

## LIN J2602 Transceiver

### Features

- The MCP2003/2003A and MCP2004/2004A are compliant with Local Interconnect Network (LIN) Bus Specifications 1.3, 2.0 and 2.1 and are compliant to SAE J2602
- Support Baud Rates up to 20 Kbaud with LIN-compatible output driver
- 43V load dump protected
- Very low EMI meets stringent OEM requirements
- Very high ESD immunity:
  - >20kV on VBB (IEC 61000-4-2)
  - >14kV on LBUS (IEC 61000-4-2)
- Very high immunity to RF disturbances meets stringent OEM requirements
- Wide supply voltage, 6.0V-27.0V continuous
- Extended Temperature Range: -40 to +125°C
- Interface to PIC® MCU EUSART and standard USARTs
- LIN bus pin:
  - Internal pull-up resistor and diode
  - Protected against battery shorts
  - Protected against loss of ground
  - High current drive
- Automatic thermal shutdown
- Low-power mode:
  - Receiver monitoring bus and transmitter off, ( $\cong 5 \mu\text{A}$ )



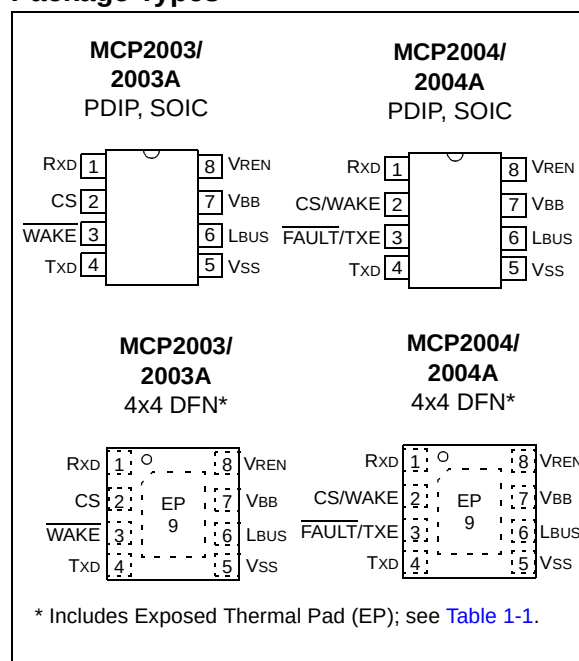
### Description

This device provides a bidirectional, half-duplex communication, physical interface to automotive and industrial LIN systems to meet the LIN bus specification Revision 2.1 and SAE J2602. The device is short-circuit and over-temperature protected by internal circuitry. The device has been specifically designed to operate in the automotive operating environment and will survive all specified transient conditions while meeting all of the stringent quiescent current requirements.

MCP200X family members:

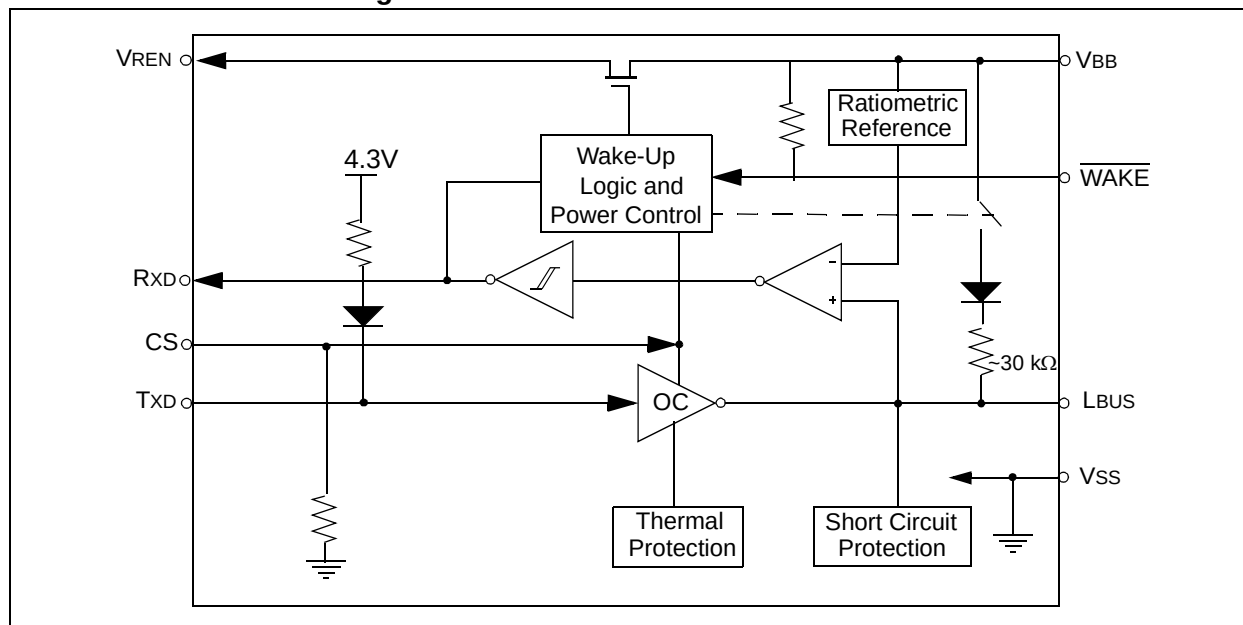
- 8-pin PDIP, DFN and SOIC packages:
  - MCP2003, LIN-compatible driver, with WAKE pins, wake up on falling edge of LBUS
  - MCP2003A, LIN-compatible driver, with WAKE pins, wake up on rising edge of LBUS
  - MCP2004, LIN-compatible driver, with FAULT/TXE pins, wake up on falling edge of LBUS
  - MCP2004A, LIN-compatible driver, with FAULT/TXE pins, wake up on rising edge of LBUS

### Package Types

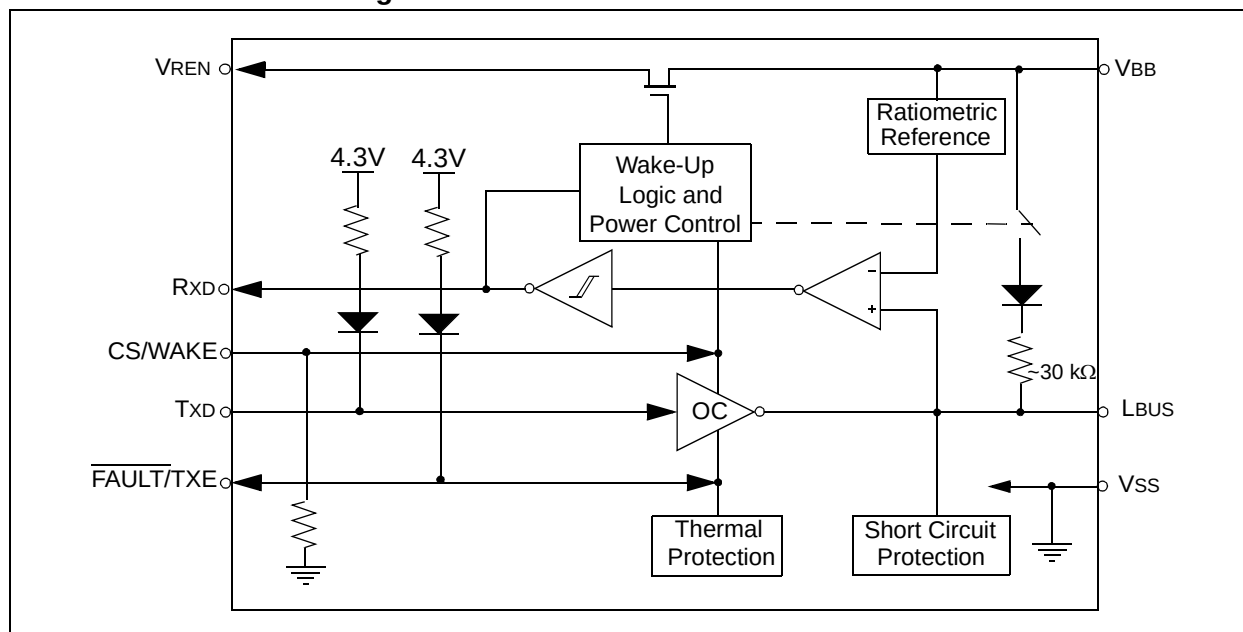


# MCP2003/4/3A/4A

**MCP2003/2003A Block Diagram**



**MCP2004/2004A Block Diagram**



## 1.0 DEVICE OVERVIEW

The MCP2003/4/3A/4A devices provide a physical interface between a microcontroller and a LIN bus. These devices will translate the CMOS/TTL logic levels to LIN logic level, and vice versa. It is intended for automotive and industrial applications with serial bus speeds up to 20 Kbaud.

LIN specification 2.1 requires that the transceiver of all nodes in the system is connected via the LIN pin, referenced to ground and with a maximum external termination resistance load of 510Ω from LIN bus to battery supply. The 510Ω corresponds to 1 master and 15 slave nodes.

The VREN pin can be used to drive the logic input of an external voltage regulator. This pin is high in all modes except for Power-Down mode.

### 1.1 External Protection

#### 1.1.1 REVERSE BATTERY PROTECTION

An external reverse-battery-blocking diode should be used to provide polarity protection (see [Example 1-1](#)).

#### 1.1.2 TRANSIENT VOLTAGE PROTECTION (LOAD DUMP)

An external 43V transient suppressor (TVS) diode, between V<sub>BB</sub> and ground, with a 50Ω transient protection resistor (R<sub>TP</sub>) in series with the battery supply and the V<sub>BB</sub> pin serve to protect the device from power transients (see [Example 1-1](#)) and ESD events. While this protection is optional, it is considered good engineering practice.

### 1.2 Internal Protection

#### 1.2.1 ESD PROTECTION

For component-level ESD ratings, please refer to the maximum operation specifications.

#### 1.2.2 GROUND LOSS PROTECTION

The LIN Bus specification states that the LIN pin must transition to the recessive state when ground is disconnected. Therefore, a loss of ground effectively forces the LIN line to a high-impedance level.

#### 1.2.3 THERMAL PROTECTION

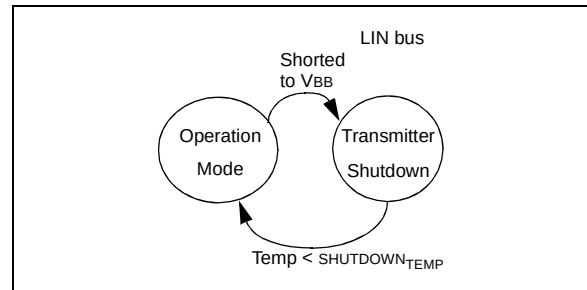
The thermal protection circuit monitors the die temperature and is able to shut down the LIN transmitter.

There are two causes for a thermal overload. A thermal shut down can be triggered by either, or both, of the following thermal overload conditions.

- LIN bus output overload
- Increase in die temperature due to increase in environment temperature

Driving the TXD and checking the RXD pin makes it possible to determine whether there is a bus contention (Rx = low, Tx = high) or a thermal overload condition (Rx = high, Tx = low). After a thermal overload event, the device will automatically recover once the die temperature has fallen below the recovery temperature threshold. See [Figure 1-1](#).

**FIGURE 1-1: THERMAL SHUTDOWN STATE DIAGRAM**



# MCP2003/4/3A/4A

## 1.3 Modes of Operation

For an overview of all operational modes, refer to [Table 1-1](#).

### 1.3.1 POWER-DOWN MODE

In Power-Down mode, everything is off except the wake-up section. This is the lowest power mode. The receiver is off, thus its output is open-drain.

On CS going to a high level or a falling edge on WAKE (MCP2003/MCP2003A only), the device will enter Ready Mode as soon as internal voltage stabilizes. Refer to the AC Spec table. In addition, LIN bus activity will change the device from power-down mode to ready mode; MCP2003/4 wakes up on a falling edge of LIN bus and MCP2003/4A on a rising edge, following a low level lasting at least 20  $\mu$ S of time. Refer to [Figure 1-2](#) – [Figure 1-5](#) about remote wake up. If CS is held high as the device transitions from Power-Down to Ready mode, the device will transition to either Operation or Transmitter Off mode, depending on TXD input, as soon as internal voltages stabilize.

