

## CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

### RoHS 6/6 Compliant



### Applications

- Wide band power amplifier
- Broadcast systems
- Lasers
- Acoustic noise sensitive systems
- LED signage

### Description

The CC1600 is a conduction-cooled, industrial-grade rectifier designed for reliable operation in both outdoor and indoor applications. With high-range ac input (200-240 Vac), it can deliver the maximum 1600W at case temperatures less than 50°C. With low-range ac input (100-120 Vac), it delivers up to 1200W at case temperatures less than 50°C.

The CC1600 has an extremely wide programmable output voltage capability. Featuring high-density, fully enclosed, conduction-cooled packaging, it is designed for minimal space utilization

### Features

- Efficiency exceeding 94%<sup>1</sup>
- Compact form factor 11.52" L x 5.29" W x 1.83" H with max 14.3 W/in<sup>3</sup> density
- 1600W from nominal 200-240V<sub>AC</sub> <50°C baseplate
- 1200W from nominal 100–120V<sub>AC</sub> for V<sub>O</sub> < 52V<sub>DC</sub>, < 50°C baseplate
- Output voltage programmable from 42V – 58V<sub>DC</sub>
- "Floating" output for positive or negative polarity
- Remote ON/OFF control of the main output by RS485
- Comprehensive input, output and overtemperature protection
- Precision measurement reporting of input/output voltage & current
- Power factor correction (meets EN/IEC 61000-3-2 and EN 60555-2 requirements)
- Redundant, parallel operation with active load sharing
- Completely enclosed, conduction cooled
- Adapter card available with I/O screw terminals
- UL\* Recognized, CAN/ CSA† C22.2 specified compliance with IEC60950-1
- CE mark meets 2006/95/EC directive<sup>§</sup>

\* UL is a registered trademark of Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.

† CSA is a registered trademark of Canadian Standards Association.

‡ VDE is a trademark of Verband Deutscher Elektrotechniker e.V.

§ This product is intended for integration into end-user equipment. All CE marking procedures of end-user equipment should be followed. (The CE mark is placed on selected products.)

\*\* ISO is a registered trademark of the International Organization of Standards

<sup>1</sup> At output voltages exceeding 52V<sub>DC</sub>

## CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are absolute stress ratings only, functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operations sections of the data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods can adversely affect the device reliability.

| Parameter  | Symbol    | Min | Max  | Unit     |
|--|-----------|-----|------|----------|
| Input Voltage: Continuous                                      | $V_{IN}$  | 0   | 264  | $V_{AC}$ |
| Operating Case Temperature (sink side) <sup>2</sup>            | $T_C$     | -10 | 75   | °C       |
| Storage Temperature  | $T_{stg}$ | -40 | 85   | °C       |
| Input Isolation voltage to Frame (100% factory Hi-Pot tested)  |           |     | 1500 | $V_{AC}$ |
| Output Isolation voltage to Frame (100% factory Hi-Pot tested) |           |     | 500  | $V_{AC}$ |

### Electrical Specifications

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage,  $V_o=52V_{DC}$ , resistive load, and case temperature  $T_C \leq 50^\circ C$  (where derating starts).  $T_C$  is measured in the middle of the heat-sink side.

| INPUT  |          |      |           |     |            |
|--|----------|------|-----------|-----|------------|
| Parameter  | Symbol   | Min  | Typ       | Max | Unit       |
| Low voltage Turn ON  | $V_{IN}$ |      | 85        | 90  | $V_{AC}$   |
| Operating Input Voltage  |          |      |           |     |            |
| Low-line range   |          | 90   | 100 – 120 | 175 |            |
| High-line range  |          | 176  | 200 - 240 | 264 |            |
| Voltage Swell (no damage)  |          |      |           | 275 |            |
| Low voltage Turn OFF   |          |      |           | 80  |            |
| Hysteresis   |          |      | 5         |     |            |
| High voltage Turn ON   |          |      | 267       |     |            |
| High voltage Turn OFF  |          |      | 272       |     |            |
| Hysteresis   |          |      | 5         |     |            |
| Frequency  | $F_{IN}$ | 45   |           | 65  | Hz         |
| Full-Load Input Current at $V_{IN} =$  | $I_{IN}$ |      | 15.1      |     | $A_{RMS}$  |
| 90-100 $V_{AC}$ , $P_{OUT}=1200W$  |          |      | 12.1      |     |            |
| 110-145 $V_{AC}$ , $P_{OUT}=1200W$   |          |      | 7.6       |     |            |
| 230 $V_{AC}$ , $P_{OUT}=1600W$   |          |      |           |     |            |
| Inrush Current (90-264 $V_{AC}$ , 25°C, excluding X-Capacitor charging)  | $I_{IN}$ |      |           | 25  | $A_{PK}$   |
| Idle Power (230 $V_{AC}$ , $P_{OUT}=0$ )   | $P_{IN}$ |      | 7         | 10  | W          |
| Output OFF   |          |      | 15        | 20  |            |
| Output ON  |          |      |           |     |            |
| Leakage Current to Earth (250 $V_{AC}$ , 60Hz)   | $I_{IN}$ |      |           | 3.5 | $mA_{RMS}$ |
| Harmonic Distortion (85% to 100% of rated load): Class A   |          |      |           | 5   | %          |
| Power Factor (230 $V_{AC}$ , 60–100% of full load)   | PF       | 0.96 | 0.98      |     |            |
| Efficiency ( $V_{OUT} = 52V$ , 50%-100% of full load)  | $\eta$   |      | 90        | 92  | %          |
| 115 $V_{AC}$   |          |      | 93        | 95  |            |
| 230 $V_{AC}$   |          |      |           |     |            |
| Holdup time (230 $V_{AC}$ , $V_{OUT}=52V$ , $P_{OUT}=1200W$ , $T_A \geq -10^\circ C$ , output allowed to decay down to 42 $V_{DC}$ ) | T        | 10   |           |     | ms         |
| Ride-through time  | T        | 10   |           |     | ms         |
| Isolation <sup>3</sup>   |          |      |           |     |            |
| Input (each line) - Chassis  |          | 1500 |           |     |            |

<sup>2</sup> See the derating guidelines under the Environmental Specifications section

<sup>3</sup> According to EN60950; test with equivalent dc voltage is acceptable. "Output" includes control signals. Consult factory before testing to avoid damage

# CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

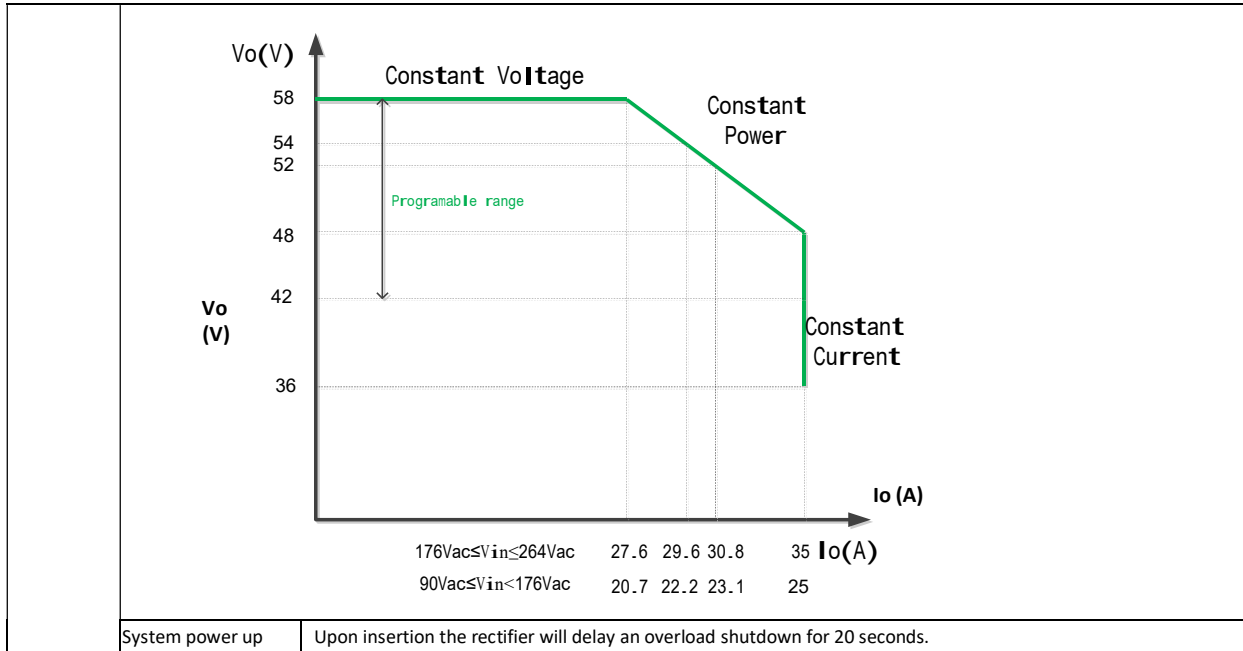
| 52V <sub>DC</sub> MAIN OUTPUT  |   |                  |      |  |      |  |
|--|---|------------------|------|--|------|--|
| Parameter  | Symbol                                    | Min              | Typ  | Max  | Unit |  |
| Maximum Output Power, 48-58 Vdc out<br>Low-line input, 90–145V <sub>AC</sub> , T <sub>C</sub> < 50°C<br>High-line input, 176–264V <sub>AC</sub> , T <sub>C</sub> < 50°C  | P <sub>OUT</sub>                          | 1200<br>1600     |      |  |      | W <sub>DC</sub>                        |
| Derated Output Power at T <sub>C</sub> > 50°C<br>Low-line input, 90–145V <sub>AC</sub> 2%/°C<br>High-line input, 176–264V <sub>AC</sub> 2%/°C  | P <sub>OUT</sub>                          |                  |      |  |      | W <sub>DC</sub>                        |
| Factory set point (T <sub>C</sub> =25°C, I <sub>OUT</sub> =50% full load) <sup>4</sup>   | V <sub>O,NOM</sub>                        | 51.5             | 52   | 52.5   |      | V <sub>DC</sub>                        |
| Overall regulation (load, line, temperature, life)<br>Without controller   | V <sub>OUT</sub>                          |                  |      | ±2   |      | % FL                                   |
| Output Voltage Set Range (software control)  |   | 42               |      | 58   |      | V <sub>DC</sub>                        |
| Maximum Output Current<br>Low-line input, V <sub>OUT</sub> =42.0V (P <sub>OUT</sub> =1200W)<br>Low-line input, V <sub>OUT</sub> =48.0V (P <sub>OUT</sub> =1200W)<br>Low-line input, V <sub>OUT</sub> =52.0V (P <sub>OUT</sub> =1200W)<br>Low-line input, V <sub>OUT</sub> =58.0V (P <sub>OUT</sub> =1200W)<br>High-line input, V <sub>OUT</sub> =42.0V (P <sub>OUT</sub> =1600W)<br>High-line input, V <sub>OUT</sub> =48.0V (P <sub>OUT</sub> =1600W)<br>High-line input, V <sub>OUT</sub> =52.0V (P <sub>OUT</sub> =1600W)<br>High-line input, V <sub>OUT</sub> =58.0V (P <sub>OUT</sub> =1600W) | I <sub>O,FL</sub>                         |                  |      | 25.0<br>25.0<br>23.1<br>20.7<br>33.3<br>33.3<br>30.8<br>27.6 |      | A <sub>DC</sub>                        |
| Current Share (single-wire, up to 12 rectifiers, each >50% full load)  |   |                  | ±3   | ±5   |      | % FL                                   |
| Output Ripple (V <sub>IN</sub> =120/230V <sub>AC</sub> , load > 0.5A, 5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth)<br>Peak-to-Peak (0 to 50°C)<br>RMS   | V <sub>OUT</sub>                          |                  |      | 200<br>50  |      | mV <sub>P-P</sub><br>mV <sub>rms</sub> |
| External Bulk Load Capacitance   | C <sub>OUT</sub>                          | 0                |      | 10,000   |      | µF                                     |
| Turn-On <sup>5</sup><br>Delay<br>Rise Time (hardware signal /RS485)<br>No load to full load<br>Overshoot/Undershoot  | T   |                  | 115  | 5<br><br><br>2   |      | s<br>ms<br>%                           |
| Load Step Response (ΔI <sub>O</sub> /Δt=1A/µs, I <sub>O,START</sub> ≥ 10% full load )<br>ΔI<br>ΔV<br>Settling time (to within 10% peak deviation)  | I <sub>OUT</sub><br>V <sub>OUT</sub><br>T |                  |      | 25<br>±5<br>5  |      | % I <sub>O,FL</sub><br>%<br>ms         |
| Permissible Load Boundary  | Power limit , high line                   | P <sub>OUT</sub> | 1600 |  |      | W                                      |
|  | Low line                                  | P <sub>OUT</sub> | 1200 |  |      | W                                      |
|  | Current limit , high line                 | I <sub>OUT</sub> | 33.3 |  |      | A                                      |
|  | Low line                                  | I <sub>OUT</sub> | 25.0 |  |      | A                                      |
| The overload current limit threshold is set ≅ 5% above the load envelope shown here.   |   |                  |      |  |      |  |

<sup>4</sup> Output is floating; either side can be connected to frame ground.

<sup>5</sup> Monotonic turn-on from 30% to 100% of V<sub>O,NOM</sub> above -5°C operation, and from 60% to 100% of V<sub>O,NOM</sub> below -5°C operation.

# CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V



## Electrical Specifications (continued)

| 52V <sub>DC</sub> MAIN OUTPUT  |                  |          |      |     |                 |  |
|--|------------------|----------|------|-----|-----------------|--|
| Parameter  | Symbol           | Min      | Typ  | Max | Unit            |  |
| Short-circuit current (hiccup mode)  |                  |          | 10   |     | % of full load  |  |
| Under-voltage shutdown <sup>6</sup>  |                  |          |      | 36  | V <sub>DC</sub> |  |
| Over-Voltage (latched shutdown)  | V <sub>OUT</sub> |          | 59.5 |     | V <sub>DC</sub> |  |
| Over-temperature Shutdown (below the max device rating being protected)<br>Restart hysteresis (below shutdown level) | T                | 20<br>10 |      |     | °C              |  |
| Isolation Output-Chassis (Standard, non-POE compliant)   | V                | 500      |      |     | V <sub>DC</sub> |  |

| 8V <sub>DC</sub> Auxiliary output <sup>7</sup> |                  |     |     |     |                 |  |
|--|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----------------|--|
| Parameter                                      | Symbol           | Min | Typ | Max | Unit            |  |
| Output Voltage Set-point                       | V <sub>OUT</sub> |     | 8   |     | V <sub>DC</sub> |  |
| Output Current                                 |                  | 0   |     | 150 | mA              |  |

## General Specifications

| Parameter        | Min  | Typ     | Max | Units   | Notes  |
|------------------|--|---------|-----|---------|--|
| Reliability      |  | 450,000 |     | Hours   | Full load, 25°C ; MTBF per SR232 Reliability protection for electronic equipment, issue 2, method I, case III, |
| Service Life     |  | 10      |     | Years   | Full load 25C  |
| Unpacked Weight  |  | 3.4     |     | Kgs/Lbs |  |
| Packed Weight    |  | 4.0     |     | Kgs/Lbs |  |
| Heat Dissipation | 75 Watts or 246 BTUs @ 80% load, 100 Watts or 341 BTUs @ 100% load |         |     |         |  |

<sup>6</sup> Attempts auto-restart (hiccup) a minimum of three times, then latches off. A restart command from the controller resets this protection.

