

The S-817 Series is a 3-terminal positive voltage regulator, developed using CMOS technology. Small ceramic capacitors can be used as the output capacitor, and the S-817 Series provides stable operation with low loads down to 1  $\mu$ A.

Compared with the conventional voltage regulator, it is low current consumption, and with a lineup of the super small package (SNT-4A:1.2 mm  $\times$  1.6 mm). It is optimal as a power supply of small portable device.

## ■ Features

- Output voltage: 1.1 V to 6.0 V, selectable in 0.1 V step
- Output voltage accuracy:  $\pm 2.0\%$
- Dropout voltage: 160 mV typ. (5.0 V output product,  $I_{OUT} = 10$  mA)
- Current consumption: During operation: 1.2  $\mu$ A typ., 2.5  $\mu$ A max.
- Output current: Possible to output 50 mA (3.0 V output product,  $V_{IN}=5$  V)<sup>\*1</sup>  
Possible to output 75 mA (5.0 V output product,  $V_{IN}=7$  V)<sup>\*1</sup>
- Output capacitor: A ceramic capacitor of 0.1  $\mu$ F or more can be used.
- Built-in short circuit protection: Only S-817A Series
- Line regulation: Stable operation at low load of 1  $\mu$ A
- Operation temperature range:  $T_a = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$
- Lead-free, Sn 100%, halogen-free<sup>\*2</sup>

\*1. Attention should be paid to the power dissipation of the package when the load is large.

\*2. Refer to "■ Product Name Structure" for details.

## ■ Applications

- Constant-voltage power supply for battery-powered device
- Constant-voltage power supply for personal communication device
- Constant-voltage power supply for home electric appliance

## ■ Packages

- SNT-4A
- SC-82AB
- SOT-23-5
- SOT-89-3
- TO-92

■ **Block Diagrams**

1. **S-817A Series**



\*1. Parasitic diode

**Figure 1**

2. **S-817B Series**



\*1. Parasitic diode

**Figure 2**

■ Product Name Structure

Users can select the product type, output voltage, and package type for the S-817 Series. Refer to the “1. Product name” regarding the contents of the product name, “2. Packages” regarding the package drawings, “3. Product name list” regarding details of the product name.

1. Product name

1.1 S-817A Series

1.1.1 SNT-4A package



\*1. Refer to the tape drawing.

\*2. Refer to “3. Product name list”.

1.1.2 SC-82AB and SOT-23-5 packages



\*1. Refer to the tape drawing.

\*2. Refer to “3. Product name list”.

1. 2 S-817B Series

1. 2. 1 SOT-23-5 and SOT-89-3 packages



\*1. Refer to the tape drawing.  
 \*2. Refer to "3. Product name list".

1. 2. 2 TO-92 package



**SUPER-SMALL PACKAGE CMOS VOLTAGE REGULATOR**

Rev.6.2\_02

**S-817 Series**

**2. Packages**

| Package name          | Drawing code |                              |              |              |              |
|-----------------------|--------------|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|                       | Package      | Tape                         | Reel         | Zigzag       | Land         |
| SNT-4A                | PF004-A-P-SD | PF004-A-C-SD                 | PF004-A-R-SD | —            | PF004-A-L-SD |
| SC-82AB               | NP004-A-P-SD | NP004-A-C-SD<br>NP004-A-C-S1 | NP004-A-R-SD | —            | —            |
| SOT-23-5              | MP005-A-P-SD | MP005-A-C-SD                 | MP005-A-R-SD | —            | —            |
| SOT-89-3              | UP003-A-P-SD | UP003-A-C-SD                 | UP003-A-R-SD | —            | —            |
| TO-92 (Bulk)          | YS003-D-P-SD | —                            | —            | —            | —            |
| TO-92 (Tape and ammo) | YZ003-E-P-SD | YZ003-E-C-SD                 | —            | YZ003-E-Z-SD | —            |

**3. Product name list**

**3.1 S-817A Series**

**Table 1**

| Output voltage | SNT-4A             | SC-82AB            | SOT-23-5           |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1.1 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A11APF-CUATFU | S-817A11ANB-CUAT2x | —                  |
| 1.2 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A12APF-CUBTFU | S-817A12ANB-CUBT2x | —                  |
| 1.3 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A13APF-CUCTFU | S-817A13ANB-CUCT2x | —                  |
| 1.4 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A14APF-CUDTFU | S-817A14ANB-CUDT2x | S-817A14AMC-CUDT2x |
| 1.5 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A15APF-CUETFU | S-817A15ANB-CUET2x | —                  |
| 1.6 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A16APF-CUFTFU | S-817A16ANB-CUFT2x | S-817A16AMC-CUFT2x |
| 1.7 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A17APF-CUGTFU | S-817A17ANB-CUGT2x | —                  |
| 1.8 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A18APF-CUHTFU | S-817A18ANB-CUHT2x | —                  |
| 1.9 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A19APF-CUITFU | S-817A19ANB-CUIT2x | —                  |
| 2.0 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A20APF-CUJTFU | S-817A20ANB-CUJT2x | —                  |
| 2.1 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A21APF-CUKTFU | S-817A21ANB-CUKT2x | —                  |
| 2.2 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A22APF-CULTFU | S-817A22ANB-CULT2x | —                  |
| 2.3 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A23APF-CUMTFU | S-817A23ANB-CUMT2x | —                  |
| 2.4 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A24APF-CUNTFU | S-817A24ANB-CUNT2x | —                  |
| 2.5 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A25APF-CUOTFU | S-817A25ANB-CUOT2x | —                  |
| 2.6 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A26APF-CUPTFU | S-817A26ANB-CUPT2x | —                  |
| 2.7 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A27APF-CUQTFU | S-817A27ANB-CUQT2x | —                  |
| 2.8 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A28APF-CURTFU | S-817A28ANB-CURT2x | —                  |
| 2.9 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A29APF-CUSTFU | S-817A29ANB-CUST2x | —                  |
| 3.0 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A30APF-CUTTFU | S-817A30ANB-CUTT2x | —                  |
| 3.1 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A31APF-CUUTFU | S-817A31ANB-CUUT2x | —                  |
| 3.2 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A32APF-CUVTFU | S-817A32ANB-CUVT2x | —                  |
| 3.3 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A33APF-CUWTFU | S-817A33ANB-CUWT2x | —                  |
| 3.4 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A34APF-CUXTFU | S-817A34ANB-CUXT2x | —                  |
| 3.5 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A35APF-CUYTFU | S-817A35ANB-CUYT2x | —                  |
| 3.6 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A36APF-CUZTFU | S-817A36ANB-CUZT2x | —                  |
| 3.7 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A37APF-CVATFU | S-817A37ANB-CVAT2x | —                  |
| 3.8 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A38APF-CVBTFU | S-817A38ANB-CVBT2x | —                  |
| 3.9 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A39APF-CVCTFU | S-817A39ANB-CVCT2x | —                  |
| 4.0 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A40APF-CVDTFU | S-817A40ANB-CVDT2x | —                  |
| 4.1 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A41APF-CVETFU | S-817A41ANB-CVET2x | —                  |
| 4.2 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A42APF-CVFTFU | S-817A42ANB-CVFT2x | —                  |
| 4.3 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A43APF-CVGTFU | S-817A43ANB-CVGT2x | —                  |
| 4.4 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A44APF-CVHTFU | S-817A44ANB-CVHT2x | —                  |
| 4.5 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A45APF-CVITFU | S-817A45ANB-CVIT2x | —                  |
| 4.6 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A46APF-CVJTFU | S-817A46ANB-CVJT2x | —                  |
| 4.7 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A47APF-CVKTFU | S-817A47ANB-CVKT2x | —                  |
| 4.8 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A48APF-CVLTFU | S-817A48ANB-CVLT2x | —                  |
| 4.9 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A49APF-CVMTFU | S-817A49ANB-CVMT2x | —                  |
| 5.0 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A50APF-CVNTFU | S-817A50ANB-CVNT2x | —                  |
| 5.1 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A51APF-CVOTFU | S-817A51ANB-CVOT2x | —                  |
| 5.2 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A52APF-CVPTFU | S-817A52ANB-CVPT2x | —                  |
| 5.3 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A53APF-CVQTFU | S-817A53ANB-CVQT2x | —                  |
| 5.4 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A54APF-CVRTFU | S-817A54ANB-CVRT2x | —                  |
| 5.5 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A55APF-CVSTFU | S-817A55ANB-CVST2x | —                  |
| 5.6 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A56APF-CVTFU  | S-817A56ANB-CVTT2x | —                  |
| 5.7 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A57APF-CVUTFU | S-817A57ANB-CVUT2x | —                  |
| 5.8 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A58APF-CVVTFU | S-817A58ANB-CVVT2x | —                  |
| 5.9 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A59APF-CVWTFU | S-817A59ANB-CVWT2x | —                  |
| 6.0 V ± 2.0%   | S-817A60APF-CVXTFU | S-817A60ANB-CVXT2x | —                  |

