

IGBT

IGBT with integrated diode in packages offering space saving advantage

IKD04N60RA

600V TRENCHSTOP™ RC-Series for hard switching applications

Data sheet

Industrial Power Control

IGBT with integrated diode in packages offering space saving advantage

Features:

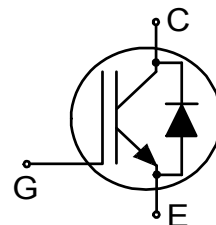
TRENCHSTOP™ Reverse Conducting (RC) technology for 600V applications offering

- Optimised V_{CEsat} and V_F for low conduction losses
- Smooth switching performance leading to low EMI levels
- Very tight parameter distribution
- Operating range of 1 to 20kHz
- Maximum junction temperature 175°C
- Short circuit capability of 5μs
- Best in class current versus package size performance
- Qualified according to AECQ101
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant (for PG-TO252: solder temperature 260°C, MSL1)

Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models:
<http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>

Applications:

- HID lighting
- Piezo injection



Key Performance and Package Parameters

Type	V_{CE}	I_C	V_{CEsat} , $T_{vj}=25^\circ\text{C}$	T_{vjmax}	Marking	Package
IKD04N60RA	600V	4A	1.65V	175°C	K04R60A	PG-TO252-3

Table of Contents

Description	2
Table of Contents	3
Maximum ratings	4
Thermal Resistance	4
Electrical Characteristics	5
Electrical Characteristics diagrams	7
Package Drawing	14
Testing Conditions	15
Revision History	16
Disclaimer	16

Maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CE}	600	V
DC collector current, limited by T_{vjmax} $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	I_C	8.0 4.0	A
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by T_{vjmax}	I_{Cpuls}	12.0	A
Turn off safe operating area $V_{CE} \leq 600\text{V}$, $T_{vj} \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$	-	12.0	A
Diode forward current, limited by T_{vjmax} $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	I_F	8.0 4.0	A
Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by T_{vjmax}	I_{Fpuls}	12.0	A
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GE}	± 20	V
Short circuit withstand time $V_{GE} = 15.0\text{V}$, $V_{CC} \leq 400\text{V}$ Allowed number of short circuits < 1000 Time between short circuits: $\geq 1.0\text{s}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	t_{SC}	5	μs
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	75.0	W
Operating junction temperature	T_{vj}	$-40 \dots +175$	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	$-55 \dots +175$	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering temperature, reflow soldering (MSL1 according to JEDEC J-STA-020)		260	$^\circ\text{C}$

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{th(j-c)}$		2.00	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{th(j-c)}$		4.50	K/W
Thermal resistance, min. footprint junction - ambient	$R_{th(j-a)}$		75	K/W
Thermal resistance, 6cm ² Cu on PCB junction - ambient	$R_{th(j-a)}$		50	K/W

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 0.20mA$	600	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CEsat}	$V_{GE} = 15.0V, I_C = 4.0A$ $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}C$	- -	1.65 1.85	2.10 -	V
Diode forward voltage	V_F	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_F = 4.0A$ $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}C$	- -	1.70 1.70	2.10 -	V
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 0.07mA, V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	4.3	5.0	5.7	V
Zero gate voltage collector current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = 600V, V_{GE} = 0V$ $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}C$	- -	- -	40.0 1000.0	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0V, V_{GE} = 20V$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{CE} = 20V, I_C = 4.0A$	-	2.2	-	S
Integrated gate resistor	r_G			none		Ω

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Dynamic Characteristic						
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25V, V_{GE} = 0V, f = 1MHz$	-	305	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}		-	18	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}		-	9	-	
Gate charge	Q_G	$V_{CC} = 480V, I_C = 4.0A, V_{GE} = 15V$	-	27.0	-	nC
Short circuit collector current Max. 1000 short circuits Time between short circuits: $\geq 1.0s$	$I_{C(SC)}$	$V_{GE} = 15.0V, V_{CC} \leq 400V, t_{SC} \leq 5\mu s, T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}C$	-	31	-	A

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(\text{on})}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C},$ $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}, I_C = 4.0\text{A},$ $V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V},$ $r_G = 43.0\Omega, L\sigma = 60\text{nH},$ $C\sigma = 40\text{pF}$ $L\sigma, C\sigma$ from Fig. E	-	14	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	8	-	ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(\text{off})}$		-	146	-	ns
Fall time	t_f		-	171	-	ns
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	0.09	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.15	-	mJ
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	0.24	-	mJ

Diode Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C},$ $V_R = 400\text{V},$ $I_F = 4.0\text{A},$ $di_F/dt = 600\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	43	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	0.22	-	μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	7.6	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	-330	-	A/ μs

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

IGBT Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}\text{C},$ $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}, I_C = 4.0\text{A},$ $V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V},$ $r_G = 43.0\Omega, L\sigma = 60\text{nH},$ $C\sigma = 40\text{pF}$ $L\sigma, C\sigma$ from Fig. E	-	12	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	8	-	ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	177	-	ns
Fall time	t_f		-	165	-	ns
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	0.16	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.24	-	mJ
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	0.40	-	mJ

Diode Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}\text{C},$ $V_R = 400\text{V},$ $I_F = 4.0\text{A},$ $di_F/dt = 600\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	98	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	0.52	-	μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	11.0	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	-200	-	A/ μs

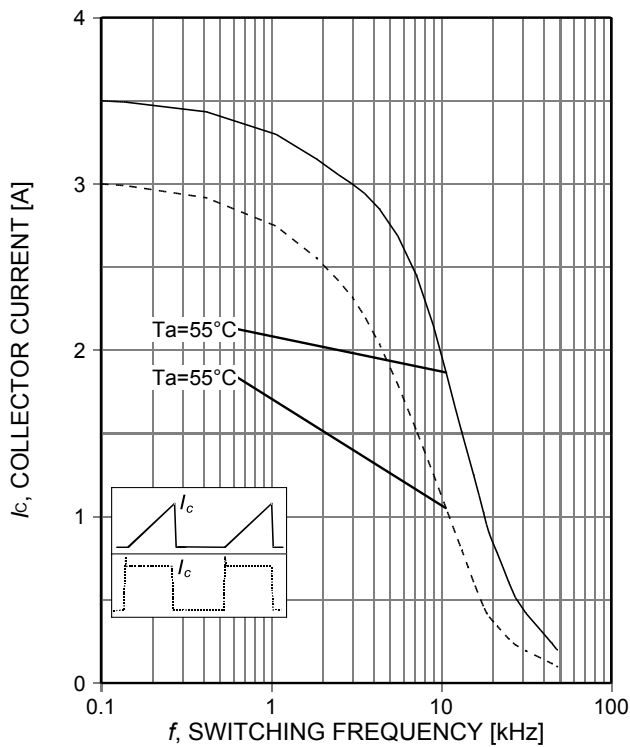


Figure 1. **Collector current as a function of switching frequency**
 $(T_{vj} \leq 175^\circ\text{C}, D=0.5, V_{CE}=400\text{V}, V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}, r_G=43\Omega, \text{PCB Mounting, } 6\text{cm}^2 \text{ Cu, } P_{tot}=2.4\text{W}, \text{ for further information see Appnote: } \text{www.infineon.com/igbt})$

