

Automatic Mode Shift 36 V 300 mA LDO

NO.EA-185-140724

OUTLINE

The R1510S is a voltage regulator (LDO) IC with a voltage detector (VD) featuring 300mA output current that is developed with CMOS process technology. Each IC is equipped with a voltage detector and a regulator that can provide the maximum 36V of operating voltage. This device has ECO function, which achieves low-power consumption and high-speed transient response by switching the IC to low-power consumption mode at light load condition and switching to high-speed mode at heavy load condition.

The switching point is internally fixed inside the IC. The IC switches from low-power consumption mode to high-speed mode when $I_{OUT}=12\text{mA}$ (Typ.), and switch from high-speed mode to low-power consumption mode when $I_{OUT}=3\text{mA}$ (Typ.).

Each IC is composed of a reference voltage unit, an error amplifier, a resistor network for setting output voltage, an output current limit circuit for preventing overcurrent destruction, and a thermal shutdown circuit. The output voltage and the detector threshold are internally fixed inside the IC.

The output voltage accuracy is $\pm 1.6\%$ and the detector threshold accuracy is $\pm 1.7\%$. The output voltage type is Nch open drain. The versions for the IC are selectable from A version (CE, V_{IN} Detector), B version (SENSE Detector), C version (Release Delay Circuit, V_{IN} Detector), and D version (Release Delay Circuit, V_{OUT} Detector).

FEATURES

- Input Voltage Range (Maximum Rating) Max. 36.0V (50V)
- Operating Temperature Range -40°C to 105°C
- Supply Current Typ. 110 μA (High Speed Mode, $V_{IN}=14\text{V}$)
- Supply Current Typ. 12.5 μA (Low-power Consumption Mode, $V_{IN}=14\text{V}$)
- Supply Current (Standby Mode) Typ. 10 μA (CE=0V, A Version)
- Output Voltage Range 2.5V to 12.0V (0.1V step)
- Dropout Voltage Typ. 1.0V ($I_{OUT}=300\text{mA}$, $V_{OUT}=5\text{V}$)
- Output Voltage Accuracy $\pm 1.6\%$ ($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)
- Temperature Characteristics Typ. $\pm 150\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$ (Output Voltage)
- Detector Threshold 2.3V to 12.0V (0.1V steps)
- Detector Threshold Accuracy $\pm 1.7\%$ ($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)
- Temperature Characteristics Typ. $\pm 100\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$ (Detector Threshold)
- Output Type Nch Open Drain
- Line Regulation Typ. 0.01%/V
- Package HSOP-8E
- Built-in Short Current Limit Circuit Typ. 50mA
- Built-in Overcurrent Protection Circuit
- Built-in Thermal Shutdown Circuit Shutdown Temperature: Typ. 140°C,
Release Temperature: Typ. 125°C
- Ceramic Capacitor Corresponding 6.8 μF or more

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APPLICATIONS

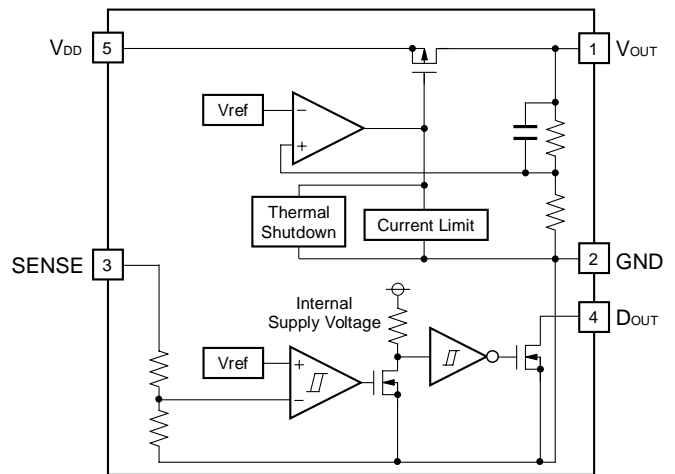
- Power source for notebook PCs, digital TVs, telephones, private LAN systems, etc.
- Power source for office equipments such as copiers, printers, facsimiles, scanners, and projectors

BLOCK DIAGRAMS

R1510SxxxA
(CE Pin, V_{IN} Detector)



R1510SxxxB
(SENSE Detector)



R1510SxxxC
(CD Pin, V_{IN} Detector)



R1510SxxxD
(CD Pin, V_{OUT} Detector)



SELECTION GUIDE

The users can select VR output voltage, VD detector threshold, and version that best fit their requirements.

Product Name	Package	Quantity per Reel	Pb Free	Halogen Free
R1510Sxxx*-E2-FE	HSOP-8E	1,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
xxx: Select the ideal combination of the output voltage (V_{OUT}) and the detector threshold ($-V_{DET}$) from the code number starting from 001. Refer to <i>MARK SPECIFICATION TABLE</i> for detailed information.				
*: Select the ideal version from A to D. (A) Built-in Chip Enable, V_{IN} Detector (B) SENSE Detector Threshold (C) Built-in Release Delay Circuit, V_{IN} Detector (D) Built-in Release Delay Circuit, V_{OUT} Detector				

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

• HSOP-8E



Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	V_{OUT}	VR Output Pin
2	NC	No Connection
3	TP*3	Test Pin
4	D_{OUT}	VD Output Pin (Nch Open Drain)
5	CE	A Version: Chip Enable Pin ("H" Active)
	SENSE*1	B Version: VD Sense Pin
	C_D *2	C, D Versions: Release Output Delay (Power-on Reset) Time Setting Pin
6	TP*3	Test Pin
7	GND	Ground Pin
8	V_{DD}	Input Pin

*) The tab on the reverse side of the IC is in GND level and it should be connected to GND pin (recommended) or should be left open.

*1) B version monitors SENSE pin voltage.

*2) The release output delay time of voltage detector can be set by connecting a capacitor to CD pin.

*3) TP pin should be connected to GND.

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Item	Rating	Unit
V _{IN}	Input Voltage	-0.3 to 50	V
V _{CE}	Input Voltage (CE Pin, A Version)	-0.3 to 7.0	V
V _{SENSE}	Input Voltage (SENSE Pin, B Version)	-0.3 to 50	V
V _{CD}	Input Voltage (C _D Pin, C or D Version)	-0.3 to 7.0	V
V _{OUT}	Output Voltage (VR)	-0.3 to V _{IN} +0.3 ≤ 50	V
V _{RESET}	Output Voltage (VD)	-0.3 to 7.0	V
I _{OUT1}	Output Current (VR)	450	mA
I _{OUT2}	Output Current (VD)	20	mA
P _D	Power Dissipation (HSOP-8E)* Ultra High Wattage Land Pattern	2900	mW
T _a	Operating Temperature Range	-40 to 105	°C
T _{stg}	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 125	°C

*) Refer to *PACKAGE INFORMATION* for detailed information.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Electronic and mechanical stress momentarily exceeded absolute maximum ratings may cause the permanent damages and may degrade the lifetime and safety for both device and system using the device in the field. The functional operation at or over these absolute maximum ratings is not assured.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

R1510SxxxA Series

$V_{IN}=14.0V$, $C_E=5.0V$, $C_{OUT}=6.8\mu F$, $R_{pull-up}=100k\Omega$, $V_{pull-up}=5.0V$, unless otherwise noted.

The specifications surrounded by are guaranteed by design engineering at $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$.

For all

($T_a=25^{\circ}C$)

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_{IN}	Input Voltage		3.5		36	V
I_{SS1}	Supply Current (Low-power Consumption Mode)	$I_{OUT}=0A$		12.5	27	μA
I_{SS2}	Supply Current (High Speed Mode)	$I_{OUT}=20mA$		110	174	μA
$I_{standby}$	Standby Current (Standby Mode)	$C_E=0V$		10	23	μA
T_{TSD}	Thermal Shutdown Temperature	Junction Temperature		140		$^{\circ}C$
T_{TSR}	Thermal Shutdown Released Temperature	Junction Temperature		125		$^{\circ}C$

VR

($T_a=25^{\circ}C$)

Symbol	Item	Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage	$I_{OUT}=1mA$ Setting Voltage: 2.5V to 12.0V	$T_a=25^{\circ}C$ $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$	$\times 0.984$ $\times 0.964$		$\times 1.016$ $\times 1.045$	V
I_{OUT1}	Output Current	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+3.2V$ ($V_{OUT} < 5.0V$) $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$ ($V_{OUT} \geq 5.0V$)		300			mA
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta I_{OUT}$	Load Regulation	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+3.2V$ ($V_{OUT} < 5.0V$) $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$ ($V_{OUT} \geq 5.0V$)					mV
		$0.1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 7mA$ (Low-power Consumption Mode)	$V_{OUT} \leq 5.0V$		7	13	
			$V_{OUT} > 5.0V$		10	20	
		$0.1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 20mA$	$V_{OUT} \leq 5.0V$		10	45	
			$V_{OUT} > 5.0V$		20	75	
		$0.1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 300mA$	$V_{OUT} \leq 5.0V$		40	100	
$V_{OUT} > 5.0V$			60	170			
V_{DIF}	Dropout Voltage	$I_{OUT}=7mA$ (Low-power Consumption Mode)	$V_{OUT} < 5.0V$		0.5	1.8	V
			$V_{OUT} \geq 5.0V$		0.3	0.95	
		$I_{OUT}=300mA$	$V_{OUT} < 5.0V$		1.5	3.2	
			$V_{OUT} \geq 5.0V$		1.0	2.0	
I_{OUTH}	High Speed Mode Switching Current	$I_{OUT}=\text{Light Load to Heavy Load}$		8.5	12	16.3	mA
I_{OUTL}	Low-power Consumption Mode Switching Current	$I_{OUT}=\text{Heavy Load to Light Load}$		1	3	5	mA
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	$3.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq 36V$ ($2.5V \leq V_{OUT} \leq 3.5V$) $V_{OUT}+0.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq 36V$ ($V_{OUT} > 3.5V$) $I_{OUT}=1mA$			0.01	0.05	%/V
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta T_a$	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$			± 150		ppm/ $^{\circ}C$

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$V_{IN}=14.0V$, $C_E=5.0V$, $C_{OUT}=6.8\mu F$, $R_{pull-up}=100k\Omega$, $V_{pull-up}=5.0V$, unless otherwise noted.

The specifications surrounded by are guaranteed by design engineering at $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$.

VR (Continued)

(Ta=25°C)

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{SC}	Short Current Limit	$V_{OUT}=0V$		50		mA
V_{CEH}	CE Input Voltage "H"		1.5		5.5	V
V_{CEL}	CE Input Voltage "L"				0.7	V

VD

(Ta=25°C)

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$-V_{DET}$	Detector Threshold	V_{IN} Detector Setting Voltage Range: 2.3 V to 12.0V	$T_a=25^{\circ}C$	$\times 0.983$		$\times 1.017$	V
			$-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$	$\times 0.97$		$\times 1.03$	
V_{HYS}	Detector Threshold Hysteresis		$-V_{DET}$ $\times 0.025$	$-V_{DET}$ $\times 0.05$	$-V_{DET}$ $\times 0.075$	V	
V_{DDL}	Minimum Operating Voltage*1				1.8	V	
I_{OUT2}	Output Current (Nch Driver)	$V_{IN} \geq 1.8V$, $D_{OUT}=0.1V$		0.59		mA	
		$V_{IN} \geq 3.0V$, $D_{OUT}=0.1V$		1.16			
		$V_{IN} \geq 4.0V$, $D_{OUT}=0.1V$		1.39			
I_{LEAK}	Nch Driver Leakage Current	$D_{OUT}=7V$			0.33	μA	
V_{RESET}	Pull-up Voltage				5.5	V	
$\Delta V_{DET}/\Delta T_a$	Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient	$-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$		± 100		ppm/ $^{\circ}C$	
t_{PLH}	Release Output Delay Time*2			20		μs	

All test items listed under Electrical Characteristics are done under the pulse load condition ($T_j \approx T_a = 25^{\circ}C$) except Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient and Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient.

