

General Description

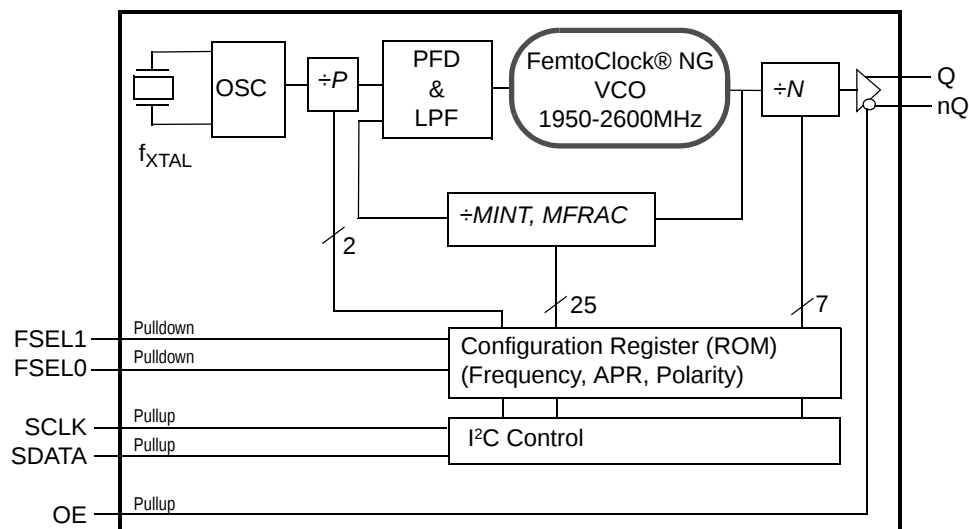
The IDT8N4Q001 is a Quad-Frequency Programmable Clock Oscillator with very flexible frequency programming capabilities. The device uses IDT's fourth generation FemtoClock® NG technology for an optimum high clock frequency and low phase noise performance. The device accepts 2.5V or 3.3V supply and is packaged in a small, lead-free (RoHS 6) 10-lead ceramic 5mm x 7mm x 1.55mm package.

Besides the four default power-up frequencies set by the FSEL0 and FSEL1 pins, the IDT8N4Q001 can be programmed via the I²C interface to output clock frequencies between 15.476MHz to 866.67MHz and from 975MHz to 1,300MHz to a very high degree of precision with a frequency step size of $435.9\text{Hz} \div N$ (N is the PLL output divider). Since the FSEL0 and FSEL1 pins are mapped to four independent PLL divider registers (P, MINT, MFRAC and N), reprogramming those registers to other frequencies under control of FSEL0 and FSEL1 is supported. The extended temperature range supports wireless infrastructure, telecommunication and networking end equipment requirements.

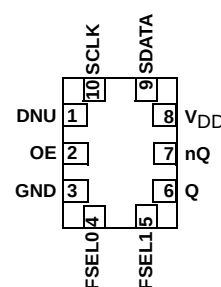
Features

- Fourth generation FemtoClock® NG technology
- Programmable clock output frequency from 15.476MHz to 866.67MHz and from 975MHz to 1,300MHz
- Four power-up default frequencies (see part number order codes), re-programmable by I²C
- I²C programming interface for the output clock frequency and internal PLL control registers
- Frequency programming resolution is $435.9\text{Hz} \div N$
- One 2.5V, 3.3V LVDS clock output
- Two control inputs for the power-up default frequency
- LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible control inputs
- RMS phase jitter @ 156.25MHz (12kHz - 20MHz): 0.253ps (typical), integer PLL feedback configuration
- RMS phase jitter @ 156.25MHz (1kHz - 40MHz): 0.263ps (typical), integer PLL feedback configuration
- Full 2.5V or 3.3V supply modes
- -40°C to 85°C ambient operating temperature
- Available in Lead-free (RoHS 6) package

Block Diagram



Pin Assignment



IDT8N4Q001
10-lead ceramic 5mm x 7mm x 1.55mm
package body
CD Package
Top View

Table 1. Pin Descriptions

Number	Name	Type		Description
1	DNU			Do not use.
2	OE	Input	Pullup	Output enable pin. See Table 3A for function. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
3	GND	Power		Power supply ground.
5, 4	FSEL1, FSEL0	Input	Pulldown	Default frequency select pins. See the Default Frequency Order Codes section. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
6, 7	Q, nQ	Output		Differential clock output. LVDS interface levels.
8	V _{DD}	Power		Power supply pin.
9	SDATA	Input	Pullup	I ² C Data Input. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
10	SCLK	Input	Pullup	I ² C Clock Input. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.