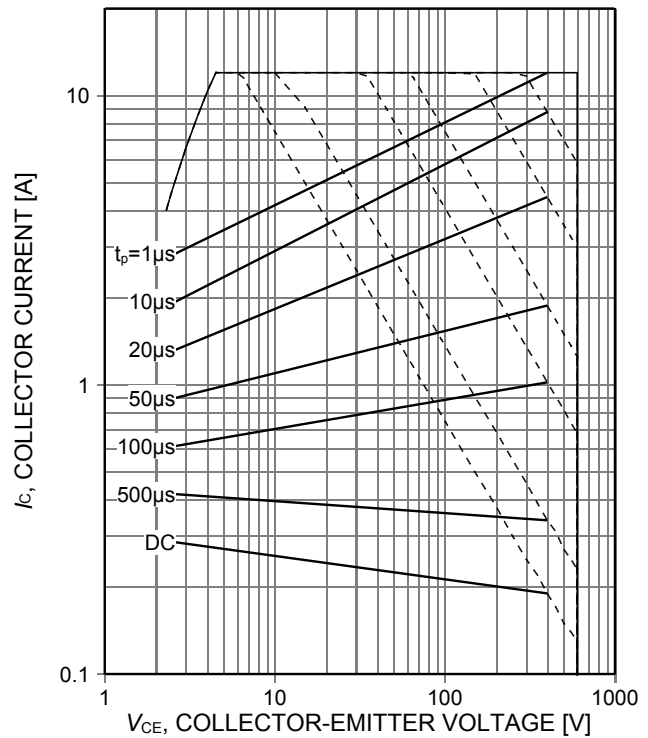


Figure 2. **Forward bias safe operating area**
 $(D=0, T_C=25^\circ\text{C}, T_{vj} \leq 175^\circ\text{C}; V_{GE}=15\text{V})$

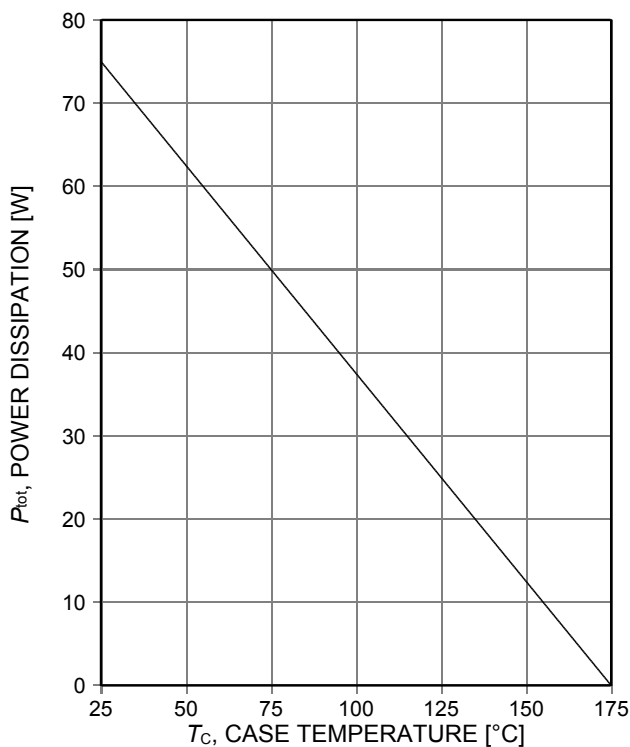


Figure 3. **Power dissipation as a function of case temperature**
 $(T_{vj} \leq 175^\circ\text{C})$

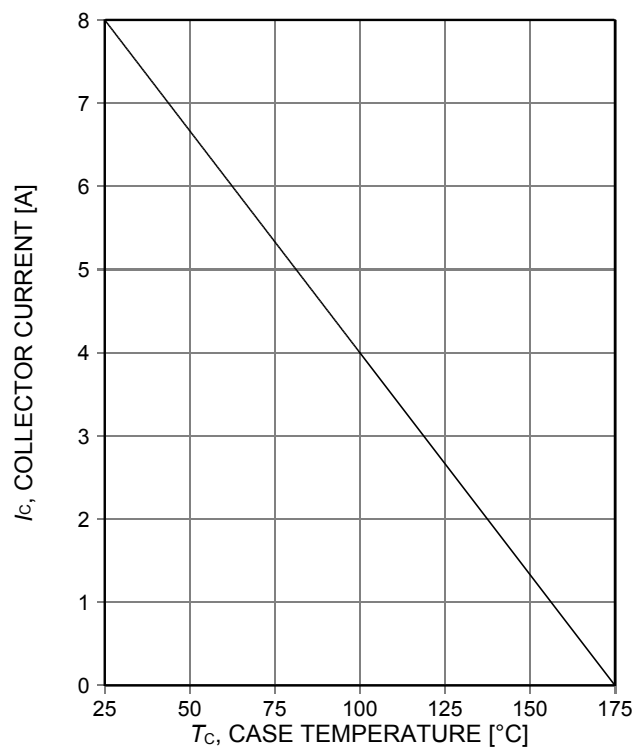


Figure 4. **Collector current as a function of case temperature**
 $(V_{GE} \geq 15\text{V}, T_{vj} \leq 175^\circ\text{C})$

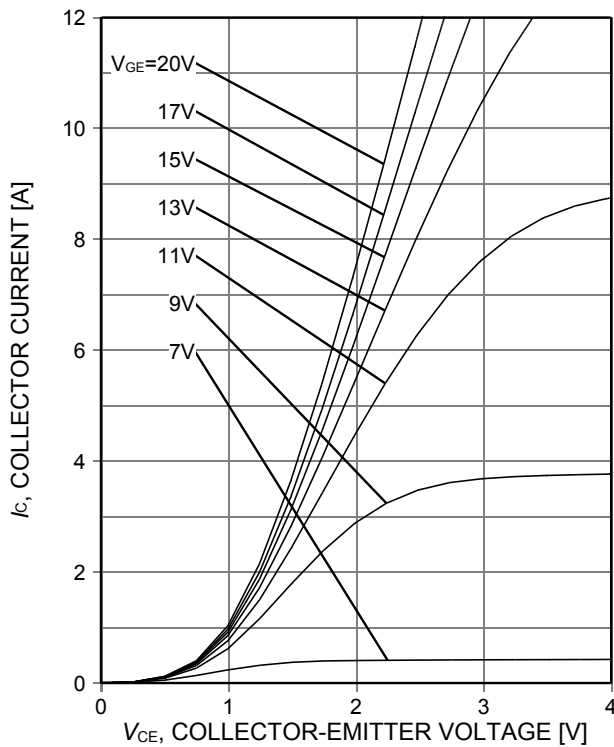


Figure 5. **Typical output characteristic**
($T_{vj}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$)

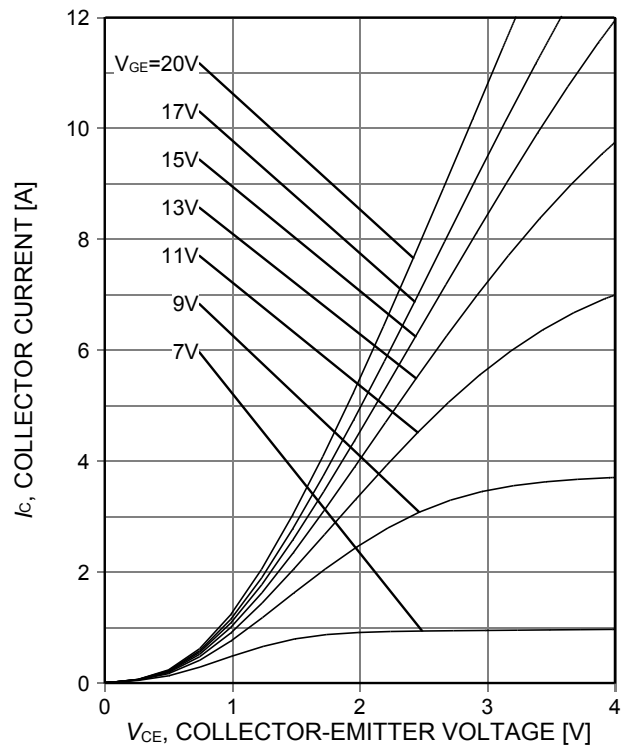


Figure 6. **Typical output characteristic**
($T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$)

