

EEPROM, Serial, 4-Kb, 8-Kb and 16-Kb I²C, Low Voltage Automotive Grade 1

NV24C04LV, NV24C08LV, NV24C16LV

Description

The NV24C04/08/16LV are 4-Kb, 8-Kb and 16-Kb respectively CMOS Serial EEPROM devices that operate at a minimum 1.7 V supply voltage. They are organized internally as 16/32/64 and 128 pages respectively of 16 bytes each. All devices support the Standard (100 kHz), Fast (400 kHz) and Fast-Plus (1 MHz) I²C protocol.

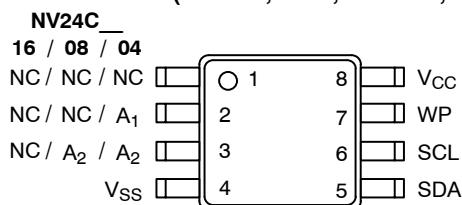
Data is written by providing a starting address, then loading 1 to 16 contiguous bytes into a Page Write Buffer, and then writing all data to non-volatile memory in one internal write cycle. Data is read by providing a starting address and then shifting out data serially while automatically incrementing the internal address count.

External address pins make it possible to address up to four NV24C04, two NV24C08 and one NV24C16 device on the same bus.

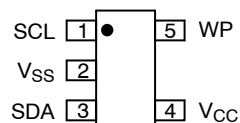
Features

- Automotive AEC-Q100 Grade 1 (–40°C to +125°C) Qualified
- Supports Standard, Fast and Fast-Plus I²C Protocol
- 1.7 V to 5.5 V Supply Voltage Range
- 16-Byte Page Write Buffer
- Fast Write Time (4 ms max)
- Hardware Write Protection for Entire Memory
- Schmitt Triggers and Noise Suppression Filters on I²C Bus Inputs (SCL and SDA)
- Low power CMOS Technology
- More than 1,000,000 Program/Erase Cycles
- 100 Year Data Retention
- Automotive Grade 1 Temperature Range
- SOIC, TSSOP, US 8-Lead, TSOP–5 Lead and Wettable Flank UDFN 8-pad Packages
- These Devices are Pb-Free, Halogen Free/BFR Free and are RoHS Compliant

PIN CONFIGURATION (SOIC–8,US–8,UNFN–8 ,TSSOP–8)



PIN CONFIGURATION (TSOP–5)

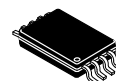


ON Semiconductor®

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US8
U SUFFIX
CASE 493



TSSOP–8
DT SUFFIX
CASE 948AL



TSOP–5
SN SUFFIX
CASE 483



UDFN–8
MUW3 SUFFIX
CASE 517DH



SOIC8
DW SUFFIX
CASE 751BD

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering, marking and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 14 of this data sheet.

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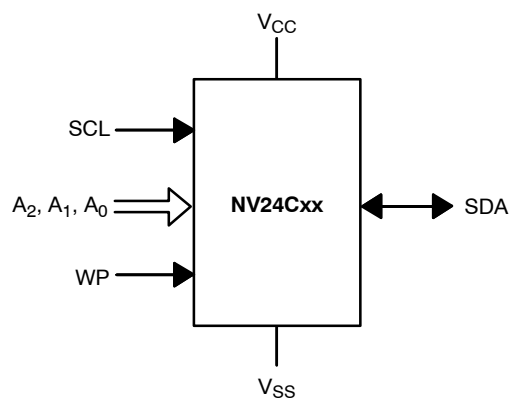


Figure 1. Functional Symbol

Table 1. PIN FUNCTION

Pin Name	Function
A0, A1, A2	Device Address Input
SDA	Serial Data Input/Output
SCL	Serial Clock Input
WP	Write Protect Input
V _{CC}	Power Supply
V _{SS}	Ground
NC	No Connect

Table 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameters	Ratings	Units
Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C
Voltage on any pin with respect to Ground (Note 1)	-0.5 to +6.5	V

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. During input transitions, voltage undershoot on any pin should not exceed -1 V for more than 20 ns. Voltage overshoot on pins A₀, A₁, A₂ and WP should not exceed V_{CC} + 1 V for more than 20 ns, while voltage on the I²C bus pins, SCL and SDA, should not exceed the absolute maximum ratings, irrespective of V_{CC}.

Table 3. RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Units
N _{END} (Note 2)	Endurance	1,000,000	Write Cycles (Note 3)
T _{DR} (Note 2)	Data Retention	100	Years

2. T_A = 25°C

3. A Write Cycle refers to writing a Byte or a Page.

Table 4. D.C. OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS (V_{CC} = 1.7 V to 5.5 V, T_A = -40°C to +125°C, unless otherwise specified.*)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Units
I _{CCR}	Read Current	Read, f _{SCL} = 1 MHz		0.3	mA
I _{CCW}	Write Current	Write		0.5	mA
I _{SB}	Standby Current	All I/O Pins at GND or V _{CC}	T _A = -40°C to +85°C	1	μA
			T _A = -40°C to +125°C	2	
I _L	I/O Pin Leakage	Pin at GND or V _{CC}		2	μA
V _{IL1}	Input Low Voltage	2.2 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	-0.5	0.3 V _{CC}	V
V _{IL2}	Input Low Voltage	1.7 V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.2 V	-0.5	0.2 V _{CC}	V
V _{IH1}	Input High Voltage	2.2 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	0.7 V _{CC}	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
V _{IH2}	Input High Voltage	1.7 V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.2 V	0.8 V _{CC}	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
V _{OL1}	Output Low Voltage	V _{CC} ≥ 2.2 V, I _{OL} = 6.0 mA		0.4	V
V _{OL2}	Output Low Voltage	V _{CC} < 2.2 V, I _{OL} = 2.0 mA		0.2	V

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

*V_{CC(min)} = 1.6 V for Read operations, T_A = -20°C to +85°C.