*1) Minimum operating voltage is defined as the power supply voltage of which output voltage becomes lower than 0.1V at the detection.

*2) Release output delay time is defined as the time to be taken for V_{IN} to change from 2V to $(-V_{DET}) + 1V$, and for D_{OUT} output to become "H".

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS)

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if when they are used over such conditions by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.

R1510SxxxB Series

$V_{IN}=SENSE=14.0V$, $C_{OUT}=6.8\mu F$, $R_{pull-up}=100k\Omega$, $V_{pull-up}=5.0V$, unless otherwise noted.

The specifications surrounded by are guaranteed by design engineering at $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$.

For all

(Ta=25°C)

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_{IN}	Input Voltage		3.5		36	V
I_{SS1}	Supply Current (Low-power Consumption Mode)	$I_{OUT}=0A$		12.5	22	μA
I_{SS2}	Supply Current (High Speed Mode)	$I_{OUT}=20mA$		110	174	μA
T_{TSD}	Thermal Shutdown Temperature	Junction Temperature		140		$^{\circ}C$
T_{TSR}	Thermal Shutdown Released Temperature	Junction Temperature		125		$^{\circ}C$

VR

(Ta=25°C)

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage	$I_{OUT}=1mA$ Setting Voltage: 2.5V to 12.0V	$T_a=25^{\circ}C$ $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$	$\times 0.984$ 0.964	$\times 1.016$ 1.045	V	
I_{OUT1}	Output Current	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+3.2V$ ($V_{OUT} < 5.0V$) $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$ ($V_{OUT} \geq 5.0V$)		300		mA	
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta I_{OUT}$	Load Regulation	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+3.2V$ ($V_{OUT} < 5.0V$) $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$ ($V_{OUT} \geq 5.0V$)				mV	
		$0.1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 7mA$ (Low-power Consumption Mode)	$V_{OUT} \leq 5.0V$		7		13
			$V_{OUT} > 5.0V$		10		20
		$0.1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 20mA$	$V_{OUT} \leq 5.0V$		10		45
			$V_{OUT} > 5.0V$		20		75
	$0.1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 300mA$	$V_{OUT} \leq 5.0V$		40	100		
		$V_{OUT} > 5.0V$		60	170		
V_{DIF}	Dropout Voltage	$I_{OUT}=7mA$ (Low-power Consumption Mode)	$V_{OUT} < 5.0V$		0.5	1.8	
			$V_{OUT} \geq 5.0V$		0.3	0.95	
		$I_{OUT}=300mA$	$V_{OUT} < 5.0V$		1.5	3.2	
			$V_{OUT} \geq 5.0V$		1.0	2.0	
I_{OUTH}	High Speed Mode Switching Current	I_{OUT} = Light Load to Heavy Load		8.5	12	16.3	mA
I_{OUTL}	Low-power Consumption Mode Switching Current	I_{OUT} = Heavy Load to Light Load		1	3	5	mA
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	$3.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq 36V$ ($2.5V \leq V_{OUT} \leq 3.5V$) $V_{OUT}+0.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq 36V$ ($V_{OUT} > 3.5V$) $I_{OUT}=1mA$			0.01	0.05	%/V
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta T_a$	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$			± 150		ppm/ $^{\circ}C$
I_{SC}	Short Current Limit	$V_{OUT}=0V$			50		mA

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$V_{IN}=SENSE=14.0V$, $C_{OUT}=6.8\mu F$, $R_{pull-up}=100k\Omega$, $V_{pull-up}=5.0V$, unless otherwise noted.

The specifications surrounded by are guaranteed by design engineering at $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$.

VD (Ta=25°C)

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$-V_{DET}$	Detector Threshold	V_{IN} Detector Setting Voltage: 2.3 V to 12.0V	$T_a=25^{\circ}C$	$\times 0.983$		$\times 1.017$	V
			$-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$	×0.97		×1.03	
V_{HYS}	Detector Threshold Hysteresis		$-V_{DET}$ ×0.025	$-V_{DET}$ $\times 0.05$	$-V_{DET}$ ×0.075	V	
R_{SENSE}	SENSE Resistance	$-V_{DET} < 6.0V$	1.5		64	$M\Omega$	
		$-V_{DET} \geq 6.0V$	3.6		57		
V_{DDL}	Minimum Operating Voltage				3.0	V	
I_{OUT2}	Output Current (Nch Driver)	$V_{IN} \geq 3.0V$, $D_{OUT}=0.1V$	1.16			mA	
		$V_{IN} \geq 4.0V$, $D_{OUT}=0.1V$	1.39				
I_{LEAK}	Nch Driver Leakage Current	$D_{OUT}=7V$			0.33	μA	
V_{RESET}	Pull-up Voltage				5.5	V	
$\Delta-V_{DET}/\Delta T_a$	Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient	$-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$		± 100		ppm/ $^{\circ}C$	
t_{PLH}	Release Output Delay Time *1			20		μs	
V_{SENSE}	SENSE Pin Input Voltage				36	V	

All test items listed under Electrical Characteristics are done under the pulse load condition ($T_j \approx T_a = 25^{\circ}C$) except Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient and Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient.

*1) Release output delay time is defined as the time to be taken for SENSE to change from 2V to $(-V_{DET}) + 1V$, and for D_{OUT} output to become "H".

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS)

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if when they are used over such conditions by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.

R1510SxxxC Series

$V_{IN}=14.0V$, $C_{OUT}=6.8\mu F$, $C_D=0.01\mu F$, $R_{pull-up}=100k\Omega$, $V_{pull-up}=5.0V$, unless otherwise noted.

The specifications surrounded by are guaranteed by design engineering at $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$.

For all

(Ta=25°C)

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_{IN}	Input Voltage		3.5		36	V
I_{SS1}	Supply Current (Low-power Consumption Mode)	$I_{OUT}=0A$		12.5	27	μA
I_{SS2}	Supply Current (High Speed Mode)	$I_{OUT}=20mA$		110	174	μA
T_{TSD}	Thermal Shutdown Temperature	Junction Temperature		140		$^{\circ}C$
T_{TSR}	Thermal Shutdown Released Temperature	Junction Temperature		125		$^{\circ}C$

VR

(Ta=25°C)

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage	$I_{OUT}=1mA$ Setting Voltage: 2.5V to 12.0V	$T_a=25^{\circ}C$	$\times 0.984$		$\times 1.016$	V
			$-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$	$\times 0.964$		$\times 1.045$	
I_{OUT1}	Output Current	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+3.2V$ ($V_{OUT} < 5.0V$) $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$ ($V_{OUT} \geq 5.0V$)		300		mA	
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta I_{OUT}$	Load Regulation	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+3.2V$ ($V_{OUT} < 5.0V$) $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$ ($V_{OUT} \geq 5.0V$)				mV	
		$0.1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 7mA$ (Low-power Consumption Mode)	$V_{OUT} \leq 5.0V$		7		13
			$V_{OUT} > 5.0V$		10		20
		$0.1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 20mA$	$V_{OUT} \leq 5.0V$		10		45
			$V_{OUT} > 5.0V$		20		75
		$0.1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 300mA$	$V_{OUT} \leq 5.0V$		40		100
$V_{OUT} > 5.0V$			60	170			
V_{DIF}	Dropout Voltage	$I_{OUT}=7mA$ (Low-power Consumption Mode)	$V_{OUT} < 5.0V$		0.5	1.8	V
			$V_{OUT} \geq 5.0V$		0.3	0.95	
		$I_{OUT}=300mA$	$V_{OUT} < 5.0V$		1.5	3.2	
			$V_{OUT} \geq 5.0V$		1.0	2.0	
I_{OUTH}	High Speed Mode Switching Current	I_{OUT} =Light Load to Heavy Load		8.5	12	16.3	mA
I_{OUTL}	Low-power Consumption Mode Switching Current	I_{OUT} =Heavy Load to Light Load		1	3	5	mA
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	$3.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq 36V$ ($2.5V \leq V_{OUT} \leq 3.5V$) $V_{OUT}+0.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq 36V$ ($V_{OUT} > 3.5V$) $I_{OUT}=1mA$			0.01	0.05	%/V
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta T_a$	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$			± 150		ppm/ $^{\circ}C$
I_{SC}	Short Current Limit	$V_{OUT}=0V$			50		mA

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 $V_{IN}=14.0V$, $C_{OUT}=6.8\mu F$, $C_D=0.01\mu F$, $R_{pull-up}=100k\Omega$, $V_{pull-up}=5.0V$, unless otherwise noted.The specifications surrounded by are guaranteed by design engineering at $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$.**VD**

(Ta=25°C)

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$-V_{DET}$	Detector Threshold	V_{IN} Detector Setting Voltage: 2.3 V to 12.0V	$T_a=25^{\circ}C$	$\times 0.983$		$\times 1.017$	V
			$-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$	0.97		1.03	
V_{HYS}	Detector Threshold Hysteresis		$-V_{DET}$ 0.025	$-V_{DET}$ $\times 0.05$	$-V_{DET}$ 0.075	V	
V_{DDL}	Minimum Operating Voltage *1				1.8	V	
I_{OUT2}	Output Current (Nch Driver)	$V_{IN} \geq 1.8V$, $D_{OUT}=0.1V$		0.59			mA
		$V_{IN} \geq 3.0V$, $D_{OUT}=0.1V$		1.16			
		$V_{IN} \geq 4.0V$, $D_{OUT}=0.1V$		1.39			
I_{LEAK}	Nch Driver Leakage Current	$D_{OUT}=7V$			0.33	μA	
V_{RESET}	Pull-up Voltage				5.5	V	
$\Delta V_{DET}/\Delta T_a$	Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient	$-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$		± 100		ppm/ $^{\circ}C$	
t_{delay}	Release Output Delay Time*2		35	70	150	ms	

All test items listed under Electrical Characteristics are done under the pulse load condition ($T_j \approx T_a = 25^{\circ}C$) except Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient and Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient.

*1) Minimum operating voltage is defined as the power supply voltage of which output voltage becomes lower than 0.1V at the detection.

*2) Release output delay time is defined as the time to be taken for V_{IN} to change from 2V to $(-V_{DET}) + 1V$, and also for D_{OUT} output to become "H".

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS)

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if when they are used over such conditions by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.

R1510SxxxD Series

$V_{IN}=14.0V$, $C_{OUT}=6.8\mu F$, $C_D=0.01\mu F$, $R_{pull-up}=100k\Omega$, $V_{pull-up}=5.0V$, unless otherwise noted.

The specifications surrounded by are guaranteed by design engineering at $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$.