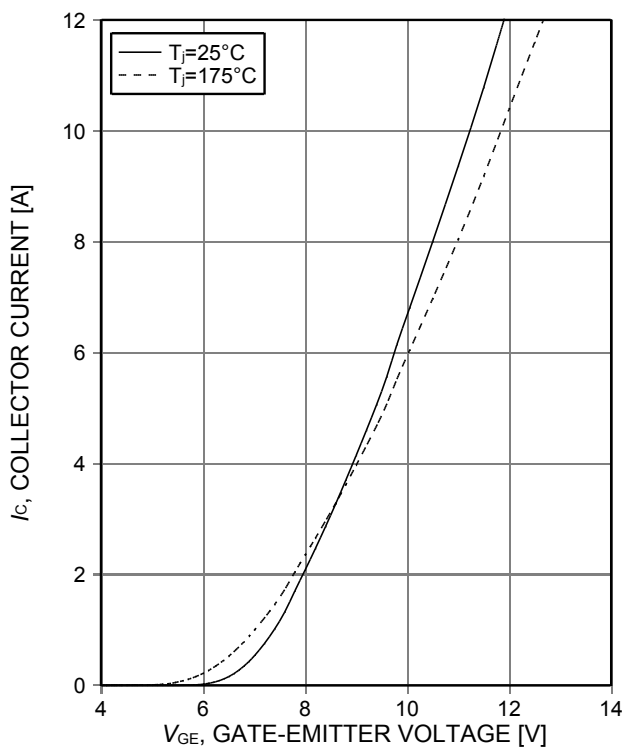


Figure 7. **Typical transfer characteristic**
($V_{CE}=10\text{V}$)

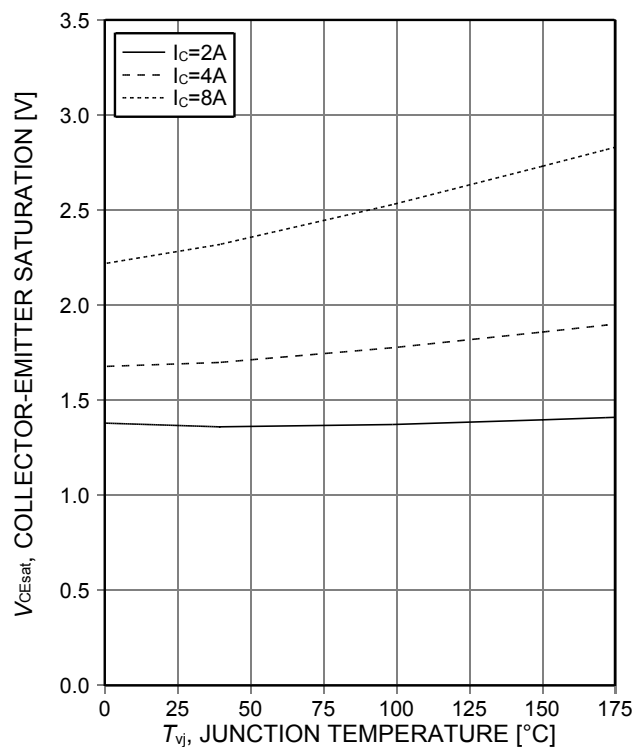


Figure 8. **Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature**
($V_{GE}=15\text{V}$)

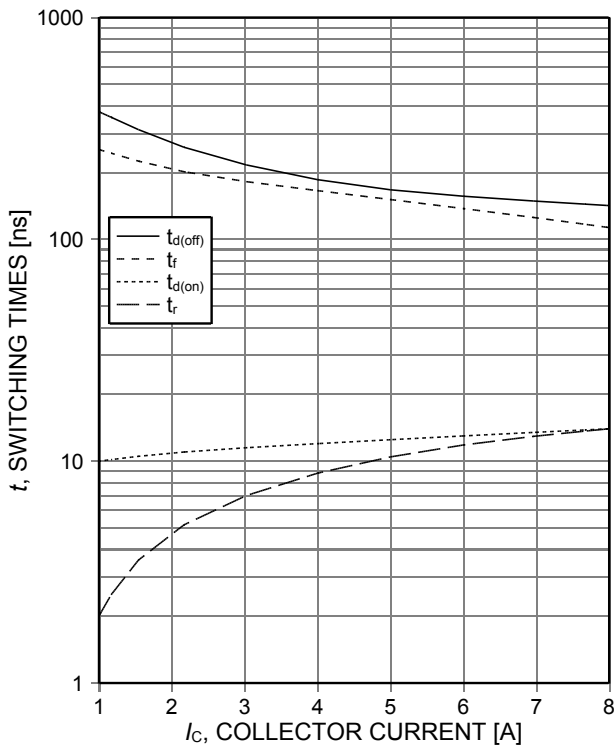


Figure 9. **Typical switching times as a function of collector current**
(inductive load, $T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$, $r_G=43\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

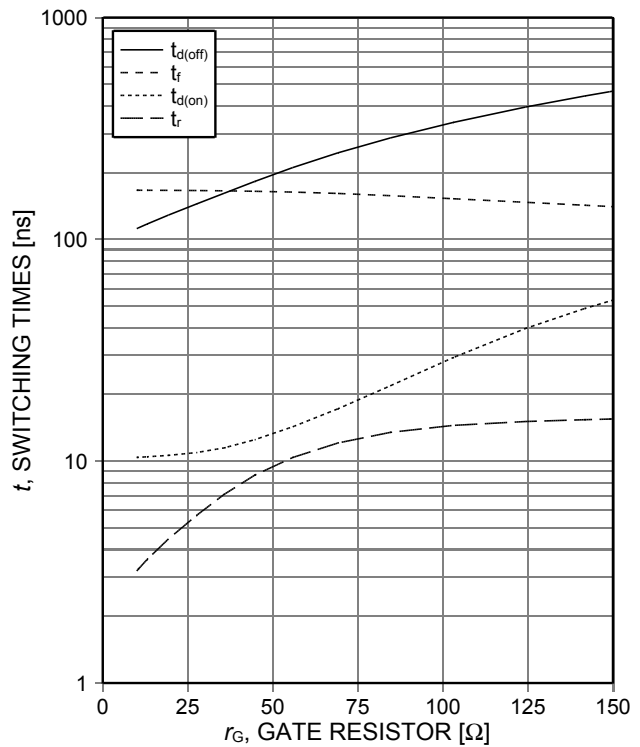


Figure 10. **Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor**
(inductive load, $T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$, $I_C=4\text{A}$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

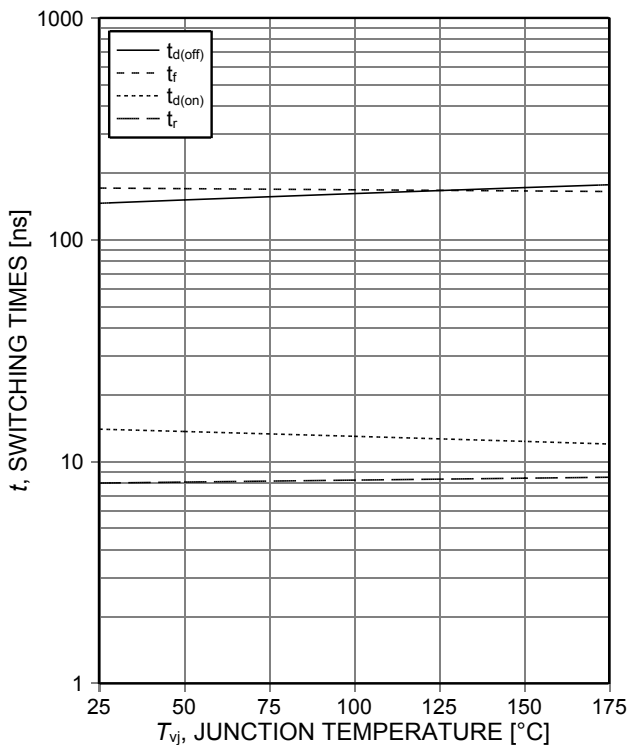


Figure 11. **Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature**
(inductive load, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$, $I_C=4\text{A}$, $r_G=43\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

