



PTC thermistors for overcurrent protection

Leaded disks, coated, 230 V

Series/Type: **B598****

Date: December 2007

Overcurrent protection**Leaded disks, coated, 230 V****C810 ... C890****Applications**

- Overcurrent and short-circuit protection

Features

- Lead-free terminals
- Manufacturer's logo and type designation stamped on in black or red for $T_{ref} = 80\text{ °C}$ and for $T_{ref} = 120\text{ °C}$ and 130 °C stamped on in white
- Short response times
- UL approval for $T_{ref} = 130\text{ °C}$ to UL 1434 with $V_{max} = 220\text{ V}$ and $V_R = 220\text{ V}$ (file number E69802)
- UL approval for $T_{ref} = 120\text{ °C}$ to UL 1434 with $V_{max} = 230\text{ V}$ and $V_R = 220\text{ V}$ (file number E69802)
- UL approval for $T_{ref} = 80\text{ °C}$ to UL 1434 with $V_{max} = 165\text{ V}$ and $V_R = 145\text{ V}$ (file number E69802)
- VDE approval (license number 104843 E)
- RoHS-compatible

Options

- Leadless disks and leaded disks without coating available on request
- Thermistors with diameter $b \leq 11.0\text{ mm}$ are also available on tape (to IEC 60286-2)

Delivery mode

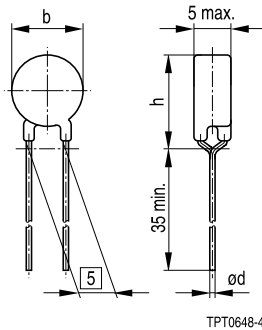
- Cardboard strips (standard)
- Cardboard tape reeled or in Ammo pack on request

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Dimensional drawing



TPT0648-4

Dimensions (mm)

Type	T _{ref} °C	b _{max}	h _{max}	Ød
C810	130	22.0	25.5	0.8
C830	80	22.0	25.5	0.6
C830	120	22.0	25.5	0.6
C830	130	17.5	21.0	0.8
C840	80	17.5	21.0	0.6
C840	120	17.5	21.0	0.6
C840	130	13.5	17.0	0.6
C850	80	13.5	17.0	0.6
C850	120	13.5	17.0	0.6
C850	130	11.0	14.5	0.6
C860	80	11.0	14.5	0.6
C860	120	11.0	14.5	0.6
C860	130	9.0	12.5	0.6

Type	T _{ref} °C	b _{max}	h _{max}	Ød
C870	80	9.0	12.5	0.6
C870	120	9.0	12.5	0.6
C870	130	6.5	10.0	0.6
C872	120	9.0	12.5	0.6
C873	120	9.0	12.5	0.6
C874	120	9.0	12.5	0.6
C875	120	9.0	12.5	0.6
C880	80	6.5	10.0	0.6
C880	120	6.5	10.0	0.6
C880	130	4.0	7.5	0.6
C883	120	6.5	10.0	0.6
C890	80	4.0	7.5	0.5
C890	120	4.0	7.5	0.5

General technical data

Max. operating voltage	(T _A = 60 °C)	V _{max}	265	VDC or VAC
Rated voltage		V _R	230	VDC or VAC
Switching cycles		N	100	
Tolerance of R _R	(T _{ref} = 80 °C or 120 °C)	ΔR _R	±25	%
Tolerance of R _R	(T _{ref} = 130 °C)	ΔR _R	±20	%
Operating temperature range	(V = 0)	T _{op}	-40/+125	°C
Operating temperature range	(V = V _{max})	T _{op}	0/+60	°C

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Electrical specifications and ordering codes