<sup>7</sup> Designed for internal use only, to bias up to 4 other identical rectifiers. Therefore regulation, ripple & noise are not specified, and **no over-current protection is provided.**

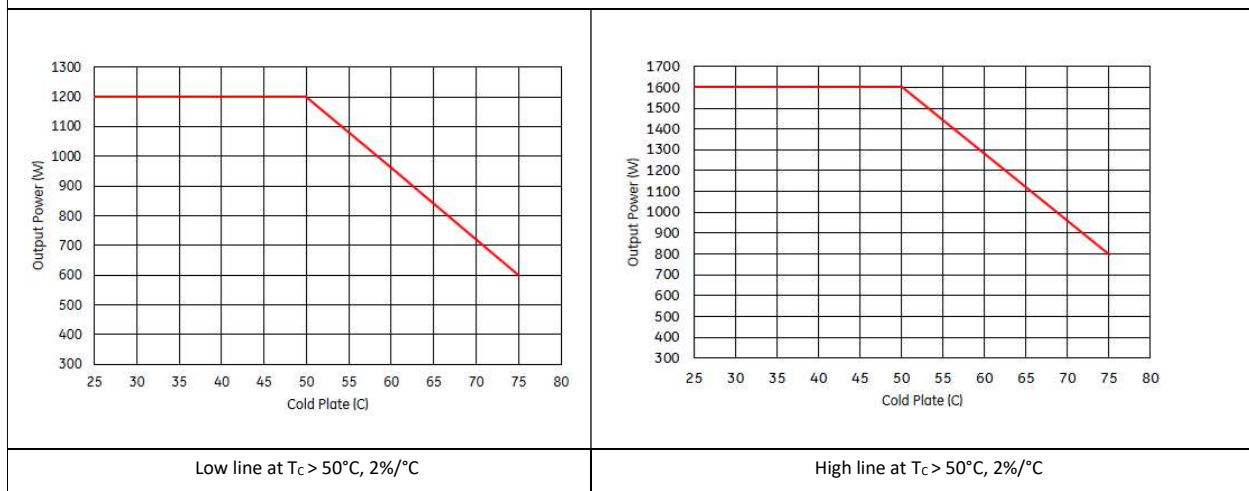
# CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

## Environmental Specifications

| Parameter                               | Min              | Typ | Max         | Units  | Notes  |
|---|------------------|-----|-------------|--------|--|
| Operating Case Temperature <sup>8</sup> | -40 <sup>9</sup> |     | 75          | °C     | Measured in the center of the heatsink side. |
| Storage Temperature                     | -40              |     | 85          | °C     |  |
| Operating Altitude                      |                  |     | 4000/13,100 | m / ft |  |
| Non-operating Altitude                  |                  |     | 8200/27,000 | m / ft |  |
| Power Derating with Temperature         |                  |     | 2           | %/°C   | 50°C - 75°C                                  |
| Acoustic noise                          |                  | 0   |             | dbA    | Full load                                    |
| Humidity<br>Operating<br>Storage        | 5<br>5           |     | 95<br>95    | %<br>% | Relative humidity, non-condensing            |
| Shock and Vibration acceleration        |                  |     | 2.4         | Grms   | IPC-9592B, Class II                          |

Output power derating curve with temperature



Low line at T<sub>c</sub> > 50°C, 2%/°C

High line at T<sub>c</sub> > 50°C, 2%/°C

## EMC

| Parameter | Measurement         | Standard  | Level                 | Test  |
|-----------|---------------------|---|-----------------------|---|
| AC input  | Conducted emissions | EN55022, FCC Docket 20780 part 15, subpart J Meets Telcordia GR1089-CORE by a TBD dB margin | Class A<br>6dB margin | 0.15 – 30MHz                                      |
|           | Radiated emissions  | EN55022   | Class A<br>6dB margin | 30 – 10000MHz                                     |
|           | Line harmonics      | EN61000-3-2 THD   | Table 1<br>5%         | 0 – 2 kHz<br>230V <sub>ac</sub> , full load, 25°C |

<sup>8</sup> With power derating for T<sub>c</sub> > 50°C regardless of low-line and high-line.

<sup>9</sup> Designed to start and work at an ambient as low as -40°C, but may not meet operational limits until above -5°C

## CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

| EMC (continued)    |                             |   |  |                             |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|-----------------------------|
| Parameter          | Measurement                 | Standard                                    | Criteria <sup>10</sup>   | Test                        |
| AC Input Immunity  | Line sags and interruptions | EN61000-4-11                                | B  | -30%, 10ms                  |
|                    |                             |   | B  | -60%, 100ms                 |
|                    |                             |   | B  | -100%, 5sec                 |
|                    |                             |   | Output will stay above 40V <sub>dc</sub> @ 75% load<br>Sag must be higher than 80Vrms. | A                           |
|                    | Lightning surge             | EN61000-4-5, Level 4, 1.2/50μs – error free | A  | 4kV, common mode            |
|                    |                             |   | A  | 2kV, differential mode      |
|                    |                             | ANSI C62.41 - level A3                      | B  | 6kV, common & differential  |
| Fast transients    | EN61000-4-4, Level 3        | A   | 5/50ns, 2kV (common mode)  |                             |
| Enclosure immunity | Conducted RF fields         | EN61000-4-6, Level 3                        | A  | 130dBμV, 0.15-80MHz, 80% AM |
|                    | Radiated RF fields          | EN61000-4-3, Level 3                        | A  | 10V/m, 80-1000MHz, 80% AM   |
|                    |                             | ENV 50140                                   | A  |                             |
|                    | ESD                         | EN61000-4-2, Level 4                        | B  | 8kV contact, 15kV air       |

<sup>10</sup> Criteria A: The product must maintain performance within specification limits. Criteria B: Temporary degradation which is self recoverable. Criteria C: Temporary degradation which requires operator intervention.

# CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

## Characteristic Curves

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the CC1600AC52SXZ01A rectifier and 25°C.

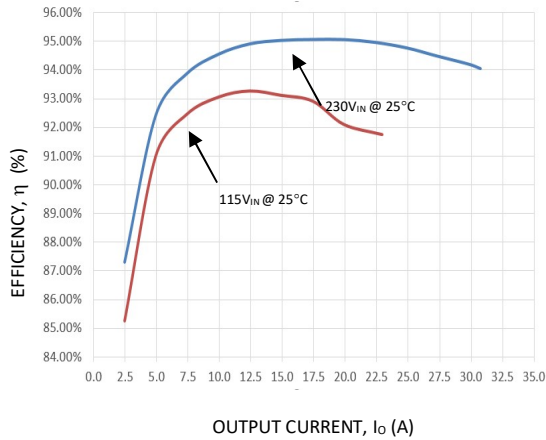


Figure 1. Rectifier Efficiency versus Output Current.

