (Modules) |
|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Master Core | 2                     | Yes                 |
| Slave Core  | 1                     | Yes                 |

The Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) module is a synchronous serial interface, useful for communicating with other peripheral or microcontroller devices. These peripheral devices may be serial EEPROMs, shift registers, display drivers, A/D Converters, etc. The SPI module is compatible with the Motorola® SPI and SIOP interfaces. All devices in the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family include three SPI modules; two SPIs for the Master core and one for the Slave core. One of the SPI modules can work up to 50 MHz speed when selected as a non-PPS pin. For the Master core, it will be SPI2 and for the Slave core, it will be SPI1. The selection is done using the SPI2PIN bit (FDEVOP<13>) for the Master and the S1SPI1PIN bit (FS1DEVOP<13>) for the Slave. If the bit for SPI2PIN/S1SPI1PIN is ‘1’, the PPS pin will be used. If the SPI2PIN/S1SPI1PIN is ‘0’, it will use the dedicated SPI pads.

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The SPI module has the ability to generate three interrupts reflecting the events that occur during the data communication. The following types of interrupts can be generated:

1. Receive interrupts are signalled by SPIxRXIF.  
This event occurs when:
  - RX watermark interrupt
  - SPIROV = 1
  - SPIRBF = 1
  - SPIRBE = 1provided the respective mask bits are enabled in SPIxIMSKL/H.
2. Transmit interrupts are signalled by SPIxTXIF.  
This event occurs when:
  - TX watermark interrupt
  - SPITUR = 1
  - SPITBF = 1
  - SPITBE = 1provided the respective mask bits are enabled in SPIxIMSKL/H.
3. General interrupts are signalled by SPIxGIF.  
This event occurs when:
  - FRMERR = 1
  - SPIBUSY = 1
  - SRMT = 1provided the respective mask bits are enabled in SPIxIMSKL/H.

Block diagrams of the module in Standard and Enhanced modes are shown in [Figure 14-1](#) and [Figure 14-2](#).

**Note:** In this section, the SPI modules are referred to together as SPIx, or separately as SPI1, SPI2 or SPI3. Special Function Registers will follow a similar notation. For example, SPIxCON1 and SPIxCON2 refer to the control registers for any of the three SPI modules.

To set up the SPIx module for the Standard Master mode of operation:

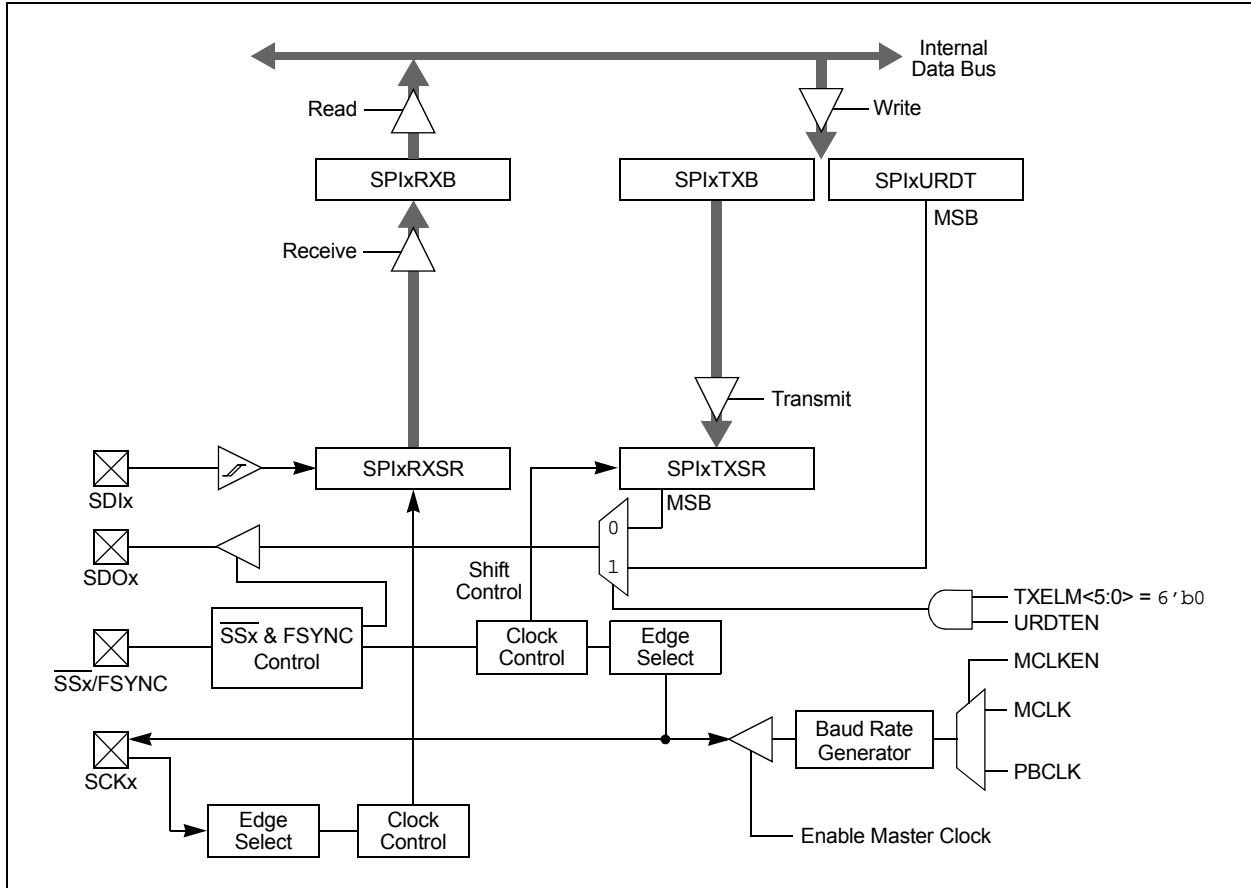
1. If using interrupts:
  - a) Clear the interrupt flag bits in the respective IFSx register.
  - b) Set the interrupt enable bits in the respective IECx register.
  - c) Write the SPIxIP bits in the respective IPCx register to set the interrupt priority.
2. Write the desired settings to the SPIxCON1L and SPIxCON1H registers with the MSTEN bit (SPIxCON1L<5>) = 1.
3. Clear the SPIROV bit (SPIxSTATL<6>).
4. Enable SPIx operation by setting the SPIEN bit (SPIxCON1L<15>).
5. Write the data to be transmitted to the SPIxBUFL and SPIxBUFH registers. Transmission (and reception) will start as soon as data is written to the SPIxBUFL and SPIxBUFH registers.

To set up the SPIx module for the Standard Slave mode of operation:

1. Clear the SPIxBUF registers.
2. If using interrupts:
  - a) Clear the SPIxBUFL and SPIxBUFH registers.
  - b) Set the interrupt enable bits in the respective IECx register.
  - c) Write the SPIxIP bits in the respective IPCx register to set the interrupt priority.
3. Write the desired settings to the SPIxCON1L, SPIxCON1H and SPIxCON2L registers with the MSTEN bit (SPIxCON1L<5>) = 0.
4. Clear the SMP bit.
5. If the CKE bit (SPIxCON1L<8>) is set, then the SSEN bit (SPIxCON1L<7>) must be set to enable the SSx pin.
6. Clear the SPIROV bit (SPIxSTATL<6>).
7. Enable SPIx operation by setting the SPIEN bit (SPIxCON1L<15>).

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FIGURE 14-1: SPIx MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM (STANDARD MODE)



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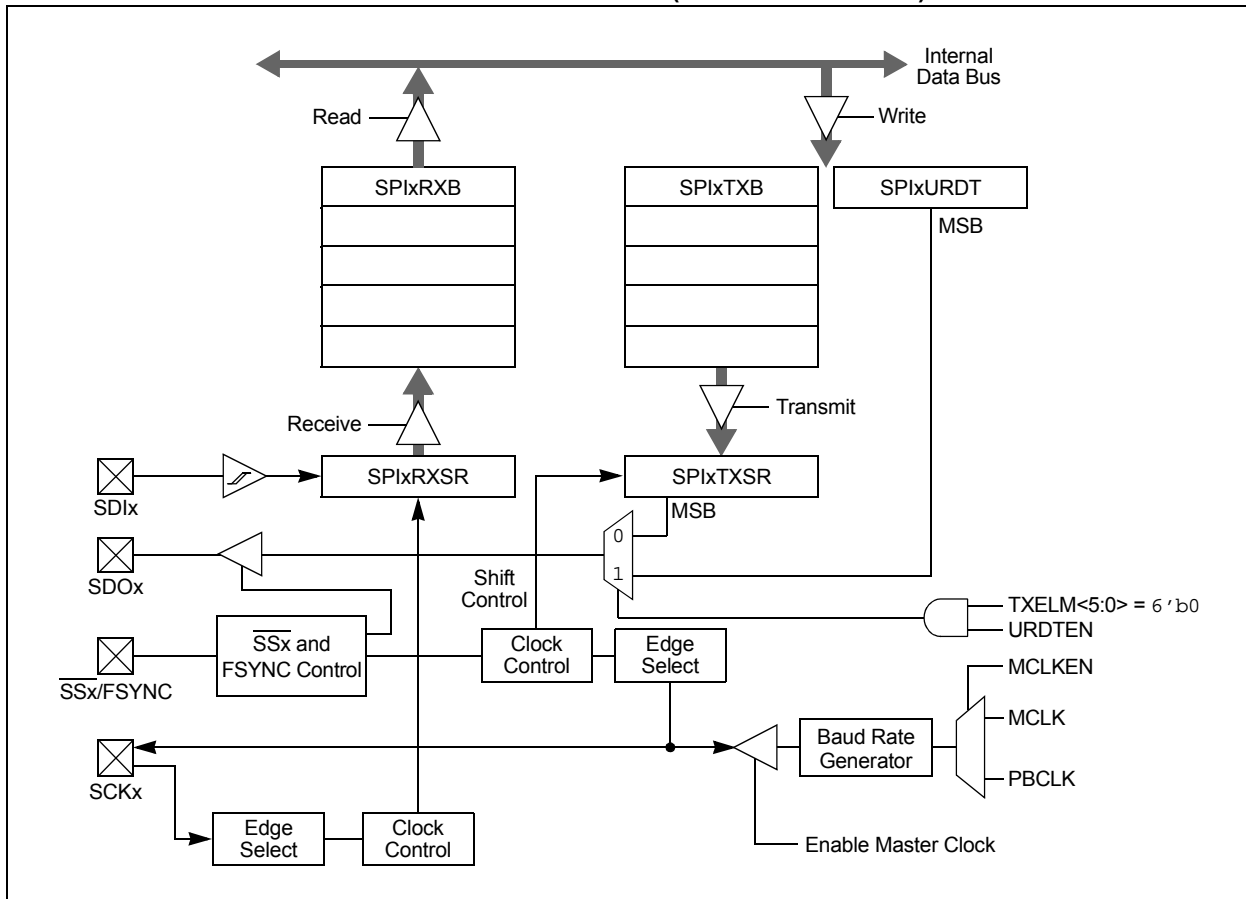
To set up the SPIx module for the Enhanced Buffer Master mode of operation:

- If using interrupts:
  - Clear the interrupt flag bits in the respective IFSx register.
  - Set the interrupt enable bits in the respective IECx register.
  - Write the SPIxIP bits in the respective IPCx register.
- Write the desired settings to the SPIxCON1L, SPIxCON1H and SPIxCON2L registers with MSTEN (SPIxCON1L<5>) = 1.
- Clear the SPIROV bit (SPIxSTATL<6>).
- Select Enhanced Buffer mode by setting the ENHBUF bit (SPIxCON1L<0>).
- Enable SPIx operation by setting the SPIEN bit (SPIxCON1L<15>).
- Write the data to be transmitted to the SPIxBUFL and SPIxBUFH registers. Transmission (and reception) will start as soon as data is written to the SPIxBUFL and SPIxBUFH registers.

To set up the SPIx module for the Enhanced Buffer Slave mode of operation:

- Clear the SPIxBUFL and SPIxBUFH registers.
- If using interrupts:
  - Clear the interrupt flag bits in the respective IFSx register.
  - Set the interrupt enable bits in the respective IECx register.
  - Write the SPIxIP bits in the respective IPCx register to set the interrupt priority.
- Write the desired settings to the SPIxCON1L, SPIxCON1H and SPIxCON2L registers with the MSTEN bit (SPIxCON1L<5>) = 0.
- Clear the SMP bit.
- If the CKE bit is set, then the SSEN bit must be set, thus enabling the  $\overline{SSx}$  pin.
- Clear the SPIROV bit (SPIxSTATL<6>).
- Select Enhanced Buffer mode by setting the ENHBUF bit (SPIxCON1L<0>).
- Enable SPIx operation by setting the SPIEN bit (SPIxCON1L<15>).

**FIGURE 14-2: SPIx MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM (ENHANCED MODE)**





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To set up the SPIx module for Audio mode:

1. Clear the SPIxBUFL and SPIxBUFH registers.
2. If using interrupts:
  - a) Clear the interrupt flag bits in the respective IFSx register.
  - b) Set the interrupt enable bits in the respective IECx register.
  - a) Write the SPIxIP bits in the respective IPCx register to set the interrupt priority.
3. Write the desired settings to the SPIxCON1L, SPIxCON1H and SPIxCON2L registers with AUDEN (SPIxCON1H<15>) = 1.
4. Clear the SPIROV bit (SPIxSTATL<6>).
5. Enable SPIx operation by setting the SPIEN bit (SPIxCON1L<15>).
6. Write the data to be transmitted to the SPIxBUFL and SPIxBUFH registers. Transmission (and reception) will start as soon as data is written to the SPIxBUFL and SPIxBUFH registers.

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## 14.1 SPI Control/Status Registers

### REGISTER 14-1: SPIxCON1L: SPIx CONTROL REGISTER 1 LOW

|        |     |         |        |                         |                         |       |                    |
|--------|-----|---------|--------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------|--------------------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0  | R/W-0                   | R/W-0                   | R/W-0 | R/W-0              |
| SPIEN  | —   | SPISIDL | DISSDO | MODE32 <sup>(1,4)</sup> | MODE16 <sup>(1,4)</sup> | SMP   | CKE <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 15 |     |         |        |                         |                         |       | bit 8              |

|                     |       |       |        |        |                       |       |        |
|---------------------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-----------------------|-------|--------|
| R/W-0               | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0                 | R/W-0 | R/W-0  |
| SSEN <sup>(2)</sup> | CKP   | MSTEN | DISSDI | DISSCK | MCLKEN <sup>(3)</sup> | SPIFE | ENHBUF |
| bit 7               |       |       |        |        |                       |       | bit 0  |

#### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15            **SPIEN:** SPIx On bit  
 1 = Enables module  
 0 = Turns off and resets module, disables clocks, disables interrupt event generation, allows SFR modifications

bit 14            **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13            **SPISIDL:** SPIx Stop in Idle Mode bit  
 1 = Halts in CPU Idle mode  
 0 = Continues to operate in CPU Idle mode

bit 12            **DISSDO:** Disable SDOx Output Port bit  
 1 = SDOx pin is not used by the module; pin is controlled by port function  
 0 = SDOx pin is controlled by the module

bit 11-10        **MODE32 and MODE16:** Serial Word Length Select bits<sup>(1,4)</sup>

| MODE32 | MODE16 | AUDEN | Communication   |
|--------|--------|-------|---|
| 1      | x      | 0     | 32-Bit  |
| 0      | 1      |       | 16-Bit  |
| 0      | 0      |       | 8-Bit   |
| 1      | 1      | 1     | 24-Bit Data, 32-Bit FIFO, 32-Bit Channel/64-Bit Frame |
| 1      | 0      |       | 32-Bit Data, 32-Bit FIFO, 32-Bit Channel/64-Bit Frame |
| 0      | 1      |       | 16-Bit Data, 16-Bit FIFO, 32-Bit Channel/64-Bit Frame |
| 0      | 0      |       | 16-Bit FIFO, 16-Bit Channel/32-Bit Frame              |

bit 9            **SMP:** SPIx Data Input Sample Phase bit  
Master Mode:  
 1 = Input data is sampled at the end of data output time  
 0 = Input data is sampled at the middle of data output time  
Slave Mode:  
 Input data is always sampled at the middle of data output time, regardless of the SMP setting.

bit 8            **CKE:** SPIx Clock Edge Select bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
 1 = Transmit happens on transition from active clock state to Idle clock state  
 0 = Transmit happens on transition from Idle clock state to active clock state

- Note 1:** When AUDEN (SPIxCON1H<15>) = 1, this module functions as if CKE = 0, regardless of its actual value.  
**Note 2:** When FRMEN = 1, SSEN is not used.  
**Note 3:** MCLKEN can only be written when the SPIEN bit = 0.  
**Note 4:** This channel is not meaningful for DSP/PCM mode as LRC follows FRMSYPW.

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## REGISTER 14-1: SPIxCON1L: SPIx CONTROL REGISTER 1 LOW (CONTINUED)

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| bit 7 | <b>SSEN:</b> Slave Select Enable bit (Slave mode) <sup>(2)</sup><br>1 = $\overline{SSx}$ pin is used by the macro in Slave mode; $\overline{SSx}$ pin is used as the Slave select input<br>0 = $\overline{SSx}$ pin is not used by the macro ( $\overline{SSx}$ pin will be controlled by the port I/O) |
| bit 6 | <b>CKP:</b> Clock Polarity Select bit<br>1 = Idle state for clock is a high level; active state is a low level<br>0 = Idle state for clock is a low level; active state is a high level   |
| bit 5 | <b>MSTEN:</b> Master Mode Enable bit<br>1 = Master mode<br>0 = Slave mode   |
| bit 4 | <b>DISSDI:</b> Disable SDIx Input Port bit<br>1 = SDIx pin is not used by the module; pin is controlled by port function<br>0 = SDIx pin is controlled by the module  |
| bit 3 | <b>DISSCK:</b> Disable SCKx Output Port bit<br>1 = SCKx pin is not used by the module; pin is controlled by port function<br>0 = SCKx pin is controlled by the module   |
| bit 2 | <b>MCLKEN:</b> Master Clock Enable bit <sup>(3)</sup><br>1 = MCLK is used by the BRG<br>0 = PBCLK is used by the BRG  |
| bit 1 | <b>SPIFE:</b> Frame Sync Pulse Edge Select bit<br>1 = Frame Sync pulse (Idle-to-active edge) coincides with the first bit clock<br>0 = Frame Sync pulse (Idle-to-active edge) precedes the first bit clock  |
| bit 0 | <b>ENHBUF:</b> Enhanced Buffer Enable bit<br>1 = Enhanced Buffer mode is enabled<br>0 = Enhanced Buffer mode is disabled  |

- Note 1:** When AUDEN (SPIxCON1H<15>) = 1, this module functions as if CKE = 0, regardless of its actual value.
- 2:** When FRMEN = 1, SSEN is not used.
- 3:** MCLKEN can only be written when the SPIEN bit = 0.
- 4:** This channel is not meaningful for DSP/PCM mode as LRC follows FRMSYPW.

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## REGISTER 14-2: SPIxCON1H: SPIx CONTROL REGISTER 1 HIGH

|                      |          |        |        |                        |                       |                        |                        |
|----------------------|----------|--------|--------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| R/W-0                | R/W-0    | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                 | R/W-0                  | R/W-0                  |
| AUDEN <sup>(1)</sup> | SPIGNEXT | IGNROV | IGNTUR | AUDMONO <sup>(2)</sup> | URDTEN <sup>(3)</sup> | AUDMOD1 <sup>(4)</sup> | AUDMOD0 <sup>(4)</sup> |
| bit 15               |          |        |        |                        |                       | bit 8                  |                        |

|       |         |        |       |         |         |         |         |
|-------|---------|--------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| FRMEN | FRMSYNC | FRMPOL | MSEN  | FRMSYPW | FRMCNT2 | FRMCNT1 | FRMCNT0 |
| bit 7 |         |        |       |         |         | bit 0   |         |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **AUDEN:** Audio Codec Support Enable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
 1 = Audio protocol is enabled; MSTEN controls the direction of both SCKx and frame (a.k.a. LRC), and this module functions as if FRMEN = 1, FRMSYNC = MSTEN, FRMCNT<2:0> = 001 and SMP = 0, regardless of their actual values  
 0 = Audio protocol is disabled
- bit 14      **SPIGNEXT:** SPIx Sign-Extend RX FIFO Read Data Enable bit  
 1 = Data from RX FIFO is sign-extended  
 0 = Data from RX FIFO is not sign-extended
- bit 13      **IGNROV:** Ignore Receive Overflow bit  
 1 = A Receive Overflow (ROV) is NOT a critical error; during ROV, data in the FIFO is not overwritten by the receive data  
 0 = A ROV is a critical error that stops SPI operation
- bit 12      **IGNTUR:** Ignore Transmit Underrun bit  
 1 = A Transmit Underrun (TUR) is NOT a critical error and data indicated by URDTEN is transmitted until the SPIxTXB is not empty  
 0 = A TUR is a critical error that stops SPI operation
- bit 11      **AUDMONO:** Audio Data Format Transmit bit<sup>(2)</sup>  
 1 = Audio data is mono (i.e., each data word is transmitted on both left and right channels)  
 0 = Audio data is stereo
- bit 10      **URDTEN:** Transmit Underrun Data Enable bit<sup>(3)</sup>  
 1 = Transmits data out of SPIxURDT register during Transmit Underrun conditions  
 0 = Transmits the last received data during Transmit Underrun conditions
- bit 9-8      **AUDMOD<1:0>:** Audio Protocol Mode Selection bits<sup>(4)</sup>  
 11 = PCM/DSP mode  
 10 = Right Justified mode: This module functions as if SPIFE = 1, regardless of its actual value  
 01 = Left Justified mode: This module functions as if SPIFE = 1, regardless of its actual value  
 00 = I<sup>2</sup>S mode: This module functions as if SPIFE = 0, regardless of its actual value
- bit 7      **FRMEN:** Framed SPIx Support bit  
 1 = Framed SPIx support is enabled ( $\overline{SSx}$  pin is used as the FSYNC input/output)  
 0 = Framed SPIx support is disabled

- Note 1:** AUDEN can only be written when the SPIEN bit = 0.  
**Note 2:** AUDMONO can only be written when the SPIEN bit = 0 and is only valid for AUDEN = 1.  
**Note 3:** URDTEN is only valid when IGNTUR = 1.  
**Note 4:** AUDMOD<1:0> can only be written when the SPIEN bit = 0 and is only valid when AUDEN = 1. When NOT in PCM/DSP mode, this module functions as if FRMSYPW = 1, regardless of its actual value.

## REGISTER 14-2: SPIxCON1H: SPIx CONTROL REGISTER 1 HIGH (CONTINUED)

- bit 6      **FRMSYNC:** Frame Sync Pulse Direction Control bit  
1 = Frame Sync pulse input (Slave)  
0 = Frame Sync pulse output (Master)
- bit 5      **FRMPOL:** Frame Sync/Slave Select Polarity bit  
1 = Frame Sync pulse/Slave select is active-high  
0 = Frame Sync pulse/Slave select is active-low
- bit 4      **MSEN:** Master Mode Slave Select Enable bit  
1 = SPIx Slave select support is enabled with polarity determined by FRMPOL ( $\overline{SSx}$  pin is automatically driven during transmission in Master mode)  
0 = Slave select SPIx support is disabled ( $\overline{SSx}$  pin will be controlled by port I/O)
- bit 3      **FRMSYPW:** Frame Sync Pulse-Width bit  
1 = Frame Sync pulse is one serial word length wide (as defined by MODE<32,16>/WLENGTH<4:0>)  
0 = Frame Sync pulse is one clock (SCKx) wide
- bit 2-0    **FRMCNT<2:0>:** Frame Sync Pulse Counter bits  
Controls the number of serial words transmitted per Sync pulse.  
111 = Reserved  
110 = Reserved  
101 = Generates a Frame Sync pulse on every 32 serial words  
100 = Generates a Frame Sync pulse on every 16 serial words  
011 = Generates a Frame Sync pulse on every 8 serial words  
010 = Generates a Frame Sync pulse on every 4 serial words  
001 = Generates a Frame Sync pulse on every 2 serial words (value used by audio protocols)  
000 = Generates a Frame Sync pulse on each serial word

- Note 1:** AUDEN can only be written when the SPIEN bit = 0.  
**2:** AUDMONO can only be written when the SPIEN bit = 0 and is only valid for AUDEN = 1.  
**3:** URDTEN is only valid when IGNTUR = 1.  
**4:** AUDMOD<1:0> can only be written when the SPIEN bit = 0 and is only valid when AUDEN = 1. When NOT in PCM/DSP mode, this module functions as if FRMSYPW = 1, regardless of its actual value.

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## REGISTER 14-3: SPIxCON2L: SPIx CONTROL REGISTER 2 LOW

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |                               |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0                         | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | WLENGTH<4:0> <sup>(1,2)</sup> |       |       |       | —     |
| bit 7 |     |     |                               |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

bit 15-5      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4-0      **WLENGTH<4:0>:** Variable Word Length bits<sup>(1,2)</sup>

11111 = 32-bit data  
 11110 = 31-bit data  
 11101 = 30-bit data  
 11100 = 29-bit data  
 11011 = 28-bit data  
 11010 = 27-bit data  
 11001 = 26-bit data  
 11000 = 25-bit data  
 10111 = 24-bit data  
 10110 = 23-bit data  
 10101 = 22-bit data  
 10100 = 21-bit data  
 10011 = 20-bit data  
 10010 = 19-bit data  
 10001 = 18-bit data  
 10000 = 17-bit data  
 01111 = 16-bit data  
 01110 = 15-bit data  
 01101 = 14-bit data  
 01100 = 13-bit data  
 01011 = 12-bit data  
 01010 = 11-bit data  
 01001 = 10-bit data  
 01000 = 9-bit data  
 00111 = 8-bit data  
 00110 = 7-bit data  
 00101 = 6-bit data  
 00100 = 5-bit data  
 00011 = 4-bit data  
 00010 = 3-bit data  
 00001 = 2-bit data  
 00000 = See MODE<32,16> bits in SPIxCON1L<11:10>

- Note 1:** These bits are effective when AUDEN = 0 only.
- Note 2:** Varying the length by changing these bits does not affect the depth of the TX/RX FIFO.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**REGISTER 14-4: SPIxSTATL: SPIx STATUS REGISTER LOW**

|        |     |     |          |         |     |     |                       |
|--------|-----|-----|----------|---------|-----|-----|-----------------------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | HS/R/C-0 | HSC/R-0 | U-0 | U-0 | HSC/R-0               |
| —      | —   | —   | FRMERR   | SPIBUSY | —   | —   | SPITUR <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 15 |     |     |          |         |     |     | bit 8                 |

|         |          |         |     |         |     |         |         |
|---------|----------|---------|-----|---------|-----|---------|---------|
| HSC/R-0 | HS/R/C-0 | HSC/R-1 | U-0 | HSC/R-1 | U-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 |
| SRMT    | SPIROV   | SPIRBE  | —   | SPITBE  | —   | SPITBF  | SPIRBF  |
| bit 7   |          |         |     |         |     |         | bit 0   |

|                   |                   |                                       |
|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | C = Clearable bit | U = Unimplemented, read as '0'        |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit  | HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set  | '0' = Bit is cleared                  |
|                   |                   | HS = Hardware Settable bit            |

- bit 15-13    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 12      **FRMERR:** SPIx Frame Error Status bit
  - 1 = Frame error is detected
  - 0 = No frame error is detected
- bit 11      **SPIBUSY:** SPIx Activity Status bit
  - 1 = Module is currently busy with some transactions
  - 0 = No ongoing transactions (at time of read)
- bit 10-9    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 8        **SPITUR:** SPIx Transmit Underrun Status bit<sup>(1)</sup>
  - 1 = Transmit buffer has encountered a Transmit Underrun condition
  - 0 = Transmit buffer does not have a Transmit Underrun condition
- bit 7        **SRMT:** Shift Register Empty Status bit
  - 1 = No current or pending transactions (i.e., neither SPIxTXB or SPIxTXSR contains data to transmit)
  - 0 = Current or pending transactions
- bit 6        **SPIROV:** SPIx Receive Overflow Status bit
  - 1 = A new byte/half-word/word has been completely received when the SPIxRXB was full
  - 0 = No overflow
- bit 5        **SPIRBE:** SPIx RX Buffer Empty Status bit
  - 1 = RX buffer is empty
  - 0 = RX buffer is not empty

Standard Buffer Mode:  
Automatically set in hardware when SPIxBUF is read from, reading SPIxRXB. Automatically cleared in hardware when SPIx transfers data from SPIxRXSR to SPIxRXB.

Enhanced Buffer Mode:  
Indicates RXELM<5:0> = 000000.
- bit 4        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note 1:** SPITUR is cleared when SPIEN = 0. When IGNTUR = 1, SPITUR provides dynamic status of the Transmit Underrun condition, but does not stop RX/TX operation and does not need to be cleared by software.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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## REGISTER 14-4: SPIxSTATL: SPIx STATUS REGISTER LOW (CONTINUED)

- bit 3      **SPITBE:** SPIx Transmit Buffer Empty Status bit  
1 = SPIxTXB is empty  
0 = SPIxTXB is not empty  
Standard Buffer Mode:  
Automatically set in hardware when SPIx transfers data from SPIxTXB to SPIxTXSR. Automatically cleared in hardware when SPIxBUF is written, loading SPIxTXB.  
Enhanced Buffer Mode:  
Indicates TXELM<5:0> = 000000.
- bit 2      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1      **SPITBF:** SPIx Transmit Buffer Full Status bit  
1 = SPIxTXB is full  
0 = SPIxTXB not full  
Standard Buffer Mode:  
Automatically set in hardware when SPIxBUF is written, loading SPIxTXB. Automatically cleared in hardware when SPIx transfers data from SPIxTXB to SPIxTXSR.  
Enhanced Buffer Mode:  
Indicates TXELM<5:0> = 111111.
- bit 0      **SPIRBF:** SPIx Receive Buffer Full Status bit  
1 = SPIxRXB is full  
0 = SPIxRXB is not full  
Standard Buffer Mode:  
Automatically set in hardware when SPIx transfers data from SPIxRXSR to SPIxRXB. Automatically cleared in hardware when SPIxBUF is read from, reading SPIxRXB.  
Enhanced Buffer Mode:  
Indicates RXELM<5:0> = 111111.

**Note 1:** SPITUR is cleared when SPIEN = 0. When IGNTUR = 1, SPITUR provides dynamic status of the Transmit Underrun condition, but does not stop RX/TX operation and does not need to be cleared by software.



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## REGISTER 14-5: SPIxSTATH: SPIx STATUS REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |                       |                       |                       |         |         |         |
|--------|-----|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| U-0    | U-0 | HSC/R-0               | HSC/R-0               | HSC/R-0               | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 |
| —      | —   | RXELM5 <sup>(3)</sup> | RXELM4 <sup>(2)</sup> | RXELM3 <sup>(1)</sup> | RXELM2  | RXELM1  | RXELM0  |
| bit 15 |     |                       |                       |                       |         |         | bit 8   |

|       |     |                       |                       |                       |         |         |         |
|-------|-----|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| U-0   | U-0 | HSC/R-0               | HSC/R-0               | HSC/R-0               | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 |
| —     | —   | TXELM5 <sup>(3)</sup> | TXELM4 <sup>(2)</sup> | TXELM3 <sup>(1)</sup> | TXELM2  | TXELM1  | TXELM0  |
| bit 7 |     |                       |                       |                       |         |         | bit 0   |

|                   |                                       |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                      | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |  |  |  |  |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                      | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |  |  |  |  |

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-8 **RXELM<5:0>:** Receive Buffer Element Count bits (valid in Enhanced Buffer mode)<sup>(1,2,3)</sup>

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0 **TXELM<5:0>:** Transmit Buffer Element Count bits (valid in Enhanced Buffer mode)<sup>(1,2,3)</sup>

- Note 1:** RXELM3 and TXELM3 bits are only present when FIFODEPTH = 8 or higher.  
**Note 2:** RXELM4 and TXELM4 bits are only present when FIFODEPTH = 16 or higher.  
**Note 3:** RXELM5 and TXELM5 bits are only present when FIFODEPTH = 32.

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## REGISTER 14-6: SPIxIMSKL: SPIx INTERRUPT MASK REGISTER LOW

|        |     |     |          |        |     |     |          |       |
|--------|-----|-----|----------|--------|-----|-----|----------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0    |       |
| —      | —   | —   | FRMERREN | BUSYEN | —   | —   | SPITUREN |       |
| bit 15 |     |     |          |        |     |     |          | bit 8 |

|        |          |         |     |         |     |          |          |
|--------|----------|---------|-----|---------|-----|----------|----------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0    | R/W-0   | U-0 | R/W-0   | U-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| SRMTEN | SPIROVEN | SPIRBEN | —   | SPITBEN | —   | SPITBFEN | SPIRBFEN |
| bit 7  |          |         |     |         |     |          | bit 0    |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12 **FRMERREN:** Enable Interrupt Events via FRMERR bit

1 = Frame error generates an interrupt event

0 = Frame error does not generate an interrupt event

bit 11 **BUSYEN:** Enable Interrupt Events via SPIBUSY bit

1 = SPIBUSY generates an interrupt event

0 = SPIBUSY does not generate an interrupt event

bit 10-9 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 8 **SPITUREN:** Enable Interrupt Events via SPITUR bit

1 = Transmit Underrun (TUR) generates an interrupt event

0 = Transmit Underrun does not generate an interrupt event

bit 7 **SRMTEN:** Enable Interrupt Events via SRMT bit

1 = Shift Register Empty (SRMT) generates interrupt events

0 = Shift Register Empty does not generate interrupt events

bit 6 **SPIROVEN:** Enable Interrupt Events via SPIROV bit

1 = SPIx Receive Overflow (ROV) generates an interrupt event

0 = SPIx Receive Overflow does not generate an interrupt event

bit 5 **SPIRBEN:** Enable Interrupt Events via SPIRBE bit

1 = SPIx RX buffer empty generates an interrupt event

0 = SPIx RX buffer empty does not generate an interrupt event

bit 4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3 **SPITBEN:** Enable Interrupt Events via SPITBE bit

1 = SPIx transmit buffer empty generates an interrupt event

0 = SPIx transmit buffer empty does not generate an interrupt event

bit 2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 1 **SPITBFEN:** Enable Interrupt Events via SPITBF bit

1 = SPIx transmit buffer full generates an interrupt event

0 = SPIx transmit buffer full does not generate an interrupt event

bit 0 **SPIRBFEN:** Enable Interrupt Events via SPIRBF bit

1 = SPIx receive buffer full generates an interrupt event

0 = SPIx receive buffer full does not generate an interrupt event

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## REGISTER 14-7: SPIxIMSKH: SPIx INTERRUPT MASK REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |                       |                         |                         |                         |                       |                       |
|--------|-----|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0                 | R/W-0                   | R/W-0                   | R/W-0                   | R/W-0                 | R/W-0                 |
| RXWIEN | —   | RXMSK5 <sup>(1)</sup> | RXMSK4 <sup>(1,4)</sup> | RXMSK3 <sup>(1,3)</sup> | RXMSK2 <sup>(1,2)</sup> | RXMSK1 <sup>(1)</sup> | RXMSK0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 15 |     |                       |                         |                         |                         |                       | bit 8                 |

|        |     |                       |                         |                         |                         |                       |                       |
|--------|-----|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0                 | R/W-0                   | R/W-0                   | R/W-0                   | R/W-0                 | R/W-0                 |
| TXWIEN | —   | TXMSK5 <sup>(1)</sup> | TXMSK4 <sup>(1,4)</sup> | TXMSK3 <sup>(1,3)</sup> | TXMSK2 <sup>(1,2)</sup> | TXMSK1 <sup>(1)</sup> | TXMSK0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 7  |     |                       |                         |                         |                         |                       | bit 0                 |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **RXWIEN:** Receive Watermark Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Triggers receive buffer element watermark interrupt when  $RXMSK<5:0> \leq RXELM<5:0>$   
0 = Disables receive buffer element watermark interrupt
- bit 14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8    **RXMSK<5:0>:** RX Buffer Mask bits<sup>(1,2,3,4)</sup>  
RX mask bits; used in conjunction with the RXWIEN bit.
- bit 7        **TXWIEN:** Transmit Watermark Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Triggers transmit buffer element watermark interrupt when  $TXMSK<5:0> = TXELM<5:0>$   
0 = Disables transmit buffer element watermark interrupt
- bit 6        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0     **TXMSK<5:0>:** TX Buffer Mask bits<sup>(1,2,3,4)</sup>  
TX mask bits; used in conjunction with the TXWIEN bit.

- Note 1:** Mask values higher than FIFODEPTH are not valid. The module will not trigger a match for any value in this case.
- 2:** RXMSK2 and TXMSK2 bits are only present when FIFODEPTH = 8 or higher.
  - 3:** RXMSK3 and TXMSK3 bits are only present when FIFODEPTH = 16 or higher.
  - 4:** RXMSK4 and TXMSK4 bits are only present when FIFODEPTH = 32.

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**FIGURE 14-3: SPIx MASTER/SLAVE CONNECTION (STANDARD MODE)**



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**FIGURE 14-4: SPIx MASTER/SLAVE CONNECTION (ENHANCED BUFFER MODES)**



**FIGURE 14-5: SPIx MASTER, FRAME MASTER CONNECTION DIAGRAM**



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**FIGURE 14-6: SPIx MASTER, FRAME SLAVE CONNECTION DIAGRAM**



**FIGURE 14-7: SPIx SLAVE, FRAME MASTER CONNECTION DIAGRAM**



**FIGURE 14-8: SPIx SLAVE, FRAME SLAVE CONNECTION DIAGRAM**



**EQUATION 14-1: RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN DEVICE AND SPIx CLOCK SPEED**

$$Baud\ Rate = \frac{FPB}{(2 * (SPIxBRG + 1))}$$

Where:

FPB is the Peripheral Bus Clock Frequency.

## 15.0 INTER-INTEGRATED CIRCUIT (I<sup>2</sup>C)

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. For more information, refer to “**Inter-Integrated Circuit (I<sup>2</sup>C)**” (DS70000195) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

**2:** The I<sup>2</sup>C is identical for both Master core and Slave core. The x is common for both Master and Slave (where the x represents the number of the specific module being addressed). The number of I<sup>2</sup>C modules available on the Master and Slave is different and they are located in different SFR locations.

**3:** All associated register names are the same on the Master core and the Slave core. The Slave code will be developed in a separate project in MPLAB<sup>®</sup> X IDE with the device selection, dsPIC33CH128MP508**S1**, where the **S1** indicates the Slave device. The Master I<sup>2</sup>C is I2C1 and I2C2, and the Slave is I2C1.

The Inter-Integrated Circuit (I<sup>2</sup>C) module is a serial interface useful for communicating with other peripheral or microcontroller devices. These peripheral devices may be serial EEPROMs, display drivers, A/D Converters, etc.

The I<sup>2</sup>C module supports these features:

- Independent Master and Slave Logic
- 7-Bit and 10-Bit Device Addresses
- General Call Address as Defined in the I<sup>2</sup>C Protocol
- Clock Stretching to Provide Delays for the Processor to Respond to a Slave Data Request
- Both 100 kHz and 400 kHz Bus Specifications
- Configurable Address Masking
- Multi-Master modes to Prevent Loss of Messages in Arbitration
- Bus Repeater mode, Allowing the Acceptance of All Messages as a Slave, regardless of the Address
- Automatic SCL

A block diagram of the module is shown in [Figure 15-1](#).

## 15.1 Communicating as a Master in a Single Master Environment

The details of sending a message in Master mode depends on the communication protocol for the device being communicated with. Typically, the sequence of events is as follows:

1. Assert a Start condition on SDAx and SCLx.
2. Send the I<sup>2</sup>C device address byte to the Slave with a write indication.
3. Wait for and verify an Acknowledge from the Slave.
4. Send the first data byte (sometimes known as the command) to the Slave.
5. Wait for and verify an Acknowledge from the Slave.
6. Send the serial memory address low byte to the Slave.
7. Repeat Steps 4 and 5 until all data bytes are sent.
8. Assert a Repeated Start condition on SDAx and SCLx.
9. Send the device address byte to the Slave with a read indication.
10. Wait for and verify an Acknowledge from the Slave.
11. Enable Master reception to receive serial memory data.
12. Generate an ACK or NACK condition at the end of a received byte of data.
13. Generate a Stop condition on SDAx and SCLx.

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FIGURE 15-1: I2Cx BLOCK DIAGRAM





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## 15.2 Setting Baud Rate When Operating as a Bus Master

To compute the Baud Rate Generator reload value, use [Equation 15-1](#).

### EQUATION 15-1: COMPUTING BAUD RATE RELOAD VALUE<sup>(1,2,3,4)</sup>

$$I2CxBRG = ((1/FsCL - Delay) \cdot FCY/2) - 2$$

- Note 1:** Based on  $FCY = FOSC/2$ ; Doze mode and PLL are disabled.
- 2:** These clock rate values are for guidance only. The actual clock rate can be affected by various system-level parameters. The actual clock rate should be measured in its intended application.
- 3:** Typical value of delay varies from 110 ns to 150 ns.
- 4:** I2CxBRG values of 0 to 3 are expressly forbidden. The user should never program the I2CxBRG with a value of 0x0, 0x1, 0x2 or 0x3 as indeterminate results may occur.

## 15.3 Slave Address Masking

The I2CxMSK register ([Register 15-4](#)) designates address bit positions as “don’t care” for both 7-Bit and 10-Bit Addressing modes. Setting a particular bit location (= 1) in the I2CxMSK register causes the Slave module to respond, whether the corresponding address bit value is a ‘0’ or a ‘1’. For example, when I2CxMSK is set to ‘0010000000’, the Slave module will detect both addresses, ‘0000000000’ and ‘0010000000’.

To enable address masking, the Intelligent Peripheral Management Interface (IPMI) must be disabled by clearing the STRICT bit (I2CxCONL<11>).

**Note:** As a result of changes in the I<sup>2</sup>C protocol, the addresses in [Table 15-2](#) are reserved and will not be Acknowledged in Slave mode. This includes any address mask settings that include any of these addresses.

**TABLE 15-1: I2Cx CLOCK RATES<sup>(1,2)</sup>**

| Fcy     | FsCL    | I2CxBRG Value |             |
|---------|---------|---------------|-------------|
|         |         | Decimal       | Hexadecimal |
| 100 MHz | 1 MHz   | 41            | 29          |
| 100 MHz | 400 kHz | 116           | 74          |
| 100 MHz | 100 kHz | 491           | 1EB         |
| 80 MHz  | 1 MHz   | 32            | 20          |
| 80 MHz  | 400 kHz | 92            | 5C          |
| 80 MHz  | 100 kHz | 392           | 188         |
| 60 MHz  | 1 MHz   | 24            | 18          |
| 60 MHz  | 400 kHz | 69            | 45          |
| 60 MHz  | 100 kHz | 294           | 126         |
| 40 MHz  | 1 MHz   | 15            | 0F          |
| 40 MHz  | 400 kHz | 45            | 2D          |
| 40 MHz  | 100 kHz | 195           | C3          |
| 20 MHz  | 1 MHz   | 7             | 7           |
| 20 MHz  | 400 kHz | 22            | 16          |
| 20 MHz  | 100 kHz | 97            | 61          |

- Note 1:** Based on  $FCY = FOSC/2$ ; Doze mode and PLL are disabled.
- 2:** These clock rate values are for guidance only. The actual clock rate can be affected by various system-level parameters. The actual clock rate should be measured in its intended application.

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**TABLE 15-2: I2Cx RESERVED ADDRESSES<sup>(1)</sup>**

| Slave Address | R/W Bit | Description                            |
|---------------|---------|--|
| 0000 000      | 0       | General Call Address <sup>(2)</sup>    |
| 0000 000      | 1       | Start Byte                             |
| 0000 001      | x       | Cbus Address                           |
| 0000 01x      | x       | Reserved                               |
| 0000 1xx      | x       | HS Mode Master Code                    |
| 1111 0xx      | x       | 10-Bit Slave Upper Byte <sup>(3)</sup> |
| 1111 1xx      | x       | Reserved                               |

**Note 1:** The address bits listed here will never cause an address match independent of address mask settings.

**2:** This address will be Acknowledged only if GCEN = 1.

**3:** A match on this address can only occur on the upper byte in 10-Bit Addressing mode.

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## 15.4 I<sup>2</sup>C Control/Status Registers

**REGISTER 15-1: I2CxCONL: I2Cx CONTROL REGISTER LOW**

|        |     |          |                       |        |       |        |       |
|--------|-----|----------|-----------------------|--------|-------|--------|-------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | HC/R/W-0 | R/W-1                 | R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0 |
| I2CEN  | —   | I2CSIDL  | SCLREL <sup>(1)</sup> | STRICT | A10M  | DISSLW | SMEN  |
| bit 15 |     |          |                       |        |       |        | bit 8 |

|       |       |       |          |          |          |          |          |
|-------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | HC/R/W-0 | HC/R/W-0 | HC/R/W-0 | HC/R/W-0 | HC/R/W-0 |
| GCEN  | STREN | ACKDT | ACKEN    | RCEN     | PEN      | RSEN     | SEN      |
| bit 7 |       |       |          |          |          |          | bit 0    |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | HC = Hardware Clearable bit        |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
|                   | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15     **I2CEN:** I2Cx Enable bit (writable from software only)  
1 = Enables the I2Cx module, and configures the SDAx and SCLx pins as serial port pins  
0 = Disables the I2Cx module; all I<sup>2</sup>C pins are controlled by port functions
- bit 14     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13     **I2CSIDL:** I2Cx Stop in Idle Mode bit  
1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode  
0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12     **SCLREL:** SCLx Release Control bit (I<sup>2</sup>C Slave mode only)<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = Releases the SCLx clock  
0 = Holds the SCLx clock low (clock stretch)  
If STREN = 1:<sup>(2)</sup>  
User software may write '0' to initiate a clock stretch and write '1' to release the clock. Hardware clears at the beginning of every Slave data byte transmission. Hardware clears at the end of every Slave address byte reception. Hardware clears at the end of every Slave data byte reception.  
If STREN = 0:  
User software may only write '1' to release the clock. Hardware clears at the beginning of every Slave data byte transmission. Hardware clears at the end of every Slave address byte reception.
- bit 11     **STRICT:** I2Cx Strict Reserved Address Rule Enable bit  
1 = Strict Reserved Addressing is enforced; for reserved addresses, refer to [Table 15-2](#).  
(In Slave Mode) – The device doesn't respond to reserved address space and addresses falling in that category are NACKed.  
(In Master Mode) – The device is allowed to generate addresses with reserved address space.  
0 = Reserved Addressing would be Acknowledged.  
(In Slave Mode) – The device will respond to an address falling in the reserved address space. When there is a match with any of the reserved addresses, the device will generate an ACK.  
(In Master Mode) – Reserved.
- bit 10     **A10M:** 10-Bit Slave Address Flag bit  
1 = I2CxADD is a 10-bit Slave address  
0 = I2CxADD is a 7-bit Slave address
- bit 9       **DISSLW:** Slew Rate Control Disable bit  
1 = Slew rate control is disabled for Standard Speed mode (100 kHz, also disabled for 1 MHz mode)  
0 = Slew rate control is enabled for High-Speed mode (400 kHz)

- Note 1:** Automatically cleared to '0' at the beginning of Slave transmission; automatically cleared to '0' at the end of Slave reception.
- 2:** Automatically cleared to '0' at the beginning of Slave transmission.