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Table 5. PIN IMPEDANCE CHARACTERISTICS $V_{CC} = 1.7 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified.*)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Max	Units
C_{IN} (Note 4)	SDA I/O Pin Capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}$	8	pF
C_{IN} (Note 4)	Input Capacitance (other pins)	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}$	6	pF
I_{WP} , I_A (Note 5)	WP Input Current, Address Input Current (A0, A1, A2)	$V_{IN} < V_{IH}$, $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$	50	μA
		$V_{IN} < V_{IH}$, $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	35	
		$V_{IN} < V_{IH}$, $V_{CC} = 1.7 \text{ V}$	25	
		$V_{IN} > V_{IH}$	2	

4. These parameters are tested initially and after a design or process change that affects the parameter according to appropriate AEC-Q100 and JEDEC test methods.

5. When not driven, the WP, A0, A1 and A2 pins are pulled down to GND internally. For improved noise immunity, the internal pull-down is relatively strong; therefore the external driver must be able to supply the pull-down current when attempting to drive the input HIGH. To conserve power, as the input level exceeds the trip point of the CMOS input buffer ($\sim 0.5 \times V_{CC}$), the strong pull-down reverts to a weak current source.

* $V_{CC(\min)}$ = 1.6 V for Read operations, $T_A = -20^\circ\text{C to } +85^\circ\text{C}$.

Table 6. A.C. CHARACTERISTICS $V_{CC} = 1.7 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified.*) (Note 6)

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Fast		Fast-Plus		Units
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
F_{SCL}	Clock Frequency		100		400		1,000	kHz
$t_{HD:STA}$	START Condition Hold Time	4		0.6		0.26		μs
t_{LOW}	Low Period of SCL Clock	4.7		1.3		0.50		μs
t_{HIGH}	High Period of SCL Clock	4		0.6		0.26		μs
$t_{SU:STA}$	START Condition Setup Time	4.7		0.6		0.26		μs
$t_{HD:DAT}$	Data In Hold Time	0		0		0		μs
$t_{SU:DAT}$	Data In Setup Time	250		100		50		ns
t_R (Note 7)	SDA and SCL Rise Time		1,000		300		120	ns
t_F (Note 7)	SDA and SCL Fall Time		300		300		120	ns
$t_{SU:STO}$	STOP Condition Setup Time	4		0.6		0.26		μs
t_{BUF}	Bus Free Time Between STOP and START	4.7		1.3		0.5		μs
t_{AA}	SCL Low to Data Out Valid		3.5		0.9		0.45	μs
t_{DH} (Note 7)	Data Out Hold Time	100		100		50		ns
T_i (Note 7)	Noise Pulse Filtered at SCL and SDA Inputs		50		50		50	ns
$t_{SU:WP}$	WP Setup Time	0		0		0		μs
$t_{HD:WP}$	WP Hold Time	2.5		2.5		1		μs
t_{WR}	Write Cycle Time		4		4		4	ms
t_{PU} (Notes 7, 8)	Power-up to Ready Mode		0.35		0.35		0.35	ms

6. Test conditions according to "A.C. Test Conditions" table.

7. Tested initially and after a design or process change that affects this parameter.

8. t_{PU} is the delay between the time V_{CC} is stable and the device is ready to accept commands.

* $V_{CC(\min)}$ = 1.6 V for Read operations, $T_A = -20^\circ\text{C to } +85^\circ\text{C}$.

Table 7. A.C. TEST CONDITIONS

Input Levels	$0.2 \times V_{CC}$ to $0.8 \times V_{CC}$ for $V_{CC} \geq 2.2 \text{ V}$ $0.15 \times V_{CC}$ to $0.85 \times V_{CC}$ for $V_{CC} < 2.2 \text{ V}$
Input Rise and Fall Times	$\leq 50 \text{ ns}$
Input Reference Levels	$0.3 \times V_{CC}$, $0.7 \times V_{CC}$
Output Reference Levels	$0.3 \times V_{CC}$, $0.7 \times V_{CC}$
Output Load	Current Source: $I_{OL} = 6 \text{ mA}$ ($V_{CC} \geq 2.2 \text{ V}$); $I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$ ($V_{CC} < 2.2 \text{ V}$); $C_L = 100 \text{ pF}$

Power-On Reset (POR)

Each NV24Cxx* incorporates Power-On Reset (POR) circuitry which protects the internal logic against powering up in the wrong state.

A NV24Cxx device will power up into Standby mode after V_{CC} exceeds the POR trigger level and will power down into Reset mode when V_{CC} drops below the POR trigger level. This bi-directional POR feature protects the device against 'brown-out' failure following a temporary loss of power.

**For common features, the NV24C04/08/16 will be referred to as NV24Cxx.*

Pin Description

SCL: The Serial Clock input pin accepts the Serial Clock generated by the Master.

SDA: The Serial Data I/O pin receives input data and transmits data stored in EEPROM. In transmit mode, this pin is open drain. Data is acquired on the positive edge, and is delivered on the negative edge of SCL.

A0, A1 and A2: The Address inputs set the device address when cascading multiple devices. When not driven, these pins are pulled LOW internally.

WP: The Write Protect input pin inhibits all write operations, when pulled HIGH. When not driven, this pin is pulled LOW internally.

Functional Description

The NV24Cxx supports the Inter-Integrated Circuit (I²C) Bus data transmission protocol, which defines a device that sends data to the bus as a transmitter and a device receiving data as a receiver. Data flow is controlled by a Master device, which generates the serial clock and all START and STOP conditions. The NV24Cxx acts as a Slave device. Master and Slave alternate as either transmitter or receiver.

I²C Bus Protocol

The I²C bus consists of two 'wires', SCL and SDA. The two wires are connected to the V_{CC} supply via pull-up resistors. Master and Slave devices connect to the 2-wire bus via their respective SCL and SDA pins. The transmitting device pulls down the SDA line to 'transmit' a '0' and releases it to 'transmit' a '1'.