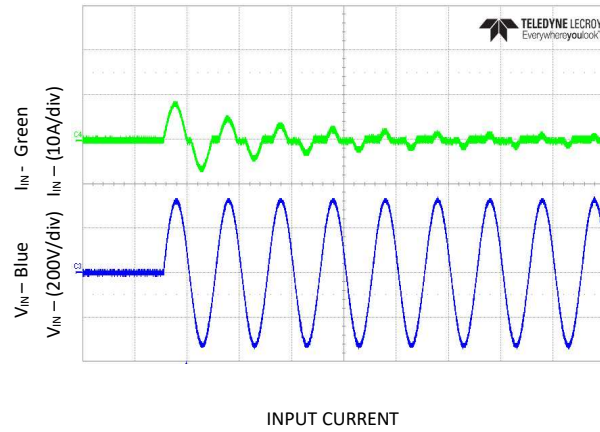


Figure 2. Inrush current  $V_{IN} = 230V_{AC}$ , 0°C phase angle

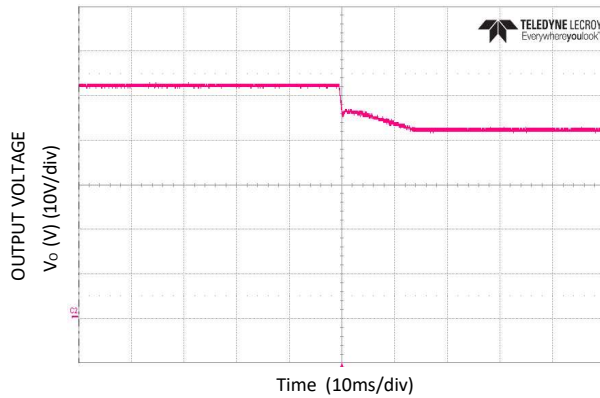


Figure 3. Main output: Output changed from 52V to 42V, full load; commanded via RS485.

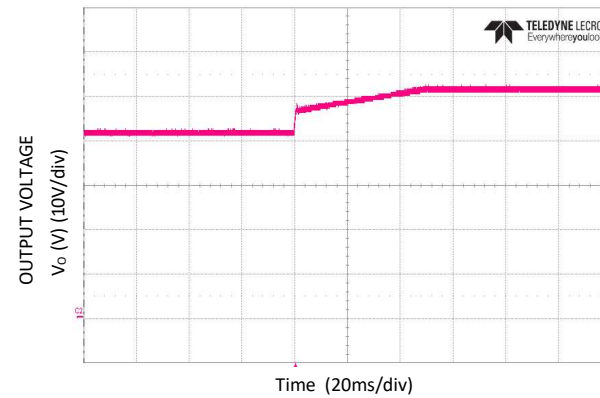


Figure 4. Main output: Output changed from 42V to 52V, full load; commanded via RS485.

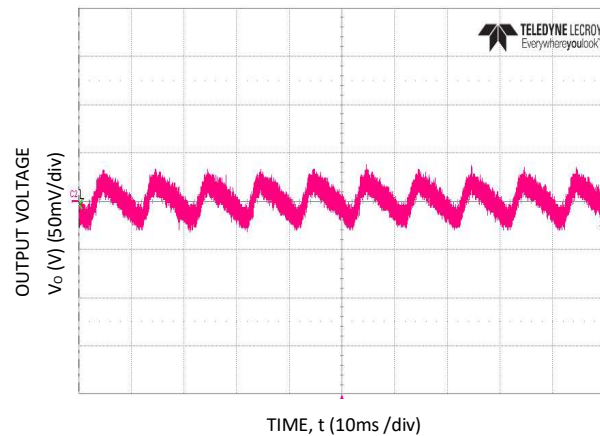


Figure 5. 52V<sub>DC</sub> output ripple and noise, full load,  $V_{IN} = 230V_{AC}$ , 20MHz bandwidth

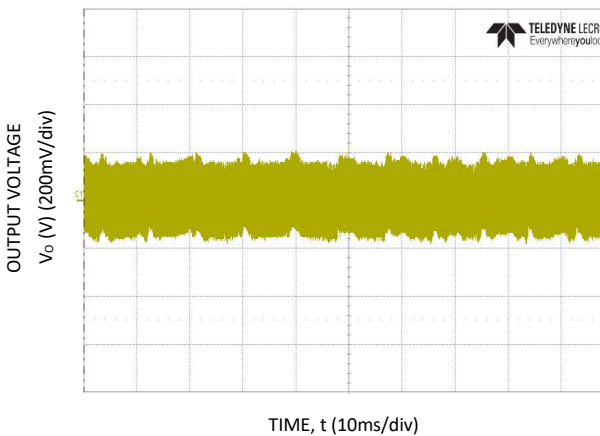


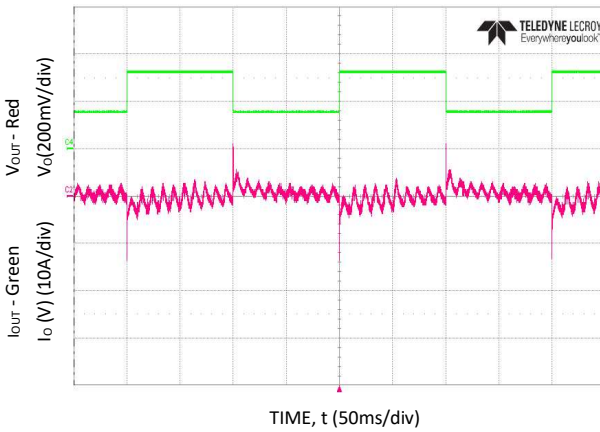
Figure 6. 8V<sub>DC</sub> output ripple and noise, all full load,  $V_{IN} = 230V_{AC}$ , 20MHz bandwidth

# CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

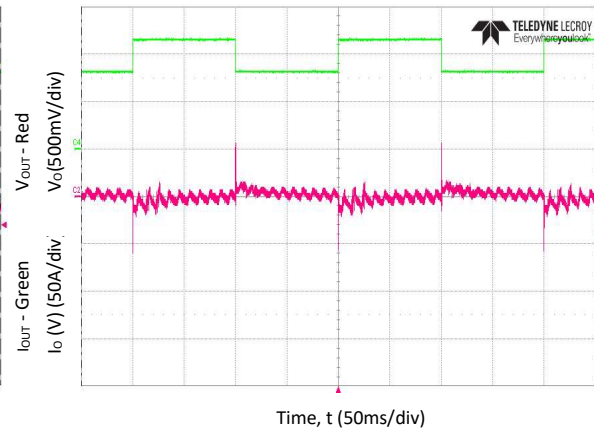
Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

## Characteristic Curves (continued)

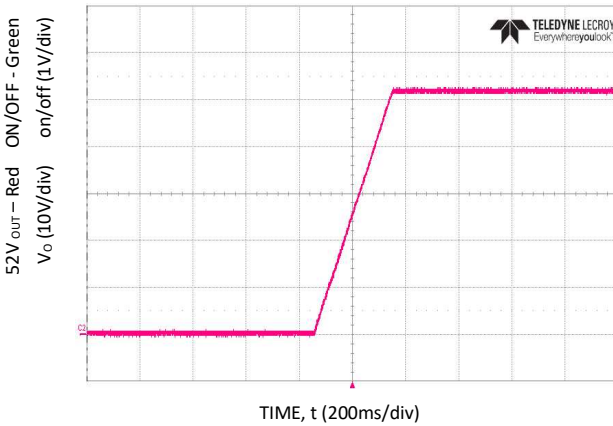
The following figures provide typical characteristics for the CC1600AC52SX rectifier and 25°C.