### 1.3.2 READY MODE

Upon entering the Ready mode, VREN is enabled and the receiver detect circuit is powered up. The transmitter remains disabled and the device is ready to receive data but not to transmit.

Upon VBB supply pin power-on, the device will remain in Ready mode as long as CS is low. When CS transitions high, the device will either enter Operation mode, if TXD pin is held high, or the device will enter Transmitter Off mode, if TXD pin is held low.

### 1.3.3 OPERATION MODE

In this mode, all internal modules are operational.

The device will go into the Power-Down mode on the falling edge of CS. For the MCP2003/4 device, a specific process should be followed to put all nodes into Power-down mode. Refer to [Section 1.6 “Enter Power-Down Mode”](#) and [Figure 1-6](#). The device will enter Transmitter Off mode in the event of a Fault condition. These include: thermal overload, bus contention and TXD timer expiration.

The MCP2004/2004A device can also enter Transmitter Off mode if the FAULT/TXE pin is pulled low. The VBB-LBUS pull-up resistor is connected only in Operation mode.

### 1.3.4 TRANSMITTER OFF MODE

Transmitter Off mode is reached whenever the transmitter is disabled either due to a Fault condition or pulling the nFAULT/TXE pin low on the MCP2004/2004A. The fault conditions include: thermal overload, bus contention or TXD timer expiration.

The device will go into Power-Down mode on the falling edge of CS, or return to Operation mode if all faults are resolved and the FAULT/TXE pin on the MCP2004/2004A is high.

**FIGURE 1-2: OPERATIONAL MODES STATE DIAGRAM – MCP2003**

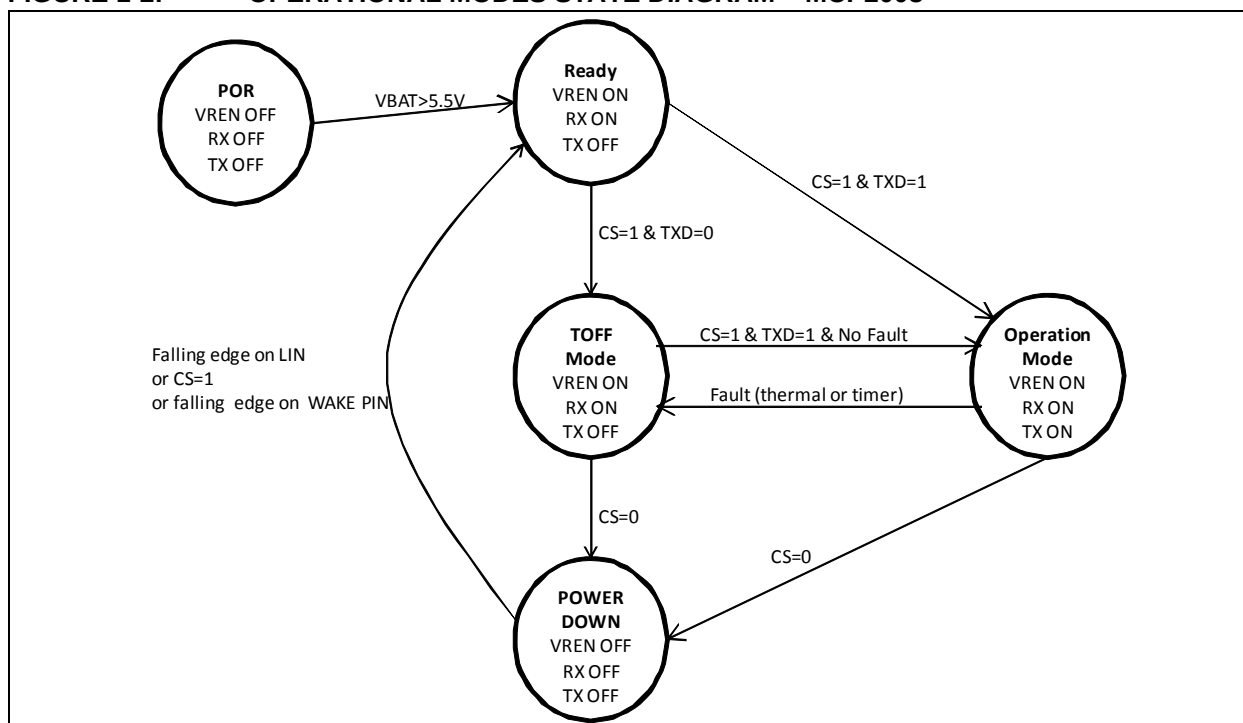


FIGURE 1-3: OPERATIONAL MODES STATE DIAGRAM – MCP2003A

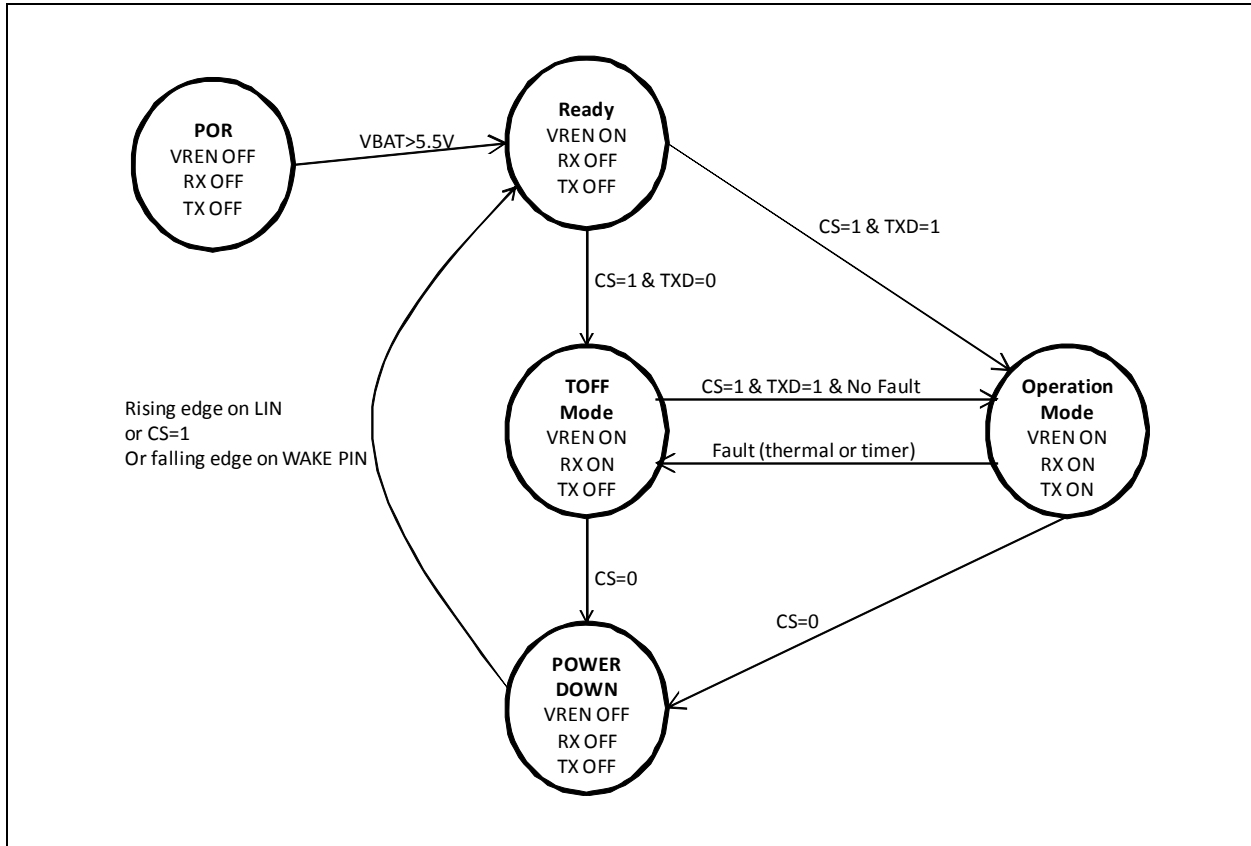
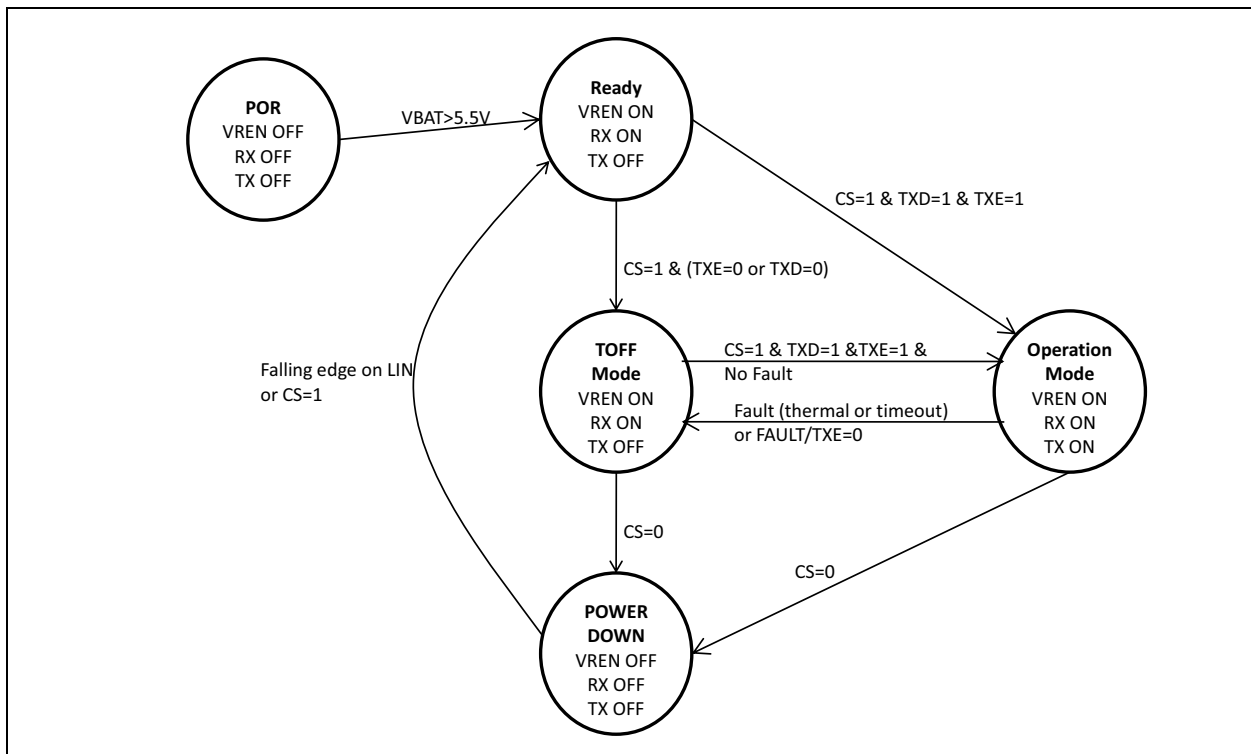
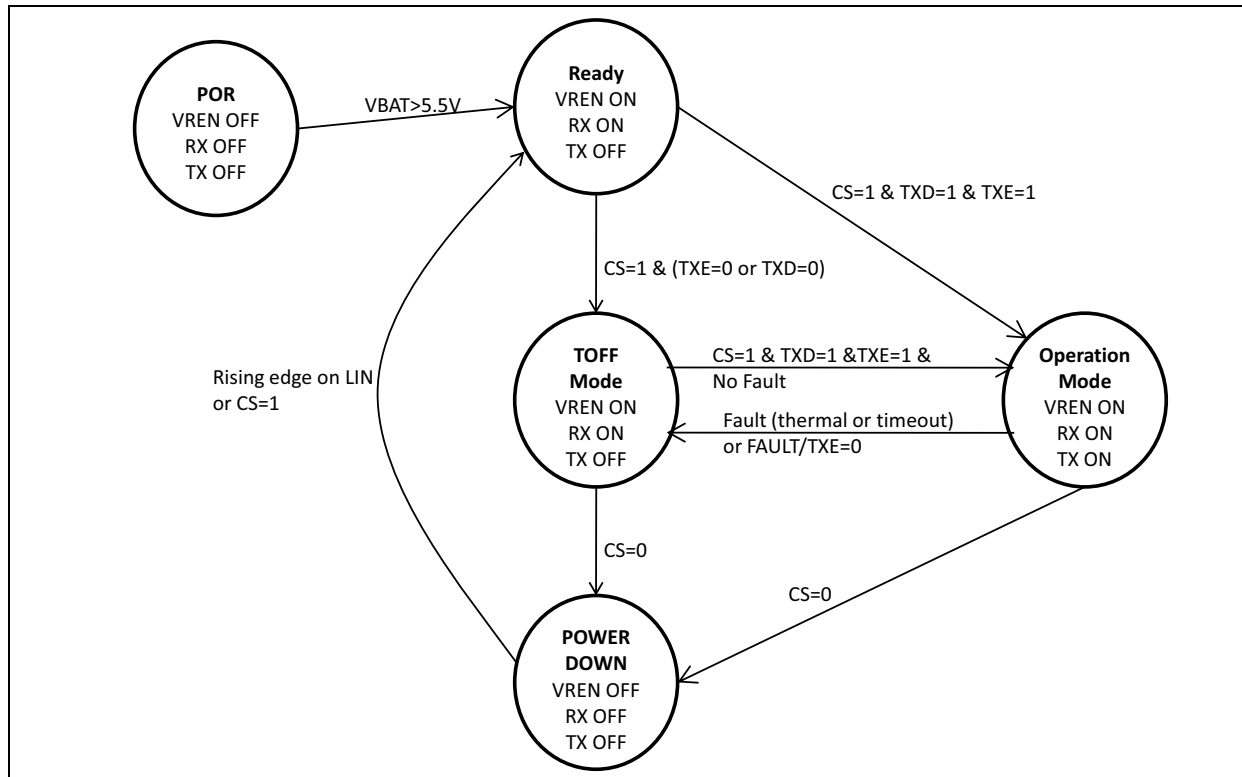