**Remark 1.** Please contact our sales office for products other than the above.

**2.** x: G or U

**3.** Please select products of environmental code = U for Sn 100%, halogen-free products.

# SUPER-SMALL PACKAGE CMOS VOLTAGE REGULATOR

Rev.6.2\_02

S-817 Series

## 3.2 S-817B Series

Table 2

| Output voltage | SOT-23-5           | SOT-89-3           | TO-92 <sup>*1</sup> |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| 1.1 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B11AMC-CWAT2x | S-817B11AUA-CWAT2x | S-817B11AY-n2-U     |
| 1.2 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B12AMC-CWBT2x | S-817B12AUA-CWBT2x | S-817B12AY-n2-U     |
| 1.3 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B13AMC-CWCT2x | S-817B13AUA-CWCT2x | S-817B13AY-n2-U     |
| 1.4 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B14AMC-CWDT2x | S-817B14AUA-CWDT2x | S-817B14AY-n2-U     |
| 1.5 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B15AMC-CWET2x | S-817B15AUA-CWET2x | S-817B15AY-n2-U     |
| 1.6 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B16AMC-CWFT2x | S-817B16AUA-CWFT2x | S-817B16AY-n2-U     |
| 1.7 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B17AMC-CWGT2x | S-817B17AUA-CWGT2x | S-817B17AY-n2-U     |
| 1.8 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B18AMC-CWHT2x | S-817B18AUA-CWHT2x | S-817B18AY-n2-U     |
| 1.9 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B19AMC-CWIT2x | S-817B19AUA-CWIT2x | S-817B19AY-n2-U     |
| 2.0 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B20AMC-CWJT2x | S-817B20AUA-CWJT2x | S-817B20AY-n2-U     |
| 2.1 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B21AMC-CWKT2x | S-817B21AUA-CWKT2x | S-817B21AY-n2-U     |
| 2.2 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B22AMC-CWLT2x | S-817B22AUA-CWLT2x | S-817B22AY-n2-U     |
| 2.3 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B23AMC-CWMT2x | S-817B23AUA-CWMT2x | S-817B23AY-n2-U     |
| 2.4 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B24AMC-CWNT2x | S-817B24AUA-CWNT2x | S-817B24AY-n2-U     |
| 2.5 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B25AMC-CWOT2x | S-817B25AUA-CWOT2x | S-817B25AY-n2-U     |
| 2.6 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B26AMC-CWPT2x | S-817B26AUA-CWPT2x | S-817B26AY-n2-U     |
| 2.7 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B27AMC-CWQT2x | S-817B27AUA-CWQT2x | S-817B27AY-n2-U     |
| 2.8 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B28AMC-CWRT2x | S-817B28AUA-CWRT2x | S-817B28AY-n2-U     |
| 2.9 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B29AMC-CWST2x | S-817B29AUA-CWST2x | S-817B29AY-n2-U     |
| 3.0 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B30AMC-CWTT2x | S-817B30AUA-CWTT2x | S-817B30AY-n2-U     |
| 3.1 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B31AMC-CWUT2x | S-817B31AUA-CWUT2x | S-817B31AY-n2-U     |
| 3.2 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B32AMC-CWVT2x | S-817B32AUA-CWVT2x | S-817B32AY-n2-U     |
| 3.3 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B33AMC-CWWT2x | S-817B33AUA-CWWT2x | S-817B33AY-n2-U     |
| 3.4 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B34AMC-CWXT2x | S-817B34AUA-CWXT2x | S-817B34AY-n2-U     |
| 3.5 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B35AMC-CWYT2x | S-817B35AUA-CWYT2x | S-817B35AY-n2-U     |
| 3.6 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B36AMC-CWZT2x | S-817B36AUA-CWZT2x | S-817B36AY-n2-U     |
| 3.7 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B37AMC-CXAT2x | S-817B37AUA-CXAT2x | S-817B37AY-n2-U     |
| 3.8 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B38AMC-CXBT2x | S-817B38AUA-CXBT2x | S-817B38AY-n2-U     |
| 3.9 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B39AMC-CXCT2x | S-817B39AUA-CXCT2x | S-817B39AY-n2-U     |
| 4.0 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B40AMC-CXDT2x | S-817B40AUA-CXDT2x | S-817B40AY-n2-U     |
| 4.1 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B41AMC-CXET2x | S-817B41AUA-CXET2x | S-817B41AY-n2-U     |
| 4.2 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B42AMC-CXFT2x | S-817B42AUA-CXFT2x | S-817B42AY-n2-U     |
| 4.3 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B43AMC-CXGT2x | S-817B43AUA-CXGT2x | S-817B43AY-n2-U     |
| 4.4 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B44AMC-CXHT2x | S-817B44AUA-CXHT2x | S-817B44AY-n2-U     |
| 4.5 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B45AMC-CXIT2x | S-817B45AUA-CXIT2x | S-817B45AY-n2-U     |
| 4.6 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B46AMC-CXJT2x | S-817B46AUA-CXJT2x | S-817B46AY-n2-U     |
| 4.7 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B47AMC-CXKT2x | S-817B47AUA-CXKT2x | S-817B47AY-n2-U     |
| 4.8 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B48AMC-CXLT2x | S-817B48AUA-CXLT2x | S-817B48AY-n2-U     |
| 4.9 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B49AMC-CXMT2x | S-817B49AUA-CXMT2x | S-817B49AY-n2-U     |
| 5.0 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B50AMC-CXNT2x | S-817B50AUA-CXNT2x | S-817B50AY-n2-U     |
| 5.1 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B51AMC-CXOT2x | S-817B51AUA-CXOT2x | S-817B51AY-n2-U     |
| 5.2 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B52AMC-CXPT2x | S-817B52AUA-CXPT2x | S-817B52AY-n2-U     |
| 5.3 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B53AMC-CXQT2x | S-817B53AUA-CXQT2x | S-817B53AY-n2-U     |
| 5.4 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B54AMC-CXRT2x | S-817B54AUA-CXRT2x | S-817B54AY-n2-U     |
| 5.5 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B55AMC-CXST2x | S-817B55AUA-CXST2x | S-817B55AY-n2-U     |
| 5.6 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B56AMC-CXTT2x | S-817B56AUA-CXTT2x | S-817B56AY-n2-U     |
| 5.7 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B57AMC-CXUT2x | S-817B57AUA-CXUT2x | S-817B57AY-n2-U     |
| 5.8 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B58AMC-CXVT2x | S-817B58AUA-CXVT2x | S-817B58AY-n2-U     |
| 5.9 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B59AMC-CXWT2x | S-817B59AUA-CXWT2x | S-817B59AY-n2-U     |
| 6.0 V ± 2.0%   | S-817B60AMC-CXXT2x | S-817B60AUA-CXXT2x | S-817B60AY-n2-U     |

\*1. "n" changes according to the packing form in TO-92.

B: Bulk, Z: Tape and ammo.

**Remark 1.** x: G or U

2. Please select products of environmental code = U for Sn 100%, halogen-free products.

■ **Pin Configurations**



**Figure 3**

**Table 3**

| Pin No. | Symbol           | Description        |
|---------|------------------|--------------------|
| 1       | VOUT             | Output voltage pin |
| 2       | VIN              | Input voltage pin  |
| 3       | VSS              | GND pin            |
| 4       | NC <sup>*1</sup> | No connection      |

\*1. The NC pin is electrically open.  
 The NC pin can be connected to the VIN pin or the VSS pin.