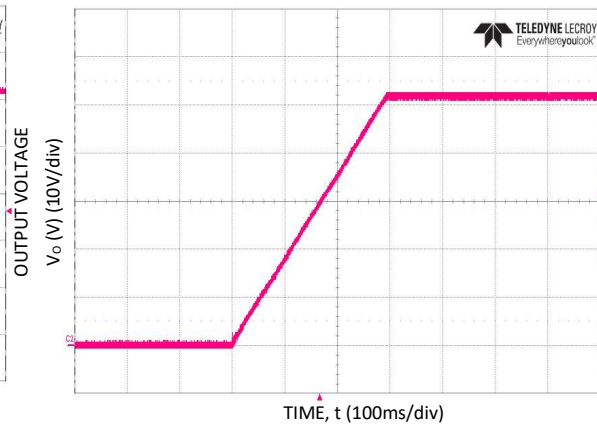
**Figure 7. Transient response 52V<sub>DC</sub> load step 25 – 50%, Slew rate: 1A/μs, V<sub>IN</sub> = 230V<sub>AC</sub>**



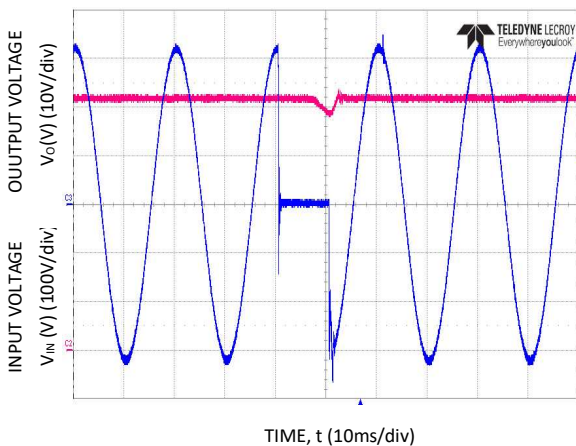
**Figure 8. Transient response 52V<sub>DC</sub> load step 50 – 75%, Slew rate: 1A/μs, V<sub>IN</sub> = 230V<sub>AC</sub>**



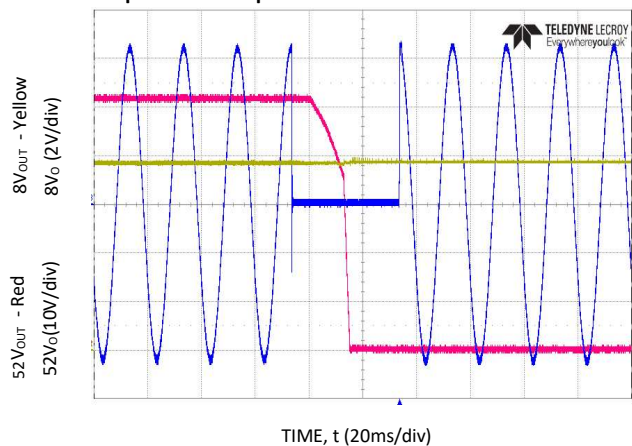
**Figure 9. 52V<sub>DC</sub> soft start, 80% full load V<sub>IN</sub> = 230V<sub>AC</sub>**



**Figure 10. 52V<sub>DC</sub> soft start, 80% full load V<sub>IN</sub> = 230V<sub>AC</sub> with 10000μF external capacitance.**



**Figure 11. Ride through missing ½ cycle, full load, V<sub>IN</sub> = 230V<sub>AC</sub>.**



**Figure 12. 40ms AC dropout @ full load, V<sub>IN</sub> = 230V<sub>AC</sub>.**



# CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

## Characteristic Curves (continued)

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the CC1600AC52SX rectifier and 25°C.