For all

(Ta=25°C)

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_{IN}	Input Voltage		3.5		36	V
I_{SS1}	Supply Current (Low-power Consumption Mode)	$I_{OUT}=0A$		12.5	26	μA
I_{SS2}	Supply Current (High Speed Mode)	$I_{OUT}=20mA$		110	174	μA
T_{TSD}	Thermal Shutdown Temperature	Junction Temperature		140		$^{\circ}C$
T_{TSR}	Thermal Shutdown Released Temperature	Junction Temperature		125		$^{\circ}C$

VR

(Ta=25°C)

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage	$I_{OUT}=1mA$ Setting Voltage: 2.5V to 12.0V	$T_a=25^{\circ}C$	$\times 0.984$		$\times 1.016$	V
			$-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$	$\times 0.964$		$\times 1.045$	
I_{OUT1}	Output Current	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+3.2V$ ($V_{OUT} < 5.0V$) $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$ ($V_{OUT} \geq 5.0V$)		300		mA	
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta I_{OUT}$	Load Regulation	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+3.2V$ ($V_{OUT} < 5.0V$) $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2.0V$ ($V_{OUT} \geq 5.0V$)					mV
		$0.1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 7mA$ (Low-power Consumption Mode)	$V_{OUT} \leq 5.0V$		7	13	
			$V_{OUT} > 5.0V$		10	20	
		$0.1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 20mA$	$V_{OUT} \leq 5.0V$		10	45	
			$V_{OUT} > 5.0V$		20	75	
		$0.1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 300mA$	$V_{OUT} \leq 5.0V$		40	100	
$V_{OUT} > 5.0V$			60	170			
V_{DIF}	Dropout Voltage	$I_{OUT}=7mA$ (Low-power Consumption Mode)	$V_{OUT} < 5.0V$		0.5	1.8	V
			$V_{OUT} \geq 5.0V$		0.3	0.95	
		$I_{OUT}=300mA$	$V_{OUT} < 5.0V$		1.5	3.2	
			$V_{OUT} \geq 5.0V$		1.0	2.0	
I_{OUTH}	High Speed Mode Switching Current	I_{OUT} =Light Load to Heavy Load		8.5	12	16.3	mA
I_{OUTL}	Low-power Consumption Mode Switching Current	I_{OUT} =Heavy Load to Light Load		1	3	5	mA
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	$3.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq 36V$ ($2.5V \leq V_{OUT} \leq 3.5V$) $V_{OUT}+0.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq 36V$ ($V_{OUT} > 3.5V$) $I_{OUT}=1mA$			0.01	0.05	%/V
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta T_a$	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$			± 150		ppm/ $^{\circ}C$
I_{SC}	Short Current Limit	$V_{OUT}=0V$			50		mA

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 $V_{IN}=14.0V$, $C_{OUT}=6.8\mu F$, $C_D=0.01\mu F$, $R_{pull-up}=100k\Omega$, $V_{pull-up}=5.0V$, unless otherwise noted.The specifications surrounded by are guaranteed by design engineering at $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}C$.**VD**

(Ta=25°C)

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$-V_{DET}$	Detector Threshold	V_{IN} Detector Setting Voltage: 2.3 V to 10.6V				
		Ta=25°C	$\times 0.983$		$\times 1.017$	V
		-40°C ≤ Ta ≤ 105°C	×0.97		×1.03	
V_{HYS}	Detector Threshold Hysteresis		$-V_{DET}$ ×0.025	$-V_{DET}$ ×0.05	$-V_{DET}$ ×0.075	V
V_{DDL}	Minimum Operating Voltage*1				1.8	V
I_{OUT2}	Output Current (Nch Driver)	$V_{IN} \geq 1.8V$, $D_{OUT}=0.1V$	0.59			mA
		$V_{IN} \geq 3.0V$, $D_{OUT}=0.1V$	1.16			
		$V_{IN} \geq 4.0V$, $D_{OUT}=0.1V$	1.39			
I_{LEAK}	Nch Driver Leakage Current	$D_{OUT}=7V$			0.33	μA
V_{RESET}	Pull-up Voltage				5.5	V
$\Delta V_{DET}/\Delta T_a$	Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient	-40°C ≤ Ta ≤ 105°C		±100		ppm/°C
t _{delay}	Release Output Delay Time *2		35	70	150	ms

All test items listed under Electrical Characteristics are done under the pulse load condition ($T_j \approx T_a = 25^{\circ}C$) except Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient and Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient.

*1) Minimum operating voltage is defined as the power supply voltage of which output voltage becomes lower than 0.1V at the detection.

*2) Release output delay time is defined as the time to be taken for V_{OUT} to change from 2V to $(-V_{DET}) + 1V$, and also for D_{OUT} output to become "H".

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS)

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if when they are used over such conditions by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.

Product-specific Electrical Characteristics

The specifications surrounded by are guaranteed by design engineering at $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}\text{C}$.

VR

($T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Product Name	V_{OUT} [V]					V_{DIF} [V]			
	(Ta = 25°C)			(Ta = -40 to 105°C)		(I _{OUT} = 7 mA: Low-power Consumption Mode)		(I _{OUT} = 300 mA)	
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.
R1510S001x	3.248	3.300	3.352	3.182	3.448	0.5	1.8	1.5	3.2
R1510S002x	2.460	2.500	2.540	2.410	2.612	0.5	1.8	1.5	3.2
R1510S003x	11.808	12.000	12.192	11.568	12.540	0.3	0.95	1.0	2.0
R1510S004x	5.511	5.600	5.689	5.399	5.852	0.3	0.95	1.0	2.0
R1510S005x	3.248	3.300	3.352	3.182	3.448	0.5	1.8	1.5	3.2
R1510S006x	3.248	3.300	3.352	3.182	3.448	0.5	1.8	1.5	3.2
R1510S007x	4.920	5.000	5.080	4.820	5.225	0.3	0.95	1.0	2.0
R1510S008x	3.248	3.300	3.352	3.182	3.448	0.5	1.8	1.5	3.2
R1510S009x	11.808	12.000	12.192	11.568	12.540	0.3	0.95	1.0	2.0
R1510S010x	3.543	3.600	3.657	3.471	3.762	0.5	1.8	1.5	3.2
R1510S011x	4.920	5.000	5.080	4.820	5.225	0.3	0.95	1.0	2.0
R1510S012x	4.920	5.000	5.080	4.820	5.225	0.3	0.95	1.0	2.0
R1510S013x	4.920	5.000	5.080	4.820	5.225	0.3	0.95	1.0	2.0

VR (Continued)

($T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Product Name	$\Delta V_{\text{OUT}} / \Delta I_{\text{OUT}}$ [mV]					
	(0.1 mA \leq I _{OUT} \leq 7 mA: Low-power Consumption Mode)		(0.1 mA \leq I _{OUT} \leq 20 mA)		(0.1 mA \leq I _{OUT} \leq 300 mA)	
	MIN.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.
R1510S001x	7	13	10	45	40	100
R1510S002x	7	13	10	45	40	100
R1510S003x	10	20	20	75	60	170
R1510S004x	10	20	20	75	60	170
R1510S005x	7	13	10	45	40	100
R1510S006x	7	13	10	45	40	100
R1510S007x	7	13	10	45	40	100
R1510S008x	7	13	10	45	40	100
R1510S009x	10	20	20	75	60	170
R1510S010x	7	13	10	45	40	100
R1510S011x	7	13	10	45	40	100
R1510S012x	7	13	10	45	40	100
R1510S013x	7	13	10	45	40	100

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The specifications surrounded by are guaranteed by design engineering at $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 105^{\circ}\text{C}$.**VD**

(Ta = 25°C)

Product Name	-V _{DET} [V] (Ta = 25°C)			-V _{DET} [V] (Ta = -40 to 105°C)		V _{HYS} [V]		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
R1510S001x	2.655	2.700	2.745	2.619	2.781	0.068	0.135	0.203
R1510S002x	4.031	4.100	4.169	3.977	4.223	0.103	0.205	0.308
R1510S003x	4.915	5.000	5.085	4.850	5.150	0.125	0.250	0.375
R1510S004x	2.949	3.000	3.051	2.910	3.090	0.075	0.150	0.225
R1510S005x	3.736	3.800	3.864	3.686	3.914	0.095	0.190	0.285
R1510S006x	3.539	3.600	3.661	3.492	3.708	0.090	0.180	0.270
R1510S007x	4.424	4.500	4.576	4.365	4.635	0.113	0.225	0.338
R1510S008x	2.753	2.800	2.847	2.716	2.884	0.070	0.140	0.210
R1510S009x	4.129	4.200	4.271	4.074	4.326	0.105	0.210	0.315
R1510S010x	4.227	4.300	4.373	4.171	4.429	0.108	0.215	0.323
R1510S011x	2.261	2.300	2.339	2.231	2.369	0.058	0.115	0.173
R1510S012x	4.129	4.200	4.271	4.074	4.326	0.105	0.210	0.315
R1510S013x	9.830	10.000	10.170	9.700	10.300	0.250	0.500	0.750

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

R1510SxxxA



R1510SxxxB



R1510SxxxC/D



$C_{IN}=0.1\mu\text{F}$, $C_{OUT}=6.8\mu\text{F}$ (Ceramic)
 $R_{pull-up}=100\text{k}\Omega$

TECHNICAL NOTES

Phase Compensation

This IC is using the capacitance of output capacitor (C_{OUT}) and the ESR as phase compensation for the stable operation of the IC even if the output load varies. Therefore, please make sure to use a capacitor (C_{OUT}) with $6.8\mu\text{F}$ or more.

If the ESR value is large, the output may result in unstable, therefore, please make full evaluation on the temperature characteristics and the frequency characteristics.

PCB Layout and GND Wiring

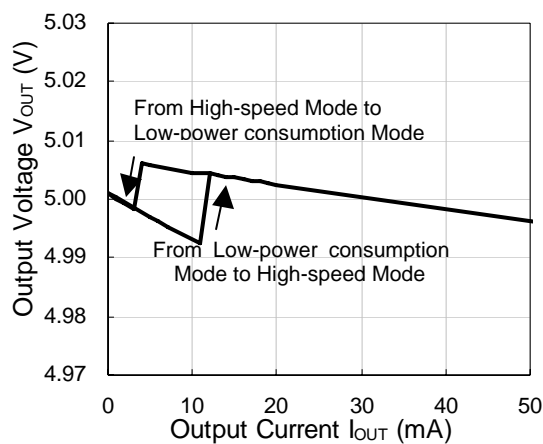
The high impedances of V_{DD} and GND could be a reason for the noise pickup and unstable operation. Therefore, make the impedances of V_{DD} and GND as low as possible. A capacitor (C_{IN}) with $0.1\mu\text{F}$ or more has to be connected between V_{DD} pin and GND pin, and the wirings between them have to be short as possible. The capacitor (C_{OUT}) for phase compensation has to be connected between V_{OUT} pin and GND pin, and the wirings between them have to be short as possible.

OPERATION MANUAL

Voltage Regulator (VR)

Voltage Regulator (VR) operates within the input voltage range of 3.5V to 36V. The output voltage is adjustable within the range of 2.5V to 12V by 0.1V step. By changing the current value of the control circuit according to the load current, the supply current at the light load condition can be minimized and also be able to achieve high speed response. When the load current becomes 12mA (Typ.) or more, the control circuit switches to high-speed mode and when the load current becomes 3mA or lower, it switches to low-power consumption mode. Hysteresis is set for the output current between 3mA to 12mA (Typ.).

These current values are internally fixed inside the IC. When the mode switching is caused by the load current change, the output voltage will be changed as the graph below shows. The load current dependencies (Load Regulation) of output voltage in Electrical Characteristics have been tested at the following points: 0.1mA, 7mA (Low-power consumption mode), 20mA, and 300mA.



During the period of 100 μ sec immediately after High-speed mode is switched to Low-power consumption mode, the current value (I_{OUTH}), which switches Low-power consumption mode back to High-speed mode, is increased 3 times. Therefore, during this time period, the IC can still operate with Low-power consumption mode even if the load current is between 12mA to 36mA (Typ.).

R1510SxxxA can turn on and off the operation of VR by CE pin.

Voltage Detector (VD)

Voltage Detector (VD) operates within the input voltage range of 1.8V to 36V (R1510SxxxA/C/D) and 3.0V to 36V (R1510SxxxB). The detector threshold is adjustable in the range of 2.3V to 12V by 0.1V step. If the monitor voltage is lower than the detector threshold, D_{OUT} outputs "L". In the case of R1510SxxA/B, if the monitor voltage becomes more than the released voltage, D_{OUT} outputs "H". In the case of R1510SxxxC/D, if the monitor voltage becomes more than the released voltage, the capacitor of the release output delay time pin (C_D) starts to get charged. D_{OUT} output maintains "L" until C_D reaches to the threshold value. Once C_D value becomes more than the threshold value, D_{OUT} outputs "H". In the case of R1510SxxxC/D, if the monitor voltage becomes lower than the detector threshold, the capacitor of C_D starts to get discharged. Therefore, if the monitor voltage becomes more than the released voltage without electrical discharge, the release output delay time afterwards becomes less than the existing release output delay time (t_{DELAY}).