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## REGISTER 15-1: I2CxCONL: I2Cx CONTROL REGISTER LOW (CONTINUED)

- bit 8      **SMEN:** SMBus Input Levels Enable bit  
1 = Enables input logic so thresholds are compliant with the SMBus specification  
0 = Disables SMBus-specific inputs
- bit 7      **GCEN:** General Call Enable bit (I<sup>2</sup>C Slave mode only)  
1 = Enables interrupt when a general call address is received in I2CxRSR; module is enabled for reception  
0 = General call address is disabled.
- bit 6      **STREN:** SCLx Clock Stretch Enable bit  
In I<sup>2</sup>C Slave mode only; used in conjunction with the SCLREL bit.  
1 = Enables clock stretching  
0 = Disables clock stretching
- bit 5      **ACKDT:** Acknowledge Data bit  
In I<sup>2</sup>C Master mode during Master Receive mode. The value that will be transmitted when the user initiates an Acknowledge sequence at the end of a receive.  
In I<sup>2</sup>C Slave mode when AHEN = 1 or DHEN = 1. The value that the Slave will transmit when it initiates an Acknowledge sequence at the end of an address or data reception.  
1 = NACK is sent  
0 = ACK is sent
- bit 4      **ACKEN:** Acknowledge Sequence Enable bit  
In I<sup>2</sup>C Master mode only; applicable during Master Receive mode.  
1 = Initiates Acknowledge sequence on SDAx and SCLx pins, and transmits ACKDT data bit  
0 = Acknowledge sequence is Idle
- bit 3      **RCEN:** Receive Enable bit (I<sup>2</sup>C Master mode only)  
1 = Enables Receive mode for I<sup>2</sup>C; automatically cleared by hardware at end of 8-bit receive data byte  
0 = Receive sequence is not in progress
- bit 2      **PEN:** Stop Condition Enable bit (I<sup>2</sup>C Master mode only)  
1 = Initiates Stop condition on SDAx and SCLx pins  
0 = Stop condition is Idle
- bit 1      **RSEN:** Restart Condition Enable bit (I<sup>2</sup>C Master mode only)  
1 = Initiates Restart condition on SDAx and SCLx pins  
0 = Restart condition is Idle
- bit 0      **SEN:** Start Condition Enable bit (I<sup>2</sup>C Master mode only)  
1 = Initiates Start condition on SDAx and SCLx pins  
0 = Start condition is Idle

**Note 1:** Automatically cleared to '0' at the beginning of Slave transmission; automatically cleared to '0' at the end of Slave reception.

**2:** Automatically cleared to '0' at the beginning of Slave transmission.

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## REGISTER 15-2: I2CxCONH: I2Cx CONTROL REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | PCIE  | SCIE  | BOEN  | SDAHT | SBCDE | AHEN  | DHEN  |
| bit 7 |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-7      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 6      **PCIE:** Stop Condition Interrupt Enable bit (I<sup>2</sup>C Slave mode only).  
             1 = Enables interrupt on detection of Stop condition  
             0 = Stop detection interrupts are disabled
- bit 5      **SCIE:** Start Condition Interrupt Enable bit (I<sup>2</sup>C Slave mode only)  
             1 = Enables interrupt on detection of Start or Restart conditions  
             0 = Start detection interrupts are disabled
- bit 4      **BOEN:** Buffer Overwrite Enable bit (I<sup>2</sup>C Slave mode only)  
             1 = I2CxRCV is updated and an ACK is generated for a received address/data byte, ignoring the state of the I2COV bit only if RBF bit = 0  
             0 = I2CxRCV is only updated when I2COV is clear
- bit 3      **SDAHT:** SDAx Hold Time Selection bit  
             1 = Minimum of 300 ns hold time on SDAx after the falling edge of SCLx  
             0 = Minimum of 100 ns hold time on SDAx after the falling edge of SCLx
- bit 2      **SBCDE:** Slave Mode Bus Collision Detect Enable bit (I<sup>2</sup>C Slave mode only)  
             If, on the rising edge of SCLx, SDAx is sampled low when the module is outputting a high state, the BCL bit is set and the bus goes Idle. This Detection mode is only valid during data and ACK transmit sequences.  
             1 = Enables Slave bus collision interrupts  
             0 = Slave bus collision interrupts are disabled
- bit 1      **AHEN:** Address Hold Enable bit (I<sup>2</sup>C Slave mode only)  
             1 = Following the 8th falling edge of SCLx for a matching received address byte; SCLREL bit (I2CxCONL<12>) will be cleared and the SCLx will be held low  
             0 = Address holding is disabled
- bit 0      **DHEN:** Data Hold Enable bit (I<sup>2</sup>C Slave mode only)  
             1 = Following the 8th falling edge of SCLx for a received data byte; Slave hardware clears the SCLREL bit (I2CxCONL<12>) and SCLx is held low  
             0 = Data holding is disabled

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## REGISTER 15-3: I2CxSTAT: I2Cx STATUS REGISTER

|         |         |         |     |     |           |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|-----|-----|-----------|---------|---------|
| HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | U-0 | U-0 | HSC/R/C-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 |
| ACKSTAT | TRSTAT  | ACKTIM  | —   | —   | BCL       | GCSTAT  | ADD10   |
| bit 15  |         |         |     |     |           | bit 8   |         |

|          |          |              |         |         |              |         |         |
|----------|----------|--------------|---------|---------|--------------|---------|---------|
| HS/R/C-0 | HS/R/C-0 | HSC/R-0      | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0      | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 |
| IWCOL    | I2COV    | D/ $\bar{A}$ | P       | S       | R/ $\bar{W}$ | RBF     | TBF     |
| bit 7    |          |              |         |         |              | bit 0   |         |

|                   |                   |                                       |
|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | C = Clearable bit | HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit  | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set  | '0' = Bit is cleared                  |
|                   |                   | HS = Hardware Settable bit            |

- bit 15      **ACKSTAT:** Acknowledge Status bit (updated in all Master and Slave modes)  
 1 = Acknowledge was not received from Slave  
 0 = Acknowledge was received from Slave
- bit 14      **TRSTAT:** Transmit Status bit (when operating as I<sup>2</sup>C Master; applicable to Master transmit operation)  
 1 = Master transmit is in progress (8 bits + ACK)  
 0 = Master transmit is not in progress
- bit 13      **ACKTIM:** Acknowledge Time Status bit (valid in I<sup>2</sup>C Slave mode only)  
 1 = Indicates I<sup>2</sup>C bus is in an Acknowledge sequence, set on 8th falling edge of SCLx clock  
 0 = Not an Acknowledge sequence, cleared on 9th rising edge of SCLx clock
- bit 12-11    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10      **BCL:** Bus Collision Detect bit (Master/Slave mode; cleared when I<sup>2</sup>C module is disabled, I2CEN = 0)  
 1 = A bus collision has been detected during a Master or Slave transmit operation  
 0 = No bus collision has been detected
- bit 9        **GCSTAT:** General Call Status bit (cleared after Stop detection)  
 1 = General call address was received  
 0 = General call address was not received
- bit 8        **ADD10:** 10-Bit Address Status bit (cleared after Stop detection)  
 1 = 10-bit address was matched  
 0 = 10-bit address was not matched
- bit 7        **IWCOL:** I2Cx Write Collision Detect bit  
 1 = An attempt to write to the I2CxTRN register failed because the I<sup>2</sup>C module is busy; must be cleared in software  
 0 = No collision
- bit 6        **I2COV:** I2Cx Receive Overflow Flag bit  
 1 = A byte was received while the I2CxRCV register is still holding the previous byte; I2COV is a “don't care” in Transmit mode, must be cleared in software  
 0 = No overflow
- bit 5        **D/ $\bar{A}$ :** Data/Address bit (when operating as I<sup>2</sup>C Slave)  
 1 = Indicates that the last byte received was data  
 0 = Indicates that the last byte received or transmitted was an address
- bit 4        **P:** I2Cx Stop bit  
 Updated when Start, Reset or Stop is detected; cleared when the I<sup>2</sup>C module is disabled, I2CEN = 0.  
 1 = Indicates that a Stop bit has been detected last  
 0 = Stop bit was not detected last

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## REGISTER 15-3: I2CxSTAT: I2Cx STATUS REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 3      **S:** I2Cx Start bit  
 Updated when Start, Reset or Stop is detected; cleared when the I<sup>2</sup>C module is disabled, I2CEN = 0.  
 1 = Indicates that a Start (or Repeated Start) bit has been detected last  
 0 = Start bit was not detected last
- bit 2      **R/W:** Read/Write Information bit (when operating as I<sup>2</sup>C Slave)  
 1 = Read: Indicates the data transfer is output from the Slave  
 0 = Write: Indicates the data transfer is input to the Slave
- bit 1      **RBF:** Receive Buffer Full Status bit  
 1 = Receive is complete, I2CxRCV is full  
 0 = Receive is not complete, I2CxRCV is empty
- bit 0      **TBF:** Transmit Buffer Full Status bit  
 1 = Transmit is in progress, I2CxTRN is full (8-bits of data)  
 0 = Transmit is complete, I2CxTRN is empty

## REGISTER 15-4: I2CxMSK: I2Cx SLAVE MODE ADDRESS MASK REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |          |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | MSK<9:8> |       |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8    |       |

|          |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| MSK<7:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7    |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15-10    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 9-0      **MSK<9:0>:** I2Cx Mask for Address Bit x Select bits  
 1 = Enables masking for bit x of the incoming message address; bit match is not required in this position  
 0 = Disables masking for bit x; bit match is required in this position

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NOTES:



## 16.0 SINGLE-EDGE NIBBLE TRANSMISSION (SENT)

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of this group of dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**Single-Edge Nibble Transmission (SENT) Module**” (DS70005145) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

**2:** Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 3.2 “Master Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

**3:** This SENT module is available only on the Master.

Table 16-1 shows an overview of the SENT module.

**TABLE 16-1: SENT MODULE OVERVIEW**

|             | Number of SENT Modules | Identical (Modules) |
|-------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| Master Core | 2                      | Yes                 |
| Slave Core  | None                   | NA                  |

### 16.1 Module Introduction

The Single-Edge Nibble Transmission (SENT) module is based on the SAE J2716, “*SENT – Single-Edge Nibble Transmission for Automotive Applications*”. The SENT protocol is a one-way, single wire time modulated serial communication, based on successive falling edges. It is intended for use in applications where high-resolution sensor data needs to be communicated from a sensor to an Engine Control Unit (ECU).

The SENTx module has the following major features:

- Selectable Transmit or Receive mode
- Synchronous or Asynchronous Transmit modes
- Automatic Data Rate Synchronization
- Optional Automatic Detection of CRC Errors in Receive mode
- Optional Hardware Calculation of CRC in Transmit mode
- Support for Optional Pause Pulse Period
- Data Buffering for One Message Frame
- Selectable Data Length for Transmit/Receive from Three to Six Nibbles
- Automatic Detection of Framing Errors

SENT protocol timing is based on a predetermined time unit,  $T_{TICK}$ . Both the transmitter and receiver must be preconfigured for  $T_{TICK}$ , which can vary from 3 to 90  $\mu s$ . A SENT message frame starts with a Sync pulse. The purpose of the Sync pulse is to allow the receiver to calculate the data rate of the message encoded by the transmitter. The SENT specification allows messages to be validated with up to a 20% variation in  $T_{TICK}$ . This allows for the transmitter and receiver to run from different clocks that may be inaccurate, and drift with time and temperature. The data nibbles are four bits in length and are encoded as the data value + 12 ticks. This yields a 0 value of 12 ticks and the maximum value, 0xF, of 27 ticks.

A SENT message consists of the following:

- A synchronization/calibration period of 56 tick times
- A status nibble of 12-27 tick times
- Up to six data nibbles of 12-27 tick times
- A CRC nibble of 12-27 tick times
- An optional pause pulse period of 12-768 tick times

Figure 16-1 shows a block diagram of the SENTx module.

Figure 16-2 shows the construction of a typical 6-nibble data frame, with the numbers representing the minimum or maximum number of tick times for each section.

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FIGURE 16-1: SENTx MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



FIGURE 16-2: SENTx PROTOCOL DATA FRAMES



## 16.2 Transmit Mode

By default, the SENTx module is configured for transmit operation. The module can be configured for continuous asynchronous message frame transmission, or alternatively, for Synchronous mode triggered by software. When enabled, the transmitter will send a Sync, followed by the appropriate number of data nibbles, an optional CRC and optional pause pulse. The tick period used by the SENTx transmitter is set by writing a value to the TICKTIME<15:0> (SENTxCON2<15:0>) bits. The tick period calculations are shown in [Equation 16-1](#).

### EQUATION 16-1: TICK PERIOD CALCULATION

$$TICKTIME<15:0> = \frac{T_{TICK}}{T_{CLK}} - 1$$

An optional pause pulse can be used in Asynchronous mode to provide a fixed message frame time period. The frame period used by the SENTx transmitter is set by writing a value to the FRAMETIME<15:0> (SENTxCON3<15:0>) bits. The formulas used to calculate the value of frame time are shown in [Equation 16-2](#).

### EQUATION 16-2: FRAME TIME CALCULATIONS

$$FRAMETIME<15:0> = T_{TICK}/T_{FRAME}$$

$$FRAMETIME<15:0> \geq 122 + 27N$$

$$FRAMETIME<15:0> \geq 848 + 12N$$

Where:

$T_{FRAME}$  = Total time of the message from ms

$N$  = The number of data nibbles in message, 1-6

**Note:** The module will not produce a pause period with less than 12 ticks, regardless of the FRAMETIME<15:0> value. FRAMETIME<15:0> values beyond 2047 will have no effect on the length of a data frame.

## 16.2.1 TRANSMIT MODE CONFIGURATION

### 16.2.1.1 Initializing the SENTx Module

Perform the following steps to initialize the module:

1. Write RCVEN (SENTxCON1<11>) = 0 for Transmit mode.
2. Write TXM (SENTxCON1<10>) = 0 for Asynchronous Transmit mode or TXM = 1 for Synchronous mode.
3. Write NIBCNT<2:0> (SENTxCON1<2:0>) for the desired data frame length.
4. Write CRCEN (SENTxCON1<8>) for hardware or software CRC calculation.
5. Write PPP (SENTxCON1<7>) for optional pause pulse.
6. If PPP = 1, write TFRAME to SENTxCON3.
7. Write SENTxCON2 with the appropriate value for the desired tick period.
8. Enable interrupts and set interrupt priority.
9. Write initial status and data values to SENTxDATH/L.
10. If CRCEN = 0, calculate CRC and write the value to CRC<3:0> (SENTxDATL<3:0>).
11. Set the SNTEN (SENTxCON1<15>) bit to enable the module.

User software updates to SENTxDATH/L must be performed after the completion of the CRC and before the next message frame's status nibble. The recommended method is to use the message frame completion interrupt to trigger data writes.

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## 16.3 Receive Mode

The module can be configured for receive operation by setting the RCVEN (SENTxCON1<11>) bit. The time between each falling edge is compared to SYNCMIN<15:0> (SENTxCON3<15:0>) and SYNCMAX<15:0> (SENTxCON2<15:0>), and if the measured time lies between the minimum and maximum limits, the module begins to receive data. The validated Sync time is captured in the SENTxSYNC register and the tick time is calculated. Subsequent falling edges are verified to be within the valid data width and the data is stored in the SENTxDATL/H registers. An interrupt event is generated at the completion of the message and the user software should read the SENTx Data registers before the reception of the next nibble. The equation for SYNCMIN<15:0> and SYNCMAX<15:0> is shown in Equation 16-3.

### EQUATION 16-3: SYNCMIN<15:0> AND SYNCMAX<15:0> CALCULATIONS

$$\begin{aligned}T_{TICK} &= T_{CLK} \cdot (TICKTIME<15:0> + 1) \\FRAMETIME<15:0> &= T_{TICK}/T_{FRAME} \\SyncCount &= 8 \times FRCV \times T_{TICK} \\SYNCMIN<15:0> &= 0.8 \times SyncCount \\SYNCMAX<15:0> &= 1.2 \times SyncCount \\FRAMETIME<15:0> &\geq 122 + 27N \\FRAMETIME<15:0> &\geq 848 + 12N\end{aligned}$$

Where:

$T_{FRAME}$  = Total time of the message from ms  
 $N$  = The number of data nibbles in message, 1-6  
 $FRCV$  =  $F_{CY} \times$  Prescaler  
 $T_{CLK}$  =  $F_{CY}/$ Prescaler

For  $T_{TICK} = 3.0 \mu s$  and  $F_{CLK} = 4 \text{ MHz}$ ,  
 $SYNCMIN<15:0> = 76$ .

**Note:** To ensure a Sync period can be identified, the value written to SYNCMIN<15:0> must be less than the value written to SYNCMAX<15:0>.

## 16.3.1 RECEIVE MODE CONFIGURATION

### 16.3.1.1 Initializing the SENTx Module

Perform the following steps to initialize the module:

1. Write RCVEN (SENTxCON1<11>) = 1 for Receive mode.
2. Write NIBCNT<2:0> (SENTxCON1<2:0>) for the desired data frame length.
3. Write CRCEN (SENTxCON1<8>) for hardware or software CRC validation.
4. Write PPP (SENTxCON1<7>) = 1 if pause pulse is present.
5. Write SENTxCON2 with the value of SYNCMAXx (Nominal Sync Period + 20%).
6. Write SENTxCON3 with the value of SYNCMINx (Nominal Sync Period – 20%).
7. Enable interrupts and set interrupt priority.
8. Set the SNTEN (SENTxCON1<15>) bit to enable the module.

The data should be read from the SENTxDATL/H registers after the completion of the CRC and before the next message frame's status nibble. The recommended method is to use the message frame completion interrupt trigger.

## 16.4 SENT Control/Status Registers

**REGISTER 16-1: SENTxCON1: SENTx CONTROL REGISTER 1**

|        |     |         |     |       |                    |                      |       |
|--------|-----|---------|-----|-------|--------------------|----------------------|-------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0   | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0              | R/W-0                | R/W-0 |
| SNTEN  | —   | SNTSIDL | —   | RCVEN | TXM <sup>(1)</sup> | TXPOL <sup>(1)</sup> | CRCEN |
| bit 15 |     |         |     |       |                    |                      | bit 8 |

|       |                      |     |       |     |         |         |         |
|-------|----------------------|-----|-------|-----|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0                | U-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| PPP   | SPCEN <sup>(2)</sup> | —   | PS    | —   | NIBCNT2 | NIBCNT1 | NIBCNT0 |
| bit 7 |                      |     |       |     |         |         | bit 0   |

**Legend:**

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15      **SNTEN:** SENTx Enable bit  
             1 = SENTx is enabled  
             0 = SENTx is disabled
- bit 14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13      **SNTSIDL:** SENTx Stop in Idle Mode bit  
             1 = Discontinues module operation when the device enters Idle mode  
             0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11      **RCVEN:** SENTx Receive Enable bit  
             1 = SENTx operates as a receiver  
             0 = SENTx operates as a transmitter (sensor)
- bit 10      **TXM:** SENTx Transmit Mode bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
             1 = SENTx transmits data frame only when triggered using the SYNCTXEN status bit  
             0 = SENTx transmits data frames continuously while SNTEN = 1
- bit 9        **TXPOL:** SENTx Transmit Polarity bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
             1 = SENTx data output pin is low in the Idle state  
             0 = SENTx data output pin is high in the Idle state
- bit 8        **CRCEN:** CRC Enable bit  
             Module in Receive Mode (RCVEN = 1):  
             1 = SENTx performs CRC verification on received data using the preferred J2716 method  
             0 = SENTx does not perform CRC verification on received data  
             Module in Transmit Mode (RCVEN = 1):  
             1 = SENTx automatically calculates CRC using the preferred J2716 method  
             0 = SENTx does not calculate CRC
- bit 7        **PPP:** Pause Pulse Present bit  
             1 = SENTx is configured to transmit/receive SENT messages with pause pulse  
             0 = SENTx is configured to transmit/receive SENT messages without pause pulse
- bit 6        **SPCEN:** Short PWM Code Enable bit<sup>(2)</sup>  
             1 = SPC control from external source is enabled  
             0 = SPC control from external source is disabled
- bit 5        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note 1:** This bit has no function in Receive mode (RCVEN = 1).  
**Note 2:** This bit has no function in Transmit mode (RCVEN = 0).

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## REGISTER 16-1: SENTxCON1: SENTx CONTROL REGISTER 1 (CONTINUED)

bit 4            **PS:** SENTx Module Clock Prescaler (divider) bits

1 = Divide-by-4

0 = Divide-by-1

bit 3            **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-0        **NIBCNT<2:0>:** Nibble Count Control bits

111 = Reserved; do not use

110 = Module transmits/receives six data nibbles in a SENT data pocket

101 = Module transmits/receives five data nibbles in a SENT data pocket

100 = Module transmits/receives four data nibbles in a SENT data pocket

011 = Module transmits/receives three data nibbles in a SENT data pocket

010 = Module transmits/receives two data nibbles in a SENT data pocket

001 = Module transmits/receives one data nibble in a SENT data pocket

000 = Reserved; do not use

**Note 1:** This bit has no function in Receive mode (RCVEN = 1).

**2:** This bit has no function in Transmit mode (RCVEN = 0).

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## REGISTER 16-2: SENTxSTAT: SENTx STATUS REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |      |      |      |        |        |        |                         |
|-------|------|------|------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------------|
| R-0   | R-0  | R-0  | R-0  | R-0    | R/C-0  | R-0    | HC/R/W-0                |
| PAUSE | NIB2 | NIB1 | NIB0 | CRCERR | FRMERR | RXIDLE | SYNCTXEN <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 7 |      |      |      |        |        |        | bit 0                   |

|                   |                   |  |
|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | C = Clearable bit | HC = Hardware Clearable bit                  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit  | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set  | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15-8      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7      **PAUSE:** Pause Period Status bit

- 1 = The module is transmitting/receiving a pause period
- 0 = The module is not transmitting/receiving a pause period

bit 6-4      **NIB<2:0>:** Nibble Status bits

Module in Transmit Mode (RCVEN = 0):

- 111 = Module is transmitting a CRC nibble
- 110 = Module is transmitting Data Nibble 6
- 101 = Module is transmitting Data Nibble 5
- 100 = Module is transmitting Data Nibble 4
- 011 = Module is transmitting Data Nibble 3
- 010 = Module is transmitting Data Nibble 2
- 001 = Module is transmitting Data Nibble 1
- 000 = Module is transmitting a status nibble or pause period, or is not transmitting

Module in Receive Mode (RCVEN = 1):

- 111 = Module is receiving a CRC nibble or was receiving this nibble when an error occurred
- 110 = Module is receiving Data Nibble 6 or was receiving this nibble when an error occurred
- 101 = Module is receiving Data Nibble 5 or was receiving this nibble when an error occurred
- 100 = Module is receiving Data Nibble 4 or was receiving this nibble when an error occurred
- 011 = Module is receiving Data Nibble 3 or was receiving this nibble when an error occurred
- 010 = Module is receiving Data Nibble 2 or was receiving this nibble when an error occurred
- 001 = Module is receiving Data Nibble 1 or was receiving this nibble when an error occurred
- 000 = Module is receiving a status nibble or waiting for Sync

bit 3      **CRCERR:** CRC Status bit (Receive mode only)

- 1 = A CRC error has occurred for the 1-6 data nibbles in SENTxDATL/H
- 0 = A CRC error has not occurred

bit 2      **FRMERR:** Framing Error Status bit (Receive mode only)

- 1 = A data nibble was received with less than 12 tick periods or greater than 27 tick periods
- 0 = Framing error has not occurred

bit 1      **RXIDLE:** SENTx Receiver Idle Status bit (Receive mode only)

- 1 = The SENTx data bus has been Idle (high) for a period of SYNCMAX<15:0> or greater
- 0 = The SENTx data bus is not Idle

**Note 1:** In Receive mode (RCVEN = 1), the SYNCTXEN bit is read-only.

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## REGISTER 16-2: SENTxSTAT: SENTx STATUS REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 0

**SYNCTXEN:** SENTx Synchronization Period Status/Transmit Enable bit<sup>(1)</sup>

Module in Receive Mode (RCVEN = 1):

1 = A valid synchronization period was detected; the module is receiving nibble data

0 = No synchronization period has been detected; the module is not receiving nibble data

Module in Asynchronous Transmit Mode (RCVEN = 0, TXM = 0):

The bit always reads as '1' when the module is enabled, indicating the module transmits SENTx data frames continuously. The bit reads '0' when the module is disabled.

Module in Synchronous Transmit Mode (RCVEN = 0, TXM = 1):

1 = The module is transmitting a SENTx data frame

0 = The module is not transmitting a data frame, user software may set SYNCTXEN to start another data frame transmission

**Note 1:** In Receive mode (RCVEN = 1), the SYNCTXEN bit is read-only.



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## REGISTER 16-3: SENTxDATL: SENTx RECEIVE DATA REGISTER LOW<sup>(1)</sup>

|            |       |       |       |            |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|------------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| DATA4<3:0> |       |       |       | DATA5<3:0> |       |       |       |
| bit 15     |       |       |       | bit 8      |       |       |       |

|            |       |       |       |          |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|----------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| DATA6<3:0> |       |       |       | CRC<3:0> |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       | bit 0    |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-12      **DATA4<3:0>**: Data Nibble 4 Data bits  
bit 11-8        **DATA5<3:0>**: Data Nibble 5 Data bits  
bit 7-4         **DATA6<3:0>**: Data Nibble 6 Data bits  
bit 3-0         **CRC<3:0>**: CRC Nibble Data bits

**Note 1:** Register bits are read-only in Receive mode (RCVEN = 1). In Transmit mode, the CRC<3:0> bits are read-only when automatic CRC calculation is enabled (RCVEN = 0, CRCEN = 1).

## REGISTER 16-4: SENTxDATH: SENTx RECEIVE DATA REGISTER HIGH<sup>(1)</sup>

|           |       |       |       |            |       |       |       |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|------------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0     | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| STAT<3:0> |       |       |       | DATA1<3:0> |       |       |       |
| bit 15    |       |       |       | bit 8      |       |       |       |

|            |       |       |       |            |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|------------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| DATA2<3:0> |       |       |       | DATA3<3:0> |       |       |       |
| bit 7      |       |       |       | bit 0      |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-12      **STAT<3:0>**: Status Nibble Data bits  
bit 11-8        **DATA1<3:0>**: Data Nibble 1 Data bits  
bit 7-4         **DATA2<3:0>**: Data Nibble 2 Data bits  
bit 3-0         **DATA3<3:0>**: Data Nibble 3 Data bits

**Note 1:** Register bits are read-only in Receive mode (RCVEN = 1). In Transmit mode, the CRC<3:0> bits are read-only when automatic CRC calculation is enabled (RCVEN = 0, CRCEN = 1).

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NOTES:

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 17.0 TIMER1

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**Timer1 Module**” (DS70005279) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

**2:** The timer is identical for both Master core and Slave core. The x is common for both Master core and Slave core (where the x represents the number of the specific module being addressed).

**3:** All associated register names are the same on the Master core and the Slave core. The Slave code will be developed in a separate project in MPLAB® X IDE with the device selection, dsPIC33CH128MP508S1, where S1 indicates the Slave device.

The Timer1 module is a 16-bit timer that can operate as a free-running interval timer/counter.

The Timer1 module has the following unique features over other timers:

- Can be Operated in Asynchronous Counter mode
- Asynchronous Timer
- Operational during CPU Sleep mode
- Software Selectable Prescalers 1:1, 1:8, 1:64 and 1:256
- External Clock Selection Control
- The Timer1 External Clock Input (T1CK) can Optionally be Synchronized to the Internal Device Clock and the Clock Synchronization is Performed after the Prescaler

If Timer1 is used for SCCP, the timer should be running in Synchronous mode.

The Timer1 module can operate in one of the following modes:

- Timer mode
- Gated Timer mode
- Synchronous Counter mode
- Asynchronous Counter mode

Table 17-1 shows an overview of the Timer1 module.

**TABLE 17-1: TIMER1 MODULE OVERVIEW**

|             | Number of Timer1 Modules | Identical (Modules) |
|-------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Master Core | 1                        | Yes                 |
| Slave Core  | 1                        | Yes                 |

A block diagram of Timer1 is shown in Figure 17-1.

**FIGURE 17-1: 16-BIT TIMER1 MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM**



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## 17.1 Timer1 Control Register

REGISTER 17-1: T1CON: TIMER1 CONTROL REGISTER

|                    |     |       |        |       |       |       |       |
|--------------------|-----|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0              | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | R-0   | R-0   | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| TON <sup>(1)</sup> | —   | SIDL  | TMWDIS | TMWIP | PRWIP | TECS1 | TECS0 |
| bit 15             |     |       |        |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|       |     |        |        |     |                      |                    |       |
|-------|-----|--------|--------|-----|----------------------|--------------------|-------|
| R/W-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0                | R/W-0              | U-0   |
| TGATE | —   | TCKPS1 | TCKPS0 | —   | TSYNC <sup>(1)</sup> | TCS <sup>(1)</sup> | —     |
| bit 7 |     |        |        |     |                      |                    | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **TON:** Timer1 On bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
             1 = Starts 16-bit Timer1  
             0 = Stops 16-bit Timer1
- bit 14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13      **SIDL:** Timer1 Stop in Idle Mode bit  
             1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode  
             0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12      **TMWDIS:** Asynchronous Timer1 Write Disable bit  
             1 = Timer writes are ignored while a posted write to TMR1 or PR1 is synchronized to the asynchronous clock domain  
             0 = Back-to-back writes are enabled in Asynchronous mode
- bit 11      **TMWIP:** Asynchronous Timer1 Write in Progress bit  
             1 = Write to the timer in Asynchronous mode is pending  
             0 = Write to the timer in Asynchronous mode is complete
- bit 10      **PRWIP:** Asynchronous Period Write in Progress bit  
             1 = Write to the Period register in Asynchronous mode is pending  
             0 = Write to the Period register in Asynchronous mode is complete
- bit 9-8     **TECS<1:0>:** Timer1 Extended Clock Select bits  
             11 = FRC clock  
             10 = 2 Tcy  
             01 = Tcy  
             00 = External Clock comes from the T1CK pin
- bit 7      **TGATE:** Timer1 Gated Time Accumulation Enable bit  
             When TCS = 1:  
             This bit is ignored.  
             When TCS = 0:  
             1 = Gated time accumulation is enabled  
             0 = Gated time accumulation is disabled
- bit 6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note 1:** When Timer1 is enabled in External Synchronous Counter mode (TCS = 1, TSYNC = 1, TON = 1), any attempts by user software to write to the TMR1 register are ignored.

## REGISTER 17-1: T1CON: TIMER1 CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 5-4      **TCKPS<1:0>**: Timer1 Input Clock Prescale Select bits

11 = 1:256

10 = 1:64

01 = 1:8

00 = 1:1

bit 3      **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 2      **TSYNC**: Timer1 External Clock Input Synchronization Select bit<sup>(1)</sup>

When TCS = 1:

1 = Synchronizes the External Clock input

0 = Does not synchronize the External Clock input

When TCS = 0:

This bit is ignored.

bit 1      **TCS**: Timer1 Clock Source Select bit<sup>(1)</sup>

1 = External Clock source selected by TECS<1:0>

0 = Internal peripheral clock (FP)

bit 0      **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

**Note 1:** When Timer1 is enabled in External Synchronous Counter mode (TCS = 1, TSYNC = 1, TON = 1), any attempts by user software to write to the TMR1 register are ignored.

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NOTES:

## 18.0 CONFIGURABLE LOGIC CELL (CLC)

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. For more information, refer to “**Configurable Logic Cell (CLC)**” (DS70005298) in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)). The information in this data sheet supersedes the information in the FRM.

- 2: The CLC is identical for both Master core and Slave core (where the x represents the number of the specific module being addressed in Master or Slave).
- 3: All associated register names are the same on the Master core and the Slave core. The Slave code will be developed in a separate project in MPLAB® X IDE with the device selection, dsPIC33CH128MP508**S1**, where the **S1** indicates the Slave device. The Master and Slave are CLC1 and CLC2.

The Configurable Logic Cell (CLC) module allows the user to specify combinations of signals as inputs to a logic function and to use the logic output to control other peripherals or I/O pins. This provides greater flexibility and potential in embedded designs, since the CLC module can operate outside the limitations of software execution, and supports a vast amount of output designs.

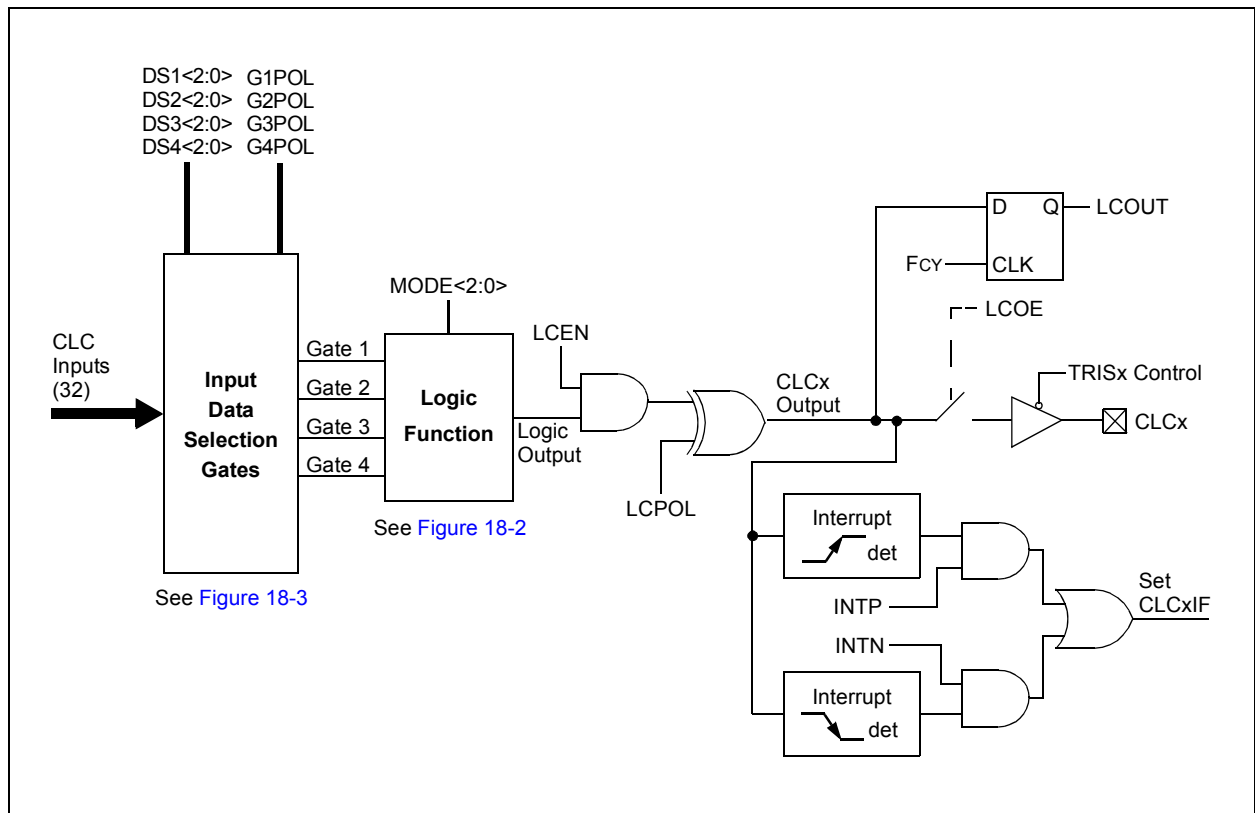
There are four input gates to the selected logic function. These four input gates select from a pool of up to 32 signals that are selected using four data source selection multiplexers. Table 18-1 shows an overview of the module.

**TABLE 18-1: CLC MODULE OVERVIEW**

|        | Number of CLC Modules | Identical (Modules) |
|--------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Master | 4                     | Yes                 |
| Slave  | 4                     | Yes                 |

Figure 18-3 shows the details of the data source multiplexers and Figure 18-2 shows the logic input gate connections.

**FIGURE 18-1: CLCx MODULE**



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**FIGURE 18-2: CLCx LOGIC FUNCTION COMBINATORIAL OPTIONS**





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**FIGURE 18-3: CLCx INPUT SOURCE SELECTION DIAGRAM**



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## 18.1 Control Registers

The CLCx module is controlled by the following registers:

- CLCxCONL
- CLCxCONH
- CLCxSEL
- CLCxGLSL
- CLCxGLSH

The CLCx Control registers (CLCxCONL and CLCxCONH) are used to enable the module and interrupts, control the output enable bit, select output polarity and select the logic function. The CLCx Control registers also allow the user to control the logic polarity of not only the cell output, but also some intermediate variables.

The CLCx Input MUX Select register (CLCxSEL) allows the user to select up to four data input sources using the four data input selection multiplexers. Each multiplexer has a list of eight data sources available.

The CLCx Gate Logic Input Select registers (CLCxGLSL and CLCxGLSH) allow the user to select which outputs from each of the selection MUXes are used as inputs to the input gates of the logic cell. Each data source MUX outputs both a true and a negated version of its output. All of these eight signals are enabled, ORed together by the logic cell input gates.

### REGISTER 18-1: CLCxCONL: CLCx CONTROL REGISTER (LOW)

|        |     |     |     |       |       |     |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| LCEN   | —   | —   | —   | INTP  | INTN  | —   | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     | bit 8 |       |     |     |

|       |       |       |     |     |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|
| R-0   | R-0   | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| LCOE  | LCOUT | LCPOL | —   | —   | MODE2 | MODE1 | MODE0 |
| bit 7 |       |       |     |     |       | bit 0 |       |

#### Legend:

|                   |                  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'           |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 15      **LCEN:** CLCx Enable bit  
 1 = CLCx is enabled and mixing input signals  
 0 = CLCx is disabled and has logic zero outputs
- bit 14-12      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11      **INTP:** CLCx Positive Edge Interrupt Enable bit  
 1 = Interrupt will be generated when a rising edge occurs on LCOUT  
 0 = Interrupt will not be generated
- bit 10      **INTN:** CLCx Negative Edge Interrupt Enable bit  
 1 = Interrupt will be generated when a falling edge occurs on LCOUT  
 0 = Interrupt will not be generated
- bit 9-8      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7      **LCOE:** CLCx Port Enable bit  
 1 = CLCx port pin output is enabled  
 0 = CLCx port pin output is disabled
- bit 6      **LCOUT:** CLCx Data Output Status bit  
 1 = CLCx output high  
 0 = CLCx output low
- bit 5      **LCPOL:** CLCx Output Polarity Control bit  
 1 = The output of the module is inverted  
 0 = The output of the module is not inverted
- bit 4-3      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 18-1: CLCxCONL: CLCx CONTROL REGISTER (LOW) (CONTINUED)

bit 2-0     **MODE<2:0>**: CLCx Mode bits  
 111 = Single input transparent latch with S and R  
 110 = JK flip-flop with R  
 101 = Two-input D flip-flop with R  
 100 = Single input D flip-flop with S and R  
 011 = SR latch  
 010 = Four-input AND  
 001 = Four-input OR-XOR  
 000 = Four-input AND-OR

## REGISTER 18-2: CLCxCONH: CLCx CONTROL REGISTER (HIGH)

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | G4POL | G3POL | G2POL | G1POL |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |   |
|-------------------|------------------|---|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'          |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared     x = Bit is unknown |

bit 15-4     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3     **G4POL:** Gate 4 Polarity Control bit  
 1 = Channel 4 logic output is inverted when applied to the logic cell  
 0 = Channel 4 logic output is not inverted

bit 2     **G3POL:** Gate 3 Polarity Control bit  
 1 = Channel 3 logic output is inverted when applied to the logic cell  
 0 = Channel 3 logic output is not inverted

bit 1     **G2POL:** Gate 2 Polarity Control bit  
 1 = Channel 2 logic output is inverted when applied to the logic cell  
 0 = Channel 2 logic output is not inverted

bit 0     **G1POL:** Gate 1 Polarity Control bit  
 1 = Channel 1 logic output is inverted when applied to the logic cell  
 0 = Channel 1 logic output is not inverted

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## REGISTER 18-3: CLCxSEL: CLCx INPUT MUX SELECT REGISTER

|        |          |       |       |       |          |       |       |
|--------|----------|-------|-------|-------|----------|-------|-------|
| U-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0   | R/W-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —      | DS4<2:0> |       |       | —     | DS3<2:0> |       |       |
| bit 15 |          |       |       | bit 8 |          |       |       |

|       |          |       |       |       |          |       |       |
|-------|----------|-------|-------|-------|----------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | R/W-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0   | R/W-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | DS2<2:0> |       |       | —     | DS1<2:0> |       |       |
| bit 7 |          |       |       | bit 0 |          |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-12 **DS4<2:0>:** Data Selection MUX 4 Signal Selection bits (Master)

111 = Master SCCP3 auxiliary out

110 = Master SCCP1 auxiliary out

101 = CLCIND RP pin

100 = Reserved

011 = Master SPI1 Input (SDIx)<sup>(1)</sup>

010 = Slave Comparator 2 out

001 = Master CLC2 output

000 = Master PWM event

**DS4<2:0>:** Data Selection MUX 4 Signal Selection bits (Slave)

111 = Slave SCCP3 auxiliary out

110 = Slave SCCP1 auxiliary out

101 = Slave CLCIND

100 = Reserved

011 = Slave SPI1 Input (SDIx)<sup>(1)</sup>

010 = Slave Comparator 2 out

001 = Slave CLC2 out

000 = Slave PWM event

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 **DS3<2:0>:** Data Selection MUX 3 Signal Selection bits (Master)

111 = Master SCCP4 Compare Event Flag (CCP4IF)

110 = Master SCCP3 Compare Event Flag (CCP3IF)

101 = CLC4 out

100 = Master UART1 RX output corresponding to CLCx module

011 = Master SPI1 Output (SDOx) corresponding to CLCx module

010 = Slave Comparator 1 output

001 = Master CLC1 output

000 = Master CLCINC I/O pin

**DS3<2:0>:** Data Selection MUX 3 Signal Selection bits (Slave)

111 = Slave SCCP4 Compare Event Flag (CCP4IF)

110 = Slave SCCP3 Compare Event Flag (CCP3IF)

101 = Slave CLC4 out

100 = Slave UART1 RX output corresponding to CLCx module

011 = Slave SPI1 Output (SDOx) corresponding to CLCx module

010 = Slave Comparator 1 output

001 = Slave CLC1 output

000 = Slave CLCINC I/O pin

**Note 1:** Valid only for the SPI with PPS selection.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 18-3: CLCxSEL: CLCx INPUT MUX SELECT REGISTER (CONTINUED)

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| bit 7   | <b>Unimplemented:</b> Read as '0'  |
| bit 6-4 | <b>DS2&lt;2:0&gt;:</b> Data Selection MUX 2 Signal Selection bits (Master)<br>111 = Master SCCP2 OC (CCP2IF) out<br>110 = Master SCCP1 OC (CCP1IF) out<br>101 = Reserved<br>100 = Reserved<br>011 = Master UART1 TX input corresponding to CLCx module<br>010 = Master Comparator 1 output<br>001 = Slave CLC2 output<br>000 = Master CLCINB I/O pin<br><b>DS2&lt;2:0&gt;:</b> Data Selection MUX 2 Signal Selection bits (Slave)<br>111 = Slave SCCP2 OC (CCP2IF) out<br>110 = Slave SCCP1 OC (CCP1IF) out<br>101 = Reserved<br>100 = Reserved<br>011 = Slave UART1 TX input corresponding to CLCx module<br>010 = Master Comparator 1 output<br>001 = Master CLC2 output<br>000 = Slave CLCINB I/O pin |
| bit 3   | <b>Unimplemented:</b> Read as '0'  |
| bit 2-0 | <b>DS1&lt;2:0&gt;:</b> Data Selection MUX 1 Signal Selection bits (Master)<br>111 = Master SCCP4 auxiliary out<br>110 = Master SCCP2 auxiliary out<br>101 = Slave Comparator 3<br>100 = Master REFCLKO output<br>011 = Master INTRC/LPRC clock source<br>010 = CLC3 out<br>001 = Master system clock (Fcy)<br>000 = Master CLCINA I/O pin<br><b>DS1&lt;2:0&gt;:</b> Data Selection MUX 1 Signal Selection bits (Slave)<br>111 = Slave SCCP4 auxiliary out<br>110 = Slave SCCP2 auxiliary out<br>101 = Slave Comparator 3<br>100 = Slave REFCLKO output<br>011 = Slave INTRC/LPRC clock source<br>010 = Slave CLC3 out<br>001 = Slave system clock (Fcy)<br>000 = Slave CLCINA I/O pin                    |

**Note 1:** Valid only for the SPI with PPS selection.

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## REGISTER 18-4: CLCxGLSL: CLCx GATE LOGIC INPUT SELECT LOW REGISTER

|        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| G2D4T  | G2D4N | G2D3T | G2D3N | G2D2T | G2D2N | G2D1T | G2D1N |
| bit 15 |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |

|       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| G1D4T | G1D4N | G1D3T | G1D3N | G1D2T | G1D2N | G1D1T | G1D1N |
| bit 7 |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15            **G2D4T:** Gate 2 Data Source 4 True Enable bit  
                   1 = Data Source 4 signal is enabled for Gate 2  
                   0 = Data Source 4 signal is disabled for Gate 2
- bit 14            **G2D4N:** Gate 2 Data Source 4 Negated Enable bit  
                   1 = Data Source 4 inverted signal is enabled for Gate 2  
                   0 = Data Source 4 inverted signal is disabled for Gate 2
- bit 13            **G2D3T:** Gate 2 Data Source 3 True Enable bit  
                   1 = Data Source 3 signal is enabled for Gate 2  
                   0 = Data Source 3 signal is disabled for Gate 2
- bit 12            **G2D3N:** Gate 2 Data Source 3 Negated Enable bit  
                   1 = Data Source 3 inverted signal is enabled for Gate 2  
                   0 = Data Source 3 inverted signal is disabled for Gate 2
- bit 11            **G2D2T:** Gate 2 Data Source 2 True Enable bit  
                   1 = Data Source 2 signal is enabled for Gate 2  
                   0 = Data Source 2 signal is disabled for Gate 2
- bit 10            **G2D2N:** Gate 2 Data Source 2 Negated Enable bit  
                   1 = Data Source 2 inverted signal is enabled for Gate 2  
                   0 = Data Source 2 inverted signal is disabled for Gate 2
- bit 9             **G2D1T:** Gate 2 Data Source 1 True Enable bit  
                   1 = Data Source 1 signal is enabled for Gate 2  
                   0 = Data Source 1 signal is disabled for Gate 2
- bit 8             **G2D1N:** Gate 2 Data Source 1 Negated Enable bit  
                   1 = Data Source 1 inverted signal is enabled for Gate 2  
                   0 = Data Source 1 inverted signal is disabled for Gate 2
- bit 7             **G1D4T:** Gate 1 Data Source 4 True Enable bit  
                   1 = Data Source 4 signal is enabled for Gate 1  
                   0 = Data Source 4 signal is disabled for Gate 1
- bit 6             **G1D4N:** Gate 1 Data Source 4 Negated Enable bit  
                   1 = Data Source 4 inverted signal is enabled for Gate 1  
                   0 = Data Source 4 inverted signal is disabled for Gate 1
- bit 5             **G1D3T:** Gate 1 Data Source 3 True Enable bit  
                   1 = Data Source 3 signal is enabled for Gate 1  
                   0 = Data Source 3 signal is disabled for Gate 1
- bit 4             **G1D3N:** Gate 1 Data Source 3 Negated Enable bit  
                   1 = Data Source 3 inverted signal is enabled for Gate 1  
                   0 = Data Source 3 inverted signal is disabled for Gate 1

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## REGISTER 18-4: CLCxGLSL: CLCx GATE LOGIC INPUT SELECT LOW REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 3      **G1D2T:** Gate 1 Data Source 2 True Enable bit  
1 = Data Source 2 signal is enabled for Gate 1  
0 = Data Source 2 signal is disabled for Gate 1
- bit 2      **G1D2N:** Gate 1 Data Source 2 Negated Enable bit  
1 = Data Source 2 inverted signal is enabled for Gate 1  
0 = Data Source 2 inverted signal is disabled for Gate 1
- bit 1      **G1D1T:** Gate 1 Data Source 1 True Enable bit  
1 = Data Source 1 signal is enabled for Gate 1  
0 = Data Source 1 signal is disabled for Gate 1
- bit 0      **G1D1N:** Gate 1 Data Source 1 Negated Enable bit  
1 = Data Source 1 inverted signal is enabled for Gate 1  
0 = Data Source 1 inverted signal is disabled for Gate 1

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## REGISTER 18-5: CLCxGLSH: CLCx GATE LOGIC INPUT SELECT HIGH REGISTER

|        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| G4D4T  | G4D4N | G4D3T | G4D3N | G4D2T | G4D2N | G4D1T | G4D1N |
| bit 15 |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |

|       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| G3D4T | G3D4N | G3D3T | G3D3N | G3D2T | G3D2N | G3D1T | G3D1N |
| bit 7 |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15      **G4D4T:** Gate 4 Data Source 4 True Enable bit  
 1 = Data Source 4 signal is enabled for Gate 4  
 0 = Data Source 4 signal is disabled for Gate 4
- bit 14      **G4D4N:** Gate 4 Data Source 4 Negated Enable bit  
 1 = Data Source 4 inverted signal is enabled for Gate 4  
 0 = Data Source 4 inverted signal is disabled for Gate 4
- bit 13      **G4D3T:** Gate 4 Data Source 3 True Enable bit  
 1 = Data Source 3 signal is enabled for Gate 4  
 0 = Data Source 3 signal is disabled for Gate 4
- bit 12      **G4D3N:** Gate 4 Data Source 3 Negated Enable bit  
 1 = Data Source 3 inverted signal is enabled for Gate 4  
 0 = Data Source 3 inverted signal is disabled for Gate 4
- bit 11      **G4D2T:** Gate 4 Data Source 2 True Enable bit  
 1 = Data Source 2 signal is enabled for Gate 4  
 0 = Data Source 2 signal is disabled for Gate 4
- bit 10      **G4D2N:** Gate 4 Data Source 2 Negated Enable bit  
 1 = Data Source 2 inverted signal is enabled for Gate 4  
 0 = Data Source 2 inverted signal is disabled for Gate 4
- bit 9        **G4D1T:** Gate 4 Data Source 1 True Enable bit  
 1 = Data Source 1 signal is enabled for Gate 4  
 0 = Data Source 1 signal is disabled for Gate 4
- bit 8        **G4D1N:** Gate 4 Data Source 1 Negated Enable bit  
 1 = Data Source 1 inverted signal is enabled for Gate 4  
 0 = Data Source 1 inverted signal is disabled for Gate 4
- bit 7        **G3D4T:** Gate 3 Data Source 4 True Enable bit  
 1 = Data Source 4 signal is enabled for Gate 3  
 0 = Data Source 4 signal is disabled for Gate 3
- bit 6        **G3D4N:** Gate 3 Data Source 4 Negated Enable bit  
 1 = Data Source 4 inverted signal is enabled for Gate 3  
 0 = Data Source 4 inverted signal is disabled for Gate 3
- bit 5        **G3D3T:** Gate 3 Data Source 3 True Enable bit  
 1 = Data Source 3 signal is enabled for Gate 3  
 0 = Data Source 3 signal is disabled for Gate 3
- bit 4        **G3D3N:** Gate 3 Data Source 3 Negated Enable bit  
 1 = Data Source 3 inverted signal is enabled for Gate 3  
 0 = Data Source 3 inverted signal is disabled for Gate 3



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## REGISTER 18-5: CLCxGLSH: CLCx GATE LOGIC INPUT SELECT HIGH REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 3        **G3D2T:** Gate 3 Data Source 2 True Enable bit  
1 = Data Source 2 signal is enabled for Gate 3  
0 = Data Source 2 signal is disabled for Gate 3
- bit 2        **G3D2N:** Gate 3 Data Source 2 Negated Enable bit  
1 = Data Source 2 inverted signal is enabled for Gate 3  
0 = Data Source 2 inverted signal is disabled for Gate 3
- bit 1        **G3D1T:** Gate 3 Data Source 1 True Enable bit  
1 = Data Source 1 signal is enabled for Gate 3  
0 = Data Source 1 signal is disabled for Gate 3
- bit 0        **G3D1N:** Gate 3 Data Source 1 Negated Enable bit  
1 = Data Source 1 inverted signal is enabled for Gate 3  
0 = Data Source 1 inverted signal is disabled for Gate 3

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NOTES:

## 19.0 32-BIT PROGRAMMABLE CYCLIC REDUNDANCY CHECK (CRC) GENERATOR

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. For more information, refer to “**32-Bit Programmable Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)**” (DS30009729) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

**2:** The CRC module is available only on the Master.

The 32-bit programmable CRC generator provides a hardware implemented method of quickly generating checksums for various networking and security applications. It offers the following features:

- User-Programmable CRC Polynomial Equation, up to 32 Bits
- Programmable Shift Direction (little or big-endian)
- Independent Data and Polynomial Lengths
- Configurable Interrupt Output
- Data FIFO

A simple version of the CRC shift engine is displayed in [Figure 19-1](#). [Table 19-1](#) displays a simplified block diagram of the CRC generator.