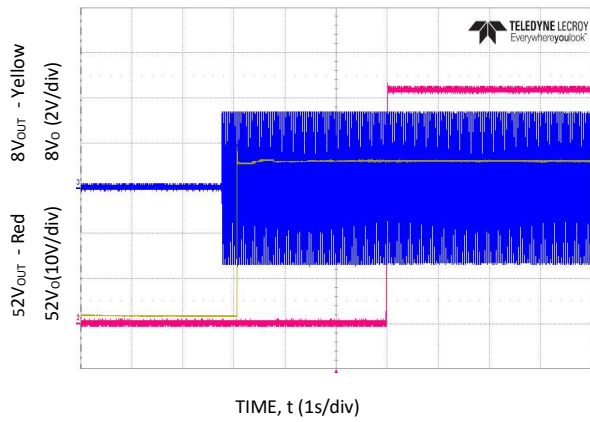


Figure 13. Turn-ON at full load  $V_{IN} = 230V_{AC}$

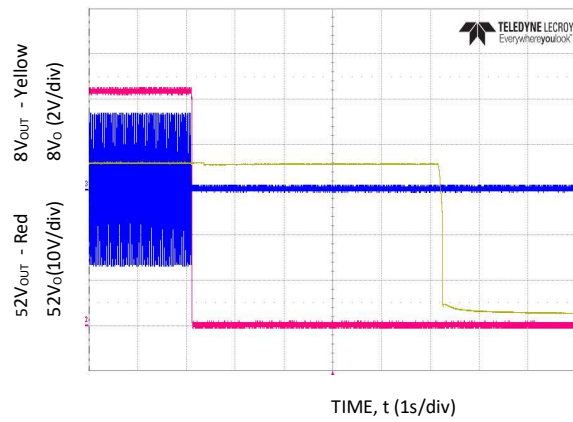


Figure 14. Turn-OFF at full load  $V_{IN} = 230V_{AC}$

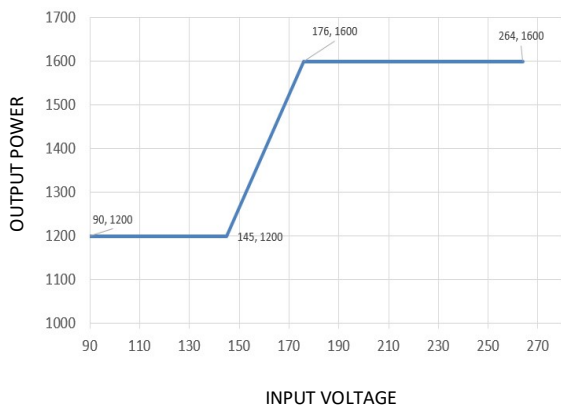


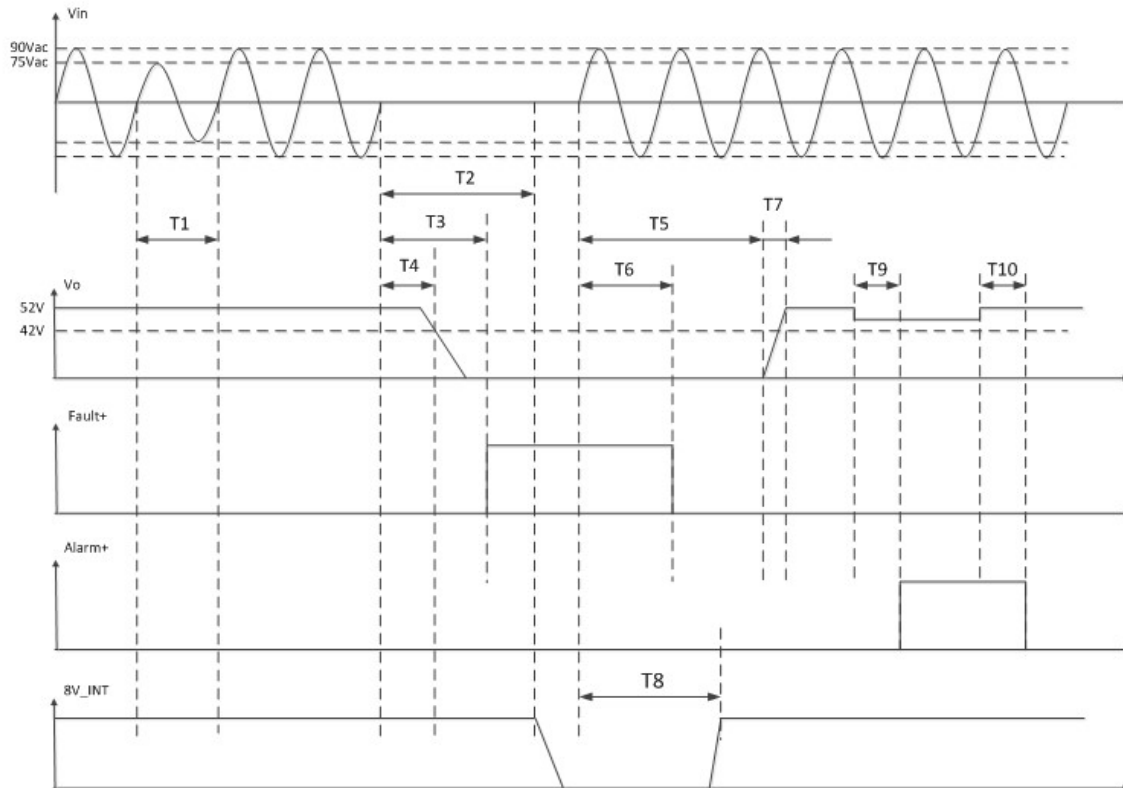
Figure 15. Output power derating below  $V_{IN}$  of 185V<sub>AC</sub>

## CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

### Timing diagrams

#### Response to input fluctuations



T1 – ride through time – 0.5 to 1 cycles [ 10 – 20ms]  $V_{OUT}$  remains within regulation – load dependent

T2 – hold up time of the 8V\_INT output @ full load – 5s – from the time when AC input is failed

T3 – AC failed delay time < 320ms – from when the AC input failed to Fault signal be high

T4 – hold up time > 10ms –  $V_{OUT}$  stays above 42V<sub>DC</sub> for high line and > 18ms for low line

T5 – delay time – 3.3s – from AC returns to regulation to restart of output

T6 – AC failed recovery time – 400ms – from when the AC returns within regulation to Fault signal be low

T7 – rise time - 120ms – the time it takes for  $V_{OUT}$  to rise from 10% to 90% of regulation

T8 – turn on delay time of the 8V\_INT output – 4.7s – 8V\_INT is available at least 3s before the main output is within regulation

T9 – Alarm settle time for current limit – 140ms – from current limit to alarm signal be high.

T10 – Alarm recovery time for current limit – 1s – from releasing of current limitation to alarm signal be low

## CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

### Output Behavior

The rectifier produces power at the output-voltage set-point (either at the factory default when the input AC voltage is within the defined operating input voltage range.

**Current limit.** As shown by the  $V_o$  versus  $I_o$  curve in the Electrical Specifications table, the maximum rectifier current follows a constant-power curve from 48V to 58V (unless the current limit is reset to less than 100%). Overcurrent protection is initiated at 5% above this maximum current. Between 48V and the under-voltage shutdown limit (36Vdc max), the maximum current is fixed. If the output voltage falls below the under-voltage shutdown limit, the rectifier shuts down and automatically attempt to restart. If the input voltage crosses 176 Vac, the current limits jump to new values as shown below the  $V_o$  versus  $I_o$  curve.

**Output Over-Current.** Depending on the input voltage the output behavior shall follow the power curve as described in the Rectifier.

Once the output current limit has reached and the output voltage is  $<36V$ , the rectifier shall enter a hiccup. During restart if the output voltage is still  $<36V$  and over-current is re-triggered, the unit will attempt to restart for 14 seconds, then remain off for 14 seconds, then retry.

**Output Over-Voltage.** If the rectifier's output voltage exceeds the HVSD threshold, the rectifier shall shut down its output. It shall then attempt to restart 3 times. Once 3 successive restarts have been attempted, the rectifier shall be latched off. The rectifier shall remain latched off until either the AC input is cycled.

**Input Over-Voltage.** If the rectifier AC input voltage exceeds the internal over-voltage threshold then the rectifier shall latch shut-down. The rectifier shall remain off until the AC input voltage returns to the allowable input range.

**Over-Temperature.** The unit is protected from over-temperature at multiple internal sense points by shutting down, then restarting after all points have cooled to acceptable levels.

**Restart after a latch off:** To restart after a latch off, any of three restart mechanisms are available:

1. Remove and reinsert the unit.
2. Turn OFF and then turn ON AC power to the unit.
3. The unit may be commanded to restart via RS485 through the Operation command by first turning OFF then turning ON.

Each of these commands must keep the rectifier in the OFF state for at least 2 seconds, with the exception of changing to **restart**.

A successful restart shall clear all alarm registers.

### Control and Status

Analog control inputs are provided only to share load current evenly between rectifiers connected in parallel. These signals are named SHARE+ and SHARE-, described in the "Pin Assignments" table near the end of this datasheet.

**Signal Reference:** There are three different signal "grounds" in the rectifier, Alarm-GND, Sig-GND, and Com-GND. Com-GND is connected to Sig-GND by a 10 ohm resistor inside the rectifier. Alarm-GND has 100V of functional isolation from the other two. Individual signals are referenced to one of these grounds as described in the "Pin Assignments" table near the end of this datasheet.

Com-GND and Sig-GND are connected internally by a 10-ohm resistor so they should never be driven to different potentials. Sig-GND is capacitively coupled to PE inside the rectifier; the voltage difference between them should be kept less than 100V<sub>DC</sub>. Likewise Alarm-GND should not be driven more than 100V<sub>DC</sub> from Sig-Gnd or PE.

### Analog Control Signals

**Load share (Ishare+ and -):** This is a two wire analog signal that is generated and acted upon automatically by rectifiers connected in parallel. Ishare pins should be connected to each other for rectifiers, if active current share among the rectifiers is desired. No resistors or capacitors should get connected to this pin.

**8V\_INT:** Single wire connection between rectifiers, Provides bias to the DSP of an unpowered rectifier.

### Digital Communications

CC1600 supports RS485 communication (with GP protocol). The details are not provided in this datasheet. GE will provide separate application notes on the Galaxy RS485 based protocol for users to interface to rectifier. Contact your local GE representative for details.