FIGURE 1-4: OPERATIONAL MODES STATE DIAGRAM – MCP2004



# MCP2003/4/3A/4A

**FIGURE 1-5: OPERATIONAL MODES STATE DIAGRAM – MCP2004A**



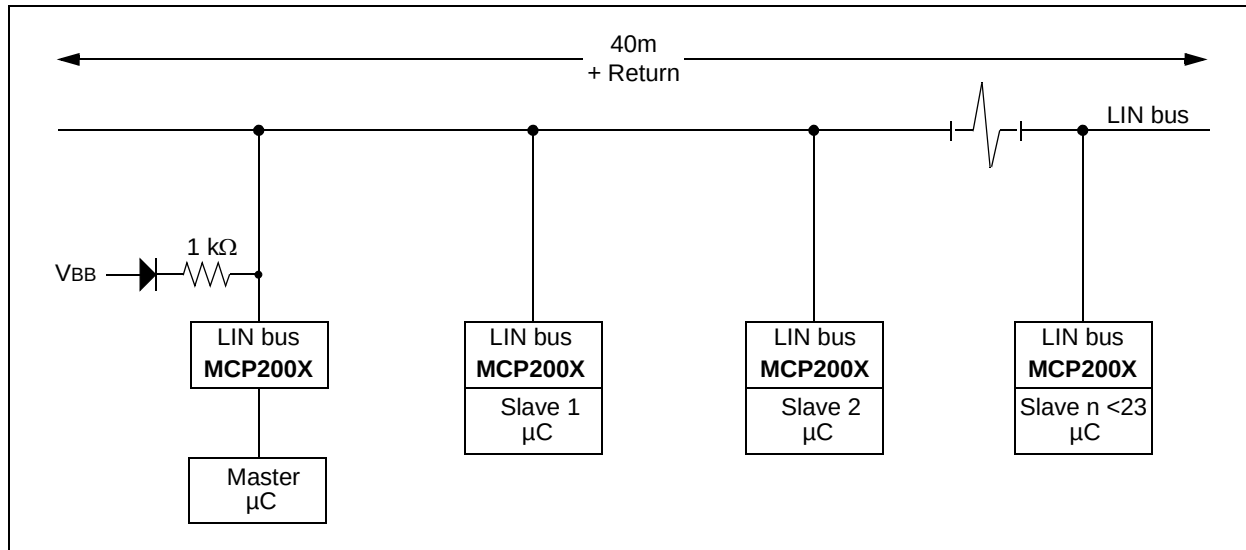
**TABLE 1-1: OVERVIEW OF OPERATIONAL MODES**

| State           | Transmitter | Receiver        | Vren | Operation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Comments                                                    |
|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| POR             | OFF         | OFF             | OFF  | Check CS, if low then Ready;<br>If high transitions to either TOFF or Operation mode, depending on TXD (2003/A), or TXD and FAULT/TXE (2004/A).                                                                                                                                                                   | $V_{BB} > V_{BB}(\text{min})$<br>and Internal Supply stable |
| Ready           | OFF         | ON              | ON   | If CS high level, then either Operation or TXOFF mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Bus Off state                                               |
| Operation       | ON          | ON              | ON   | If CS low level, then Power-Down;<br>If FAULT/TXE low level, then Transmitter Off mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Normal Operation mode                                       |
| Power-Down      | OFF         | Activity Detect | OFF  | On CS high level, go to READY then either Operation mode or TXOFF.<br>MCP2003/2003A: Falling edge on WAKE will put the device into READY mode.<br>MCP2003/MCP2004: falling edge on LIN bus will put the device into READY mode.<br>MCP2003A/MCP2004A: rising edge on LIN bus will put the device into READY mode. | Low Power mode                                              |
| Transmitter Off | OFF         | ON              | ON   | If CS low level, then Power-Down;<br>If FAULT/TXE and TXD high, then Operation mode                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | FAULT/TXE only available on MCP2004/2004A                   |



# MCP2003/4/3A/4A

**EXAMPLE 1-3: TYPICAL LIN NETWORK CONFIGURATION**





## 1.5 Pin Descriptions

**TABLE 1-2: PINOUT DESCRIPTIONS**

| Pin Name                                                          | 8-Pin<br>PDIP,<br>SOIC | 8-Pin<br>DFN | MCP2003/2003A                                                      | MCP2004/2004A                                                       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                   |                        |              | Normal Operation                                                   | Normal Operation                                                    |
| RxD                                                               | 1                      | 1            | Receive Data Output (OD), HV tolerant                              | Receive Data Output (OD), HV tolerant                               |
| CS                                                                | 2                      | 2            | Chip Select (TTL), HV tolerant                                     | Chip Select/Local WAKE (TTL), HV tolerant                           |
| WAKE<br>(MCP2003/2003A only)<br>FAULT/TXE<br>(MCP2004/2004A only) | 3                      | 3            | Wake up, HV tolerant                                               | Fault Detect Output (OD)<br>Transmitter Enable (TTL)<br>HV tolerant |
| TxD                                                               | 4                      | 4            | Transmit Data Input (TTL), HV tolerant                             | Transmit Data Input (TTL), HV tolerant                              |
| VSS                                                               | 5                      | 5            | Ground                                                             | Ground                                                              |
| LBUS                                                              | 6                      | 6            | LIN Bus (bidirectional)                                            | LIN Bus (bidirectional)                                             |
| VBB                                                               | 7                      | 7            | Battery Positive                                                   | Battery Positive                                                    |
| VREN                                                              | 8                      | 8            | Voltage Regulator Enable Output                                    | Voltage Regulator Enable Output                                     |
| EP                                                                | —                      | 9            | Exposed Thermal Pad. Do not electrically connect or connect to VSS | Exposed Thermal Pad. Do not electrically connect or connect to VSS  |

**Legend:** TTL = TTL Input Buffer; OD = Open-Drain Output

### 1.5.1 RECEIVE DATA OUTPUT (RxD)

The Receive Data Output pin is an open drain (OD) output and follows the state of the LIN pin, except in Power Down mode.

### 1.5.2 CS (CHIP SELECT)

This is the Chip Select Input pin. An internal pull-down resistor will keep the CS pin low. This is done to ensure that no disruptive data will be present on the bus while the microcontroller is executing a Power-on Reset and an I/O initialization sequence. The pin must detect a high level to activate the transmitter. An internal Low-Pass filter, with a typical time constant of 10  $\mu$ S, prevents unwanted wake-up (or transition to Power Down mode) on glitches.

If CS = 0 when the VBB supply is turned on, the device goes to Ready mode as soon as internal voltages stabilize, and stays there as long as the CS pin is held low (0). In Ready mode, the receiver is on, and the LIN transmitter driver is off.

If CS = 1 when the VBB supply is turned on, the device will proceed to Operation mode, or TXOFF (refer to Figure 1-2 – Figure 1-5), as soon as internal voltages stabilize.

This pin may also be used as a local wake-up input (refer to [Example 1-1](#)). In this implementation, the microcontroller I/O controlling the CS should be

converted to a high-impedance input allowing the internal pull-down resistor to keep CS low. An external switch, or other source, can then wake-up both the transceiver and the microcontroller (if powered). Refer to Section [1.3 “Modes of Operation”](#), for detailed operation of CS.

**Note:** It is not recommended to tie CS high as this can result in the device entering Operation mode before the microcontroller is initialized and may result in unintentional LIN traffic.

### 1.5.3 WAKE UP INPUT ( $\overline{\text{WAKE}}$ )

This pin is only available on the MCP2003/2003A.

The  $\overline{\text{WAKE}}$  pin has an internal 800K pull up to VBB. A falling edge on the  $\overline{\text{WAKE}}$  pin causes the device to wake from Power-Down mode. Upon waking, the MCP2003/3A will enter Ready mode.

### 1.5.4 $\overline{\text{FAULT/TXE}}$

This pin is only available on the MCP2004/2004A. This pin is bidirectional and allows disabling of the transmitter, as well as fault reporting related to disabling the transmitter. This pin is an open-drain output, with states as defined in [TABLE 1-3: “FAULT/TXE Truth Table”](#). The transmitter is disabled whenever this pin is low (‘0’), either from an internal

# MCP2003/4/3A/4A

Fault condition or by an external drive. While the transmitter is disabled, the internal 30 k $\Omega$  pull-up resistor on the LBus pin is also disconnected to reduce current.

**Note:** The  $\overline{\text{FAULT/TXE}}$  pin is true ('0') whenever the internal circuits have detected a short or thermal excursion and have disabled the LBus output driver.

**TABLE 1-3:  $\overline{\text{FAULT/TXE}}$  TRUTH TABLE**

| TxD In | RxD Out | LINBUS I/O | Thermal Override | $\overline{\text{FAULT/TXE}}$ |               | Definition                                                                         |
|--------|---------|------------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|        |         |            |                  | External Input                | Driven Output |                                                                                    |
| L      | H       | VBB        | OFF              | H                             | L             | FAULT, TxD driven low, LINBUS shorted to VBB (Note 1)                              |
| H      | H       | VBB        | OFF              | H                             | H             | OK                                                                                 |
| L      | L       | GND        | OFF              | H                             | H             | OK                                                                                 |
| H      | L       | GND        | OFF              | H                             | H             | OK, data is being received from the LINBUS                                         |
| x      | x       | VBB        | ON               | H                             | L             | FAULT, Transceiver in thermal shutdown                                             |
| x      | x       | VBB        | x                | L                             | x             | NO FAULT, the CPU is commanding the transceiver to turn off the transmitter driver |

**Legend:** x = don't care

**Note 1:** The  $\overline{\text{FAULT/TXE}}$  is valid after approximately 25  $\mu\text{s}$  after TxD falling edge. This is to eliminate false fault reporting during bus propagation delays.