Type	I_R mA	I_S mA	I_{Smax} ($V = V_{max}$) A	I_r ($V = V_{max}$) typ. mA	T_{ref} °C	R_R Ω	R_{min} Ω	Ordering code
C810	650	980	7.0	20	130	3.5	2.3	B59810C0130A070
C830	460	920	7.0	20	120	3.7	2.4	B59830C0120A070
C830	450	680	4.1	15	130	5	3.3	B59830C0130A070
C840	330	500	2.2	13	130	9	5.9	B59840C0130A070
C840	330	660	4.1	15	120	6	3.8	B59840C0120A070
C830	250	510	7.0	15	80	3.7	2.2	B59830C0080A070
C850	200	320	1.5	10	130	13	8.6	B59850C0130A070
C850	200	400	2.2	13	120	10	6.4	B59850C0120A070
C840	170	350	4.1	10	80	6	3.6	B59840C0080A070
C860	140	230	1.0	9	130	25	16.5	B59860C0130A070
C860	140	280	1.5	10	120	15	9	B59860C0120A070
C850	110	230	2.2	8	80	10	6	B59850C0080A070
C870	100	150	0.4	6	130	50	33	B59870C0130A070
C870	100	200	1.0	9	120	25	15	B59870C0120A070
C860	90	180	1.5	6	80	15	7.8	B59860C0080A070
C872	80	160	1.0	9	120	35	21	B59872C0120A070
C873	70	140	1.0	9	120	45	27	B59873C0120A070
C870	60	130	1.0	5	80	25	13	B59870C0080A070
C874	60	125	1.0	9	120	55	31	B59874C0120A070
C875	55	110	1.0	9	120	65	36	B59875C0120A070
C880	55	90	0.2	5	130	160	106	B59880C0130A070
C880	55	110	0.4	6	120	70	39	B59880C0120A070
C883	35	70	0.4	5	120	120	67	B59883C0120A070
C880	30	70	0.4	4	80	70	36.7	B59880C0080A070
C890	30	60	0.2	5	120	150	84	B59890C0120A070
C890	15	40	0.2	3	80	150	78.7	B59890C0080A070

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Reliability data

Test	Standard	Test conditions	$ \Delta R_{25}/R_{25} $
Electrical endurance, cycling	IEC 60738-1	Room temperature, I_{Smax} , V_{max} Number of cycles: 100	< 25%
Electrical endurance, constant	IEC 60738-1	Storage at V_{max}/T_{op} Test duration : 1000 h	< 25%
Damp heat	IEC 60738-1	Temperature of air: 40 °C Relative humidity of air: 93% Duration: 56 days Test according to IEC 60068-2-78	< 10%
Rapid change of temperature	IEC 60738-1	$T = T_{LCT}$, $T = T_{UCT}$ Number of cycles: 5 Test duration: 30 min Test according to IEC 60068-2-14, Test Na	< 10%
Vibration	IEC 60738-1	Frequency range: 10 to 55 Hz Displacement amplitude: 0.75 mm Test duration: 3 · 2 h Test according to IEC 60028-2-6, Test Fc	< 5%
Bump	IEC 60738-1	Pulse shape: half-sine Acceleration: 50 g Pulse duration: 1 ms; 6 · 3 pulses Test according to IEC 60068-2-29	< 5%
Climatic sequence	IEC 60738-1	Dry heat: $T = T_{UCT}$ Test duration: 16 h Damp heat first cycle Cold: $T = T_{LCT}$ Test duration: 2 h Damp heat 5 cycles Tests performed according to IEC 60068-2-30	< 10%

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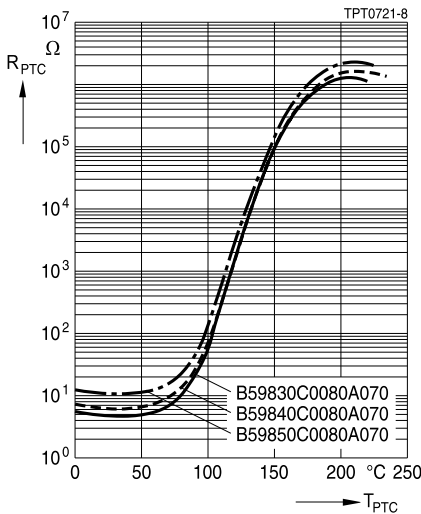
C810 ... C890

Characteristics (typical) for $T_{ref} = 80\text{ °C}$

PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus

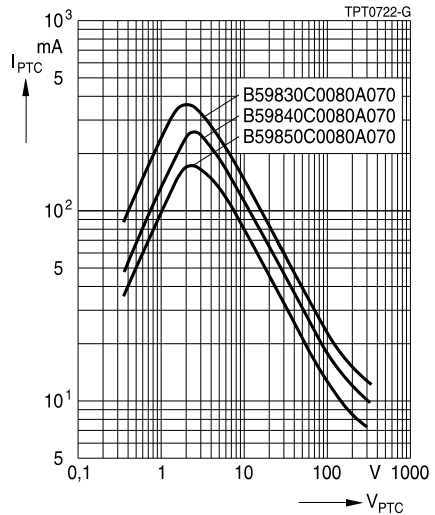
PTC temperature T_{PTC}

(measured at low signal voltage)