**TABLE 19-1: CRC MODULE OVERVIEW**

|             | Number of CRC Modules | Identical (Modules) |
|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Master Core | 1                     | Yes                 |
| Slave Core  | None                  | NA                  |

**FIGURE 19-1: CRC MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM**



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## 19.1 CRC Control Registers

**REGISTER 19-1: CRCCONL: CRC CONTROL REGISTER LOW**

|        |     |       |         |         |         |         |         |
|--------|-----|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-0 |
| CRCEN  | —   | CSIDL | VWORD4  | VWORD3  | VWORD2  | VWORD1  | VWORD0  |
| bit 15 |     |       |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|         |         |         |          |         |       |     |       |
|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|-------|-----|-------|
| HSC/R-0 | HSC/R-1 | R/W-0   | HC/R/W-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| CRCFUL  | CRCMPT  | CRCISEL | CRCGO    | LENDIAN | MOD   | —   | —     |
| bit 7   |         |         |          |         |       |     | bit 0 |

|                   |                             |                                       |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | HC = Hardware Clearable bit | HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit            | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set            | '0' = Bit is cleared                  |
|                   |                             | x = Bit is unknown                    |

- bit 15     **CRCEN:** CRC Enable bit  
1 = Enables module  
0 = Disables module
- bit 14     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13     **CSIDL:** CRC Stop in Idle Mode bit  
1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode  
0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12-8   **VWORD<4:0>:** Pointer Value bits  
Indicates the number of valid words in the FIFO. Has a maximum value of 8 when PLEN<4:0> ≥ 7 or 16 when PLEN<4:0> ≤ 7.
- bit 7     **CRCFUL:** CRC FIFO Full bit  
1 = FIFO is full  
0 = FIFO is not full
- bit 6     **CRCMPT:** CRC FIFO Empty bit  
1 = FIFO is empty  
0 = FIFO is not empty
- bit 5     **CRCISEL:** CRC Interrupt Selection bit  
1 = Interrupt on FIFO is empty; the final word of data is still shifting through the CRC  
0 = Interrupt on shift is complete and results are ready
- bit 4     **CRCGO:** CRC Start bit  
1 = Starts CRC serial shifter  
0 = CRC serial shifter is turned off
- bit 3     **LENDIAN:** Data Shift Direction Select bit  
1 = Data word is shifted into the FIFO, starting with the LSb (little-endian)  
0 = Data word is shifted into the FIFO, starting with the MSb (big-endian)
- bit 2     **MOD:** CRC Calculation Mode bit  
1 = Alternate mode  
0 = Legacy mode bit
- bit 1-0   **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

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## REGISTER 19-2: CRCCONH: CRC CONTROL REGISTER HIGH

|        |     |     |         |         |         |         |         |
|--------|-----|-----|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | DWIDTH4 | DWIDTH3 | DWIDTH2 | DWIDTH1 | DWIDTH0 |
| bit 15 |     |     |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|       |     |     |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | PLEN4 | PLEN3 | PLEN2 | PLEN1 | PLEN0 |
| bit 7 |     |     |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8 **DWIDTH<4:0>:** Data Word Width Configuration bits  
Configures the width of the data word (Data Word Width – 1).

bit 7-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4-0 **PLEN<4:0>:** Polynomial Length Configuration bits  
Configures the length of the polynomial (Polynomial Length – 1).

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## REGISTER 19-3: CRCXORL: CRC XOR POLYNOMIAL REGISTER, LOW BYTE

|         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0   | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| X<15:8> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15  |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0   |
| X<7:1> |       |       |       |       |       |       | —     |
| bit 7  |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-1        **X<15:1>**: XOR of Polynomial Term  $x^n$  Enable bits  
 bit 0            **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

## REGISTER 19-4: CRCXORH: CRC XOR POLYNOMIAL REGISTER, HIGH BYTE

|          |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| X<31:24> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15   |       |       |       | bit 8 |       |       |       |

|          |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| X<23:16> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7    |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0        **X<31:16>**: XOR of Polynomial Term  $x^n$  Enable bits

## 20.0 CURRENT BIAS GENERATOR (CBG)

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**Current Bias Generator (CBG)**” (DS70005253) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

**2:** Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 3.2 “Master Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The Current Bias Generator (CBG) consists of two classes of current sources: 10  $\mu\text{A}$  and 50  $\mu\text{A}$  sources. The major features of each current source are:

- 10  $\mu\text{A}$  Current Sources:
  - Current sourcing only
  - Up to four independent sources
- 50  $\mu\text{A}$  Current Sources:
  - Selectable current sourcing or sinking
  - Selectable current mirroring for sourcing and sinking

A simplified block diagram of the CBG module is shown in [Figure 20-1](#).

**FIGURE 20-1: CONSTANT-CURRENT SOURCE MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM<sup>(2)</sup>**



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## 20.1 Current Bias Generator Control Registers

**REGISTER 20-1: BIASCON: CURRENT BIAS GENERATOR CONTROL REGISTER**

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| ON     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | I10EN3 | I10EN2 | I10EN1 | I10EN0 |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |        |        |        | bit 0  |

**Legend:**

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **ON:** Current Bias Module Enable bit  
             1 = Module is enabled  
             0 = Module is disabled
- bit 14-4    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3        **I10EN3:** 10  $\mu$ A Enable for Output 3 bit  
             1 = 10  $\mu$ A output is enabled  
             0 = 10  $\mu$ A output is disabled
- bit 2        **I10EN2:** 10  $\mu$ A Enable for Output 2 bit  
             1 = 10  $\mu$ A output is enabled  
             0 = 10  $\mu$ A output is disabled
- bit 1        **I10EN1:** 10  $\mu$ A Enable for Output 1 bit  
             1 = 10  $\mu$ A output is enabled  
             0 = 10  $\mu$ A output is disabled
- bit 0        **I10EN0:** 10  $\mu$ A Enable for Output 0 bit  
             1 = 10  $\mu$ A output is enabled  
             0 = 10  $\mu$ A output is disabled



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## REGISTER 20-2: IBIASCONH: CURRENT BIAS GENERATOR 50 $\mu$ A CURRENT SOURCE CONTROL HIGH REGISTER

|        |     |           |           |           |           |        |        |
|--------|-----|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | SHRSRCEN3 | SHRSNKEN3 | GENSRCEN3 | GENSNKEN3 | SRCEN3 | SNKEN3 |
| bit 15 |     |           |           |           |           | bit 8  |        |

|       |     |           |           |           |           |        |        |
|-------|-----|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | SHRSRCEN2 | SHRSNKEN2 | GENSRCEN2 | GENSNKEN2 | SRCEN2 | SNKEN2 |
| bit 7 |     |           |           |           |           | bit 0  |        |

### Legend:

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15-14    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13      **SHRSRCEN3:** Share Source Enable for Output #3 bit  
1 = Sourcing Current Mirror mode is enabled (uses reference from another source)  
0 = Sourcing Current Mirror mode is disabled
- bit 12      **SHRSNKEN3:** Share Sink Enable for Output #3 bit  
1 = Sinking Current Mirror mode is enabled (uses reference from another source)  
0 = Sinking Current Mirror mode is disabled
- bit 11      **GENSRCEN3:** Generated Source Enable for Output #3 bit  
1 = Source generates the current source mirror reference  
0 = Source does not generate the current source mirror reference
- bit 10      **GENSNKEN3:** Generated Sink Enable for Output #3 bit  
1 = Source generates the current source mirror reference  
0 = Source does not generate the current source mirror reference
- bit 9        **SRCEN3:** Source Enable for Output #3 bit  
1 = Current source is enabled  
0 = Current source is disabled
- bit 8        **SNKEN3:** Sink Enable for Output #3 bit  
1 = Current sink is enabled  
0 = Current sink is disabled
- bit 7-6     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5        **SHRSRCEN2:** Share Source Enable for Output #2 bit  
1 = Sourcing Current Mirror mode is enabled (uses reference from another source)  
0 = Sourcing Current Mirror mode is disabled
- bit 4        **SHRSNKEN2:** Share Sink Enable for Output #2 bit  
1 = Sinking Current Mirror mode is enabled (uses reference from another source)  
0 = Sinking Current Mirror mode is disabled
- bit 3        **GENSRCEN2:** Generated Source Enable for Output #2 bit  
1 = Source generates the current source mirror reference  
0 = Source does not generate the current source mirror reference
- bit 2        **GENSNKEN2:** Generated Sink Enable for Output #2 bit  
1 = Source generates the current source mirror reference  
0 = Source does not generate the current source mirror reference
- bit 1        **SRCEN2:** Source Enable for Output #2 bit  
1 = Current source is enabled  
0 = Current source is disabled
- bit 0        **SNKEN2:** Sink Enable for Output #2 bit  
1 = Current sink is enabled  
0 = Current sink is disabled

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## REGISTER 20-3: IBIASCONL: CURRENT BIAS GENERATOR 50 $\mu$ A CURRENT SOURCE CONTROL LOW REGISTER

|        |     |           |           |           |           |        |        |
|--------|-----|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------|--------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —      | —   | SHRSRCEN1 | SHRSNKEN1 | GENSRCEN1 | GENSNKEN1 | SRCEN1 | SNKEN1 |
| bit 15 |     |           |           |           |           |        | bit 8  |

|       |     |           |           |           |           |        |        |
|-------|-----|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------|--------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0     | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
| —     | —   | SHRSRCEN0 | SHRSNKEN0 | GENSRCEN0 | GENSNKEN0 | SRCEN0 | SNKEN0 |
| bit 7 |     |           |           |           |           |        | bit 0  |

|                   |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| <b>Legend:</b>    |                  |                                    |                    |  |  |  |  |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |  |  |  |  |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |  |  |  |  |

- bit 15-14     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13       **SHRSRCEN1:** Share Source Enable for Output #1 bit  
1 = Sourcing Current Mirror mode is enabled (uses reference from another source)  
0 = Sourcing Current Mirror mode is disabled
- bit 12       **SHRSNKEN1:** Share Sink Enable for Output #1 bit  
1 = Sinking Current Mirror mode is enabled (uses reference from another source)  
0 = Sinking Current Mirror mode is disabled
- bit 11       **GENSRCEN1:** Generated Source Enable for Output #1 bit  
1 = Source generates the current source mirror reference  
0 = Source does not generate the current source mirror reference
- bit 10       **GENSNKEN1:** Generated Sink Enable for Output #1 bit  
1 = Source generates the current source mirror reference  
0 = Source does not generate the current source mirror reference
- bit 9         **SRCEN1:** Source Enable for Output #1 bit  
1 = Current source is enabled  
0 = Current source is disabled
- bit 8         **SNKEN1:** Sink Enable for Output #1 bit  
1 = Current sink is enabled  
0 = Current sink is disabled
- bit 7-6       **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5         **SHRSRCEN0:** Share Source Enable for Output #0 bit  
1 = Sourcing Current Mirror mode is enabled (uses reference from another source)  
0 = Sourcing Current Mirror mode is disabled
- bit 4         **SHRSNKEN0:** Share Sink Enable for Output #0 bit  
1 = Sinking Current Mirror mode is enabled (uses reference from another source)  
0 = Sinking Current Mirror mode is disabled
- bit 3         **GENSRCEN0:** Generated Source Enable for Output #0 bit  
1 = Source generates the current source mirror reference  
0 = Source does not generate the current source mirror reference
- bit 2         **GENSNKEN0:** Generated Sink Enable for Output #0 bit  
1 = Source generates the current source mirror reference  
0 = Source does not generate the current source mirror reference
- bit 1         **SRCEN0:** Source Enable for Output #0 bit  
1 = Current source is enabled  
0 = Current source is disabled
- bit 0         **SNKEN0:** Sink Enable for Output #0 bit  
1 = Current sink is enabled  
0 = Current sink is disabled

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 21.0 SPECIAL FEATURES

**Note:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to the related section of the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices include several features intended to maximize application flexibility and reliability, and minimize cost through elimination of external components. These are:

- Flexible Configuration
- Watchdog Timer (WDT)
- Code Protection and CodeGuard™ Security
- JTAG Boundary Scan Interface
- In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™)
- In-Circuit Emulation
- Brown-out Reset (BOR)

### 21.1 Configuration Bits

In dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices, the Configuration Words are implemented as volatile memory. This means that configuration data will get loaded to volatile memory (from the Flash Configuration Words) each time the device is powered up. Configuration data is stored at the end of the on-chip program memory space, known as the Flash Configuration Words. Their specific locations are shown in Table 21-1. The configuration data is automatically loaded from the Flash Configuration Words to the proper Configuration Shadow registers during device Resets.

**Note:** Configuration data is reloaded on all types of device Master Resets. Slave Resets do not load the Configuration registers. It is recommended not to change the Slave Configuration register without resetting the Slave along with the Master (S1MSRE = 1).

When creating applications for these devices, users should always specifically allocate the location of the Flash Configuration Words for configuration data in their code for the compiler. This is to make certain that program code is not stored in this address when the code is compiled. Program code executing out of configuration space will cause a device Reset. The Master code, as well as the Slave code, are located in Flash memory. Table 21-1 shows the Master and the Slave Configuration registers and their address locations in Flash memory.

Slave Configuration bits are located in the Master Flash and loaded during a Master Reset.

**Note:** Performing a page erase operation on the last page of program memory clears the Flash Configuration Words.

**TABLE 21-1: CONFIGURATION WORD ADDRESSES**

| Register                                      | 64k Address | 128k Address |
|---|-------------|--------------|
| <b>Master/General Configuration Registers</b> |             |              |
| FSEC  | 00AF00      | 015F00       |
| FBSLIM  | 00AF10      | 015F10       |
| FSIGN   | 00AF14      | 015F14       |
| FOSCSSEL                                      | 00AF18      | 015F18       |
| FOSC  | 00AF1C      | 015F1C       |
| FWDT  | 00AF20      | 015F20       |
| FPOR  | 00AF24      | 015F24       |
| FICD  | 00AF28      | 015F28       |
| FDMTIVTL                                      | 00AF2C      | 015F2C       |
| FDMTIVTH                                      | 00AF30      | 015F30       |
| FDMTCNTL                                      | 00AF34      | 015F34       |
| FDMTCNTH                                      | 00AF38      | 015F38       |
| FDMT  | 00AF3C      | 015F3C       |
| FDEVOPT                                       | 00AF40      | 015F40       |
| FALTREG                                       | 00AF44      | 015F44       |
| FMBXM   | 00AF48      | 015F48       |
| FMBXHS1                                       | 00AF4C      | 015F4C       |
| FMBXHS2                                       | 00AF50      | 015F50       |
| FMBXHSEN                                      | 00AF54      | 015F54       |
| FCFGPRA0                                      | 00AF58      | 015F58       |
| FCFGPRB0                                      | 00AF60      | 015F60       |
| FCFGPRC0                                      | 00AF68      | 015F68       |
| FCFGPRD0                                      | 00AF70      | 015F70       |
| FCFGPRE0                                      | 00AF78      | 015F7C       |
| <b>Slave Configuration Registers</b>          |             |              |
| FS1OSCSSEL                                    | 00AF80      | 015F80       |
| FS1OSC  | 00AF84      | 015F84       |
| FS1WDT  | 00AF88      | 015F88       |
| FS1POR  | 00AF8C      | 015F8C       |
| FS1ICD  | 00AF90      | 015F90       |
| FS1DEVOPT                                     | 00AF94      | 015F94       |
| FS1ALTREG                                     | 00AF98      | 015F98       |

**TABLE 21-2: MASTER CONFIGURATION REGISTERS MAP**

| Register Name | Bits 23-16 | Bit 15           | Bit 14     | Bit 13  | Bit 12      | Bit 11  | Bit 10  | Bit 9            | Bit 8            | Bit 7            | Bit 6    | Bit 5            | Bit 4            | Bit 3   | Bit 2            | Bit 1   | Bit 0      |  |
|---------------|------------|------------------|------------|---------|-------------|---------|---------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------|------------------|------------------|---------|------------------|---------|------------|--|
| FSEC          | —          | AIVTDIS          | —          | —       | —           | CSS2    | CSS1    | CSS0             | CWRP             | GSS1             | GSS0     | GWRP             | —                | BSEN    | BSS1             | BSS0    | BWRP       |  |
| FBSLIM        | —          | —                | —          | —       | BSLIM<12:0> |         |         |                  |                  |                  |          |                  |                  |         |                  |         |            |  |
| FSIGN         | —          | r <sup>(2)</sup> | —          | —       | —           | —       | —       | —                | —                | —                | —        | —                | —                | —       | —                | —       | —          |  |
| FOSCSEL       | —          | —                | —          | —       | —           | —       | —       | —                | —                | IESO             | —        | —                | —                | —       | FNOSC2           | FNOSC1  | FNOSC0     |  |
| FOSC          | —          | —                | —          | —       | XTBST       | XTCFG1  | XTCFG0  | —                | r <sup>(1)</sup> | FCKSM1           | FCKSM0   | —                | —                | —       | OSCIofNC         | POSCMD1 | POSCMD0    |  |
| FWDT          | —          | FWDTEN           | SWDTPS4    | SWDTPS3 | SWDTPS2     | SWDTPS1 | SWDTPS0 | WDTWIN1          | WDTWIN0          | WINDIS           | RCLKSEL1 | RCLKSEL0         | RWDTPS4          | RWDTPS3 | RWDTPS2          | RWDTPS1 | RWDTPS0    |  |
| FPOR          | —          | —                | —          | —       | —           | —       | —       | —                | —                | —                | —        | r <sup>(1)</sup> | r <sup>(1)</sup> | —       | —                | —       | —          |  |
| FICD          | —          | —                | —          | —       | —           | —       | —       | —                | —                | r <sup>(1)</sup> | —        | JTAGEN           | —                | —       | —                | ICS1    | ICS0       |  |
| FDMTIVTL      | —          | DMTIVT<15:0>     |            |         |             |         |         |                  |                  |                  |          |                  |                  |         |                  |         |            |  |
| FDMTIVTH      | —          | DMTIVT<31:16>    |            |         |             |         |         |                  |                  |                  |          |                  |                  |         |                  |         |            |  |
| FDMTCNTL      | —          | DMTCNT<15:0>     |            |         |             |         |         |                  |                  |                  |          |                  |                  |         |                  |         |            |  |
| FDMTCNTH      | —          | DMTCNT<31:16>    |            |         |             |         |         |                  |                  |                  |          |                  |                  |         |                  |         |            |  |
| FDMT          | —          | —                | —          | —       | —           | —       | —       | —                | —                | —                | —        | —                | —                | —       | —                | —       | DMTDIS     |  |
| FDEVOPT       | —          | —                | —          | SPI2PIN | —           | —       | SMBEN   | r <sup>(1)</sup> | r <sup>(1)</sup> | r <sup>(1)</sup> | —        | —                | ALT12C2          | ALT12C1 | r <sup>(1)</sup> | —       | —          |  |
| FALTREG       | —          | —                | CTXT4<2:0> |         |             |         | —       | CTXT3<2:0>       |                  |                  |          | —                | CTXT2<2:0>       |         |                  | —       | CTXT1<2:0> |  |
| FMBXM         | —          | MBXM<15:0>       |            |         |             |         |         |                  |                  |                  |          |                  |                  |         |                  |         |            |  |
| FMBXHS1       | —          | MBXHSD3          | MBXHSD2    | MBXHSD1 | MBXHSD0     | MBXHSC3 | MBXHSC2 | MBXHSC1          | MBXHSC0          | MBXHSB3          | MBXHSB2  | MBXHSB1          | MBXHSB0          | MBXHSA3 | MBXHSA2          | MBXHSA1 | MBXHSA0    |  |
| FMBXHS2       | —          | MBXHSH3          | MBXHSH2    | MBXHSH1 | MBXHSH0     | MBXHSG3 | MBXHSG2 | MBXHSG1          | MBXHSG0          | MBXHSHF3         | MBXHSHF2 | MBXHSHF1         | MBXHSHF0         | MBXHSE3 | MBXHSE2          | MBXHSE1 | MBXHSE0    |  |
| FMBXHSEN      | —          | —                | —          | —       | —           | —       | —       | —                | —                | HS<H:A>EN        |          |                  |                  |         |                  |         |            |  |
| FCFGPRA0      | —          | —                | —          | —       | —           | —       | —       | —                | —                | —                | —        | —                | CPRA<4:0>        |         |                  |         |            |  |
| FCFGPRB0      | —          | CPRB<15:0>       |            |         |             |         |         |                  |                  |                  |          |                  |                  |         |                  |         |            |  |
| FCFGPRC0      | —          | CPRC<15:0>       |            |         |             |         |         |                  |                  |                  |          |                  |                  |         |                  |         |            |  |
| FCFGPRD0      | —          | CPRD<15:0>       |            |         |             |         |         |                  |                  |                  |          |                  |                  |         |                  |         |            |  |
| FCFGPRE0      | —          | CPRE<15:0>       |            |         |             |         |         |                  |                  |                  |          |                  |                  |         |                  |         |            |  |

**Legend:** — = unimplemented bit, read as '1'; r = reserved bit.  
**Note 1:** Bit is reserved, maintain as '1'.  
**2:** Bit is reserved, maintain as '0'.

**TABLE 21-3: SLAVE CONFIGURATION REGISTERS MAP**

| Register Name | Bits 23-16 | Bit 15    | Bit 14        | Bit 13    | Bit 12 | Bit 11 | Bit 10        | Bit 9 | Bit 8            | Bit 7            | Bit 6 | Bit 5         | Bit 4 | Bit 3        | Bit 2        | Bit 1      | Bit 0 |
|---------------|------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|--------|--------|---------------|-------|------------------|------------------|-------|---------------|-------|--------------|--------------|------------|-------|
| FS1OSCSSEL    | —          | —         | —             | —         | —      | —      | —             | —     | —                | S1IESO           | —     | —             | —     | —            | S1FNOSC<2:0> |            |       |
| FS1OSC        | —          | —         | —             | —         | —      | —      | —             | —     | r <sup>(1)</sup> | S1FCKSM<1:0>     |       | —             | —     | —            | S1OSCIOfNC   | —          | —     |
| FS1WDT        | —          | S1FWDTEN  | S1SWDTPS<4:0> |           |        |        | S1WDTWIN<1:0> |       | S1WINDIS         | S1RCLKSEL<1:0>   |       | S1RWDTPS<4:0> |       |              |              |            |       |
| FS1POR        | —          | —         | —             | —         | —      | —      | —             | —     | —                | —                | —     | —             | —     | —            | —            | —          | —     |
| FS1ICD        | —          | S1NOBTSWP | —             | S1ISOLAT  | —      | —      | —             | —     | —                | r <sup>(1)</sup> | —     | —             | —     | —            | —            | S1ICS<1:0> |       |
| FS1DEVOPT     | —          | S1MSRE    | S1SSRE        | S1SPI1PIN | —      | —      | —             | —     | —                | —                | —     | —             | —     | S1ALTI2C1    | —            | —          | —     |
| FS1ALTREG     | —          | —         | S1CTXT4<2:0>  |           |        | —      | S1CTXT3<2:0>  |       | —                | S1CTXT2<2:0>     |       |               | —     | S1CTXT1<2:0> |              |            |       |

**Legend:** — = unimplemented bit, read as '1'; r = reserved bit.

**Note 1:** Bit is reserved, maintain as '1'.

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## REGISTER 21-1: FSEC CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |

|         |     |     |     |        |        |        |        |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1  | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| AIVTDIS | —   | —   | —   | CSS2   | CSS1   | CSS0   | CWRP   |
| bit 15  |     |     |     |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|        |        |        |     |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | U-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| GSS1   | GSS0   | GWRP   | —   | BSEN   | BSS1   | BSS0   | BWRP   |
| bit 7  |        |        |     |        |        |        | bit 0  |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit              |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 23-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 15 **AIVTDIS:** Alternate Interrupt Vector Table Disable bit
  - 1 = Disables AIVT
  - 0 = Enables AIVT
- bit 14-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 11-9 **CSS<2:0>:** Configuration Segment Code Flash Protection Level bits
  - 111 = No protection (other than CWRP write protection)
  - 110 = Standard security
  - 10x = Enhanced security
  - 0xx = High security
- bit 8 **CWRP:** Configuration Segment Write-Protect bit
  - 1 = Configuration Segment is not write-protected
  - 0 = Configuration Segment is write-protected
- bit 7-6 **GSS<1:0>:** General Segment Code Flash Protection Level bits
  - 11 = No protection (other than GWRP write protection)
  - 10 = Standard security
  - 0x = High security
- bit 5 **GWRP:** General Segment Write-Protect bit
  - 1 = User program memory is not write-protected
  - 0 = User program memory is write-protected
- bit 4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 3 **BSEN:** Boot Segment Control bit
  - 1 = No Boot Segment
  - 0 = Boot Segment size is determined by BSLIM<12:0>
- bit 2-1 **BSS<1:0>:** Boot Segment Code Flash Protection Level bits
  - 11 = No protection (other than BWRP write protection)
  - 10 = Standard security
  - 0x = High security
- bit 0 **BWRP:** Boot Segment Write-Protect bit
  - 1 = User program memory is not write-protected
  - 0 = User program memory is write-protected

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## REGISTER 21-2: FBSLIM CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |

|        |     |     |             |        |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | R/PO-1      | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | BSLIM<12:8> |        |        |        |        |
| bit 15 |     |     |             |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|            |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1     | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| BSLIM<7:0> |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| bit 7      |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit              |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

bit 23-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 12-0 **BSLIM<12:0>:** Boot Segment Code Flash Page Address Limit bits

Contains the page address of the first active General Segment page. The value to be programmed is the inverted page address, such that programming additional '0's can only increase the Boot Segment size.

## REGISTER 21-3: FSIGN CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| r-0    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-1   | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1   |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | r = Reserved bit | PO = Program Once bit              |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                  | x = Bit is unknown                 |

bit 23-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 15 **Reserved:** Maintain as '0'

bit 14-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

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## REGISTER 21-4: FOSCSEL CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |        |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    | U-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      | —   |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |     |

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1   | U-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |

|        |     |     |     |     |        |        |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| IESO   | —   | —   | —   | —   | FNOSC2 | FNOSC1 | FNOSC0 |
| bit 7  |     |     |     |     |        | bit 0  |        |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit              |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 23-8    **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 7      **IESO:** Internal External Switchover bit
  - 1 = Internal External Switchover mode is enabled (Two-Speed Start-up is enabled)
  - 0 = Internal External Switchover mode is disabled (Two-Speed Start-up is disabled)
- bit 6-3    **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 2-0    **FNOSC<2:0>:** Initial Oscillator Source Selection bits
  - 111 = Internal Fast RC (FRC) Oscillator with Postscaler
  - 110 = Backup Fast RC (BFRC)
  - 101 = LPRC Oscillator
  - 100 = Reserved
  - 011 = Primary Oscillator with PLL (XTPLL, HSPLL, ECPLL)
  - 010 = Primary (XT, HS, EC) Oscillator
  - 001 = Internal Fast RC Oscillator with PLL (FRCPLL)
  - 000 = Fast RC (FRC) Oscillator



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## REGISTER 21-5: FOSC CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |        |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    | U-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      | —   |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |     |

|        |     |     |        |        |        |       |     |
|--------|-----|-----|--------|--------|--------|-------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | U-1   | r-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | XTBST  | XTCFG1 | XTCFG0 | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |        |        |        | bit 8 |     |

|        |        |     |     |     |                         |         |         |
|--------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-------------------------|---------|---------|
| R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | R/PO-1                  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  |
| FCKSM1 | FCKSM0 | —   | —   | —   | OSCIOFNC <sup>(1)</sup> | POSCMD1 | POSCMD0 |
| bit 7  |        |     |     |     |                         | bit 0   |         |

|                   |                       |                                    |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit | r = Reserved bit                   |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit      | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set      | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                       | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 23-13    **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 12      **XTBST:** Oscillator Kick-Start Programmability bit  
               1 = Boosts the kick-start  
               0 = Default kick-start
- bit 11-10   **XTCFG<1:0>:** Crystal Oscillator Drive Select bits  
               Current gain programmability for oscillator (output drive).  
               11 = Gain3 (use for 24-32 MHz crystals)  
               10 = Gain2 (use for 16-24 MHz crystals)  
               01 = Gain1 (use for 8-16 MHz crystals)  
               00 = Gain0 (use for 4-8 MHz crystals)
- bit 9        **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 8        **Reserved:** Maintain as '1'
- bit 7-6     **FCKSM<1:0>:** Clock Switching Mode bits  
               1x = Clock switching is disabled, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is disabled  
               01 = Clock switching is enabled, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is disabled  
               00 = Clock switching is enabled, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is enabled
- bit 5-3     **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 2        **OSCIOFNC:** OSCO Pin Function bit (except in XT and HS modes)<sup>(1)</sup>  
               1 = OSCO is the clock output  
               0 = OSCO is the general purpose digital I/O pin
- bit 1-0     **POSCMD<1:0>:** Primary Oscillator Mode Select bits  
               11 = Primary Oscillator is disabled  
               10 = HS Crystal Oscillator mode (10 MHz-32 MHz)  
               01 = XT Crystal Oscillator mode (3.5 MHz-10 MHz)  
               00 = EC (External Clock) mode

**Note 1:** The OSCO pin function is determined by the S1OSCIOFNC Configuration bit. If both the Master core OSCIOFNC and Slave core S1OSCIOFNC bits are set, the Master core OSCIOFNC bit has priority.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 21-6: FWDT CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |

|        |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/PO-1 | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  |
| FWDTEN | SWDTPS4 | SWDTPS3 | SWDTPS2 | SWDTPS1 | SWDTPS0 | WDTWIN1 | WDTWIN0 |
| bit 15 |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|        |          |          |         |         |         |         |         |
|--------|----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/PO-1 | R/PO-1   | R/PO-1   | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  |
| WINDIS | RCLKSEL1 | RCLKSEL0 | RWDTPS4 | RWDTPS3 | RWDTPS2 | RWDTPS1 | RWDTPS0 |
| bit 7  |          |          |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

|                   |                       |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit      | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set      | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 23-16    **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 15      **FWDTEN:** Watchdog Timer Enable bit  
 1 = WDT is enabled in hardware  
 0 = WDT controller via the ON bit (WDTCONL<15>)
- bit 14-10   **SWDTPS<4:0>:** Sleep Mode Watchdog Timer Period Select bits  
 11111 = Divide by  $2^{30} = 1,073,741,824$   
 11110 = Divide by  $2^{29} = 526,870,912$   
 ...  
 00001 = Divide by  $2^2, 4$   
 00000 = Divide by  $2^1, 2$
- bit 9-8     **WDTWIN<1:0>:** Watchdog Timer Window Select bits  
 11 = WDT window is 25% of the WDT period  
 10 = WDT window is 37.5% of the WDT period  
 01 = WDT window is 50% of the WDT period  
 00 = WDT Window is 75% of the WDT period
- bit 7        **WINDIS:** Watchdog Timer Window Enable bit  
 1 = Watchdog Timer is in Non-Window mode  
 0 = Watchdog Timer is in Window mode
- bit 6-5     **RCLKSEL<1:0>:** Watchdog Timer Clock Select bits  
 11 = LPRC clock  
 10 = Uses FRC when WINDIS = 0, system clock is not INTOSC/LPRC and device is not in Sleep; otherwise, uses INTOSC/LPRC  
 01 = Uses peripheral clock when system clock is not INTOSC/LPRC and device is not in Sleep; otherwise, uses INTOSC/LPRC  
 00 = Reserved
- bit 4-0     **RWDTPS<4:0>:** Run Mode Watchdog Timer Period Select bits  
 11111 = Divide by  $2^{30} = 1,073,741,824$   
 11110 = Divide by  $2^{29} = 526,870,912$   
 ...  
 00001 = Divide by  $2^2, 4$   
 00000 = Divide by  $2^1, 2$

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## REGISTER 21-7: FPOR CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |        |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    | U-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      | —   |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |     |

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1   | U-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-1   | U-1 | r-1 | r-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1   | U-1 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |

|                   |                       |                                    |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit | r = Reserved bit                   |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit      | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set      | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                       | x = Bit is unknown                 |

bit 23-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 5-4      **Reserved:** Maintain as '1'

bit 3-0      **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

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## REGISTER 21-8: FICD CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |        |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    | U-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      | —   |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |     |

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1   | U-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |

|       |     |        |     |     |     |        |        |
|-------|-----|--------|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|
| r-1   | U-1 | R/PO-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| —     | —   | JTAGEN | —   | —   | —   | ICS1   | ICS0   |
| bit 7 |     |        |     |     |     | bit 0  |        |

|                   |                       |                                    |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit | r = Reserved bit                   |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit      | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set      | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                       | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 23-8     **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 7       **Reserved:** Maintain as '1'
- bit 6       **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 5       **JTAGEN:** JTAG Enable bit
  - 1 = JTAG port is enabled
  - 0 = JTAG port is disabled
- bit 4-2     **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 1-0     **ICS<1:0>:** ICD Communication Channel Select bits
  - 11 = Master communicates on PGC1 and PGD1
  - 10 = Master communicates on PGC2 and PGD2
  - 01 = Master communicates on PGC3 and PGD3
  - 00 = Reserved, do not use

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## REGISTER 21-9: FDMTIVTL CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |

|              |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1       | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| DMTIVT<15:8> |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| bit 15       |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|             |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1      | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| DMTIVT<7:0> |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| bit 7       |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit              |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |

bit 23-16     **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'  
bit 15-0     **DMTIVT<15:0>:** DMT Window Interval Lower 16 bits

## REGISTER 21-10: FDMTIVTH CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |

|               |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|---------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1        | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| DMTIVT<31:24> |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| bit 15        |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|               |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|---------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1        | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| DMTIVT<23:16> |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| bit 7         |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit              |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |

bit 23-16     **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'  
bit 15-0     **DMTIVT<31:16>:** DMT Window Interval Higher 16 bits

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## REGISTER 21-11: FDMTCNTL CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |

|              |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1       | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| DMTCNT<15:8> |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| bit 15       |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|             |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1      | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| DMTCNT<7:0> |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| bit 7       |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

|                   |                       |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit      | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set      | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

bit 23-16     **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'  
bit 15-0     **DMTCNT<15:0>:** DMT Instruction Count Time-out Value Lower 16 bits

## REGISTER 21-12: FDMTCNTH CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |

|               |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|---------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1        | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| DMTCNT<31:24> |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| bit 15        |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|               |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|---------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1        | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| DMTCNT<23:16> |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| bit 7         |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

|                   |                       |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit      | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set      | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

bit 23-16     **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'  
bit 15-0     **DMTCNT<31:16>:** DMT Instruction Count Time-out Value Upper 16 bits

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## REGISTER 21-13: FDMT CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-1   | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | R/PO-1 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | DMTDIS |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0  |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit              |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |

bit 23-1     **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 0        **DMTDIS:** DMT Disable bit

1 = DMT is disabled

0 = DMT is enabled

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## REGISTER 21-14: FDEVOPT CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |

|        |     |                        |     |     |        |     |       |
|--------|-----|------------------------|-----|-----|--------|-----|-------|
| U-1    | U-1 | R/PO-1                 | U-1 | U-1 | R/PO-1 | r-1 | r-1   |
| —      | —   | SPI2PIN <sup>(1)</sup> | —   | —   | SMBEN  | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |                        |     |     |        |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |     |         |         |     |     |       |
|-------|-----|-----|---------|---------|-----|-----|-------|
| r-1   | U-1 | U-1 | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | r-1 | U-1 | U-1   |
| —     | —   | —   | ALT12C2 | ALT12C1 | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 7 |     |     |         |         |     |     | bit 0 |

|                   |                       |                                    |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit | r = Reserved bit                   |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit      | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set      | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                       | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 23-14    **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 13      **SPI2PIN:** Master SPI #2 Fast I/O Pad Disable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
                  1 = Master SPI2 uses PPS (I/O remap) to make connections with device pins  
                  0 = Master SPI2 uses direct connections with specified device pins
- bit 12-11   **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 10      **SMBEN:** Select Input Voltage Threshold for I<sup>2</sup>C Pads to be SMBus 3.0 Compliant bit  
                  1 = Enables SMBus 3.0 input threshold voltage  
                  0 = I<sup>2</sup>C pad input buffer operation
- bit 9-7     **Reserved:** Maintain as '1'
- bit 6-5     **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 4       **ALT12C2:** Alternate I2C2 Pin Mapping bit  
                  1 = Default location for SCL2/SDA2 pins  
                  0 = Alternate location for SCL2/SDA2 pins (ASCL2/ASDA2)
- bit 3       **ALT12C1:** Alternate I2C1 Pin Mapping bit  
                  1 = Default location for SCL1/SDA1 pins  
                  0 = Alternate location for SCL1/SDA1 pins (ASCL1/ASDA1)
- bit 2       **Reserved:** Maintain as '1'
- bit 1-0     **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

**Note 1:** Fixed pin option is only available for higher pin packages (48-pin, 64-pin and 80-pin).



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## REGISTER 21-15: FALTREG CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |        |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    | U-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      | —   |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |     |

|        |            |        |        |     |            |        |        |
|--------|------------|--------|--------|-----|------------|--------|--------|
| U-1    | R/PO-1     | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | U-1 | R/PO-1     | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| —      | CTXT4<2:0> |        |        | —   | CTXT3<2:0> |        |        |
| bit 15 |            |        |        |     |            | bit 8  |        |

|       |            |        |        |     |            |        |        |
|-------|------------|--------|--------|-----|------------|--------|--------|
| U-1   | R/PO-1     | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | U-1 | R/PO-1     | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| —     | CTXT2<2:0> |        |        | —   | CTXT1<2:0> |        |        |
| bit 7 |            |        |        |     |            | bit 0  |        |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit              |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

bit 23-15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 14-12 **CTXT4<2:0>:** Specifies the Alternate Working Register Set #4 with Interrupt Priority Levels (IPL) bits  
 111 = Not assigned  
 110 = Alternate Register Set #4 is assigned to IPL Level 7  
 101 = Alternate Register Set #4 is assigned to IPL Level 6  
 100 = Alternate Register Set #4 is assigned to IPL Level 5  
 011 = Alternate Register Set #4 is assigned to IPL Level 4  
 010 = Alternate Register Set #4 is assigned to IPL Level 3  
 001 = Alternate Register Set #4 is assigned to IPL Level 2  
 000 = Alternate Register Set #4 is assigned to IPL Level 1

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 10-8 **CTXT3<2:0>:** Specifies the Alternate Working Register Set #3 with Interrupt Priority Levels (IPL) bits  
 111 = Not assigned  
 110 = Alternate Register Set #3 is assigned to IPL Level 7  
 101 = Alternate Register Set #3 is assigned to IPL Level 6  
 100 = Alternate Register Set #3 is assigned to IPL Level 5  
 011 = Alternate Register Set #3 is assigned to IPL Level 4  
 010 = Alternate Register Set #3 is assigned to IPL Level 3  
 001 = Alternate Register Set #3 is assigned to IPL Level 2  
 000 = Alternate Register Set #3 is assigned to IPL Level 1

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 6-4 **CTXT2<2:0>:** Specifies the Alternate Working Register Set #2 with Interrupt Priority Levels (IPL) bits  
 111 = Not assigned  
 110 = Alternate Register Set #2 is assigned to IPL Level 7  
 101 = Alternate Register Set #2 is assigned to IPL Level 6  
 100 = Alternate Register Set #2 is assigned to IPL Level 5  
 011 = Alternate Register Set #2 is assigned to IPL Level 4  
 010 = Alternate Register Set #2 is assigned to IPL Level 3  
 001 = Alternate Register Set #2 is assigned to IPL Level 2  
 000 = Alternate Register Set #2 is assigned to IPL Level 1

bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

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## REGISTER 21-15: FALTREG CONFIGURATION REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 2-0 **CTX1<2:0>**: Specifies the Alternate Working Register Set #1 with Interrupt Priority Levels (IPL) bits  
 111 = Not assigned  
 110 = Alternate Register Set #1 is assigned to IPL Level 7  
 101 = Alternate Register Set #1 is assigned to IPL Level 6  
 100 = Alternate Register Set #1 is assigned to IPL Level 5  
 011 = Alternate Register Set #1 is assigned to IPL Level 4  
 010 = Alternate Register Set #1 is assigned to IPL Level 3  
 001 = Alternate Register Set #1 is assigned to IPL Level 2  
 000 = Alternate Register Set #1 is assigned to IPL Level 1

## REGISTER 21-16: FMBXM CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| MBXM15 | MBXM14 | MBXM13 | MBXM12 | MBXM11 | MBXM10 | MBXM9  | MBXM8  |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| MBXM7  | MBXM6  | MBXM5  | MBXM4  | MBXM3  | MBXM2  | MBXM1  | MBXM0  |
| bit 7  |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit              |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

bit 23-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 15 **MBXM15:** Mailbox Data Register Channel Direction Fuses bits  
 1 = Mailbox Register #15 is configured for Master data read (Slave to Master data transfer)  
 0 = Mailbox Register #15 is configured for Master data write (Master to Slave data transfer)

bit 14 **MBXM14:** Mailbox Data Register Channel Direction Fuses bits  
 1 = Mailbox Register #14 is configured for Master data read (Slave to Master data transfer)  
 0 = Mailbox Register #14 is configured for Master data write (Master to Slave data transfer)

bit 13 **MBXM13:** Mailbox Data Register Channel Direction Fuses bits  
 1 = Mailbox Register #13 is configured for Master data read (Slave to Master data transfer)  
 0 = Mailbox Register #13 is configured for Master data write (Master to Slave data transfer)

bit 12 **MBXM12:** Mailbox Data Register Channel Direction Fuses bits  
 1 = Mailbox Register #12 is configured for Master data read (Slave to Master data transfer)  
 0 = Mailbox Register #12 is configured for Master data write (Master to Slave data transfer)

bit 11 **MBXM11:** Mailbox Data Register Channel Direction Fuses bits  
 1 = Mailbox Register #11 is configured for Master data read (Slave to Master data transfer)  
 0 = Mailbox Register #11 is configured for Master data write (Master to Slave data transfer)

bit 10 **MBXM10:** Mailbox Data Register Channel Direction Fuses bits  
 1 = Mailbox Register #10 is configured for Master data read (Slave to Master data transfer)  
 0 = Mailbox Register #10 is configured for Master data write (Master to Slave data transfer)

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## REGISTER 21-16: FMBXM CONFIGURATION REGISTER (CONTINUED)