NOTE: Pullup and Pulldown refer to internal input resistors. See Table 2, *Pin Characteristics*, for typical values.

Table 2. Pin Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance			5.5		pF
R _{PULLUP}	Input Pullup Resistor			50		kΩ
R _{PULLDOWN}	Input Pulldown Resistor			50		kΩ

Function Tables

Table 3A. OE Configuration

Input	
OE	Output Enable
0	Outputs Q, nQ are in high-impedance state.
1 (default)	Outputs are enabled.

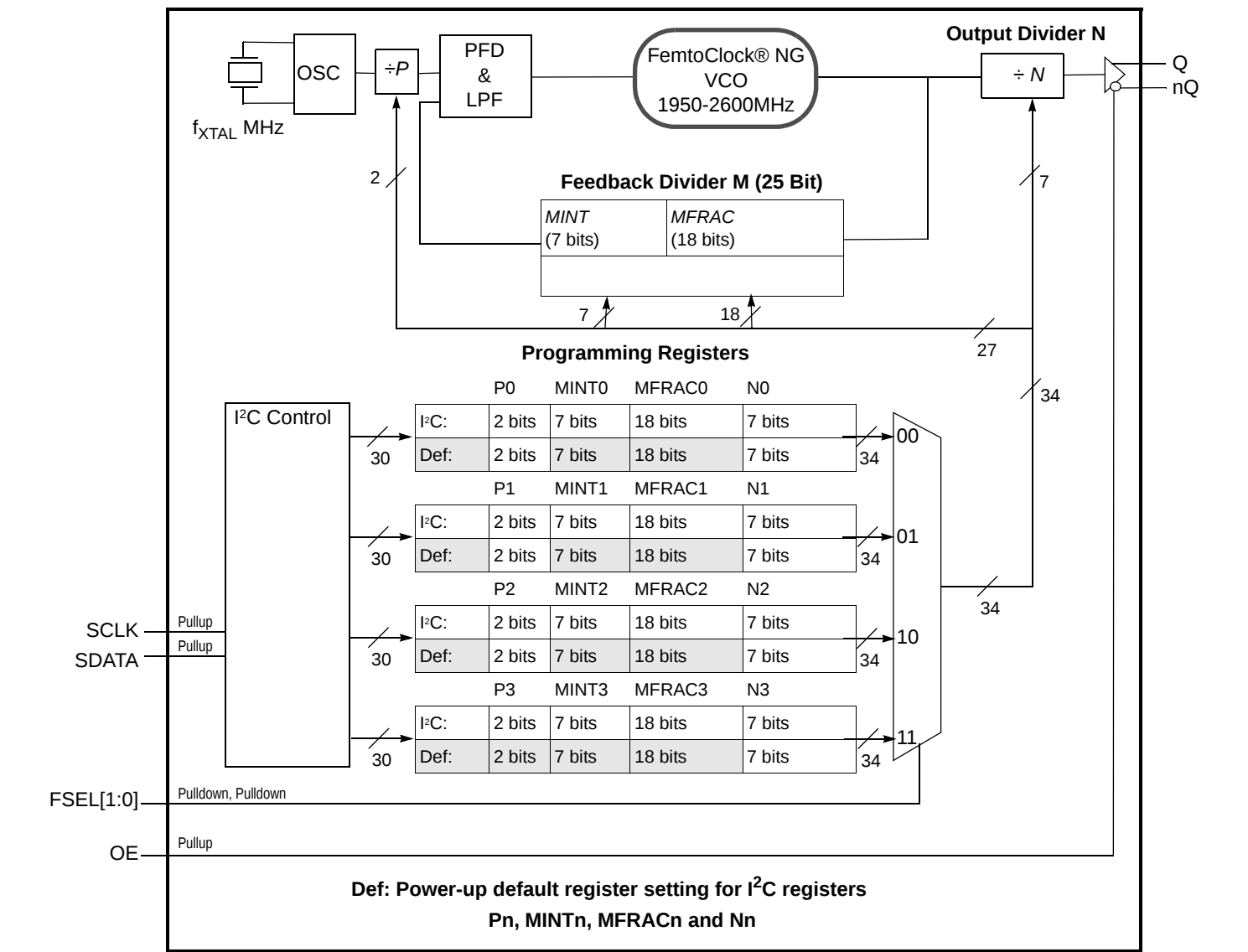
NOTE: OE is an asynchronous control.