Data transfer may be initiated only when the bus is not busy (see AC Characteristics).

During data transfer, the SDA line must remain stable while the SCL line is high. An SDA transition while SCL is high will be interpreted as a START or STOP condition (Figure 2). The START condition precedes all commands. It consists of a HIGH to LOW transition on SDA while SCL is HIGH. The START acts as a 'wake-up' call to all receivers. Absent a START, a Slave will not respond to commands. The STOP condition completes all commands. It consists of a LOW to HIGH transition on SDA while SCL is HIGH.

NOTE: The I/O pins of NV24Cxx do not obstruct the SCL and SDA lines if the VCC supply is switched off. During power-up, the SCL and SDA pins (connected with pull-up resistors to VCC) will follow the VCC monotonically from VSS (0 V) to nominal VCC value, regardless of pull-up resistor value. The delta between the VCC and the instantaneous voltage levels during power ramping will be determined by the relation between bus time constant (determined by pull-up resistance and bus capacitance) and actual VCC ramp rate.

Device Addressing

The Master initiates data transfer by creating a START condition on the bus. The Master then broadcasts an 8-bit serial Slave address. For normal Read/Write operations, the first 4 bits of the Slave address are fixed at 1010 (Ah). The next 3 bits are used as programmable address bits when cascading multiple devices and/or as internal address bits. The last bit of the slave address, R/W, specifies whether a Read (1) or Write (0) operation is to be performed. The 3 address space extension bits are assigned as illustrated in Figure 3. A₂, A₁ and A₀ must match the state of the external address pins, and a₁₀, a₉ and a₈ are internal address bits.

Acknowledge

After processing the Slave address, the Slave responds with an acknowledge (ACK) by pulling down the SDA line during the 9th clock cycle (Figure 4). The Slave will also acknowledge the address byte and every data byte presented in Write mode. In Read mode the Slave shifts out a data byte, and then releases the SDA line during the 9th clock cycle. As long as the Master acknowledges the data, the Slave will continue transmitting. The Master terminates the session by not acknowledging the last data byte (NoACK) and by issuing a STOP condition. Bus timing is illustrated in Figure 5.

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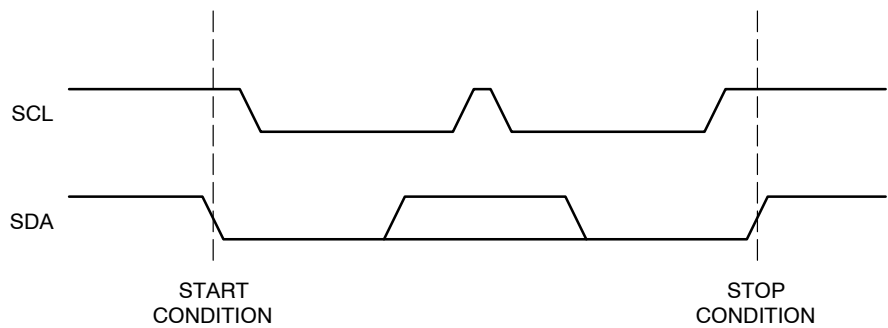


Figure 2. Start/Stop Timing

1	0	1	0	A ₂	A ₁	a ₈	R/ \overline{W}	N24C04
1	0	1	0	A ₂	a ₉	a ₈	R/ \overline{W}	N24C08
1	0	1	0	a ₁₀	a ₉	a ₈	R/ \overline{W}	N24C16