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| bit 9 | <b>MBXM9:</b> Mailbox Data Register Channel Direction Fuses bits<br>1 = Mailbox Register #9 is configured for Master data read (Slave to Master data transfer)<br>0 = Mailbox Register #9 is configured for Master data write (Master to Slave data transfer) |
| bit 8 | <b>MBXM8:</b> Mailbox Data Register Channel Direction Fuses bits<br>1 = Mailbox Register #8 is configured for Master data read (Slave to Master data transfer)<br>0 = Mailbox Register #8 is configured for Master data write (Master to Slave data transfer) |
| bit 7 | <b>MBXM7:</b> Mailbox Data Register Channel Direction Fuses bits<br>1 = Mailbox Register #7 is configured for Master data read (Slave to Master data transfer)<br>0 = Mailbox Register #7 is configured for Master data write (Master to Slave data transfer) |
| bit 6 | <b>MBXM6:</b> Mailbox Data Register Channel Direction Fuses bits<br>1 = Mailbox Register #6 is configured for Master data read (Slave to Master data transfer)<br>0 = Mailbox Register #6 is configured for Master data write (Master to Slave data transfer) |
| bit 5 | <b>MBXM5:</b> Mailbox Data Register Channel Direction Fuses bits<br>1 = Mailbox Register #5 is configured for Master data read (Slave to Master data transfer)<br>0 = Mailbox Register #5 is configured for Master data write (Master to Slave data transfer) |
| bit 4 | <b>MBXM4:</b> Mailbox Data Register Channel Direction Fuses bits<br>1 = Mailbox Register #4 is configured for Master data read (Slave to Master data transfer)<br>0 = Mailbox Register #4 is configured for Master data write (Master to Slave data transfer) |
| bit 3 | <b>MBXM3:</b> Mailbox Data Register Channel Direction Fuses bits<br>1 = Mailbox Register #3 is configured for Master data read (Slave to Master data transfer)<br>0 = Mailbox Register #3 is configured for Master data write (Master to Slave data transfer) |
| bit 2 | <b>MBXM2:</b> Mailbox Data Register Channel Direction Fuses bits<br>1 = Mailbox Register #2 is configured for Master data read (Slave to Master data transfer)<br>0 = Mailbox Register #2 is configured for Master data write (Master to Slave data transfer) |
| bit 1 | <b>MBXM1:</b> Mailbox Data Register Channel Direction Fuses bits<br>1 = Mailbox Register #1 is configured for Master data read (Slave to Master data transfer)<br>0 = Mailbox Register #1 is configured for Master data write (Master to Slave data transfer) |
| bit 0 | <b>MBXM0:</b> Mailbox Data Register Channel Direction Fuses bits<br>1 = Mailbox Register #0 is configured for Master data read (Slave to Master data transfer)<br>0 = Mailbox Register #0 is configured for Master data write (Master to Slave data transfer) |

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## REGISTER 21-17: FMBXHS1 CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  |
| MBXHSD3 | MBXHSD2 | MBXHSD1 | MBXHSD0 | MBXHSC3 | MBXHSC2 | MBXHSC1 | MBXHSC0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  |
| MBXHSB3 | MBXHSB2 | MBXHSB1 | MBXHSB0 | MBXHSA3 | MBXHSA2 | MBXHSA1 | MBXHSA0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit              |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 23-16    **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 15-12    **MBXHSD<3:0>:** Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block D Register Assignment bits
  - 1111 = MSIxMBXD15 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block D
  - ...
  - 0001 = MSIxMBXD1 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block D
  - 0000 = MSIxMBXD0 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block D
- bit 11-8    **MBXHSC<3:0>:** Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block C Register Assignment bits
  - 1111 = MSIxMBXD15 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block C
  - ...
  - 0001 = MSIxMBXD1 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block C
  - 0000 = MSIxMBXD0 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block C
- bit 7-4    **MBXHSB<3:0>:** Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block B Register Assignment bits
  - 1111 = MSIxMBXD15 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block B
  - ...
  - 0001 = MSIxMBXD1 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block B
  - 0000 = MSIxMBXD0 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block B
- bit 3-0    **MBXHSA<3:0>:** Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block A Register Assignment bits
  - 1111 = MSIxMBXD15 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block A
  - ...
  - 0001 = MSIxMBXD1 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block A
  - 0000 = MSIxMBXD0 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block A

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## REGISTER 21-18: FMBXHS2 CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  |
| MBXHSH3 | MBXHSH2 | MBXHSH1 | MBXHSH0 | MBXHSG3 | MBXHSG2 | MBXHSG1 | MBXHSG0 |
| bit 15  |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 8   |

|         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  | R/PO-1  |
| MBXHSH3 | MBXHSH2 | MBXHSH1 | MBXHSH0 | MBXHSE3 | MBXHSE2 | MBXHSE1 | MBXHSE0 |
| bit 7   |         |         |         |         |         |         | bit 0   |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit              |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |

- bit 23-16    **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 15-12    **MBXHSH<3:0>:** Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block H Register Assignment bits
  - 1111 = MSIxMBXD15 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block H
  - ...
  - 0001 = MSIxMBXD1 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block H
  - 0000 = MSIxMBXD0 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block H
- bit 11-8    **MBXHSG<3:0>:** Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block G Register Assignment bits
  - 1111 = MSIxMBXD15 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block G
  - ...
  - 0001 = MSIxMBXD1 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block G
  - 0000 = MSIxMBXD0 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block G
- bit 7-4    **MBXHSHF<3:0>:** Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block F Register Assignment bits
  - 1111 = MSIxMBXD15 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block F
  - ...
  - 0001 = MSIxMBXD1 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block F
  - 0000 = MSIxMBXD0 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block F
- bit 3-0    **MBXHSE<3:0>:** Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block E Register Assignment bits
  - 1111 = MSIxMBXD15 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block E
  - ...
  - 0001 = MSIxMBXD1 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block E
  - 0000 = MSIxMBXD0 is assigned to Mailbox Handshake Protocol Block E

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## REGISTER 21-19: FMBXHCN CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |        |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    | U-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      | —   |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |     |

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1   | U-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |

|           |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1    | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| HS<H:A>EN |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| bit 7     |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |        |

|                   |                       |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit      | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set      | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 23-8      **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 7-0      **HS<H:A>EN:** Mailbox Data Flow Control Protocol Block x Enable Fuses bits (x = A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H)  
 1 = Mailbox data flow control handshake protocol block is disabled  
 0 = Mailbox data flow control handshake protocol block is enabled

## REGISTER 21-20: FCFGPR0: PORTA CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |        |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    | U-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      | —   |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |     |

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1   | U-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |

|       |     |     |           |        |        |        |        |
|-------|-----|-----|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U-1   | U-1 | U-1 | R/PO-1    | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| —     |     |     | CPRA<4:0> |        |        |        |        |
| bit 7 |     |     |           |        |        | bit 0  |        |

|                   |                       |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit      | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set      | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 23-5      **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 4-0      **CPRA<4:0>:** Configure PORTA Ownership bits  
 1 = Master core owns pin  
 0 = Slave core owns pin

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## REGISTER 21-21: FCFGPRB0: PORTB CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |

|            |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1     | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| CPRB<15:8> |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| bit 15     |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|           |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1    | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| CPRB<7:0> |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| bit 7     |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit              |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |

bit 23-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 15-0 **CPRB<15:0>:** Configure PORTB Ownership bits  
 1 = Master core owns pin  
 0 = Slave core owns pin

## REGISTER 21-22: FCFGPRC0: PORTC CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |

|            |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1     | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| CPRC<15:8> |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| bit 15     |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|           |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1    | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| CPRC<7:0> |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| bit 7     |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit              |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |

bit 23-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 15-0 **CPRC<15:0>:** Configure PORTC Ownership bits  
 1 = Master core owns pin  
 0 = Slave core owns pin

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## REGISTER 21-23: FCFGPRD0: PORTD CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |

|            |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1     | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| CPRD<15:8> |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| bit 15     |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|           |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1    | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| CPRD<7:0> |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| bit 7     |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

|                   |                       |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit      | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set      | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 23-16     **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 15-0     **CPRD<15:0>:** Configure PORTD Ownership bits
  - 1 = Master core owns pin
  - 0 = Slave core owns pin

## REGISTER 21-24: FCGPRE0: PORTE CONFIGURATION REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |        |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |

|            |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1     | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| CPRE<15:8> |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| bit 15     |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

|           |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R/PO-1    | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| CPRE<7:0> |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| bit 7     |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

|                   |                       |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit      | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set      | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

- bit 23-16     **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 15-0     **CPRE<15:0>:** Configure PORTE Ownership bits
  - 1 = Master core owns pin
  - 0 = Slave core owns pin



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## REGISTER 21-25: FS1OSCSSEL CONFIGURATION REGISTER (SLAVE)

|        |     |     |     |     |     |        |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    | U-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      | —   |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |     |

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1   | U-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |

|        |     |     |     |     |          |          |          |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|----------|
| R/PO-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | R/PO-1   | R/PO-1   | R/PO-1   |
| S1IESO | —   | —   | —   | —   | S1FNOSC2 | S1FNOSC1 | S1FNOSC0 |
| bit 7  |     |     |     |     |          | bit 0    |          |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit              |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

bit 23-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 7 **S1IESO:** Internal External Switchover bit  
 1 = Internal External Switchover mode is enabled (Two-Speed Start-up is enabled)  
 0 = Internal External Switchover mode is disabled (Two-Speed Start-up is disabled)

bit 6-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 2-0 **S1FNOSC<2:0>:** Oscillator Selection bits  
 111 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) divided by N  
 110 = Backup FRC (BFRC)  
 101 = Low-Power RC Oscillator (LPRC)  
 100 = Reserved  
 011 = Primary Oscillator with PLL Module (MSPLL, HSPLL, ECPLL)  
 010 = Primary Oscillator (MS, HS, EC)  
 001 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with PLL Module (FRCPLL)  
 000 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC)

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## REGISTER 21-26: FS1OSC CONFIGURATION REGISTER (SLAVE)

|        |     |     |     |     |     |        |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    | U-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      | —   |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |     |

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1   | r-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |

|          |          |     |     |     |                           |       |     |
|----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|---------------------------|-------|-----|
| R/PO-1   | R/PO-1   | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | R/PO-1                    | U-1   | U-1 |
| S1FCKSM1 | S1FCKSM0 | —   | —   | —   | S1OSCIOFNC <sup>(1)</sup> | —     | —   |
| bit 7    |          |     |     |     |                           | bit 0 |     |

|                   |                       |                                    |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit | r = Reserved bit                   |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit      | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set      | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                       | x = Bit is unknown                 |

bit 23-9 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 8 **Reserved:** Maintain as '1'

bit 7-6 **S1FCKSM<1:0>:** Clock Switching and Monitor Selection Configuration bits  
 1x = Clock switching is disabled, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is disabled  
 01 = Clock switching is enabled, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is disabled  
 00 = Clock switching is enabled, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is enabled

bit 5-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 2 **S1OSCIOFNC:** OSCO Pin Function bit (except in XT and HS modes)<sup>(1)</sup>  
 1 = OSCO is the clock output  
 0 = OSCO is the general purpose digital I/O pin

bit 1-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

**Note 1:** The OSCO pin function is determined by the S1OSCIOFNC Configuration bit. If both the Master core OSCIOFNC and Slave core S1OSCIOFNC bits are set, the Master core OSCIOFNC bit has priority.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 21-27: FS1WDT CONFIGURATION REGISTER (SLAVE)

|        |     |     |     |     |     |        |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    | U-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      | —   |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |     |

|          |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| R/PO-1   | R/PO-1    | R/PO-1    | R/PO-1    | R/PO-1    | R/PO-1    | R/PO-1    | R/PO-1    |
| S1FWDTEN | S1SWDTPS4 | S1SWDTPS3 | S1SWDTPS2 | S1SWDTPS1 | S1SWDTPS0 | S1WDTWIN1 | S1WDTWIN0 |
| bit 15   |           |           |           |           |           | bit 8     |           |

|          |            |            |           |           |           |           |           |
|----------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| R/PO-1   | R/PO-1     | R/PO-1     | R/PO-1    | R/PO-1    | R/PO-1    | R/PO-1    | R/PO-1    |
| S1WINDIS | S1RCLKSEL1 | S1RCLKSEL0 | S1RWDTPS4 | S1RWDTPS3 | S1RWDTPS2 | S1RWDTPS1 | S1RWDTPS0 |
| bit 7    |            |            |           |           |           | bit 0     |           |

|                   |                       |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit      |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set      |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared  |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown    |

- bit 23-16     **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 15       **S1FWDTEN:** Watchdog Timer Enable bit
  - 1 = WDT is enabled in hardware
  - 0 = WDT is controlled via the ON (WDTCNL<15>) bit
- bit 14-10    **S1SWDTPS<4:0>:** Sleep Mode Watchdog Timer Period Select bits
- bit 9-8      **S1WDTWIN<1:0>:** Watchdog Window Select bits
  - 11 = WDT window is 25% of WDT period
  - 10 = WDT window is 37.5% of WDT period
  - 01 = WDT window is 50% of WDT period
  - 00 = WDT window is 75% of WDT period
- bit 7         **S1WINDIS:** Windowed Watchdog Timer Disable bit
  - 1 = Standard WDT is selected; windowed WDT is disabled
  - 0 = Windowed WDT is enabled
- bit 6-5      **S1RCLKSEL<1:0>:** Watchdog Timer Clock Select bits
  - 11 = LPRC
  - 10 = Uses FRC when S1WINDIS = 0, system clock is not INTOSC/LPRC and the device is not in Sleep; otherwise, uses INTOSC/LPRC
  - 01 = Uses the peripheral clock when the system clock is not INTOSC/LPRC and the device is not in Sleep; otherwise, uses INTOSC/LPRC
  - 00 = Reserved
- bit 4-0      **S1RWDTPS<4:0>:** Run Mode Watchdog Timer Period Select bits

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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## REGISTER 21-28: FS1POR CONFIGURATION REGISTER (SLAVE)

|        |     |     |     |     |     |        |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    | U-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      | —   |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |     |

|        |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1   | U-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-1   | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1   | U-1 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |

|                   |                       |                                    |                    |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit |                                    |                    |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit      | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |                    |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set      | '0' = Bit is cleared               | x = Bit is unknown |

bit 23-0      **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 21-29: FS1ICD CONFIGURATION REGISTER (SLAVE)

|        |     |     |     |     |     |        |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    | U-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      | —   |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |     |

|           |     |          |     |     |     |       |     |
|-----------|-----|----------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| RP/O-1    | U-1 | R/PO-1   | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1   | U-1 |
| S1NOBTSWP | —   | S1ISOLAT | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 15    |     |          |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |        |        |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|
| r-1   | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | S1ICS1 | S1ICS0 |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0  |        |

|                   |                       |                                    |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit | r = Reserved bit                   |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit      | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set      | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   |                       | x = Bit is unknown                 |

bit 23-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 15 **S1NOBTSWP:** *BOOTS*W Instruction Disable bit

1 = *BOOTS*W instruction is disabled

0 = *BOOTS*W instruction is enabled

bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 13 **S1ISOLAT:** Slave Core Isolation bit

1 = The Slave can operate (in Debug mode), even if the SLVEN bit in the MSI is zero

0 = The Slave can only operate if the SLVEN bit in the MSI is set

bit 12-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 7 **Reserved:** Maintain as '1'

bit 6-2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 1-0 **S1ICS<1:0>:** ICD Pin Placement Select bits

11 = Slave ICD pins are *S1PGC1/S1PGD1/S1MCLR1*

10 = Slave ICD pins are *S1PGC2/S1PGD2/S1MCLR2*

01 = Slave ICD pins are *S1PGC3/S1PGD3/S1MCLR3*

00 = None (*S1MCLR1* pin is released and can be used as a regular I/O)

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## REGISTER 21-30: FS1DEVOPT CONFIGURATION REGISTER (SLAVE)

|        |     |     |     |     |     |        |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    | U-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      | —   |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |     |

|        |        |                          |     |     |     |       |     |
|--------|--------|--------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1                   | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1   | U-1 |
| S1MSRE | S1SSRE | S1SPI1PIN <sup>(1)</sup> | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 15 |        |                          |     |     |     | bit 8 |     |

|       |     |     |     |           |     |       |     |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----------|-----|-------|-----|
| U-1   | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | R/PO-1    | U-1 | U-1   | U-1 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | S1ALT12C1 | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |           |     | bit 0 |     |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit              |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

bit 23-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 15 **S1MSRE:** Master Slave Reset Enable bit

- 1 = The Master software-oriented Reset events (Reset Opcode, Watchdog Timer Time-out Reset, Trap Reset, Illegal Instruction Reset) will also cause the Slave subsystem to reset
- 0 = The Master software-oriented Reset events (Reset Opcode, Watchdog Timer Time-out Reset, Trap Reset, Illegal Instruction Reset) will not cause the Slave subsystem to reset

bit 14 **S1SSRE:** Slave Reset Enable bit

- 1 = Slave generated Resets will reset the Slave enable bit in the MSI module
- 0 = Slave generated Resets will not reset the Slave enable bit in the MSI module

bit 13 **S1SPI1PIN:** Slave SPI1 Fast I/O Pad Disable bit<sup>(1)</sup>

- 1 = Slave SPI1 uses PPS (I/O remap) to make connects with device pins
- 0 = Slave SPI1 uses direct connections with specified device pins

bit 12-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 3 **S1ALT12C1:** Alternate I2C1 Pin Mapping bit

- 1 = Default location for SCL1/SDA1 pins
- 0 = Alternate location for SCL1/SDA1 pins (ASCL1/ASDA1)

bit 2-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

**Note 1:** Fixed pin option is only available for higher pin packages (48-pin, 64-pin and 80-pin).

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## REGISTER 21-31: FS1ALTREG CONFIGURATION REGISTER (SLAVE)

|        |     |     |     |     |     |        |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    | U-1 |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —      | —   |
| bit 23 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 16 |     |

|        |              |        |        |     |              |        |        |
|--------|--------------|--------|--------|-----|--------------|--------|--------|
| U-1    | R/PO-1       | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | U-1 | R/PO-1       | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| —      | S1CTXT4<2:0> |        |        | —   | S1CTXT3<2:0> |        |        |
| bit 15 |              |        |        |     |              | bit 8  |        |

|       |              |        |        |     |              |        |        |
|-------|--------------|--------|--------|-----|--------------|--------|--------|
| U-1   | R/PO-1       | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 | U-1 | R/PO-1       | R/PO-1 | R/PO-1 |
| —     | S1CTXT2<2:0> |        |        | —   | S1CTXT1<2:0> |        |        |
| bit 7 |              |        |        |     |              | bit 0  |        |

|                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | PO = Program Once bit              |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit                   |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set                   |
|                   | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
|                   | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
|                   | x = Bit is unknown                 |

bit 23-15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 14-12 **S1CTXT4<2:0>:** Alternate Working Register Set #4 Interrupt Priority Level Selection bits

111 = Not assigned

110 = Alternate Register Set #4 is assigned to IPL Level 7

101 = Alternate Register Set #4 is assigned to IPL Level 6

100 = Alternate Register Set #4 is assigned to IPL Level 5

011 = Alternate Register Set #4 is assigned to IPL Level 4

010 = Alternate Register Set #4 is assigned to IPL Level 3

001 = Alternate Register Set #4 is assigned to IPL Level 2

000 = Alternate Register Set #4 is assigned to IPL Level 1

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 10-8 **S1CTXT3<2:0>:** Alternate Working Register Set #3 Interrupt Priority Level Selection bits

111 = Not assigned

110 = Alternate Register Set #3 is assigned to IPL Level 7

101 = Alternate Register Set #3 is assigned to IPL Level 6

100 = Alternate Register Set #3 is assigned to IPL Level 5

011 = Alternate Register Set #3 is assigned to IPL Level 4

010 = Alternate Register Set #3 is assigned to IPL Level 3

001 = Alternate Register Set #3 is assigned to IPL Level 2

000 = Alternate Register Set #3 is assigned to IPL Level 1

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 6-4 **S1CTXT2<2:0>:** Alternate Working Register Set #2 Interrupt Priority Level Selection bits

111 = Not assigned

110 = Alternate Register Set #2 is assigned to IPL Level 7

101 = Alternate Register Set #2 is assigned to IPL Level 6

100 = Alternate Register Set #2 is assigned to IPL Level 5

011 = Alternate Register Set #2 is assigned to IPL Level 4

010 = Alternate Register Set #2 is assigned to IPL Level 3

001 = Alternate Register Set #2 is assigned to IPL Level 2

000 = Alternate Register Set #2 is assigned to IPL Level 1

bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

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## REGISTER 21-31: FS1ALTREG CONFIGURATION REGISTER (SLAVE) (CONTINUED)

bit 2-0      **S1CTXT1<2:0>**: Alternate Working Register Set #1 Interrupt Priority Level Selection bits

- 111 = Not assigned
- 110 = Alternate Register Set #1 is assigned to IPL Level 7
- 101 = Alternate Register Set #1 is assigned to IPL Level 6
- 100 = Alternate Register Set #1 is assigned to IPL Level 5
- 011 = Alternate Register Set #1 is assigned to IPL Level 4
- 010 = Alternate Register Set #1 is assigned to IPL Level 3
- 001 = Alternate Register Set #1 is assigned to IPL Level 2
- 000 = Alternate Register Set #1 is assigned to IPL Level 1



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## 21.2 Device Calibration and Identification

The PGAX and current source modules on the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices require Calibration Data registers to improve performance of the module over a wide operating range. These Calibration registers are read-only and are stored in configuration memory space. Prior to enabling the module, the calibration data must be read (TBLPAG and Table Read instruction) and loaded into their respective SFR registers. The device calibration addresses are shown in [Table 21-4](#).

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 devices have two Identification registers, near the end of configuration memory space, that store the Device ID (DEVID) and Device Revision (DEVREV). These registers are used to determine the mask, variant and manufacturing information about the device. These registers are read-only and are shown in [Register 21-32](#) and [Register 21-33](#).

**TABLE 21-4: DEVICE CALIBRATION ADDRESSES<sup>(1)</sup>**

| Calibration Name | Address  | Bits 23-16 | Bit 15 | Bit 14 | Bit 13 | Bit 12 | Bit 11 | Bit 10 | Bit 9 | Bit 8 | Bit 7                 | Bit 6 | Bit 5                           | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
|------------------|----------|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-----------------------|-------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| PGA1CAL          | 0xF8001C | —          | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     | PGA1 Calibration Data |       |                                 |       |       |       |       |       |
| PGA2CAL          | 0xF8001E | —          | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     | PGA2 Calibration Data |       |                                 |       |       |       |       |       |
| PGA3CAL          | 0xF80020 | —          | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     | PGA3 Calibration Data |       |                                 |       |       |       |       |       |
| ISRCCAL          | 0xF80012 | —          | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     | —                     | —     | Current Source Calibration Data |       |       |       |       |       |

**Note 1:** The calibration data must be copied into its respective registers prior to enabling the module.

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## REGISTER 21-32: DEVREV: DEVICE REVISION REGISTER

|               |   |   |   |        |   |   |   |
|---------------|---|---|---|--------|---|---|---|
| R             | R | R | R | R      | R | R | R |
| DEVREV<23:16> |   |   |   |        |   |   |   |
| bit 23        |   |   |   | bit 16 |   |   |   |

|              |   |   |   |       |   |   |   |
|--------------|---|---|---|-------|---|---|---|
| R            | R | R | R | R     | R | R | R |
| DEVREV<15:8> |   |   |   |       |   |   |   |
| bit 15       |   |   |   | bit 8 |   |   |   |

|             |   |   |   |       |   |   |   |
|-------------|---|---|---|-------|---|---|---|
| R           | R | R | R | R     | R | R | R |
| DEVREV<7:0> |   |   |   |       |   |   |   |
| bit 7       |   |   |   | bit 0 |   |   |   |

**Legend:** R = Read-only bit U = Unimplemented bit

bit 23-0 **DEVREV<23:0>**: Device Revision bits

## REGISTER 21-33: DEVID: DEVICE ID REGISTERS

|        |     |     |     |        |     |     |     |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|-----|
| U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 | U-1    | U-1 | U-1 | U-1 |
| —      |     |     |     |        |     |     |     |
| bit 23 |     |     |     | bit 16 |     |     |     |

|        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| R      | R      | R      | R      | R      | R      | R      | R      |
| FAMID7 | FAMID6 | FAMID5 | FAMID4 | FAMID3 | FAMID2 | FAMID1 | FAMID0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        | bit 8  |        |        |        |

|                     |                     |                     |                     |                     |                     |                     |                     |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| R                   | R                   | R                   | R                   | R                   | R                   | R                   | R                   |
| DEV7 <sup>(1)</sup> | DEV6 <sup>(1)</sup> | DEV5 <sup>(1)</sup> | DEV4 <sup>(1)</sup> | DEV3 <sup>(1)</sup> | DEV2 <sup>(1)</sup> | DEV1 <sup>(1)</sup> | DEV0 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| bit 7               |                     |                     |                     | bit 0               |                     |                     |                     |

**Legend:** R = Read-only bit U = Unimplemented bit

bit 23-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'

bit 15-8 **FAMID<7:0>**: Device Family Identifier bits

1000 0111 = dsPIC33CH128MP508 family

bit 7-0 **DEV<7:0>**: Individual Device Identifier bits<sup>(1)</sup>

**Note 1:** See [Table 21-5](#) for the list of Device Identifier bits.

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TABLE 21-5: DEVICE VARIANTS

| DEVID<7:0>                 | Device Name         | Core   |
|----------------------------|---------------------|--------|
| <b>Devices with CAN FD</b> |                     |        |
| 0x40                       | dsPIC33CH64MP502    | Master |
| 0xC0                       | dsPIC33CH64MP502S1  | Slave  |
| 0x50                       | dsPIC33CH128MP502   | Master |
| 0xD0                       | dsPIC33CH128MP502S1 | Slave  |
| 0x41                       | dsPIC33CH64MP503    | Master |
| 0xC1                       | dsPIC33CH64MP503S1  | Slave  |
| 0x51                       | dsPIC33CH128MP503   | Master |
| 0xD1                       | dsPIC33CH128MP503S1 | Slave  |
| 0x42                       | dsPIC33CH64MP505    | Master |
| 0xC2                       | dsPIC33CH64MP505S1  | Slave  |
| 0x52                       | dsPIC33CH128MP505   | Master |
| 0xD2                       | dsPIC33CH128MP505S1 | Slave  |
| 0x43                       | dsPIC33CH64MP506    | Master |
| 0xC3                       | dsPIC33CH64MP506S1  | Slave  |
| 0x53                       | dsPIC33CH128MP506   | Master |
| 0xD3                       | dsPIC33CH128MP506S1 | Slave  |
| 0x44                       | dsPIC33CH64MP508    | Master |
| 0xC4                       | dsPIC33CH64MP508S1  | Slave  |
| 0x54                       | dsPIC33CH128MP508   | Master |
| 0xD4                       | dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 | Slave  |

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TABLE 21-5: DEVICE VARIANTS (CONTINUED)

| DEVID<7:0>                    | Device Name         | Core   |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|--------|
| <b>Devices without CAN FD</b> |                     |        |
| 0x00                          | dsPIC33CH64MP202    | Master |
| 0x80                          | dsPIC33CH64MP202S1  | Slave  |
| 0x10                          | dsPIC33CH128MP202   | Master |
| 0x90                          | dsPIC33CH128MP202S1 | Slave  |
| 0x01                          | dsPIC33CH64MP203    | Master |
| 0x81                          | dsPIC33CH64MP203S1  | Slave  |
| 0x11                          | dsPIC33CH128MP203   | Master |
| 0x91                          | dsPIC33CH128MP203S1 | Slave  |
| 0x02                          | dsPIC33CH64MP205    | Master |
| 0x82                          | dsPIC33CH64MP205S1  | Slave  |
| 0x12                          | dsPIC33CH128MP205   | Master |
| 0x92                          | dsPIC33CH128MP205S1 | Slave  |
| 0x03                          | dsPIC33CH64MP206    | Master |
| 0x83                          | dsPIC33CH64MP206S1  | Slave  |
| 0x13                          | dsPIC33CH128MP206   | Master |
| 0x93                          | dsPIC33CH128MP206S1 | Slave  |
| 0x04                          | dsPIC33CH64MP208    | Master |
| 0x84                          | dsPIC33CH64MP208S1  | Slave  |
| 0x14                          | dsPIC33CH128MP208   | Master |
| 0x94                          | dsPIC33CH128MP208S1 | Slave  |

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 21.3 User OTP Memory

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices contain 64 One-Time-Programmable (OTP) double words, located at addresses, 801700h through 8017FEh. Each 48-bit OTP double word can only be written one time. The OTP Words can be used for storing checksums, code revisions, manufacturing dates, manufacturing lot numbers or any other application-specific information.

The OTP area is not cleared by any erase command. This memory can be written only once.

## 21.4 On-Chip Voltage Regulators

All of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices have a capacitorless, internal voltage regulator to supply power to the core at 1.2V (typical). A pair of voltage regulators, VREG1 and VREG2 together, provide power for the core. The PLL is powered using a separate regulator, VREGPLL, as shown in Figure 21-1.

FIGURE 21-1: INTERNAL REGULATOR



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## 21.5 Regulator Control and Sleep Mode

As shown in [Figure 21-1](#), both VREG1 and VREG2 together, share the total load for the Master and Slave.

The PLL for the Master and Slave is powered using a separate regulator, as shown for VREG3 (VREGPLL). The output voltages of these regulators can be controlled by the user, which gives eligibility to save power during Sleep mode.

As shown in [Register 21-34](#), there are two control bits, VREGxOV<1:0>, to control the output voltages of these regulators. VREGCON<15> should be set to put the regulator in Low-Power mode before going to Sleep.

Before going to Sleep, the voltage regulator should be changed to 1V (or 0.8V). The voltage regulators communicate to the Slave or Master depending on the scenario below.

### REGISTER 21-34: VREGCON: VOLTAGE REGULATOR CONTROL REGISTER

|        |     |     |     |     |     |     |       |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| r-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |

|       |     |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|-------|-----|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0    |
| —     | —   | VREG3OV1 | VREG3OV0 | VREG2OV1 | VREG2OV0 | VREG1OV1 | VREG1OV0 |
| bit 7 |     |          |          |          |          |          | bit 0    |

|                   |                  |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | r = Reserved bit | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit | '0' = Bit is cleared               |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set | x = Bit is unknown                 |

- bit 15      **Reserved:** Maintain as '0'
- bit 14-6   **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-4      **VREG3OV<1:0>:** Low-Power Mode Enable bits
  - 11/00 = VOUT = 1.5 \* VBG = 1.2V
  - 10 = VOUT = 1.25 \* VBG = 1.0V
  - 01 = VOUT = VBG = 0.8V
- bit 3-2      **VREG2OV<1:0>:** Low-Power Mode Enable bits
  - 11/00 = VOUT = 1.5 \* VBG = 1.2V
  - 10 = VOUT = 1.25 \* VBG = 1.0V
  - 01 = VOUT = VBG = 0.8V
- bit 1-0      **VREG1OV<1:0>:** Low-Power Mode Enable bits
  - 11/00 = VOUT = 1.5 \* VBG = 1.2V
  - 10 = VOUT = 1.25 \* VBG = 1.0V
  - 01 = VOUT = VBG = 0.8V

## 21.6 Brown-out Reset (BOR)

The Brown-out Reset (BOR) module is based on an internal voltage reference circuit that monitors the regulated supply voltage. The main purpose of the BOR module is to generate a device Reset when a brown-out condition occurs. Brown-out conditions are generally caused by glitches on the AC mains (for example, missing portions of the AC cycle waveform due to bad power transmission lines or voltage sags due to excessive current draw when a large inductive load is turned on).

A BOR generates a Reset pulse which resets the device. The BOR selects the clock source based on the device Configuration bit selections.

If an Oscillator mode is selected, the BOR activates the Oscillator Start-up Timer (OST). The system clock is held until OST expires. If the PLL is used, the clock is held until the LOCK bit (OSCCON<5>) is '1'.

Concurrently, the PWRT Time-out (TPWRT) is applied before the internal Reset is released. If TPWRT = 0 and a crystal oscillator is being used, then a nominal delay of TFSCM is applied. The total delay in this case is TFSCM. Refer to Parameter SY35 in Table 24-32 of Section 24.0 "Electrical Characteristics" for specific TFSCM values.

The BOR status bit (RCON<1>) is set to indicate that a BOR has occurred. The BOR circuit continues to operate while in Sleep or Idle mode and resets the device should VDD fall below the BOR threshold voltage.

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## 21.7 Dual Watchdog Timer (WDT)

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “Dual Watchdog Timer”, (DS70005250) in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

**2:** The WDT is identical for both Master core and Slave core. The x is common for both Master core and Slave core (where the x represents the number of the specific module being addressed). The number of WDT modules available on the Master and Slaves is different and they are located in different SFR locations.

**3:** All associated register names are the same on the Master core and the Slave core. The Slave code will be developed in a separate project in MPLAB® X IDE with the device selection, dsPIC33CH128MP508S1, where the S1 indicates the Slave device.

Table 21-6 shows an overview of the WDT module.

**TABLE 21-6: DUAL WDT MODULE OVERVIEW**

|             | Number of WDT Modules | Identical (Modules) |
|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Master Core | 1                     | Yes                 |
| Slave Core  | 1                     | Yes                 |

The dsPIC33 dual Watchdog Timer (WDT) is described in this section. Refer to [Figure 21-2](#) for a block diagram of the WDT.

The WDT, when enabled, operates from the internal Low-Power RC (LPRC) Oscillator clock source or a selectable clock source in Run mode. The WDT can be used to detect system software malfunctions by resetting the device if the WDT is not cleared periodically in software. The WDT can be configured in Windowed mode or Non-Windowed mode. Various WDT time-out periods can be selected using the WDT postscaler. The WDT can also be used to wake the device from Sleep or Idle mode (Power Save mode). If the WDT expires and issues a device Reset, the WTDO bit of the RCON register ([Register 21-37](#)) will be set.

The following are some of the key features of the WDT modules:

- Configuration or Software Controlled
- Separate User-Configurable Time-out Periods for Run and Sleep/Idle
- Can Wake the Device from Sleep or Idle
- User-Selectable Clock Source in Run mode
- Operates from LPRC in Sleep/Idle mode

**Note:** While executing a clock switch, the WDT will not be reset. It is recommended to reset the WDT prior to executing a clock switch instruction.



**FIGURE 21-2: WATCHDOG TIMER BLOCK DIAGRAM**



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## 21.8 Watchdog Timer Control Registers

### REGISTER 21-35: WDTCONL: WATCHDOG TIMER CONTROL REGISTER LOW

|                     |     |     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |
|---------------------|-----|-----|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| R/W-0               | U-0 | U-0 | R-y                    | R-y                    | R-y                    | R-y                    | R-y                    |
| ON <sup>(1,2)</sup> | —   | —   | RUNDIV4 <sup>(3)</sup> | RUNDIV3 <sup>(3)</sup> | RUNDIV2 <sup>(3)</sup> | RUNDIV1 <sup>(3)</sup> | RUNDIV0 <sup>(3)</sup> |
| bit 15              |     |     |                        |                        |                        |                        | bit 8                  |

|                          |                          |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                         |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| R                        | R                        | R-y                    | R-y                    | R-y                    | R-y                    | R-y                    | HS/R/W-0                |
| CLKSEL1 <sup>(3,5)</sup> | CLKSEL0 <sup>(3,5)</sup> | SLPDIV4 <sup>(3)</sup> | SLPDIV3 <sup>(3)</sup> | SLPDIV2 <sup>(3)</sup> | SLPDIV1 <sup>(3)</sup> | SLPDIV0 <sup>(3)</sup> | WDTWINEN <sup>(4)</sup> |
| bit 7                    |                          |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        | bit 0                   |

|                   |                            |   |
|-------------------|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Legend:</b>    | HS = Hardware Settable bit | y = Value from Configuration bit on POR |
| R = Readable bit  | W = Writable bit           | U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'      |
| -n = Value at POR | '1' = Bit is set           | '0' = Bit is cleared                    |
|                   |                            | x = Bit is unknown                      |

- bit 15      **ON:** Watchdog Timer Enable bit<sup>(1,2)</sup>  
             1 = Enables the Watchdog Timer if it is not enabled by the device configuration  
             0 = Disables the Watchdog Timer if it was enabled in software
- bit 14-13    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 12-8    **RUNDIV<4:0>:** WDT Run Mode Postscaler Status bits<sup>(3)</sup>
- bit 7-6     **CLKSEL<1:0>:** WDT Run Mode Clock Select Status bits<sup>(3,5)</sup>  
             11 = LPRC Oscillator  
             10 = FRC Oscillator  
             01 = Reserved  
             00 = Fcy (Fosc/2)
- bit 5-1     **SLPDIV<4:0>:** Sleep and Idle Mode WDT Postscaler Status bits<sup>(3)</sup>
- bit 0       **WDTWINEN:** Watchdog Timer Window Enable bit<sup>(4)</sup>  
             1 = Enables Window mode  
             0 = Disables Window mode

- Note 1:** A read of this bit will result in a '1' if the WDT is enabled by the device configuration or by software.
- Note 2:** The user's software should not read or write to the peripheral's SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON bit.
- Note 3:** These bits reflect the value of the Configuration bits.
- Note 4:** The WDTWINEN bit reflects the status of the Configuration bit if the bit is set. If the bit is cleared, the value is controlled by software.
- Note 5:** The available clock sources are device-dependent.

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## REGISTER 21-36: WDTCONH: WATCHDOG TIMER CONTROL REGISTER HIGH

|                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| W-0             | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 |
| WDTCLRKEY<15:8> |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| bit 15          |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| bit 8           |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |

|                |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| W-0            | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 | W-0 |
| WDTCLRKEY<7:0> |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| bit 7          |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| bit 0          |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0

**WDTCLRKEY<15:0>**: Watchdog Timer Clear Key bits

To clear the Watchdog Timer to prevent a time-out, software must write the value, 0x5743, to this location using a single 16-bit write.

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## REGISTER 21-37: RCON: RESET CONTROL REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup>

|        |        |     |     |     |     |       |       |
|--------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| TRAPR  | IOPUWR | —   | —   | —   | —   | CM    | VREGS |
| bit 15 |        |     |     |     |     | bit 8 |       |

|       |       |     |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
| EXTR  | SWR   | —   | WDTO  | SLEEP | IDLE  | BOR   | POR   |
| bit 7 |       |     |       |       |       | bit 0 |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15        **TRAPR:** Trap Reset Flag bit  
                  1 = A Trap Conflict Reset has occurred  
                  0 = A Trap Conflict Reset has not occurred
- bit 14        **IOPUWR:** Illegal Opcode or Uninitialized W Register Access Reset Flag bit  
                  1 = An illegal opcode detection, an illegal address mode or Uninitialized W register used as an Address Pointer caused a Reset  
                  0 = An Illegal Opcode or Uninitialized W register Reset has not occurred
- bit 13-10    **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 9         **CM:** Configuration Mismatch Flag bit  
                  1 = A Configuration Mismatch Reset has occurred  
                  0 = A Configuration Mismatch Reset has not occurred
- bit 8         **VREGS:** Voltage Regulator Standby During Sleep bit  
                  1 = Voltage regulator is active during Sleep  
                  0 = Voltage regulator goes into Standby mode during Sleep
- bit 7         **EXTR:** External Reset ( $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ ) Pin bit  
                  1 = A Master Clear (pin) Reset has occurred  
                  0 = A Master Clear (pin) Reset has not occurred
- bit 6         **SWR:** Software RESET (instruction) Flag bit  
                  1 = A RESET instruction has been executed  
                  0 = A RESET instruction has not been executed
- bit 5         **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4         **WDTO:** Watchdog Timer Time-out Flag bit  
                  1 = WDT time-out has occurred  
                  0 = WDT time-out has not occurred
- bit 3         **SLEEP:** Wake from Sleep Flag bit  
                  1 = Device was in Sleep mode  
                  0 = Device was not in Sleep mode
- bit 2         **IDLE:** Wake from Idle Flag bit  
                  1 = Device was in Idle mode  
                  0 = Device was not in Idle mode
- bit 1         **BOR:** Brown-out Reset Flag bit  
                  1 = Brown-out Reset has occurred  
                  0 = Brown-out Reset has not occurred

**Note 1:** All of the Reset status bits can be set or cleared in software. Setting one of these bits in software does not cause a device Reset.

## REGISTER 21-37: RCON: RESET CONTROL REGISTER<sup>(1)</sup> (CONTINUED)

bit 0           **POR:** Power-on Reset Flag bit  
                  1 = Power-on Reset has occurred  
                  0 = Power-on Reset has not occurred

**Note 1:** All of the Reset status bits can be set or cleared in software. Setting one of these bits in software does not cause a device Reset.

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## 21.9 JTAG Interface

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices implement a JTAG interface, which supports boundary scan device testing. Detailed information on this interface will be provided in future revisions of this document.

**Note:** Refer to “**Programming and Diagnostics**” (DS70608) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*” for further information on usage, configuration and operation of the JTAG interface.

## 21.10 In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™)

The dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices can be serially programmed while in the end application circuit. This is done with two lines for clock and data, and three other lines for power, ground and the programming sequence. Serial programming allows customers to manufacture boards with unprogrammed devices and then program the device just before shipping the product. Serial programming also allows the most recent firmware or a custom firmware to be programmed. Refer to the “*dsPIC33CH128MP508 Family Flash Programming Specification*” (DS70005285) for details about In-Circuit Serial Programming (ICSP).

Any of the three pairs of programming clock/data pins can be used:

- PGC1 and PGD1
- PGC2 and PGD2
- PGC3 and PGD3

**Note:** Both Master core and Slave core can be used with MPLAB® ICD to debug at the same time. There are PGCx and PGDx pins dedicated for the Master core and Slave core (S1PGCx and S1PGDx) to make this possible. MCLR is the same for programming the Master core and the Slave core. S1MCLR<sub>x</sub> is used only when the Master and Slave are debugged simultaneously.

## 21.11 In-Circuit Debugger

When MPLAB® ICD 3 or the REAL ICE™ emulator is selected as a debugger, the in-circuit debugging functionality is enabled. This function allows simple debugging functions when used with MPLAB IDE. Debugging functionality is controlled through the PGCx (Emulation/Debug Clock) and PGDx (Emulation/Debug Data) pin functions.

Any of the three pairs of debugging clock/data pins can be used:

- PGC1 and PGD1 Master Debug or Slave Debug
- PGC2 and PGD2 Master Debug or Slave Debug
- PGC3 and PGD3 Master Debug or Slave Debug for debugging Master and Slave simultaneously, two MPLAB ICD debuggers or the REAL ICE™ emulator are required. This mode of debugging, where the Master and Slave are simultaneously debugged, is called the Dual Debug mode. S1MCLR<sub>x</sub> and S1PGCx/S1PGD<sub>x</sub> are used only in Dual Debug mode.

The Dual Debug mode of operation needs the following PGCx/PGDx pins:

- MCLR, PGC1 and PGD1 for Master Debug, and S1MCLR1, S1PGC1 and S1PGD1 for Slave Debug
- MCLR, PGC2 and PGD2 for Master Debug, and S1MCLR2, S1PGC2 and S1PGD2 for Slave Debug
- MCLR, PGC3 and PGD3 for Master Debug, and S1MCLR3, S1PGC3 and S1PGD3 for Slave Debug

To use the in-circuit debugger function of the device, the design must implement ICSP connections to MCLR, VDD, Vss and the PGCx/PGDx pin pair. In addition, when the feature is enabled, some of the resources are not available for general use. These resources include the first 80 bytes of data RAM and two or five (in Dual Debug) I/O pins (PGCx and PGDx).

There are three modes of debugging the dual core family of dsPIC33CH128MP508:

1. Master Only Debug
2. Slave Only Debug
3. Dual Debug

### 21.11.1 MASTER ONLY DEBUG

In Master Only Debug, only the Master project will be debugged. There is no project for Slave or no Slave code. The main project will be for dsPIC33CHXXXMP50X/20X and the user has to use MCLR and PGCx/PGDx for debugging. This is similar to debugging any single core existing device.

## 21.11.2 SLAVE ONLY DEBUG

In the Slave Only Debug mode, the user will need two projects. One project is the Master project with dsPIC33CHXXXMP50X/20X as the device. This is called a Master Stub and is required to provide the configuration information to the Slave. The Slave does not have its own Configuration bits. The Configuration bits reside in the Master Flash. The Master Stub will be small code used to provide the Configuration bits for the Slave. The Master Stub is first programmed to the Master Flash using MCLR, PGCx and PGDx.

Once the Master Stub is programmed in the Master Flash, the user has to open a new project with dsPIC33CHXXXMP50X/20XS1 (the S1 indicates the Slave device). The same MCLR and PGCx/PGDx, or different PGCx/PGDx, can be used for debugging the Slave. Now the Slave can be debugged like any other single core device.

## 21.11.3 DUAL DEBUG (BOTH MASTER AND SLAVE ARE DEBUGGED)

In this Debug mode, two debug tools are required: one for Master and one for Slave.

In the Dual Debug mode, the user needs two projects. One project is the Master project with dsPIC33CHXXXMP50X/20X as the device. Configuration bits for the Master, as well as the Slave, will be part of this project. The S1ISOLAT bit can be set and the Master project can be debugged like any other existing single core device. The Master can be debugged using MCLR, PGCx and PGDx.

Once the Master has started the debug process, the user has to open a new project with dsPIC33CHXXXMP50X/20XS1 (the S1 indicates the Slave device). Connect the project using S1MCLR<sub>x</sub> and S1PGC<sub>x</sub>/S1PGD<sub>x</sub>, and start debugging the Slave project.

## 21.12 Code Protection and CodeGuard™ Security – Master Flash

dsPIC33CH128MP508 family devices offer multiple levels of security for protecting individual intellectual property. The program Flash protection can be broken up into three segments: Boot Segment (BS), General Segment (GS) and Configuration Segment (CS). Boot Segment has the highest security privilege and can be thought to have limited restrictions when accessing other segments. General Segment has the least security and is intended for the end user system code. Configuration Segment contains only the device user configuration data, which is located at the end of the program memory space.

The code protection features are controlled by the Configuration registers, FSEC and FBSLIM. The FSEC register controls the code-protect level for each segment and if that segment is write-protected. The size of BS and GS will depend on the BSLIM<12:0> bits setting and if the Alternate Interrupt Vector Table (AIVT) is enabled. The BSLIM<12:0> bits define the number of pages for BS with each page containing 1024 IW. The smallest BS size is one page, which will consist of the Interrupt Vector Table (IVT) and 512 IW of code protection.

If the AIVT is enabled, the last page of BS will contain the AIVT and will not contain any BS code. With AIVT enabled, the smallest BS size is now two pages (2048 IW), with one page for the IVT and BS code, and the other page for the AIVT. Write protection of the BS does not cover the AIVT. The last page of BS can always be programmed or erased by BS code. The General Segment will start at the next page and will consume the rest of program Flash, except for the Flash Configuration Words. The IVT will assume GS security only if BS is not enabled. The IVT is protected from being programmed or page erased when either security segment has enabled write protection.

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The different device security segments are shown in Figure 21-3. Here, all three segments are shown, but are not required. If only basic code protection is required, then GS can be enabled independently or combined with CS, if desired.

**FIGURE 21-3: SECURITY SEGMENTS EXAMPLE**



## 21.13 Code Protection and CodeGuard™ Security – Slave PRAM

The dsPIC33CH128MP508S1 family Slave PRAM inherits its security configuration from the Master GSS<1:0> and GWRP Configuration bit settings. The Slave PRAM does not have a BS or CS segment.

All user code space is considered GS, including the IVT. Therefore, there are no specific segment read and write permissions to consider.

If either the GSSx or GWRP bits are enabled, ICSP entry directly to the Slave PRAM is inhibited. This prevents Slave only programming and debugging when the Master Flash GS is code-protected.

RTSP self-programming of the PRAM is still allowed when Flash GS code protection is enabled. However, the Slave PRAM image containing the application code for the RTSP operations must be loaded from the Master Flash at run time and is subject to Master Flash code protection configuration.

Master to Slave image loading is always allowed, regardless of any code protection settings.

Privileged Dual Partition mode performs the same function as Protected Dual Partition mode, except additional constraints are applied in an effort to prevent code in the Boot Segment and General Segment from being used against each other.



## 22.0 INSTRUCTION SET SUMMARY

**Note:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to the related section in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

The dsPIC33CH instruction set is almost identical to that of the dsPIC30F and dsPIC33F.