## 1.5.5 TRANSMIT DATA INPUT (TxD)

The Transmit Data Input pin has an internal pull-up. The LIN pin is low (dominant) when TxD is low, and high (recessive) when TxD is high.

For extra bus security, TxD is internally forced to '1' whenever the transmitter is disabled regardless of external TxD voltage.

### 1.5.5.1 TxD Dominant Timeout

If TxD is driven low for longer than approximately 25 mS, the LBus pin is switched to recessive mode and the part enters TOFF Mode. This is to prevent the LIN node from permanently driving the LIN Bus dominant. The transmitter is reenabled on TxD rising edge.

## 1.5.6 GROUND (Vss)

This is the Ground pin.

## 1.5.7 LIN BUS (LBus)

The bidirectional LIN Bus pin (LBus) is controlled by the TxD input. LBus has a current limited open collector output. To reduce EMI, the edges during the signal changes are slope controlled and include corner rounding control for both falling and rising edges.

The internal LIN receiver observes the activities on the LIN bus, and matches the output signal RxD to follow the state of the LBus pin.

### 1.5.7.1 Bus Dominant Timer

The Bus Dominant Timer is an internal timer that deactivates the LBus transmitter after approximately 25 milliseconds of dominant state on the LBus pin. The timer is reset on any recessive LBus state.

The LIN bus transmitter will be reenabled after a recessive state on the LBus pin as long as CS is high. Disabling can be caused by the LIN bus being externally held dominant, or by TxD being driven low. Additionally, on the MCP2004/2004A, the  $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  pin will be driven low to indicate the Transmitter Off state.

## 1.5.8 BATTERY (VBB)

This is the Battery Positive Supply Voltage pin.

## 1.5.9 VOLTAGE REGULATOR ENABLE OUTPUT (VREN)

This is the External Voltage Regulator Enable pin. Open source output is pulled high to VBB in all modes, except Power-Down.

### 1.5.10 EXPOSED THERMAL PAD (EP)

Do not electrically connect, or connect to Vss.

## 1.6 MCP2003/4 and MCP2003A/4A Difference Details

The differences between the MCP2003/4 and the MCP2003/4A devices are isolated to the wake-up functionality. The changes were implemented to make the device more robust to LIN bus conditions, outside of the normal operating conditions. The MCP2003/4 will wake-up from Power Down Mode during any LIN falling edge held low longer than 20 $\mu$ s.

In the case where a LIN system is designed to minimize stand-by current by disconnecting all bus pull-ups resistors (including the external master pull-up resistor to VBB), the original MCP2003/4 could wake up, if the floating bus drifted to a valid low level. The MCP2003/4A revisions were modified to require a rising edge after a valid low level. This will prevent an undesired system wake-up in this scenario, while maintaining functional capability with the original version.

It should be noted that the original MCP2003/4 meets all LIN transceiver specification requirements and modules can be designed to pass all LIN system requirements. However, when all bus pull-up resistors are disconnected, the MCP2003/4 requires the module designer to write firmware to monitor the LIN Bus after any wake-up event to prevent the transceiver from automatically transitioning from Ready mode to Operational mode.

If the MCP2003/4 is placed into Operational mode, VBB-LBUS pull-up resistor is automatically connected,

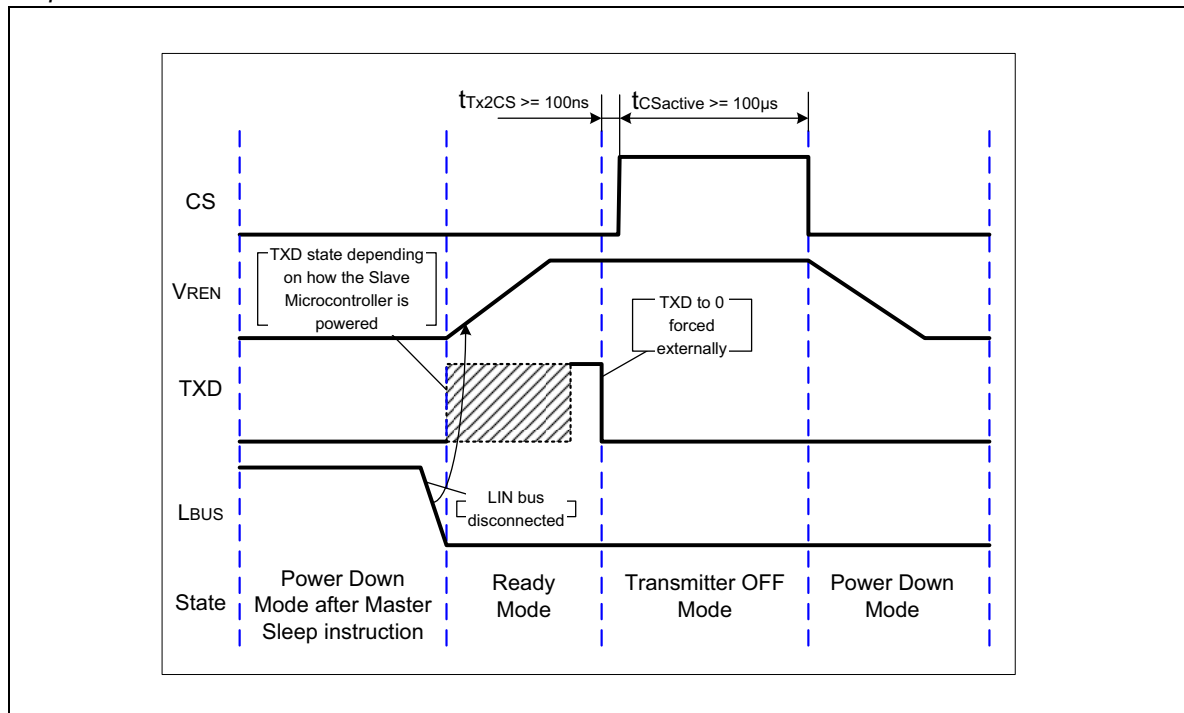
which will raise the LIN bus to a recessive level; then putting the device to Power-Down mode may cause LBUS to be floating, and thus wake up all bus nodes. To prevent this, the designer should insure TXD (MCP2003) or TXE (MCP2004) is held low until valid bus activity is verified (see Figure 1-6). This will ensure the transceiver transitions from Ready mode to Transmitter Off mode, until bus activity can be verified.

In the case of valid bus activity, the transceiver can shift to Operation mode, while if there is no bus activity, the device can be again placed into Power Down. The design practices needed to accomplish this are fully detailed in **Tech Brief TB3067 - "MCP2003 Power-Down Mode and Wake-Up Handling in Case of LIN Bus Loss"** (DS93067).

The revised MCP2003/4A devices now eliminate the need for firmware to prevent system wide wake-up. The revised devices now require a longer valid bus low (see updated tBDB value in the Specification tables and **FIGURE 2-7: "MCP2003A/4A Remote Wake-up"**), which enables a rising edge detect circuit. The device will now only wake up after a rising edge, following a low longer than tBDB. While the module designer can still hold TXD (MCP2003) or TXE (MCP2004) low during wake-up, to enter Transmitter Off mode from Ready mode, it is not required to prevent an advertent system wake-up.

In addition to the longer tBDB value, the time from wake-up detect to VREN enable is shortened as documented in the Specification table.

**FIGURE 1-6:** MCP2003/2004 Switching Timing Diagram for the Forced Power-Down Mode Sequence



# MCP2003/4/3A/4A

## 2.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings†

|                                                                                                                   |                          |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| V <sub>IN</sub> DC Voltage on R <sub>XD</sub> , T <sub>XD</sub> , $\overline{\text{FAULT}}/\text{TXE}$ , CS ..... | -0.3 to +43V             |
| V <sub>IN</sub> DC Voltage on $\overline{\text{WAKE}}$ and V <sub>REN</sub> .....                                 | -0.3 to +V <sub>BB</sub> |
| V <sub>BB</sub> Battery Voltage, continuous, non-operating ( <b>Note 1</b> ) .....                                | -0.3 to +40V             |
| V <sub>BB</sub> Battery Voltage, non-operating (LIN bus recessive) ( <b>Note 2</b> ) .....                        | -0.3 to +43V             |
| V <sub>BB</sub> Battery Voltage, transient ISO 7637 Test 1 .....                                                  | -200V                    |
| V <sub>BB</sub> Battery Voltage, transient ISO 7637 Test 2a .....                                                 | +150V                    |
| V <sub>BB</sub> Battery Voltage, transient ISO 7637 Test 3a .....                                                 | -300V                    |
| V <sub>BB</sub> Battery Voltage, transient ISO 7637 Test 3b .....                                                 | +200V                    |
| V <sub>LBUS</sub> Bus Voltage, continuous .....                                                                   | -18 to +40V              |
| V <sub>LBUS</sub> Bus Voltage, transient ( <b>Note 3</b> ) .....                                                  | -27 to +43V              |
| I <sub>LBUS</sub> Bus Short Circuit Current Limit .....                                                           | 200 mA                   |
| ESD protection on LIN, V <sub>BB</sub> , $\overline{\text{WAKE}}$ (IEC 61000-4-2) ( <b>Note 4</b> ) .....         | ±8 kV                    |
| ESD protection on LIN, V <sub>BB</sub> (Human Body Model) ( <b>Note 5</b> ) .....                                 | ±8 kV                    |
| ESD protection on all other pins (Human Body Model) ( <b>Note 5</b> ) .....                                       | ±4 kV                    |
| ESD protection on all pins (Charge Device Model) ( <b>Note 6</b> ) .....                                          | ±2 kV                    |
| ESD protection on all pins (Machine Model) ( <b>Note 7</b> ) .....                                                | ±200V                    |
| Maximum Junction Temperature .....                                                                                | 150°C                    |
| Storage Temperature .....                                                                                         | -65 to +150°C            |

**Note 1:** LIN 2.x compliant specification.

**2:** SAE J2602 compliant specification.

**3:** ISO 7637/1 load dump compliant (t < 500 ms).

**4:** According to IEC 61000-4-2, 330 ohm, 150 pF and Transceiver EMC Test Specifications [2] to [4]. For  $\overline{\text{WAKE}}$  pin to meet the specification, series resistor must be in place (refer to [Example 1-2](#)).

**5:** According to AEC-Q100-002 / JESD22-A114.

**6:** According to AEC-Q100-011B.

**7:** According to AEC-Q100-003 / JESD22-A115.

† **NOTICE:** Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device, at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification, is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### 2.2 Nomenclature used in this document

Some terms and names used in this data sheet deviate from those referred to in the LIN specifications. Equivalent values are shown below.

| LIN 2.1 Name         | Term used in the following tables | Definition                   |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| V <sub>BAT</sub>     | <i>not used</i>                   | ECU operating voltage        |
| V <sub>SUP</sub>     | V <sub>BB</sub>                   | Supply voltage at device pin |
| I <sub>BUS_LIM</sub> | ISC                               | Current Limit of Driver      |
| V <sub>BUSREC</sub>  | V <sub>IH</sub> (LBUS)            | Recessive state              |
| V <sub>BUSDOM</sub>  | V <sub>IL</sub> (LBUS)            | Dominant state               |