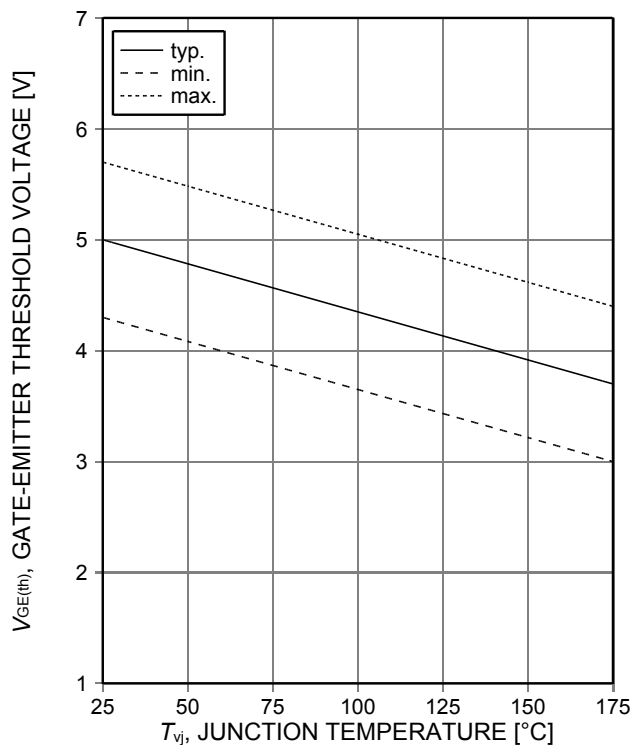


Figure 12. **Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature**
($I_C=0,07\text{mA}$)

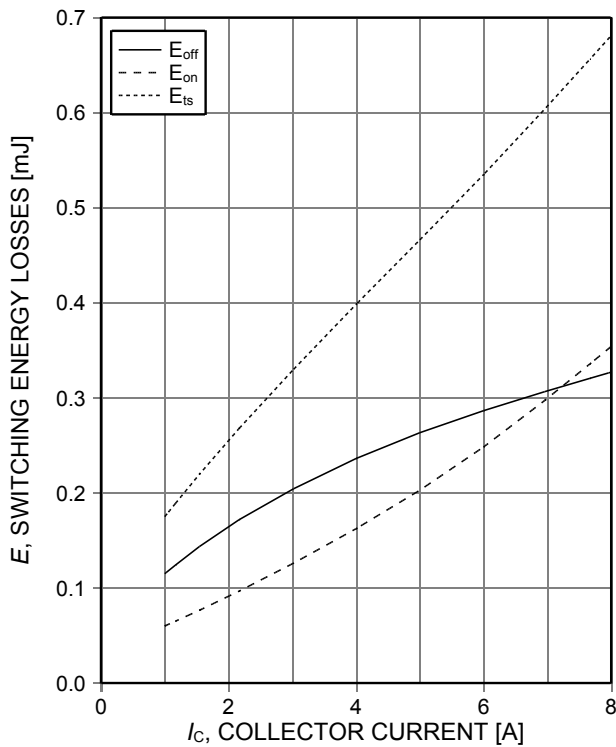


Figure 13. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current**
(inductive load, $T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$, $r_G=43\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

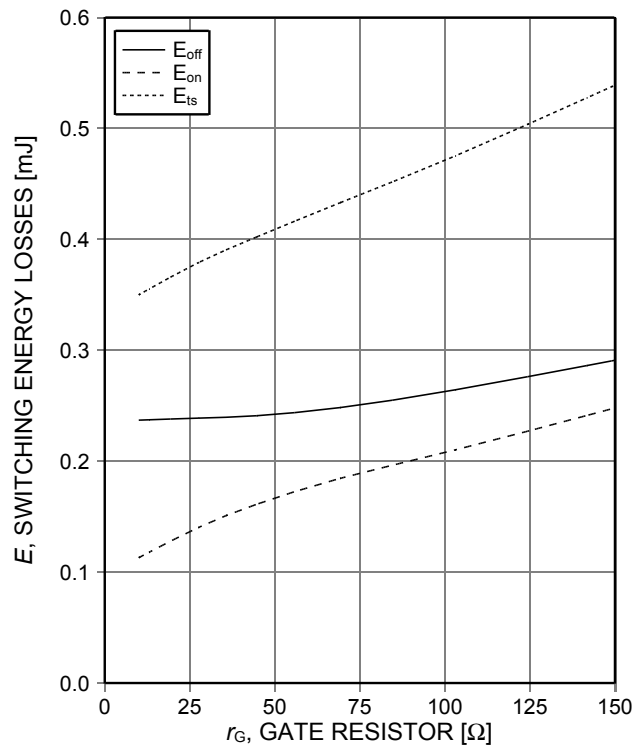


Figure 14. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor**
(inductive load, $T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$, $I_C=4\text{A}$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

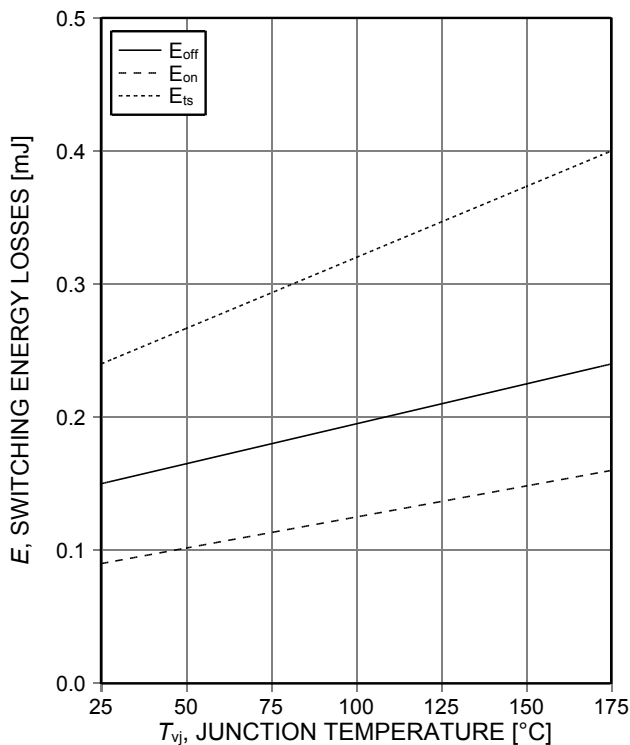


Figure 15. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature**
(inductive load, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$, $I_C=4\text{A}$, $r_G=43\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