Table 3B. Output Frequency Range

Output Frequency Ranges
15.476MHz to 866.67MHz
975MHz to 1,300MHz

NOTE: Supported output frequency range. The output frequency can be programmed to any frequency in this range and to a precision of 218Hz or better.

Block Diagram with Programming Registers



Principles of Operation

The block diagram consists of the internal 3rd overtone crystal and oscillator which provide the reference clock f_{XTAL} of either 114.285 MHz or 100MHz. The PLL includes the FemtoClock NG VCO along with the Pre-divider (P), the feedback divider (M) and the post divider (N). The P , M , and N dividers determine the output frequency based on the f_{XTAL} reference and must be configured correctly for proper operation. The feedback divider is fractional supporting a huge number of output frequencies. The configuration of the feedback divider to integer-only values results in an improved output phase noise characteristics at the expense of the range of output frequencies. In addition, internal registers are used to hold up to four different factory pre-set P , M , and N configuration settings. These default pre-sets are stored in the I²C registers at power-up. Each configuration is selected via the FSEL[1:0] pins and can be read back using the SCLK and SDATA pins.

The user may choose to operate the device at an output frequency different than that set by the factory. After power-up, the user may write new P , N and M settings into one or more of the four configuration registers and then use the FSEL[1:0] pins to select the newly programmed configuration. Note that the I²C registers are volatile and a power supply cycle will reload the pre-set factory default conditions.

If the user does choose to write a different P , M , and N configuration, it is recommended to write to a configuration which is not currently selected by FSEL[1:0] and then change to that configuration after the I²C transaction has completed. Changing the FSEL[1:0] controls results in an immediate change of the output frequency to the selected register values. The P , M , and N frequency configurations support an output frequency range 15.476MHz to 866.67MHz and 975MHz to 1,300MHz.

The devices use the fractional feedback divider with a delta-sigma modulator for noise shaping and robust frequency synthesis capability. The relatively high reference frequency minimizes phase noise generated by frequency multiplication and allows more efficient shaping of noise by the delta-sigma modulator.

The output frequency is determined by the 2-bit pre-divider (P), the feedback divider (M) and the 7-bit post divider (N). The feedback divider (M) consists of both a 7-bit integer portion ($MINT$) and an 18-bit fractional portion ($MFRAC$) and provides the means for high-resolution frequency generation. The output frequency f_{OUT} is calculated by:

$$f_{OUT} = f_{XTAL} \cdot \frac{1}{P \cdot N} \cdot \left[MINT + \frac{MFRAC + 0.5}{2^{18}} \right] \quad (1)$$

The four configuration registers for the P , M ($MINT$ & $MFRAC$) and N dividers which are named P_n , $MINT_n$, $MFRAC_n$ and N_n with $n = 0$ to 3. "n" denominates one of the four possible configurations.

As identified previously, the configurations of P , M ($MINT$ & $MFRAC$) and N divider settings are stored the I²C register, and the configuration loaded at power-up is determined by the FSEL[1:0] pins.