Most instructions are a single program memory word (24 bits). Only three instructions require two program memory locations.

Each single-word instruction is a 24-bit word, divided into an 8-bit opcode, which specifies the instruction type and one or more operands, which further specify the operation of the instruction.

The instruction set is highly orthogonal and is grouped into five basic categories:

- Word or byte-oriented operations
- Bit-oriented operations
- Literal operations
- DSP operations
- Control operations

Table 22-1 lists the general symbols used in describing the instructions.

The dsPIC33 instruction set summary in Table 22-2 lists all the instructions, along with the status flags affected by each instruction.

Most word or byte-oriented W register instructions (including barrel shift instructions) have three operands:

- The first source operand, which is typically a register ‘Wb’ without any address modifier
- The second source operand, which is typically a register ‘Ws’ with or without an address modifier
- The destination of the result, which is typically a register ‘Wd’ with or without an address modifier

However, word or byte-oriented file register instructions have two operands:

- The file register specified by the value ‘f’
- The destination, which could be either the file register ‘f’ or the W0 register, which is denoted as ‘WREG’

Most bit-oriented instructions (including simple rotate/shift instructions) have two operands:

- The W register (with or without an address modifier) or file register (specified by the value of ‘Ws’ or ‘f’)
- The bit in the W register or file register (specified by a literal value or indirectly by the contents of register ‘Wb’)

The literal instructions that involve data movement can use some of the following operands:

- A literal value to be loaded into a W register or file register (specified by ‘k’)
- The W register or file register where the literal value is to be loaded (specified by ‘Wb’ or ‘f’)

However, literal instructions that involve arithmetic or logical operations use some of the following operands:

- The first source operand, which is a register ‘Wb’ without any address modifier
- The second source operand, which is a literal value
- The destination of the result (only if not the same as the first source operand), which is typically a register ‘Wd’ with or without an address modifier

The MAC class of DSP instructions can use some of the following operands:

- The accumulator (A or B) to be used (required operand)
- The W registers to be used as the two operands
- The X and Y address space prefetch operations
- The X and Y address space prefetch destinations
- The accumulator write-back destination

The other DSP instructions do not involve any multiplication and can include:

- The accumulator to be used (required)
- The source or destination operand (designated as Wso or Wdo, respectively) with or without an address modifier
- The amount of shift specified by a W register ‘Wn’ or a literal value

The control instructions can use some of the following operands:

- A program memory address
- The mode of the Table Read and Table Write instructions

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Most instructions are a single word. Certain double-word instructions are designed to provide all the required information in these 48 bits. In the second word, the 8 MSBs are '0's. If this second word is executed as an instruction (by itself), it executes as a NOP.

The double-word instructions execute in two instruction cycles.

Most single-word instructions are executed in a single instruction cycle, unless a conditional test is true or the Program Counter is changed as a result of the instruction, or a PSV or Table Read is performed. In

these cases, the execution takes multiple instruction cycles, with the additional instruction cycle(s) executed as a NOP. Certain instructions that involve skipping over the subsequent instruction require either two or three cycles if the skip is performed, depending on whether the instruction being skipped is a single-word or two-word instruction. Moreover, double-word moves require two cycles.

**Note:** For more details on the instruction set, refer to the "16-Bit MCU and DSC Programmer's Reference Manual" (DS70000157).

**TABLE 22-1: SYMBOLS USED IN OPCODE DESCRIPTIONS**

| Field               | Description   |
|---------------------|---|
| #text               | Means literal defined by "text"   |
| (text)              | Means "content of text"   |
| [text]              | Means "the location addressed by text"  |
| { }                 | Optional field or operation   |
| $a \in \{b, c, d\}$ | a is selected from the set of values b, c, d  |
| <n:m>               | Register bit field  |
| .b                  | Byte mode selection   |
| .d                  | Double-Word mode selection  |
| .S                  | Shadow register select  |
| .w                  | Word mode selection (default)   |
| Acc                 | One of two accumulators {A, B}  |
| AWB                 | Accumulator Write-Back Destination Address register $\in \{W13, [W13]+ = 2\}$               |
| bit4                | 4-bit bit selection field (used in word-addressed instructions) $\in \{0..15\}$             |
| C, DC, N, OV, Z     | MCU Status bits: Carry, Digit Carry, Negative, Overflow, Sticky Zero                        |
| Expr                | Absolute address, label or expression (resolved by the linker)                              |
| f                   | File register address $\in \{0x0000..0x1FFF\}$  |
| lit1                | 1-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0, 1\}$   |
| lit4                | 4-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0..15\}$  |
| lit5                | 5-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0..31\}$  |
| lit8                | 8-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0..255\}$   |
| lit10               | 10-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0..255\}$ for Byte mode, $\{0:1023\}$ for Word mode          |
| lit14               | 14-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0..16384\}$  |
| lit16               | 16-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0..65535\}$  |
| lit23               | 23-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0..8388608\}$ ; LSB must be '0'                              |
| None                | Field does not require an entry, can be blank   |
| OA, OB, SA, SB      | DSP Status bits: ACCA Overflow, ACCB Overflow, ACCA Saturate, ACCB Saturate                 |
| PC                  | Program Counter   |
| Slit10              | 10-bit signed literal $\in \{-512..511\}$   |
| Slit16              | 16-bit signed literal $\in \{-32768..32767\}$   |
| Slit6               | 6-bit signed literal $\in \{-16..16\}$  |
| Wb                  | Base W register $\in \{W0..W15\}$   |
| Wd                  | Destination W register $\in \{Wd, [Wd], [Wd++] , [Wd--], [++Wd], [--Wd] \}$                 |
| Wdo                 | Destination W register $\in \{Wnd, [Wnd], [Wnd++] , [Wnd--], [++Wnd], [--Wnd], [Wnd+Wb] \}$ |
| Wm,Wn               | Dividend, Divisor Working register pair (direct addressing)                                 |

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 22-1: SYMBOLS USED IN OPCODE DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)**

| Field | Description   |
|-------|---|
| Wm*Wm | Multiplicand and Multiplier Working register pair for Square instructions $\in \{W4 * W4, W5 * W5, W6 * W6, W7 * W7\}$  |
| Wm*Wn | Multiplicand and Multiplier Working register pair for DSP instructions $\in \{W4 * W5, W4 * W6, W4 * W7, W5 * W6, W5 * W7, W6 * W7\}$   |
| Wn    | One of 16 Working registers $\in \{W0...W15\}$  |
| Wnd   | One of 16 Destination Working registers $\in \{W0...W15\}$  |
| Wns   | One of 16 Source Working registers $\in \{W0...W15\}$   |
| WREG  | W0 (Working register used in file register instructions)  |
| Ws    | Source W register $\in \{Ws, [Ws], [Ws++] , [Ws--], [++Ws], [--Ws] \}$  |
| Wso   | Source W register $\in \{Wns, [Wns], [Wns++] , [Wns--], [++Wns], [--Wns], [Wns+Wb] \}$  |
| Wx    | X Data Space Prefetch Address register for DSP instructions<br>$\in \{[W8] + = 6, [W8] + = 4, [W8] + = 2, [W8], [W8] - = 6, [W8] - = 4, [W8] - = 2, [W9] + = 6, [W9] + = 4, [W9] + = 2, [W9], [W9] - = 6, [W9] - = 4, [W9] - = 2, [W9 + W12], \text{none}\}$                |
| Wxd   | X Data Space Prefetch Destination register for DSP instructions $\in \{W4...W7\}$   |
| Wy    | Y Data Space Prefetch Address register for DSP instructions<br>$\in \{[W10] + = 6, [W10] + = 4, [W10] + = 2, [W10], [W10] - = 6, [W10] - = 4, [W10] - = 2, [W11] + = 6, [W11] + = 4, [W11] + = 2, [W11], [W11] - = 6, [W11] - = 4, [W11] - = 2, [W11 + W12], \text{none}\}$ |
| Wyd   | Y Data Space Prefetch Destination register for DSP instructions $\in \{W4...W7\}$   |

**Note:** In dsPIC33CH128MP508 devices, read and Read-Modify-Write (RMW) operations on non-CPU Special Function Registers require an additional cycle when compared to dsPIC30F, dsPIC33F, PIC24F and PIC24H devices

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 22-2: INSTRUCTION SET OVERVIEW**

| Base Instr # | Assembly Mnemonic | Assembly Syntax                   | Description  | # of Words | # of Cycles <sup>(1)</sup> | Status Flags Affected |
|--------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1            | ADD               | ADD <i>Acc</i>                    | Add Accumulators   | 1          | 1                          | OA,OB,SA,SB           |
|              |                   | ADD <i>f</i>                      | $f = f + WREG$   | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | ADD <i>f, WREG</i>                | $WREG = f + WREG$  | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | ADD <i>#lit10, Wn</i>             | $Wd = lit10 + Wd$  | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | ADD <i>Wb, Ws, Wd</i>             | $Wd = Wb + Ws$   | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | ADD <i>Wb, #lit5, Wd</i>          | $Wd = Wb + lit5$   | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | ADD <i>Wso, #Slit4, Acc</i>       | 16-bit Signed Add to Accumulator                           | 1          | 1                          | OA,OB,SA,SB           |
| 2            | ADDC              | ADDC <i>f</i>                     | $f = f + WREG + (C)$                                       | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | ADDC <i>f, WREG</i>               | $WREG = f + WREG + (C)$                                    | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | ADDC <i>#lit10, Wn</i>            | $Wd = lit10 + Wd + (C)$                                    | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | ADDC <i>Wb, Ws, Wd</i>            | $Wd = Wb + Ws + (C)$                                       | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | ADDC <i>Wb, #lit5, Wd</i>         | $Wd = Wb + lit5 + (C)$                                     | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
| 3            | AND               | AND <i>f</i>                      | $f = f .AND. WREG$   | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
|              |                   | AND <i>f, WREG</i>                | $WREG = f .AND. WREG$                                      | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
|              |                   | AND <i>#lit10, Wn</i>             | $Wd = lit10 .AND. Wd$                                      | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
|              |                   | AND <i>Wb, Ws, Wd</i>             | $Wd = Wb .AND. Ws$   | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
|              |                   | AND <i>Wb, #lit5, Wd</i>          | $Wd = Wb .AND. lit5$                                       | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
| 4            | ASR               | ASR <i>f</i>                      | $f = \text{Arithmetic Right Shift } f$                     | 1          | 1                          | C,N,OV,Z              |
|              |                   | ASR <i>f, WREG</i>                | $WREG = \text{Arithmetic Right Shift } f$                  | 1          | 1                          | C,N,OV,Z              |
|              |                   | ASR <i>Ws, Wd</i>                 | $Wd = \text{Arithmetic Right Shift } Ws$                   | 1          | 1                          | C,N,OV,Z              |
|              |                   | ASR <i>Wb, Wns, Wnd</i>           | $Wnd = \text{Arithmetic Right Shift } Wb \text{ by } Wns$  | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
|              |                   | ASR <i>Wb, #lit5, Wnd</i>         | $Wnd = \text{Arithmetic Right Shift } Wb \text{ by } lit5$ | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
| 5            | BCLR              | BCLR <i>f, #bit4</i>              | Bit Clear <i>f</i>   | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | BCLR <i>Ws, #bit4</i>             | Bit Clear <i>Ws</i>  | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
| 6            | BFEXT             | BFEXT <i>bit4, wid5, Ws, Wb</i>   | Bit Field Extract from <i>Ws</i> to <i>Wb</i>              | 2          | 2                          | None                  |
|              |                   | BFEXT <i>bit4, wid5, f, Wb</i>    | Bit Field Extract from <i>f</i> to <i>Wb</i>               | 2          | 2                          | None                  |
| 7            | BFINS             | BFINS <i>bit4, wid5, Wb, Ws</i>   | Bit Field Insert from <i>Wb</i> into <i>Ws</i>             | 2          | 2                          | None                  |
|              |                   | BFINS <i>bit4, wid5, Wb, f</i>    | Bit Field Insert from <i>Wb</i> into <i>f</i>              | 2          | 2                          | None                  |
|              |                   | BFINS <i>bit4, wid5, lit8, Ws</i> | Bit Field Insert from <i>#lit8</i> to <i>Ws</i>            | 2          | 2                          | None                  |
| 8            | BOOTSWP           | BOOTSWP                           | Swap the Active and Inactive Program Flash Space           | 1          | 2                          | None                  |

- Note**
- 1: Read and Read-Modify-Write (e.g., bit operations and logical operations) on non-CPU SFRs incur an additional instruction cycle.
  - 2: Cycle times for Slave core are different for Master core, as shown in 2.
  - 3: For dsPIC33CH128MP508 devices, the divide instructions must be preceded with a "REPEAT #5" instruction, such that they are executed six consecutive times

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 22-2: INSTRUCTION SET OVERVIEW (CONTINUED)**

| Base Instr # | Assembly Mnemonic | Assembly Syntax   | Description                              | # of Words | # of Cycles <sup>(1)</sup> | Status Flags Affected |
|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 9            | BRA               | BRA C, Expr       | Branch if Carry                          | 1          | 1 (4)/1 (2) <sup>(2)</sup> | None                  |
|              |                   | BRA GE, Expr      | Branch if Greater Than or Equal          | 1          | 1 (4)/1 (2) <sup>(2)</sup> | None                  |
|              |                   | BRA GEU, Expr     | Branch if unsigned Greater Than or Equal | 1          | 1 (4)/1 (2) <sup>(2)</sup> | None                  |
|              |                   | BRA GT, Expr      | Branch if Greater Than                   | 1          | 1 (4)/1 (2) <sup>(2)</sup> | None                  |
|              |                   | BRA GTU, Expr     | Branch if Unsigned Greater Than          | 1          | 1 (4)/1 (2) <sup>(2)</sup> | None                  |
|              |                   | BRA LE, Expr      | Branch if Less Than or Equal             | 1          | 1 (4)/1 (2) <sup>(2)</sup> | None                  |
|              |                   | BRA LEU, Expr     | Branch if Unsigned Less Than or Equal    | 1          | 1 (4)/1 (2) <sup>(2)</sup> | None                  |
|              |                   | BRA LT, Expr      | Branch if Less Than                      | 1          | 1 (4)/1 (2) <sup>(2)</sup> | None                  |
|              |                   | BRA LTU, Expr     | Branch if Unsigned Less Than             | 1          | 1 (4)/1 (2) <sup>(2)</sup> | None                  |
|              |                   | BRA N, Expr       | Branch if Negative                       | 1          | 1 (4)/1 (2) <sup>(2)</sup> | None                  |
|              |                   | BRA NC, Expr      | Branch if Not Carry                      | 1          | 1 (4)/1 (2) <sup>(2)</sup> | None                  |
|              |                   | BRA NN, Expr      | Branch if Not Negative                   | 1          | 1 (4)/1 (2) <sup>(2)</sup> | None                  |
|              |                   | BRA NOV, Expr     | Branch if Not Overflow                   | 1          | 1 (4)/1 (2) <sup>(2)</sup> | None                  |
|              |                   | BRA NZ, Expr      | Branch if Not Zero                       | 1          | 1 (4)/1 (2) <sup>(2)</sup> | None                  |
|              |                   | BRA OA, Expr      | Branch if Accumulator A Overflow         | 1          | 1 (4)/1 (2) <sup>(2)</sup> | None                  |
|              |                   | BRA OB, Expr      | Branch if Accumulator B Overflow         | 1          | 1 (4)/1 (2) <sup>(2)</sup> | None                  |
|              |                   | BRA OV, Expr      | Branch if Overflow                       | 1          | 1 (4)/1 (2) <sup>(2)</sup> | None                  |
|              |                   | BRA SA, Expr      | Branch if Accumulator A Saturated        | 1          | 1 (4)/1 (2) <sup>(2)</sup> | None                  |
|              |                   | BRA SB, Expr      | Branch if Accumulator B Saturated        | 1          | 1 (4)/1 (2) <sup>(2)</sup> | None                  |
|              |                   |                   |  | BRA Expr   | Branch Unconditionally     | 1                     |
|              |                   | BRA Z, Expr       | Branch if Zero                           | 1          | 1 (4)/1 (2) <sup>(2)</sup> | None                  |
|              |                   | BRA Wn            | Computed Branch                          | 1          | 4                          | None                  |
| 10           | BREAK             | BREAK             | Stop User Code Execution                 | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
| 11           | BSET              | BSET f, #bit4     | Bit Set f                                | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | BSET Ws, #bit4    | Bit Set Ws                               | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
| 12           | BSW               | BSW.C Ws, Wb      | Write C bit to Ws<Wb>                    | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | BSW.Z Ws, Wb      | Write Z bit to Ws<Wb>                    | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
| 13           | BTG               | BTG f, #bit4      | Bit Toggle f                             | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | BTG Ws, #bit4     | Bit Toggle Ws                            | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
| 14           | BTSC              | BTSC f, #bit4     | Bit Test f, Skip if Clear                | 1          | 1<br>(2 or 3)              | None                  |
|              |                   | BTSC Ws, #bit4    | Bit Test Ws, Skip if Clear               | 1          | 1<br>(2 or 3)              | None                  |
| 15           | BTSS              | BTSS f, #bit4     | Bit Test f, Skip if Set                  | 1          | 1<br>(2 or 3)              | None                  |
|              |                   | BTSS Ws, #bit4    | Bit Test Ws, Skip if Set                 | 1          | 1<br>(2 or 3)              | None                  |
| 16           | BTST              | BTST f, #bit4     | Bit Test f                               | 1          | 1                          | Z                     |
|              |                   | BTST.C Ws, #bit4  | Bit Test Ws to C                         | 1          | 1                          | C                     |
|              |                   | BTST.Z Ws, #bit4  | Bit Test Ws to Z                         | 1          | 1                          | Z                     |
|              |                   | BTST.C Ws, Wb     | Bit Test Ws<Wb> to C                     | 1          | 1                          | C                     |
|              |                   | BTST.Z Ws, Wb     | Bit Test Ws<Wb> to Z                     | 1          | 1                          | Z                     |
| 17           | BTSTS             | BTSTS f, #bit4    | Bit Test then Set f                      | 1          | 1                          | Z                     |
|              |                   | BTSTS.C Ws, #bit4 | Bit Test Ws to C, then Set               | 1          | 1                          | C                     |
|              |                   | BTSTS.Z Ws, #bit4 | Bit Test Ws to Z, then Set               | 1          | 1                          | Z                     |
| 18           | CALL              | CALL lit23        | Call Subroutine                          | 2          | 4/(2) <sup>(2)</sup>       | SFA                   |
|              |                   | CALL Wn           | Call Indirect Subroutine                 | 1          | 4(2) <sup>(2)</sup>        | SFA                   |
|              |                   | CALL.L Wn         | Call Indirect Subroutine (long address)  | 1          | 4(2) <sup>(2)</sup>        | SFA                   |

- Note**
- 1: Read and Read-Modify-Write (e.g., bit operations and logical operations) on non-CPU SFRs incur an additional instruction cycle.
  - 2: Cycle times for Slave core are different for Master core, as shown in 2.
  - 3: For dsPIC33CH128MP508 devices, the divide instructions must be preceded with a "REPEAT #5" instruction, such that they are executed six consecutive times

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 22-2: INSTRUCTION SET OVERVIEW (CONTINUED)**

| Base Instr # | Assembly Mnemonic | Assembly Syntax                | Description  | # of Words | # of Cycles <sup>(1)</sup> | Status Flags Affected |
|--------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--|------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 19           | CLR               | CLR f                          | $f = 0x0000$   | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | CLR WREG                       | $WREG = 0x0000$  | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | CLR Ws                         | $Ws = 0x0000$  | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | CLR Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd, AWB | Clear Accumulator                                      | 1          | 1                          | OA,OB,SA,SB           |
| 20           | CLRWDT            | CLRWDT                         | Clear Watchdog Timer                                   | 1          | 1                          | WDTO,Sleep            |
| 21           | COM               | COM f                          | $f = \bar{f}$  | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
|              |                   | COM f, WREG                    | $WREG = \bar{f}$                                       | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
|              |                   | COM Ws, Wd                     | $Wd = \overline{Ws}$                                   | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
| 22           | CP                | CP f                           | Compare f with WREG                                    | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | CP Wb, #lit8                   | Compare Wb with lit8                                   | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | CP Wb, Ws                      | Compare Wb with Ws (Wb – Ws)                           | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
| 23           | CP0               | CP0 f                          | Compare f with 0x0000                                  | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | CP0 Ws                         | Compare Ws with 0x0000                                 | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
| 24           | CPB               | CPB f                          | Compare f with WREG, with Borrow                       | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | CPB Wb, #lit8                  | Compare Wb with lit8, with Borrow                      | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | CPB Wb, Ws                     | Compare Wb with Ws, with Borrow (Wb – Ws – C)          | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
| 25           | CPSEQ             | CPSEQ Wb, Wn                   | Compare Wb with Wn, Skip if =                          | 1          | 1<br>(2 or 3)              | None                  |
|              |                   | CPBEQ Wb, Wn, Expr             | Compare Wb with Wn, Branch if =                        | 1          | 1 (5)                      | None                  |
| 26           | CPSGT             | CPSGT Wb, Wn                   | Compare Wb with Wn, Skip if >                          | 1          | 1<br>(2 or 3)              | None                  |
|              |                   | CPBGT Wb, Wn, Expr             | Compare Wb with Wn, Branch if >                        | 1          | 1 (5)                      | None                  |
| 27           | CPSLT             | CPSLT Wb, Wn                   | Compare Wb with Wn, Skip if <                          | 1          | 1<br>(2 or 3)              | None                  |
|              |                   | CPBLT Wb, Wn, Expr             | Compare Wb with Wn, Branch if <                        | 1          | 1 (5)                      | None                  |
| 28           | CPSNE             | CPSNE Wb, Wn                   | Compare Wb with Wn, Skip if ≠                          | 1          | 1<br>(2 or 3)              | None                  |
|              |                   | CPBNE Wb, Wn, Expr             | Compare Wb with Wn, Branch if ≠                        | 1          | 1 (5)                      | None                  |
| 29           | CTXTSWP           | CTXTSWP #lit3                  | Switch CPU Register Context to Context Defined by lit3 | 1          | 2                          | None                  |
| 30           | CTXTSWP           | CTXTSWP Wn                     | Switch CPU Register Context to Context Defined by Wn   | 1          | 2                          | None                  |
| 31           | DAW.B             | DAW.B Wn                       | Wn = Decimal Adjust Wn                                 | 1          | 1                          | C                     |
| 32           | DEC               | DEC f                          | $f = f - 1$  | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | DEC f, WREG                    | $WREG = f - 1$   | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | DEC Ws, Wd                     | $Wd = Ws - 1$  | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
| 33           | DEC2              | DEC2 f                         | $f = f - 2$  | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | DEC2 f, WREG                   | $WREG = f - 2$   | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | DEC2 Ws, Wd                    | $Wd = Ws - 2$  | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
| 34           | DISI              | DISI #lit14                    | Disable Interrupts for k Instruction Cycles            | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
| 35           | DIVF              | DIVF Wm, Wn                    | Signed 16/16-bit Fractional Divide                     | 1          | 18/6                       | N,Z,C,OV              |
| 36           | DIV.S             | DIV.S Wm, Wn                   | Signed 16/16-bit Integer Divide                        | 1          | 18/6                       | N,Z,C,OV              |
|              |                   | DIV.SD Wm, Wn                  | Signed 32/16-bit Integer Divide                        | 1          | 18/6                       | N,Z,C,OV              |
| 37           | DIV.U             | DIV.U Wm, Wn                   | Unsigned 16/16-bit Integer Divide                      | 1          | 18/6                       | N,Z,C,OV              |
|              |                   | DIV.UD Wm, Wn                  | Unsigned 32/16-bit Integer Divide                      | 1          | 18/6                       | N,Z,C,OV              |
| 38           | DIVF2             | DIVF2 Wm, Wn                   | Signed 16/16-bit Fractional Divide (W1:W0 preserved)   | 1          | 6                          | N,Z,C,OV              |
| 39           | DIV2.S            | DIV2.S Wm, Wn                  | Signed 16/16-bit Integer Divide (W1:W0 preserved)      | 1          | 6                          | N,Z,C,OV              |
|              |                   | DIV2.SD Wm, Wn                 | Signed 32/16-bit Integer Divide (W1:W0 preserved)      | 1          | 6                          | N,Z,C,OV              |

- Note**
- 1: Read and Read-Modify-Write (e.g., bit operations and logical operations) on non-CPU SFRs incur an additional instruction cycle.
  - 2: Cycle times for Slave core are different for Master core, as shown in 2.
  - 3: For dsPIC33CH128MP508 devices, the divide instructions must be preceded with a "REPEAT #5" instruction, such that they are executed six consecutive times

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 22-2: INSTRUCTION SET OVERVIEW (CONTINUED)**

| Base Instr # | Assembly Mnemonic | Assembly Syntax                       | Description  | # of Words | # of Cycles <sup>(1)</sup> | Status Flags Affected |
|--------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 40           | DIV2.U            | DIV2.U Wm, Wn                         | Unsigned 16/16-bit Integer Divide (W1:W0 preserved)                  | 1          | 6                          | N,Z,C,OV              |
|              |                   | DIV2.UD Wm, Wn                        | Unsigned 32/16-bit Integer Divide (W1:W0 preserved)                  | 1          | 6                          | N,Z,C,OV              |
| 41           | DO                | DO #lit15, Expr                       | Do Code to PC + Expr, lit15 + 1 Times                                | 2          | 2                          | None                  |
|              |                   | DO Wn, Expr                           | Do code to PC + Expr, (Wn) + 1 Times                                 | 2          | 2                          | None                  |
| 42           | ED                | ED Wm*Wm, Acc, Wx, Wy, Wxd            | Euclidean Distance (no accumulate)                                   | 1          | 1                          | OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB   |
| 43           | EDAC              | EDAC Wm*Wm, Acc, Wx, Wy, Wxd          | Euclidean Distance   | 1          | 1                          | OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB   |
| 44           | EXCH              | EXCH Wns, Wnd                         | Swap Wns with Wnd  | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
| 46           | FBCL              | FBCL Ws, Wnd                          | Find Bit Change from Left (MSb) Side                                 | 1          | 1                          | C                     |
| 47           | FF1L              | FF1L Ws, Wnd                          | Find First One from Left (MSb) Side                                  | 1          | 1                          | C                     |
| 48           | FF1R              | FF1R Ws, Wnd                          | Find First One from Right (LSb) Side                                 | 1          | 1                          | C                     |
| 49           | FLIM              | FLIM Wb, Ws                           | Force Data (Upper and Lower) Range Limit without Limit Excess Result | 1          | 1                          | N,Z,OV                |
|              |                   | FLIM.V Wb, Ws, Wd                     | Force Data (Upper and Lower) Range Limit with Limit Excess Result    | 1          | 1                          | N,Z,OV                |
| 50           | GOTO              | GOTO Expr                             | Go to Address  | 2          | 4/2 <sup>(2)</sup>         | None                  |
|              |                   | GOTO Wn                               | Go to Indirect   | 1          | 4/2 <sup>(2)</sup>         | None                  |
|              |                   | GOTO.L Wn                             | Go to Indirect (long address)  | 1          | 4/2 <sup>(2)</sup>         | None                  |
| 51           | INC               | INC f                                 | f = f + 1  | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | INC f, WREG                           | WREG = f + 1   | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | INC Ws, Wd                            | Wd = Ws + 1  | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
| 52           | INC2              | INC2 f                                | f = f + 2  | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | INC2 f, WREG                          | WREG = f + 2   | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | INC2 Ws, Wd                           | Wd = Ws + 2  | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
| 53           | IOR               | IOR f                                 | f = f .IOR. WREG   | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
|              |                   | IOR f, WREG                           | WREG = f .IOR. WREG  | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
|              |                   | IOR #lit10, Wn                        | Wd = lit10 .IOR. Wd  | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
|              |                   | IOR Wb, Ws, Wd                        | Wd = Wb .IOR. Ws   | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
|              |                   | IOR Wb, #lit5, Wd                     | Wd = Wb .IOR. lit5   | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
| 54           | LAC               | LAC Wso, #Slit4, Acc                  | Load Accumulator   | 1          | 1                          | OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB   |
|              |                   | LAC.D Wso, #Slit4, Acc                | Load Accumulator Double  | 1          | 2                          | OA,SA,OB,SB           |
| 55           | LDSLV             | LDSLV Wso, Wdo, lit2                  | Move a Single Instruction Word from Master to Slave PRAM             | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
| 56           | LNK               | LNK #lit14                            | Link Frame Pointer   | 1          | 1                          | SFA                   |
| 57           | LSR               | LSR f                                 | f = Logical Right Shift f  | 1          | 1                          | C,N,OV,Z              |
|              |                   | LSR f, WREG                           | WREG = Logical Right Shift f   | 1          | 1                          | C,N,OV,Z              |
|              |                   | LSR Ws, Wd                            | Wd = Logical Right Shift Ws  | 1          | 1                          | C,N,OV,Z              |
|              |                   | LSR Wb, Wns, Wnd                      | Wnd = Logical Right Shift Wb by Wns                                  | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
|              |                   | LSR Wb, #lit5, Wnd                    | Wnd = Logical Right Shift Wb by lit5                                 | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
| 58           | MAC               | MAC Wm*Wn, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd, AWB | Multiply and Accumulate  | 1          | 1                          | OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB   |
|              |                   | MAC Wm*Wm, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd      | Square and Accumulate  | 1          | 1                          | OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB   |
| 59           | MAX               | MAX Acc                               | Force Data Maximum Range Limit                                       | 1          | 1                          | N,OV,Z                |
|              |                   | MAX.V Acc, Wnd                        | Force Data Maximum Range Limit with Result                           | 1          | 1                          | N,OV,Z                |

- Note**
- 1: Read and Read-Modify-Write (e.g., bit operations and logical operations) on non-CPU SFRs incur an additional instruction cycle.
  - 2: Cycle times for Slave core are different for Master core, as shown in 2.
  - 3: For dsPIC33CH128MP508 devices, the divide instructions must be preceded with a "REPEAT #5" instruction, such that they are executed six consecutive times

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 22-2: INSTRUCTION SET OVERVIEW (CONTINUED)**

| Base Instr # | Assembly Mnemonic | Assembly Syntax                              | Description  | # of Words | # of Cycles <sup>(1)</sup> | Status Flags Affected |
|--------------|-------------------|--|--|------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 60           | MIN               | MIN <i>Acc</i>                               | If Accumulator A Less than B Load Accumulator with B or vice versa                               | 1          | 1                          | N,OV,Z                |
|              |                   | MIN.V <i>Acc, Wd</i>                         | If Accumulator A Less than B Accumulator Force Minimum Data Range Limit with Limit Excess Result | 1          | 1                          | N,OV,Z                |
|              |                   | MINZ <i>Acc</i>                              | Accumulator Force Minimum Data Range Limit   | 1          | 1                          | N,OV,Z                |
|              |                   | MINZ.V <i>Acc, Wd</i>                        | Accumulator Force Minimum Data Range Limit with Limit Excess Result                              | 1          | 1                          | N,OV,Z                |
| 61           | MOV               | MOV <i>f, Wn</i>                             | Move <i>f</i> to <i>Wn</i>   | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MOV <i>f</i>                                 | Move <i>f</i> to <i>f</i>  | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MOV <i>f, WREG</i>                           | Move <i>f</i> to WREG  | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MOV #lit16, <i>Wn</i>                        | Move 16-bit Literal to <i>Wn</i>   | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MOV.b #lit8, <i>Wn</i>                       | Move 8-bit Literal to <i>Wn</i>  | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MOV <i>Wn, f</i>                             | Move <i>Wn</i> to <i>f</i>   | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MOV <i>Wso, Wdo</i>                          | Move <i>Ws</i> to <i>Wd</i>  | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MOV WREG, <i>f</i>                           | Move WREG to <i>f</i>  | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MOV.D <i>Wns, Wd</i>                         | Move Double from <i>W(ns):W(ns + 1)</i> to <i>Wd</i>   | 1          | 2                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MOV.D <i>Ws, Wnd</i>                         | Move Double from <i>Ws</i> to <i>W(nd + 1):W(nd)</i>   | 1          | 2                          | None                  |
| 62           | MOVPAG            | MOVPAG #lit10, DSRPAG                        | Move 10-bit Literal to DSRPAG  | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MOVPAG #lit8, TBLPAG                         | Move 8-bit Literal to TBLPAG   | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MOVPAG <i>Ws, DSRPAG</i>                     | Move <i>Ws</i> <9:0> to DSRPAG   | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MOVPAG <i>Ws, TBLPAG</i>                     | Move <i>Ws</i> <7:0> to TBLPAG   | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
| 64           | MOVSAC            | MOVSAC <i>Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd, AWB</i>     | Prefetch and Store Accumulator   | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
| 65           | MPY               | MPY <i>Wm*Wn, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd</i>      | Multiply <i>Wm</i> by <i>Wn</i> to Accumulator   | 1          | 1                          | OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB   |
|              |                   | MPY <i>Wm*Wm, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd</i>      | Square <i>Wm</i> to Accumulator  | 1          | 1                          | OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB   |
| 66           | MPY.N             | MPY.N <i>Wm*Wn, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd</i>    | -(Multiply <i>Wm</i> by <i>Wn</i> ) to Accumulator   | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
| 67           | MSC               | MSC <i>Wm*Wm, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd, AWB</i> | Multiply and Subtract from Accumulator   | 1          | 1                          | OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB   |
| 68           | MUL               | MUL.SS <i>Wb, Ws, Wnd</i>                    | { <i>Wnd + 1, Wnd</i> } = Signed( <i>Wb</i> ) * Signed( <i>Ws</i> )                              | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MUL.SS <i>Wb, Ws, Acc</i>                    | Accumulator = Signed( <i>Wb</i> ) * Signed( <i>Ws</i> )  | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MUL.SU <i>Wb, Ws, Wnd</i>                    | { <i>Wnd + 1, Wnd</i> } = Signed( <i>Wb</i> ) * Unsigned( <i>Ws</i> )                            | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MUL.SU <i>Wb, Ws, Acc</i>                    | Accumulator = Signed( <i>Wb</i> ) * Unsigned( <i>Ws</i> )  | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MUL.SU <i>Wb, #lit5, Acc</i>                 | Accumulator = Signed( <i>Wb</i> ) * Unsigned(lit5)   | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MUL.US <i>Wb, Ws, Wnd</i>                    | { <i>Wnd + 1, Wnd</i> } = Unsigned( <i>Wb</i> ) * Signed( <i>Ws</i> )                            | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MUL.US <i>Wb, Ws, Acc</i>                    | Accumulator = Unsigned( <i>Wb</i> ) * Signed( <i>Ws</i> )  | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MUL.UU <i>Wb, Ws, Wnd</i>                    | { <i>Wnd + 1, Wnd</i> } = Unsigned( <i>Wb</i> ) * Unsigned( <i>Ws</i> )                          | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MUL.UU <i>Wb, #lit5, Acc</i>                 | Accumulator = Unsigned( <i>Wb</i> ) * Unsigned(lit5)   | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MUL.UU <i>Wb, Ws, Acc</i>                    | Accumulator = Unsigned( <i>Wb</i> ) * Unsigned( <i>Ws</i> )                                      | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MULW.SS <i>Wb, Ws, Wnd</i>                   | <i>Wnd</i> = Signed( <i>Wb</i> ) * Signed( <i>Ws</i> )   | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MULW.SU <i>Wb, Ws, Wnd</i>                   | <i>Wnd</i> = Signed( <i>Wb</i> ) * Unsigned( <i>Ws</i> )   | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MULW.US <i>Wb, Ws, Wnd</i>                   | <i>Wnd</i> = Unsigned( <i>Wb</i> ) * Signed( <i>Ws</i> )   | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MULW.UU <i>Wb, Ws, Wnd</i>                   | <i>Wnd</i> = Unsigned( <i>Wb</i> ) * Unsigned( <i>Ws</i> )                                       | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MUL.SU <i>Wb, #lit5, Wnd</i>                 | { <i>Wnd + 1, Wnd</i> } = Signed( <i>Wb</i> ) * Unsigned(lit5)                                   | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MUL.SU <i>Wb, #lit5, Wnd</i>                 | <i>Wnd</i> = Signed( <i>Wb</i> ) * Unsigned(lit5)  | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MUL.UU <i>Wb, #lit5, Wnd</i>                 | { <i>Wnd + 1, Wnd</i> } = Unsigned( <i>Wb</i> ) * Unsigned(lit5)                                 | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MUL.UU <i>Wb, #lit5, Wnd</i>                 | <i>Wnd</i> = Unsigned( <i>Wb</i> ) * Unsigned(lit5)  | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | MUL <i>f</i>                                 | <i>W3:W2</i> = <i>f</i> * WREG   | 1          | 1                          | None                  |

- Note**
- 1: Read and Read-Modify-Write (e.g., bit operations and logical operations) on non-CPU SFRs incur an additional instruction cycle.
  - 2: Cycle times for Slave core are different for Master core, as shown in 2.
  - 3: For dsPIC33CH128MP508 devices, the divide instructions must be preceded with a "REPEAT #5" instruction, such that they are executed six consecutive times



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 22-2: INSTRUCTION SET OVERVIEW (CONTINUED)**

| Base Instr # | Assembly Mnemonic | Assembly Syntax               | Description   | # of Words | # of Cycles <sup>(1)</sup> | Status Flags Affected |
|--------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|---|------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 69           | NEG               | NEG <i>Acc</i>                | Negate Accumulator                                    | 1          | 1                          | OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB   |
|              |                   | NEG <i>f</i>                  | $f = \bar{f} + 1$                                     | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | NEG <i>f, WREG</i>            | $WREG = \bar{f} + 1$                                  | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | NEG <i>Ws, Wd</i>             | $Wd = \bar{Ws} + 1$                                   | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
| 70           | NOP               | NOP                           | No Operation  | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | NOPR                          | No Operation  | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
| 71           | NORM              | NORM <i>Acc, Wd</i>           | Normalize Accumulator                                 | 1          | 1                          | N,OV,Z                |
| 72           | POP               | POP <i>f</i>                  | Pop <i>f</i> from Top-of-Stack (TOS)                  | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | POP <i>Wdo</i>                | Pop from Top-of-Stack (TOS) to <i>Wdo</i>             | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | POP.D <i>Wnd</i>              | Pop from Top-of-Stack (TOS) to <i>W(nd):W(nd + 1)</i> | 1          | 2                          | None                  |
|              |                   | POP.S                         | Pop Shadow Registers                                  | 1          | 1                          | All                   |
| 73           | PUSH              | PUSH <i>f</i>                 | Push <i>f</i> to Top-of-Stack (TOS)                   | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | PUSH <i>Wso</i>               | Push <i>Wso</i> to Top-of-Stack (TOS)                 | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | PUSH.D <i>Wns</i>             | Push <i>W(ns):W(ns + 1)</i> to Top-of-Stack (TOS)     | 1          | 2                          | None                  |
|              |                   | PUSH.S                        | Push Shadow Registers                                 | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
| 74           | PWRSVAV           | PWRSVAV #lit1                 | Go into Sleep or Idle mode                            | 1          | 1                          | WDTO,Sleep            |
| 75           | RCALL             | RCALL <i>Expr</i>             | Relative Call   | 1          | 4/2 <sup>(2)</sup>         | SFA                   |
|              |                   | RCALL <i>Wn</i>               | Computed Call   | 1          | 4/2 <sup>(2)</sup>         | SFA                   |
| 76           | REPEAT            | REPEAT #lit15                 | Repeat Next Instruction lit15 + 1 times               | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | REPEAT <i>Wn</i>              | Repeat Next Instruction ( <i>Wn</i> ) + 1 times       | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
| 77           | RESET             | RESET                         | Software Device Reset                                 | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
| 78           | RETFIE            | RETFIE                        | Return from Interrupt                                 | 1          | 6 (5)/3 <sup>(2)</sup>     | SFA                   |
| 79           | RETLW             | RETLW #lit10, <i>Wn</i>       | Return with Literal in <i>Wn</i>                      | 1          | 6 (5)/3 <sup>(2)</sup>     | SFA                   |
| 80           | RETURN            | RETURN                        | Return from Subroutine                                | 1          | 6 (5)/3 <sup>(2)</sup>     | SFA                   |
| 81           | RLC               | RLC <i>f</i>                  | $f = \text{Rotate Left through Carry } f$             | 1          | 1                          | C,N,Z                 |
|              |                   | RLC <i>f, WREG</i>            | $WREG = \text{Rotate Left through Carry } f$          | 1          | 1                          | C,N,Z                 |
|              |                   | RLC <i>Ws, Wd</i>             | $Wd = \text{Rotate Left through Carry } Ws$           | 1          | 1                          | C,N,Z                 |
| 82           | RLNC              | RLNC <i>f</i>                 | $f = \text{Rotate Left (No Carry) } f$                | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
|              |                   | RLNC <i>f, WREG</i>           | $WREG = \text{Rotate Left (No Carry) } f$             | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
|              |                   | RLNC <i>Ws, Wd</i>            | $Wd = \text{Rotate Left (No Carry) } Ws$              | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
| 83           | RRC               | RRC <i>f</i>                  | $f = \text{Rotate Right through Carry } f$            | 1          | 1                          | C,N,Z                 |
|              |                   | RRC <i>f, WREG</i>            | $WREG = \text{Rotate Right through Carry } f$         | 1          | 1                          | C,N,Z                 |
|              |                   | RRC <i>Ws, Wd</i>             | $Wd = \text{Rotate Right through Carry } Ws$          | 1          | 1                          | C,N,Z                 |
| 84           | RRNC              | RRNC <i>f</i>                 | $f = \text{Rotate Right (No Carry) } f$               | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
|              |                   | RRNC <i>f, WREG</i>           | $WREG = \text{Rotate Right (No Carry) } f$            | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
|              |                   | RRNC <i>Ws, Wd</i>            | $Wd = \text{Rotate Right (No Carry) } Ws$             | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
| 85           | SAC               | SAC <i>Acc, #Slit4, Wdo</i>   | Store Accumulator                                     | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | SAC.R <i>Acc, #Slit4, Wdo</i> | Store Rounded Accumulator                             | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | SAC.D #Slit4, <i>Wdo</i>      | Store Accumulator Double                              | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
| 86           | SE                | SE <i>Ws, Wnd</i>             | $Wnd = \text{Sign-Extended } Ws$                      | 1          | 1                          | C,N,Z                 |
| 87           | SETM              | SETM <i>f</i>                 | $f = 0xFFFF$  | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | SETM <i>WREG</i>              | $WREG = 0xFFFF$                                       | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | SETM <i>Ws</i>                | $Ws = 0xFFFF$   | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
| 88           | SFTAC             | SFTAC <i>Acc, Wn</i>          | Arithmetic Shift Accumulator by ( <i>Wn</i> )         | 1          | 1                          | OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB   |
|              |                   | SFTAC <i>Acc, #Slit6</i>      | Arithmetic Shift Accumulator by Slit6                 | 1          | 1                          | OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB   |

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# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 22-2: INSTRUCTION SET OVERVIEW (CONTINUED)**

| Base Instr # | Assembly Mnemonic | Assembly Syntax      | Description                          | # of Words | # of Cycles <sup>(1)</sup> | Status Flags Affected |
|--------------|-------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 89           | SL                | SL f                 | f = Left Shift f                     | 1          | 1                          | C,N,OV,Z              |
|              |                   | SL f, WREG           | WREG = Left Shift f                  | 1          | 1                          | C,N,OV,Z              |
|              |                   | SL Ws, Wd            | Wd = Left Shift Ws                   | 1          | 1                          | C,N,OV,Z              |
|              |                   | SL Wb, Wns, Wnd      | Wnd = Left Shift Wb by Wns           | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
|              |                   | SL Wb, #lit5, Wnd    | Wnd = Left Shift Wb by lit5          | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
| 91           | SUB               | SUB Acc              | Subtract Accumulators                | 1          | 1                          | OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB   |
|              |                   | SUB f                | f = f - WREG                         | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | SUB f, WREG          | WREG = f - WREG                      | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | SUB #lit10, Wn       | Wn = Wn - lit10                      | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | SUB Wb, Ws, Wd       | Wd = Wb - Ws                         | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | SUB Wb, #lit5, Wd    | Wd = Wb - lit5                       | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
| 92           | SUBB              | SUBB f               | f = f - WREG - ( $\overline{C}$ )    | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | SUBB f, WREG         | WREG = f - WREG - ( $\overline{C}$ ) | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | SUBB #lit10, Wn      | Wn = Wn - lit10 - ( $\overline{C}$ ) | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | SUBB Wb, Ws, Wd      | Wd = Wb - Ws - ( $\overline{C}$ )    | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | SUBB Wb, #lit5, Wd   | Wd = Wb - lit5 - ( $\overline{C}$ )  | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
| 93           | SUBR              | SUBR f               | f = WREG - f                         | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | SUBR f, WREG         | WREG = WREG - f                      | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | SUBR Wb, Ws, Wd      | Wd = Ws - Wb                         | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | SUBR Wb, #lit5, Wd   | Wd = lit5 - Wb                       | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
| 94           | SUBBR             | SUBBR f              | f = WREG - f - ( $\overline{C}$ )    | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | SUBBR f, WREG        | WREG = WREG - f - ( $\overline{C}$ ) | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | SUBBR Wb, Ws, Wd     | Wd = Ws - Wb - ( $\overline{C}$ )    | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
|              |                   | SUBBR Wb, #lit5, Wd  | Wd = lit5 - Wb - ( $\overline{C}$ )  | 1          | 1                          | C,DC,N,OV,Z           |
| 95           | SWAP              | SWAP.b Wn            | Wn = Nibble Swap Wn                  | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
|              |                   | SWAP Wn              | Wn = Byte Swap Wn                    | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
| 96           | TBLRDH            | TBLRDH Ws, Wd        | Read Prog<23:16> to Wd<7:0>          | 1          | 5/3 <sup>(2)</sup>         | None                  |
| 97           | TBLRDL            | TBLRDL Ws, Wd        | Read Prog<15:0> to Wd                | 1          | 5/3 <sup>(2)</sup>         | None                  |
| 98           | TBLWTH            | TBLWTH Ws, Wd        | Write Ws<7:0> to Prog<23:16>         | 1          | 2                          | None                  |
| 99           | TBLWTL            | TBLWTL Ws, Wd        | Write Ws to Prog<15:0>               | 1          | 2                          | None                  |
| 101          | ULNK              | ULNK                 | Unlink Frame Pointer                 | 1          | 1                          | SFA                   |
| 103          | VFSLV             | VFSLV Wns, Wnd, lit2 | Compare (Master) Ws to (Slave) Wd    | 1          | 1                          | None                  |
| 104          | XOR               | XOR f                | f = f .XOR. WREG                     | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
|              |                   | XOR f, WREG          | WREG = f .XOR. WREG                  | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
|              |                   | XOR #lit10, Wn       | Wd = lit10 .XOR. Wd                  | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
|              |                   | XOR Wb, Ws, Wd       | Wd = Wb .XOR. Ws                     | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
|              |                   | XOR Wb, #lit5, Wd    | Wd = Wb .XOR. lit5                   | 1          | 1                          | N,Z                   |
| 105          | ZE                | ZE Ws, Wnd           | Wnd = Zero-Extend Ws                 | 1          | 1                          | C,Z,N                 |

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  - 3: For dsPIC33CH128MP508 devices, the divide instructions must be preceded with a "REPEAT #5" instruction, such that they are executed six consecutive times

## 23.0 DEVELOPMENT SUPPORT

The PIC® microcontrollers (MCU) and dsPIC® digital signal controllers (DSC) are supported with a full range of software and hardware development tools:

- Integrated Development Environment
  - MPLAB® X IDE Software
- Compilers/Assemblers/Linkers
  - MPLAB XC Compiler
  - MPASM™ Assembler
  - MPLINK™ Object Linker/  
MPLIB™ Object Librarian
  - MPLAB Assembler/Linker/Librarian for  
Various Device Families
- Simulators
  - MPLAB X SIM Software Simulator
- Emulators
  - MPLAB REAL ICE™ In-Circuit Emulator
- In-Circuit Debuggers/Programmers
  - MPLAB ICD 3
  - PICKit™ 3
- Device Programmers
  - MPLAB PM3 Device Programmer
- Low-Cost Demonstration/Development Boards,  
Evaluation Kits and Starter Kits
- Third-party development tools

## 23.1 MPLAB X Integrated Development Environment Software

The MPLAB X IDE is a single, unified graphical user interface for Microchip and third-party software, and hardware development tool that runs on Windows®, Linux and Mac OS® X. Based on the NetBeans IDE, MPLAB X IDE is an entirely new IDE with a host of free software components and plug-ins for high-performance application development and debugging. Moving between tools and upgrading from software simulators to hardware debugging and programming tools is simple with the seamless user interface.