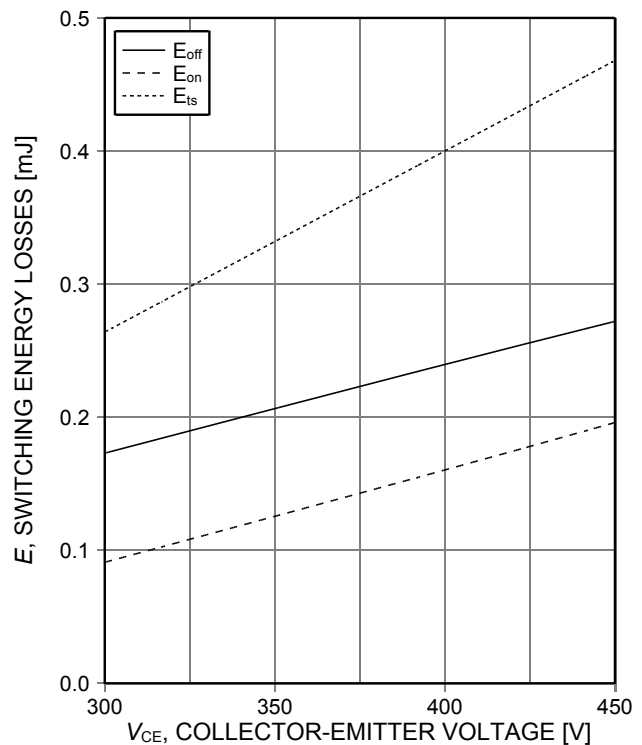


Figure 16. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector emitter voltage**
(inductive load, $T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$, $I_C=4\text{A}$, $r_G=43\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

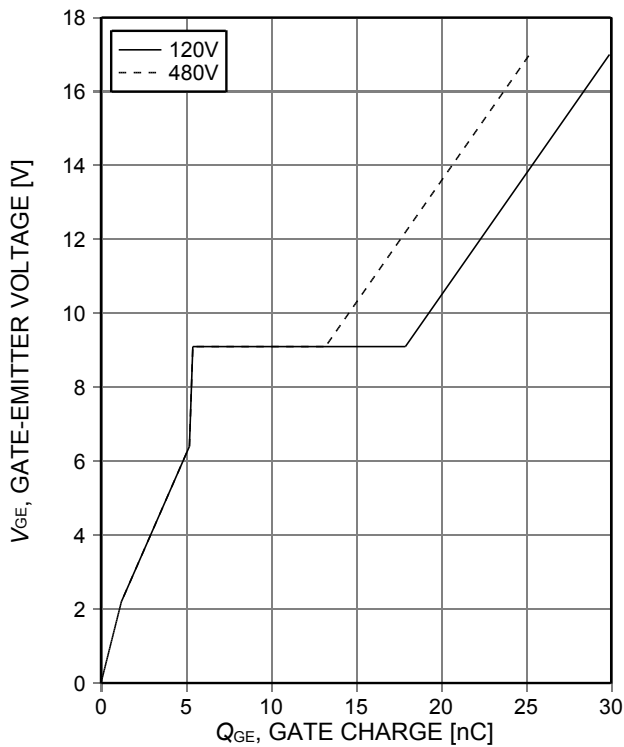


Figure 17. **Typical gate charge**
($I_C=4A$)

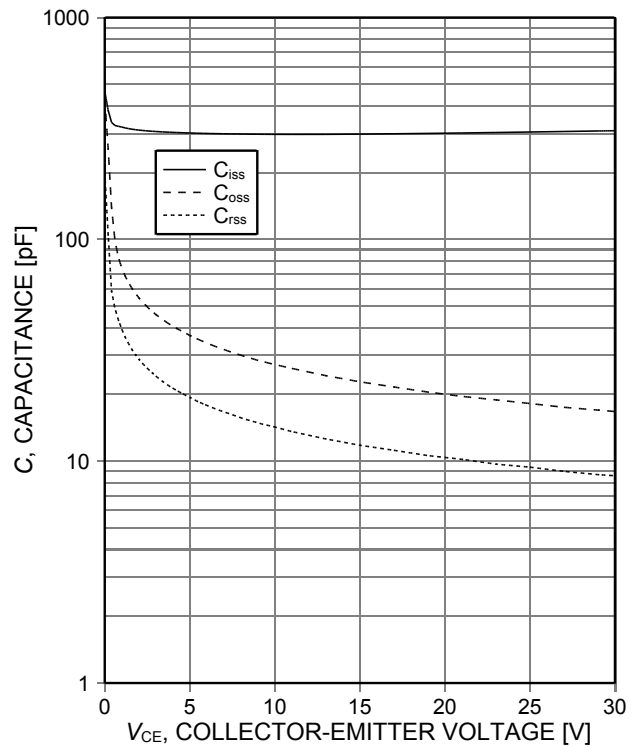


Figure 18. **Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage**
($V_{GE}=0V$, $f=1MHz$)

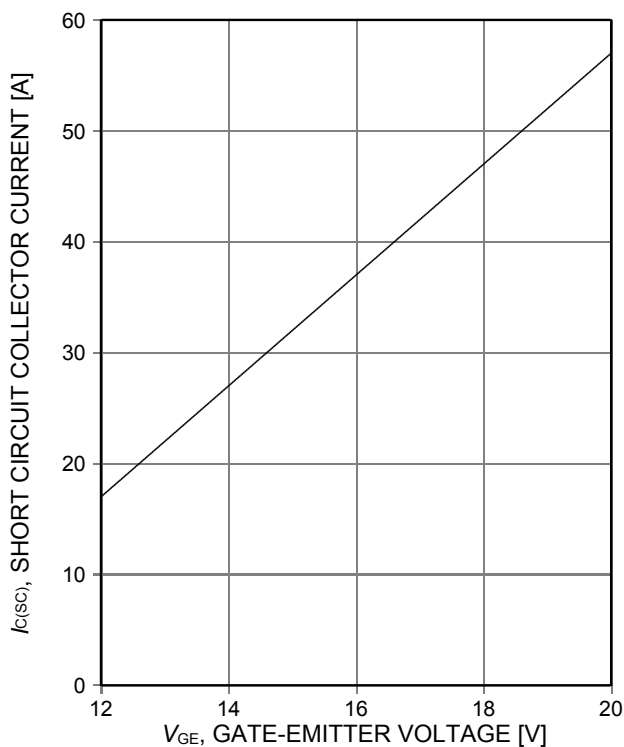


Figure 19. **Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage**
($V_{CE} \leq 400V$, start at $T_{vj}=25^\circ C$)

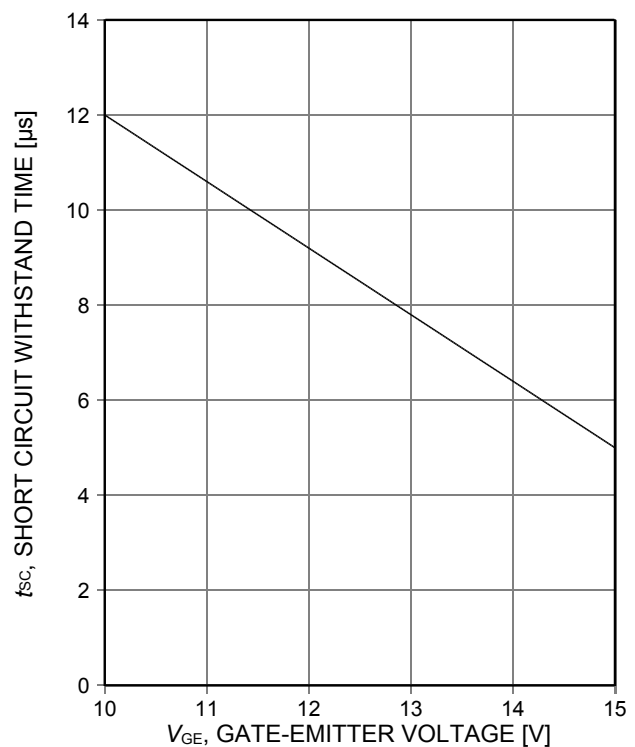


Figure 20. **Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage**
($V_{CE} \leq 400V$, start at $T_{vj}=150^\circ C$)