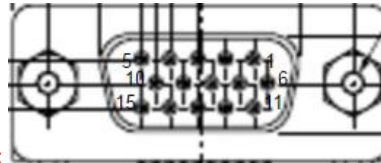
## CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

### Pin Assignments

#### Signal Connector for Screw-Terminal Version (-ES)

|           |          |            |        |         |
|-----------|----------|------------|--------|---------|
| Pin 5     | Pin 4    | Pin 3      | Pin 2  | Pin 1   |
| Fault+    | Alarm+   | 8V_INT     | GND    | RS485_A |
| Pin 10    | Pin 9    | Pin 8      | Pin 7  | Pin 6   |
| ALARM-GND | Reserved | PS-Present | ComGND | RS485_B |
| Pin 15    | Pin 14   | Pin 13     | Pin 12 | Pin 11  |
| ADDR0     | ADDR1    | ADDR2      | Share+ | Share-  |



- Sub D-15 connector (from which direction):

| Pin Number  | Function   | Description  |
|-------------|------------|--|
| Signal Pins |            |  |
| Pin5        | Fault +    | Isolated open collector output with internal 100 ohms series resistor. Closed to ALARM-GND in normal non-FAULT condition. Opens (high resistance) with respect to ALARM-GND during a FAULT condition. Maximum sink current 3mA.  |
| Pin4        | Alarm +    | Isolated open collector output with internal 100 ohms series resistor. Closed to ALARM-GND in normal non-ALARM condition. Opens (high resistance) with respect to ALARM-GND during an ALARM condition. Maximum sink current 3mA. |
| Pin10       | ALARM-GND  | Isolated ground for Fault+ and Alarm+ signals.   |
| Pin12       | Share+     | Current sharing bus  |
| Pin11       | Share-     |  |
| Pin9        | Reserved   | No connect   |
| Pin8        | PS-present | Module present signal connected to ALARM-GND inside the rectifier  |
| Pin2        | GND        | Signal GND for 8V_INT and ADDR0, ADDR1, ADDR2.   |
| Pin15       | ADDR0      | Address signals.   |
| Pin14       | ADDR1      |  |
| Pin13       | ADDR2      |  |
| Pin3        | 8V_INT     | 8 V DC internal back-bias (~150mA)   |
| Pin7        | ComGND     | RS485 circuit reference ground, connected to GND via a low value resistor inside the rectifier.  |
| Pin1        | RS485_A    | RS485 communication signals; RS485_A is the Signal + or non-inverting (+) pin aka '+' aka TxD+/RxD+. RS485_B is the Signal- or inverting (-) pin aka '-' aka TxD-/RxD.   |
| Pin6        | RS485_B    |  |

# CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

## Mechanical Outline (Preliminary)

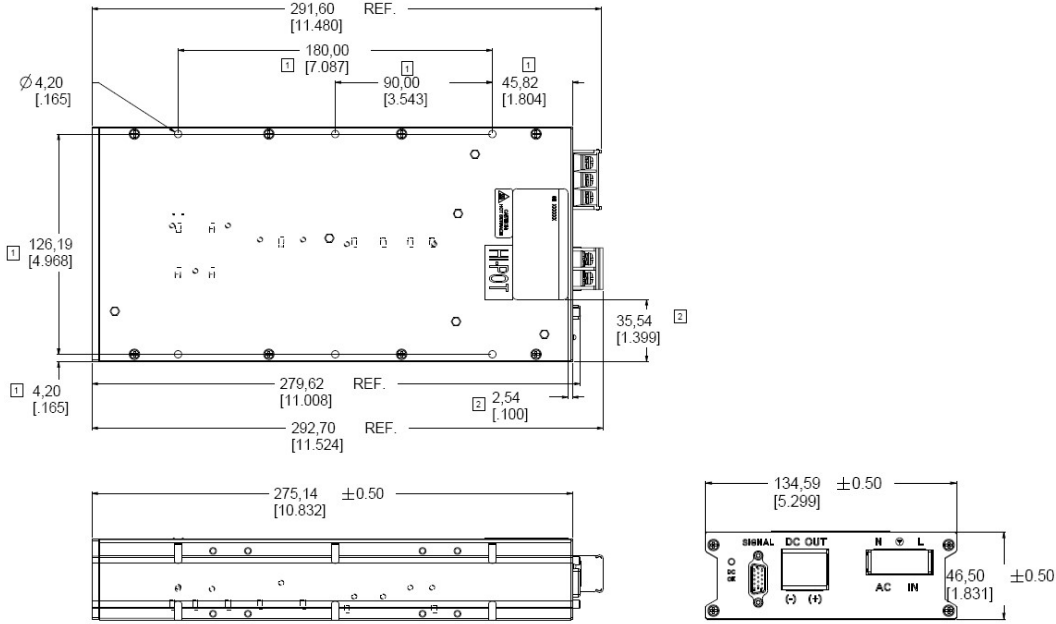
Flatness of sink side  $\pm 0.15$  mm

Outline Dimensions (including protruding connector): 292.70 x 134.59 x 46.50mm (11.524 x 5.299 x 1.831 inch)

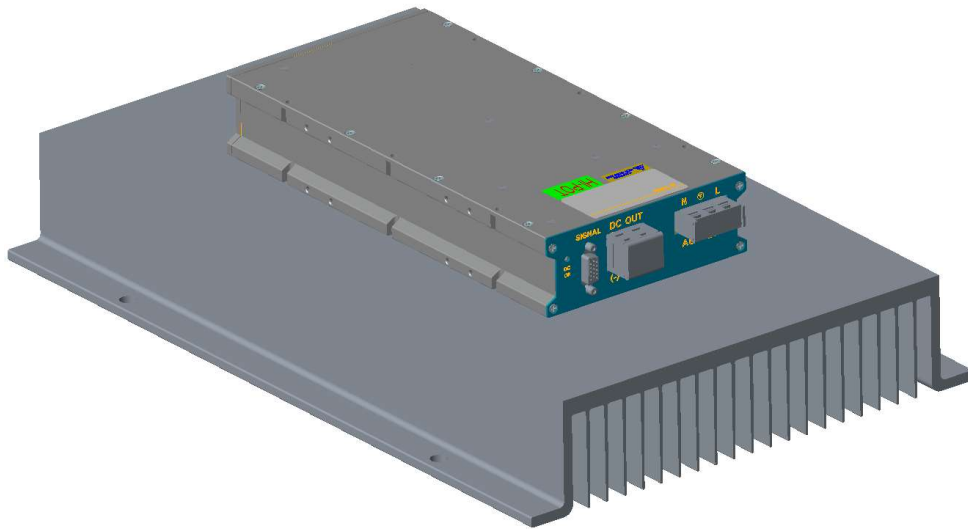
“Cooling side” (for heat transfer) is the large surface as below shown, opposite the label.

The cooling device (cold plate, warm wall or heat sink) should be placed in good thermal contact with the entire cooling surface by using thermal grease or thermal interface pad between rectifier and cold plate.

(Drill 6pcs M4 thread holes on cold plate to matting below 6 pcs  $\phi 4.2$  of rectifier as marked 1.)