Table 4. Frequency Selection

Input		Selects	Register
FSEL1	FSEL0		
0 (def.)	0 (def.)	Frequency 0	P0, MINT0, MFRAC0, N0
0	1	Frequency 1	P1, MINT1, MFRAC1, N1
1	0	Frequency 2	P2, MINT2, MFRAC2, N2
1	1	Frequency 3	P3, MINT3, MFRAC3, N3

Frequency Configuration

An order code is assigned to each frequency configuration programmed by the factory (default frequencies). For more information on the available default frequencies and order codes, please see the Ordering Information Section in this document. For available order codes, see the *FemtoClock NG Ceramic-Package XO and VCXO Ordering Product Information* document.

For more information and guidelines on programming of the device for custom frequency configurations, the register description, the selection of fractional and integer-feedback configurations and the serial interface description, see the *FemtoClock NG Ceramic 5x7 Module Programming Guide*.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

NOTE: Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the *DC Characteristics* or *AC Characteristics* is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

Item	Rating
Supply Voltage, V_{DD}	3.63V
Inputs, V_I	-0.5V to $V_{DD} + 0.5V$
Outputs, I_O (SDATA) Outputs, I_O (LVDS) Continuous Current Surge Current	10mA 10mA 15mA
Package Thermal Impedance, θ_{JA}	49.4°C/W (0 mps)
Storage Temperature, T_{STG}	-65°C to 150°C

DC Electrical Characteristics

Table 5A. Power Supply DC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $85^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{DD}	Power Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
I_{DD}	Power Supply Current				160	mA

Table 5B. Power Supply DC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $85^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{DD}	Power Supply Voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
I_{DD}	Power Supply Current				155	mA

Table 5C. LVCMOS/LVTTL DC Characteristic, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ or $2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	FSEL[1:0], OE	$V_{CC} = 3.3V + 5\%$	1.7		$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
		FSEL[1:0], OE	$V_{CC} = 2.5V + 5\%$	1.7		$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage	FSEL[1:0]	$V_{CC} = 3.3V + 5\%$	-0.3		0.5	V
		OE	$V_{CC} = 3.3V + 5\%$	-0.3		0.8	V
		FSEL[1:0]	$V_{CC} = 2.5V + 5\%$	-0.3		0.5	V
		OE	$V_{CC} = 2.5V + 5\%$	-0.3		0.8	V
I_{IH}	Input High Current	OE	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 3.465V$ or $2.625V$			10	μA
		SDATA, SCLK	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 3.465V$ or $2.625V$			5	μA
		FSEL0, FSEL1	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 3.465V$ or $2.625V$			150	μA
I_{IL}	Input Low Current	OE	$V_{DD} = 3.465V$ or $2.625V$, $V_{IN} = 0V$	-500			μA
		SDATA, SCLK	$V_{DD} = 3.465V$ or $2.625V$, $V_{IN} = 0V$	-150			μA
		FSEL0, FSEL1	$V_{DD} = 3.465V$ or $2.625V$, $V_{IN} = 0V$	-5			μA

Table 5D. LVDS DC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ or $2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{OD}	Differential Output Voltage		247	350	454	mV
ΔV_{OD}	V_{OD} Magnitude Change				50	mV
V_{OS}	Offset Voltage		1.0	1.20	1.375	V
ΔV_{OS}	V_{OS} Magnitude Change				50	mV