Figure 3. Slave Address Bits

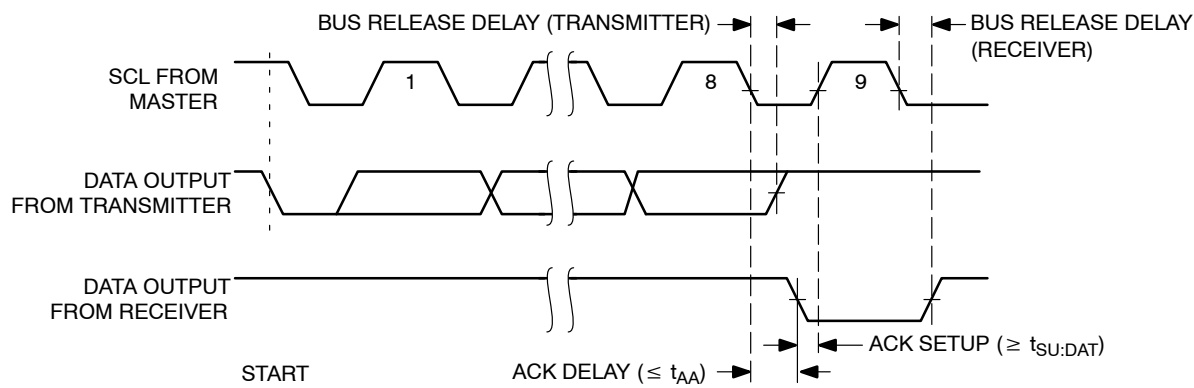


Figure 4. Acknowledge Timing

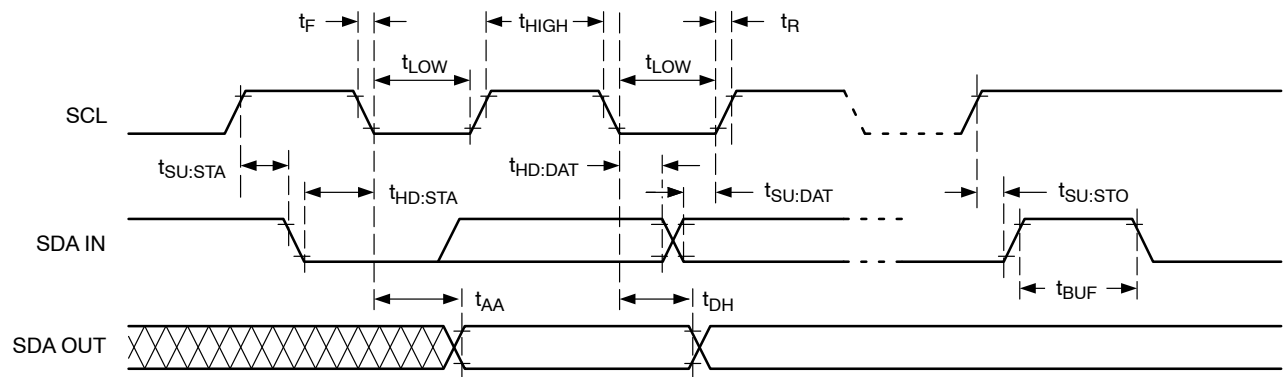


Figure 5. Bus Timing

WRITE OPERATIONS

Byte Write

In Byte Write mode, the Master sends the START condition and the Slave address with the R/W bit set to zero to the Slave. After the Slave generates an acknowledge, the Master sends the byte address that is to be written into the address pointer of the NV24Cxx. After receiving another acknowledge from the Slave, the Master transmits the data byte to be written into the addressed memory location. The NV24Cxx device will acknowledge the data byte and the Master generates the STOP condition, at which time the device begins its internal Write cycle to nonvolatile memory (Figure 6). While this internal cycle is in progress (t_{WR}), the SDA output will be tri-stated and the NV24Cxx will not respond to any request from the Master device (Figure 7).

Page Write

The NV24Cxx writes up to 16 bytes of data in a single write cycle, using the Page Write operation (Figure 8). The Page Write operation is initiated in the same manner as the Byte Write operation, however instead of terminating after the data byte is transmitted, the Master is allowed to send up to fifteen additional bytes. After each byte has been transmitted the NV24Cxx will respond with an acknowledge and internally increments the four low order address bits. The high order bits that define the page address remain unchanged. If the Master transmits more than sixteen bytes prior to sending the STOP condition, the address counter 'wraps around' to the beginning of page and previously transmitted data will be overwritten. Once all

sixteen bytes are received and the STOP condition has been sent by the Master, the internal Write cycle begins. At this point all received data is written to the NV24Cxx in a single write cycle.

Acknowledge Polling

The acknowledge (ACK) polling routine can be used to take advantage of the typical write cycle time. Once the stop condition is issued to indicate the end of the host's write operation, the NV24Cxx initiates the internal write cycle. The ACK polling can be initiated immediately. This involves issuing the start condition followed by the slave address for a write operation. If the NV24Cxx is still busy with the write operation, NoACK will be returned. If the NV24Cxx has completed the internal write operation, an ACK will be returned and the host can then proceed with the next read or write operation.

Hardware Write Protection

With the WP pin held HIGH, the entire memory is protected against Write operations. If the WP pin is left floating or is grounded, it has no impact on the operation of the NV24Cxx. The state of the WP pin is strobed on the last falling edge of SCL immediately preceding the first data byte (Figure 9). If the WP pin is HIGH during the strobe interval, the NV24Cxx will not acknowledge the data byte and the Write request will be rejected.

Delivery State

The NV24Cxx is shipped erased, i.e., all bytes are FFh.

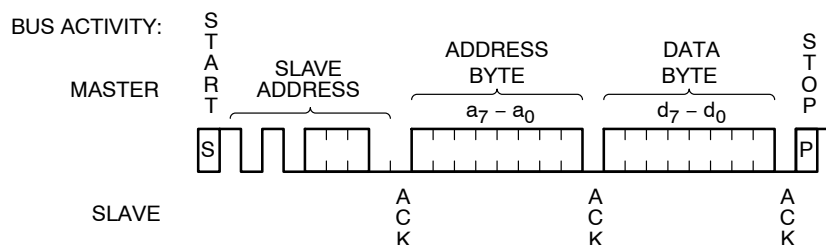


Figure 6. Byte Write Sequence

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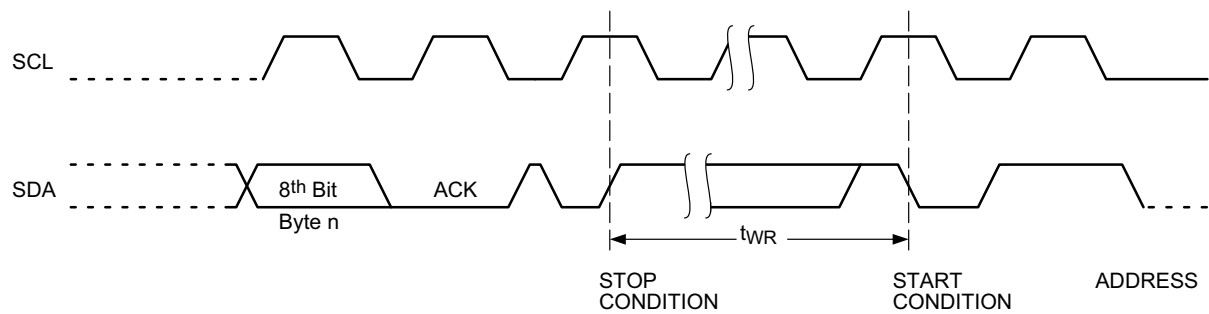