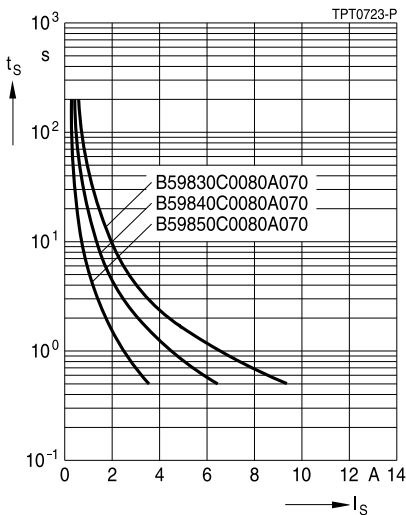
PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC}

(measured at 25 °C in still air)



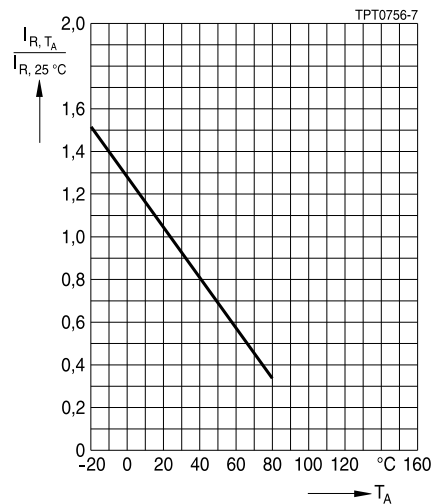
Switching time t_s versus switching current I_s

(measured at 25 °C in still air)



Rated current I_R versus ambient temperature T_A

(measured in still air)



Overcurrent protection

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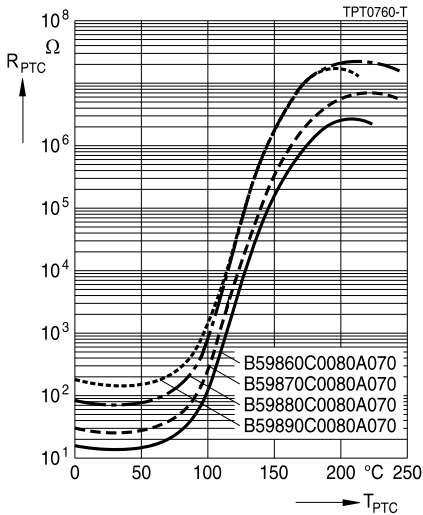
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Characteristics (typical) for $T_{ref} = 80\text{ °C}$

PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus

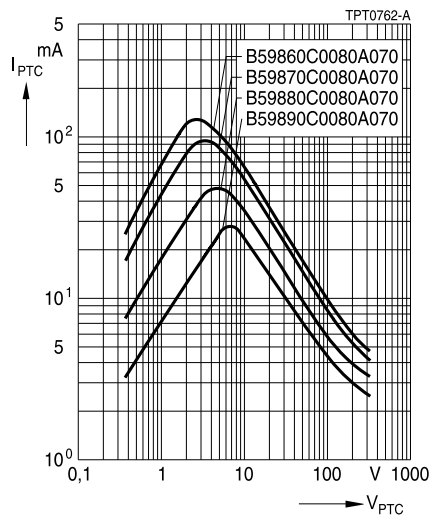
PTC temperature T_{PTC}

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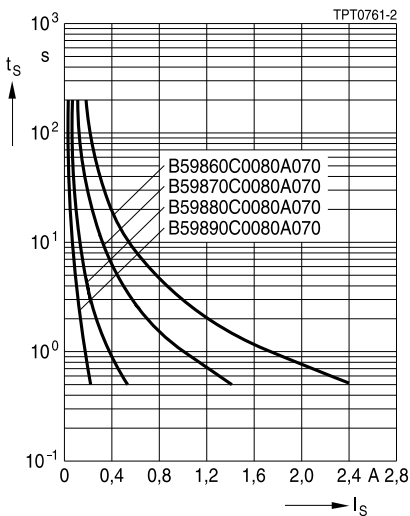
PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC}

(measured at 25 °C in still air)