With complete project management, visual call graphs, a configurable watch window and a feature-rich editor that includes code completion and context menus, MPLAB X IDE is flexible and friendly enough for new users. With the ability to support multiple tools on multiple projects with simultaneous debugging, MPLAB X IDE is also suitable for the needs of experienced users.

Feature-Rich Editor:

- Color syntax highlighting
- Smart code completion makes suggestions and provides hints as you type
- Automatic code formatting based on user-defined rules
- Live parsing

User-Friendly, Customizable Interface:

- Fully customizable interface: toolbars, toolbar buttons, windows, window placement, etc.
- Call graph window

Project-Based Workspaces:

- Multiple projects
- Multiple tools
- Multiple configurations
- Simultaneous debugging sessions

File History and Bug Tracking:

- Local file history feature
- Built-in support for Bugzilla issue tracker

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## 23.2 MPLAB XC Compilers

The MPLAB XC Compilers are complete ANSI C compilers for all of Microchip's 8, 16 and 32-bit MCU and DSC devices. These compilers provide powerful integration capabilities, superior code optimization and ease of use. MPLAB XC Compilers run on Windows, Linux or MAC OS X.

For easy source level debugging, the compilers provide debug information that is optimized to the MPLAB X IDE.

The free MPLAB XC Compiler editions support all devices and commands, with no time or memory restrictions, and offer sufficient code optimization for most applications.

MPLAB XC Compilers include an assembler, linker and utilities. The assembler generates relocatable object files that can then be archived or linked with other relocatable object files and archives to create an executable file. MPLAB XC Compiler uses the assembler to produce its object file. Notable features of the assembler include:

- Support for the entire device instruction set
- Support for fixed-point and floating-point data
- Command-line interface
- Rich directive set
- Flexible macro language
- MPLAB X IDE compatibility

## 23.3 MPASM Assembler

The MPASM Assembler is a full-featured, universal macro assembler for PIC10/12/16/18 MCUs.

The MPASM Assembler generates relocatable object files for the MPLINK Object Linker, Intel® standard HEX files, MAP files to detail memory usage and symbol reference, absolute LST files that contain source lines and generated machine code, and COFF files for debugging.

The MPASM Assembler features include:

- Integration into MPLAB X IDE projects
- User-defined macros to streamline assembly code
- Conditional assembly for multipurpose source files
- Directives that allow complete control over the assembly process

## 23.4 MPLINK Object Linker/ MPLIB Object Librarian

The MPLINK Object Linker combines relocatable objects created by the MPASM Assembler. It can link relocatable objects from precompiled libraries, using directives from a linker script.

The MPLIB Object Librarian manages the creation and modification of library files of precompiled code. When a routine from a library is called from a source file, only the modules that contain that routine will be linked in with the application. This allows large libraries to be used efficiently in many different applications.

The object linker/library features include:

- Efficient linking of single libraries instead of many smaller files
- Enhanced code maintainability by grouping related modules together
- Flexible creation of libraries with easy module listing, replacement, deletion and extraction

## 23.5 MPLAB Assembler, Linker and Librarian for Various Device Families

MPLAB Assembler produces relocatable machine code from symbolic assembly language for PIC24, PIC32 and dsPIC DSC devices. MPLAB XC Compiler uses the assembler to produce its object file. The assembler generates relocatable object files that can then be archived or linked with other relocatable object files and archives to create an executable file. Notable features of the assembler include:

- Support for the entire device instruction set
- Support for fixed-point and floating-point data
- Command-line interface
- Rich directive set
- Flexible macro language
- MPLAB X IDE compatibility

## 23.6 MPLAB X SIM Software Simulator

The MPLAB X SIM Software Simulator allows code development in a PC-hosted environment by simulating the PIC MCUs and dsPIC DSCs on an instruction level. On any given instruction, the data areas can be examined or modified and stimuli can be applied from a comprehensive stimulus controller. Registers can be logged to files for further run-time analysis. The trace buffer and logic analyzer display extend the power of the simulator to record and track program execution, actions on I/O, most peripherals and internal registers.

The MPLAB X SIM Software Simulator fully supports symbolic debugging using the MPLAB XC Compilers, and the MPASM and MPLAB Assemblers. The software simulator offers the flexibility to develop and debug code outside of the hardware laboratory environment, making it an excellent, economical software development tool.

## 23.7 MPLAB REAL ICE In-Circuit Emulator System

The MPLAB REAL ICE In-Circuit Emulator System is Microchip's next generation high-speed emulator for Microchip Flash DSC and MCU devices. It debugs and programs all 8, 16 and 32-bit MCU, and DSC devices with the easy-to-use, powerful graphical user interface of the MPLAB X IDE.

The emulator is connected to the design engineer's PC using a high-speed USB 2.0 interface and is connected to the target with either a connector compatible with in-circuit debugger systems (RJ-11) or with the new high-speed, noise tolerant, Low-Voltage Differential Signal (LVDS) interconnection (CAT5).

The emulator is field upgradable through future firmware downloads in MPLAB X IDE. MPLAB REAL ICE offers significant advantages over competitive emulators including full-speed emulation, run-time variable watches, trace analysis, complex breakpoints, logic probes, a ruggedized probe interface and long (up to three meters) interconnection cables.

## 23.8 MPLAB ICD 3 In-Circuit Debugger System

The MPLAB ICD 3 In-Circuit Debugger System is Microchip's most cost-effective, high-speed hardware debugger/programmer for Microchip Flash DSC and MCU devices. It debugs and programs PIC Flash microcontrollers and dsPIC DSCs with the powerful, yet easy-to-use graphical user interface of the MPLAB IDE.

The MPLAB ICD 3 In-Circuit Debugger probe is connected to the design engineer's PC using a high-speed USB 2.0 interface and is connected to the target with a connector compatible with the MPLAB ICD 2 or MPLAB REAL ICE systems (RJ-11). MPLAB ICD 3 supports all MPLAB ICD 2 headers.

## 23.9 PICkit 3 In-Circuit Debugger/Programmer

The MPLAB PICkit 3 allows debugging and programming of PIC and dsPIC Flash microcontrollers at a most affordable price point using the powerful graphical user interface of the MPLAB IDE. The MPLAB PICkit 3 is connected to the design engineer's PC using a full-speed USB interface and can be connected to the target via a Microchip debug (RJ-11) connector (compatible with MPLAB ICD 3 and MPLAB REAL ICE). The connector uses two device I/O pins and the Reset line to implement in-circuit debugging and In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™).

## 23.10 MPLAB PM3 Device Programmer

The MPLAB PM3 Device Programmer is a universal, CE compliant device programmer with programmable voltage verification at VDDMIN and VDDMAX for maximum reliability. It features a large LCD display (128 x 64) for menus and error messages, and a modular, detachable socket assembly to support various package types. The ICSP cable assembly is included as a standard item. In Stand-Alone mode, the MPLAB PM3 Device Programmer can read, verify and program PIC devices without a PC connection. It can also set code protection in this mode. The MPLAB PM3 connects to the host PC via an RS-232 or USB cable. The MPLAB PM3 has high-speed communications and optimized algorithms for quick programming of large memory devices, and incorporates an MMC card for file storage and data applications.

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## 23.11 Demonstration/Development Boards, Evaluation Kits and Starter Kits

A wide variety of demonstration, development and evaluation boards for various PIC MCUs and dsPIC DSCs allows quick application development on fully functional systems. Most boards include prototyping areas for adding custom circuitry and provide application firmware and source code for examination and modification.

The boards support a variety of features, including LEDs, temperature sensors, switches, speakers, RS-232 interfaces, LCD displays, potentiometers and additional EEPROM memory.

The demonstration and development boards can be used in teaching environments, for prototyping custom circuits and for learning about various microcontroller applications.

In addition to the PICDEM™ and dsPICDEM™ demonstration/development board series of circuits, Microchip has a line of evaluation kits and demonstration software for analog filter design, KEELOQ® security ICs, CAN, IrDA®, PowerSmart battery management, SEEVAL® evaluation system, Sigma-Delta ADC, flow rate sensing, plus many more.

Also available are starter kits that contain everything needed to experience the specified device. This usually includes a single application and debug capability, all on one board.

Check the Microchip web page ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)) for the complete list of demonstration, development and evaluation kits.

## 23.12 Third-Party Development Tools

Microchip also offers a great collection of tools from third-party vendors. These tools are carefully selected to offer good value and unique functionality.

- Device Programmers and Gang Programmers from companies, such as SoftLog and CCS
- Software Tools from companies, such as Gimpel and Trace Systems
- Protocol Analyzers from companies, such as Saleae and Total Phase
- Demonstration Boards from companies, such as MikroElektronika, Digilent® and Olimex
- Embedded Ethernet Solutions from companies, such as EZ Web Lynx, WIZnet and IPLogika®

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## 24.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

This section provides an overview of the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family electrical characteristics. Additional information will be provided in future revisions of this document as it becomes available.

Absolute maximum ratings for the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family are listed below. Exposure to these maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Functional operation of the device at these, or any other conditions above the parameters indicated in the operation listings of this specification, is not implied.

### Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>

|   |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| Ambient temperature under bias .....  | -40°C to +125°C       |
| Storage temperature .....   | -65°C to +150°C       |
| Voltage on VDD with respect to VSS .....  | -0.3V to +4.0V        |
| Voltage on any pin that is not 5V tolerant with respect to VSS <sup>(3)</sup> .....     | -0.3V to (VDD + 0.3V) |
| Voltage on any 5V tolerant pin with respect to VSS when VDD ≥ 3.0V <sup>(3)</sup> ..... | -0.3V to +5.5V        |
| Voltage on any 5V tolerant pin with respect to VSS when VDD < 3.0V <sup>(3)</sup> ..... | -0.3V to +3.6V        |
| Maximum current out of VSS pin .....  | 300 mA                |
| Maximum current into VDD pin <sup>(2)</sup> .....                                       | 300 mA                |
| Maximum current sunk/sourced by any 4x I/O pin .....                                    | 15 mA                 |
| Maximum current sunk/sourced by any 8x I/O pin .....                                    | 25 mA                 |
| Maximum current sunk by all ports <sup>(2)</sup> .....                                  | 200 mA                |

**Note 1:** Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those, or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification, is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**2:** Maximum allowable current is a function of device maximum power dissipation (see [Table 24-2](#)).

**3:** See the “[Pin Diagrams](#)” section for the 5V tolerant pins.

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## 24.1 DC Characteristics

**TABLE 24-1: OPERATING MIPS vs. VOLTAGE**

| Characteristic | VDD Range<br>(in Volts) | Temperature Range<br>(in °C) | Maximum MIPS<br>dsPIC33CH128MP508 Family |       |
|----------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|--|-------|
|                |                         |                              | Master                                   | Slave |
| —              | 3.0V to 3.6V            | -40°C to +85°C               | 90                                       | 100   |
|                | 3.0V to 3.6V            | -40°C to +125°C              | 90                                       | 100   |

**TABLE 24-2: THERMAL OPERATING CONDITIONS**

| Rating   | Symbol | Min.                      | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--|--------|---------------------------|------|------|------|
| Industrial Temperature Devices   |        |                           |      |      |      |
| Operating Junction Temperature Range   | TJ     | -40                       | —    | +125 | °C   |
| Operating Ambient Temperature Range  | TA     | -40                       | —    | +85  | °C   |
| Extended Temperature Devices   |        |                           |      |      |      |
| Operating Junction Temperature Range   | TJ     | -40                       | —    | +140 | °C   |
| Operating Ambient Temperature Range  | TA     | -40                       | —    | +125 | °C   |
| Power Dissipation:<br>Internal Chip Power Dissipation:<br>$P_{INT} = V_{DD} \times (I_{DD} - \sum I_{OH})$<br>I/O Pin Power Dissipation:<br>$I/O = \sum ((V_{DD} - V_{OH}) \times I_{OH}) + \sum (V_{OL} \times I_{OL})$ | PD     | PINT + PI/O               |      |      | W    |
| Maximum Allowed Power Dissipation  | PDMAX  | $(T_J - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ |      |      | W    |

**TABLE 24-3: THERMAL PACKAGING CHARACTERISTICS**

| Characteristic                                     | Symbol        | Typ.  | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|--|---------------|-------|------|------|-------|
| Package Thermal Resistance, 80-Pin TQFP 12x12x1 mm | $\theta_{JA}$ | 50.67 | —    | °C/W | 1     |
| Package Thermal Resistance, 64-Pin TQFP 10x10x1 mm | $\theta_{JA}$ | 45.7  | —    | °C/W | 1     |
| Package Thermal Resistance, 64-Pin QFN 9x9 mm      | $\theta_{JA}$ | 18.7  | —    | °C/W | 1     |
| Package Thermal Resistance, 48-Pin TQFP 7x7 mm     | $\theta_{JA}$ | 62.76 | —    | °C/W | 1     |
| Package Thermal Resistance, 48-Pin UQFN 6x6 mm     | $\theta_{JA}$ | 27.6  | —    | °C/W | 1     |
| Package Thermal Resistance, 36-Pin UQFN 5x5 mm     | $\theta_{JA}$ | 29.2  | —    | °C/W | 1     |
| Package Thermal Resistance, 28-Pin UQFN 6x6 mm     | $\theta_{JA}$ | 22.41 | —    | °C/W | 1     |
| Package Thermal Resistance, 28-Pin SSOP 5.30 mm    | $\theta_{JA}$ | 52.84 | —    | °C/W | 1     |

**Note 1:** Junction to ambient thermal resistance, Theta-JA ( $\theta_{JA}$ ) numbers are achieved by package simulations.



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**TABLE 24-4: OPERATING VOLTAGE SPECIFICATIONS**

| Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) <sup>(1)</sup>                 |        |   |      |      |      |       |               |
|---|--------|---|------|------|------|-------|---------------|
| Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |        |   |      |      |      |       |               |
| Param No.   | Symbol | Characteristic  | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions    |
| <b>Operating Voltage</b>  |        |   |      |      |      |       |               |
| DC10  | VDD    | <b>Supply Voltage</b>   | 3.0  | —    | 3.6  | V     |               |
| DC12  | VDR    | <b>RAM Retention Voltage</b> <sup>(2)</sup>                             | 1.8  | —    | —    | V     |               |
| DC16  | VPOR   | <b>VDD Start Voltage</b><br>to Ensure Internal<br>Power-on Reset Signal | —    | —    | VSS  | V     |               |
| DC17  | SVDD   | <b>VDD Rise Rate</b><br>to Ensure Internal<br>Power-on Reset Signal     | 1.0  | —    | —    | V/ms  | 0V-3V in 3 ms |
| BO10  | VBOR   | <b>BOR Event on VDD Transition</b><br>High-to-Low <sup>(3)</sup>        | 2.68 | 2.84 | 2.99 | V     |               |

**Note 1:** Device is functional at VBORMIN < VDD < VDDMIN. Analog modules (ADC and comparators) may have degraded performance.

**2:** This is the limit to which VDD may be lowered and the RAM contents will always be retained.

**3:** Parameters are characterized but not tested.

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**TABLE 24-5: DC CHARACTERISTICS: OPERATING CURRENT (IDD) (MASTER RUN/SLAVE RUN)**

| DC CHARACTERISTICS                           | Master (Run) + Slave (Run) |      | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |        |            |  |
|--|----------------------------|------|---|--------|------------|--|
|  | Parameter No.              | Typ. | Max.  | Units  | Conditions |  |
| <b>Operating Current (IDD)<sup>(1)</sup></b> |                            |      |   |        |            |  |
| DC20   | 11.6                       | 13.7 | mA  | -40°C  | 3.3V       | 10 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 5, N3 = 2, M = 50, FVCO = 400 MHz, FPLLO = 40 MHz)  |
|  | 11.7                       | 17.5 | mA  | +25°C  |            |  |
|  | 11.9                       | 23.5 | mA  | +85°C  |            |  |
|  | 15.8                       | 30.0 | mA  | +125°C |            |  |
| DC21   | 15.9                       | 18.3 | mA  | -40°C  | 3.3V       | 20 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 5, N3 = 1, M = 60, FVCO = 480 MHz, FPLLO = 280 MHz)   |
|  | 16.0                       | 22.2 | mA  | +25°C  |            |  |
|  | 16.1                       | 28.0 | mA  | +85°C  |            |  |
|  | 20.0                       | 34.3 | mA  | +125°C |            |  |
| DC22   | 23.7                       | 26.9 | mA  | -40°C  | 3.3V       | 40 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 3, N3 = 1, M = 60, FVCO = 480 MHz, FPLLO = 160 MHz)   |
|  | 23.9                       | 30.9 | mA  | +25°C  |            |  |
|  | 25.9                       | 36.6 | mA  | +85°C  |            |  |
|  | 27.8                       | 42.1 | mA  | +125°C |            |  |
| DC23   | 37.3                       | 42.0 | mA  | -40°C  | 3.3V       | 70 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 2, N3 = 1, M = 70, FVCO = 560 MHz, FPLLO = 280 MHz)   |
|  | 37.5                       | 46.1 | mA  | +25°C  |            |  |
|  | 37.2                       | 51.1 | mA  | +85°C  |            |  |
|  | 41.1                       | 55.7 | mA  | +125°C |            |  |
| DC24   | 45.0                       | 50.4 | mA  | -40°C  | 3.3V       | 90 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 2, N3 = 1, M = 90, FVCO = 720 MHz, FPLLO = 360 MHz)   |
|  | 45.2                       | 54.8 | mA  | +25°C  |            |  |
|  | 44.8                       | 59.1 | mA  | +85°C  |            |  |
|  | 48.3                       | 63.1 | mA  | +125°C |            |  |
| DC25   | 45.5                       | 51.0 | mA  | -40°C  | 3.3V       | 100 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 1, N3 = 1, M = 50, FVCO = 400 MHz, FPLLO = 400 MHz); Slave runs at 100 MIPS but Master is still at 90 MIPS |
|  | 45.7                       | 55.3 | mA  | +25°C  |            |  |
|  | 45.3                       | 59.6 | mA  | +85°C  |            |  |
|  | 48.9                       | 63.6 | mA  | +125°C |            |  |

**Note 1:** IDD is primarily a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors, such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern and temperature, also have an impact on the current consumption. The test conditions for all IDD measurements are as follows:

- FIN = 8 MHz, FPPD = 8 MHz
- CLK0 is configured as an I/O input pin in the Configuration Word
- All I/O pins are configured as output low
- MCLR = VDD, WDT and FSCM are disabled
- CPU, SRAM, program memory and data memory are operational
- No peripheral modules are operating or being clocked (all defined PMDx bits are set)
- CPU is executing `while(1)` statement
- JTAG is disabled

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**TABLE 24-6: DC CHARACTERISTICS: OPERATING CURRENT (IDD) (MASTER SLEEP/SLAVE RUN)**

| DC CHARACTERISTICS                           | Master (Sleep) + Slave (Run) |      | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended |                        |            |   |
|--|------------------------------|------|---|------------------------|------------|---|
|  | Parameter No.                | Typ. | Max.  | Units                  | Conditions |   |
| <b>Operating Current (IDD)<sup>(1)</sup></b> |                              |      |   |                        |            |   |
| DC20a  | 7.2                          | 9.0  | mA  | $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  | 3.3V       | 10 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 5, N3 = 2, M = 50, FVCO = 400 MHz, FPLLO = 40 MHz)   |
|  | 7.3                          | 12.6 | mA  | $+25^{\circ}\text{C}$  |            |   |
|  | 7.6                          | 18.9 | mA  | $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$  |            |   |
|  | 11.6                         | 25.6 | mA  | $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ |            |   |
| DC21a  | 9.0                          | 10.9 | mA  | $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  | 3.3V       | 20 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 5, N3 = 1, M = 50, FVCO = 400 MHz, FPLLO = 80 MHz)   |
|  | 9.2                          | 14.6 | mA  | $+25^{\circ}\text{C}$  |            |   |
|  | 9.4                          | 20.8 | mA  | $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$  |            |   |
|  | 13.4                         | 27.5 | mA  | $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ |            |   |
| DC22a  | 13.1                         | 15.2 | mA  | $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  | 3.3V       | 40 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 3, N3 = 1, M = 60, FVCO = 480 MHz, FPLLO = 160 MHz)  |
|  | 13.2                         | 19.0 | mA  | $+25^{\circ}\text{C}$  |            |   |
|  | 13.4                         | 25.1 | mA  | $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$  |            |   |
|  | 17.3                         | 31.5 | mA  | $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ |            |   |
| DC23a  | 18.6                         | 21.2 | mA  | $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  | 3.3V       | 70 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 2, N3 = 1, M = 70, FVCO = 560 MHz, FPLLO = 280 MHz)  |
|  | 18.8                         | 25.0 | mA  | $+25^{\circ}\text{C}$  |            |   |
|  | 18.8                         | 31.1 | mA  | $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$  |            |   |
|  | 22.8                         | 37.0 | mA  | $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ |            |   |
| DC24a  | 23.0                         | 26.1 | mA  | $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  | 3.3V       | 90 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 2, N3 = 1, M = 90, FVCO = 720 MHz, FPLLO = 360 MHz)  |
|  | 23.2                         | 30.0 | mA  | $+25^{\circ}\text{C}$  |            |   |
|  | 23.2                         | 35.8 | mA  | $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$  |            |   |
|  | 27.1                         | 41.4 | mA  | $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ |            |   |
| DC25a  | 23.5                         | 26.6 | mA  | $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  | 3.3V       | 100 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 1, N3 = 1, M = 50, FVCO = 400 MHz, FPLLO = 400 MHz) |
|  | 23.7                         | 30.4 | mA  | $+25^{\circ}\text{C}$  |            |   |
|  | 23.7                         | 36.4 | mA  | $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$  |            |   |
|  | 27.6                         | 41.9 | mA  | $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ |            |   |

**Note 1:** IDD is primarily a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors, such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern and temperature, also have an impact on the current consumption. The test conditions for all IDD measurements are as follows:

- Oscillator is switched to EC+PLL mode in software
- CLKO is configured as an I/O input pin in the Configuration Word
- All I/O pins are configured as output low
- MCLR = VDD, WDT and FSCM are disabled
- CPU, SRAM, program memory and data memory are operational
- No peripheral modules are operating or being clocked (all defined PMDx bits are set)
- CPU is executing `while(1)` statement
- JTAG is disabled

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**TABLE 24-7: DC CHARACTERISTICS: OPERATING CURRENT (IDD) (MASTER RUN/SLAVE SLEEP)**

| DC CHARACTERISTICS                           | Master (Run) + Slave (Sleep) |      | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)  |                        |      |  |
|--|------------------------------|------|---|------------------------|------|--|
|  |                              |      | Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended |                        |      |  |
| Parameter No.                                | Typ.                         | Max. | Units   | Conditions             |      |  |
| <b>Operating Current (IDD)<sup>(1)</sup></b> |                              |      |   |                        |      |  |
| DC20b  | 7.9                          | 9.8  | mA  | $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  | 3.3V | 10 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 5, N3 = 2, M = 50, FVCO = 400 MHz, FPLLO = 40 MHz)  |
|  | 8.0                          | 13.4 | mA  | $+25^{\circ}\text{C}$  |      |  |
|  | 8.2                          | 19.5 | mA  | $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$  |      |  |
|  | 12.2                         | 26.3 | mA  | $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ |      |  |
| DC21b  | 10.3                         | 12.4 | mA  | $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  | 3.3V | 20 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 5, N3 = 1, M = 50, FVCO = 400 MHz, FPLLO = 80 MHz)  |
|  | 10.5                         | 16.0 | mA  | $+25^{\circ}\text{C}$  |      |  |
|  | 10.6                         | 22.1 | mA  | $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$  |      |  |
|  | 14.6                         | 28.7 | mA  | $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ |      |  |
| DC22b  | 14.2                         | 16.5 | mA  | $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  | 3.3V | 40 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 3, N3 = 1, M = 60, FVCO = 480 MHz, FPLLO = 160 MHz) |
|  | 14.4                         | 20.3 | mA  | $+25^{\circ}\text{C}$  |      |  |
|  | 14.5                         | 26.3 | mA  | $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$  |      |  |
|  | 18.4                         | 32.6 | mA  | $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ |      |  |
| DC23b  | 22.3                         | 25.4 | mA  | $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  | 3.3V | 70 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 2, N3 = 1, M = 70, FVCO = 560 MHz, FPLLO = 280 MHz) |
|  | 22.5                         | 29.4 | mA  | $+25^{\circ}\text{C}$  |      |  |
|  | 22.4                         | 34.9 | mA  | $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$  |      |  |
|  | 26.4                         | 40.7 | mA  | $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ |      |  |
| DC24b  | 25.6                         | 29.0 | mA  | $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  | 3.3V | 90 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 2, N3 = 1, M = 90, FVCO = 720 MHz, FPLLO = 360 MHz) |
|  | 25.8                         | 33.1 | mA  | $+25^{\circ}\text{C}$  |      |  |
|  | 25.7                         | 38.2 | mA  | $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$  |      |  |
|  | 29.4                         | 43.8 | mA  | $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ |      |  |

**Note 1:** IDD is primarily a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors, such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern and temperature, also have an impact on the current consumption. The test conditions for all IDD measurements are as follows:

- $F_{IN} = 8\text{ MHz}$ ,  $F_{PPD} = 8\text{ MHz}$
- CLKO is configured as an I/O input pin in the Configuration Word
- All I/O pins are configured as output low
- $\overline{\text{MCLR}} = V_{DD}$ , WDT and FSCM are disabled
- CPU, SRAM, program memory and data memory are operational
- No peripheral modules are operating or being clocked (all defined PMDx bits are set)
- CPU is executing `while(1)` statement
- JTAG is disabled

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**TABLE 24-8: DC CHARACTERISTICS: OPERATING CURRENT (I<sub>IDLE</sub>) (MASTER IDLE/SLAVE IDLE)**

| DC CHARACTERISTICS                                      | Master (Idle) + Slave (Idle) |      | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +125°C for Extended |        |      |  |
|---|------------------------------|------|---|--------|------|--|
|   |                              |      | Parameter No.   | Typ.   | Max. | Units  |
| <b>Operating Current (I<sub>DD</sub>)<sup>(1)</sup></b> |                              |      |   |        |      |  |
| DC40  | 9.1                          | 11.1 | mA  | -40°C  | 3.3V | 10 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 5, N3 = 2, M = 50, FVCO = 400 MHz, FPLLO = 40 MHz)  |
|   | 9.3                          | 14.8 | mA  | +25°C  |      |  |
|   | 9.4                          | 20.7 | mA  | +85°C  |      |  |
|   | 13.4                         | 27.5 | mA  | +125°C |      |  |
| DC41  | 10.5                         | 12.5 | mA  | -40°C  | 3.3V | 20 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 5, N3 = 1, M = 50, FVCO = 400 MHz, FPLLO = 80 MHz)  |
|   | 10.6                         | 16.3 | mA  | +25°C  |      |  |
|   | 10.8                         | 22.2 | mA  | +85°C  |      |  |
|   | 14.7                         | 28.8 | mA  | +125°C |      |  |
| DC42  | 14.0                         | 16.3 | mA  | -40°C  | 3.3V | 40 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 3, N3 = 1, M = 60, FVCO = 480 MHz, FPLLO = 160 MHz)   |
|   | 14.2                         | 20.1 | mA  | +25°C  |      |  |
|   | 14.3                         | 26.0 | mA  | +85°C  |      |  |
|   | 18.2                         | 32.3 | mA  | +125°C |      |  |
| DC43  | 18.9                         | 21.6 | mA  | -40°C  | 3.3V | 70 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 2, N3 = 1, M = 70, FVCO = 560 MHz, FPLLO = 280 MHz)   |
|   | 19.1                         | 25.5 | mA  | +25°C  |      |  |
|   | 19.1                         | 31.2 | mA  | +85°C  |      |  |
|   | 23.0                         | 37.2 | mA  | +125°C |      |  |
| DC44  | 23.1                         | 26.1 | mA  | -40°C  | 3.3V | 90 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 2, N3 = 1, M = 90, FVCO = 720 MHz, FPLLO = 360 MHz)   |
|   | 23.2                         | 30.0 | mA  | +25°C  |      |  |
|   | 23.2                         | 34.8 | mA  | +85°C  |      |  |
|   | 27.1                         | 41.4 | mA  | +125°C |      |  |
| DC45  | 22.3                         | 25.2 | mA  | -40°C  | 3.3V | 100 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 1, N3 = 1, M = 50, FVCO = 400 MHz, FPLLO = 400 MHz); Slave Idle at 100 MIPS but Master Idle at 90 MIPS |
|   | 22.4                         | 29.2 | mA  | +25°C  |      |  |
|   | 22.4                         | 38.7 | mA  | +85°C  |      |  |
|   | 26.3                         | 40.6 | mA  | +125°C |      |  |

**Note 1:** I<sub>DD</sub> is primarily a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors, such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern and temperature, also have an impact on the current consumption. The test conditions for all I<sub>DD</sub> measurements are as follows:

- F<sub>IN</sub> = 8 MHz, F<sub>PFD</sub> = 8 MHz
- CLKO is configured as an I/O input pin in the Configuration Word
- All I/O pins are configured as output low
- MCLR = V<sub>DD</sub>, WDT and FSCM are disabled
- CPU, SRAM, program memory and data memory are operational
- No peripheral modules are operating or being clocked (all defined PMD<sub>x</sub> bits are set)
- CPU is executing `while(1)` statement
- JTAG is disabled

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**TABLE 24-9: DC CHARACTERISTICS: IDLE CURRENT (I<sub>IDLE</sub>) (MASTER IDLE/SLAVE SLEEP)**

| DC CHARACTERISTICS                                   | Master (Idle) +<br>Slave (Sleep) |      | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)                    |            |      |   |
|--|----------------------------------|------|---|------------|------|---|
|  |                                  |      | Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |            |      |   |
| Parameter No.  | Typ.                             | Max. | Units   | Conditions |      |   |
| <b>Idle Current (I<sub>IDLE</sub>)<sup>(1)</sup></b> |                                  |      |   |            |      |   |
| DC40a  | 6.6                              | 8.4  | mA  | -40°C      | 3.3V | 10 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 5,<br>N3 = 2, M = 50,<br>FVCO = 400 MHz,<br>FPLLO = 40 MHz)  |
|  | 6.7                              | 11.9 | mA  | +25°C      |      |   |
|  | 6.9                              | 17.9 | mA  | +85°C      |      |   |
|  | 10.9                             | 24.9 | mA  | +125°C     |      |   |
| DC41a  | 7.3                              | 9.2  | mA  | -40°C      | 3.3V | 20 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 5,<br>N3 = 1, M = 50,<br>FVCO = 400 MHz,<br>FPLLO = 80 MHz)  |
|  | 7.5                              | 12.7 | mA  | +25°C      |      |   |
|  | 7.7                              | 18.7 | mA  | +85°C      |      |   |
|  | 11.7                             | 25.7 | mA  | +125°C     |      |   |
| DC42a  | 9.2                              | 11.1 | mA  | -40°C      | 3.3V | 40 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 3,<br>N3 = 1, M = 60,<br>FVCO = 480 MHz,<br>FPLLO = 160 MHz) |
|  | 9.4                              | 14.8 | mA  | +25°C      |      |   |
|  | 9.5                              | 20.7 | mA  | +85°C      |      |   |
|  | 13.5                             | 27.5 | mA  | +125°C     |      |   |
| DC43a  | 11.8                             | 13.9 | mA  | -40°C      | 3.3V | 70 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 2,<br>N3 = 1, M = 70,<br>FVCO = 560 MHz,<br>FPLLO = 280 MHz) |
|  | 12.0                             | 17.6 | mA  | +25°C      |      |   |
|  | 12.1                             | 23.5 | mA  | +85°C      |      |   |
|  | 16.1                             | 30.1 | mA  | +125°C     |      |   |
| DC44a  | 14.1                             | 16.3 | mA  | -40°C      | 3.3V | 90 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 2,<br>N3 = 1, M = 90,<br>FVCO = 720 MHz,<br>FPLLO = 360 MHz) |
|  | 14.2                             | 20   | mA  | +25°C      |      |   |
|  | 14.3                             | 25.9 | mA  | +85°C      |      |   |
|  | 18.2                             | 32.3 | mA  | +125°C     |      |   |

**Note 1:** Base Idle current (I<sub>IDLE</sub>) is measured as follows:

- FIN = 8 MHz, FPFD = 8 MHz
- CLKO is configured as an I/O input pin in the Configuration Word
- All I/O pins are configured as output low
- MCLR = V<sub>DD</sub>, WDT and FSCM are disabled
- No peripheral modules are operating or being clocked (all defined PMDx bits are set)
- The NVMSIDL bit (NVMCON<12>) = 1 (i.e., Flash regulator is set to standby while the device is in Idle mode)
- JTAG is disabled

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**TABLE 24-10: DC CHARACTERISTICS: IDLE CURRENT (I<sub>IDLE</sub>) (MASTER SLEEP/SLAVE IDLE)**

| DC CHARACTERISTICS                                   | Master (Sleep) + Slave (Idle) |      | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |        |      |   |
|--|-------------------------------|------|---|--------|------|---|
|  |                               |      | Parameter No.   | Typ.   | Max. | Units   |
| <b>Idle Current (I<sub>IDLE</sub>)<sup>(1)</sup></b> |                               |      |   |        |      |   |
| DC40b  | 6.0                           | 7.8  | mA  | -40°C  | 3.3V | 10 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 5, N3 = 2, M = 50, FVCO = 400 MHz, FPLLO = 40 MHz)   |
|  | 6.2                           | 11.4 | mA  | +25°C  |      |   |
|  | 6.4                           | 17.5 | mA  | +85°C  |      |   |
|  | 10.4                          | 24.4 | mA  | +125°C |      |   |
| DC41b  | 6.6                           | 8.4  | mA  | -40°C  | 3.3V | 20 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 5, N3 = 1, M = 50, FVCO = 400 MHz, FPLLO = 80 MHz)   |
|  | 6.8                           | 12.0 | mA  | +25°C  |      |   |
|  | 7.0                           | 18.1 | mA  | +85°C  |      |   |
|  | 11.0                          | 25.0 | mA  | +125°C |      |   |
| DC42b  | 8.3                           | 10.1 | mA  | -40°C  | 3.3V | 40 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 3, N3 = 1, M = 60, FVCO = 480 MHz, FPLLO = 160 MHz)  |
|  | 8.5                           | 13.8 | mA  | +25°C  |      |   |
|  | 8.7                           | 19.9 | mA  | +85°C  |      |   |
|  | 12.6                          | 26.7 | mA  | +125°C |      |   |
| DC43b  | 10.6                          | 12.6 | mA  | -40°C  | 3.3V | 70 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 2, N3 = 1, M = 70, FVCO = 560 MHz, FPLLO = 280 MHz)  |
|  | 10.8                          | 16.3 | mA  | +25°C  |      |   |
|  | 10.9                          | 22.3 | mA  | +85°C  |      |   |
|  | 14.9                          | 29.0 | mA  | +125°C |      |   |
| DC44b  | 12.6                          | 14.7 | mA  | -40°C  | 3.3V | 90 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 2, N3 = 1, M = 90, FVCO = 720 MHz, FPLLO = 360 MHz)  |
|  | 12.7                          | 18.4 | mA  | +25°C  |      |   |
|  | 12.9                          | 23.6 | mA  | +85°C  |      |   |
|  | 16.8                          | 30.9 | mA  | +125°C |      |   |
| DC45b  | 11.7                          | 13.8 | mA  | -40°C  | 3.3V | 100 MIPS (N = 1, N2 = 1, N3 = 1, M = 50, FVCO = 400 MHz, FPLLO = 400 MHz) |
|  | 11.9                          | 17.6 | mA  | +25°C  |      |   |
|  | 12.1                          | 24.4 | mA  | +85°C  |      |   |
|  | 16.0                          | 30.1 | mA  | +125°C |      |   |

**Note 1:** Base Idle current (I<sub>IDLE</sub>) is measured as follows:

- F<sub>IN</sub> = 8 MHz, F<sub>PPD</sub> = 8 MHz
- CLKO is configured as an I/O input pin in the Configuration Word
- All I/O pins are configured as output low
- MCLR = V<sub>DD</sub>, WDT and FSCM are disabled
- No peripheral modules are operating or being clocked (all defined PMD<sub>x</sub> bits are set)
- The NVMSIDL bit (NVMCON<12>) = 1 (i.e., Flash regulator is set to standby while the device is in Idle mode)
- JTAG is disabled

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**TABLE 24-11: DC CHARACTERISTICS: POWER-DOWN CURRENT (IPD)**

| DC CHARACTERISTICS                            | Master Sleep + Slave Sleep |      | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)                    |            |      |
|---|----------------------------|------|---|------------|------|
|   |                            |      | Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |            |      |
| Parameter No.                                 | Typ.                       | Max. | Units   | Conditions |      |
| <b>Power-Down Current (IPD)<sup>(1)</sup></b> |                            |      |   |            |      |
| DC60  | 3.2                        | 4.8  | mA  | -40°C      | 3.3V |
|   | 3.4                        | 8.2  | mA  | +25°C      |      |
|   | 3.7                        | 14.3 | mA  | +85°C      |      |
|   | 7.6                        | 21.5 | mA  | +125°C     |      |

**Note 1:** IPD (Sleep) current is measured as follows:

- CPU core is off, oscillator is configured in EC mode and External Clock is active; OSC1 is driven with external square wave from rail-to-rail (EC clock overshoot/undershoot < 250 mV required)
- CLKO is configured as an I/O input pin in the Configuration Word
- All I/O pins are configured as output low
- MCLR = VDD, WDT and FSCM are disabled
- All peripheral modules are disabled (PMDx bits are all set)
- The VREGS bit (RCON<8>) = 0 (i.e., core regulator is set to standby while the device is in Sleep mode)
- JTAG is disabled

**TABLE 24-12: DC CHARACTERISTICS: WATCHDOG TIMER DELTA CURRENT (ΔI<sub>WDT</sub>)<sup>(1)</sup>**

| DC CHARACTERISTICS | Master and Slave |      | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)                    |            |      |
|--------------------|------------------|------|---|------------|------|
|                    |                  |      | Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |            |      |
| Parameter No.      | Typ.             | Max. | Units   | Conditions |      |
| DC61d              | 2.9              | —    | μA  | -40°C      | 3.3V |
| DC61a              | 2.7              | —    | μA  | +25°C      |      |
| DC61b              | 3.9              | —    | μA  | +85°C      |      |
| DC61c              | 5.5              | —    | μA  | +125°C     |      |

**Note 1:** The ΔI<sub>WDT</sub> current is the additional current consumed when the module is enabled. This current should be added to the base IPD current. All parameters are characterized but not tested during manufacturing.



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**TABLE 24-13: DC CHARACTERISTICS: PWM DELTA CURRENT<sup>(1,2,3)</sup>**

| DC CHARACTERISTICS | Master and Slave |      | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |              |  |
|--------------------|------------------|------|---|--------------|--|
|                    | Parameter No.    | Typ. | Max.  | Units        | Conditions   |
| DC100              | 6                | 8    | mA  | -40°C, 3.3V  | PWM Output 500 MHz,<br>PWM Input (AFPLLO = 500 MHz),<br>AVCO = 1000 MHz, PLLFBD = 125, APLLDIV = 2 |
|                    | 6                | 6.7  | mA  | +25°C, 3.3V  |  |
|                    | 6.3              | 8    | mA  | +125°C, 3.3V |  |
| DC101              | 4.9              | 6    | mA  | -40°C, 3.3V  | PWM Output 500 MHz,<br>PWM Input (AFPLLO = 400 MHz),<br>AVCO = 400 MHz, PLLFBD = 50, APLLDIV = 1   |
|                    | 4.9              | 5.5  | mA  | +25°C, 3.3V  |  |
|                    | 4.9              | 5.6  | mA  | +125°C, 3.3V |  |
| DC102              | 2.6              | 3.4  | mA  | -40°C, 3.3V  | PWM Output 500 MHz,<br>PWM Input (AFPLLO = 200 MHz),<br>AVCO = 400 MHz, PLLFBD = 50, APLLDIV = 2   |
|                    | 2.7              | 3    | mA  | +25°C, 3.3V  |  |
|                    | 2.7              | 3.2  | mA  | +125°C, 3.3V |  |
| DC103              | 1.5              | 2.9  | mA  | -40°C, 3.3V  | PWM Output 500 MHz,<br>PWM Input (AFPLLO = 100 MHz),<br>AVCO = 400 MHz, PLLFBD = 50, APLLDIV = 4   |
|                    | 1.5              | 2.1  | mA  | +25°C, 3.3V  |  |
|                    | 1.5              | 2.2  | mA  | +125°C, 3.3V |  |

**Note 1:** The APLL current is not included. The APLL current will be the same if more than one PWM or all eight PWMs are running.

**2:** Delta current is for the one instance of PWM running.

**3:** PWM configured for Low-Resolution mode. All parameters are characterized but not tested during manufacturing.

**TABLE 24-14: DC CHARACTERISTICS: APLL DELTA CURRENT**

| DC CHARACTERISTICS | Master or Slave <sup>(2)</sup> |      | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |              |  |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|------|---|--------------|--|
|                    | Parameter No.                  | Typ. | Max.  | Units        | Conditions <sup>(1)</sup>  |
| DC110              | —                              | 9.4  | mA  | -40°C, 3.3V  | AFPLLO @ 500 MHz,<br>AVCO = 1000 MHz,<br>PLLFBD = 125, APLLDIV = 2 |
|                    | 7.2                            | 9.4  | mA  | +25°C, 3.3V  |  |
|                    | —                              | 18   | mA  | +125°C, 3.3V |  |
| DC111              | —                              | 5.7  | mA  | -40°C, 3.3V  | AFPLLO @ 400 MHz,<br>AVCO = 400 MHz,<br>PLLFBD = 50, APLLDIV = 1   |
|                    | 5                              | 5.8  | mA  | +25°C, 3.3V  |  |
|                    | —                              | 14   | mA  | +125°C, 3.3V |  |
| DC112              | —                              | 4.7  | mA  | -40°C, 3.3V  | AFPLLO @ 200 MHz,<br>AVCO = 400 MHz,<br>PLLFBD = 50, APLLDIV = 2   |
|                    | 2.9                            | 4.7  | mA  | +25°C, 3.3V  |  |
|                    | —                              | 14   | mA  | +125°C, 3.3V |  |
| DC113              | —                              | 4    | mA  | -40°C, 3.3V  | AFPLLO @ 100 MHz,<br>AVCO = 400 MHz,<br>PLLFBD = 50, APLLDIV = 4   |
|                    | 2.3                            | 4    | mA  | +25°C, 3.3V  |  |
|                    | —                              | 12   | mA  | +125°C, 3.3V |  |

**Note 1:** The APLL current will be the same if more than one PWM or DAC is run to the APLL clock. All parameters are characterized but not tested during manufacturing.

**2:** Current is for the APLL for the Master or Slave, not the combined current.

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**TABLE 24-15: DC CHARACTERISTICS: ADC  $\Delta$  CURRENT**

| DC CHARACTERISTICS | Master <sup>(1)</sup> |      | Slave <sup>(2)</sup> |      | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |        |            |
|--------------------|-----------------------|------|----------------------|------|---|--------|------------|
|                    | Parameter No.         | Typ. | Max.                 | Typ. | Max.  | Units  | Conditions |
| DC120              | —                     | 6.5  | —                    | 14   | mA  | -40°C  | 3.3V       |
|                    | 5.5                   | 6    | 9                    | 14   | mA  | +25°C  | 3.3V       |
|                    | —                     | 7.1  | —                    | 15   | mA  | +125°C | 3.3V       |

**Note 1:** Master shared core continuous conversion; TAD = 14.3 nS (3.5 Msps Conversion rate).

**Note 2:** Slave dedicated core continuous conversion on all 3 SAR cores; TAD = 14.3 nS (3.5 Msps conversion rate).  
All parameters are characterized but not tested during manufacturing.

**TABLE 24-16: DC CHARACTERISTICS: COMPARATOR + DAC DELTA CURRENT**

| DC CHARACTERISTICS | Master or Slave |      | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |              |                                 |
|--------------------|-----------------|------|---|--------------|---------------------------------|
|                    | Parameter No.   | Typ. | Max.  | Units        | Conditions                      |
| DC130              | —               | 2.8  | mA  | -40°C, 3.3V  | AFPLLO @ 500 MHz <sup>(1)</sup> |
|                    | 1.8             | 2.6  | mA  | +25°C, 3.3V  | AFPLLO @ 500 MHz <sup>(1)</sup> |
|                    | —               | 3    | mA  | +125°C, 3.3V | AFPLLO @ 500 MHz <sup>(1)</sup> |
| DC131              | —               | 1.6  | mA  | -40°C, 3.3V  | AFPLLO @ 250 MHz <sup>(1)</sup> |
|                    | 1.2             | 1.5  | mA  | +25°C, 3.3V  | AFPLLO @ 250 MHz <sup>(1)</sup> |
|                    | —               | 1.7  | mA  | +125°C, 3.3V | AFPLLO @ 250 MHz <sup>(1)</sup> |

**Note 1:** The APLL current is not included. All parameters are characterized but not tested during manufacturing.

**TABLE 24-17: DC CHARACTERISTICS: PGA DELTA CURRENT<sup>(1)</sup>**

| DC CHARACTERISTICS | Slave         |      | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |              |            |
|--------------------|---------------|------|---|--------------|------------|
|                    | Parameter No. | Typ. | Max.  | Units        | Conditions |
| DC141              | —             | 0.5  | mA  | -40°C, 3.3V  |            |
|                    | 0.4           | 0.65 | mA  | +25°C, 3.3V  |            |
|                    | —             | 1.1  | mA  | +125°C, 3.3V |            |

**Note 1:** All parameters are characterized but not tested during manufacturing.

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**TABLE 24-18: I/O PIN INPUT SPECIFICATIONS**

| Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)                                 |                 |  |                     |                     |                     |       |  |
|--|-----------------|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------|--|
| Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial |                 |  |                     |                     |                     |       |  |
| $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended                        |                 |  |                     |                     |                     |       |  |
| Param No.  | Symbol          | Characteristic   | Min.                | Typ. <sup>(1)</sup> | Max.                | Units | Conditions   |
| DI10<br>DI18<br>DI19   | V <sub>IL</sub> | <b>Input Low Voltage</b>   |                     |                     |                     |       |  |
|  |                 | Any I/O Pin and $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$                         | V <sub>SS</sub>     | —                   | 0.2 V <sub>DD</sub> | V     |  |
|  |                 | I/O Pins with SDAx, SCLx   | V <sub>SS</sub>     | —                   | 0.3 V <sub>DD</sub> | V     | SMBus disabled   |
| DI19   |                 | I/O Pins with SDAx, SCLx   | V <sub>SS</sub>     | —                   | 0.8                 | V     | SMBus enabled  |
| DI20   | V <sub>IH</sub> | <b>Input High Voltage</b>  |                     |                     |                     |       |  |
|  |                 | I/O Pins Not 5V Tolerant <sup>(3)</sup>                          | 0.8 V <sub>DD</sub> | —                   | V <sub>DD</sub>     | V     |  |
|  |                 | 5V Tolerant I/O Pins and $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ <sup>(3)</sup> | 0.8 V <sub>DD</sub> | —                   | 5.5                 | V     |  |
|  |                 | 5V Tolerant I/O Pins with SDAx, SCLx <sup>(3)</sup>              | 0.8 V <sub>DD</sub> | —                   | 5.5                 | V     | SMBus disabled   |
|  |                 | 5V Tolerant I/O Pins with SDAx, SCLx <sup>(3)</sup>              | 2.1                 | —                   | 5.5                 | V     | SMBus enabled  |
|  |                 | I/O Pins with SDAx, SCLx Not 5V Tolerant <sup>(3)</sup>          | 0.8 V <sub>DD</sub> | —                   | V <sub>DD</sub>     | V     | SMBus disabled   |
| I/O Pins with SDAx, SCLx Not 5V Tolerant <sup>(3)</sup>                                      | 2.1             | —  | V <sub>DD</sub>     | V                   | SMBus enabled       |       |  |
| DI30   | ICNPU           | <b>Input Change Notification Pull-up Current<sup>(2,4)</sup></b> | 175                 | 360                 | 545                 | μA    | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.6V, V <sub>PIN</sub> = V <sub>SS</sub> |
| DI31   | ICNPD           | <b>Input Change Notification Pull-Down Current<sup>(4)</sup></b> | 65                  | 215                 | 360                 | μA    | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.6V, V <sub>PIN</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> |

- Note 1:** Data in “Typ.” column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.  
**Note 2:** Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.  
**Note 3:** See the “Pin Diagrams” section for the 5V tolerant I/O pins.  
**Note 4:** All parameters are characterized but not tested during manufacturing.