Figure 7. Write Cycle Timing

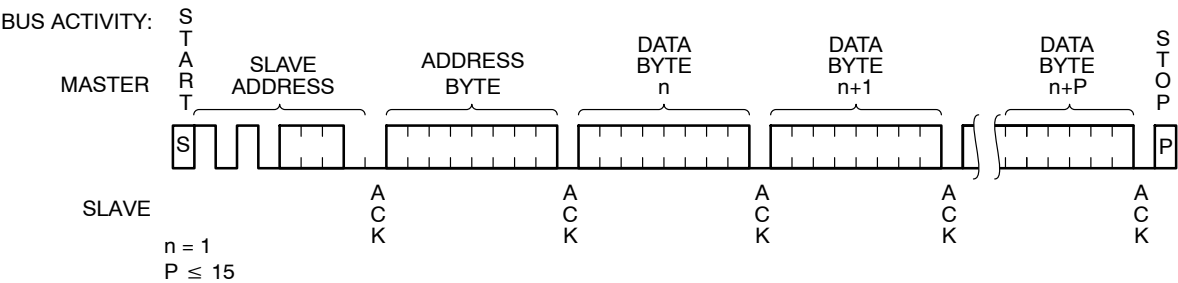


Figure 8. Page Write Sequence

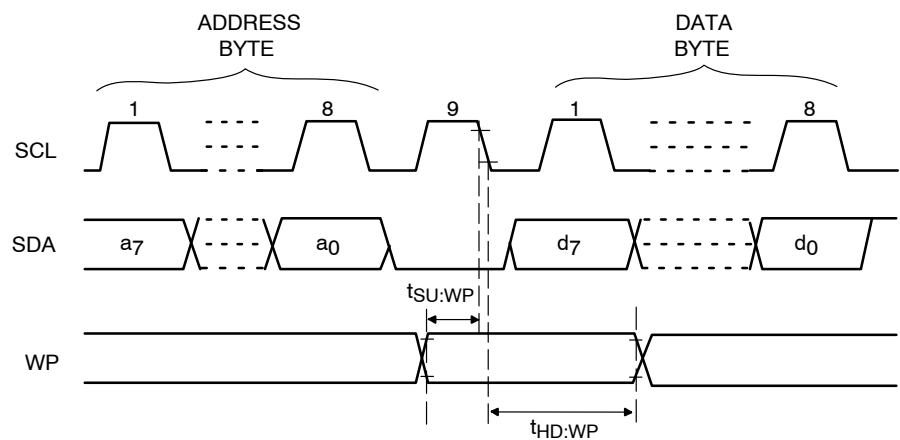


Figure 9. WP Timing

READ OPERATIONS

Immediate Read

Upon receiving a Slave address with the R/W bit set to '1', the NV24Cxx will interpret this as a request for data residing at the current byte address in memory. The NV24Cxx will acknowledge the Slave address, will immediately shift out the data residing at the current address, and will then wait for the Master to respond. If the Master does not acknowledge the data (NoACK) and then follows up with a STOP condition (Figure 10), the NV24Cxx returns to Standby mode.

Selective Read

Selective Read operations allow the Master device to select at random any memory location for a read operation. The Master device first performs a 'dummy' write operation by sending the START condition, slave address and byte

address of the location it wishes to read. After the NV24Cxx acknowledges the byte address, the Master device resends the START condition and the slave address, this time with the R/W bit set to one. The NV24Cxx then responds with its acknowledge and sends the requested data byte. The Master device does not acknowledge the data (NoACK) but will generate a STOP condition (Figure 11).

Sequential Read

If during a Read session, the Master acknowledges the 1st data byte, then the NV24Cxx will continue transmitting data residing at subsequent locations until the Master responds with a NoACK, followed by a STOP (Figure 12). In contrast to Page Write, during Sequential Read the address count will automatically increment to and then wrap-around at end of memory (rather than end of page).