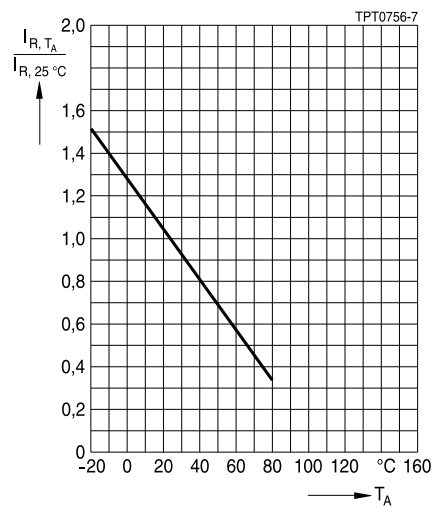
Switching time t_s versus switching current I_s

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Rated current I_R versus ambient temperature T_A

(measured in still air)



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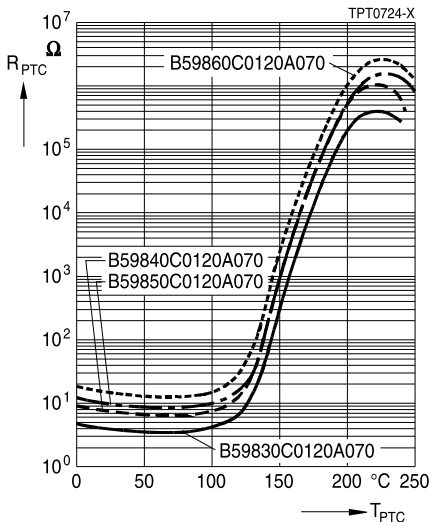
C810 ... C890

Characteristics (typical) for $T_{ref} = 120\text{ °C}$

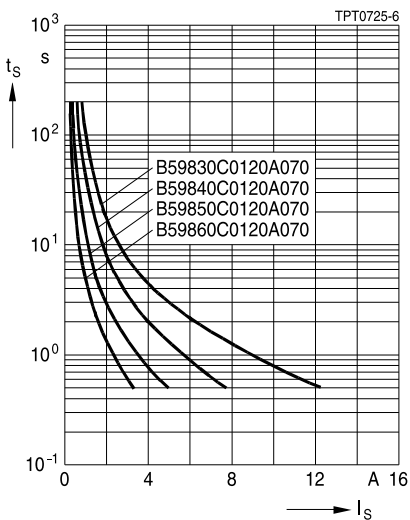
PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus

PTC temperature T_{PTC}

(measured at low signal voltage)

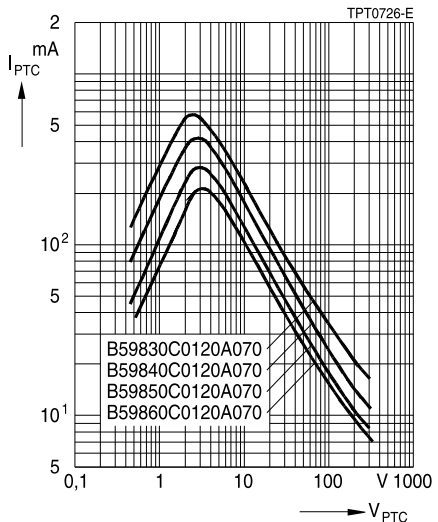


Switching time t_s versus switching current I_s
(measured at 25 °C in still air)

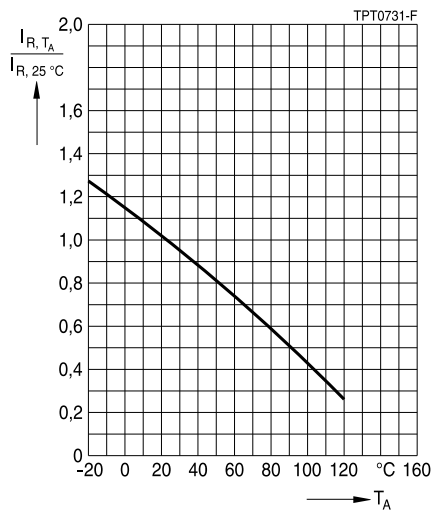


PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC}

(measured at 25 °C in still air)



Rated current I_R versus ambient temperature T_A
(measured in still air)



Overcurrent protection

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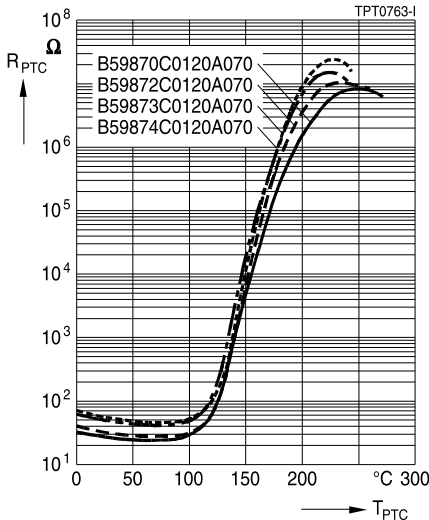
C810 ... C890