## 2.3 DC Specifications

| DC Specifications                                                   | Electrical Characteristics:                                                                                                      |                        |      |                      |       |                                                                          |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|------|----------------------|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                     | Unless otherwise indicated, all limits are specified for:<br>V <sub>BB</sub> = 6.0V to 30.0V<br>T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C |                        |      |                      |       |                                                                          |
| Parameter                                                           | Sym                                                                                                                              | Min.                   | Typ. | Max.                 | Units | Conditions                                                               |
| <b>Power</b>                                                        |                                                                                                                                  |                        |      |                      |       |                                                                          |
| V <sub>BB</sub> Quiescent Operating Current                         | I <sub>BBQ</sub>                                                                                                                 |                        | 90   | 150                  | μA    | Operating Mode, bus recessive (Note 1)                                   |
| V <sub>BB</sub> Transmitter-off Current                             | I <sub>BBTO</sub>                                                                                                                | —                      | 75   | 120                  | μA    | Transmitter off, bus recessive (Note 1)                                  |
| V <sub>BB</sub> Power-Down Current                                  | I <sub>BBPD</sub>                                                                                                                | —                      | 5    | 15                   | μA    |                                                                          |
| V <sub>BB</sub> Current with V <sub>SS</sub> Floating               | I <sub>BBNOGND</sub>                                                                                                             | -1                     | —    | 1                    | mA    | V <sub>BB</sub> = 12V, GND to V <sub>BB</sub> , V <sub>LIN</sub> = 0-27V |
| <b>Microcontroller Interface</b>                                    |                                                                                                                                  |                        |      |                      |       |                                                                          |
| High Level Input Voltage (T <sub>xD</sub> , FAULT/T <sub>XE</sub> ) | V <sub>IH</sub>                                                                                                                  | 2.0                    | —    | 30                   | V     |                                                                          |
| Low Level Input Voltage (T <sub>xD</sub> , FAULT/T <sub>XE</sub> )  | V <sub>IL</sub>                                                                                                                  | -0.3                   | —    | 0.8                  | V     |                                                                          |
| High Level Input Current (T <sub>xD</sub> , FAULT/T <sub>XE</sub> ) | I <sub>IH</sub>                                                                                                                  | -2.5                   | —    | —                    | μA    | Input voltage = 4.0V                                                     |
| Low Level Input Current (T <sub>xD</sub> , FAULT/T <sub>XE</sub> )  | I <sub>IL</sub>                                                                                                                  | -10                    | —    | —                    | μA    | Input voltage = 0.5V                                                     |
| High Level Voltage (V <sub>REN</sub> )                              | V <sub>HVREN</sub>                                                                                                               | -0.3                   | —    | V <sub>BB</sub> +0.3 |       |                                                                          |
| High Level Output Current (V <sub>REN</sub> )                       | I <sub>HVREN</sub>                                                                                                               | -20                    | —    | -10                  | mA    | Output voltage = V <sub>BB</sub> -0.5V                                   |
| High Level Input Voltage (CS)                                       | V <sub>IH</sub>                                                                                                                  | 2.0                    | —    | 30                   | V     | Through a current limiting resistor                                      |
| Low Level Input Voltage (CS)                                        | V <sub>IL</sub>                                                                                                                  | -0.3                   | —    | 0.8                  | V     |                                                                          |
| High Level Input Current (CS)                                       | I <sub>IH</sub>                                                                                                                  | —                      | —    | 10.0                 | μA    | Input voltage = 4.0V                                                     |
| Low Level Input Current (CS)                                        | I <sub>IL</sub>                                                                                                                  | —                      | —    | 5.0                  | μA    | Input voltage = 0.5V                                                     |
| Low Level Input Voltage (WAKE)                                      | V <sub>IL</sub>                                                                                                                  | V <sub>BB</sub> - 4.0V | —    | —                    | V     |                                                                          |
| Low Level Output Voltage (R <sub>xD</sub> )                         | V <sub>OL</sub>                                                                                                                  | —                      | —    | 0.4                  | V     | I <sub>IN</sub> = 2 mA                                                   |
| High Level Output Current (R <sub>xD</sub> )                        | I <sub>OH</sub>                                                                                                                  | -1                     | —    | -1                   | μA    | V <sub>LIN</sub> = V <sub>BB</sub> , V <sub>RxD</sub> = 5.5V             |

**Note 1:** Internal current limited. 2.0 ms maximum recovery time (R<sub>LBUS</sub> = 0Ω, T<sub>X</sub> = 0.4 V<sub>REG</sub>, V<sub>LBUS</sub> = V<sub>BB</sub>).

**2:** Node has to sustain the current that can flow under this condition; bus must be operational under this condition.

# MCP2003/4/3A/4A

## 2.3 DC Specifications (Continued)

| DC Specifications                                                        | Electrical Characteristics:<br>Unless otherwise indicated, all limits are specified for:<br>V <sub>BB</sub> = 6.0V to 30.0V<br>T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C |                       |                        |                       |       |                                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameter                                                                | Sym                                                                                                                                                             | Min.                  | Typ.                   | Max.                  | Units | Conditions                                                                                                     |
| Bus Interface                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                 |                       |                        |                       |       |                                                                                                                |
| High Level Input Voltage                                                 | V <sub>IH</sub> (L <sub>BUS</sub> )                                                                                                                             | 0.6 V <sub>BB</sub>   | —                      | —                     | V     | Recessive state                                                                                                |
| Low Level Input Voltage                                                  | V <sub>IL</sub> (L <sub>BUS</sub> )                                                                                                                             | -8                    | —                      | 0.4 V <sub>BB</sub>   | V     | Dominant state                                                                                                 |
| Input Hysteresis                                                         | V <sub>HYS</sub>                                                                                                                                                | —                     | —                      | 0.175 V <sub>BB</sub> | V     | V <sub>IH</sub> (L <sub>BUS</sub> ) – V <sub>IL</sub> (L <sub>BUS</sub> )                                      |
| Low Level Output Current                                                 | I <sub>OL</sub> (L <sub>BUS</sub> )                                                                                                                             | 40                    | —                      | 200                   | mA    | Output voltage = 0.1 V <sub>BB</sub> ,<br>V <sub>BB</sub> = 12V                                                |
| High Level Output Current                                                | I <sub>OH</sub> (L <sub>BUS</sub> )                                                                                                                             | —                     | —                      | 20                    | μA    |                                                                                                                |
| Pull-up Current on Input                                                 | I <sub>PU</sub> (L <sub>BUS</sub> )                                                                                                                             | 5                     | —                      | 180                   | μA    | ~30 kΩ internal pull-up<br>@ V <sub>IH</sub> (L <sub>BUS</sub> ) = 0.7 V <sub>BB</sub>                         |
| Short Circuit Current Limit                                              | I <sub>SC</sub>                                                                                                                                                 | 50                    | —                      | 200                   | mA    | (Note 1)                                                                                                       |
| High Level Output Voltage                                                | V <sub>OH</sub> (L <sub>BUS</sub> )                                                                                                                             | 0.9 V <sub>BB</sub>   | —                      | V <sub>BB</sub>       | V     |                                                                                                                |
| Driver Dominant Voltage                                                  | V <sub>_LOSUP</sub>                                                                                                                                             | —                     | —                      | 1.2                   | V     | V <sub>BB</sub> = 7V, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 500Ω                                                                 |
| Driver Dominant Voltage                                                  | V <sub>_HISUP</sub>                                                                                                                                             | —                     | —                      | 2.0                   | V     | V <sub>BB</sub> = 18V, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 500Ω                                                                |
| Driver Dominant Voltage                                                  | V <sub>_LOSUP-1K</sub>                                                                                                                                          | 0.6                   | —                      | —                     | V     | V <sub>BB</sub> = 7V, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 1 kΩ                                                                 |
| Driver Dominant Voltage                                                  | V <sub>_HISUP-1K</sub>                                                                                                                                          | 0.8                   | —                      | —                     | V     | V <sub>BB</sub> = 18V, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 1 kΩ                                                                |
| Input Leakage Current<br>(at the receiver during<br>dominant bus level)  | I <sub>BUS_PAS_DOM</sub>                                                                                                                                        | -1                    | -0.4                   | —                     | mA    | Driver off,<br>V <sub>BUS</sub> = 0V,<br>V <sub>BB</sub> = 12V                                                 |
| Input Leakage Current<br>(at the receiver during<br>recessive bus level) | I <sub>BUS_PAS_REC</sub>                                                                                                                                        | —                     | 12                     | 20                    | μA    | Driver off,<br>8V < V <sub>BB</sub> < 18V<br>8V < V <sub>BUS</sub> < 18V<br>V <sub>BUS</sub> ≥ V <sub>BB</sub> |
| Leakage Current<br>(disconnected from ground)                            | I <sub>BUS_NO_GND</sub>                                                                                                                                         | -10                   | 1.0                    | +10                   | μA    | G <sub>ND</sub> <sub>DEVICE</sub> = V <sub>BB</sub> ,<br>0V < V <sub>BUS</sub> < 18V,<br>V <sub>BB</sub> = 12V |
| Leakage Current<br>(disconnected from V <sub>BB</sub> )                  | I <sub>BUS_NO_VBB</sub>                                                                                                                                         | —                     | —                      | 10                    | μA    | V <sub>BB</sub> = G <sub>ND</sub> ,<br>0 < V <sub>BUS</sub> < 18V,<br>(Note 2)                                 |
| Receiver Center Voltage                                                  | V <sub>BUS_CNT</sub>                                                                                                                                            | 0.475 V <sub>BB</sub> | 0.5<br>V <sub>BB</sub> | 0.525 V <sub>BB</sub> | V     | V <sub>BUS_CNT</sub> = (V <sub>IL</sub> (L <sub>BUS</sub> ) +<br>V <sub>IH</sub> (L <sub>BUS</sub> ))/2        |
| Slave Termination                                                        | R <sub>SLAVE</sub>                                                                                                                                              | 20                    | 30                     | 47                    | kΩ    |                                                                                                                |
| Capacitance of Slave Node                                                | C <sub>SLAVE</sub>                                                                                                                                              |                       |                        | 50                    | pF    |                                                                                                                |

**Note 1:** Internal current limited. 2.0 ms maximum recovery time ( $R_{L_{BUS}} = 0\Omega$ ,  $T_X = 0.4 V_{REG}$ ,  $V_{L_{BUS}} = V_{BB}$ ).

**2:** Node has to sustain the current that can flow under this condition; bus must be operational under this condition.

## 2.4 AC Specifications

| AC CHARACTERISTICS                                                           |            | V <sub>BB</sub> = 6.0V to 27.0V; T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C |      |      |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameter                                                                    | Sym        | Min.                                                              | Typ. | Max. | Units | Test Conditions                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Bus Interface – Constant Slope Time Parameters</b>                        |            |                                                                   |      |      |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Slope Rising and Falling Edges                                               | tslope     | 3.5                                                               | —    | 22.5 | μs    | 7.3V ≤ V <sub>BB</sub> ≤ 18V                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Propagation Delay of Transmitter                                             | ttranspd   | —                                                                 | —    | 4.0  | μs    | ttranspd = max (ttranspdr or ttranspdf)                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Propagation Delay of Receiver                                                | trecpd     | —                                                                 | —    | 6.0  | μs    | trecpd = max (trecpdr or trecpdf)                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Symmetry of Propagation Delay of Receiver Rising Edge w.r.t. Falling Edge    | treccsym   | -2.0                                                              | —    | 2.0  | μs    | treccsym = max (trecpdf – trecpdr)<br>R <sub>RXD</sub> 2.4Ω TO V <sub>CC</sub> , C <sub>RXD</sub> 20 pF                                                                                                                             |
| Symmetry of Propagation Delay of Transmitter Rising Edge w.r.t. Falling Edge | ttrans-sym | -2.0                                                              | —    | 2.0  | μs    | ttranssym = max (ttranspdf - ttranspdr)                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Time to Sample of FAULT/TXE for Bus Conflict Reporting                       | tfault     | —                                                                 | —    | 32.5 | μs    | tfault = max (ttranspd + tslope + trecpd)                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Duty Cycle 1 @20.0 kbit/sec                                                  |            | .396                                                              | —    | —    |       | Cbus; Rbus conditions:<br>1 nF; 1 kΩ   6.8 nF; 660Ω   10 nF; 500Ω<br>THrec(max) = 0.744 x V <sub>BB</sub> ,<br>THdom(max) = 0.581 x V <sub>BB</sub> ,<br>V <sub>BB</sub> = 7.0V – 18V; tbit = 50 μs<br>D1 = tbus_rec(min)/2 x tbit) |
| Duty Cycle 2 @20.0 kbit/sec                                                  |            | —                                                                 | —    | .581 |       | Cbus; Rbus conditions:<br>1 nF; 1 kΩ   6.8 nF; 660Ω   10 nF; 500Ω<br>THrec(max) = 0.284 x V <sub>BB</sub> ,<br>THdom(max) = 0.422 x V <sub>BB</sub> ,<br>V <sub>BB</sub> = 7.6V – 18V; tbit = 50 μs<br>D2 = tbus_rec(max)/2 x tbit) |
| Duty Cycle 3 @10.4 kbit/sec                                                  |            | .417                                                              | —    | —    |       | Cbus; Rbus conditions:<br>1 nF; 1 kΩ   6.8 nF; 660Ω   10 nF; 500Ω<br>THrec(max) = 0.778 x V <sub>BB</sub> ,<br>THdom(max) = 0.616 x V <sub>BB</sub> ,<br>V <sub>BB</sub> = 7.0V – 18V; tbit = 96 μs<br>D3 = tbus_rec(min)/2 x tbit) |
| Duty Cycle 4 @10.4 kbit/sec                                                  |            | —                                                                 | —    | .590 |       | Cbus; Rbus conditions:<br>1 nF; 1 kΩ   6.8 nF; 660Ω   10 nF; 500Ω<br>THrec(max) = 0.251 x V <sub>BB</sub> ,<br>THdom(max) = 0.389 x V <sub>BB</sub> ,<br>V <sub>BB</sub> = 7.6V – 18V; tbit = 96 μs<br>D4 = tbus_rec(max)/2 x tbit) |
| <b>Wake-up Timing</b>                                                        |            |                                                                   |      |      |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Bus Activity Debounce time                                                   | tBDB       | 5                                                                 |      | 20   | μs    | MCP2003/2004                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|                                                                              |            | 30                                                                | 70   | 125  | μs    | MCP2003A/2004A                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Bus Activity to Vren on                                                      | tBACTVE    | 35                                                                |      | 150  | μs    | MCP2003/2004                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|                                                                              |            | 10                                                                | 30   | 90   | μs    | MCP2003A/2004A                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| WAKE to Vren on                                                              | tWAKE      |                                                                   |      | 150  | μs    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Chip Select to Vren on                                                       | tCSOR      | —                                                                 |      | 150  | μs    | Vren floating                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Chip Select to Vren off                                                      | tCSPD      | —                                                                 |      | 80   | μs    | Vren floating                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