**Figure 4**

**Table 4**

| Pin No. | Symbol           | Description        |
|---------|------------------|--------------------|
| 1       | VSS              | GND pin            |
| 2       | VIN              | Input voltage pin  |
| 3       | VOUT             | Output voltage pin |
| 4       | NC <sup>*1</sup> | No connection      |

\*1. The NC pin is electrically open.  
 The NC pin can be connected to the VIN pin or the VSS pin.



**Figure 5**

**Table 5**

| Pin No. | Symbol           | Description        |
|---------|------------------|--------------------|
| 1       | VSS              | GND pin            |
| 2       | VIN              | Input voltage pin  |
| 3       | VOUT             | Output voltage pin |
| 4       | NC <sup>*1</sup> | No connection      |
| 5       | NC <sup>*1</sup> | No connection      |

\*1. The NC pin is electrically open.  
 The NC pin can be connected to the VIN pin or the VSS pin.

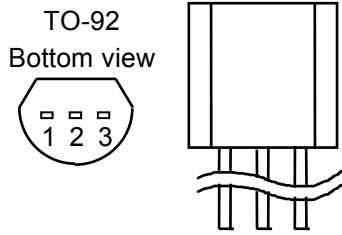


**Figure 6**

**Table 6**

| Pin No. | Symbol | Description        |
|---------|--------|--------------------|
| 1       | VSS    | GND pin            |
| 2       | VIN    | Input voltage pin  |
| 3       | VOUT   | Output voltage pin |





**Figure 7**

**Table 7**

| Pin No. | Symbol | Description        |
|---------|--------|--------------------|
| 1       | VSS    | GND pin            |
| 2       | VIN    | Input voltage pin  |
| 3       | VOUT   | Output voltage pin |

■ **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

**Table 8**

(Ta=25°C unless otherwise specified)

| Item                        | Symbol           | Absolute Maximum Rating                      | Unit |
|-----------------------------|------------------|--|------|
| Input voltage               | V <sub>IN</sub>  | V <sub>SS</sub> -0.3 to V <sub>SS</sub> +12  | V    |
| Output voltage              | V <sub>OUT</sub> | V <sub>SS</sub> -0.3 to V <sub>IN</sub> +0.3 | V    |
| Power dissipation           | P <sub>D</sub>   | 300 <sup>*1</sup>                            | mW   |
|                             |                  | 150 (When not mounted on board)              | mW   |
|                             |                  | 400 <sup>*1</sup>                            | mW   |
|                             |                  | 250 (When not mounted on board)              | mW   |
|                             |                  | 600 <sup>*1</sup>                            | mW   |
|                             |                  | 500 (When not mounted on board)              | mW   |
|                             |                  | 1000 <sup>*1</sup>                           | mW   |
|                             |                  | 400 (When not mounted on board)              | mW   |
|                             |                  | 800 <sup>*1</sup>                            | mW   |
| Operation temperature range | T <sub>opr</sub> | -40 to +85                                   | °C   |
| Storage temperature         | T <sub>stg</sub> | -40 to +125                                  | °C   |

\*1. When mounted on board

[Mounted board]

- (1) Board size : 114.3 mm × 76.2 mm × t1.6 mm
- (2) Board name : JEDEC STANDARD51-7

**Caution** The absolute maximum ratings are rated values exceeding which the product could suffer physical damage. These values must therefore not be exceeded under any conditions.



**Figure 8 Power dissipation of the package (When mounted on board)**

■ **Electrical Characteristics**

1. S-817A Series

**Table 9**

(Ta=25°C unless otherwise specified)

| Item                                     | Symbol   | Condition   | Min.  | Typ.         | Max.                             | Unit          | Measurement circuit |   |
|--|--|---|---|--------------|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|---|
| Output voltage*1                         | $V_{OUT(E)}$                                     | $V_{IN}=V_{OUT(S)}+2\text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT}=10\text{ mA}$   | $\frac{V_{OUT(S)}}{\times 0.98}$  | $V_{OUT(S)}$ | $\frac{V_{OUT(S)}}{\times 1.02}$ | V             | 1                   |   |
| Output current*2                         | $I_{OUT}$  | $V_{OUT(S)}+2\text{ V}$<br>$\leq V_{IN}\leq 10\text{ V}$  | $1.1\text{ V}\leq V_{OUT(S)}\leq 1.9\text{ V}$  | 20           | —                                | —             | mA                  | 3 |
|  |  |   | $2.0\text{ V}\leq V_{OUT(S)}\leq 2.9\text{ V}$  | 35           | —                                | —             |                     |   |
|  |  |   | $3.0\text{ V}\leq V_{OUT(S)}\leq 3.9\text{ V}$  | 50           | —                                | —             |                     |   |
|  |  |   | $4.0\text{ V}\leq V_{OUT(S)}\leq 4.9\text{ V}$  | 65           | —                                | —             |                     |   |
|  |  |   | $5.0\text{ V}\leq V_{OUT(S)}\leq 6.0\text{ V}$  | 75           | —                                | —             |                     |   |
| Dropout voltage*3                        | $V_{drop}$                                       | $I_{OUT}=10\text{ mA}$  | $1.1\text{ V}\leq V_{OUT(S)}\leq 1.4\text{ V}$  | —            | 0.92                             | 1.58          | V                   | 1 |
|  |  |   | $1.5\text{ V}\leq V_{OUT(S)}\leq 1.9\text{ V}$  | —            | 0.58                             | 0.99          |                     |   |
|  |  |   | $2.0\text{ V}\leq V_{OUT(S)}\leq 2.4\text{ V}$  | —            | 0.40                             | 0.67          |                     |   |
|  |  |   | $2.5\text{ V}\leq V_{OUT(S)}\leq 2.9\text{ V}$  | —            | 0.31                             | 0.51          |                     |   |
|  |  |   | $3.0\text{ V}\leq V_{OUT(S)}\leq 3.4\text{ V}$  | —            | 0.25                             | 0.41          |                     |   |
|  |  |   | $3.5\text{ V}\leq V_{OUT(S)}\leq 3.9\text{ V}$  | —            | 0.22                             | 0.35          |                     |   |
|  |  |   | $4.0\text{ V}\leq V_{OUT(S)}\leq 4.4\text{ V}$  | —            | 0.19                             | 0.30          |                     |   |
|  |  |   | $4.5\text{ V}\leq V_{OUT(S)}\leq 4.9\text{ V}$  | —            | 0.18                             | 0.27          |                     |   |
|  |  |   | $5.0\text{ V}\leq V_{OUT(S)}\leq 5.4\text{ V}$  | —            | 0.16                             | 0.25          |                     |   |
| Line regulation 1                        | $\Delta V_{OUT1}$                                | $V_{OUT(S)}+1\text{ V}\leq V_{IN}\leq 10\text{ V}$ ,<br>$I_{OUT}=1\text{ mA}$                                 | —   | 5            | 20                               | mV            |                     |   |
| Line regulation 2                        | $\Delta V_{OUT2}$                                | $V_{OUT(S)}+1\text{ V}\leq V_{IN}\leq 10\text{ V}$ ,<br>$I_{OUT}=1\text{ }\mu\text{A}$                        | —   | 5            | 20                               |               |                     |   |
| Load regulation                          | $\Delta V_{OUT3}$                                | $V_{IN}=V_{OUT(S)}+2\text{ V}$  | $1.1\text{ V}\leq V_{OUT(S)}\leq 1.9\text{ V}$ ,<br>$1\text{ }\mu\text{A}\leq I_{OUT}\leq 10\text{ mA}$ | —            | 5                                | 20            |                     |   |
|  |  |   | $2.0\text{ V}\leq V_{OUT(S)}\leq 2.9\text{ V}$ ,<br>$1\text{ }\mu\text{A}\leq I_{OUT}\leq 20\text{ mA}$ | —            | 10                               | 30            |                     |   |
|  |  |   | $3.0\text{ V}\leq V_{OUT(S)}\leq 3.9\text{ V}$ ,<br>$1\text{ }\mu\text{A}\leq I_{OUT}\leq 30\text{ mA}$ | —            | 20                               | 45            |                     |   |
|  |  |   | $4.0\text{ V}\leq V_{OUT(S)}\leq 4.9\text{ V}$ ,<br>$1\text{ }\mu\text{A}\leq I_{OUT}\leq 40\text{ mA}$ | —            | 25                               | 65            |                     |   |
|  |  |   | $5.0\text{ V}\leq V_{OUT(S)}\leq 6.0\text{ V}$ ,<br>$1\text{ }\mu\text{A}\leq I_{OUT}\leq 50\text{ mA}$ | —            | 35                               | 80            |                     |   |
| Output voltage temperature coefficient*4 | $\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta Ta \cdot V_{OUT}}$ | $V_{IN}=V_{OUT(S)}+1\text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT}=10\text{ mA}$ ,<br>$-40^\circ\text{C}\leq Ta\leq +85^\circ\text{C}$ | —   | $\pm 100$    | —                                | ppm/<br>°C    |                     |   |
| Current consumption                      | $I_{SS}$   | $V_{IN}=V_{OUT(S)}+2\text{ V}$ , no load  | —   | 1.2          | 2.5                              | $\mu\text{A}$ | 2                   |   |
| Input voltage                            | $V_{IN}$   | —   | —   | —            | 10                               | V             | 1                   |   |
| Short current limit                      | $I_{OS}$   | $V_{IN}=V_{OUT(S)}+2\text{ V}$ , $V_{OUT}\text{ pin}=0\text{ V}$  | —   | 40           | —                                | mA            | 3                   |   |