Characteristics (typical) for $T_{ref} = 120\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

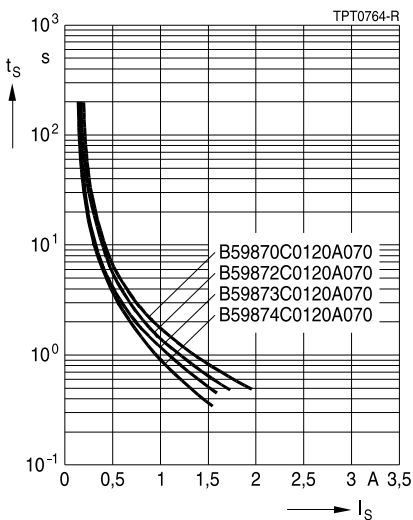
PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus

PTC temperature T_{PTC}

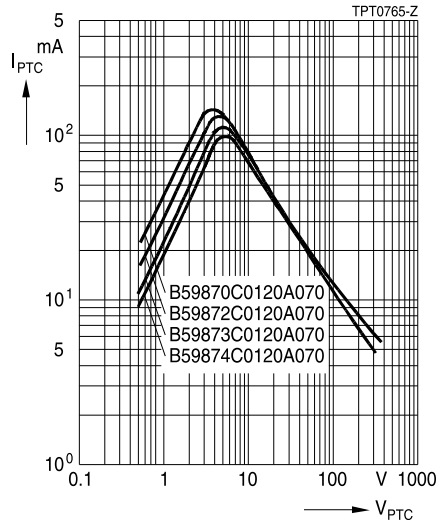
(measured at low signal voltage)



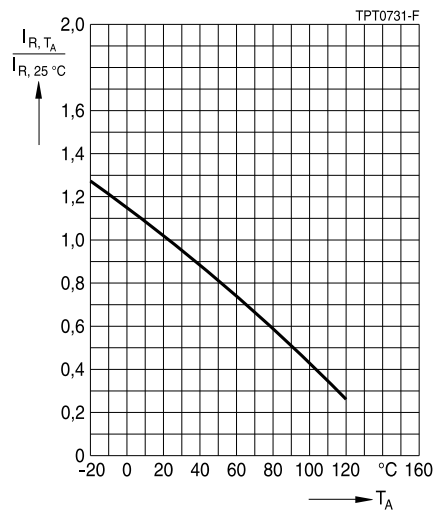
Switching time t_s versus switching current I_s
(measured at 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ in still air)



PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC}
(measured at 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ in still air)



Rated current I_R versus ambient temperature T_A
(measured in still air)



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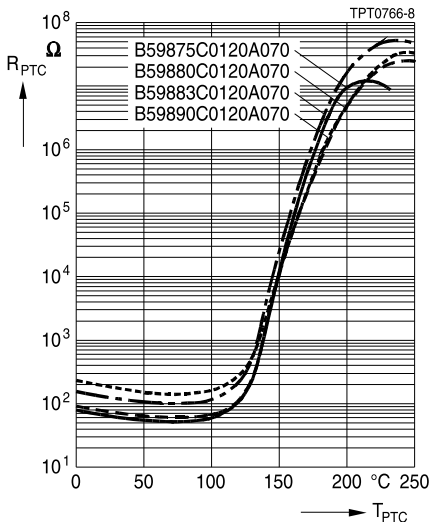
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PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus

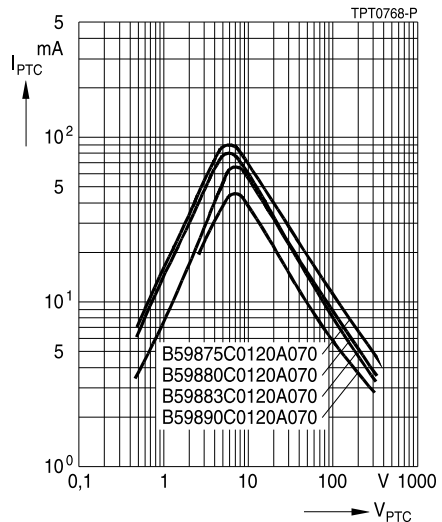
PTC temperature T_{PTC}

(measured at low signal voltage)