AC Electrical Characteristics

Table 6. AC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ or $2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $85^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f_{OUT}	Output Frequency Q, nQ	Output Divider, $N = 3$ to 126	15.476		866.67	MHz
		Output Divider, $N = 2$	975		1,300	MHz
f_I	Initial Accuracy	Measured at $25^\circ C$			± 10	ppm
f_S	Temperature Stability	Option code = A or B			± 100	ppm
		Option code = E or F			± 50	ppm
		Option code = K or L			± 20	ppm
f_A	Aging	Frequency drift over 10 year life			± 3	ppm
		Frequency drift over 15 year life			± 5	ppm
f_T	Total Stability	Option code A or B (10 year life)			± 113	ppm
		Option code E or F (10 year life)			± 63	ppm
		Option code K or L (10 year life)			± 33	ppm
$t_{jit(cc)}$	Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter; NOTE 1				20	ps
$t_{jit(per)}$	RMS Period Jitter; NOTE 1			2.85	4	ps
$t_{jit}(\emptyset)$	RMS Phase Jitter (Random): Fractional PLL feedback and $f_{XTAL}=100.000MHz$ (2xxx order codes)	$17 MHz \leq f_{OUT} \leq 1300 MHz$, NOTE 2,3,4		0.440	0.995	ps
	RMS Phase Jitter (Random); Integer PLL feedback and $f_{XTAL}=100.00MHz$ (1xxx order codes)	$500 MHz \leq f_{OUT} \leq 1300 MHz$, NOTE 2,3,4		0.240	0.390	ps
		$125 MHz \leq f_{OUT} < 500 MHz$, NOTE 2,3,4		0.245	0.425	ps
		$17 MHz \leq f_{OUT} < 125 MHz$, NOTE 2,3,4		0.350	0.555	ps
		$f_{OUT} = 156.25 MHz$, NOTE 2, 3, 4		0.253		ps
		$f_{OUT} = 156.25 MHz$, NOTE 2, 3, 5		0.263		ps
	RMS Phase Jitter (Random) Fractional PLL feedback and $f_{XTAL}=114.285MHz$ (0xxx order codes)	$17 MHz \leq f_{OUT} \leq 1300 MHz$, NOTE 2, 3, 4		0.475	0.990	ps
$\Phi_N(100)$	Single-side band phase noise, 100Hz from Carrier	156.25MHz		-94.7		dBc/Hz
$\Phi_N(1k)$	Single-side band phase noise, 1kHz from Carrier	156.25MHz		-121.5		dBc/Hz
$\Phi_N(10k)$	Single-side band phase noise, 10kHz from Carrier	156.25MHz		-130.9		dBc/Hz
$\Phi_N(100k)$	Single-side band phase noise, 100kHz from Carrier	156.25MHz		-137.2		dBc/Hz
$\Phi_N(1M)$	Single-side band phase noise, 1MHz from Carrier	156.25MHz		-138.9		dBc/Hz
$\Phi_N(10M)$	Single-side band phase noise, 10MHz from Carrier	156.25MHz		-153.7		dBc/Hz
PSNR	Power Supply Noise Rejection	50mV Sinusoidal Noise 1kHz - 50kHz		-54		dB
t_R / t_F	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%	100		425	ps

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
odc	Output Duty Cycle		45		55	%
t _{STARTUP}	Oscillator Start-Up Time				20	ms
t _{SET}	Output frequency settling time after FSEL0 and FSEL1 values are changed			470		μs

NOTE: Electrical parameters are guaranteed over the specified ambient operating temperature range, which is established when the device is mounted in a test socket with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm. The device will meet specifications after thermal equilibrium has been reached under these conditions.

NOTE: XTAL parameters (initial accuracy, temperature stability, aging and total stability) are guaranteed by manufacturing.

NOTE 1: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC standard 65.

NOTE 2: Please refer to the phase noise plots.