\*1.  $V_{OUT(S)}$ : Set output voltage

$V_{OUT(E)}$ : Actual output voltage

Output voltage when fixing  $I_{OUT}(=10\text{ mA})$  and inputting  $V_{OUT(S)}+2.0\text{ V}$ .

\*2. The output current at which the output voltage becomes 95% of  $V_{OUT(E)}$  after gradually increasing the output current.

\*3.  $V_{drop} = V_{IN1} - (V_{OUT(E)} \times 0.98)$

$V_{IN1}$  is the input voltage at which the output voltage becomes 98% of  $V_{OUT(E)}$  after gradually decreasing the input voltage.

\*4. A change in the temperature of the output voltage [mV/°C] is calculated using the following equation.

$$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta Ta} [\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}]^{*1} = V_{OUT(S)} [\text{V}]^{*2} \times \frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta Ta \cdot V_{OUT}} [\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}]^{*3} \div 1000$$

\*1. Change in temperature of output voltage

\*2. Set output voltage

\*3. Output voltage temperature coefficient

**SUPER-SMALL PACKAGE CMOS VOLTAGE REGULATOR**  
**S-817 Series**

Rev.6.2\_02

**2. S-817B Series**

**Table 10**

(Ta=25°C unless otherwise specified)

| Item                                      | Symbol   | Condition   | Min.  | Typ.         | Max.                             | Unit          | Measurement circuit |   |
|---|--|---|---|--------------|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|---|
| Output voltage *1                         | $V_{OUT(E)}$                                     | $V_{IN}=V_{OUT(S)}+2\text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT}=10\text{ mA}$   | $\frac{V_{OUT(S)}}{\times 0.98}$  | $V_{OUT(S)}$ | $\frac{V_{OUT(S)}}{\times 1.02}$ | V             | 1                   |   |
| Output current *2                         | $I_{OUT}$  | $V_{OUT(S)}+2\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 10\text{ V}$  | $1.1\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 1.9\text{ V}$  | 20           | –                                | –             | mA                  | 3 |
|   |  |   | $2.0\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 2.9\text{ V}$  | 35           | –                                | –             |                     |   |
|   |  |   | $3.0\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 3.9\text{ V}$  | 50           | –                                | –             |                     |   |
|   |  |   | $4.0\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 4.9\text{ V}$  | 65           | –                                | –             |                     |   |
|   |  |   | $5.0\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 6.0\text{ V}$  | 75           | –                                | –             |                     |   |
| Dropout voltage *3                        | $V_{drop}$                                       | $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$  | $1.1\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 1.4\text{ V}$  | –            | 0.92                             | 1.58          | V                   | 1 |
|   |  |   | $1.5\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 1.9\text{ V}$  | –            | 0.58                             | 0.99          |                     |   |
|   |  |   | $2.0\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 2.4\text{ V}$  | –            | 0.40                             | 0.67          |                     |   |
|   |  |   | $2.5\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 2.9\text{ V}$  | –            | 0.31                             | 0.51          |                     |   |
|   |  |   | $3.0\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 3.4\text{ V}$  | –            | 0.25                             | 0.41          |                     |   |
|   |  |   | $3.5\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 3.9\text{ V}$  | –            | 0.22                             | 0.35          |                     |   |
|   |  |   | $4.0\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 4.4\text{ V}$  | –            | 0.19                             | 0.30          |                     |   |
|   |  |   | $4.5\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 4.9\text{ V}$  | –            | 0.18                             | 0.27          |                     |   |
|   |  |   | $5.0\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 5.4\text{ V}$  | –            | 0.16                             | 0.25          |                     |   |
|   |  | $5.5\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 6.0\text{ V}$  | –   | 0.15         | 0.23                             |               |                     |   |
| Line regulation 1                         | $\Delta V_{OUT1}$                                | $V_{OUT(S)} + 1\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 10\text{ V}$ ,<br>$I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$                                   | –   | 5            | 20                               | mV            |                     |   |
| Line regulation 2                         | $\Delta V_{OUT2}$                                | $V_{OUT(S)} + 1\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 10\text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{A}$                             | –   | 5            | 20                               |               |                     |   |
| Load regulation                           | $\Delta V_{OUT3}$                                | $V_{IN}=V_{OUT(S)}+2\text{ V}$  | $1.1\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 1.9\text{ V}$ ,<br>$1\text{ }\mu\text{A} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 10\text{ mA}$ | –            | 5                                | 20            |                     |   |
|   |  |   | $2.0\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 2.9\text{ V}$ ,<br>$1\text{ }\mu\text{A} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 20\text{ mA}$ | –            | 10                               | 30            |                     |   |
|   |  |   | $3.0\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 3.9\text{ V}$ ,<br>$1\text{ }\mu\text{A} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 30\text{ mA}$ | –            | 20                               | 45            |                     |   |
|   |  |   | $4.0\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 4.9\text{ V}$ ,<br>$1\text{ }\mu\text{A} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 40\text{ mA}$ | –            | 25                               | 65            |                     |   |
|   |  |   | $5.0\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT(S)} \leq 6.0\text{ V}$ ,<br>$1\text{ }\mu\text{A} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 50\text{ mA}$ | –            | 35                               | 80            |                     |   |
| Output voltage temperature coefficient *4 | $\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta Ta \cdot V_{OUT}}$ | $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} + 1\text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$ ,<br>$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq Ta \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$ | –   | $\pm 100$    | –                                | ppm/<br>°C    |                     |   |
| Current consumption                       | $I_{SS}$   | $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(S)} + 2\text{ V}$ , no load  | –   | 1.2          | 2.5                              | $\mu\text{A}$ | 2                   |   |
| Input voltage                             | $V_{IN}$   | –   | –   | –            | 10                               | V             | 1                   |   |

\*1.  $V_{OUT(S)}$ : Set output voltage

$V_{OUT(E)}$ : Actual output voltage

Output voltage when fixing  $I_{OUT}(=10\text{ mA})$  and inputting  $V_{OUT(S)}+2.0\text{ V}$ .

\*2. The output current at which the output voltage becomes 95% of  $V_{OUT(E)}$  after gradually increasing the output current.

\*3.  $V_{drop} = V_{IN1} - (V_{OUT(E)} \times 0.98)$

$V_{IN1}$  is the input voltage at which the output voltage becomes 98% of  $V_{OUT(E)}$  after gradually decreasing the input voltage.