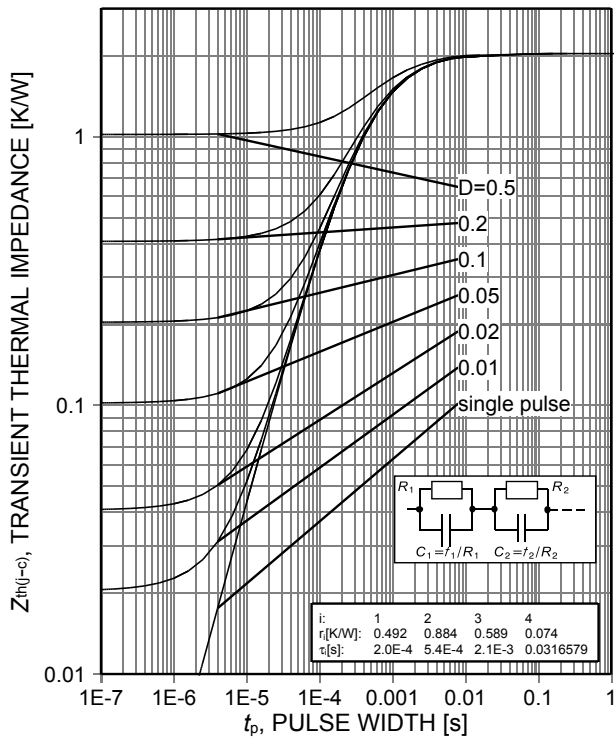


Figure 21. IGBT transient thermal impedance ¹⁾
($D=t_p/T$)

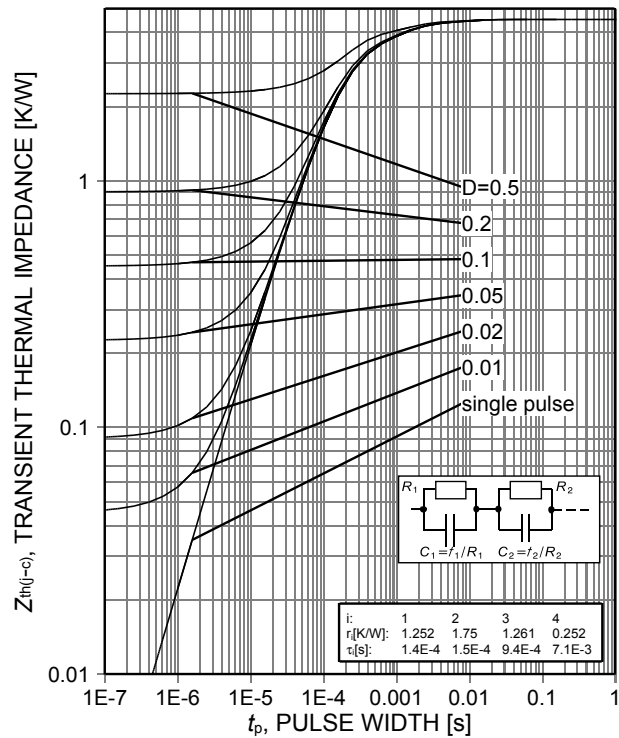


Figure 22. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width ¹⁾
($D=t_p/T$)

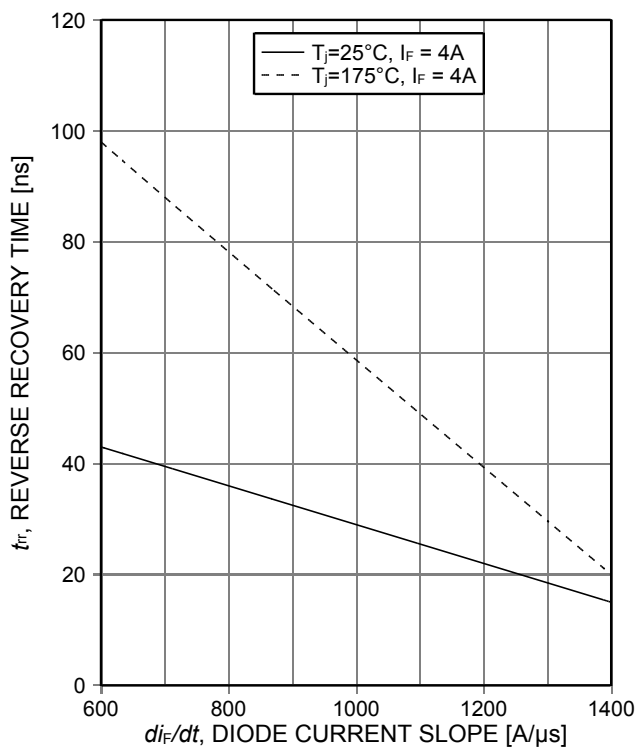


Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope
($V_R=400V$)

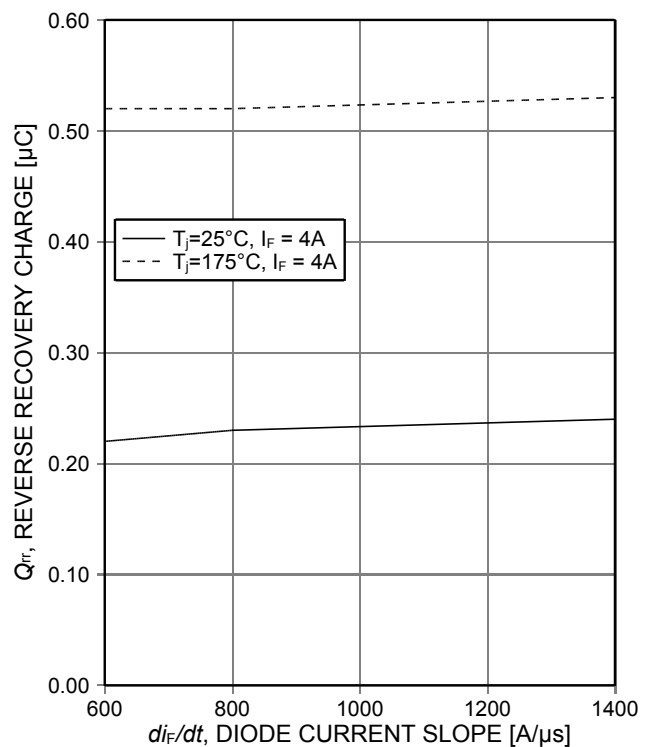


Figure 24. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope
($V_R=400V$)

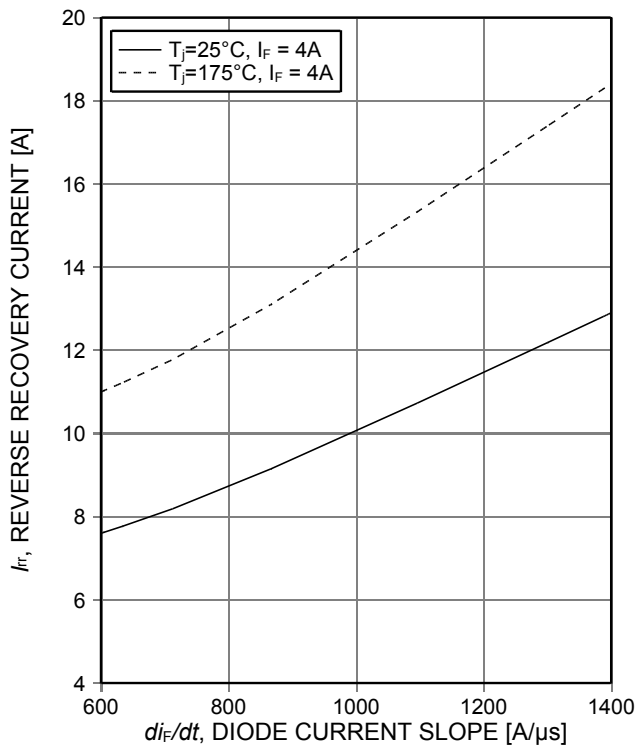


Figure 25. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope ($V_R=400\text{V}$)