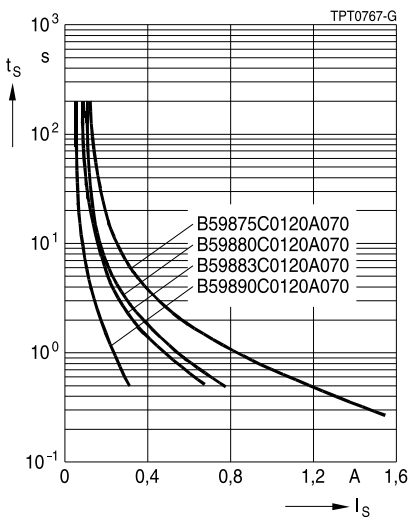
PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC}

(measured at 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ in still air)



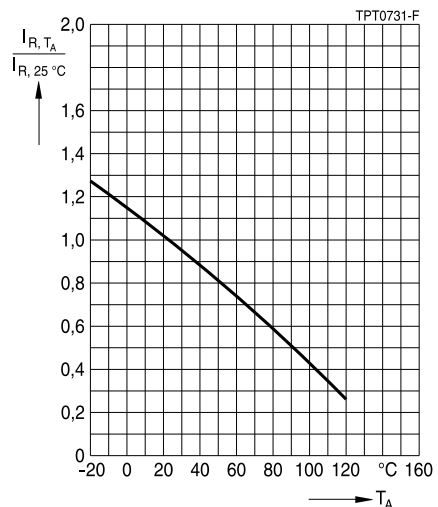
Switching time t_s versus switching current I_s

(measured at 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ in still air)



Rated current I_R versus ambient temperature T_A

(measured in still air)



Overcurrent protection

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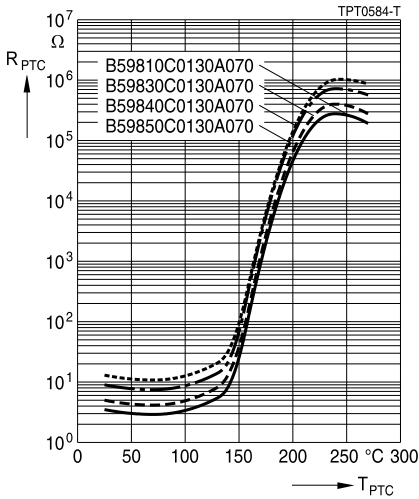
C810 ... C890

Characteristics (typical) for $T_{ref} = 130\text{ °C}$

PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus

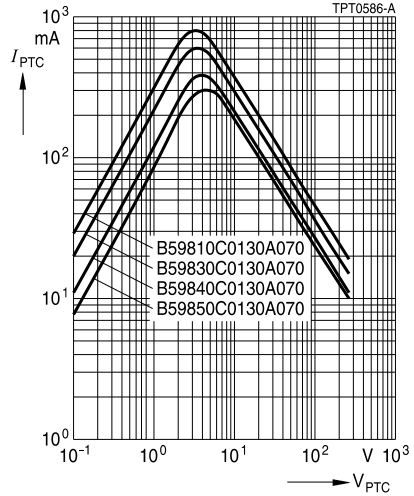
PTC temperature T_{PTC}

(measured at low signal voltage)



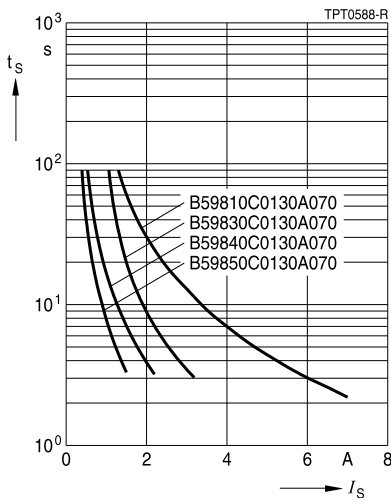
PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC}

(measured at 25 °C in still air)



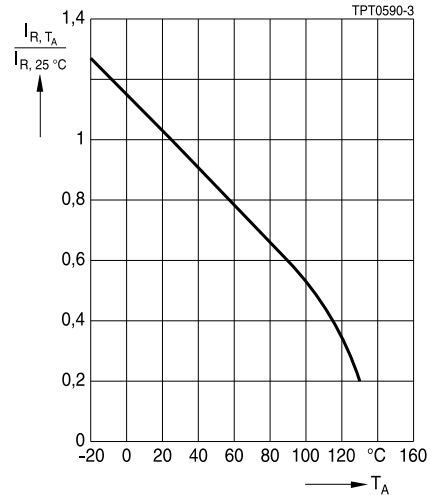
Switching time t_s versus switching current I_s