**TABLE 24-19: I/O PIN INPUT SPECIFICATIONS**

| Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)                                 |                 |  |      |      |       |   |  |
|--|-----------------|--|------|------|-------|---|--|
| Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial |                 |  |      |      |       |   |  |
| $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended                        |                 |  |      |      |       |   |  |
| Param No.  | Symbol          | Characteristic                             | Min. | Max. | Units | Conditions  |  |
| DI50   | I <sub>IL</sub> | <b>Input Leakage Current<sup>(1)</sup></b> |      |      |       |   |  |
|  |                 | I/O Pins 5V Tolerant <sup>(2)</sup>        | -700 | +700 | nA    | V <sub>PIN</sub> = V <sub>SS</sub> or V <sub>DD</sub> |  |
|  |                 | I/O Pins Not 5V Tolerant <sup>(2)</sup>    | -700 | +700 | nA    |   |  |
|  |                 | $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$                   | -700 | +700 | nA    |   |  |
|  |                 | OSCI                                       | -700 | +700 | nA    | XT and HS modes                                       |  |

- Note 1:** Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.  
**Note 2:** See the “Pin Diagrams” section for the 5V tolerant I/O pins. All parameters are characterized but not tested during manufacturing.

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**TABLE 24-20: I/O PIN INPUT INJECTION CURRENT SPECIFICATIONS**

| Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)  |                     |  |      |                       |       |  |
|---|---------------------|--|------|-----------------------|-------|--|
| Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended |                     |  |      |                       |       |  |
| Param No.   | Symbol              | Characteristic   | Min. | Max.                  | Units | Conditions   |
| DI60a   | IICL                | Input Low Injection Current  | 0    | -5 <sup>(1,4)</sup>   | mA    | All pins   |
| DI60b   | IICH                | Input High Injection Current   | 0    | +5 <sup>(2,3,4)</sup> | mA    | All pins, excepting all 5V tolerant pins and SOSCI   |
| DI60c   | $\Sigma\text{IICT}$ | Total Input Injection Current (sum of all I/O and control pins) <sup>(5)</sup> | -20  | +20                   | mA    | Absolute instantaneous sum of all $\pm$ input injection currents from all I/O pins<br>$( I_{ICL}  +  I_{ICH} ) \leq \Sigma\text{IICT}$ |

- Note 1:**  $V_{IL}$  Source  $< (V_{SS} - 0.3)$ .
- Note 2:**  $V_{IH}$  Source  $> (V_{DD} + 0.3)$  for non-5V tolerant pins only.
- Note 3:** 5V tolerant pins do not have an internal high-side diode to  $V_{DD}$ , and therefore, cannot tolerate any “positive” input injection current.
- Note 4:** Injection currents can affect the ADC results.
- Note 5:** Any number and/or combination of I/O pins, not excluded under IICL or IICH conditions, are permitted in the sum.

**TABLE 24-21: I/O PIN OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS**

| Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)  |        |   |      |      |      |       |   |
|---|--------|---|------|------|------|-------|---|
| Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended |        |   |      |      |      |       |   |
| Param.  | Symbol | Characteristic  | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions  |
| DO10  | VOL    | Output Low Voltage<br>4x Sink Driver Pins                   | —    | —    | 0.42 | V     | $V_{DD} = 3.6\text{V}$ , $I_{OL} < 9\text{ mA}$   |
|   |        | Output Low Voltage<br>8x Sink Driver Pins <sup>(1)</sup>    | —    | —    | 0.4  | V     | $V_{DD} = 3.6\text{V}$ , $I_{OL} < 11\text{ mA}$  |
| DO20  | VOH    | Output High Voltage<br>4x Source Driver Pins                | 2.4  | —    | —    | V     | $V_{DD} = 3.6\text{V}$ , $I_{OH} > -8\text{ mA}$  |
|   |        | Output High Voltage<br>8x Source Driver Pins <sup>(1)</sup> | 2.4  | —    | —    | V     | $V_{DD} = 3.6\text{V}$ , $I_{OH} > -12\text{ mA}$ |

- Note 1:** The 8x sink/source pins are RB1, RC8, RC9 and RD8 pins; all other ports are 4x sink drivers.

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**TABLE 24-22: ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: BOR**

| DC CHARACTERISTICS |        |   | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) <sup>(1)</sup><br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |      |      |       |              |
|--------------------|--------|---|---|------|------|-------|--------------|
| Param No.          | Symbol | Characteristic                          | Min. <sup>(2)</sup>   | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions   |
| BO10               | VBOR   | BOR Event on VDD Transition High-to-Low | 2.68  | 2.96 | 2.99 | V     | VDD (Note 2) |

**Note 1:** Device is functional at VBORMIN < VDD < VDDMIN, but will have degraded performance. Device functionality is tested, but not characterized. Analog modules (ADC, PGAs and comparators) may have degraded performance.

**2:** Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested in manufacturing.

**TABLE 24-23: PROGRAM MEMORY**

| Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |        |                          |        |       |       |  |
|---|--------|--------------------------|--------|-------|-------|--|
| Param No.   | Symbol | Characteristic           | Min.   | Max.  | Units | Conditions   |
| <b>Program Flash Memory</b>   |        |                          |        |       |       |  |
| D130  | EP     | Cell Endurance           | 10,000 | —     | E/W   | -40°C to +125°C  |
| D131  | VPR    | VDD for Read             | 3.0    | 3.6   | V     |  |
| D132b   | VPEW   | VDD for Self-Timed Write | 3.0    | 3.6   | V     |  |
| D134  | TRETD  | Characteristic Retention | 20     | —     | Year  | Provided no other specifications are violated, -40°C to +125°C |
| D137a   | TPE    | Page Erase Time          | 15.3   | 16.82 | ms    | TPE = 128,454 FRC cycles (Note 1)                              |
| D138a   | TWW    | Word Write Time          | 47.7   | 52.3  | µs    | TWW = 400 FRC cycles (Note 1)                                  |
| D139a   | TRW    | Row Write Time           | 2.0    | 2.2   | ms    | TRW = 16,782 FRC cycles (Note 1)                               |

**Note 1:** Other conditions: FRC = 8 MHz, TUN<5:0> = 011111 (for Minimum), TUN<5:0> = 100000 (for Maximum). This parameter depends on the FRC accuracy (see Table 24-29) and the value of the FRC Oscillator Tuning register (see Register 6-4). For complete details on calculating the Minimum and Maximum time, see Section 3.3.1 “Flash Programming Operations”.

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## 24.2 AC Characteristics and Timing Parameters

This section defines the dsPIC33CH128MP508 family AC characteristics and timing parameters.

**TABLE 24-24: TEMPERATURE AND VOLTAGE SPECIFICATIONS – AC**

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| <b>AC CHARACTERISTICS</b> | <b>Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)</b>  |
|                           | Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended |
|                           | Operating voltage $V_{DD}$ range as described in <a href="#">Section 24.1 “DC Characteristics”</a> .  |

**FIGURE 24-1: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS**



**TABLE 24-25: CAPACITIVE LOADING REQUIREMENTS ON OUTPUT PINS**

| Param No. | Symbol | Characteristic        | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions  |
|-----------|--------|-----------------------|------|------|------|-------|---|
| DO50      | Cosco  | OSCO Pin              | —    | —    | 15   | pF    | In XT and HS modes, when External Clock is used to drive OSCI |
| DO56      | Cio    | All I/O Pins and OSCO | —    | —    | 50   | pF    | EC mode   |
| DO58      | CB     | SCLx, SDAx            | —    | —    | 400  | pF    | In I <sup>2</sup> C mode                                      |

**FIGURE 24-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING**



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**TABLE 24-26: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| AC CHARACTERISTICS |               |  | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ Ta ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ Ta ≤ +125°C for Extended |                     |             |       |                               |
|--------------------|---------------|--|---|---------------------|-------------|-------|-------------------------------|
| Param No.          | Sym           | Characteristic   | Min.  | Typ. <sup>(1)</sup> | Max.        | Units | Conditions                    |
| OS10               | FIN           | External CLKI Frequency<br>(External Clocks allowed only<br>in EC and ECPLL modes) | DC  | —                   | 64          | MHz   | EC                            |
|                    |               | Oscillator Crystal Frequency   | 3.5   | —                   | 10          | MHz   | XT                            |
|                    |               |  | 10  | —                   | 32          | MHz   | HS                            |
| OS20               | Tosc          | Tosc = 1/Fosc  | 15.6  | —                   | DC          | ns    |                               |
| OS25               | Tcy           | Instruction Cycle Time <sup>(2)</sup>  | 10  | —                   | DC          | ns    |                               |
| OS30               | TosL,<br>TosH | External Clock in (OSCI)<br>High or Low Time                                       | 0.45 x Tosc   | —                   | 0.55 x Tosc | ns    | EC                            |
| OS31               | TosR,<br>TosF | External Clock in (OSCI)<br>Rise or Fall Time                                      | —   | —                   | 20          | ns    | EC                            |
| OS40               | TckR          | CLKO Rise Time <sup>(3,4)</sup>  | —   | 5.4                 | —           | ns    |                               |
| OS41               | TckF          | CLKO Fall Time <sup>(3,4)</sup>  | —   | 6.4                 | —           | ns    |                               |
| OS42               | GM            | External Oscillator<br>Transconductance <sup>(3)</sup>                             | 2.7   | —                   | 4           | mA/V  | XTCFG<1:0> = 00,<br>XTBST = 0 |
|                    |               |  | 4   | —                   | 7           | mA/V  | XTCFG<1:0> = 00,<br>XTBST = 1 |
|                    |               |  | 4.5   | —                   | 7           | mA/V  | XTCFG<1:0> = 01,<br>XTBST = 0 |
|                    |               |  | 6   | —                   | 11.9        | mA/V  | XTCFG<1:0> = 01,<br>XTBST = 1 |
|                    |               |  | 5.9   | —                   | 9.7         | mA/V  | XTCFG<1:0> = 10,<br>XTBST = 0 |
|                    |               |  | 6.9   | —                   | 15.9        | mA/V  | XTCFG<1:0> = 10,<br>XTBST = 1 |
|                    |               |  | 6.7   | —                   | 12          | mA/V  | XTCFG<1:0> = 11,<br>XTBST = 0 |
|                    |               |  | 7.5   | —                   | 19          | mA/V  | XTCFG<1:0> = 11,<br>XTBST = 1 |

**Note 1:** Data in “Typ.” column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

**2:** Instruction cycle period (Tcy) equals two times the input oscillator time base period. All specified values are based on characterization data for that particular oscillator type, under standard operating conditions, with the device executing code. Exceeding these specified limits may result in an unstable oscillator operation and/or higher than expected current consumption. All devices are tested to operate at “Minimum” values with an External Clock applied to the OSCI pin. When an External Clock input is used, the “Maximum” cycle time limit is “DC” (no clock) for all devices.

**3:** Measurements are taken in EC mode. The CLKO signal is measured on the OSCO pin.

**4:** This parameter is characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

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**TABLE 24-27: PLL CLOCK TIMING SPECIFICATIONS**

| AC CHARACTERISTICS |        |   | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |                     |      |       |                    |
|--------------------|--------|---|---|---------------------|------|-------|--------------------|
| Param No.          | Symbol | Characteristic  | Min.  | Typ. <sup>(1)</sup> | Max. | Units | Conditions         |
| OS50               | FPLLI  | PLL Voltage Controlled Oscillator (VCO) Input Frequency Range | 8   | —                   | 64   | MHz   | ECPLL, XTPLL modes |
| OS51               | FVCO   | On-Chip VCO System Frequency                                  | 400   | —                   | 1600 | MHz   |                    |
| OS52               | TLOCK  | PLL Start-up Time (Lock Time)                                 | —   | 60                  | —    | μs    |                    |

**Note 1:** Data in “Typ.” column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**TABLE 24-28: AUXILIARY PLL CLOCK TIMING SPECIFICATIONS**

| AC CHARACTERISTICS |        |  | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |                     |      |       |                    |
|--------------------|--------|--|---|---------------------|------|-------|--------------------|
| Param No.          | Symbol | Characteristic   | Min.  | Typ. <sup>(1)</sup> | Max. | Units | Conditions         |
| OS50               | FPLLI  | APLL Voltage Controlled Oscillator (VCO) Input Frequency Range | 8   | —                   | 64   | MHz   | ECPLL, XTPLL modes |
| OS51               | FVCO   | On-Chip VCO System Frequency                                   | 400   | —                   | 1600 | MHz   |                    |
| OS52               | TLOCK  | APLL Start-up Time (Lock Time)                                 | —   | 60                  | —    | μs    |                    |

**Note 1:** Data in “Typ.” column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested in manufacturing.



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**TABLE 24-29: INTERNAL FRC ACCURACY**

| AC CHARACTERISTICS   |                | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)                       |      |      |       |                     |
|--|----------------|---|------|------|-------|---------------------|
|  |                | Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |      |      |       |                     |
| Param No.  | Characteristic | Min.  | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions          |
| <b>Internal FRC Accuracy @ FRC Frequency = 8 MHz<sup>(1)</sup></b> |                |   |      |      |       |                     |
| F20a   | FRC            | -3  | —    | +3   | %     | -40°C ≤ TA ≤ 0°C    |
|  |                | -1.5  | —    | +1.5 | %     | 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C    |
| F20b   | FRC            | -2  | —    | +2   | %     | +85°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C |
| F22  | BFRC           | -17   | —    | +17  | %     | -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C |

**Note 1:** Frequency is calibrated at +25°C and 3.3V. TUNx bits can be used to compensate for temperature drift.

**TABLE 24-30: INTERNAL LPRC ACCURACY**

| AC CHARACTERISTICS       |                | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)                       |      |      |       |                                    |
|--------------------------|----------------|---|------|------|-------|------------------------------------|
|                          |                | Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |      |      |       |                                    |
| Param No.                | Characteristic | Min.  | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions                         |
| <b>LPRC @ 32.768 kHz</b> |                |   |      |      |       |                                    |
| F21a                     | LPRC           | -30   | —    | +30  | %     | -40°C ≤ TA ≤ -10°C VDD = 3.0-3.6V  |
|                          |                | -20   | —    | +20  | %     | -10°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C VDD = 3.0-3.6V  |
| F21b                     | LPRC           | -30   | —    | +30  | %     | +85°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C VDD = 3.0-3.6V |

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**FIGURE 24-3: I/O TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



**TABLE 24-31: I/O TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| AC CHARACTERISTICS |        |                                      | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended |                     |      |                 |            |
|--------------------|--------|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------|------|-----------------|------------|
| Param No.          | Symbol | Characteristic                       | Min.  | Typ. <sup>(1)</sup> | Max. | Units           | Conditions |
| DO31               | TioR   | Port Output Rise Time <sup>(2)</sup> | —   | 6.5                 | 9.7  | ns              |            |
| DO32               | TioF   | Port Output Fall Time <sup>(2)</sup> | —   | 3.2                 | 4.2  | ns              |            |
| DI35               | TINP   | INTx Pin High or Low Time (input)    | 20  | —                   | —    | ns              |            |
| DI40               | TRBP   | CNx High or Low Time (input)         | 2   | —                   | —    | T <sub>CY</sub> |            |

**Note 1:** Data in “Typ.” column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

**Note 2:** This parameter is characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

**FIGURE 24-4: BOR AND MASTER CLEAR RESET TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



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**TABLE 24-32: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, OSCILLATOR START-UP TIMER, POWER-UP TIMER TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| AC CHARACTERISTICS |           |  | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |                     |      |       |                           |
|--------------------|-----------|--|---|---------------------|------|-------|---------------------------|
| Param No.          | Symbol    | Characteristic <sup>(1)</sup>                            | Min.  | Typ. <sup>(2)</sup> | Max. | Units | Conditions                |
| SY00               | TPU       | Power-up Period  | —   | 200                 | —    | μs    |                           |
| SY10               | TOST      | Oscillator Start-up Time                                 | —   | 1024 TOSC           | —    | —     | Tosc = OSC1 period        |
| SY13               | TIOZ      | I/O High-Impedance from MCLR Low or Watchdog Timer Reset | —   | 1.5                 | —    | μs    |                           |
| SY20               | TMCLR     | MCLR Pulse Width (low)                                   | 2   | —                   | —    | μs    |                           |
| SY30               | TBOR      | BOR Pulse Width (low)                                    | 1   | —                   | —    | μs    |                           |
| SY35               | TFSCM     | Fail-Safe Clock Monitor Delay                            | —   | 500                 | 900  | μs    | -40°C to +85°C            |
| SY36               | TVREG     | Voltage Regulator Standby-to-Active mode Transition Time | —   | —                   | 40   | μs    | Clock fail to BFRC switch |
| SY37               | TOSCDFRC  | FRC Oscillator Start-up Delay                            | —   | —                   | 15   | μs    | From POR event            |
| SY38               | TOSCDLPRC | LPRC Oscillator Start-up Delay                           | —   | —                   | 50   | μs    | From Reset event          |

**Note 1:** These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

**2:** Data in "Typ." column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

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**FIGURE 24-5: HIGH-SPEED PWMx MODULE FAULT TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



**FIGURE 24-6: HIGH-SPEED PWMx MODULE TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



Note: Refer to [Figure 24-1](#) for load conditions.

**TABLE 24-33: HIGH-SPEED PWMx MODULE TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| AC CHARACTERISTICS |        |   | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended |      |      |       |                                    |
|--------------------|--------|---|---|------|------|-------|------------------------------------|
| Param No.          | Symbol | Characteristic <sup>(1)</sup>               | Min.  | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions                         |
| MP10               | TFPWM  | PWMx Output Fall Time                       | —   | —    | —    | ns    | See Parameter <a href="#">DO32</a> |
| MP11               | TRPWM  | PWMx Output Rise Time                       | —   | —    | —    | ns    | See Parameter <a href="#">DO31</a> |
| MP20               | TFD    | Fault Input $\downarrow$ to PWMx I/O Change | —   | —    | 26   | ns    | PCI Inputs 19 through 22           |
| MP30               | TFH    | Fault Input Pulse Width                     | 8   | —    | —    | ns    |                                    |

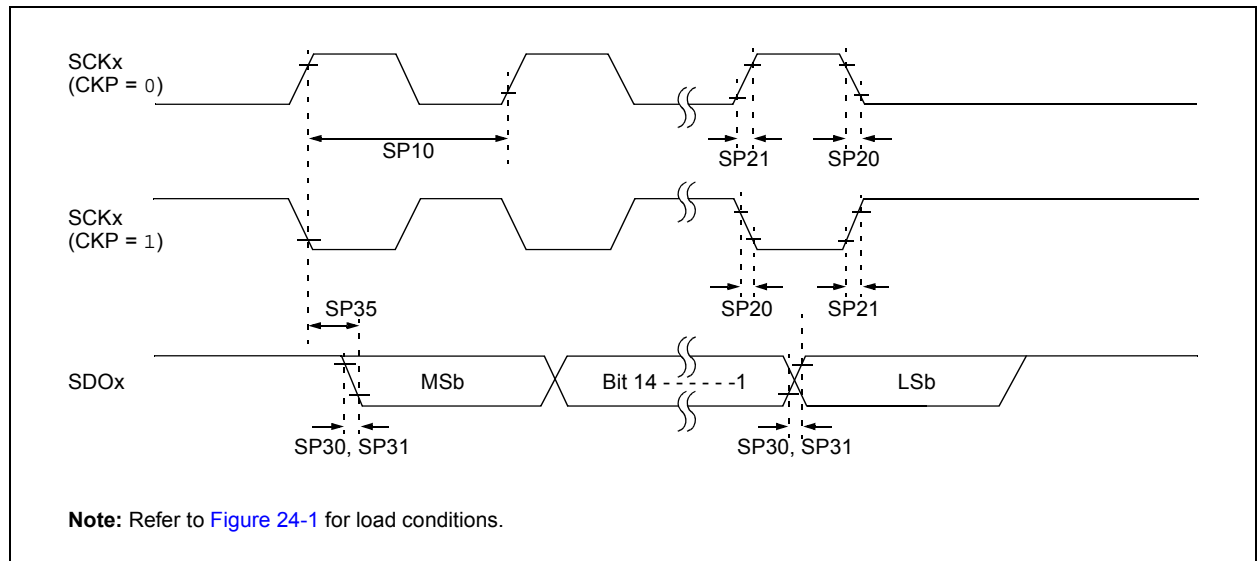
Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

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**TABLE 24-34: SPIx MAXIMUM DATA/CLOCK RATE SUMMARY**

| SPI Master Transmit Only (Half-Duplex) | SPI Master Transmit/Receive (Full-Duplex) | SPI Slave Transmit/Receive (Full-Duplex) | CKE | Maximum Data Rate (MHz) | Condition     |
|--|---|--|-----|-------------------------|---------------|
| Figure 24-7<br>Table 24-35             | —   | —  | 0   | 15                      | Using PPS     |
|  |   |  |     | 40                      | Dedicated Pin |
| Figure 24-8<br>Table 24-35             | —   | —  | 1   | 15                      | Using PPS     |
|  |   |  |     | 40                      | Dedicated Pin |
| —                                      | Figure 24-9<br>Table 24-36                | —  | 0   | 9                       | Using PPS     |
|  |   |  |     | 40                      | Dedicated Pin |
| —                                      | Figure 24-10<br>Table 24-37               | —  | 1   | 9                       | Using PPS     |
|  |   |  |     | 40                      | Dedicated Pin |
| —                                      | —   | Figure 24-12<br>Table 24-39              | 0   | 15                      | Using PPS     |
|  |   |  |     | 40                      | Dedicated Pin |
| —                                      | —   | Figure 24-13<br>Table 24-38              | 1   | 15                      | Using PPS     |
|  |   |  |     | 40                      | Dedicated Pin |

**FIGURE 24-7: SPIx MASTER MODE (HALF-DUPLEX, TRANSMIT ONLY, CKE = 0) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



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**FIGURE 24-8: SPIx MASTER MODE (HALF-DUPLEX, TRANSMIT ONLY, CKE = 1) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



**TABLE 24-35: SPIx MASTER MODE (HALF-DUPLEX, TRANSMIT ONLY) TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| AC CHARACTERISTICS |                       |   | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |                     |      |       |   |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---|---|---------------------|------|-------|---|
| Param No.          | Symbol                | Characteristic <sup>(1)</sup>             | Min.  | Typ. <sup>(2)</sup> | Max. | Units | Conditions  |
| SP10               | FscP                  | Maximum SCKx Frequency                    | —   | —                   | 15   | MHz   | Using PPS pins  |
|                    |                       |   | —   | —                   | 40   | MHz   | SPI2 dedicated pins                                   |
| SP20               | TscF                  | SCKx Output Fall Time                     | —   | —                   | —    | ns    | See Parameter <a href="#">DO32</a><br><b>(Note 3)</b> |
| SP21               | TscR                  | SCKx Output Rise Time                     | —   | —                   | —    | ns    | See Parameter <a href="#">DO31</a><br><b>(Note 3)</b> |
| SP30               | TdoF                  | SDOx Data Output Fall Time                | —   | —                   | —    | ns    | See Parameter <a href="#">DO32</a><br><b>(Note 3)</b> |
| SP31               | TdoR                  | SDOx Data Output Rise Time                | —   | —                   | —    | ns    | See Parameter <a href="#">DO31</a><br><b>(Note 3)</b> |
| SP35               | Tsch2doV,<br>TscL2doV | SDOx Data Output Valid After SCKx Edge    | —   | 6                   | 20   | ns    |   |
| SP36               | TdiV2scH,<br>TdiV2scL | SDOx Data Output Setup to First SCKx Edge | 30  | —                   | —    | ns    | Using PPS pins  |
|                    |                       |   | 3   | —                   | —    | ns    | SPI2 dedicated pins                                   |

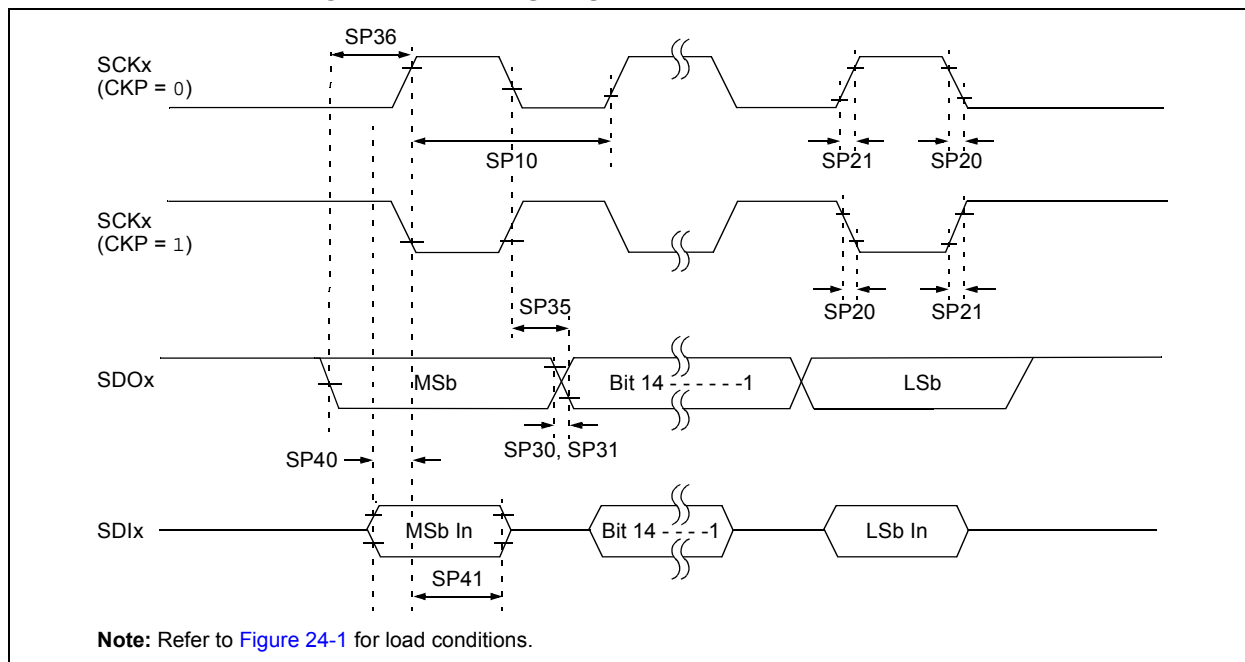
**Note 1:** These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

**Note 2:** Data in “Typ.” column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

**Note 3:** Assumes 50 pF load on all SPIx pins.

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**FIGURE 24-9: SPIx MASTER MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = x, SMP = 1) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



**TABLE 24-36: SPIx MASTER MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = x, SMP = 1) TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| AC CHARACTERISTICS |                    |  | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |                     |      |       |                             |
|--------------------|--------------------|--|---|---------------------|------|-------|-----------------------------|
| Param No.          | Symbol             | Characteristic <sup>(1)</sup>              | Min.  | Typ. <sup>(2)</sup> | Max. | Units | Conditions                  |
| SP10               | FscP               | Maximum SCKx Frequency                     | —   | —                   | 15   | MHz   | Using PPS pins              |
|                    |                    |  | —   | —                   | 40   | MHz   | SPI2 dedicated pins         |
| SP20               | TscF               | SCKx Output Fall Time                      | —   | —                   | —    | ns    | See Parameter DO32 (Note 3) |
| SP21               | TscR               | SCKx Output Rise Time                      | —   | —                   | —    | ns    | See Parameter DO31 (Note 3) |
| SP30               | TdoF               | SDOx Data Output Fall Time                 | —   | —                   | —    | ns    | See Parameter DO32 (Note 3) |
| SP31               | TdoR               | SDOx Data Output Rise Time                 | —   | —                   | —    | ns    | See Parameter DO31 (Note 3) |
| SP35               | Tsch2doV, TscL2doV | SDOx Data Output Valid After SCKx Edge     | —   | 6                   | 20   | ns    |                             |
| SP36               | TdoV2sc, TdoV2scL  | SDOx Data Output Setup to First SCKx Edge  | 30  | —                   | —    | ns    | Using PPS pins              |
|                    |                    |  | 3   | —                   | —    | ns    | SPI2 dedicated pins         |
| SP40               | TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL | Setup Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge | 30  | —                   | —    | ns    | Using PPS pins              |
|                    |                    |  | 20  | —                   | —    | ns    | SPI2 dedicated pins         |
| SP41               | Tsch2diL, TscL2diL | Hold Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge  | 30  | —                   | —    | ns    | Using PPS pins              |
|                    |                    |  | 15  | —                   | —    | ns    | SPI2 dedicated pins         |

**Note 1:** These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

**Note 2:** Data in "Typ." column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

**Note 3:** Assumes 50 pF load on all SPIx pins.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**FIGURE 24-10: SPIx MASTER MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = x, SMP = 1) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



**TABLE 24-37: SPIx MASTER MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = x, SMP = 1) TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| AC CHARACTERISTICS |                         |  | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |                     |      |       |                             |
|--------------------|-------------------------|--|---|---------------------|------|-------|-----------------------------|
| Param No.          | Symbol                  | Characteristic <sup>(1)</sup>              | Min.  | Typ. <sup>(2)</sup> | Max. | Units | Conditions                  |
| SP10               | FscP                    | Maximum SCKx Frequency                     | —   | —                   | 15   | MHz   | Using PPS pins              |
|                    |                         |  | —   | —                   | 40   | MHz   | SPI2 dedicated pins         |
| SP20               | TscF                    | SCKx Output Fall Time                      | —   | —                   | —    | ns    | See Parameter DO32 (Note 3) |
| SP21               | TscR                    | SCKx Output Rise Time                      | —   | —                   | —    | ns    | See Parameter DO31 (Note 3) |
| SP30               | TdoF                    | SDOx Data Output Fall Time                 | —   | —                   | —    | ns    | See Parameter DO32 (Note 3) |
| SP31               | TdoR                    | SDOx Data Output Rise Time                 | —   | —                   | —    | ns    | See Parameter DO31 (Note 3) |
| SP35               | Tsch2doV,<br>TscL2doV   | SDOx Data Output Valid After SCKx Edge     | —   | 6                   | 20   | ns    |                             |
| SP36               | TdoV2schH,<br>TdoV2schL | SDOx Data Output Setup to First SCKx Edge  | 30  | —                   | —    | ns    | Using PPS pins              |
|                    |                         |  | 20  | —                   | —    | ns    | SPI2 dedicated pins         |
| SP40               | TdiV2schH,<br>TdiV2schL | Setup Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge | 30  | —                   | —    | ns    | Using PPS pins              |
|                    |                         |  | 10  | —                   | —    | ns    | SPI2 dedicated pins         |
| SP41               | Tsch2diL,<br>TscL2diL   | Hold Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge  | 30  | —                   | —    | ns    | Using PPS pins              |
|                    |                         |  | 15  | —                   | —    | ns    | SPI2 dedicated pins         |

**Note 1:** These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

**Note 2:** Data in "Typ." column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

**Note 3:** Assumes 50 pF load on all SPIx pins.



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**FIGURE 24-11: SPIx SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = x, SMP = 0)**  
**TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



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**TABLE 24-38: SPIx SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = x, SMP = 0)  
TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| AC CHARACTERISTICS |                       |   | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |                     |      |       |                             |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---|---|---------------------|------|-------|-----------------------------|
| Param No.          | Symbol                | Characteristic <sup>(1)</sup>   | Min.  | Typ. <sup>(2)</sup> | Max. | Units | Conditions                  |
| SP10               | FscP                  | Maximum SCKx Input Frequency  | —   | —                   | 15   | MHz   | Using PPS pins              |
|                    |                       |   | —   | —                   | 40   | MHz   | SPI2 dedicated pins         |
| SP72               | TscF                  | SCKx Input Fall Time  | —   | —                   | —    | ns    | See Parameter DO32 (Note 3) |
| SP73               | TscR                  | SCKx Input Rise Time  | —   | —                   | —    | ns    | See Parameter DO31 (Note 3) |
| SP30               | TdoF                  | SDOx Data Output Fall Time  | —   | —                   | —    | ns    | See Parameter DO32 (Note 3) |
| SP31               | TdoR                  | SDOx Data Output Rise Time  | —   | —                   | —    | ns    | See Parameter DO31 (Note 3) |
| SP35               | Tsch2doV,<br>TscL2doV | SDOx Data Output Valid After SCKx Edge                                    | —   | 6                   | 20   | ns    |                             |
| SP36               | TdoV2sch,<br>TdoV2scL | SDOx Data Output Setup to First SCKx Edge                                 | 30  | —                   | —    | ns    | Using PPS pins              |
|                    |                       |   | 20  | —                   | —    | ns    | SPI2 dedicated pins         |
| SP40               | TdiV2sch,<br>TdiV2scL | Setup Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge                                | 30  | —                   | —    | ns    | Using PPS pins              |
|                    |                       |   | 10  | —                   | —    | ns    | SPI2 dedicated pins         |
| SP41               | Tsch2diL,<br>TscL2diL | Hold Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge                                 | 30  | —                   | —    | ns    | Using PPS pins              |
|                    |                       |   | 15  | —                   | —    | ns    | SPI2 dedicated pins         |
| SP50               | TssL2sch,<br>TssL2scL | $\overline{SSx} \downarrow$ to SCKx $\uparrow$ or SCKx $\downarrow$ Input | 120   | —                   | —    | ns    |                             |
| SP51               | TssH2doZ              | $\overline{SSx} \uparrow$ to SDOx Output High-Impedance                   | 8   | —                   | 50   | ns    | (Note 3)                    |
| SP52               | Tsch2ssH,<br>TscL2ssH | $\overline{SSx} \uparrow$ After SCKx Edge                                 | 1.5 TCY + 40  | —                   | —    | ns    | (Note 3)                    |

- Note 1:** These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.  
**Note 2:** Data in “Typ.” column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.  
**Note 3:** Assumes 50 pF load on all SPIx pins.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**FIGURE 24-12: SPIx SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = x, SMP = 0)**  
**TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



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**TABLE 24-39: SPIx SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = x, SMP = 0)  
TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| AC CHARACTERISTICS |                       |   | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended |                     |      |       |                             |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---|---|---------------------|------|-------|-----------------------------|
| Param No.          | Symbol                | Characteristic <sup>(1)</sup>                             | Min.  | Typ. <sup>(2)</sup> | Max. | Units | Conditions                  |
| SP10               | FscP                  | Maximum SCKx Input Frequency                              | —   | —                   | 15   | MHz   | Using PPS pins              |
|                    |                       |   | —   | —                   | 40   | MHz   | SPI2 dedicated pins         |
| SP72               | TscF                  | SCKx Input Fall Time                                      | —   | —                   | —    | ns    | See Parameter DO32 (Note 3) |
| SP73               | TscR                  | SCKx Input Rise Time                                      | —   | —                   | —    | ns    | See Parameter DO31 (Note 3) |
| SP30               | TdoF                  | SDOx Data Output Fall Time                                | —   | —                   | —    | ns    | See Parameter DO32 (Note 3) |
| SP31               | TdoR                  | SDOx Data Output Rise Time                                | —   | —                   | —    | ns    | See Parameter DO31 (Note 3) |
| SP35               | Tsch2doV,<br>TscL2doV | SDOx Data Output Valid After SCKx Edge                    | —   | 6                   | 20   | ns    |                             |
| SP36               | TdoV2sch,<br>TdoV2scl | SDOx Data Output Setup to First SCKx Edge                 | 30  | —                   | —    | ns    | Using PPS pins              |
|                    |                       |   | 20  | —                   | —    | ns    | SPI2 dedicated pins         |
| SP40               | TdiV2sch,<br>TdiV2scl | Setup Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge                | 30  | —                   | —    | ns    | Using PPS pins              |
|                    |                       |   | 10  | —                   | —    | ns    | SPI2 dedicated pins         |
| SP41               | Tsch2diL,<br>TscL2diL | Hold Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge                 | 30  | —                   | —    | ns    | Using PPS pins              |
|                    |                       |   | 15  | —                   | —    | ns    | SPI2 dedicated pins         |
| SP50               | TssL2sch,<br>TssL2scl | $\overline{\text{SSx}}$ ↓ to SCKx ↑ or SCKx ↓ Input       | 120   | —                   | —    | ns    |                             |
| SP51               | TssH2doZ              | $\overline{\text{SSx}}$ ↑ to SDOx Output High-Impedance   | 8   | —                   | 50   | ns    | (Note 3)                    |
| SP52               | Tsch2ssH,<br>TscL2ssH | $\overline{\text{SSx}}$ ↑ After SCKx Edge                 | $1.5 T_{CY} + 40$   | —                   | —    | ns    | (Note 3)                    |
| SP60               | TssL2doV              | SDOx Data Output Valid After $\overline{\text{SSx}}$ Edge | —   | —                   | 50   | ns    |                             |

**Note 1:** These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

**2:** Data in “Typ.” column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

**3:** Assumes 50 pF load on all SPIx pins.

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**FIGURE 24-13: I2Cx BUS START/STOP BITS TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (MASTER MODE)**



**FIGURE 24-14: I2Cx BUS DATA TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (MASTER MODE)**



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 24-40: I2Cx BUS DATA TIMING REQUIREMENTS (MASTER MODE)**

| AC CHARACTERISTICS |         |                               |                           | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended |      |               |   |
|--------------------|---------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---|------|---------------|---|
| Param No.          | Symbol  | Characteristic <sup>(4)</sup> |                           | Min. <sup>(1)</sup>   | Max. | Units         | Conditions  |
| IM10               | TLO:SCL | Clock Low Time                | 100 kHz mode              | $T_{CY} (BRG + 1)$  | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | $T_{CY} (BRG + 1)$  | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(2)</sup> | $T_{CY} (BRG + 1)$  | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
| IM11               | THI:SCL | Clock High Time               | 100 kHz mode              | $T_{CY} (BRG + 1)$  | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | $T_{CY} (BRG + 1)$  | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(2)</sup> | $T_{CY} (BRG + 1)$  | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
| IM20               | TF:SCL  | SDAx and SCLx Fall Time       | 100 kHz mode              | —   | 300  | ns            | Cb is specified to be from 10 to 400 pF                       |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | $20 \times (V_{DD}/5.5\text{V})$  | 300  | ns            |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(2)</sup> | —   | 120  | ns            |   |
| IM21               | TR:SCL  | SDAx and SCLx Rise Time       | 100 kHz mode              | —   | 1000 | ns            | Cb is specified to be from 10 to 400 pF                       |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | $20 + 0.1 C_b$  | 300  | ns            |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(2)</sup> | —   | 120  | ns            |   |
| IM25               | TSU:DAT | Data Input Setup Time         | 100 kHz mode              | 250   | —    | ns            |   |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | 100   | —    | ns            |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(2)</sup> | 50  | —    | ns            |   |
| IM26               | THD:DAT | Data Input Hold Time          | 100 kHz mode              | 0   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | 0   | 0.9  | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(2)</sup> | 0   | 0.3  | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
| IM30               | TSU:STA | Start Condition Setup Time    | 100 kHz mode              | $T_{CY} (BRG + 1)$  | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ | Only relevant for Repeated Start condition                    |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | $T_{CY} (BRG + 1)$  | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(2)</sup> | $T_{CY} (BRG + 1)$  | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
| IM31               | THD:STA | Start Condition Hold Time     | 100 kHz mode              | $T_{CY} (BRG + 1)$  | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ | After this period, the first clock pulse is generated         |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | $T_{CY} (BRG + 1)$  | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(2)</sup> | $T_{CY} (BRG + 1)$  | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
| IM33               | TSU:STO | Stop Condition Setup Time     | 100 kHz mode              | $T_{CY} (BRG + 1)$  | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | $T_{CY} (BRG + 1)$  | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(2)</sup> | $T_{CY} (BRG + 1)$  | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
| IM34               | THD:STO | Stop Condition Hold Time      | 100 kHz mode              | $T_{CY} (BRG + 1)$  | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | $T_{CY} (BRG + 1)$  | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(2)</sup> | $T_{CY} (BRG + 1)$  | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
| IM40               | TAA:SCL | Output Valid from Clock       | 100 kHz mode              | —   | 3450 | ns            |   |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | —   | 900  | ns            |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(2)</sup> | —   | 450  | ns            |   |
| IM45               | TBF:SDA | Bus Free Time                 | 100 kHz mode              | 4.7   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ | Time the bus must be free before a new transmission can start |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | 1.3   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(2)</sup> | 0.5   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
| IM50               | CB      | Bus Capacitive Loading        | —                         | 400   | pF   |               |   |
| IM51               | TPGD    | Pulse Gobbler Delay           | 65                        | 390   | ns   | (Note 3)      |   |

**Note 1:** BRG is the value of the I<sup>2</sup>C Baud Rate Generator.

**Note 2:** Maximum Pin Capacitance = 10 pF for all I2Cx pins (for 1 MHz mode only).

**Note 3:** Typical value for this parameter is 130 ns.

**Note 4:** These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

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**FIGURE 24-15: I2Cx BUS START/STOP BITS TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (SLAVE MODE)**



**FIGURE 24-16: I2Cx BUS DATA TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (SLAVE MODE)**



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 24-41: I2Cx BUS DATA TIMING REQUIREMENTS (SLAVE MODE)**

| AC CHARACTERISTICS |         |                               |                           | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |      |       |   |
|--------------------|---------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---|------|-------|---|
| Param No.          | Symbol  | Characteristic <sup>(3)</sup> |                           | Min.  | Max. | Units | Conditions  |
| IS10               | TLO:SCL | Clock Low Time                | 100 kHz mode              | 4.7   | —    | μs    |   |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | 1.3   | —    | μs    |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(1)</sup> | 0.5   | —    | μs    |   |
| IS11               | THI:SCL | Clock High Time               | 100 kHz mode              | 4.0   | —    | μs    | Device must operate at a minimum of 1.5 MHz                   |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | 0.6   | —    | μs    | Device must operate at a minimum of 10 MHz                    |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(1)</sup> | 0.28  | —    | μs    |   |
| IS20               | TF:SCL  | SDAx and SCLx Fall Time       | 100 kHz mode              | —   | 300  | ns    | CB is specified to be from 10 to 400 pF                       |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | 20 x (VDD/5.5V)   | 300  | ns    |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(1)</sup> | 20 x (VDD/5.5V)   | 120  | ns    |   |
| IS21               | TR:SCL  | SDAx and SCLx Rise Time       | 100 kHz mode              | 20 + 0.1 CB   | 1000 | ns    | CB is specified to be from 10 to 400 pF                       |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | —   | 300  | ns    |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(1)</sup> | —   | 120  | ns    |   |
| IS25               | TSU:DAT | Data Input Setup Time         | 100 kHz mode              | 250   | —    | ns    |   |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | 100   | —    | ns    |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(1)</sup> | 50  | —    | ns    |   |
| IS26               | THD:DAT | Data Input Hold Time          | 100 kHz mode              | 0   | —    | μs    |   |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | 0   | 0.9  | μs    |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(1)</sup> | 0   | 0.3  | μs    |   |
| IS30               | TSU:STA | Start Condition Setup Time    | 100 kHz mode              | 4.7   | —    | μs    | Only relevant for Repeated Start condition                    |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | 0.6   | —    | μs    |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(1)</sup> | 0.26  | —    | μs    |   |
| IS31               | THD:STA | Start Condition Hold Time     | 100 kHz mode              | 4.0   | —    | μs    | After this period, the first clock pulse is generated         |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | 0.6   | —    | μs    |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(1)</sup> | 0.26  | —    | μs    |   |
| IS33               | TSU:STO | Stop Condition Setup Time     | 100 kHz mode              | 4   | —    | μs    |   |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | 0.6   | —    | μs    |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(1)</sup> | 0.26  | —    | μs    |   |
| IS34               | THD:STO | Stop Condition Hold Time      | 100 kHz mode              | > 0   | —    | μs    |   |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | > 0   | —    | μs    |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(1)</sup> | > 0   | —    | μs    |   |
| IS40               | TAA:SCL | Output Valid from Clock       | 100 kHz mode              | 0   | 3540 | ns    |   |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | 0   | 900  | ns    |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(1)</sup> | 0   | 400  | ns    |   |
| IS45               | TBF:SDA | Bus Free Time                 | 100 kHz mode              | 4.7   | —    | μs    | Time the bus must be free before a new transmission can start |
|                    |         |                               | 400 kHz mode              | 1.3   | —    | μs    |   |
|                    |         |                               | 1 MHz mode <sup>(1)</sup> | 0.5   | —    | μs    |   |
| IS50               | CB      | Bus Capacitive Loading        |                           | —   | 400  | pF    |   |
| IS51               | TPGD    | Pulse Gobbler Delay           |                           | 65  | 390  | ns    | (Note 2)  |

**Note 1:** Maximum Pin Capacitance = 10 pF for all I2Cx pins (for 1 MHz mode only).

**2:** Typical value for this parameter is 130 ns.

**3:** These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**FIGURE 24-17: UARTx MODULE I/O TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



**TABLE 24-42: UARTx MODULE I/O TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| AC CHARACTERISTICS |         |   | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ |                     |      |       |            |
|--------------------|---------|---|--|---------------------|------|-------|------------|
| Param No.          | Symbol  | Characteristic <sup>(1)</sup>                     | Min.   | Typ. <sup>(2)</sup> | Max. | Units | Conditions |
| UA10               | TUABAUD | UARTx Baud Time                                   | 66.67  | —                   | —    | ns    |            |
| UA11               | FBAUD   | UARTx Baud Frequency                              | —  | —                   | 15   | Mbps  |            |
| UA20               | TCWF    | Start Bit Pulse Width to Trigger<br>UARTx Wake-up | 500  | —                   | —    | ns    |            |

**Note 1:** These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

**2:** Data in “Typ.” column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 24-43: ADC MODULE SPECIFICATIONS**

| Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) <sup>(4)</sup>                 |           |  |              |         |            |       |   |
|---|-----------|--|--------------|---------|------------|-------|---|
| Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |           |  |              |         |            |       |   |
| Param No.   | Symbol    | Characteristics                                | Min.         | Typical | Max.       | Units | Conditions                                  |
| <b>Analog Input</b>   |           |  |              |         |            |       |   |
| AD12  | VINH-VINL | Full-Scale Input Span                          | AVSS         | —       | AVDD       | V     |   |
| AD14  | VIN       | Absolute Input Voltage                         | AVSS – 0.3   | —       | AVDD + 0.3 | V     |   |
| AD17  | RIN       | Recommended Impedance of Analog Voltage Source | —            | 100     | —          | Ω     | For minimum sampling time ( <b>Note 1</b> ) |
| AD66  | VBG       | Internal Voltage Reference Source              | —            | 1.2     | —          | V     |   |
| <b>ADC Accuracy</b>   |           |  |              |         |            |       |   |
| AD20c   | Nr        | Resolution                                     | 12 data bits |         |            | bits  |   |
| AD21c   | INL       | Integral Nonlinearity                          | > -11.3      | —       | < 11.3     | LSb   | AVSS = 0V, AVDD = 3.3V                      |
| AD22c   | DNL       | Differential Nonlinearity                      | > -1.5       | —       | < 11.5     | LSb   | AVSS = 0V, AVDD = 3.3V                      |
| AD23c   | GERR      | Gain Error                                     | > -12        | —       | < 12       | LSb   | AVSS = 0V, AVDD = 3.3V                      |
| AD24c   | EOFF      | Offset Error                                   | > 7.5        | —       | < 7.5      | LSb   | AVSS = 0V, AVDD = 3.3V                      |
| <b>Dynamic Performance</b>  |           |  |              |         |            |       |   |
| AD31b   | SINAD     | Signal-to-Noise and Distortion                 | 56           | —       | 70         | dB    | ( <b>Notes 2, 3</b> )                       |
| AD34b   | ENOB      | Effective Number of Bits                       | 9            | —       | 11.4       | bits  | ( <b>Notes 2, 3</b> )                       |

- Note 1:** These parameters are not characterized or tested in manufacturing.
- 2:** These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.
- 3:** Characterized with a 1 kHz sine wave.
- 4:** The ADC module is functional at VBORMIN < VDD < VDDMIN, but with degraded performance. Unless otherwise stated, module functionality is ensured, but not characterized.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 24-44: ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERSION TIMING SPECIFICATIONS**

| AC CHARACTERISTICS |        |                  | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) <sup>(2)</sup><br>Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended |                     |      |       |                         |
|--------------------|--------|------------------|---|---------------------|------|-------|-------------------------|
| Param No.          | Symbol | Characteristics  | Min.  | Typ. <sup>(1)</sup> | Max. | Units | Conditions              |
| AD50               | TAD    | ADC Clock Period | 14.28   | —                   | —    | ns    |                         |
| AD51               | FTP    | Throughput Rate  | —   | —                   | 3.5  | Msp   | Dedicated Cores 0 and 1 |
|                    |        |                  | —   | —                   | 3.5  | Msp   | Shared core             |

**Note 1:** These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

**Note 2:** The ADC module is functional at  $V_{BORMIN} < V_{DD} < V_{DDMIN}$ , but with degraded performance. Unless otherwise stated, module functionality is ensured, but not characterized.