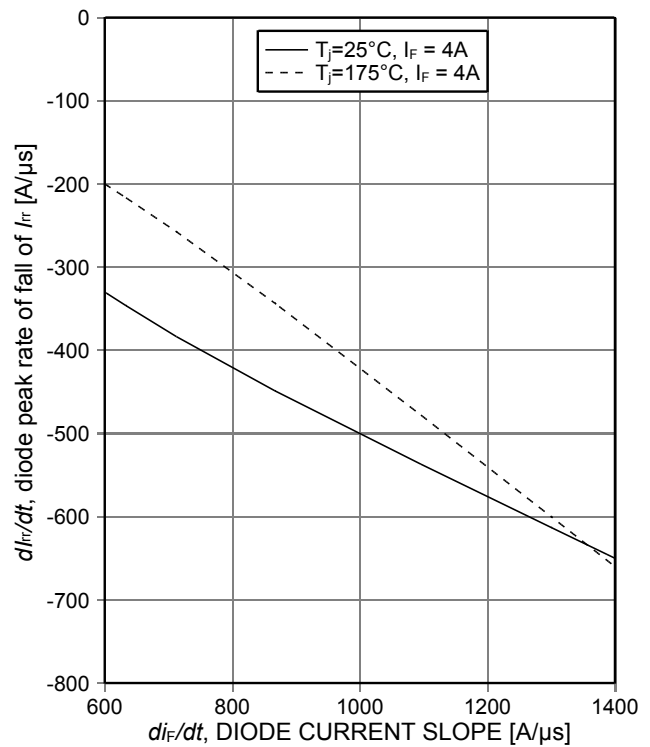


Figure 26. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope ($V_R=400\text{V}$)

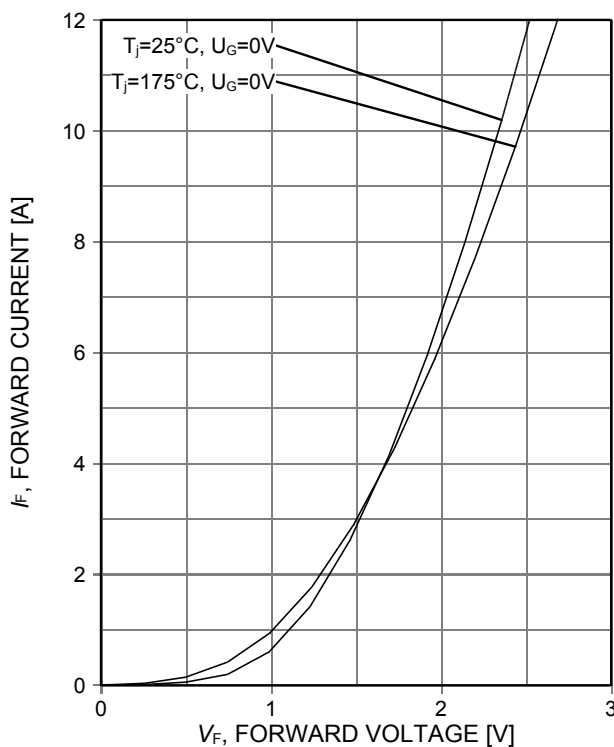


Figure 27. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

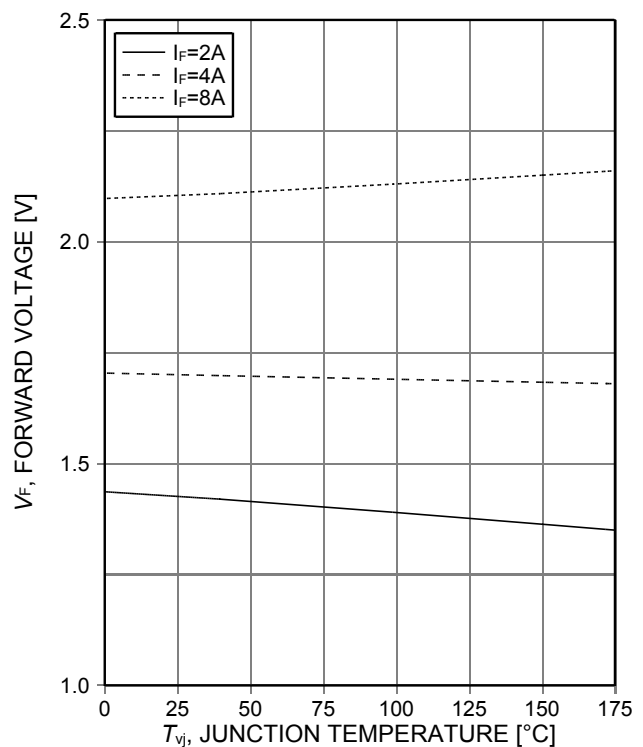
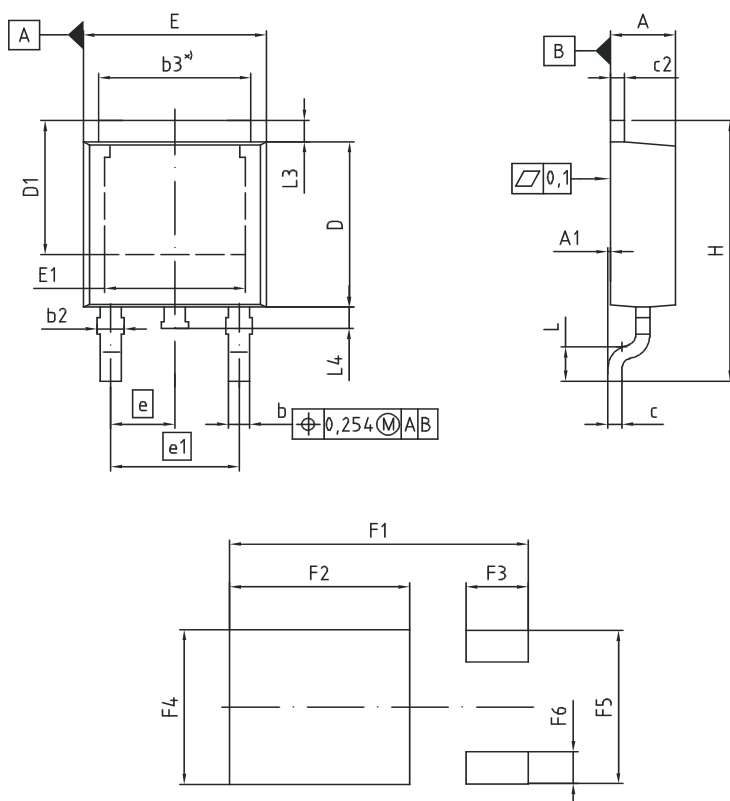


Figure 28. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

PG-TO252 -3



*) mold flash not included

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	2.16	2.41	0.085	0.095
A1	0.00	0.15	0.000	0.006
b	0.64	0.89	0.025	0.035
b2	0.65	1.15	0.026	0.045
b3	5.00	5.50	0.197	0.217
c	0.46	0.60	0.018	0.024
c2	0.46	0.98	0.018	0.039
D	5.97	6.22	0.235	0.245
D1	5.02	5.84	0.198	0.230
E	6.40	6.73	0.252	0.265
E1	4.70	5.21	0.185	0.205
e	2.29 (BSC)		0.090 (BSC)	
e1	4.57		0.180	
N	3		3	
H	9.40	10.48	0.370	0.413
L	1.18	1.70	0.046	0.067
L3	0.90	1.25	0.035	0.049
L4	0.51	1.00	0.020	0.039
F1	10.60		0.417	
F2	6.40		0.252	
F3	2.20		0.087	
F4	5.80		0.228	
F5	5.76		0.227	
F6	1.20		0.047	