\*4. A change in the temperature of the output voltage [mV/°C] is calculated using the following equation.

$$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta Ta} [\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}]^*1 = V_{OUT(S)} [\text{V}]^*2 \times \frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta Ta \cdot V_{OUT}} [\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}]^*3 \div 1000$$

\*1. Change in temperature of output voltage

\*2. Set output voltage

\*3. Output voltage temperature coefficient

■ **Measurement Circuits**



**Figure 9**



**Figure 10**



**Figure 11**

■ **Standard Circuit**



\*1.  $C_{IN}$  is a capacitor for stabilizing the input.

\*2. In addition to tantalum capacitor, a ceramic capacitor of 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  or more can be used as  $C_L$ .

**Figure 12**

**Caution** The above connection diagram and constant will not guarantee successful operation. Perform through evaluation using the actual application to set the constant.

## ■ Explanation of Terms

### 1. Low ESR

ESR is the abbreviation for Equivalent Series Resistance.  
Low ESR can be used as the output capacitor ( $C_L$ ) in the S-817 Series.

### 2. Output voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ )

The accuracy of the output voltage is  $\pm 2.0\%$  guaranteed under the specified conditions for input voltage, which differs depending upon the product items, output current, and temperature.

**Caution** If the above conditions change, the output voltage value may vary and exceed the accuracy range of the output voltage. Refer to “■ Electrical Characteristics” and “■ Characteristics (Typical Data)” for details.

### 3. Line regulations 1 and 2 ( $\Delta V_{OUT1}$ , $\Delta V_{OUT2}$ )

Indicate the input voltage dependencies of output voltage. That is, the values show how much the output voltage changes due to a change in the input voltage with the output current remained unchanged.

### 4. Load regulation ( $\Delta V_{OUT3}$ )

Indicates the output current dependencies of output voltage. That is, the values show how much the output voltage changes due to a change in the output current with the input voltage remained unchanged.

### 5. Dropout voltage ( $V_{drop}$ )

Indicates the difference between input voltage ( $V_{IN1}$ ) and the output voltage when; decreasing input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) gradually until the output voltage has dropped out to the value of 98% of the actual output voltage ( $V_{OUT(E)}$ ).

$$V_{drop} = V_{IN1} - (V_{OUT(E)} \times 0.98)$$

**6. Output voltage temperature coefficient  $\left(\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a \bullet V_{OUT}}\right)$**

The shaded area in **Figure 13** is the range where  $V_{OUT}$  varies in the operation temperature range when the output voltage temperature coefficient is  $\pm 100$  ppm/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

Example of S-817A15 typ. product



\*1.  $V_{OUT(E)}$  is the value of the output voltage measured at  $T_a = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

**Figure 13**

A change in the temperature of the output voltage [ $\text{mV}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ ] is calculated using the following equation.

$$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a} [\text{mV}/^{\circ}\text{C}]^{*1} = V_{OUT(S)} [\text{V}]^{*2} \times \frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a \bullet V_{OUT}} [\text{ppm}/^{\circ}\text{C}]^{*3} \div 1000$$

- \*1. Change in temperature of output voltage
- \*2. Set output voltage
- \*3. Output voltage temperature coefficient

■ Operation

1. Basic Operation

Figure 14 shows the block diagram of the S-817 Series.

The error amplifier compares the reference voltage ( $V_{ref}$ ) with feedback voltage ( $V_{fb}$ ), which is the output voltage resistance-divided by feedback resistors ( $R_s$  and  $R_f$ ). It supplies the gate voltage necessary to maintain the constant output voltage which is not influenced by the input voltage and temperature change, to the output transistor.



\*1. Parasitic diode

Figure 14

2. Output Transistor

In the S-817 Series, a low on-resistance P-channel MOS FET is used as the output transistor.

Be sure that  $V_{OUT}$  does not exceed  $V_{IN}+0.3$  V to prevent the voltage regulator from being damaged due to reverse current flowing from VOUT pin through a parasitic diode to VIN pin, when the potential of  $V_{OUT}$  became higher than  $V_{IN}$ .

3. Short Circuit Protection

The S-817A Series incorporates a short circuit protection to protect the output transistor against short circuit between VOUT pin and VSS pin. The short-circuit protection controls output current against  $V_{OUT}$  voltage as shown in “1. Output Voltage vs. Output Current (When load current increases)” in “■ Characteristics (Typical Data)”, and suppresses output current at about 40 mA even if VOUT and VSS pins are short-circuited.

The short-circuit protection can not be a thermal protection at the same time. Attention should be paid to the input voltage and the load current under the actual condition so as not to exceed the power dissipation of the package including the case for short-circuit.

When the output current is large and the difference between input and output voltage is large even if not shorted, the short-circuit protection works and the output current is suppressed to the specified value. For details, refer to “3. Maximum Output Current vs. Input Voltage” in “■ Characteristics (Typical Data)”. In addition, the S-817B Series is removing a short-circuit protection, and is the product which enabled it to pass large current.

■ **Selection of Output Capacitor ( $C_L$ )**

To stabilize operation against variation in output load, an output capacitor ( $C_L$ ) must be mounted between  $V_{OUT}$  and  $V_{SS}$  in the S-817 Series because the phase is compensated with the help of the internal phase compensation circuit and the ESR of the output capacitor.

When selecting a ceramic or an OS capacitor, the capacitance should be 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  or more, and when selecting a tantalum or an aluminum electrolytic capacitor, the capacitance should be 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  or more and ESR of 30  $\Omega$  or less is required.

Attention should be especially paid when an aluminum electrolytic capacitor is used since the ESR may increase at low temperature and has a possibility that oscillation may become large. Sufficient evaluation including temperature characteristics is indispensable. Overshoot and undershoot characteristics differ depending upon the type of the output capacitor. Refer to  $C_L$  dependencies of "1. Transient Response Characteristics (Typical data,  $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ )" in "■ Reference Data".

■ **Application Circuits**

1. Output Current Boosting Circuit



Figure 15

As shown in **Figure 15**, the output current can be boosted by externally attaching a PNP transistor. The base current of the PNP transistor is controlled so that output voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ ) goes the voltage specified in the S-817 Series when base-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE}$ ) necessary to turn on the PNP transistor is obtained between input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) and the S-817 Series power source pin ( $V_{IN}$ ).

The following are tips and hints for selecting and ensuring optimum use of external parts

- PNP transistor ( $Tr1$ ):
  1. Set  $h_{FE}$  to approx. 100 to 400.
  2. Confirm that no problem occurs due to power dissipation under normal operation conditions.
- Resistor ( $R_1$ ):
 

Generally set  $R_1$  to  $1\text{ k}\Omega \div V_{OUT(S)}$  (the voltage set in the S-817 Series) or more.
- Output capacitor ( $C_L$ ):
 

Output capacitor ( $C_L$ ) is effective in minimizing output fluctuation at power-on or due to power or load fluctuation, but oscillation might occur. Always connect resistor  $R_2$  in series to output capacitor ( $C_L$ ).
- Resistor ( $R_2$ ): Set  $R_2$  to  $2\ \Omega \times V_{OUT(S)}$  or more.
- DO NOT attach a capacitor between the S-817 Series power source ( $V_{IN}$ ) and GND pins or between base-emitter of the PNP transistor to avoid oscillation.
- To improve transient response characteristics of the output current boosting circuit shown in **Figure 15**, check that no problem occurs due to output fluctuation at power-on or due to power or load fluctuation under normal operating conditions.
- Pay attention to the short current limit circuit incorporated into the S-817 Series because it does not function as a shortcircuiting protection circuit for this boosting circuit.