# MCP2003/4/3A/4A

## 2.5 Thermal Specifications

| THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                     |       |     |       |                 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-------|-----|-------|-----------------|
| Parameter                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Symbol              | Typ   | Max | Units | Test Conditions |
| Recovery Temperature                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | $\theta_{RECOVERY}$ | +140  | —   | °C    |                 |
| Shutdown Temperature                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | $\theta_{SHUTDOWN}$ | +150  | —   | °C    |                 |
| Short Circuit Recovery Time                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | $t_{THERM}$         | 1.5   | 5.0 | ms    |                 |
| Thermal Package Resistances                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                     |       |     |       |                 |
| Thermal Resistance, 8L-DFN                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | $\theta_{JA}$       | 35.7  | —   | °C/W  |                 |
| Thermal Resistance, 8L-PDIP                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | $\theta_{JA}$       | 89.3  | —   | °C/W  |                 |
| Thermal Resistance, 8L-SOIC                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | $\theta_{JA}$       | 149.5 | —   | °C/W  |                 |
| <b>Note 1:</b> The maximum power dissipation is a function of $T_{JMAX}$ , $\theta_{JA}$ and ambient temperature $T_A$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at an ambient temperature is $P_D = (T_{JMAX} - T_A) \theta_{JA}$ . If this dissipation is exceeded, the die temperature will rise above 150°C and the device will go into thermal shutdown. |                     |       |     |       |                 |

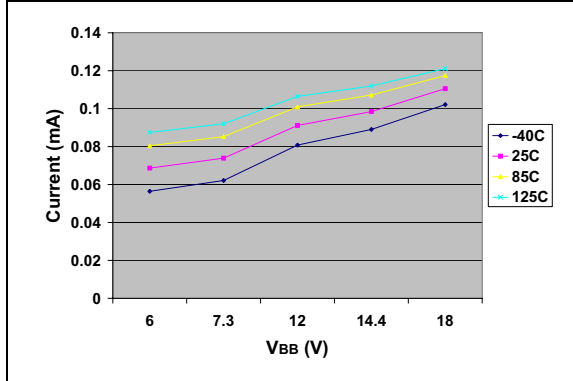


## 2.6 Typical Performance Curves

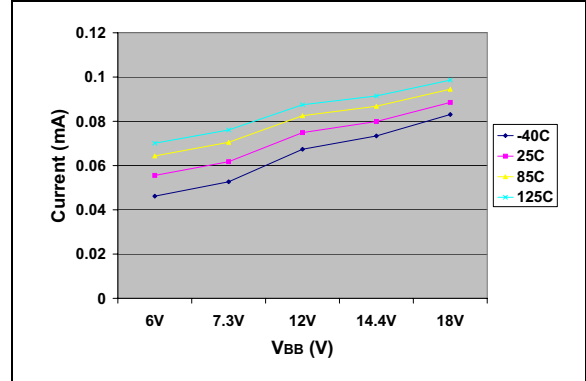
**Note:** The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only. The performance characteristics listed herein are not tested or guaranteed. In some graphs or tables, the data presented may be outside the specified operating range (e.g., outside specified power supply range) and therefore outside the warranted range.

**Note:** Unless otherwise indicated,  $V_{BB} = 6.0V$  to  $18.0V$ ,  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+125^{\circ}C$ .