R1510Sxxx C/D

If V_{IN} voltage is raised suddenly from the less than the minimum operating voltage to the less than the release voltage, V_{IN} voltage momentarily passes through the unstable range (from 0V to the minimum operating voltage), therefore, D_{OUT} may output "H" (unstable) once then output "L" afterwards. Similarly, if V_{IN} voltage is raised from the less than the minimum operating voltage to the more than the release voltage, V_{IN} momentarily passes through the unstable range (from 0V to the minimum operating voltage), therefore, D_{OUT} may output "H" once.

Release Output Delay Time

The release output delay time (Power-on Reset Time (t_{DELAY})) of R1510Sxxx C/D can be set by the capacitor of C_D pin. The relationship between the capacitor capacitance and t_{DELAY} is as shown in the following equation.

$$t_{DELAY}(s)=7.0 \times 10^5 \times C_D(F)$$

The upper limit of the capacitance value for the C_D pin capacitor is $1\mu F$. The capacitor operates normally with more than $1\mu F$; however, if the setting time (t_{DELAY}) is set longer, the setting time differences could become bigger. Also, if the detect output delay time becomes longer; the response of the VD output pin will be slow to make a momentary stop.

If the V_{DD} pin voltage is decreased with more than the through rate as it is shown in the graph below, the IC does not operate normally. If there's any possibility of this, please minimize the voltage fluctuation of V_{DD} pin by using C_{IN} .



Thermal Shutdown

If the junction temperature (T_j) becomes more than $140^\circ C$ (Typ.) due to the heat generation in the voltage regulator, the output driver will be turned off to protect the IC and the voltage regulator output will be turned off. If the junction temperature becomes less than $125^\circ C$ (Typ.), the output driver will be turned on and the voltage regulator output will be turned on. Unless the cause of the heat generation is not removed, the voltage regulator repeats turns on and off, so the output voltage will be a pulsing form.

R1510Sxxx D Voltage Setting

The voltage detector (VD) of R1510Sxxx D detects the output voltage drop of the voltage regulator (VR). If the VD release voltage is set to more than the VR output voltage, the VD will not be canceled even if the VR output voltage returns to the normal value after VD detected the output voltage drop of VR. To avoid this, there have to be voltage differences between the voltage regulator's output voltage (V_{OUT}) and the voltage detector's release voltage ($+V_{DET}$). Also, the following conditions have to be met.

$$(VR \text{ Output Setting Voltage}) \times 0.964 > (VD \text{ Detect Setting Voltage}) \times 1.03 \times 1.075$$

In case of using the products with the VR output voltage and the VD detector threshold that is not met the above conditions, please make sure to give greater consideration on the system operation before use.

PACKAGE INFORMATION

POWER DISSIPATION (HSOP-8E)

Power Dissipation (P_D) depends on conditions of mounting on board.
 This specification is based on the measurement at the condition below:

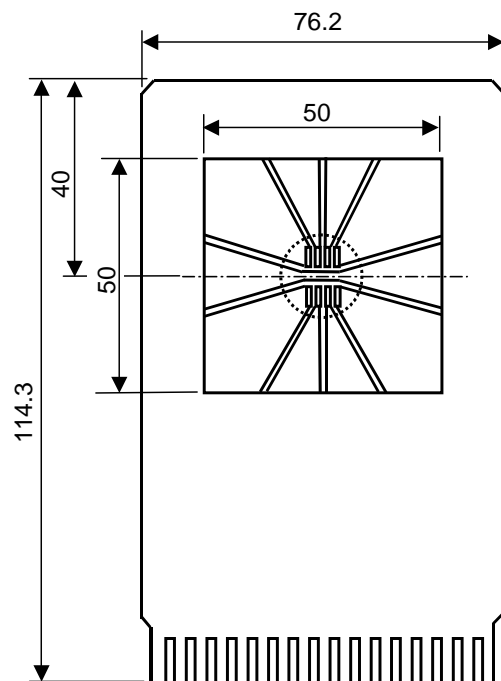
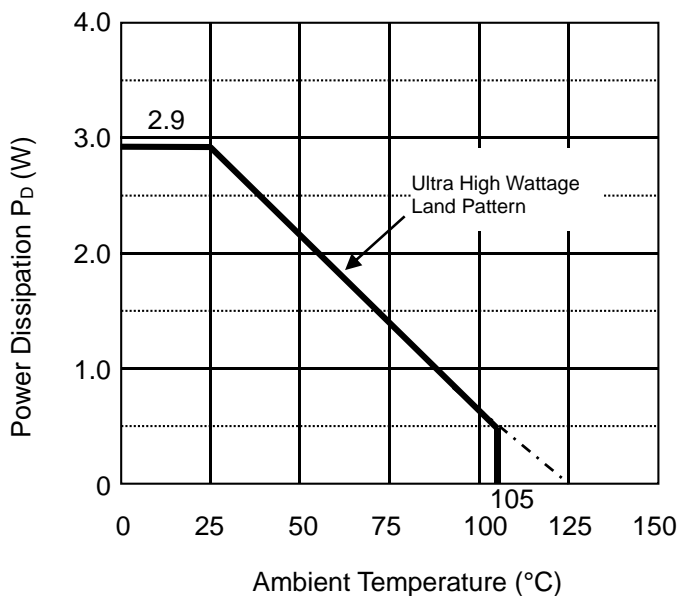
Measurement conditions

	Ultra High Wattage land pattern
Environment	Mounting on board (Wind velocity=0m/s)
Board Material	Glass cloth epoxy plastic (4 layers)
Board Dimensions	76.2mm x 114.3mm x 0.8mm
Copper Ratio	Top side, Back side : 50mm square : Approx.95% 2nd, 3rd Layer: 50mm square : Approx.100%
Through – holes	ϕ 0.4mm x 21 pcs

Measurement Results

($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{j\text{max}}=125^\circ\text{C}$)

	Ultra High Wattage land pattern
Power Dissipation	2.9W
Thermal Resistance	$\theta_{ja} = (125-25^\circ\text{C})/2.9\text{W} = 35^\circ\text{C/W}$
	$\theta_{jc} = 10^\circ\text{C/W}$



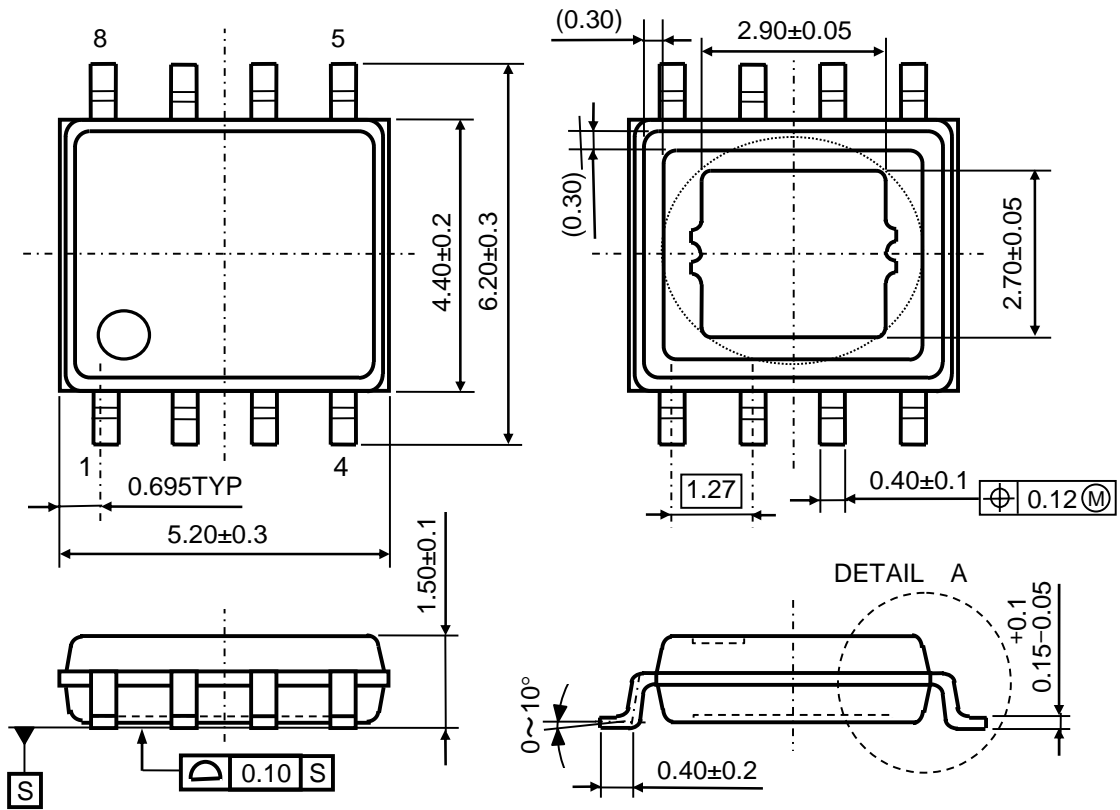
Measurement Board Pattern

IC Mount Area (Unit : mm)

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PACKAGE DIMENSIONS (HSOP-8E)



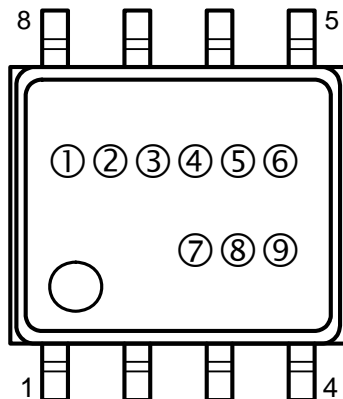
The tab on the bottom of the package enhances thermal performance and is electrically connected to GND (substrate level). It is recommended that the tab be connected to the ground plane on the board, or otherwise be left floating.



MARK SPECIFICATION (HSOP-8E)

①②③④⑤⑥: Product Code ... **Refer to MARK SPECIFICATION TABLE**

⑦⑧⑨: Lot Number ... Alphanumeric Serial Number



MARK SPECIFICATION TABLE (HSOP-8E)

R1510SxxxA

Product Name	①②③④⑤⑥	V _{SET}	
		VR	VD
R1510S001A	R S 0 0 3 A	3.3V	2.7V
R1510S002A	R S 0 0 3 E	2.5V	4.1V
R1510S003A	R S 0 0 3 J	12.0V	5.0V
R1510S004A	R S 0 0 3 N	5.6V	3.0V
R1510S005A	R S 0 0 3 S	3.3V	3.8V
R1510S006A	R S 0 0 3 W	3.3V	3.6V
R1510S007A	R S 0 0 4 A	5.0V	4.5V
R1510S008A	R S 0 0 4 E	3.3V	2.8V
R1510S009A	R S 0 0 4 J	12.0V	4.2V
R1510S010A	R S 0 0 4 N	3.6V	4.3V
R1510S011A	R S 0 0 4 S	5.0V	2.3V
R1510S012A	R S 0 0 4 W	5.0V	4.2V
R1510S013A	R S 0 0 6 A	5.0V	10.0V

R1510SxxxB

Product Name	①②③④⑤⑥	V _{SET}	
		VR	VD
R1510S001B	R S 0 0 3 B	3.3V	2.7V
R1510S002B	R S 0 0 3 F	2.5V	4.1V
R1510S003B	R S 0 0 3 K	12.0V	5.0V
R1510S004B	R S 0 0 3 P	5.6V	3.0V
R1510S005B	R S 0 0 3 T	3.3V	3.8V
R1510S006B	R S 0 0 3 X	3.3V	3.6V
R1510S007B	R S 0 0 4 B	5.0V	4.5V
R1510S008B	R S 0 0 4 F	3.3V	2.8V
R1510S009B	R S 0 0 4 K	12.0V	4.2V
R1510S010B	R S 0 0 4 P	3.6V	4.3V
R1510S011B	R S 0 0 4 T	5.0V	2.3V
R1510S012B	R S 0 0 4 X	5.0V	4.2V