The following graphs show the examples of input-output voltage characteristics ( $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ , typ.) in the output current boosting circuit as seen in **Figure 15**:

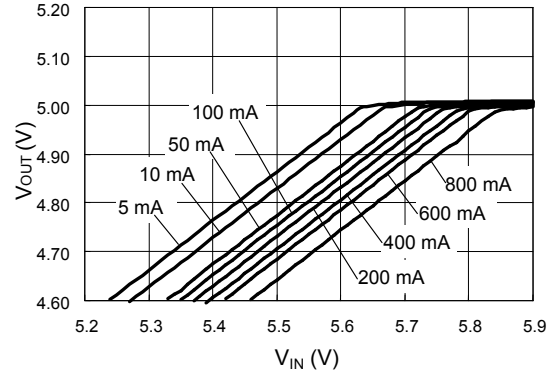
**1. 1 S-817A11ANB/S-817B11AMC**

Tr1 : 2SA1213Y,  $R_1$  : 1 k $\Omega$ ,  $C_L$  : 10  $\mu\text{F}$ ,  
 $R_2$  : 2  $\Omega$



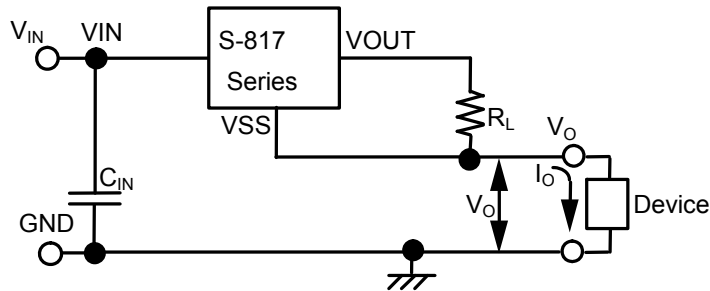
**1. 2 S-817A50ANB/S-817B50AMC**

Tr1 : 2SA1213Y,  $R_1$  : 200  $\Omega$ ,  $C_L$  : 10  $\mu\text{F}$ ,  
 $R_2$  : 10  $\Omega$



**2. Constant Current Circuits**

**2. 1 Constant Current Circuit**



**Figure 16**

**2. 2 Constant Current Boosting Circuit**



**Figure 17**

The S-817 Series can be configured as a constant current circuit. Refer to **Figure 16** and **Figure 17**. Constant amperage ( $I_O$ ) is calculated using the following equation ( $V_{OUT(E)}$ : Actual output voltage):

$$I_O = (V_{OUT(E)} \div R_L) + I_{SS}$$

Note that by using a circuit in **Figure 16**, it is impossible to set the better driving ability to the constant amperage ( $I_O$ ) than the S-817 Series basically has.

To gain the driving ability which exceeds the S-817 Series, there's a way to combine a constant current circuit and a current boosting circuit, as seen in **Figure 17**.

The maximum input voltage for a constant current circuit is 10 V + the voltage for device ( $V_O$ ).

It is not recommended to add a capacitor between the  $V_{IN}$  (power supply) and  $V_{SS}$  pin or the  $V_{OUT}$  (output) and  $V_{SS}$  pin because the rush current flows at power-on.

The following is a characteristics example of input voltage between  $V_{IN}$  and  $V_O$  vs.  $I_O$  current (Typ.  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) in constant current boosting circuit in **Figure 17**.

**Input voltage -  $I_O$  current between  $V_{IN}$  and  $V_O$**

S-817A11ANB, S-817B11AMC,  $T_r$  : 2SK1213Y,  $R_1$  : 1 k $\Omega$ ,  $V_O=2$  V



**3. Output Voltage Adjustment Circuit (Only for S-817B Series (Product without short circuit protection))**



**Figure 18**

The output voltage can be boosted by using the configuration shown in **Figure 18**. The output voltage ( $V_O$ ) can be calculated using the following equation ( $V_{OUT(E)}$ : Actual output voltage):

$$V_O = V_{OUT(E)} \times (R_1 + R_2) \div R_1 + R_2 \times I_{SS}$$

Set the values of resistors  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  so that the S-817 Series is not affected by current consumption ( $I_{SS}$ ).

Capacitor  $C_1$  is effective in minimizing output fluctuation at power-on or due to power or load fluctuation. Determine the optimum value on your actual device. As shown in **Figure 18**, a capacitor must be mounted between VIN and GND, and between VOUT and GND. But it is not also recommended to attach a capacitor between the S-817 Series power source VIN and VSS pin or between output VOUT and VSS pin because output fluctuation or oscillation at power-on might occur.

**■ Precautions**

- Wiring patterns for the VIN pin, the VOUT pin and GND should be designed so that the impedance is low. When mounting an output capacitor between the VOUT and VSS pins ( $C_L$ ) and a capacitor for stabilizing the input between the VIN and VSS pins ( $C_{IN}$ ), the distance from the capacitors to these pins should be as short as possible.
- Note that generally the output voltage may increase when a series regulator is used at low load current (1.0  $\mu$ A or less).
- Generally a series regulator may cause oscillation, depending on the selection of external parts. The following conditions are recommended for the S-817 Series. However, be sure to perform sufficient evaluation under the actual usage conditions for selection, including evaluation of temperature characteristics.

|  |                     |
|--|---------------------|
| Output capacitor ( $C_L$ ) :           | 0.1 $\mu$ F or more |
| Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR) :   | 30 $\Omega$ or less |
| Input series resistance ( $R_{IN}$ ) : | 10 $\Omega$ or less |

- The voltage regulator may oscillate when the impedance of the power supply is high and the input capacitance is small or an input capacitor is not connected.
- Overshoot may occur in the output voltage momentarily if the voltage is rapidly raised at power-on or when the power supply fluctuates. Sufficiently evaluate the output voltage at power-on with the actual device.
- The application conditions for the input voltage, the output voltage, and the load current should not exceed the package power dissipation.
- Do not apply an electrostatic discharge to this IC that exceeds the performance ratings of the built-in electrostatic protection circuit.
- ABLIC Inc. claims no responsibility for any disputes arising out of or in connection with any infringement by products including this IC of patents owned by a third party.

■ **Characteristics (Typical Data)**

**1. Output Voltage vs. Output Current (When load current increases)**

**(a) S-817A Series**

S-817A11A (Ta=25°C)



S-817A20A (Ta=25°C)



S-817A30A (Ta=25°C)



S-817A50A (Ta=25°C)



**(b) S-817B Series**

S-817B11A (Ta=25°C)



S-817B20A (Ta=25°C)



S-817B30A (Ta=25°C)



S-817B50A (Ta=25°C)



2. Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage

S-817A11A/S-817B11A (Ta=25°C)



S-817A20A/S-817B20A (Ta=25°C)



S-817A30A/S-817B30A (Ta=25°C)



S-817A50A/S-817B50A (Ta=25°C)