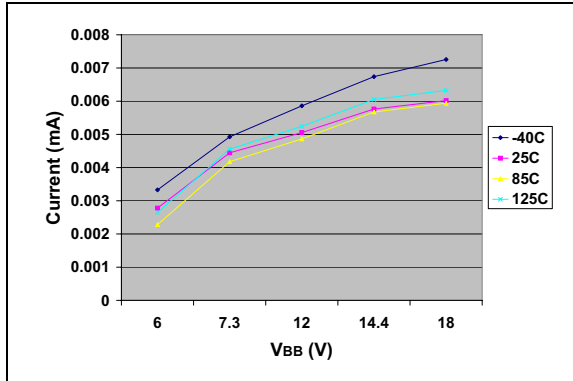
**FIGURE 2-1: TYPICAL IBBQ**



**FIGURE 2-3: TYPICAL IBBTO**



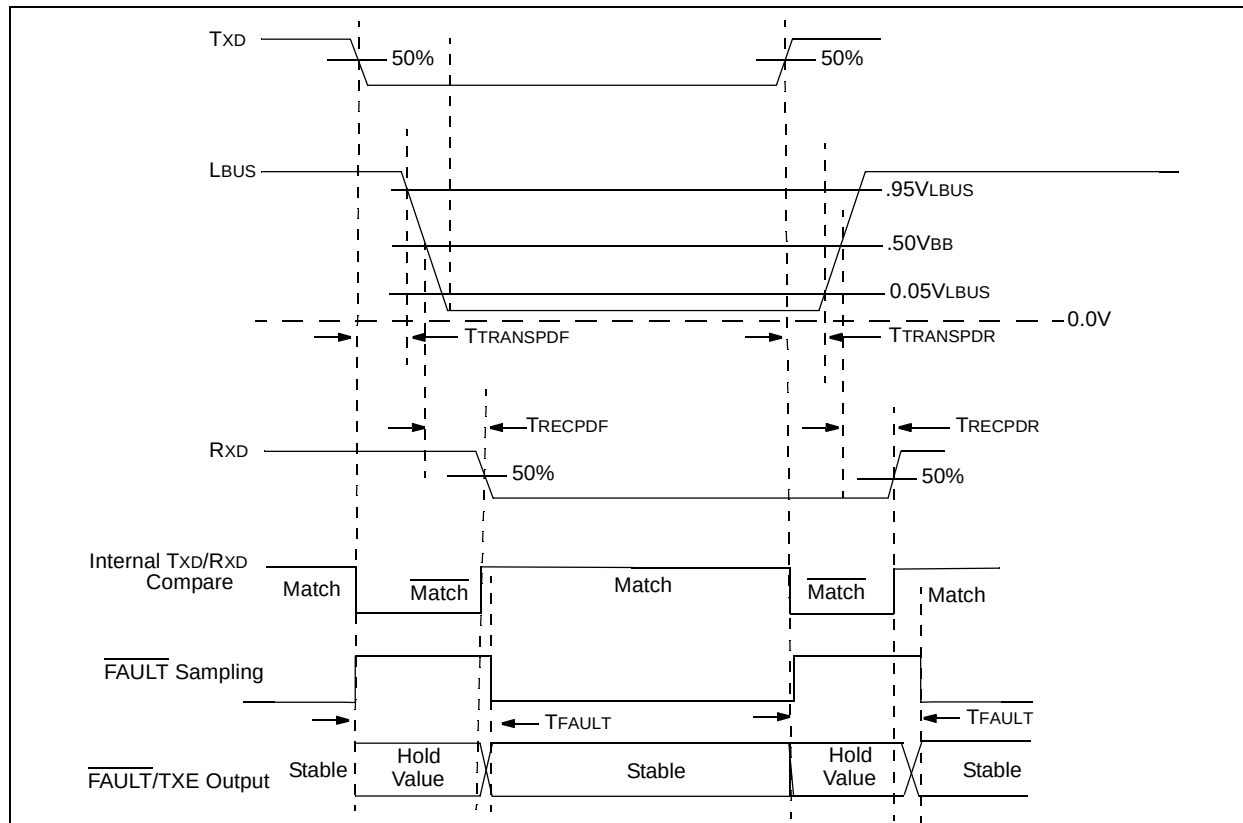
**FIGURE 2-2: TYPICAL IBBPD**



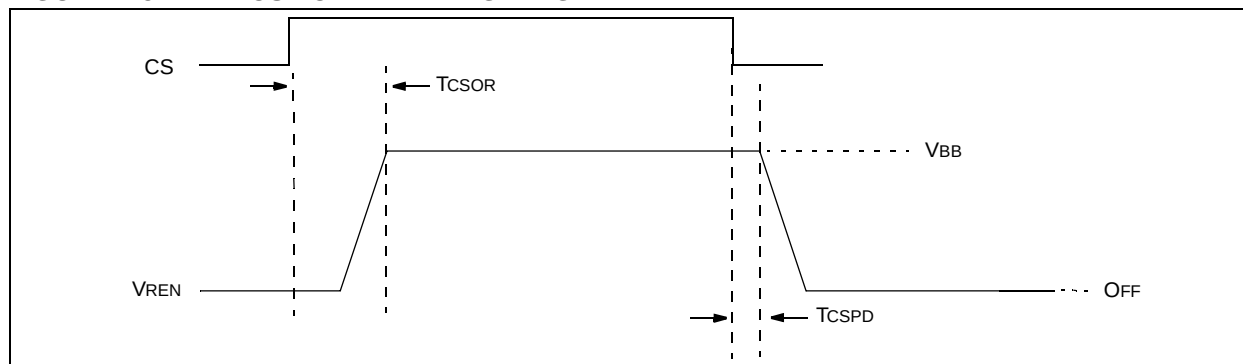
# MCP2003/4/3A/4A

## 2.7 Timing Diagrams and Specifications

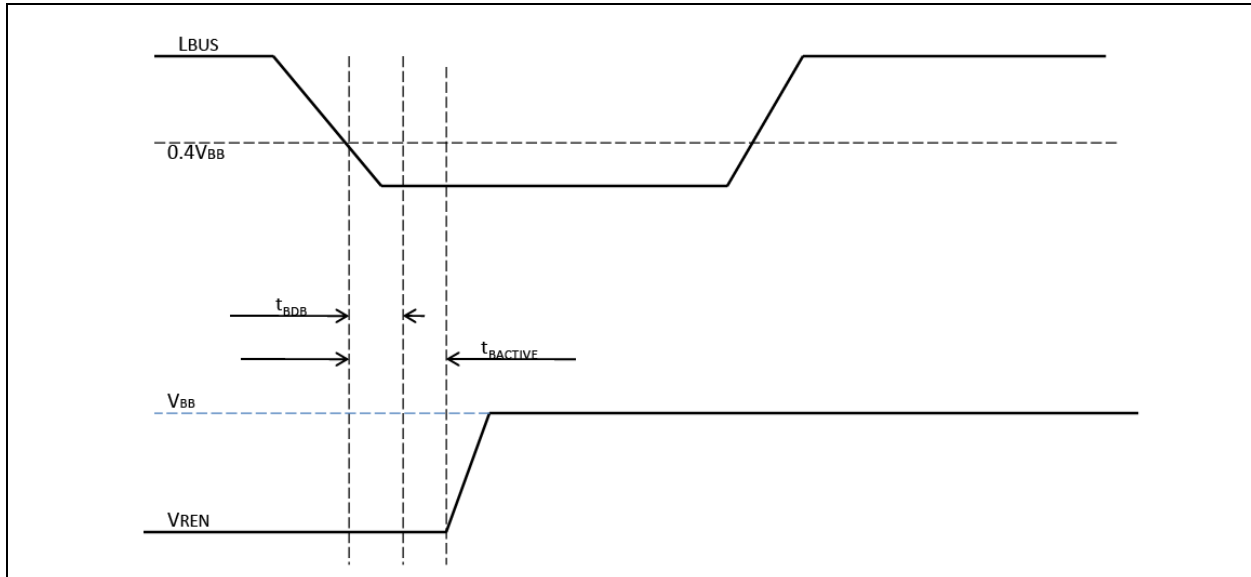
**FIGURE 2-4: BUS TIMING DIAGRAM**



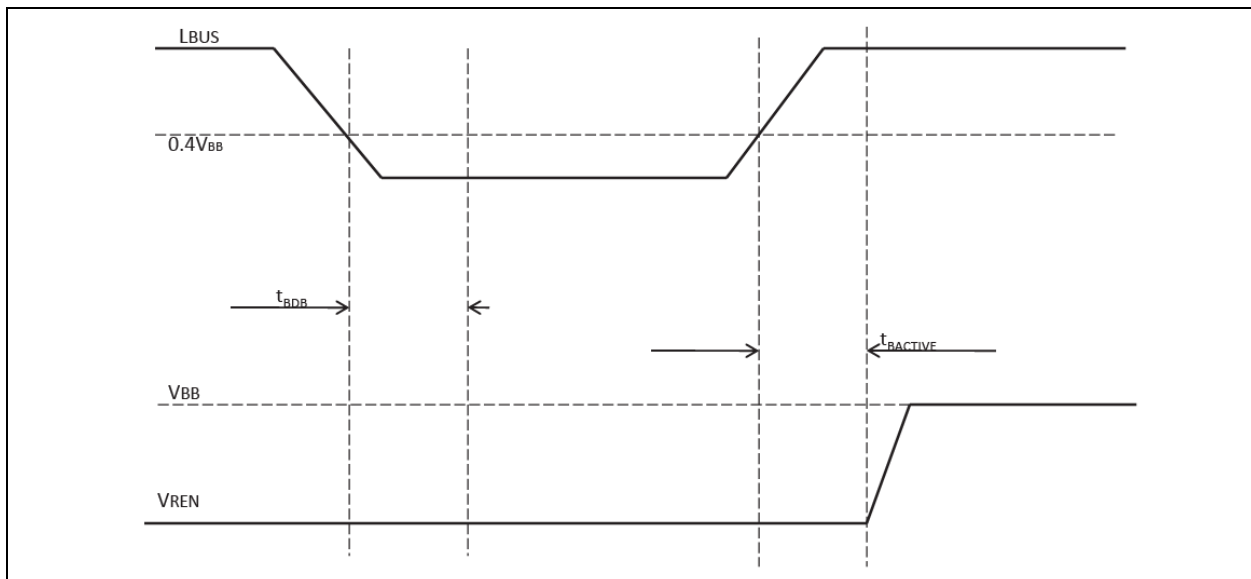
**FIGURE 2-5: CS TO VREN TIMING DIAGRAM**



**FIGURE 2-6: MCP2003/4 REMOTE WAKE-UP**



**FIGURE 2-7: MCP2003A/4A REMOTE WAKE-UP**



# MCP2003/4/3A/4A

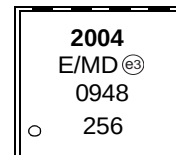
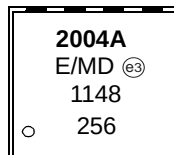
## 3.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

### 3.1 Package Marking Information

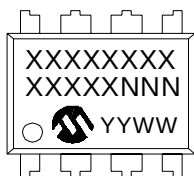
8-Lead DFN (4x4)



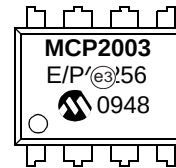
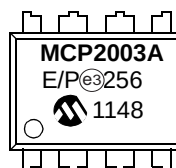
Examples:



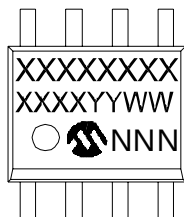
8-Lead PDIP (300 mil)



Examples:



8-Lead SOIC (150 mil)



Examples:

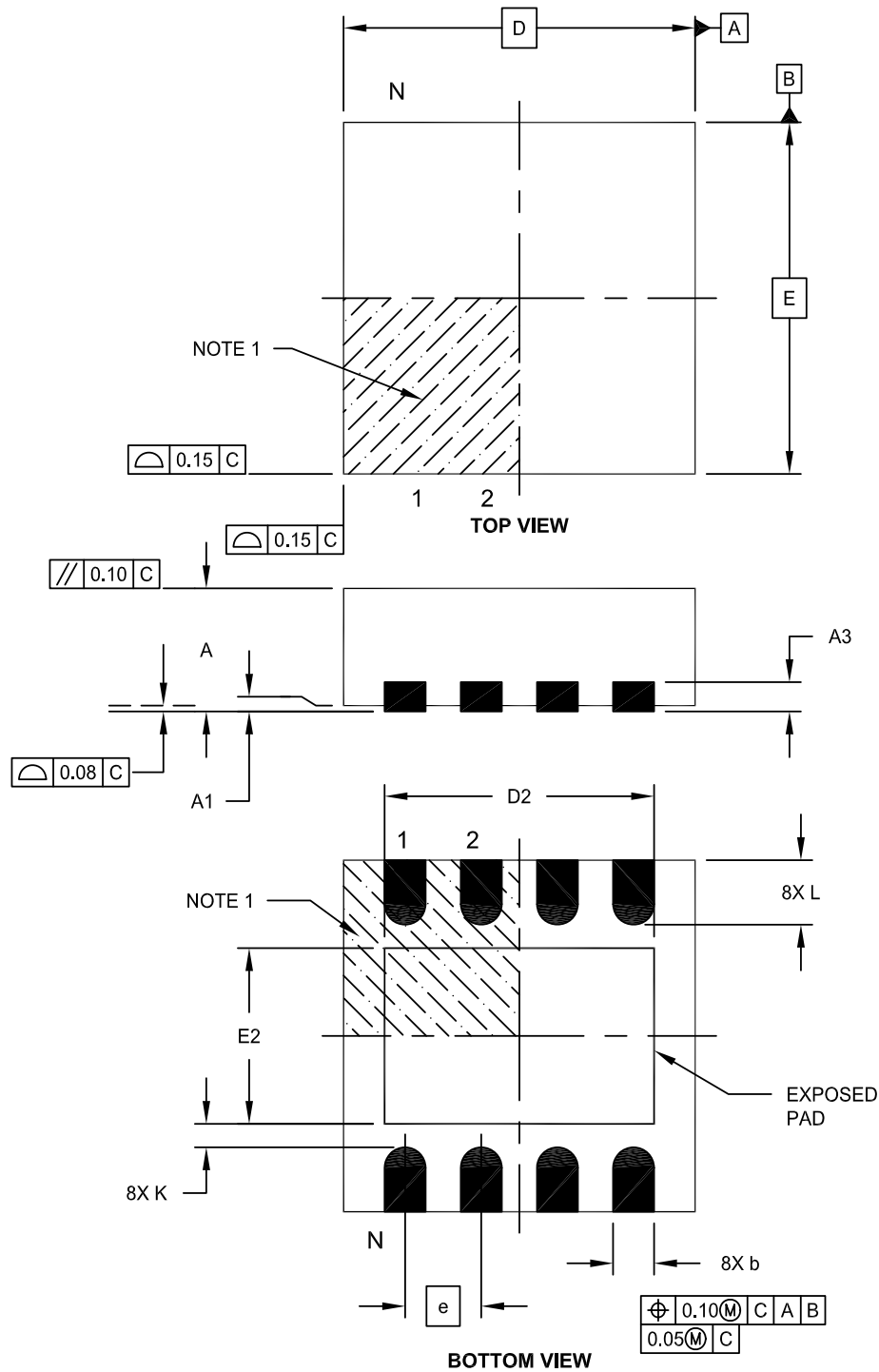


|                |        |                                                                                                                  |
|----------------|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Legend:</b> | XX...X | Customer-specific information                                                                                    |
|                | Y      | Year code (last digit of calendar year)                                                                          |
|                | YY     | Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)                                                                       |
|                | WW     | Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')                                                                       |
|                | NNN    | Alphanumeric traceability code                                                                                   |
|                | e3     | Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)                                                                      |
|                | *      | This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (e3) can be found on the outer packaging for this package. |

**Note:** In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

## 8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MD) – 4x4x0.9 mm Body [DFN]

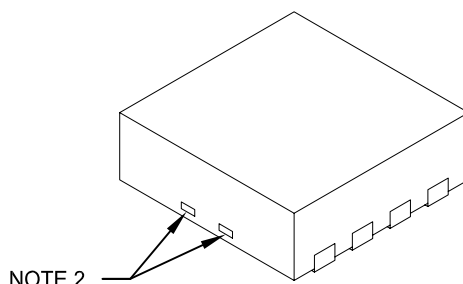
**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



# MCP2003/4/3A/4A

## 8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MD) – 4x4x0.9 mm Body [DFN]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



|                        |    | Units | MILLIMETERS |      |      |
|------------------------|----|-------|-------------|------|------|
| Dimension Limits       |    |       | MIN         | NOM  | MAX  |
| Number of Pins         | N  |       | 8           |      |      |
| Pitch                  | e  |       | 0.80 BSC    |      |      |
| Overall Height         | A  |       | 0.80        | 0.90 | 1.00 |
| Standoff               | A1 |       | 0.00        | 0.02 | 0.05 |
| Contact Thickness      | A3 |       | 0.20 REF    |      |      |
| Overall Length         | D  |       | 4.00 BSC    |      |      |
| Exposed Pad Width      | E2 |       | 2.60        | 2.70 | 2.80 |
| Overall Width          | E  |       | 4.00 BSC    |      |      |
| Exposed Pad Length     | D2 |       | 3.40        | 3.50 | 3.60 |
| Contact Width          | b  |       | 0.25        | 0.30 | 0.35 |
| Contact Length         | L  |       | 0.30        | 0.40 | 0.50 |
| Contact-to-Exposed Pad | K  |       | 0.20        | -    | -    |

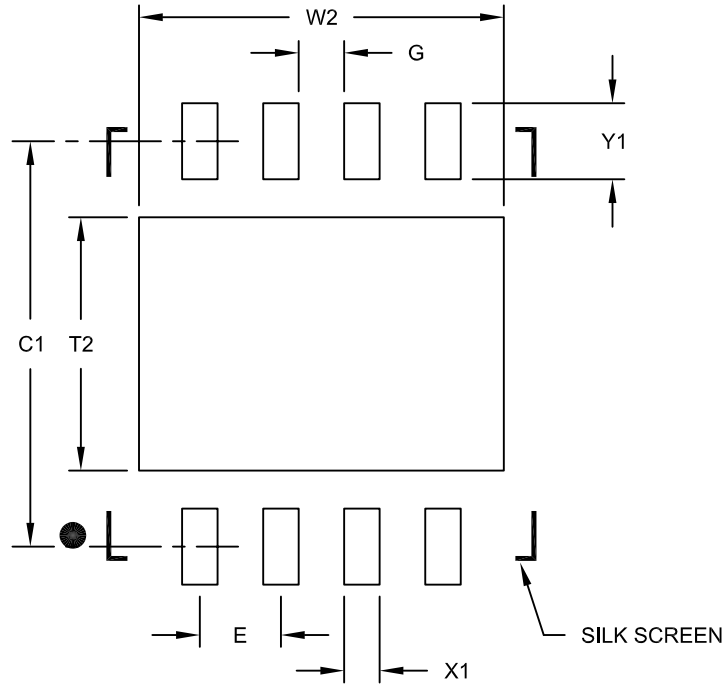
### Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Package may have one or more exposed tie bars at ends.
3. Package is saw singulated
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M  
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.  
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-131E Sheet 2 of 2