**TABLE 24-45: HIGH-SPEED ANALOG COMPARATOR MODULE SPECIFICATIONS**

| Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) <sup>(2)</sup><br>Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended |                   |  |                  |      |                  |       |   |
|--|-------------------|--|------------------|------|------------------|-------|---|
| Param No.  | Symbol            | Characteristic                                 | Min.             | Typ. | Max.             | Units | Comments  |
| CM09   | FIN               | Input Frequency                                | 400              | 500  | 550              | MHz   |   |
| CM10   | V <sub>IOFF</sub> | Input Offset Voltage                           | -20              | —    | +20              | mV    |   |
| CM11   | V <sub>ICM</sub>  | Input Common-Mode Voltage Range <sup>(1)</sup> | AV <sub>SS</sub> | —    | AV <sub>DD</sub> | V     |   |
| CM13   | CMRR              | Common-Mode Rejection Ratio                    | 60               | —    | —                | dB    |   |
| CM14   | TRESP             | Large Signal Response                          | —                | 15   | —                | ns    | V+ input step of 100 mV while V- input is held at AV <sub>DD</sub> /2 |
| CM15   | V <sub>HYST</sub> | Input Hysteresis                               | 15               | 30   | 45               | mV    | Depends on HYSSEL<1:0>  |

**Note 1:** These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested in manufacturing.

**Note 2:** The comparator module is functional at  $V_{BORMIN} < V_{DD} < V_{DDMIN}$ , but with degraded performance. Unless otherwise stated, module functionality is tested, but not characterized.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 24-46: DACx MODULE SPECIFICATIONS**

| Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) |        |                                 |       |                     |       |       |   |
|--|--------|---------------------------------|-------|---------------------|-------|-------|---|
| Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial      |        |                                 |       |                     |       |       |   |
| -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended                             |        |                                 |       |                     |       |       |   |
| Param No.  | Symbol | Characteristic                  | Min.  | Typ. <sup>(1)</sup> | Max.  | Units | Comments  |
| DA02   | CVRES  | Resolution                      | 12    |                     |       | bits  |   |
| DA03   | INL    | Integral Nonlinearity Error     | -38   | —                   | 0     | LSB   |   |
| DA04   | DNL    | Differential Nonlinearity Error | -5    | —                   | 5     | LSB   |   |
| DA05   | E0FF   | Offset Error                    | -3.5  | —                   | 21.5  | LSB   | Internal node at comparator input                                   |
| DA06   | EG     | Gain Error                      | 0     | —                   | 41    | %     | Internal node at comparator input                                   |
| DA07   | TSET   | Settling Time                   | —     | 750                 | —     | ns    | Output with 2% of desired output voltage with a 5-95% or 95-5% step |
| DA08   | VOUT   | Voltage Output Range            | 0.165 | —                   | 3.135 | V     | VDD = 3.3V  |

**Note 1:** Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested in manufacturing.

**TABLE 24-47: DACx OUTPUT (DACOUT PIN) SPECIFICATIONS**

| Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) <sup>(1)</sup> |        |                                 |      |      |      |       |   |
|---|--------|---------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|---|
| Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial                     |        |                                 |      |      |      |       |   |
| -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended  |        |                                 |      |      |      |       |   |
| Param No.   | Symbol | Characteristic                  | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Comments                                    |
| DA11  | RLOAD  | Resistive Output Load Impedance | 10K  | —    | —    | Ohm   |   |
| DA11a   | CLOAD  | Output Load Capacitance         | —    | —    | 30   | pF    | Including output pin capacitance            |
| DA12  | IOUT   | Output Current Drive Strength   | —    | 3    | —    | mA    | Sink and source                             |
| DA13  | INL    | Integral Nonlinearity Error     | -50  | —    | 0    | LSB   | Includes INL of DACx module (DA03)          |
| DA14  | DNL    | Differential Nonlinearity Error | -5   | —    | 5    | LSB   | Includes DNL of DACx module (DA04)          |
| DA30  | E0FF   | Offset Error                    | -150 | —    | 0    | LSB   | Includes offset error of DACx module (DA05) |
| DA31  | EG     | Gain Error                      | -146 | —    | 0    | LSB   | Includes gain error of DACx module (DA06)   |

**Note 1:** The DACx module is functional at VBORMIN < VDD < VDDMIN, but with degraded performance. Unless otherwise stated, module functionality is tested, but not characterized.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

**TABLE 24-48: PGAx MODULE SPECIFICATIONS**

| AC/DC CHARACTERISTICS |        |   | Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated) <sup>(1)</sup><br>Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended |             |            |        |  |  |
|-----------------------|--------|---|--|-------------|------------|--------|--|--|
| Param No.             | Symbol | Characteristic                              | Min.   | Typ.        | Max.       | Units  | Comments   |  |
| PA01                  | VIN    | Input Voltage Range                         | AVSS – 0.3   | —           | AVDD + 0.3 | V      |  |  |
| PA02                  | VCM    | Common-Mode Input Voltage Range             | AVSS   | —           | AVDD – 1.6 | V      |  |  |
| PA03                  | VOS    | Input Offset Voltage                        | -2   | —           | +2         | mV     | Gain = 32x   |  |
| PA04                  | VOS    | Input Offset Voltage Drift with Temperature | —  | ±15         | —          | µV/°C  |  |  |
| PA05                  | RIN+   | Input Impedance of Positive Input           | —  | >1M    7 pF | —          | Ω   pF |  |  |
| PA06                  | RIN-   | Input Impedance of Negative Input           | —  | 10K    7 pF | —          | Ω   pF |  |  |
| PA07                  | GERR   | Gain Error                                  | -2   | ±0.5        | +2         | %      | Gain = 4x, 8x, 16x, 32x                                  |  |
| PA08                  | LERR   | Gain Nonlinearity Error                     | —  | —           | 0.5        | %      | % of full scale, Gain = 16x                              |  |
| PA09                  | IDD    | Current Consumption                         | —  | 2.0         | —          | mA     | Module is enabled with a 2-volt P-P output voltage swing |  |
| PA10a                 | BW     | Small Signal Bandwidth (-3 dB)              | G = 4x   | —           | 10         | —      | MHz  |  |
| PA10b                 |        |   | G = 8x   | —           | 5          | —      | MHz  |  |
| PA10c                 |        |   | G = 16x  | —           | 2.5        | —      | MHz  |  |
| PA10d                 |        |   | G = 32x  | —           | 1.25       | —      | MHz  |  |
| PA11                  | OST    | Output Settling Time to 1% of Final Value   | —  | 0.4         | —          | µs     | Gain = 16x, 100 mV input step change                     |  |
| PA12                  | SR     | Output Slew Rate                            | —  | 40          | —          | V/µs   | Gain = 16x   |  |
| PA13                  | TGSEL  | Gain Selection Time                         | —  | 1           | —          | µs     |  |  |
| PA14                  | TON    | Module Turn-on/Setting Time                 | —  | —           | 10         | µs     |  |  |

**Note 1:** The PGAx module is functional at  $V_{BORMIN} < V_{DD} < V_{DDMIN}$ , but with degraded performance. Unless otherwise stated, module functionality is tested, but not characterized.

**TABLE 24-49: CONSTANT-CURRENT SOURCE SPECIFICATIONS**

| Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) <sup>(1)</sup><br>Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended |                  |                            |      |      |      |       |            |
|--|------------------|----------------------------|------|------|------|-------|------------|
| Param No.  | Symbol           | Characteristic             | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions |
| CC02   | I <sub>REG</sub> | Current Regulation         | —    | ±3   | —    | %     |            |
| CC03   | I <sub>OUT</sub> | Current Output at Terminal | —    | 10   | —    | µA    | ISRCx pin  |
|  |                  |                            | —    | 50   | —    | µA    | IBIASx pin |

**Note 1:** The constant-current source module is functional at  $V_{BORMIN} < V_{DD} < V_{DDMIN}$ , but with degraded performance. Unless otherwise stated, module functionality is tested, but not characterized.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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NOTES:

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 25.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

### 25.1 Package Marking Information

28-Lead SSOP (5.30 mm)



Example



28-Lead UQFN (6x6 mm)



Example



36-Lead UQFN (5x5 mm)



Example

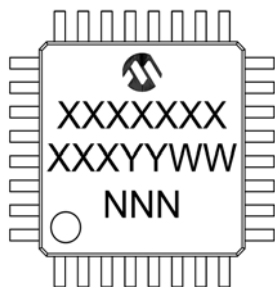


|                |   |  |
|----------------|---|--|
| <b>Legend:</b> | XX...X  | Customer-specific information              |
|                | Y   | Year code (last digit of calendar year)    |
|                | YY  | Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year) |
|                | WW  | Week code (week of January 1 is week '01') |
|                | NNN   | Alphanumeric traceability code             |
| <b>Note:</b>   | In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information. |  |

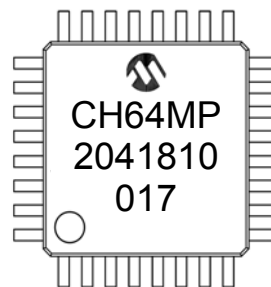
# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 25.1 Package Marking Information (Continued)

48-Lead TQFP (7x7 mm)



Example



48-Lead UQFN (6x6 mm)



Example



64-Lead TQFP (10x10x1 mm)



Example



64-Lead QFN (9x9x0.9 mm)



Example



80-Lead TQFP (12x12x1 mm)



Example





# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 25.2 Package Details

### 28-Lead Plastic Shrink Small Outline (SS) – 5.30 mm Body [SSOP]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Dimension Limits         | Units  | MILLIMETERS |       |       |
|--------------------------|--------|-------------|-------|-------|
|                          |        | MIN         | NOM   | MAX   |
| Number of Pins           | N      | 28          |       |       |
| Pitch                    | e      | 0.65 BSC    |       |       |
| Overall Height           | A      | –           | –     | 2.00  |
| Molded Package Thickness | A2     | 1.65        | 1.75  | 1.85  |
| Standoff                 | A1     | 0.05        | –     | –     |
| Overall Width            | E      | 7.40        | 7.80  | 8.20  |
| Molded Package Width     | E1     | 5.00        | 5.30  | 5.60  |
| Overall Length           | D      | 9.90        | 10.20 | 10.50 |
| Foot Length              | L      | 0.55        | 0.75  | 0.95  |
| Footprint                | L1     | 1.25 REF    |       |       |
| Lead Thickness           | c      | 0.09        | –     | 0.25  |
| Foot Angle               | $\phi$ | 0°          | 4°    | 8°    |
| Lead Width               | b      | 0.22        | –     | 0.38  |

**Notes:**

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.20 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-073B

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

28-Lead Plastic Shrink Small Outline (SS) - 5.30 mm Body [SSOP]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

| Dimension Limits         | Units | MILLIMETERS |     |      |
|--------------------------|-------|-------------|-----|------|
|                          |       | MIN         | NOM | MAX  |
| Contact Pitch            | E     | 0.65 BSC    |     |      |
| Contact Pad Spacing      | C     | 7.20        |     |      |
| Contact Pad Width (X28)  | X1    |             |     | 0.45 |
| Contact Pad Length (X28) | Y1    |             |     | 1.75 |
| Distance Between Pads    | G     | 0.20        |     |      |

**Notes:**

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2073A

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 28-Lead Ultra Thin Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (2N) - 6x6x0.55 mm Body [UQFN] With 4.65x4.65 mm Exposed Pad and Corner Anchors

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-385B Sheet 1 of 2

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 28-Lead Ultra Thin Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (2N) - 6x6x0.55 mm Body [UQFN] With 4.65x4.65 mm Exposed Pad and Corner Anchors

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Dimension Limits            | Units | MILLIMETERS |      |      |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------------|------|------|
|                             |       | MIN         | NOM  | MAX  |
| Number of Terminals         | N     | 28          |      |      |
| Pitch                       | e     | 0.65 BSC    |      |      |
| Overall Height              | A     | 0.45        | 0.50 | 0.55 |
| Standoff                    | A1    | 0.00        | 0.02 | 0.05 |
| Terminal Thickness          | A3    | 0.127 REF   |      |      |
| Overall Width               | E     | 6.00 BSC    |      |      |
| Exposed Pad Width           | E2    | 4.55        | 4.65 | 4.75 |
| Overall Length              | D     | 6.00 BSC    |      |      |
| Exposed Pad Length          | D2    | 4.55        | 4.65 | 4.75 |
| Exposed Pad Corner Chamfer  | P     | -           | 0.35 | -    |
| Terminal Width              | b     | 0.25        | 0.30 | 0.35 |
| Corner Anchor Pad           | b1    | 0.35        | 0.40 | 0.43 |
| Corner Pad, Metal Free Zone | b2    | 0.15        | 0.20 | 0.25 |
| Terminal Length             | L     | 0.30        | 0.40 | 0.50 |
| Terminal-to-Exposed-Pad     | K     | 0.20        | -    | -    |

**Notes:**

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Package is saw singulated
3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

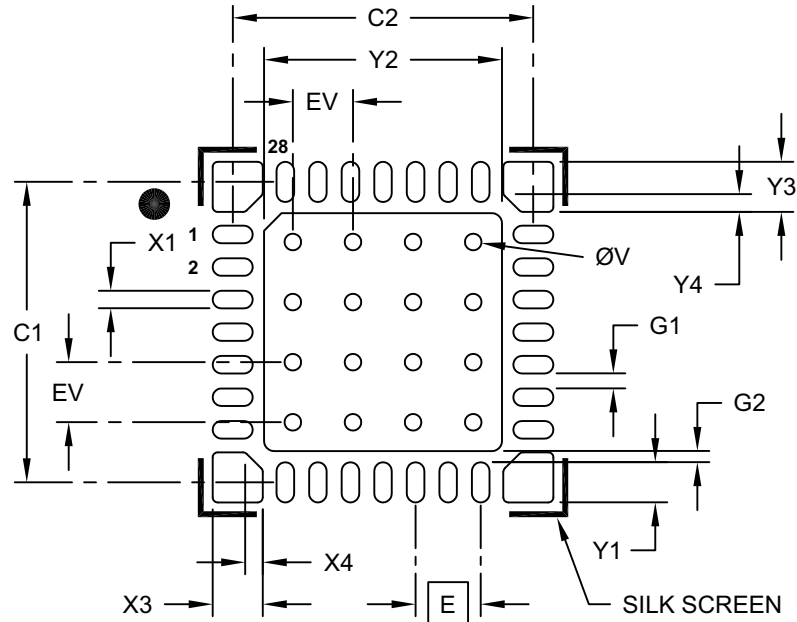
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-385B Sheet 2 of 2

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 28-Lead Ultra Thin Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (2N) - 6x6x0.55 mm Body [UQFN] With 4.65x4.65 mm Exposed Pad and Corner Anchors

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packageing>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

| Dimension Limits                | Units | MILLIMETERS |      |      |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------------|------|------|
|                                 |       | MIN         | NOM  | MAX  |
| Contact Pitch                   | E     | 0.65 BSC    |      |      |
| Optional Center Pad Width       | X2    |             |      | 4.75 |
| Optional Center Pad Length      | Y2    |             |      | 4.75 |
| Contact Pad Spacing             | C1    |             | 6.00 |      |
| Contact Pad Spacing             | C2    |             | 6.00 |      |
| Contact Pad Width (X28)         | X1    |             |      | 0.35 |
| Contact Pad Length (X28)        | Y1    |             |      | 0.80 |
| Corner Anchor (X4)              | X3    |             |      | 1.00 |
| Corner Anchor (X4)              | Y3    |             |      | 1.00 |
| Corner Anchor Chamfer (X4)      | X4    |             |      | 0.35 |
| Corner Anchor Chamfer (X4)      | Y4    |             |      | 0.35 |
| Contact Pad to Pad (X28)        | G1    | 0.20        |      |      |
| Contact Pad to Center Pad (X28) | G2    | 0.20        |      |      |
| Thermal Via Diameter            | V     |             | 0.33 |      |
| Thermal Via Pitch               | EV    |             | 1.20 |      |

**Notes:**

- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M  
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
- For best soldering results, thermal vias, if used, should be filled or tented to avoid solder loss during reflow process

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-2385B

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 36-Lead Ultra Thin Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (M5) - 5x5 mm Body [UQFN] With Corner Anchors

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>

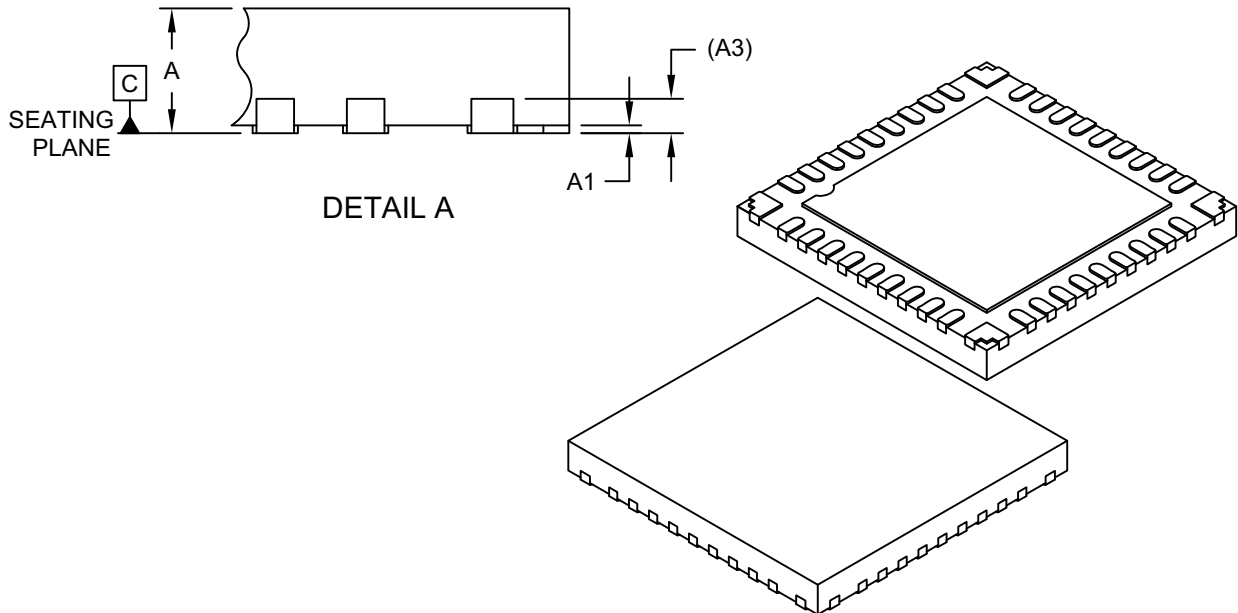


Microchip Technology Drawing C04-436A-M5 Sheet 1 of 2

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 36-Lead Ultra Thin Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (M5) - 5x5 mm Body [UQFN] With Corner Anchors

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



|                         |    | Units | MILLIMETERS |      |      |
|-------------------------|----|-------|-------------|------|------|
| Dimension Limits        |    |       | MIN         | NOM  | MAX  |
| Number of Terminals     | N  |       | 36          |      |      |
| Pitch                   | e  |       | 0.40 BSC    |      |      |
| Overall Height          | A  |       | 0.50        | 0.55 | 0.60 |
| Standoff                | A1 |       | 0.00        | 0.02 | 0.05 |
| Terminal Thickness      | A3 |       | 0.152 REF   |      |      |
| Overall Length          | D  |       | 5.00 BSC    |      |      |
| Exposed Pad Length      | D2 |       | 3.60        | 3.70 | 3.80 |
| Overall Width           | E  |       | 5.00 BSC    |      |      |
| Exposed Pad Width       | E2 |       | 3.60        | 3.70 | 3.80 |
| Terminal Width          | b  |       | 0.15        | 0.20 | 0.25 |
| Terminal Length         | L  |       | 0.30        | 0.40 | 0.50 |
| Terminal-to-Exposed-Pad | K  |       | 0.25 REF    |      |      |

**Notes:**

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Package is saw singulated
3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-436A-M5 Sheet 2 of 2

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 36-Lead Ultra Thin Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (M5) - 5x5 mm Body [UQFN] With Corner Anchors

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

| Dimension Limits                | Units | MILLIMETERS |      |      |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------------|------|------|
|                                 |       | MIN         | NOM  | MAX  |
| Contact Pitch                   | E     | 0.40 BSC    |      |      |
| Optional Center Pad Width       | X2    |             |      | 3.80 |
| Optional Center Pad Length      | Y2    |             |      | 3.80 |
| Contact Pad Spacing             | C1    |             | 5.00 |      |
| Contact Pad Spacing             | C2    |             | 5.00 |      |
| Contact Pad Width (X36)         | X1    |             |      | 0.20 |
| Contact Pad Length (X36)        | Y1    |             |      | 0.80 |
| Corner Pad Width (X4)           | X3    |             |      | 0.20 |
| Corner Pad Length (X36)         | Y3    |             |      | 0.85 |
| Corner Pad Radius               | R1    |             | 0.10 |      |
| Contact Pad to Center Pad (X36) | G1    | 0.20        |      |      |
| Thermal Via Diameter            | V     |             | 0.30 |      |
| Thermal Via Pitch               | EV    |             | 1.00 |      |

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M  
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
2. For best soldering results, thermal vias, if used, should be filled or tented to avoid solder loss during reflow process

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-2436A-M5



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 48-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) - 7x7x1.0 mm Body [TQFP]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-300-PT Rev A Sheet 1 of 2

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 48-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) - 7x7x1.0 mm Body [TQFP]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



SECTION A-A

| Dimension Limits         | Units | MILLIMETERS |      |      |
|--------------------------|-------|-------------|------|------|
|                          |       | MIN         | NOM  | MAX  |
| Number of Leads          | N     | 48          |      |      |
| Lead Pitch               | e     | 0.50 BSC    |      |      |
| Overall Height           | A     | -           | -    | 1.20 |
| Standoff                 | A1    | 0.05        | -    | 0.15 |
| Molded Package Thickness | A2    | 0.95        | 1.00 | 1.05 |
| Foot Length              | L     | 0.45        | 0.60 | 0.75 |
| Footprint                | L1    | 1.00 REF    |      |      |
| Foot Angle               | φ     | 0°          | 3.5° | 7°   |
| Overall Width            | E     | 9.00 BSC    |      |      |
| Overall Length           | D     | 9.00 BSC    |      |      |
| Molded Package Width     | E1    | 7.00 BSC    |      |      |
| Molded Package Length    | D1    | 7.00 BSC    |      |      |
| Lead Thickness           | c     | 0.09        | -    | 0.16 |
| Lead Width               | b     | 0.17        | 0.22 | 0.27 |
| Mold Draft Angle Top     | α     | 11°         | 12°  | 13°  |
| Mold Draft Angle Bottom  | β     | 11°         | 12°  | 13°  |

**Notes:**

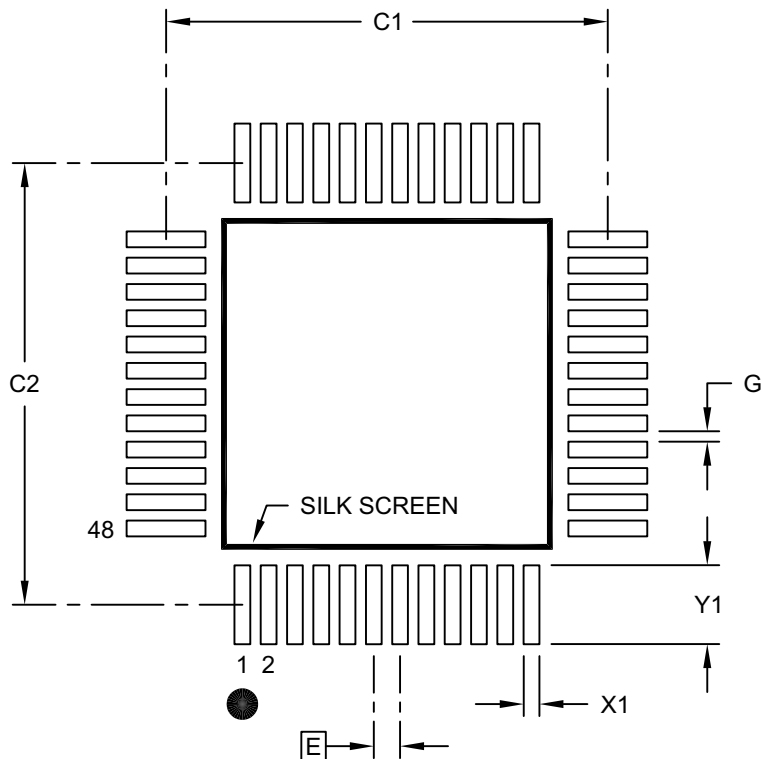
- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Chamfers at corners are optional; size may vary.
- Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M  
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.  
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.
- Datums **[A-B]** and **[D]** to be determined at center line between leads where leads exit plastic body at datum plane **[H]**

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-300-PT Rev A Sheet 2 of 2

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 48-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) - 7x7x1.0 mm Body [TQFP]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



### RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

| Dimension Limits         | Units | MILLIMETERS |      |      |
|--------------------------|-------|-------------|------|------|
|                          |       | MIN         | NOM  | MAX  |
| Contact Pitch            | E     | 0.50 BSC    |      |      |
| Contact Pad Spacing      | C1    |             | 8.40 |      |
| Contact Pad Spacing      | C2    |             | 8.40 |      |
| Contact Pad Width (X48)  | X1    |             |      | 0.30 |
| Contact Pad Length (X48) | Y1    |             |      | 1.50 |
| Distance Between Pads    | G     | 0.20        |      |      |

**Notes:**

- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M  
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
- For best soldering results, thermal vias, if used, should be filled or tented to avoid solder loss during reflow process

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-2300-PT Rev A

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 48-Lead Ultra Thin Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (M4) - 6x6 mm Body [UQFN] With Corner Anchors and 4.6x4.6 mm Exposed Pad

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-442A-M4 Sheet 1 of 2

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 48-Lead Ultra Thin Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (M4) - 6x6 mm Body [UQFN] With Corner Anchors and 4.6x4.6 mm Exposed Pad

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Dimension Limits                   | Units | MILLIMETERS |      |      |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------------|------|------|
|                                    |       | MIN         | NOM  | MAX  |
| Number of Terminals                | N     | 48          |      |      |
| Pitch                              | e     | 0.40 BSC    |      |      |
| Overall Height                     | A     | 0.50        | 0.55 | 0.60 |
| Standoff                           | A1    | 0.00        | 0.02 | 0.05 |
| Terminal Thickness                 | A3    | 0.15 REF    |      |      |
| Overall Length                     | D     | 6.00 BSC    |      |      |
| Exposed Pad Length                 | D2    | 4.50        | 4.60 | 4.70 |
| Overall Width                      | E     | 6.00 BSC    |      |      |
| Exposed Pad Width                  | E2    | 4.50        | 4.60 | 4.70 |
| Terminal Width                     | b     | 0.15        | 0.20 | 0.25 |
| Corner Anchor Pad                  | b1    | 0.45 REF    |      |      |
| Corner Anchor Pad, Metal-free Zone | b2    | 0.23 REF    |      |      |
| Terminal Length                    | L     | 0.35        | 0.40 | 0.45 |
| Terminal-to-Exposed-Pad            | K     | 0.30 REF    |      |      |

**Notes:**

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Package is saw singulated
3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-442A-M4 Sheet 2 of 2

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 48-Lead Ultra Thin Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (M4) - 6x6 mm Body [UQFN] With Corner Anchors and 4.6x4.6 mm Exposed Pad

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



### RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

| Dimension Limits                | Units | MILLIMETERS |      |      |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------------|------|------|
|                                 |       | MIN         | NOM  | MAX  |
| Contact Pitch                   | E     | 0.40 BSC    |      |      |
| Center Pad Width                | X2    |             |      | 4.70 |
| Center Pad Length               | Y2    |             |      | 4.70 |
| Contact Pad Spacing             | C1    |             | 6.00 |      |
| Contact Pad Spacing             | C2    |             | 6.00 |      |
| Contact Pad Width (X48)         | X1    |             |      | 0.20 |
| Contact Pad Length (X48)        | Y1    |             |      | 0.80 |
| Corner Anchor Pad Width (X4)    | X3    |             |      | 0.90 |
| Corner Anchor Pad Length (X4)   | Y3    |             |      | 0.90 |
| Pad Corner Radius (X 20)        | R     |             |      | 0.10 |
| Contact Pad to Center Pad (X48) | G1    | 0.25        |      |      |
| Contact Pad to Contact Pad      | G2    | 0.20        |      |      |
| Thermal Via Diameter            | V     |             | 0.33 |      |
| Thermal Via Pitch               | EV    |             | 1.20 |      |

**Notes:**

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M  
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
2. For best soldering results, thermal vias, if used, should be filled or tented to avoid solder loss during reflow process

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-2442A-M4

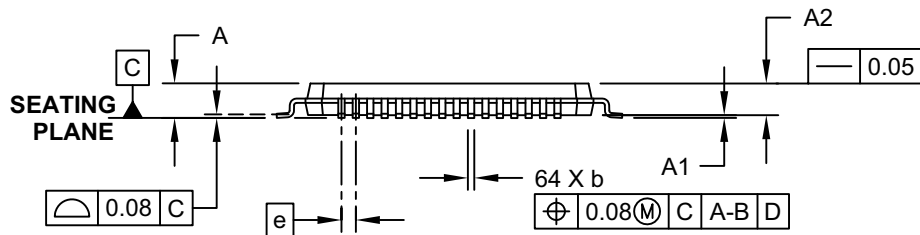
# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 64-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT)-10x10x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



TOP VIEW



SIDE VIEW

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-085C Sheet 1 of 2

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 64-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT)-10x10x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Dimension Limits         | Units    | MILLIMETERS |      |      |
|--------------------------|----------|-------------|------|------|
|                          |          | MIN         | NOM  | MAX  |
| Number of Leads          | N        | 64          |      |      |
| Lead Pitch               | e        | 0.50 BSC    |      |      |
| Overall Height           | A        | -           | -    | 1.20 |
| Molded Package Thickness | A2       | 0.95        | 1.00 | 1.05 |
| Standoff                 | A1       | 0.05        | -    | 0.15 |
| Foot Length              | L        | 0.45        | 0.60 | 0.75 |
| Footprint                | L1       | 1.00 REF    |      |      |
| Foot Angle               | $\phi$   | 0°          | 3.5° | 7°   |
| Overall Width            | E        | 12.00 BSC   |      |      |
| Overall Length           | D        | 12.00 BSC   |      |      |
| Molded Package Width     | E1       | 10.00 BSC   |      |      |
| Molded Package Length    | D1       | 10.00 BSC   |      |      |
| Lead Thickness           | c        | 0.09        | -    | 0.20 |
| Lead Width               | b        | 0.17        | 0.22 | 0.27 |
| Mold Draft Angle Top     | $\alpha$ | 11°         | 12°  | 13°  |
| Mold Draft Angle Bottom  | $\beta$  | 11°         | 12°  | 13°  |

**Notes:**

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Chamfers at corners are optional; size may vary.
- Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-085C Sheet 2 of 2



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 64-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT)-10x10x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

| Dimension Limits         | Units | MILLIMETERS |     |     |
|--------------------------|-------|-------------|-----|-----|
|                          |       | MIN         | NOM | MAX |
| Contact Pitch            | E     | 0.50 BSC    |     |     |
| Contact Pad Spacing      | C1    | 11.40       |     |     |
| Contact Pad Spacing      | C2    | 11.40       |     |     |
| Contact Pad Width (X28)  | X1    | 0.30        |     |     |
| Contact Pad Length (X28) | Y1    | 1.50        |     |     |
| Distance Between Pads    | G     | 0.20        |     |     |

**Notes:**

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-2085B Sheet 1 of 1

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 64-Lead Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (MR) – 9x9x0.9 mm Body with 5.40 x 5.40 Exposed Pad [QFN]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-154A Sheet 1 of 2

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 64-Lead Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (MR) – 9x9x0.9 mm Body with 5.40 x 5.40 Exposed Pad [QFN]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Dimension Limits       | Units | MILLIMETERS |      |      |
|------------------------|-------|-------------|------|------|
|                        |       | MIN         | NOM  | MAX  |
| Number of Pins         | N     | 64          |      |      |
| Pitch                  | e     | 0.50 BSC    |      |      |
| Overall Height         | A     | 0.80        | 0.90 | 1.00 |
| Standoff               | A1    | 0.00        | 0.02 | 0.05 |
| Contact Thickness      | A3    | 0.20 REF    |      |      |
| Overall Width          | E     | 9.00 BSC    |      |      |
| Exposed Pad Width      | E2    | 5.30        | 5.40 | 5.50 |
| Overall Length         | D     | 9.00 BSC    |      |      |
| Exposed Pad Length     | D2    | 5.30        | 5.40 | 5.50 |
| Contact Width          | b     | 0.20        | 0.25 | 0.30 |
| Contact Length         | L     | 0.30        | 0.40 | 0.50 |
| Contact-to-Exposed Pad | K     | 0.20        | -    | -    |

**Notes:**

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Package is saw singulated.
3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-154A Sheet 2 of 2

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

64-Lead Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (MR) – 9x9x0.9 mm Body [QFN]  
 With 0.40 mm Contact Length and 5.40x5.40mm Exposed Pad

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Dimension Limits           | Units | MILLIMETERS |      |      |
|----------------------------|-------|-------------|------|------|
|                            |       | MIN         | NOM  | MAX  |
| Contact Pitch              | E     | 0.50 BSC    |      |      |
| Optional Center Pad Width  | W2    |             |      | 5.50 |
| Optional Center Pad Length | T2    |             |      | 5.50 |
| Contact Pad Spacing        | C1    |             | 8.90 |      |
| Contact Pad Spacing        | C2    |             | 8.90 |      |
| Contact Pad Width (X64)    | X1    |             |      | 0.30 |
| Contact Pad Length (X64)   | Y1    |             |      | 0.85 |
| Distance Between Pads      | G     | 0.20        |      |      |

**Notes:**

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2154A

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## 80-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) – 12x12x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm [TQFP]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Dimension Limits         | Units    | MILLIMETERS |      |      |
|--------------------------|----------|-------------|------|------|
|                          |          | MIN         | NOM  | MAX  |
| Number of Leads          | N        | 80          |      |      |
| Lead Pitch               | e        | 0.50 BSC    |      |      |
| Overall Height           | A        | –           | –    | 1.20 |
| Molded Package Thickness | A2       | 0.95        | 1.00 | 1.05 |
| Standoff                 | A1       | 0.05        | –    | 0.15 |
| Foot Length              | L        | 0.45        | 0.60 | 0.75 |
| Footprint                | L1       | 1.00 REF    |      |      |
| Foot Angle               | $\phi$   | 0°          | 3.5° | 7°   |
| Overall Width            | E        | 14.00 BSC   |      |      |
| Overall Length           | D        | 14.00 BSC   |      |      |
| Molded Package Width     | E1       | 12.00 BSC   |      |      |
| Molded Package Length    | D1       | 12.00 BSC   |      |      |
| Lead Thickness           | c        | 0.09        | –    | 0.20 |
| Lead Width               | b        | 0.17        | 0.22 | 0.27 |
| Mold Draft Angle Top     | $\alpha$ | 11°         | 12°  | 13°  |
| Mold Draft Angle Bottom  | $\beta$  | 11°         | 12°  | 13°  |

**Notes:**

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Chamfers at corners are optional; size may vary.
- Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

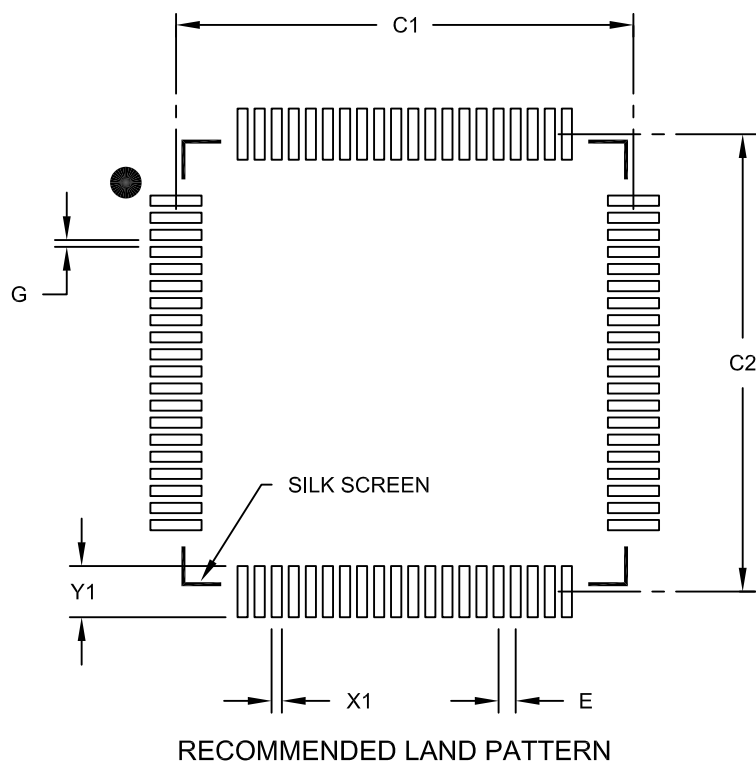
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-092B

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

80-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT)-12x12x1mm Body, 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Dimension Limits         | Units | MILLIMETERS |       |      |
|--------------------------|-------|-------------|-------|------|
|                          |       | MIN         | NOM   | MAX  |
| Contact Pitch            | E     | 0,50 BSC    |       |      |
| Contact Pad Spacing      | C1    |             | 13,40 |      |
| Contact Pad Spacing      | C2    |             | 13,40 |      |
| Contact Pad Width (X80)  | X1    |             |       | 0,30 |
| Contact Pad Length (X80) | Y1    |             |       | 1,50 |
| Distance Between Pads    | G     | 0,20        |       |      |

**Notes:**

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2092B

## APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

### Revision A (August 2017)

This is the initial version of the document.

### Revision B (June 2018)

This revision incorporates the following updates:

- Registers:
  - Updates [Register 3-10](#), [Register 3-13](#), [Register 3-14](#), [Register 3-15](#), [Register 3-102](#), [Register 3-103](#), [Register 3-116](#), [Register 3-117](#), [Register 3-126](#), [Register 3-127](#), [Register 3-129](#), [Register 3-132](#), [Register 3-134](#), [Register 3-135](#), [Register 3-137](#), [Register 3-138](#), [Register 3-162](#), [Register 3-196](#), [Register 4-10](#), [Register 4-11](#), [Register 4-12](#), [Register 4-13](#), [Register 4-14](#), [Register 4-15](#), [Register 4-83](#), [Register 4-86](#), [Register 4-88](#), [Register 10-1](#), [Register 10-5](#), [Register 11-1](#), [Register 11-5](#), [Register 15-3](#), [Register 12-4](#), [Register 12-15](#), [Register 12-16](#), [Register 12-23](#), [Register 12-24](#), [Register 18-3](#), [Register 21-5](#), [Register 21-14](#), [Register 21-26](#), [Register 21-33](#), [Register 21-34](#), [Register 21-35](#) and [Register 21-37](#).
  - Deletes ADCSSL: ADC CVD Scan Select Register Low, FOSCSEL: Oscillator Source Selection Register, FOSC: Oscillator Configuration Register, FS1OSCSEL: Slave Oscillator Source Selection Register and FS1OSC: Slave Oscillator Configuration Register.
- Tables:
  - Updates [Table 2](#), [Table 3](#), [Table 4](#), [Table 5](#), [Table 6](#), [Table 7](#), [Table 8](#), [Table 9](#), [Table 1-1](#), [Table 3-4-Table 3-18](#) (adds additional information to the legend), [Table 3-27](#), [Table 3-35](#), [Table 3-36](#), [Table 3-37](#), [Table 3-45](#), [Table 4-3-Table 4-15](#) (adds additional information to the legend), [Table 4-24](#), [Table 4-33](#) through [Table 4-37](#), [Table 15-1](#), [Table 21-2](#), [Table 21-5](#), [Table 22-2](#), [Table 24-3](#), [Table 24-5](#), [Table 24-6](#), [Table 24-7](#), [Table 24-8](#), [Table 24-9](#), [Table 24-10](#), [Table 24-11](#), [Table 24-12](#), [Table 24-13](#), [Table 24-15](#), [Table 24-16](#), [Table 24-14](#), [Table 24-17](#), [Table 24-22](#), [Table 24-29](#), [Table 24-34-Table 24-40](#), [Table 24-41](#), [Table 24-44](#), [Table 24-45](#) and [Table 24-48](#).
  - Adds [Table 24-13](#) through [Table 24-17](#).
- Figures:
  - Updates [Figure 3-24](#), [Figure 3-26](#), [Figure 4-7](#), [Figure 4-20](#), [Figure 14-5](#), [Figure 14-6](#), [Figure 14-7](#), [Figure 14-8](#), [Figure 20-1](#), [Figure 21-2](#) and [Figure .](#)
- Sections:
  - Adds “[Referenced Sources](#)” section to front matter.
- Miscellaneous:
  - Adds headings to all SFR and Register tables.
  - Adds Error Correcting Code (ECC) information.
  - Adds the 48-Lead UQFN package to the document.
  - Removes External Count with External Gate information.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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NOTES:



# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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NOTES:

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

## PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

| dsPIC 33 CH 64 MP 508 T I / PT - XXX |       |
|--------------------------------------|-------|
| Microchip Trademark                  | _____ |
| Architecture                         | _____ |
| Flash Memory Family                  | _____ |
| Program Memory Size (Kbyte)          | _____ |
| Product Group                        | _____ |
| Pin Count                            | _____ |
| Tape and Reel Flag (if applicable)   | _____ |
| Temperature Range                    | _____ |
| Package                              | _____ |
| Pattern                              | _____ |

|                             |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| <b>Architecture:</b>        | 33 = 16-Bit Digital Signal Controller   |
| <b>Flash Memory Family:</b> | CH = Dual Core  |
| <b>Product Group:</b>       | MP = Motor Control/Power Supply   |
| <b>Pin Count:</b>           | 02 = 28-pin<br>03 = 36-pin<br>04 = 48-pin<br>06 = 64-pin<br>08 = 80-pin   |
| <b>Temperature Range:</b>   | I = -40°C to +85°C (Industrial)<br>E = -40°C to +125°C (Extended)   |
| <b>Package:</b>             | SS = Plastic Shrink Small Outline – (28-pin) 5.30 mm body (SSOP)<br>2N = Ultra Thin Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead – (28-pin) 6x6 mm body (UQFN)<br>M5 = Ultra Thin Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead – (36-pin) 5x5 mm body (UQFN)<br>PT = Thin Quad Flatpack – (48-pin) 7x7 mm body (TQFP)<br>M4 = Ultra Thin Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead – (48-pin) 6x6 mm body (UQFN)<br>PT = Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack – (64-pin) 10x10 mm body (TQFP)<br>MR = Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead – (64-pin) 9x9 mm body (QFN)<br>PT = Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack – (80-pin) 12x12 mm body (TQFP) |

**Examples:**

dsPIC33CH128MP506-I/PT:  
dsPIC33, Enhanced Performance,  
128-Kbyte Program Memory, SMPS,  
64-Pin, Industrial Temperature,  
TQFP Package.

# dsPIC33CH128MP508 FAMILY

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[dsPIC33CH128MP205-I/PT](#) [dsPIC33CH128MP503-E/M5](#) [dsPIC33CH128MP203-E/M5](#) [dsPIC33CH128MP205-E/M4](#)  
[dsPIC33CH64MP205-E/M4](#) [dsPIC33CH128MP506T-I/MR](#) [dsPIC33CH128MP506-I/MR](#) [dsPIC33CH64MP505-E/PT](#)  
[dsPIC33CH256MP206-E/MR](#) [dsPIC33CH512MP206-I/PT](#) [dsPIC33CH512MP206T-I/PT](#) [dsPIC33CH512MP508T-I/PT](#)

Компания «Океан Электроники» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Поставка оригинальных импортных электронных компонентов напрямую с производств Америки, Европы и Азии, а так же с крупнейших складов мира;
- Широкая линейка поставок активных и пассивных импортных электронных компонентов (более 30 млн. наименований);
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Помощь Конструкторского Отдела и консультации квалифицированных инженеров;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Поставка электронных компонентов под контролем ВП;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- При необходимости вся продукция военного и аэрокосмического назначения проходит испытания и сертификацию в лаборатории (по согласованию с заказчиком);
- Поставка специализированных компонентов военного и аэрокосмического уровня качества (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Actel, Aeroflex, Peregrine, VPT, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instruments, MS Kennedy, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Компания «Океан Электроники» является официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России одного из крупнейших производителей разъемов военного и аэрокосмического назначения «JONHON», а так же официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России производителя высокотехнологичных и надежных решений для передачи СВЧ сигналов «FORSTAR».



## JONHON

«JONHON» (основан в 1970 г.)

Разъемы специального, военного и аэрокосмического назначения:

(Применяются в военной, авиационной, аэрокосмической, морской, железнодорожной, горно- и нефтедобывающей отраслях промышленности)

«FORSTAR» (основан в 1998 г.)

ВЧ соединители, коаксиальные кабели, кабельные сборки и микроволновые компоненты:

(Применяются в телекоммуникациях гражданского и специального назначения, в средствах связи, РЛС, а так же военной, авиационной и аэрокосмической отраслях промышленности).



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