R1510SxxxC

Product Name	①②③④⑤⑥	V _{SET}	
		VR	VD
R1510S001C	R S 0 0 3 C	3.3V	2.7V
R1510S002C	R S 0 0 3 G	2.5V	4.1V
R1510S003C	R S 0 0 3 L	12.0V	5.0V
R1510S004C	R S 0 0 3 Q	5.6V	3.0V
R1510S005C	R S 0 0 3 U	3.3V	3.8V
R1510S006C	R S 0 0 3 Y	3.3V	3.6V
R1510S007C	R S 0 0 4 C	5.0V	4.5V
R1510S008C	R S 0 0 4 G	3.3V	2.8V
R1510S009C	R S 0 0 4 L	12.0V	4.2V
R1510S010C	R S 0 0 4 Q	3.6V	4.3V
R1510S011C	R S 0 0 4 U	5.0V	2.3V
R1510S012C	R S 0 0 4 Y	5.0V	4.2V

R1510SxxxD

Product Name	①②③④⑤⑥	V _{SET}	
		VR	VD
R1510S001D	R S 0 0 3 D	3.3V	2.7V
R1510S003D	R S 0 0 3 M	12.0V	5.0V
R1510S004D	R S 0 0 3 R	5.6V	3.0V
R1510S008D	R S 0 0 4 H	3.3V	2.8V
R1510S009D	R S 0 0 4 M	12.0V	4.2V
R1510S011D	R S 0 0 4 V	5.0V	2.3V
R1510S012D	R S 0 0 4 Z	5.0V	4.2V

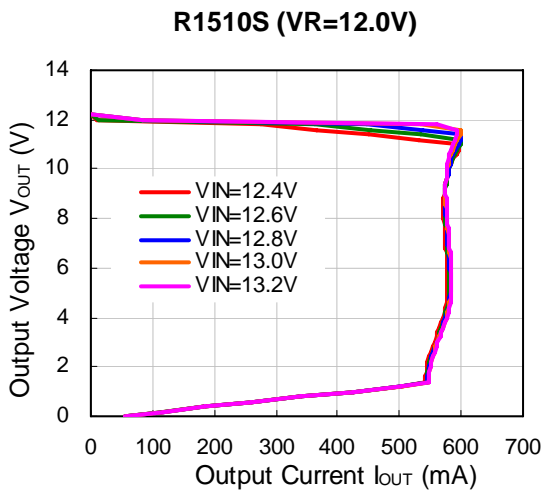
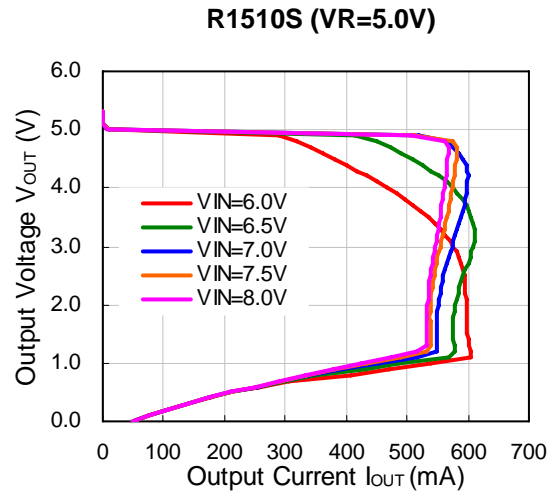
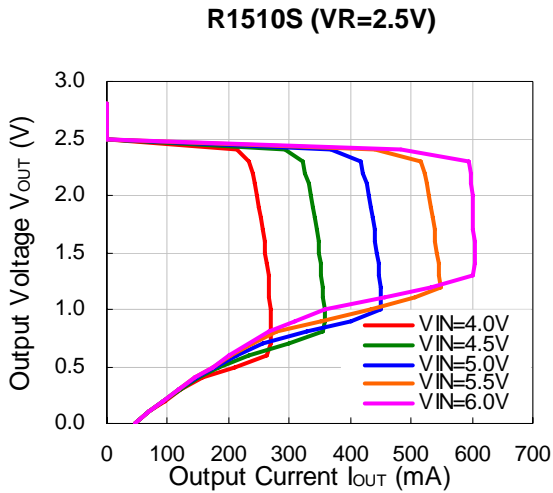
*) The followings do not exist:

R1510S002D, 005D, 006D, 007D, 010D

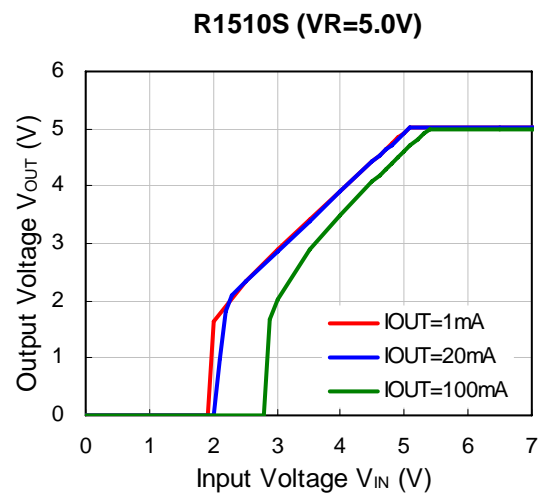
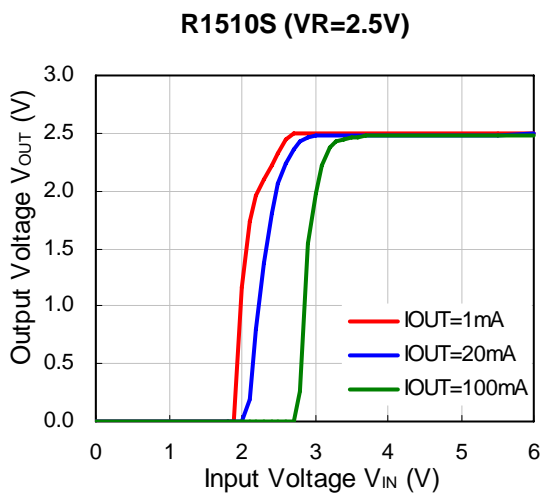
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note: Typical Characteristics are intended to be used as reference data; they are not guaranteed.

1) Output Voltage vs. Output Current (Ta=25°C)



2) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (Ta=25°C)

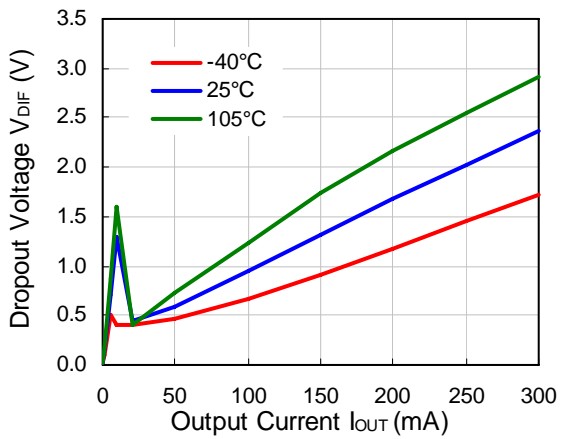


R1510S (VR=12.0V)



3) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

R1510S (VR=2.5V)



R1510S (VR=5.0V)



R1510S (VR=12.0V)



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4) Output Voltage vs. Output Current ($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)

R1510S (VR=2.5V)



R1510S (VR=5.0V)

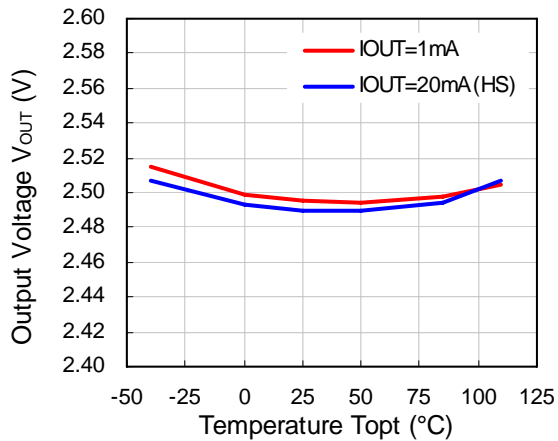


R1510S (VR=12.0V)



5) Output Voltage vs. Operating Temperature

R1510S (VR=2.5V)



R1510S (VR=5.0V)

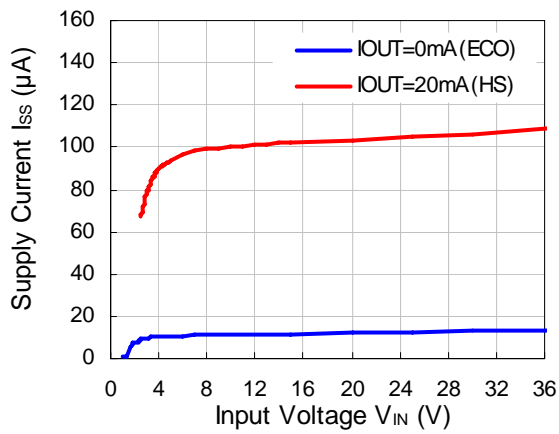


R1510S (VR=12.0V)

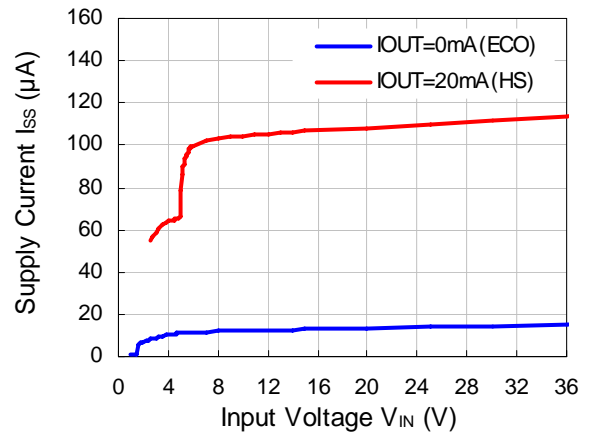


6) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage

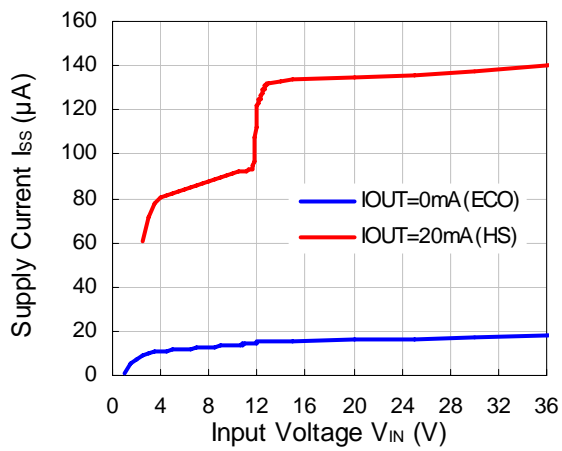
R1510S (VR=2.5V, VD=2.3V)



R1510S (VR=5.0V, VD=4.5V)



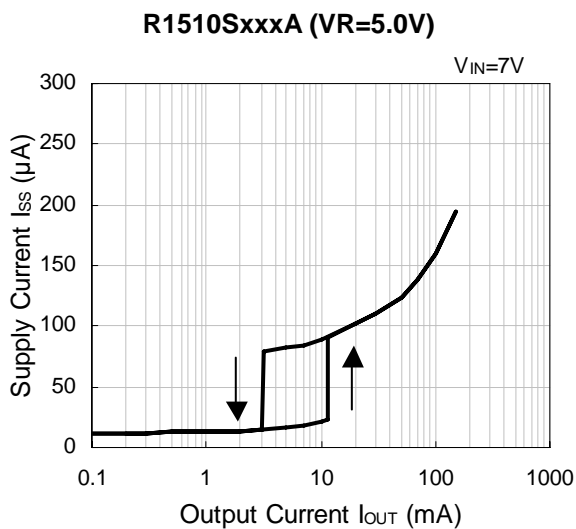
R1510S (VR=12.0V, VD=11.0V)