**3. Maximum Output Current vs. Input Voltage**

**(a) S-817A Series**

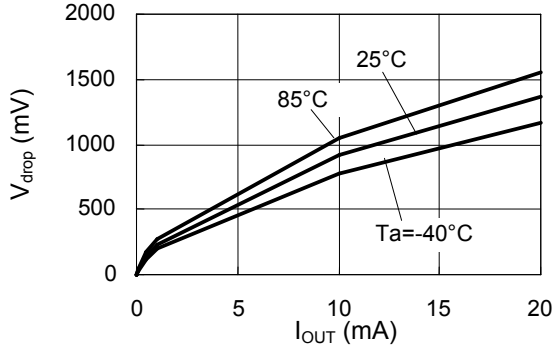


**(b) S-817B Series**

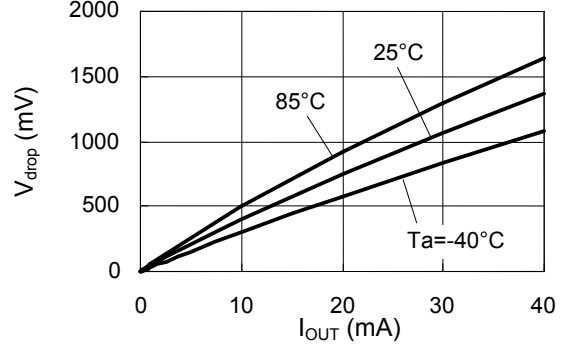


**4. Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current**

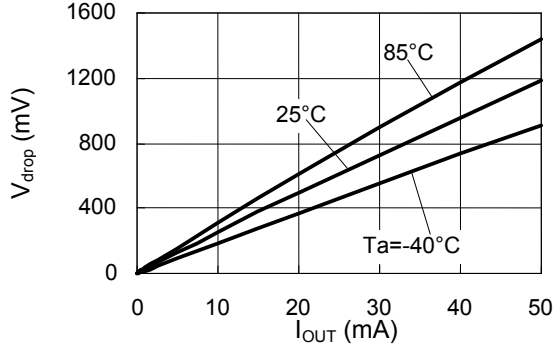
S-817A11A/S-817B11A



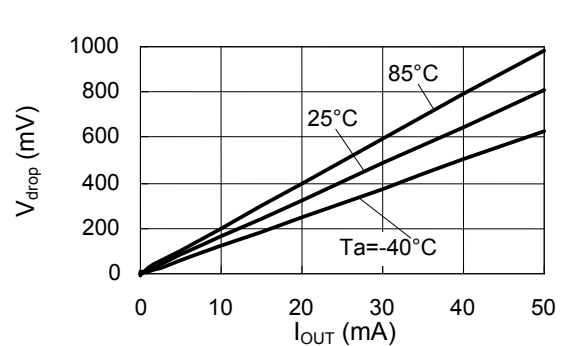
S-817A20A/S-817B20A



S-817A30A/S-817B30A



S-817A50A/S-817B50A

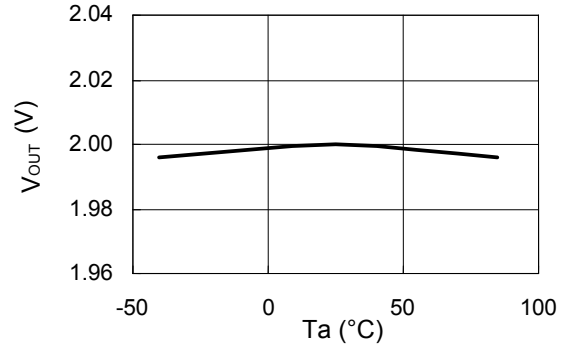


**5. Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature**

S-817A11A/S-817B11A  $V_{IN}=3.1V, I_{OUT}=10mA$



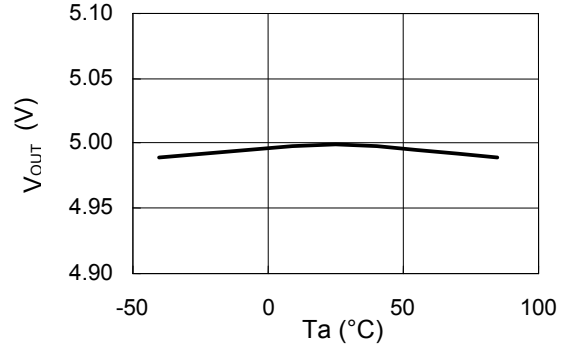
S-817A20A/S-817B20A  $V_{IN}=4V, I_{OUT}=10mA$



S-817A30A/S-817B30A  $V_{IN}=5V, I_{OUT}=10mA$



S-817A50A/S-817B50A  $V_{IN}=7V, I_{OUT}=10mA$



**6. Line Regulation 1 vs. Ambient Temperature**

S-817A11/20/30/50A  
 S-817B11/20/30/50A  $V_{IN}=V_{OUT(S)}+1V \leftrightarrow 10V, I_{OUT}=1mA$



**7. Line Regulation 2 vs. Ambient Temperature**

S-817A11/20/30/50A  
 S-817B11/20/30/50A  $V_{IN}=V_{OUT(S)}+1V \leftrightarrow 10V, I_{OUT}=1\mu A$



**8. Load Regulation vs. Ambient Temperature**

S-817A11/20/30/50A  
 S-817B11/20/30/50A  $V_{IN}=V_{OUT(S)}+2V, I_{OUT}=1\mu A \leftrightarrow I_{OUT}$





9. Current Consumption vs. Input Voltage

S-817A11A/S-817B11A



S-817A20A/S-817B20A



S-817A30A/S-817B30A



S-817A50A/S-817B50A



■ **Reference Data**

**1. Transient Response Characteristics (Typical data, Ta=25°C)**



**1.1 At power-on S-817A30A (When using a ceramic capacitor, C<sub>L</sub>=1 μF)**



Load dependencies of overshoot at power-on



C<sub>L</sub> dependencies of overshoot at power-on



V<sub>DD</sub> dependencies of overshoot at power-on



“Ta” dependencies of overshoot at power-on



**1.2 At power-on S-817B30A (When using a ceramic capacitor,  $C_L=1 \mu\text{F}$ )**



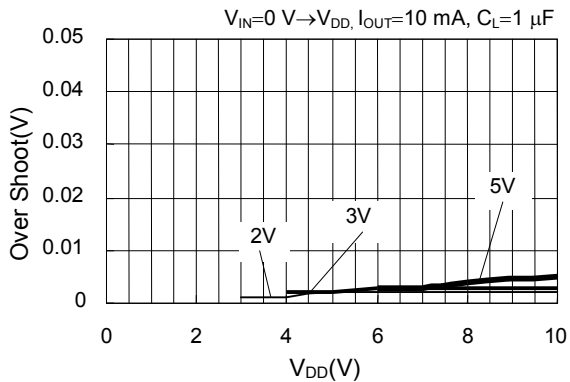
Load dependencies of overshoot at power-on



$C_L$  dependencies of overshoot at power-on



$V_{DD}$  dependencies of overshoot at power-on



"Ta" dependencies of overshoot at power-on



**1.3 At power fluctuation S-817A30A / S-817B30A (When using a ceramic capacitor,  $C_L=1 \mu\text{F}$ )**



Load dependencies of overshoot at power fluctuation

$C_L$  dependencies of overshoot at power fluctuation



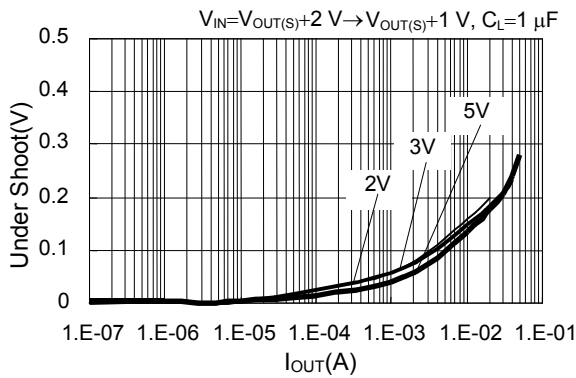
$V_{DD}$  dependencies of overshoot at power fluctuation

" $T_a$ " dependencies of overshoot at power fluctuation





Load dependencies of undershoot at power fluctuation     $C_L$  dependencies of undershoot at power fluctuation



$V_{DD}$  dependencies of undershoot at power fluctuation



"Ta" dependencies of undershoot at power fluctuation



**1.4 At load fluctuation S-817A30A/S-817B30A (When using a ceramic capacitor,  $C_L=1 \mu\text{F}$ )**



Load current dependencies of overshoot at load fluctuation



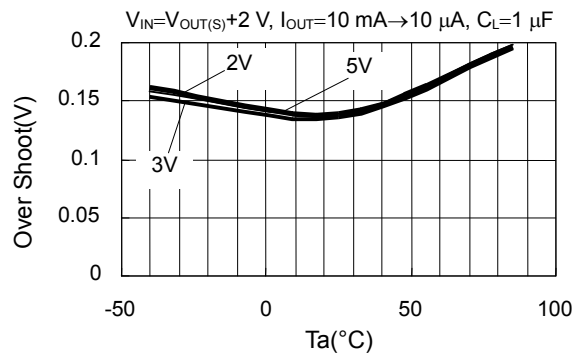
$C_L$  dependencies of overshoot at load fluctuation



$V_{DD}$  dependencies of overshoot at load fluctuation

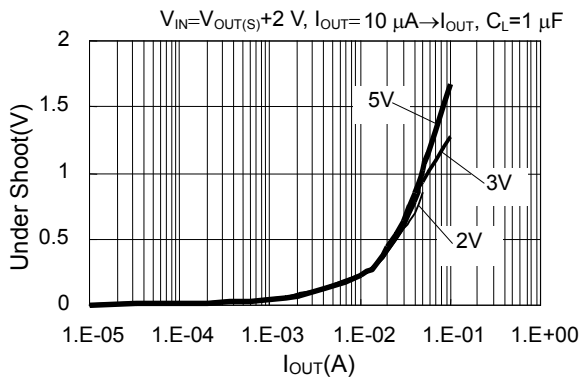


" $T_a$ " dependencies of overshoot at load fluctuation





Load current dependencies of undershoot at load fluctuation



$C_L$  dependencies of undershoot at load fluctuation



$V_{DD}$  dependencies of undershoot at load fluctuation



“Ta” dependencies of undershoot at load fluctuation





No. PF004-A-P-SD-6.0

|                   |                         |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| TITLE             | SNT-4A-A-PKG Dimensions |
| No.               | PF004-A-P-SD-6.0        |
| ANGLE             |                         |
| UNIT              | mm                      |
| <b>ABLIC Inc.</b> |                         |