## 8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MD) - 4x4x0.9 mm Body [DFN]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



### RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

|                            |    | Units | MILLIMETERS |      |      |
|----------------------------|----|-------|-------------|------|------|
| Dimension Limits           |    |       | MIN         | NOM  | MAX  |
| Contact Pitch              | E  |       | 0.80 BSC    |      |      |
| Optional Center Pad Width  | W2 |       |             |      | 3.60 |
| Optional Center Pad Length | T2 |       |             |      | 2.50 |
| Contact Pad Spacing        | C1 |       |             | 4.00 |      |
| Contact Pad Width (X8)     | X1 |       |             |      | 0.35 |
| Contact Pad Length (X8)    | Y1 |       |             |      | 0.75 |
| Distance Between Pads      | G  |       | 0.45        |      |      |

#### Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

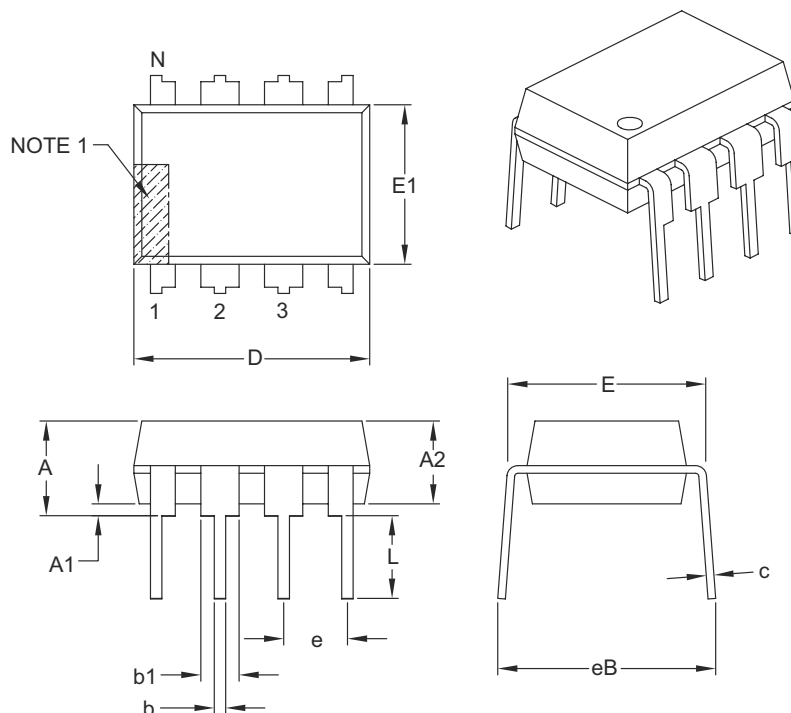
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2131C

# MCP2003/4/3A/4A

## 8-Lead Plastic Dual In-Line (P) – 300 mil Body [PDIP]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Units                      |    | INCHES   |      |      |
|----------------------------|----|----------|------|------|
| Dimension Limits           |    | MIN      | NOM  | MAX  |
| Number of Pins             | N  | 8        |      |      |
| Pitch                      | e  | .100 BSC |      |      |
| Top to Seating Plane       | A  | –        | –    | .210 |
| Molded Package Thickness   | A2 | .115     | .130 | .195 |
| Base to Seating Plane      | A1 | .015     | –    | –    |
| Shoulder to Shoulder Width | E  | .290     | .310 | .325 |
| Molded Package Width       | E1 | .240     | .250 | .280 |
| Overall Length             | D  | .348     | .365 | .400 |
| Tip to Seating Plane       | L  | .115     | .130 | .150 |
| Lead Thickness             | c  | .008     | .010 | .015 |
| Upper Lead Width           | b1 | .040     | .060 | .070 |
| Lower Lead Width           | b  | .014     | .018 | .022 |
| Overall Row Spacing §      | eB | –        | –    | .430 |

### Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located with the hatched area.
- § Significant Characteristic.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-018B

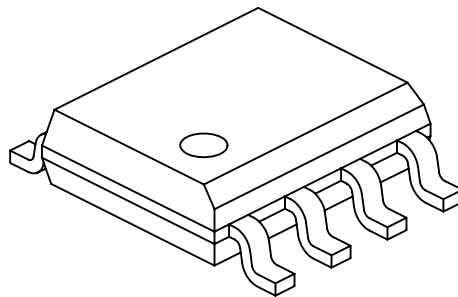




# MCP2003/4/3A/4A

## 8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Units                    |        | MILLIMETERS |     |      |
|--------------------------|--------|-------------|-----|------|
| Dimension                | Limits | MIN         | NOM | MAX  |
| Number of Pins           | N      | 8           |     |      |
| Pitch                    | e      | 1.27 BSC    |     |      |
| Overall Height           | A      | -           | -   | 1.75 |
| Molded Package Thickness | A2     | 1.25        | -   | -    |
| Standoff §               | A1     | 0.10        | -   | 0.25 |
| Overall Width            | E      | 6.00 BSC    |     |      |
| Molded Package Width     | E1     | 3.90 BSC    |     |      |
| Overall Length           | D      | 4.90 BSC    |     |      |
| Chamfer (Optional)       | h      | 0.25        | -   | 0.50 |
| Foot Length              | L      | 0.40        | -   | 1.27 |
| Footprint                | L1     | 1.04 REF    |     |      |
| Foot Angle               | φ      | 0°          | -   | 8°   |
| Lead Thickness           | c      | 0.17        | -   | 0.25 |
| Lead Width               | b      | 0.31        | -   | 0.51 |
| Mold Draft Angle Top     | α      | 5°          | -   | 15°  |
| Mold Draft Angle Bottom  | β      | 5°          | -   | 15°  |

### Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- § Significant Characteristic
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

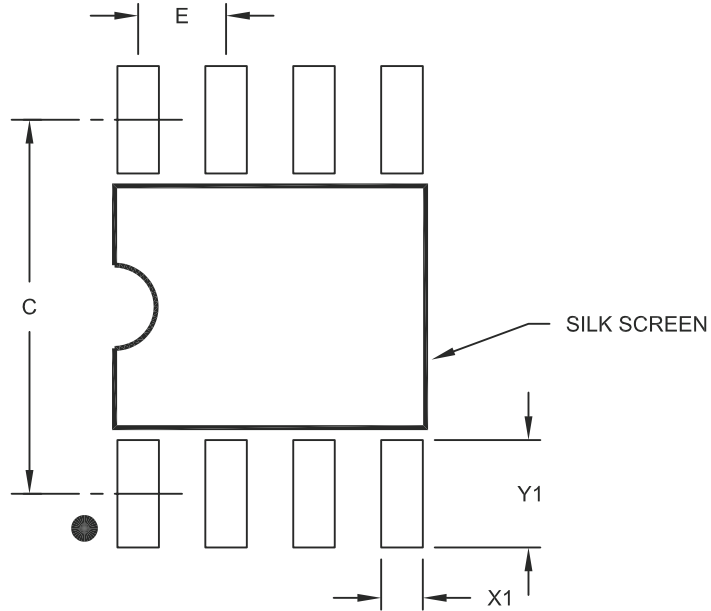
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-057C Sheet 2 of 2

## 8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) – Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

| Dimension Limits        | Units | MILLIMETERS |          |      |
|-------------------------|-------|-------------|----------|------|
|                         |       | MIN         | NOM      | MAX  |
| Contact Pitch           | E     |             | 1.27 BSC |      |
| Contact Pad Spacing     | C     |             | 5.40     |      |
| Contact Pad Width (X8)  | X1    |             |          | 0.60 |
| Contact Pad Length (X8) | Y1    |             |          | 1.55 |

**Notes:**

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2057A

NOTES:

## APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

### Revision D (December 2011)

The following is the list of modifications:

1. Added the MCP2003A and MCP2004A devices and related information throughout the document.
2. Updated Figures 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 2.6, 2.7.

### Revision C (August 2010)

The following is the list of modifications:

1. Updated all references of Sleep mode to Power-Down mode, and updated the Max. parameter for Duty Cycle 2 in [Section 2.4 “AC Specifications”](#).

### Revision B (July 2010)

The following is the list of modifications:

1. Added [Section 2.2 “Nomenclature used in this document”](#), and added the “Capacitance of Slave Node” parameter to [Section 2.3 “DC Specifications”](#).

### Revision A (March 2010)

- Original Release of this Document.

NOTES:

## PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

| <u>PART NO.</u>    | <u>X</u>          | <u>/XX</u>                                                                                                              | <b>Examples:</b>                                                        |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Device             | Temperature Range | Package                                                                                                                 |                                                                         |
| Device:            | MCP2003:          | LIN Transceiver, with $\overline{\text{WAKE}}$ pins, wake up on falling edge of LBUS                                    | a) MCP2003A-E/MD: Extended Temperature, 8L-DFN package                  |
|                    | MCP2003T:         | LIN Transceiver, with $\overline{\text{WAKE}}$ pins, wake up on falling edge of LBUS (Tape and Reel) (DFN and SOIC)     | b) MCP2003A-E/P: Extended Temperature, 8L-PDIP package                  |
|                    | MCP2003A:         | LIN Transceiver, with $\overline{\text{WAKE}}$ pins, wake up on rising edge of LBUS                                     | c) MCP2003A-E/SN: Extended Temperature, 8L-SOIC package                 |
|                    | MCP2003AT:        | LIN Transceiver, with $\overline{\text{WAKE}}$ pins, wake up on rising edge of LBUS (Tape and Reel) (DFN and SOIC)      | d) MCP2003AT-E/MD: Tape and Reel, Extended Temperature, 8L-DFN package  |
|                    | MCP2004:          | LIN Transceiver with $\overline{\text{FAULT/TXE}}$ pins, wake up on falling edge of LBUS                                | e) MCP2003AT-E/SN: Tape and Reel, Extended Temperature, 8L-SOIC package |
|                    | MCP2004T:         | LIN Transceiver with $\overline{\text{FAULT/TXE}}$ pins, wake up on falling edge of LBUS (Tape and Reel) (DFN and SOIC) | a) MCP2004-E/MD: Extended Temperature, 8L-DFN package                   |
|                    | MCP2004A:         | LIN Transceiver with $\overline{\text{FAULT/TXE}}$ pins, wake up on rising edge of LBUS                                 | b) MCP2004-E/P: Extended Temperature, 8L-PDIP package                   |
|                    | MCP2004AT:        | LIN Transceiver with $\overline{\text{FAULT/TXE}}$ pins, wake up on rising edge of LBUS (Tape and Reel) (DFN and SOIC)  | c) MCP2004A-E/SN: Extended Temperature, 8L-SOIC package                 |
|                    |                   |                                                                                                                         | d) MCP2004AT-E/MD: Tape and Reel, Extended Temperature, 8L-DFN package  |
|                    |                   |                                                                                                                         | e) MCP2004AT-E/SN: Tape and Reel, Extended Temperature, 8L-SOIC package |
| Temperature Range: | E                 | = -40°C to +125°C                                                                                                       |                                                                         |
| Package:           | MD                | = Plastic Micro Small Outline (4x4), 8-lead                                                                             |                                                                         |
|                    | P                 | = Plastic DIP (300 mil Body), 8-lead, 14-lead                                                                           |                                                                         |
|                    | SN                | = Plastic SOIC, (150 mil Body), 8-lead                                                                                  |                                                                         |

NOTES:



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