7) Supply Current vs. Operating Temperature

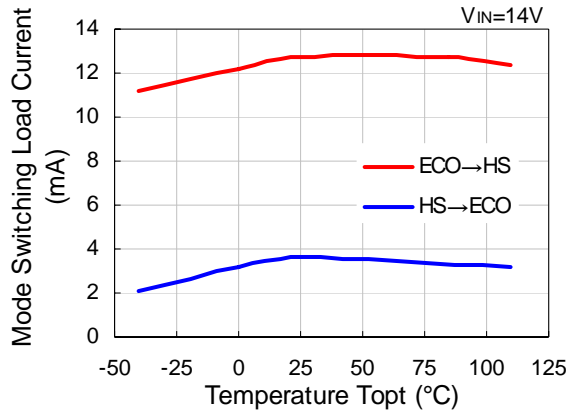


8) Supply Current vs. Output Current ($T_a=25^\circ C$)



9) Mode Switching Load Current vs. Operating Temperature

R1510S



10) Dropout Voltage vs. Set Output Voltage ($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)

R1510S

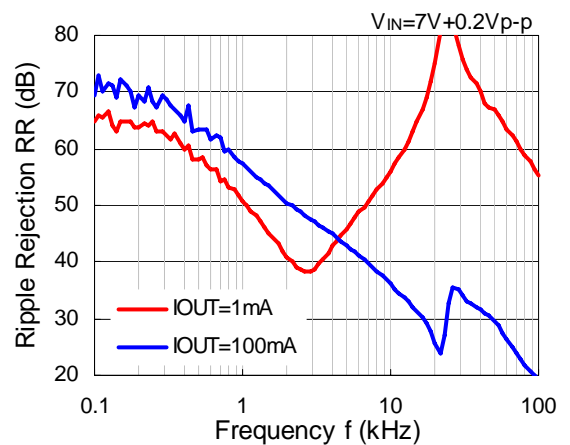


11) Ripple Rejection vs. Frequency ($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)

R1510S ($V_R=2.5V$)

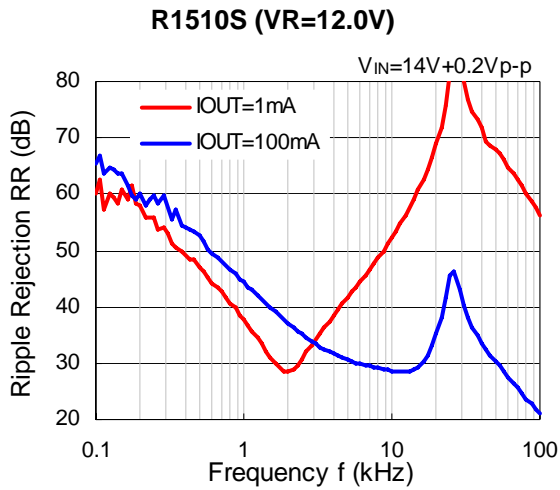


R1510S ($V_R=5.0V$)



R1510S

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12) Ripple Rejection vs. Input Voltage ($T_a=25^\circ C$)



R1510S (VR=12.0V)



R1510S (VR=12.0V)



13) Input Transient Response ($T_a=25^\circ C$)

R1510S (VR=2.5V)

$V_{DD}=3.5V$ to $4.5V$, $C_{OUT}=6.8\mu F$, $I_{OUT}=1mA$, t_f , $t_r=1\mu s$



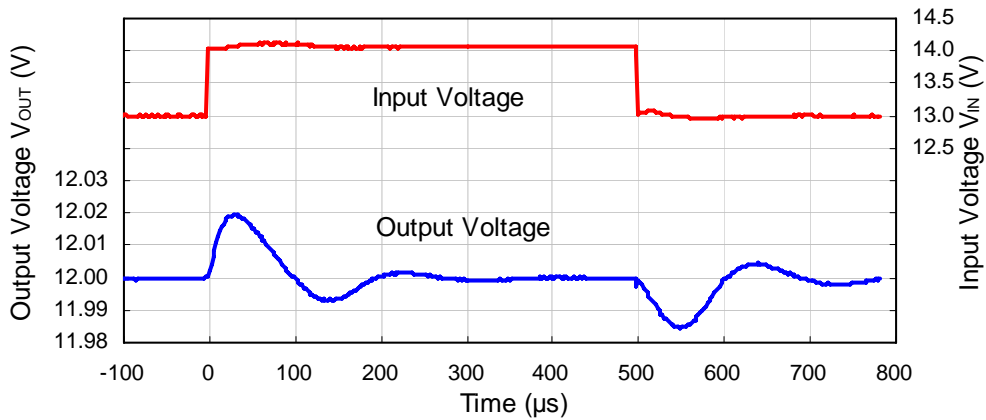
R1510S (VR=5.0V)

$V_{DD}=6V$ to $7V$, $C_{OUT}=6.8\mu F$, $I_{OUT}=1mA$, t_f , $t_r=1\mu s$



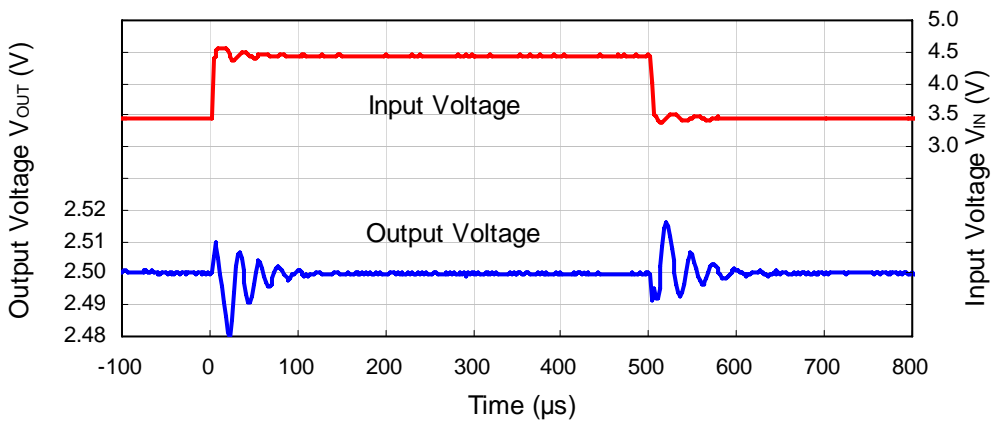
R1510S (VR=12.0V)

$V_{DD}=13V$ to $14V$, $C_{OUT}=6.8\mu F$, $I_{OUT}=1mA$, $t_f, t_r=1\mu s$



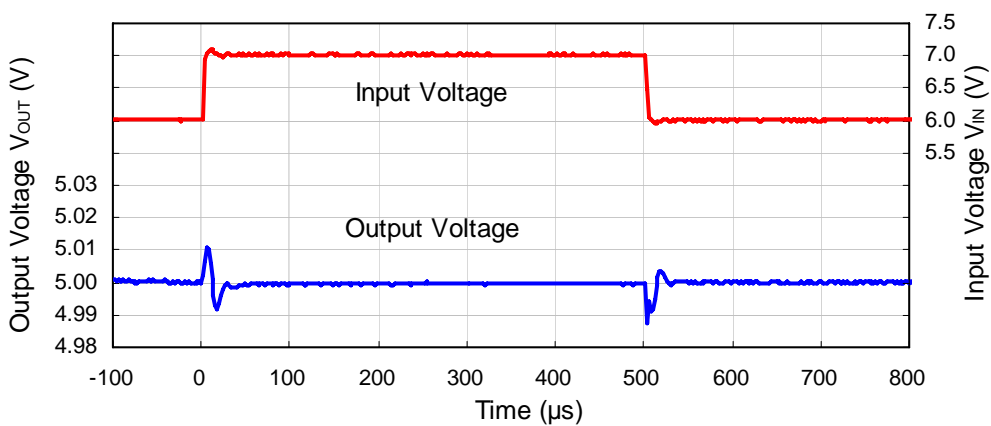
R1510S (VR=2.5V)

$V_{DD}=3.5V$ to $4.5V$, $C_{OUT}=6.8\mu F$, $I_{OUT}=10mA(HS)$, $t_f, t_r=1\mu s$



R1510S (VR=5.0V)

$V_{DD}=6V$ to $7V$, $C_{OUT}=6.8\mu F$, $I_{OUT}=10mA(HS)$, $t_f, t_r=1\mu s$



R1510S (VR=12.0V)

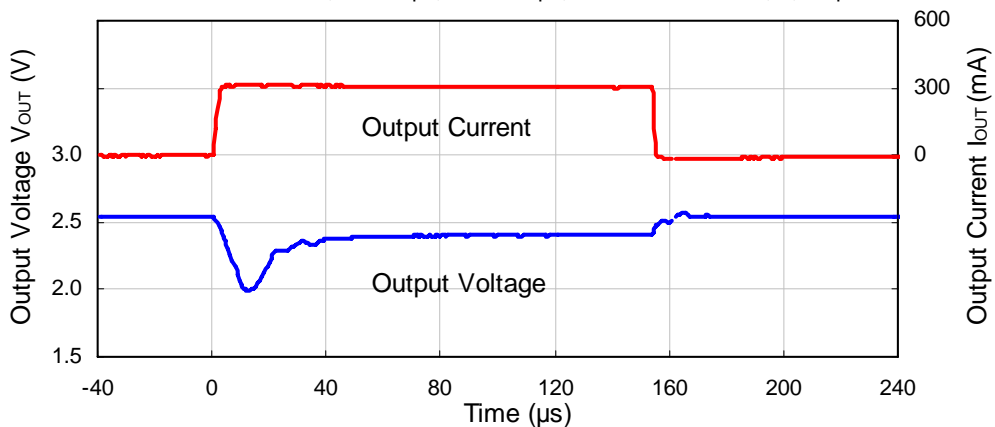
$V_{DD}=13V$ to $14V$, $C_{OUT}=6.8\mu F$, $I_{OUT}=10mA$ (HS), $t_f, t_r=1\mu s$



14) Load Transient Response (Ta=25°C)

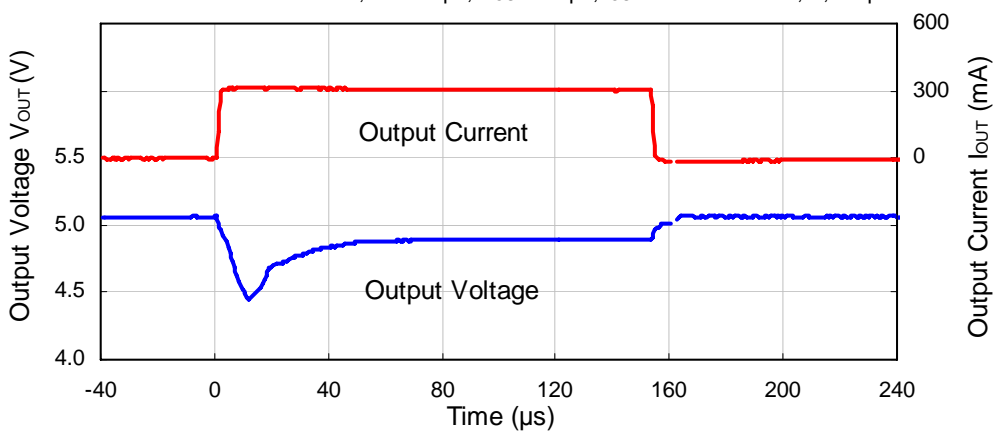
R1510S (VR=2.5V)

$V_{DD}=5.5V$, $C_{IN}=2.2\mu F$, $C_{OUT}=6.8\mu F$, $I_{OUT}=0mA$ to $300mA$, $t_f, t_r=1\mu s$



R1510S (VR=5.0V)

$V_{DD}=7.0V$, $C_{IN}=2.2\mu F$, $C_{OUT}=6.8\mu F$, $I_{OUT}=0mA$ to $300mA$, $t_f, t_r=1\mu s$