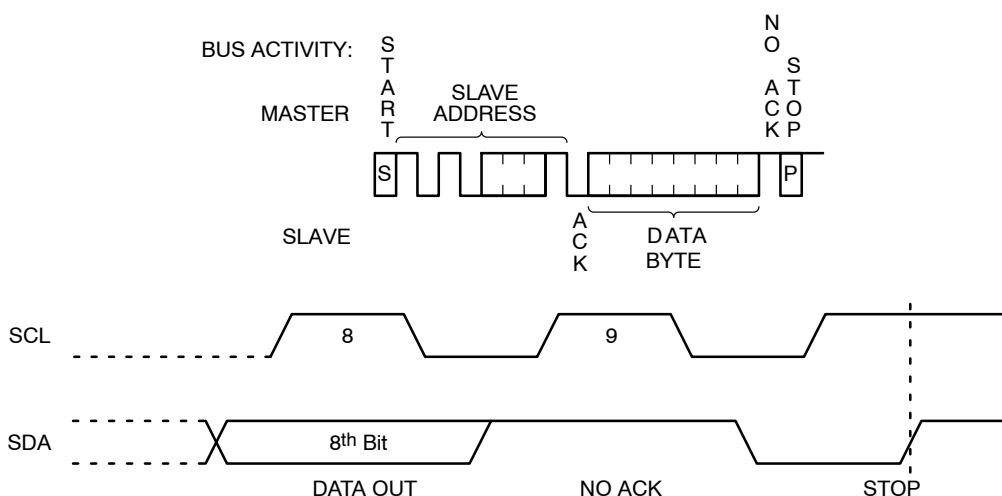


Figure 10. Immediate Read Sequence and Timing

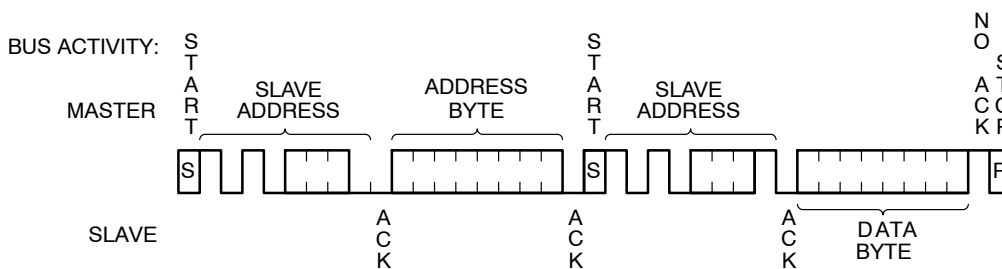


Figure 11. Selective Read Sequence

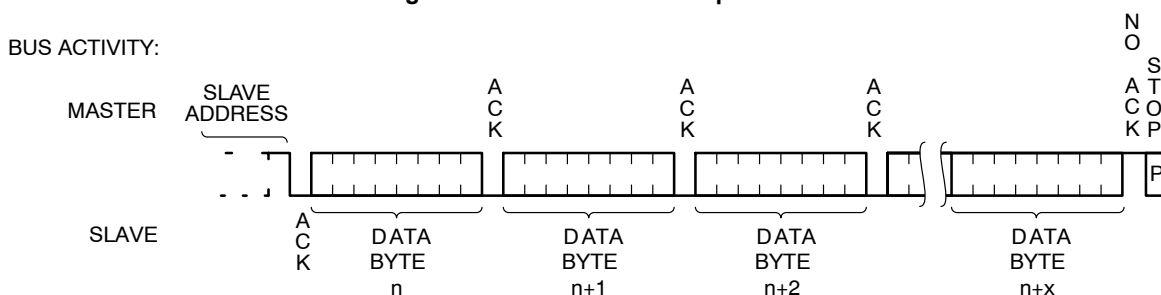
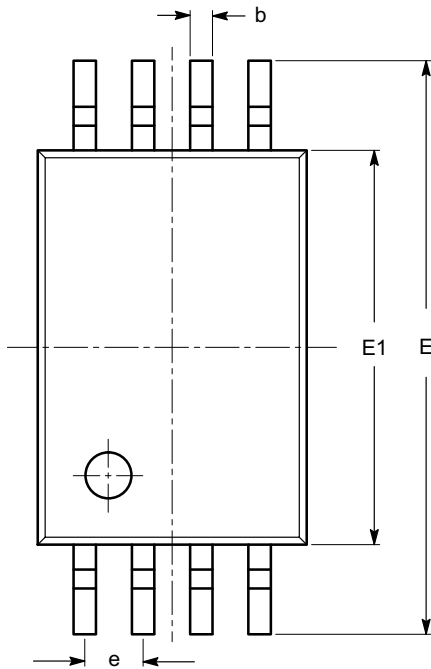


Figure 12. Sequential Read Sequence

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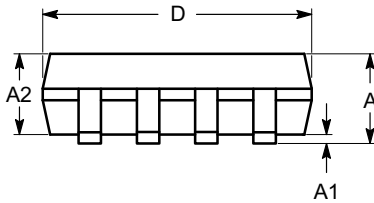
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

TSSOP8, 4.4x3
CASE 948AL-01
ISSUE O

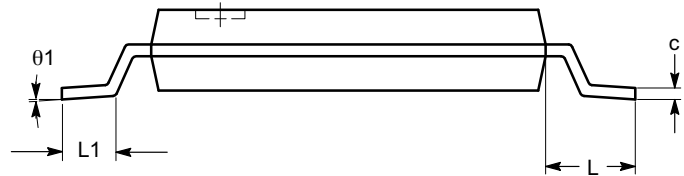


SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX
A			1.20
A1	0.05		0.15
A2	0.80	0.90	1.05
b	0.19		0.30
c	0.09		0.20
D	2.90	3.00	3.10
E	6.30	6.40	6.50
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50
e	0.65 BSC		
L	1.00 REF		
L1	0.50	0.60	0.75
θ	0°		8°

TOP VIEW



SIDE VIEW



END VIEW

Notes:

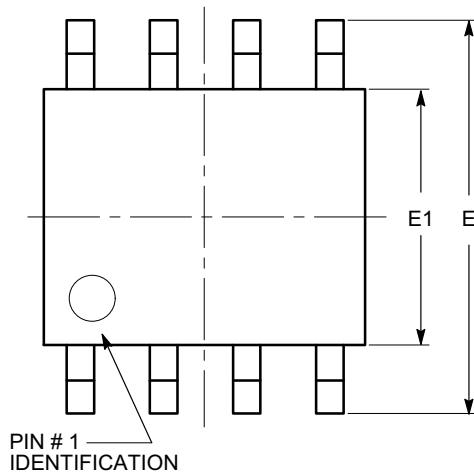
- (1) All dimensions are in millimeters. Angles in degrees.
- (2) Complies with JEDEC MO-153.

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN

NV24C04LV, NV24C08LV, NV24C16LV

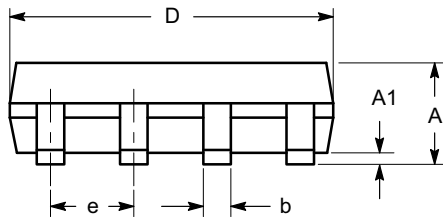
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOIC 8, 150 mils
CASE 751BD-01
ISSUE O

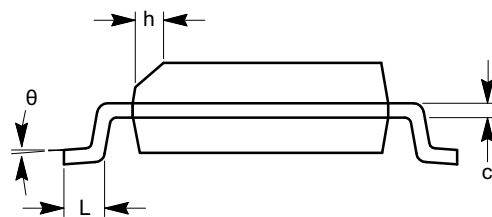


TOP VIEW

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	1.35		1.75
A1	0.10		0.25
b	0.33		0.51
c	0.19		0.25
D	4.80		5.00
E	5.80		6.20
E1	3.80		4.00
e	1.27 BSC		
h	0.25		0.50
L	0.40		1.27
θ	0°		8°



SIDE VIEW



END VIEW

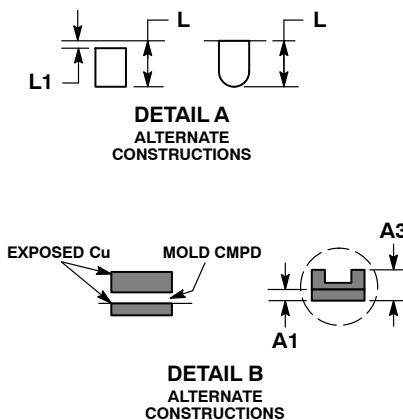
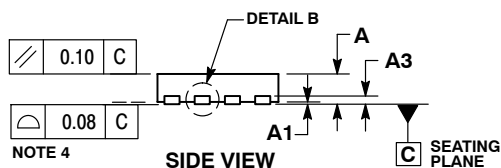
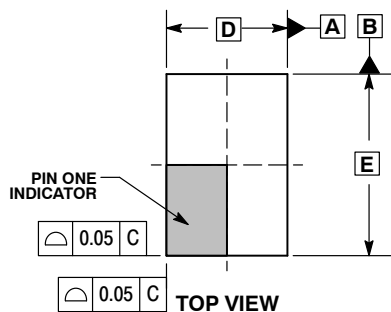
Notes:

- (1) All dimensions are in millimeters. Angles in degrees.
- (2) Complies with JEDEC MS-012.