DOCUMENT NO. Z8B00003328
SCALE 0 2.0 4mm
EUROPEAN PROJECTION 
ISSUE DATE 16-02-2011
REVISION 04

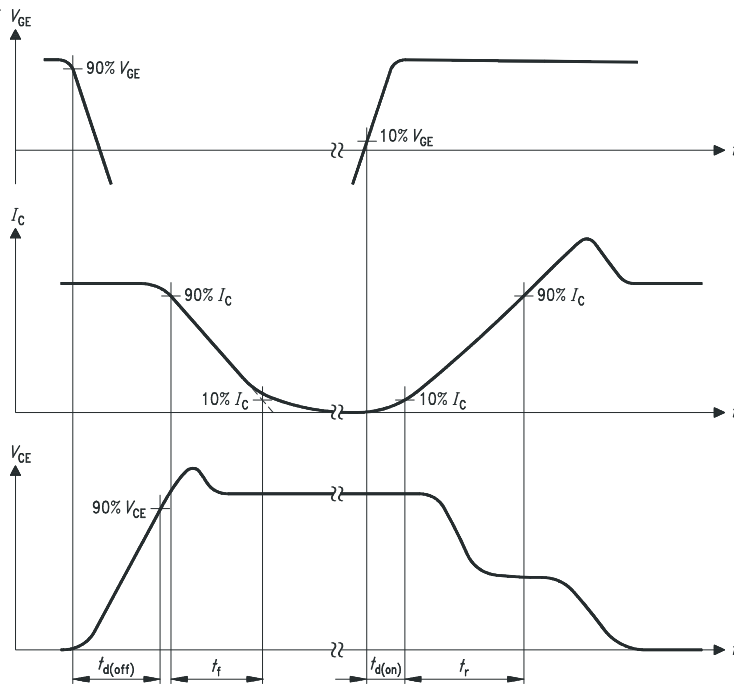


Figure A. Definition of switching times

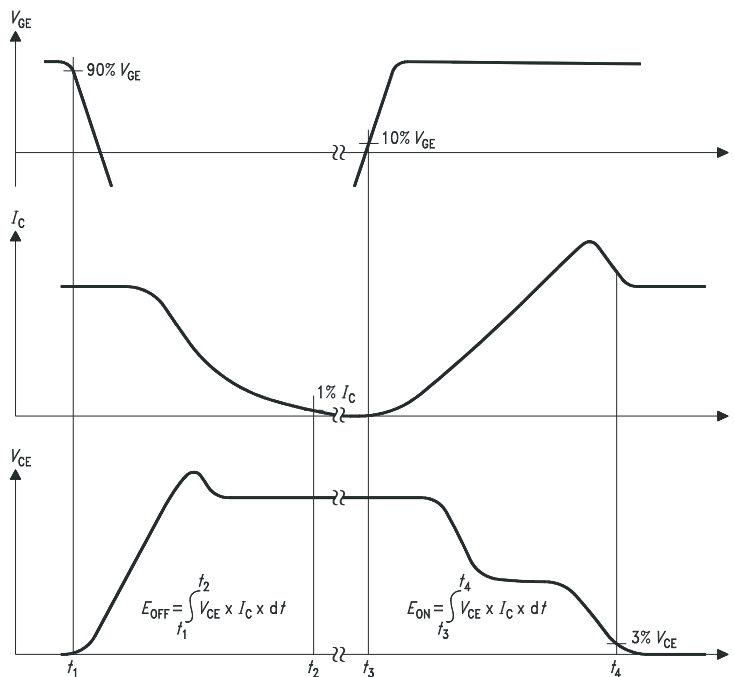


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

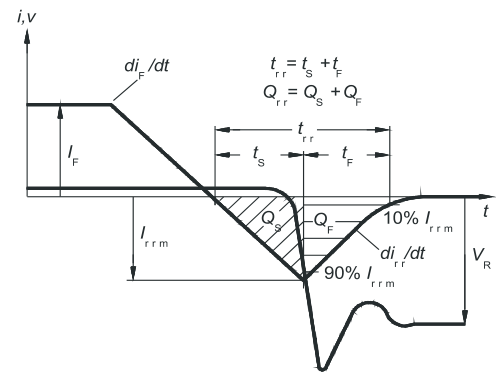


Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics

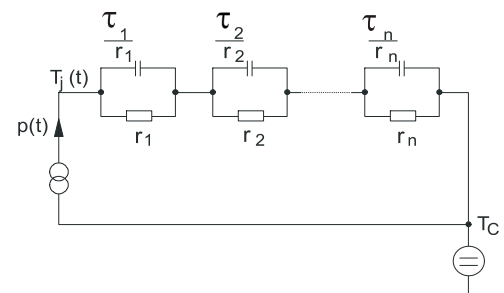
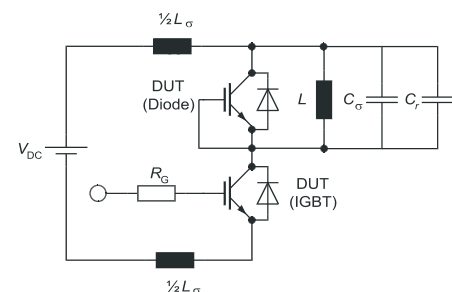


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit
Parasitic inductance L_σ ,
Parasitic capacitor C_σ ,
Relief capacitor C_r
(only for ZVT switching)

Revision History

IKD04N60RA

Revision: 2013-02-15, Rev. 2.1

Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2.1	2013-02-15	Final data sheet

We Listen to Your Comments

Any information within this document that you feel is wrong, unclear or missing at all ?

Your feedback will help us to continuously improve the quality of this document.

Please send your proposal (including a reference to this document) to: erratum@infineon.com

Published by**Infineon Technologies AG****81726 Munich, Germany****81726 München, Germany****© 2013 Infineon Technologies AG****All Rights Reserved.****Legal Disclaimer**

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics.

With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation, warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office (www.infineon.com).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

The Infineon Technologies component described in this Data Sheet may be used in life-support devices or systems and/or automotive, aviation and aerospace applications or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support, automotive, aviation and aerospace device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.

Компания «Океан Электроники» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Поставка оригинальных импортных электронных компонентов напрямую с производств Америки, Европы и Азии, а так же с крупнейших складов мира;
- Широкая линейка поставок активных и пассивных импортных электронных компонентов (более 30 млн. наименований);
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Помощь Конструкторского Отдела и консультации квалифицированных инженеров;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Поставка электронных компонентов под контролем ВП;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- При необходимости вся продукция военного и аэрокосмического назначения проходит испытания и сертификацию в лаборатории (по согласованию с заказчиком);
- Поставка специализированных компонентов военного и аэрокосмического уровня качества (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Actel, Aeroflex, Peregrine, VPT, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instruments, MS Kennedy, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Компания «Океан Электроники» является официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России одного из крупнейших производителей разъемов военного и аэрокосмического назначения «JONHON», а так же официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России производителя высокотехнологичных и надежных решений для передачи СВЧ сигналов «FORSTAR».



JONHON

«JONHON» (основан в 1970 г.)

Разъемы специального, военного и аэрокосмического назначения:

(Применяются в военной, авиационной, аэрокосмической, морской, железнодорожной, горно- и нефтедобывающей отраслях промышленности)

«FORSTAR» (основан в 1998 г.)

ВЧ соединители, коаксиальные кабели,
кабельные сборки и микроволновые компоненты:

(Применяются в телекоммуникациях гражданского и специального назначения, в средствах связи, РЛС, а так же военной, авиационной и аэрокосмической отраслях промышленности).



Телефон: 8 (812) 309-75-97 (многоканальный)

Факс: 8 (812) 320-03-32

Электронная почта: ocean@oceanchips.ru

Web: <http://oceanchips.ru/>

Адрес: 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, д. 2, корп. 4, лит. А