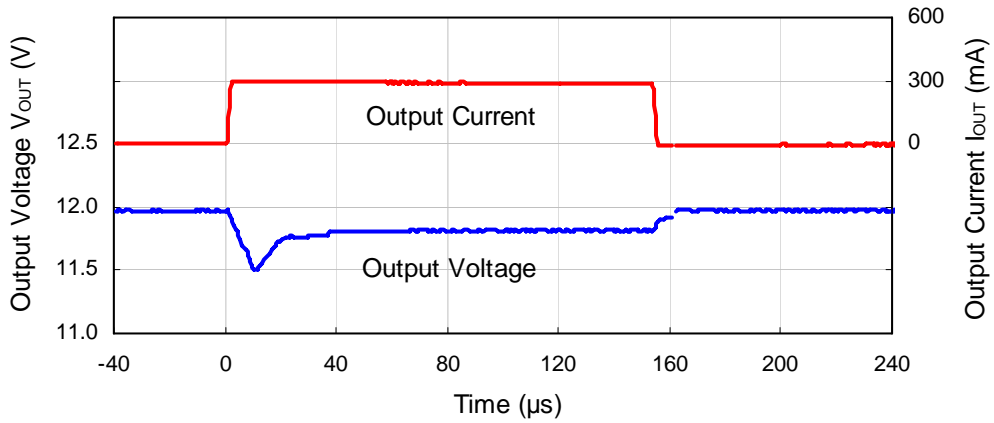


R1510S

NO.EA-185-140724

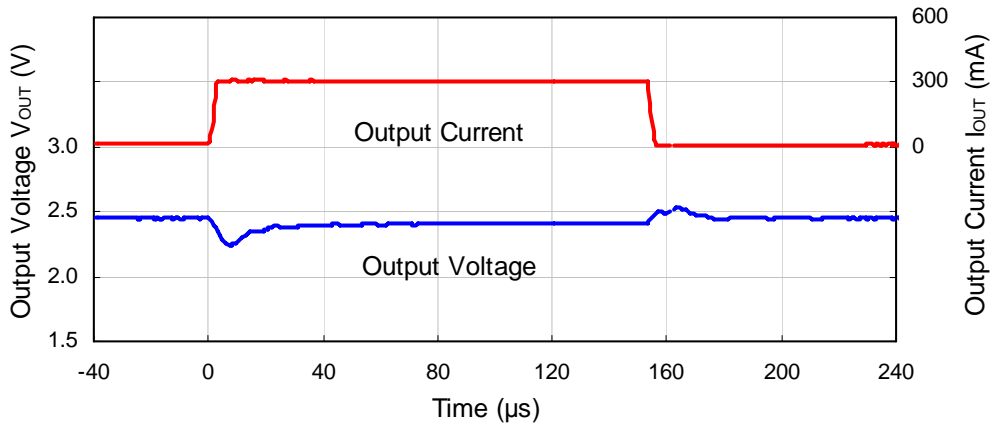
R1510S (VR=12.0V)

$V_{DD}=14V$, $C_{IN}=2.2\mu F$, $C_{OUT}=6.8\mu F$, $I_{OUT}=0mA$ to $300mA$, $t_f, t_r=1\mu s$



R1510S (VR=2.5V)

$V_{DD}=5.5V$, $C_{IN}=2.2\mu F$, $C_{OUT}=6.8\mu F$, $I_{OUT}=20mA$ to $300mA$, $t_f, t_r=1\mu s$



R1510S (VR=5.0V)

$V_{DD}=7V$, $C_{IN}=2.2\mu F$, $C_{OUT}=6.8\mu F$, $I_{OUT}=20mA$ to $300mA$, $t_f, t_r=1\mu s$



R1510S (VR=12.0V)

$V_{DD}=14V$, $C_{IN}=2.2\mu F$, $C_{OUT}=6.8\mu F$, $I_{OUT}=20mA$ to $300mA$, $t_f, t_r=1\mu s$



15) Start-up Waveform (Ta=25°C)

R1510SxxxB/C/D (VR=5.0V)

$C_{OUT}=6.8\mu F$, $I_{OUT}=10mA$, $t_f, t_r=1\mu s$



16) Start-up Waveform by CE (Ta=25°C)

R1510SxxxA (VR=5.0V)

$V_{IN}=7V$, $I_{OUT}=10mA$

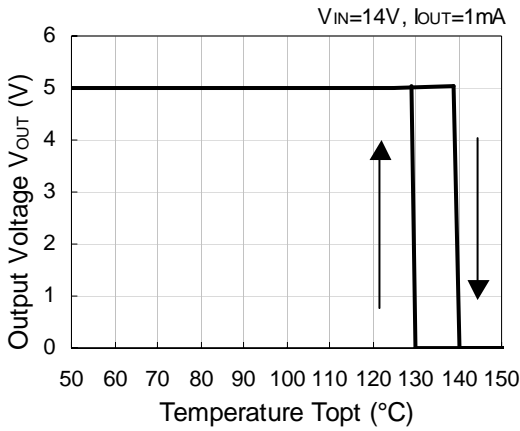


R1510S

NO.EA-185-140724

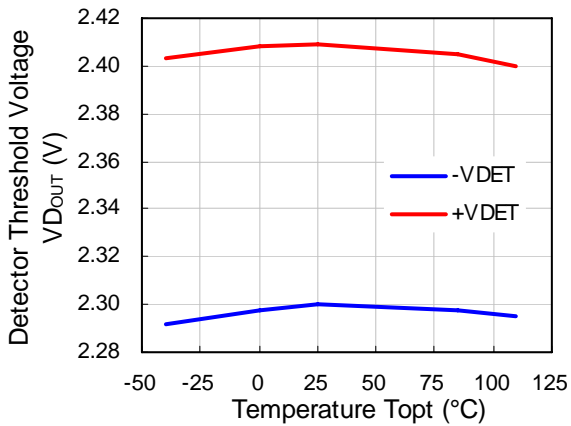
17) Thermal Shutdown

R1510S (VR=5.0V)

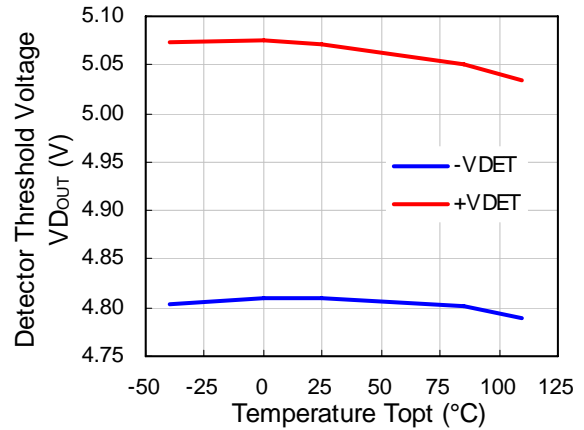


18) Detector Threshold Voltage vs. Operating Temperature

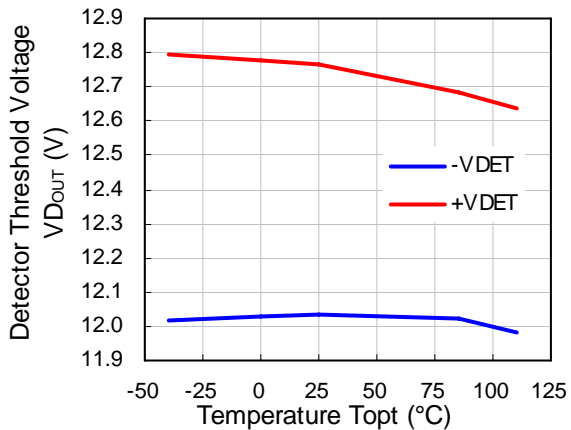
R1510S (VD=2.3V)



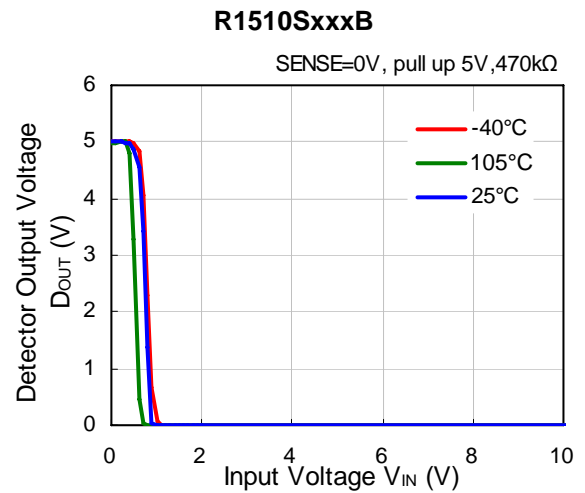
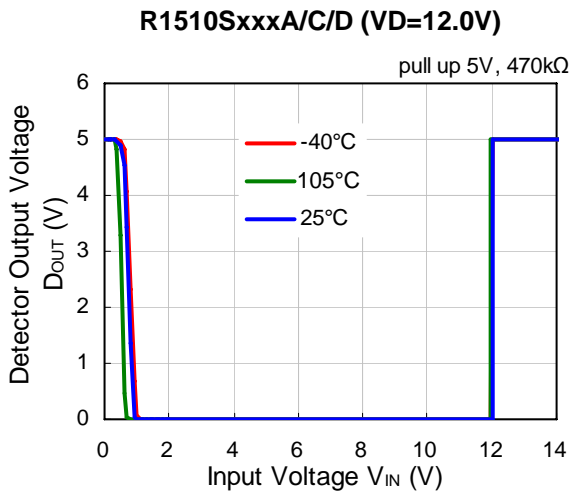
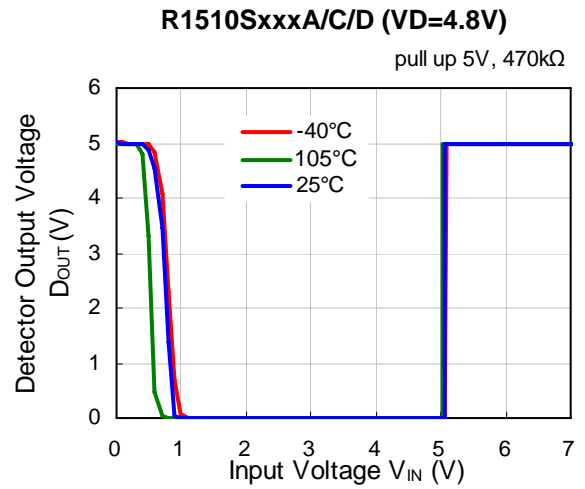
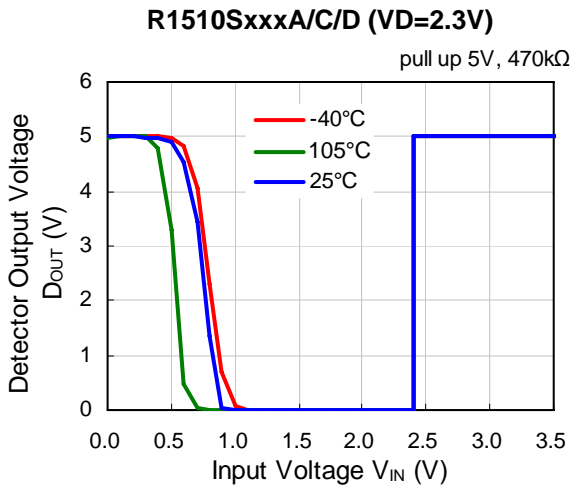
R1510S (VD=4.8V)



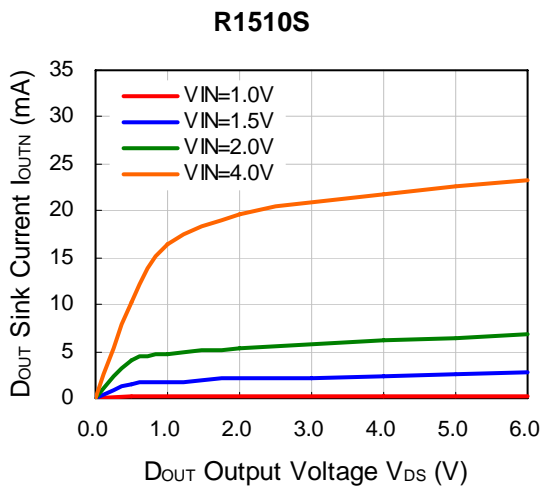
R1510S (VD=12.0V)