(measured at 25 °C in still air)



Rated current I_R versus ambient temperature T_A

(measured in still air)



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Leaded disks, coated, 230 V

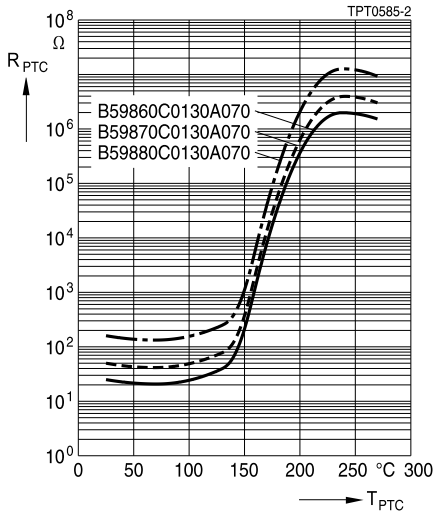
C810 ... C890

Characteristics (typical) for $T_{ref} = 130\text{ °C}$

PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus

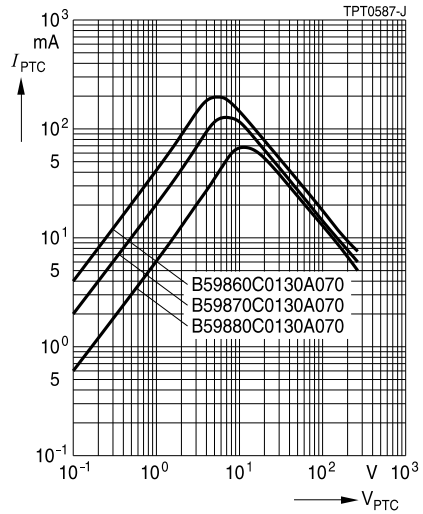
PTC temperature T_{PTC}

(measured at low signal voltage)



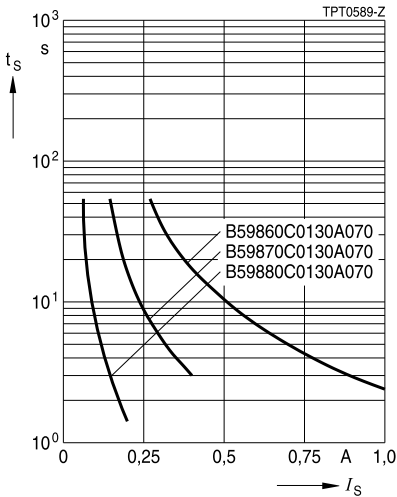
PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC}

(measured at 25 °C in still air)



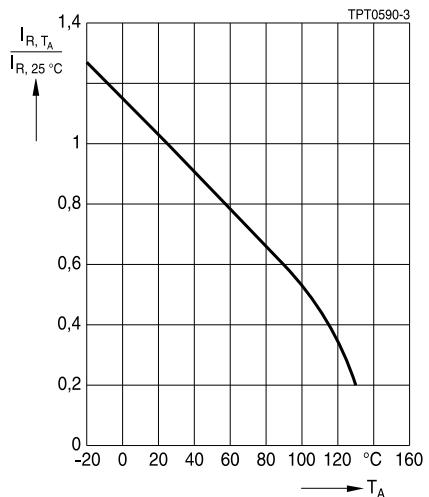
Switching time t_s versus switching current I_s

(measured at 25 °C in still air)



Rated current I_R versus ambient temperature T_A

(measured in still air)



Cautions and warnings

General

- EPCOS thermistors are designed for specific applications and should not be used for purposes not identified in our specifications, application notes and data books unless otherwise agreed with EPCOS during the design-in-phase.
- Ensure suitability of thermistor through reliability testing during the design-in phase. The thermistors should be evaluated taking into consideration worst-case conditions.

Storage

- Store thermistors only in original packaging. Do not open the package before storage.
- Storage conditions in original packaging: storage temperature $-25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \dots +45\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, relative humidity $\leq 75\%$ annual mean, maximum 95%, dew precipitation is inadmissible.
- Avoid contamination of thermistors surface during storage, handling and processing.
- Avoid storage of thermistor in harmful environment with effect on function on long-term operation (examples given under operation precautions).
- Use thermistor within 6 months after delivery.