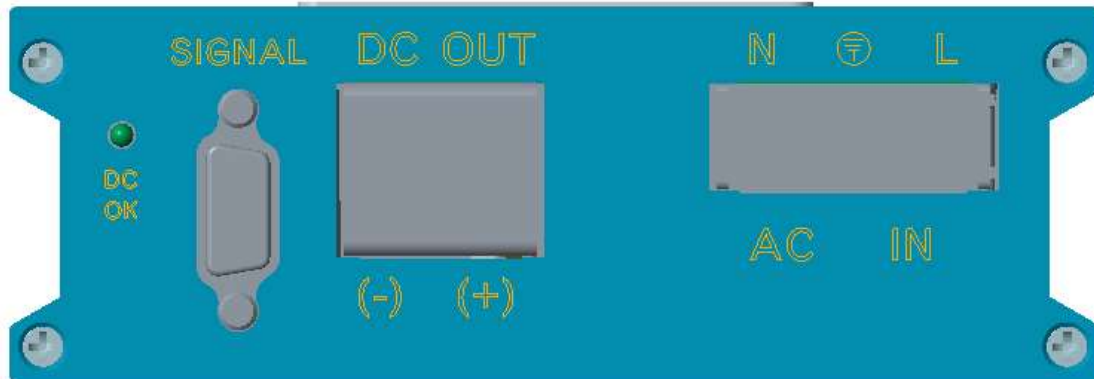
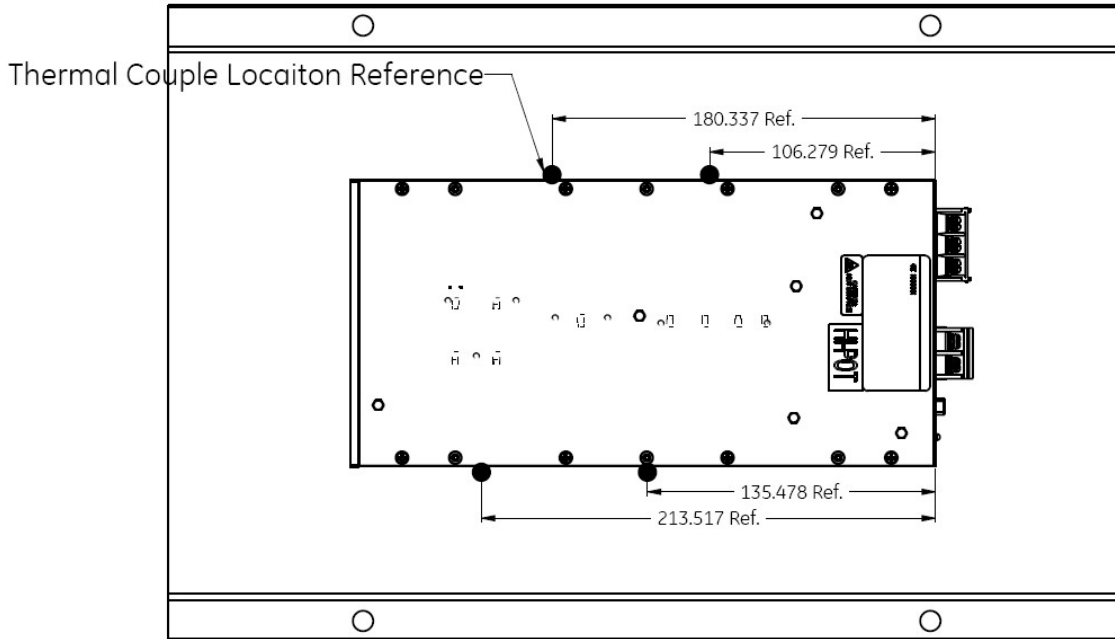
Matting rectifier on the surface of cold plate as below shown.



# CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

The locations of 4 thermal couples reference as below shown.



### Screw-Terminal Connector Option

|                       |             |   |
|-----------------------|-------------|---|
| Input Terminal Block  | 4600096785P | DINKLE: DT-51-B12W-03                                 |
| Output Terminal Block | 4600095190P | DINKLE: DT-66-C11W-02                                 |
| Signal D SUB          | 450051939   | TE: CONN 1734530-3 RIGHT-ANGLE RECEPTACLE ASSY 15P 3R |

### Visual Indicators (LED)

#### "DC OK" LED




The green LED shall illuminate when DC output voltages are within specification and able to provide power.

LED will extinguish immediately when power is removed.

## CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

### Accessories

| Item  | Descrip                                | Part number  |
|---|--|--|
|  | Signal D SUB Matting Connector, 15Pin, | TE Connector: 748364-1<br>Terminal: 1658670-2<br>Cable wire: 10368 or EQ, AWG 24                     |
|  | AC Input Harness                       | Ring Terminal<br>TE PN: 4-51864-1 or EQ<br>Min ID: $\Phi$ 4.3mm<br>Max OD: $\Phi$ 8.4mm<br>AWG: 14GA |
|  | DC Output Harness                      | Ring Terminal<br>TE PN: 8-35787-2 or EQ<br>Min ID: $\Phi$ 4.3mm<br>Max OD: $\Phi$ 9.0mm<br>AWG: 10GA |

### **[[Other desirable accessories]]**

- Signal-cable assembly (with male mini-DB15)
- (maybe) Thermal pad (offer with heatsinks)

## CC1600 Conduction-Cooled Rectifier

Input: 100-120/200-240 Vac; 1200/1600W capable; Output: 52V

### Ordering Information

Please contact your GE Sales Representative for pricing, availability and optional features.

Table 4: Device Codes

| Item             | Description   | Comcode          |
|------------------|---|------------------|
| CC1600AC52SXZ01A | 1600W ACDC fanless 52V rectifier with screw terminals | CC1600AC52SXZ01A |
|                  |   |                  |

## Contact Us

For more information, call us at

USA/Canada:

**+1 877 546 3243**, or +1 972 244 9288

Asia-Pacific:

**+86.021.54279977\*808**

Europe, Middle-East and Africa:

**+49.89.878067-280**

<http://www.geindustrial.com/products/critical-power>



GE Critical Power reserves the right to make changes to the product(s) or information contained herein without notice, and no liability is assumed as a result of their use or application. No rights under any patent accompany the sale of any such product(s) or information.



Компания «Океан Электроники» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Поставка оригинальных импортных электронных компонентов напрямую с производств Америки, Европы и Азии, а так же с крупнейших складов мира;
- Широкая линейка поставок активных и пассивных импортных электронных компонентов (более 30 млн. наименований);
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Помощь Конструкторского Отдела и консультации квалифицированных инженеров;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Поставка электронных компонентов под контролем ВП;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- При необходимости вся продукция военного и аэрокосмического назначения проходит испытания и сертификацию в лаборатории (по согласованию с заказчиком);
- Поставка специализированных компонентов военного и аэрокосмического уровня качества (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Actel, Aeroflex, Peregrine, VPT, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instruments, MS Kennedy, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Компания «Океан Электроники» является официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России одного из крупнейших производителей разъемов военного и аэрокосмического назначения «**JONHON**», а так же официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России производителя высокотехнологичных и надежных решений для передачи СВЧ сигналов «**FORSTAR**».



## JONHON

«**JONHON**» (основан в 1970 г.)

Разъемы специального, военного и аэрокосмического назначения:

(Применяются в военной, авиационной, аэрокосмической, морской, железнодорожной, горно- и нефтедобывающей отраслях промышленности)

«**FORSTAR**» (основан в 1998 г.)

ВЧ соединители, коаксиальные кабели,  
кабельные сборки и микроволновые компоненты:

(Применяются в телекоммуникациях гражданского и специального назначения, в средствах связи, РЛС, а так же военной, авиационной и аэрокосмической отраслях промышленности).



Телефон: 8 (812) 309-75-97 (многоканальный)

Факс: 8 (812) 320-03-32

Электронная почта: [ocean@oceanchips.ru](mailto:ocean@oceanchips.ru)

Web: <http://oceanchips.ru/>

Адрес: 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, д. 2, корп. 4, лит. А