NV24C04LV, NV24C08LV, NV24C16LV

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

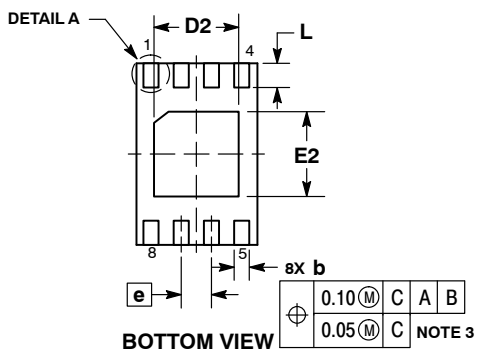
UDFN8 2x3, 0.5P
CASE 517DH
ISSUE O



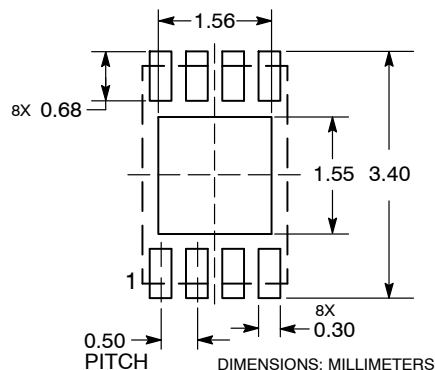
NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
3. DIMENSION b APPLIES TO PLATED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.15 AND 0.25MM FROM THE TERMINAL TIP.
4. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED PAD AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.
5. FOR DEVICE OPN CONTAINING W OPTION, DETAIL B ALTERNATE CONSTRUCTION IS NOT APPLICABLE.

DIM	MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX
A	0.45	0.55
A1	0.00	0.05
A3	0.13	REF
b	0.20	0.30
D	2.00	BSC
D2	1.30	1.50
E	3.00	BSC
E2	1.30	1.50
e	0.50	BSC
L	0.30	0.50
L1	---	0.15



RECOMMENDED SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*

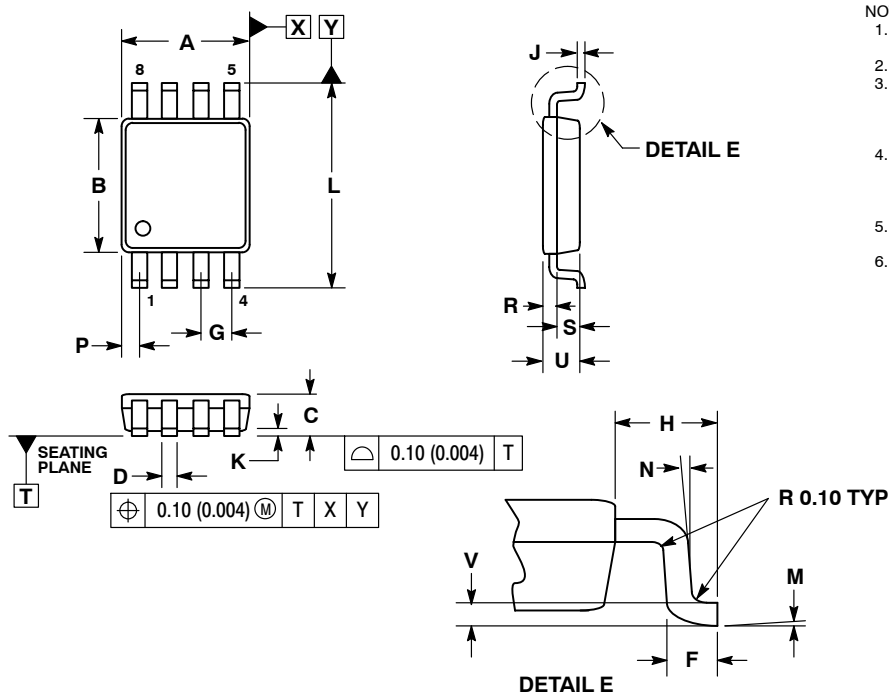


*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

NV24C04LV, NV24C08LV, NV24C16LV

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

US8
CASE 493
ISSUE D

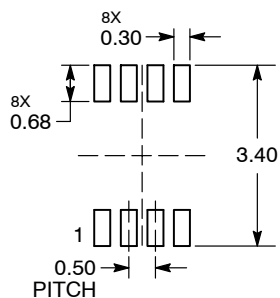


NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
3. DIMENSION A DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSION OR GATE BURR. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSION AND GATE BURR SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.14MM (0.0055") PER SIDE.
4. DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION. INTERLEAD FLASH AND PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.14MM (0.0055") PER SIDE.
5. LEAD FINISH IS SOLDER PLATING WITH THICKNESS OF 0.0076-0.0203MM (0.003-0.008").
6. ALL TOLERANCE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED $\pm 0.0508\text{MM}$ (0.0002").