No. PF004-A-C-SD-2.0

|                   |                       |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| TITLE             | SNT-4A-A-Carrier Tape |
| No.               | PF004-A-C-SD-2.0      |
| ANGLE             |                       |
| UNIT              | mm                    |
|                   |                       |
| <b>ABLIC Inc.</b> |                       |



Enlarged drawing in the central part



No. PF004-A-R-SD-1.0

|                   |                  |      |       |
|-------------------|------------------|------|-------|
| TITLE             | SNT-4A-A-Reel    |      |       |
| No.               | PF004-A-R-SD-1.0 |      |       |
| ANGLE             |                  | QTY. | 5,000 |
| UNIT              | mm               |      |       |
|                   |                  |      |       |
| <b>ABLIC Inc.</b> |                  |      |       |



※1. ランドパターンの幅に注意してください (0.25 mm min. / 0.30 mm typ.).

※2. パッケージ中央にランドパターンを広げないでください (1.10 mm ~ 1.20 mm)。

- 注意
1. パッケージのモールド樹脂下にシルク印刷やハンダ印刷などしないでください。
  2. パッケージ下の配線上のソルダーレジストなどの厚みをランドパターン表面から0.03 mm 以下にしてください。
  3. マスク開口サイズと開口位置はランドパターンと合わせてください。
  4. 詳細は "SNTパッケージ活用の手引き" を参照してください。

※1. Pay attention to the land pattern width (0.25 mm min. / 0.30 mm typ.).

※2. Do not widen the land pattern to the center of the package (1.10 mm to 1.20 mm).

**Caution 1. Do not do silkscreen printing and solder printing under the mold resin of the package.**

**2. The thickness of the solder resist on the wire pattern under the package should be 0.03 mm or less from the land pattern surface.**

**3. Match the mask aperture size and aperture position with the land pattern.**

**4. Refer to "SNT Package User's Guide" for details.**

※1. 请注意焊盘模式的宽度 (0.25 mm min. / 0.30 mm typ.).

※2. 请勿向封装中间扩展焊盘模式 (1.10 mm ~ 1.20 mm)。

注意 1. 请勿在树脂型封装的下面印刷丝网、焊锡。

2. 在封装下、布线上的阻焊膜厚度 (从焊盘模式表面起) 请控制在 0.03 mm 以下。

3. 钢网的开口尺寸和开口位置请与焊盘模式对齐。

4. 详细内容请参阅 "SNT 封装的应用指南"。

No. PF004-A-L-SD-4.1

|                   |                                  |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| TITLE             | SNT-4A-A<br>-Land Recommendation |
| No.               | PF004-A-L-SD-4.1                 |
| ANGLE             |                                  |
| UNIT              | mm                               |
| <b>ABLIC Inc.</b> |                                  |



No. NP004-A-P-SD-2.0

|                   |                         |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| TITLE             | SC82AB-A-PKG Dimensions |
| No.               | NP004-A-P-SD-2.0        |
| ANGLE             |                         |
| UNIT              | mm                      |
| <b>ABLIC Inc.</b> |                         |



No. NP004-A-C-SD-3.0

|                   |                       |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| TITLE             | SC82AB-A-Carrier Tape |
| No.               | NP004-A-C-SD-3.0      |
| ANGLE             |                       |
| UNIT              | mm                    |
|                   |                       |
| <b>ABLIC Inc.</b> |                       |



→  
Feed direction

No. NP004-A-C-S1-2.0

|       |                       |
|-------|-----------------------|
| TITLE | SC82AB-A-Carrier Tape |
| No.   | NP004-A-C-S1-2.0      |
| ANGLE |                       |
| UNIT  | mm                    |
|       |                       |

**ABLIC Inc.**



Enlarged drawing in the central part



No. NP004-A-R-SD-1.1

|                   |                  |      |       |
|-------------------|------------------|------|-------|
| TITLE             | SC82AB-A-Reel    |      |       |
| No.               | NP004-A-R-SD-1.1 |      |       |
| ANGLE             |                  | QTY. | 3,000 |
| UNIT              | mm               |      |       |
|                   |                  |      |       |
| <b>ABLIC Inc.</b> |                  |      |       |



No. MP005-A-P-SD-1.3

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| TITLE             | SOT235-A-PKG Dimensions   |
| No.               | MP005-A-P-SD-1.3  |
| ANGLE             |  |
| UNIT              | mm  |
| <b>ABLIC Inc.</b> |   |





Feed direction →

No. MP005-A-C-SD-2.1

|                   |                       |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| TITLE             | SOT235-A-Carrier Tape |
| No.               | MP005-A-C-SD-2.1      |
| ANGLE             |                       |
| UNIT              | mm                    |
| <b>ABLIC Inc.</b> |                       |



Enlarged drawing in the central part



No. MP005-A-R-SD-1.1

|                   |                  |      |       |
|-------------------|------------------|------|-------|
| TITLE             | SOT235-A-Reel    |      |       |
| No.               | MP005-A-R-SD-1.1 |      |       |
| ANGLE             |                  | QTY. | 3,000 |
| UNIT              | mm               |      |       |
|                   |                  |      |       |
| <b>ABLIC Inc.</b> |                  |      |       |



No. UP003-A-P-SD-2.0

|       |                         |
|-------|-------------------------|
| TITLE | SOT893-A-PKG Dimensions |
| No.   | UP003-A-P-SD-2.0        |
| ANGLE |                         |
| UNIT  | mm                      |
|       |                         |

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Feed direction →

No. UP003-A-C-SD-2.0

|                   |                       |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| TITLE             | SOT893-A-Carrier Tape |
| No.               | UP003-A-C-SD-2.0      |
| ANGLE             |                       |
| UNIT              | mm                    |
|                   |                       |
| <b>ABLIC Inc.</b> |                       |



Enlarged drawing in the central part



No. UP003-A-R-SD-1.1

|                   |                  |      |       |
|-------------------|------------------|------|-------|
| TITLE             | SOT893-A-Reel    |      |       |
| No.               | UP003-A-R-SD-1.1 |      |       |
| ANGLE             |                  | QTY. | 1,000 |
| UNIT              | mm               |      |       |
|                   |                  |      |       |
| <b>ABLIC Inc.</b> |                  |      |       |



No. YS003-D-P-SD-2.1

|            |                       |
|------------|-----------------------|
| TITLE      | TO92-D-PKG Dimensions |
| No.        | YS003-D-P-SD-2.1      |
| ANGLE      |                       |
| UNIT       | mm                    |
| ABLIC Inc. |                       |



No. YZ003-E-P-SD-2.1

|                   |                       |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| TITLE             | TO92-E-PKG Dimensions |
| No.               | YZ003-E-P-SD-2.1      |
| ANGLE             |                       |
| UNIT              | mm                    |
| <b>ABLIC Inc.</b> |                       |



Z type



→  
Feed direction

No. YZ003-E-C-SD-1.1

|                   |                    |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| TITLE             | TO92-E-Radial Tape |
| No.               | YZ003-E-C-SD-1.1   |
| ANGLE             |                    |
| UNIT              | mm                 |
| <b>ABLIC Inc.</b> |                    |





Side spacer placed in front side



Space more than 4 strokes



No. YZ003-E-Z-SD-2.0

|                   |                     |      |       |
|-------------------|---------------------|------|-------|
| TITLE             | TO92-E-Ammo Packing |      |       |
| No.               | YZ003-E-Z-SD-2.0    |      |       |
| ANGLE             |                     | QTY. | 2,000 |
| UNIT              | mm                  |      |       |
|                   |                     |      |       |
| <b>ABLIC Inc.</b> |                     |      |       |

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