Handling

- PTCs must not be dropped. Chip-offs must not be caused during handling of PTCs.
- Components must not be touched with bare hands. Gloves are recommended.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during handling.

Soldering (where applicable)

- Use rosin-type flux or non-activated flux.
- Insufficient preheating may cause ceramic cracks.
- Rapid cooling by dipping in solvent is not recommended.
- Complete removal of flux is recommended.
- Standard PTC heaters are not suitable for soldering.

Mounting

- Electrode must not be scratched before/during/after the mounting process.
- Contacts and housing used for assembly with thermistor have to be clean before mounting. Especially grease or oil must be removed.
- When PTC thermistors are encapsulated with sealing material, the precautions given in chapter "Mounting instructions", "Sealing and potting" must be observed.
- When the thermistor is mounted, there must not be any foreign body between the electrode of the thermistor and the clamping contact.
- The minimum force of the clamping contacts pressing against the PTC must be 10 N.
- During operation, the thermistor's surface temperature can be very high. Ensure that adjacent components are placed at a sufficient distance from the thermistor to allow for proper cooling at the thermistors.
- Ensure that adjacent materials are designed for operation at temperatures comparable to the surface temperature of thermistor. Be sure that surrounding parts and materials can withstand this temperature.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during processing.

Overcurrent protection**Leaded disks, coated, 230 V****C810 ... C890****Operation**

- Use thermistors only within the specified temperature operating range.
- Use thermistors only within the specified voltage and current ranges.
- Environmental conditions must not harm the thermistors. Use thermistors only in normal atmospheric conditions. Avoid use in deoxidizing gases (chlorine gas, hydrogen sulfide gas, ammonia gas, sulfuric acid gas etc), corrosive agents, humid or salty conditions. Contact with any liquids and solvents should be prevented.
- Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function to prevent secondary product damage caused by abnormal function (e.g. use VDR for limitation of overvoltage condition).

Important notes

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

1. Some parts of this publication contain **statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application**. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out **that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application**. As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
2. We also point out that **in individual cases, a malfunction of passive electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified**. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of a passive electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or life-saving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of a passive electronic component.
3. **The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.**
4. In order to satisfy certain technical requirements, **some of the products described in this publication may contain substances subject to restrictions in certain jurisdictions (e.g. because they are classed as hazardous)**. Useful information on this will be found in our Material Data Sheets on the Internet (www.epcos.com/material). Should you have any more detailed questions, please contact our sales offices.
5. We constantly strive to improve our products. Consequently, **the products described in this publication may change from time to time**. The same is true of the corresponding product specifications. Please check therefore to what extent product descriptions and specifications contained in this publication are still applicable before or when you place an order. We also **reserve the right to discontinue production and delivery of products**. Consequently, we cannot guarantee that all products named in this publication will always be available. The aforementioned does not apply in the case of individual agreements deviating from the foregoing for customer-specific products.
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Наши преимущества:

- Поставка оригинальных импортных электронных компонентов напрямую с производств Америки, Европы и Азии, а так же с крупнейших складов мира;
- Широкая линейка поставок активных и пассивных импортных электронных компонентов (более 30 млн. наименований);
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Помощь Конструкторского Отдела и консультации квалифицированных инженеров;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Поставка электронных компонентов под контролем ВП;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- При необходимости вся продукция военного и аэрокосмического назначения проходит испытания и сертификацию в лаборатории (по согласованию с заказчиком);
- Поставка специализированных компонентов военного и аэрокосмического уровня качества (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Actel, Aeroflex, Peregrine, VPT, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instruments, MS Kennedy, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Компания «Океан Электроники» является официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России одного из крупнейших производителей разъемов военного и аэрокосмического назначения «JONHON», а так же официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России производителя высокотехнологичных и надежных решений для передачи СВЧ сигналов «FORSTAR».



JONHON

«JONHON» (основан в 1970 г.)

Разъемы специального, военного и аэрокосмического назначения:

(Применяются в военной, авиационной, аэрокосмической, морской, железнодорожной, горно- и нефтедобывающей отраслях промышленности)

«FORSTAR» (основан в 1998 г.)

ВЧ соединители, коаксиальные кабели,
кабельные сборки и микроволновые компоненты:

(Применяются в телекоммуникациях гражданского и специального назначения, в средствах связи, РЛС, а так же военной, авиационной и аэрокосмической отраслях промышленности).



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