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	1.90	2.10	0.075	0.083
B	2.20	2.40	0.087	0.094
C	0.60	0.90	0.024	0.035
D	0.17	0.25	0.007	0.010
F	0.20	0.35	0.008	0.014
G	0.50 BSC		0.020 BSC	
H	0.40 REF		0.016 REF	
J	0.10	0.18	0.004	0.007
K	0.00	0.10	0.000	0.004
L	3.00	3.20	0.118	0.128
M	0°	6°	0°	6°
N	0°	10°	0°	10°
P	0.23	0.34	0.010	0.013
R	0.23	0.33	0.009	0.013
S	0.37	0.47	0.015	0.019
U	0.60	0.80	0.024	0.031
V	0.12 BSC		0.005 BSC	

RECOMMENDED SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



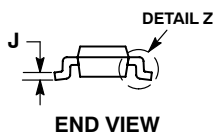
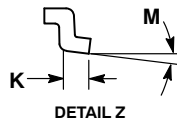
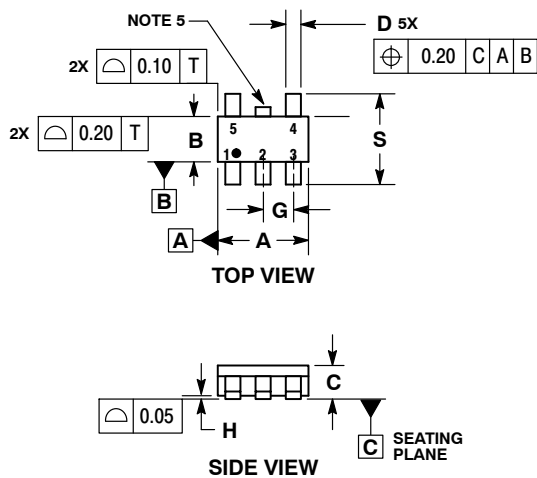
DIMENSIONS: MILLIMETERS

*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

NV24C04LV, NV24C08LV, NV24C16LV

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

TSOP-5
CASE 483
ISSUE M

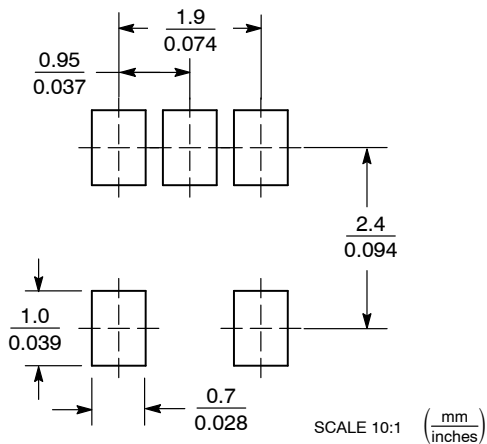


NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
3. MAXIMUM LEAD THICKNESS INCLUDES LEAD FINISH THICKNESS. MINIMUM LEAD THICKNESS IS THE MINIMUM THICKNESS OF BASE MATERIAL.
4. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS, OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS, OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 PER SIDE. DIMENSION A.
5. OPTIONAL CONSTRUCTION: AN ADDITIONAL TRIMMED LEAD IS ALLOWED IN THIS LOCATION. TRIMMED LEAD NOT TO EXTEND MORE THAN 0.2 FROM BODY.

DIM	MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX
A	2.85	3.15
B	1.35	1.65
C	0.90	1.10
D	0.25	0.50
G	0.95 BSC	
H	0.01	0.10
J	0.10	0.26
K	0.20	0.60
M	0 °	10 °
S	2.50	3.00

SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

NV24C04LV, NV24C08LV, NV24C16LV

ORDERING INFORMATION


OPN	Density (Kb)	Package Type	Temperature Range	Shipping
NV24C04UVLT2G	4	US-8	V = Automotive Grade 1 (-40°C to +125°C)	Tape & Reel, 2,000 Units / Reel
NV24C04MUW3VLTBG	4	UDFN-8 Wettable Flank	V = Automotive Grade 1 (-40°C to +125°C)	Tape & Reel, 3,000 Units / Reel
NV24C04DWVLT3G	4	SOIC-8	V = Automotive Grade 1 (-40°C to +125°C)	Tape & Reel, 3,000 Units / Reel
NV24C04DTVLT3G	4	TSSOP-8	V = Automotive Grade 1 (-40°C to +125°C)	Tape & Reel, 3,000 Units / Reel
NV24C04SNVLT3G*	4	TSOP-5	V = Automotive Grade 1 (-40°C to +125°C)	Tape & Reel, 3,000 Units / Reel
NV24C08UVLT2G	8	US-8	V = Automotive Grade 1 (-40°C to +125°C)	Tape & Reel, 2,000 Units / Reel
NV24C08MUW3VLTBG	8	UDFN-8 Wettable Flank	V = Automotive Grade 1 (-40°C to +125°C)	Tape & Reel, 3,000 Units / Reel
NV24C08DWVLT3G	8	SOIC-8	V = Automotive Grade 1 (-40°C to +125°C)	Tape & Reel, 3,000 Units / Reel
NV24C08DTVLT3G	8	TSSOP-8	V = Automotive Grade 1 (-40°C to +125°C)	Tape & Reel, 3,000 Units / Reel
NV24C08SNVLT3G*	8	TSOP-5	V = Automotive Grade 1 (-40°C to +125°C)	Tape & Reel, 3,000 Units / Reel
NV24C16UVLT2G	16	US-8	V = Automotive Grade 1 (-40°C to +125°C)	Tape & Reel, 2,000 Units / Reel
NV24C16MUW3VLTBG	16	UDFN-8 Wettable Flank	V = Automotive Grade 1 (-40°C to +125°C)	Tape & Reel, 3,000 Units / Reel
NV24C16DWVLT3G	16	SOIC-8	V = Automotive Grade 1 (-40°C to +125°C)	Tape & Reel, 3,000 Units / Reel
NV24C16DTVLT3G	16	TSSOP-8	V = Automotive Grade 1 (-40°C to +125°C)	Tape & Reel, 3,000 Units / Reel
NV24C16SNVLT3G*	16	TSOP-5	V = Automotive Grade 1 (-40°C to +125°C)	Tape & Reel, 3,000 Units / Reel

9. All packages are RoHS-compliant (Lead-free, Halogen-free).

10. For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

*Product in development.

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NV24C02LV/D

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