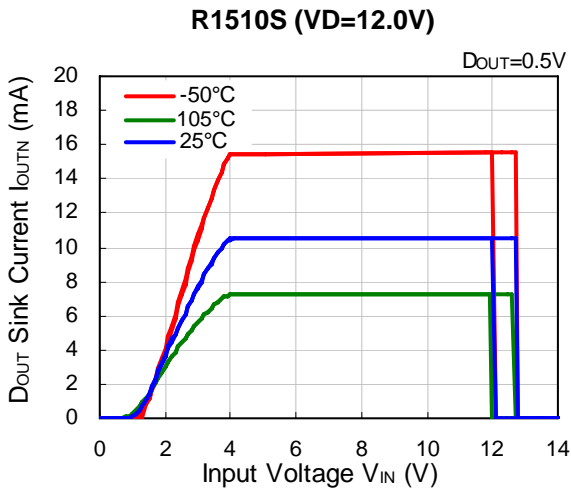
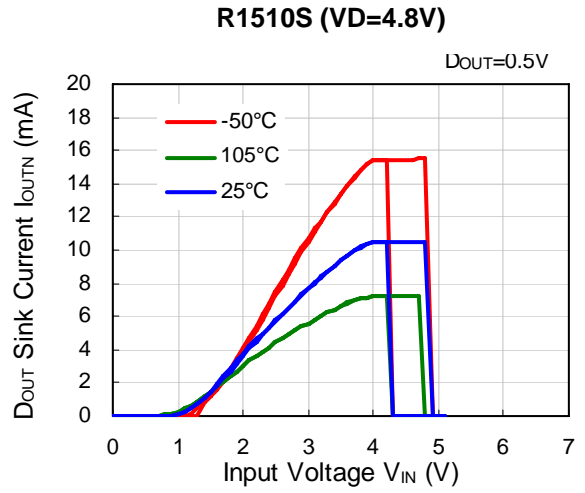
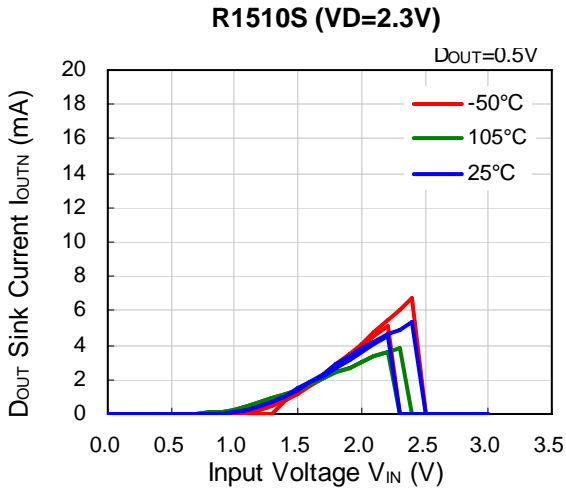
19) VD Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage



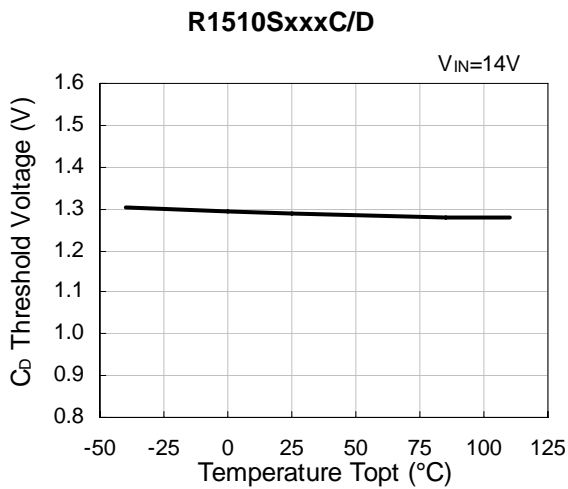
20) DOUT Sink Current vs. DOUT Output Voltage



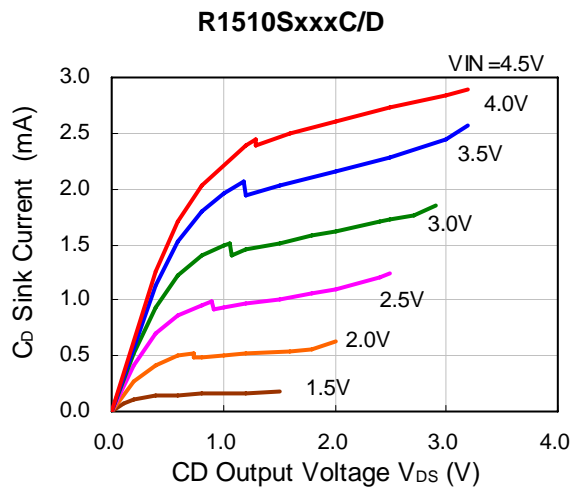
21) D_{OUT} Sink Current vs. Input Voltage



22) C_D Detector Threshold vs. Operating Voltage



23) C_D Sink Current vs. C_D Output Voltage

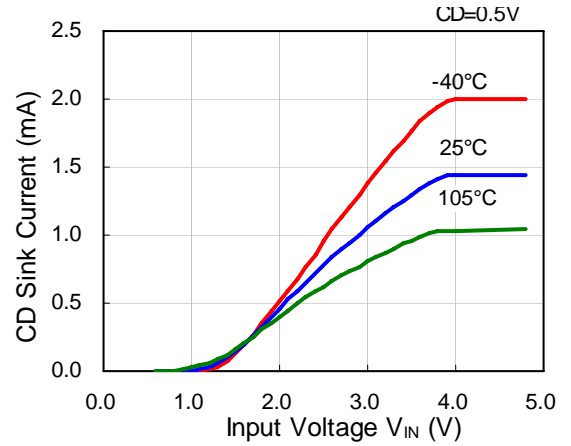


24) C_D Output Current Vs. Input Voltage

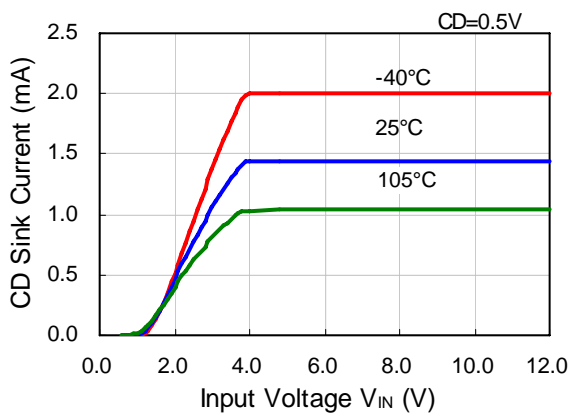
R1510SxxxC/D (VD=2.3V)



R1510SxxxC/D (VD=4.8V)

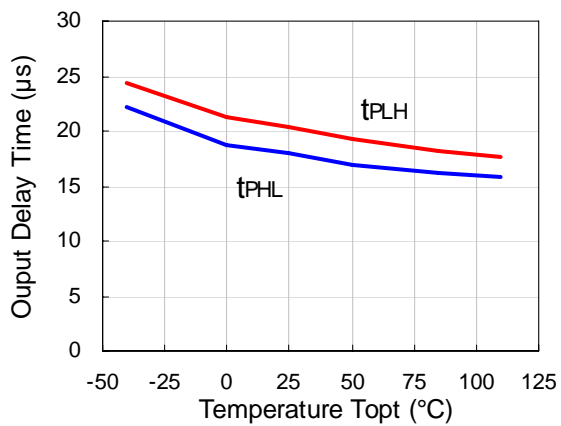


R1510SxxxC/D (VD=12.0V)



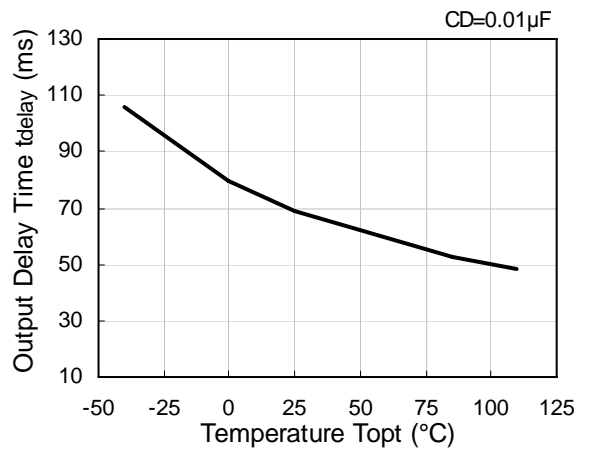
25) Output Delay Time vs. Operating Temperature

R1510SxxxA/B

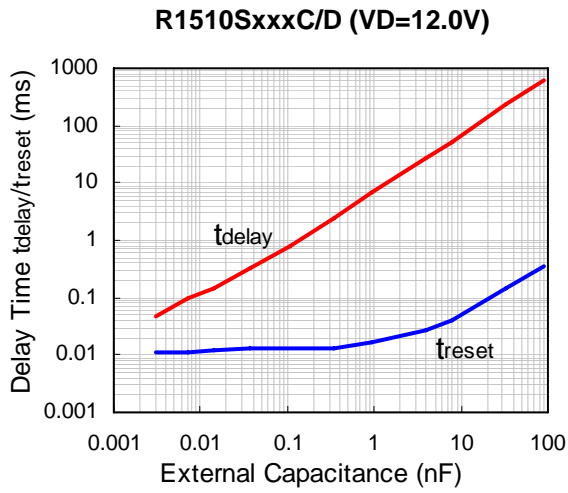
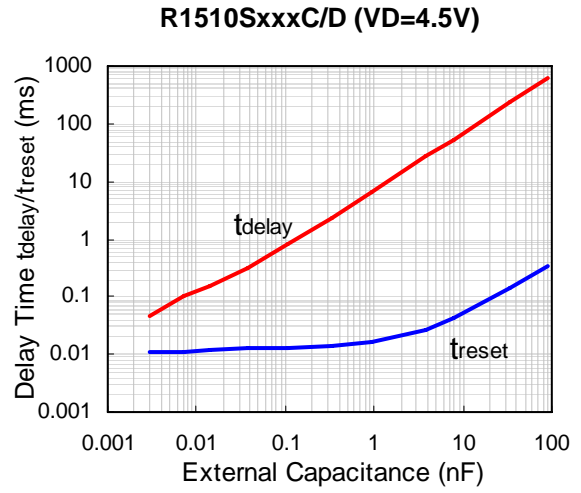
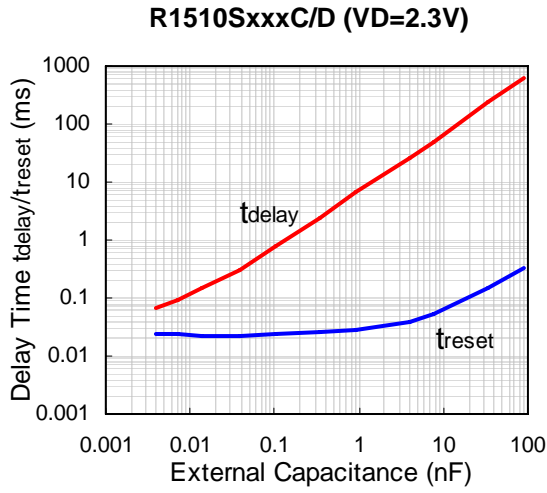


26) Release Output Delay Time vs. Operating Temperature

R1510SxxxC/D



27) Output Delay Time vs. External Capacitance of Output Delay Pin



Detection Operation Glitch of SENSE Pin Voltage

The graph below shows that the pulse amplitude/ pulse width that can maintain the released condition when the pulse of less than the detector threshold voltage was input into SENSE pin.



SENSE Input Waveform

This graph shows the maximum pulse conditions that can maintain the released condition. Please be careful to the sizes of the pulse width and the pulse amplitude going into SENSE pin because if they are bigger than the sizes of the pulse width and the pulse amplitude in this graph, the reset signal may go off.



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