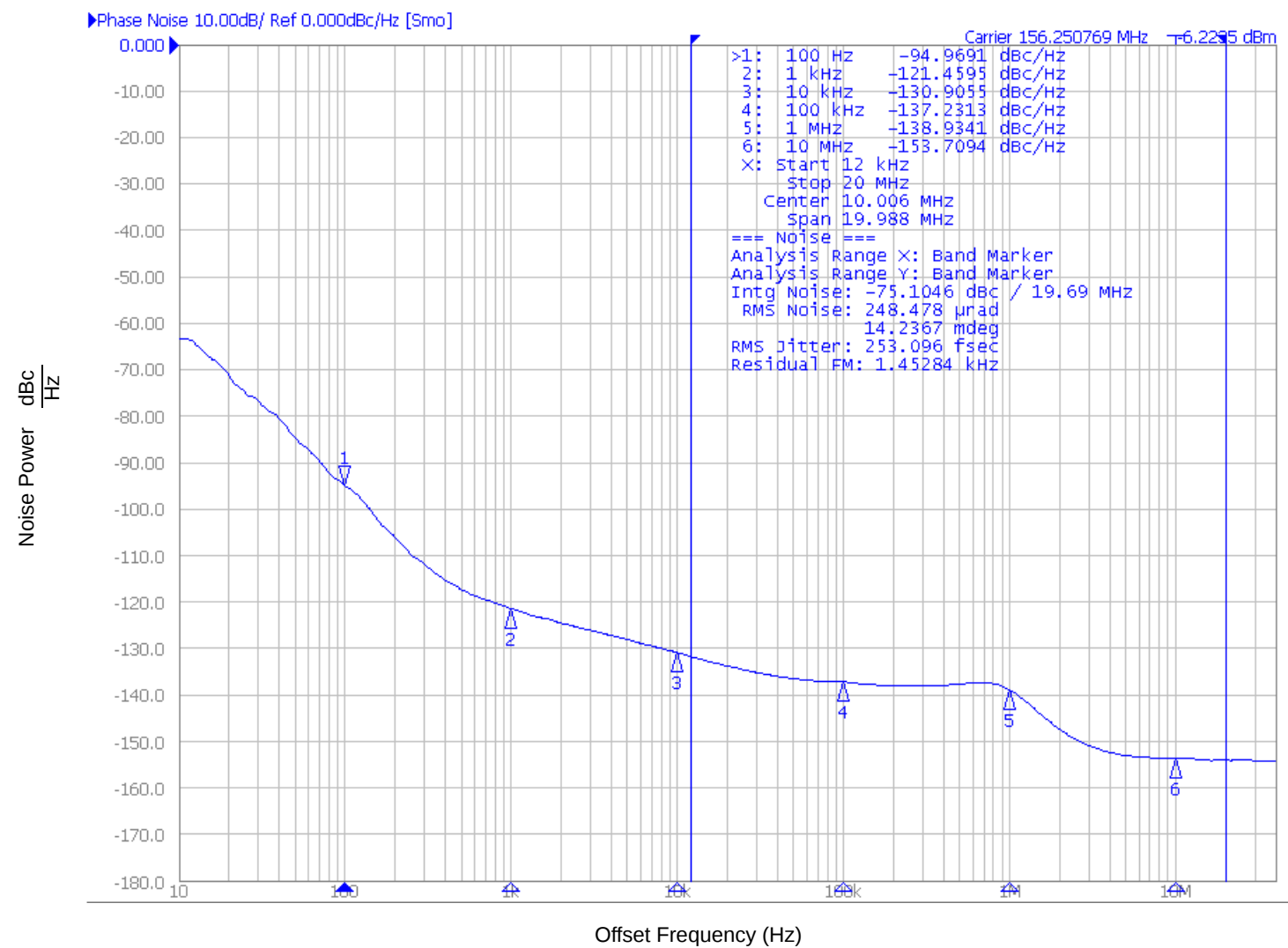
NOTE 3: Please see the FemtoClockNG Ceramic 5x7 Modules Programming guide for more information on PLL feedback modes and the optimum configuration for phase noise. Integer PLL feedback is the default operation for the dddd = 1xxx order codes and configures

DSM_ENA = 0 and ADC_EN = 0..

NOTE 4: Integration range: 12kHz-20MHz.

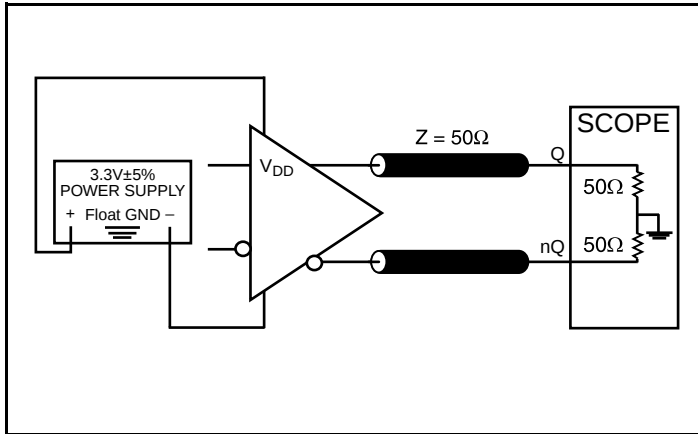
NOTE 5: Integration range: 1kHz-40MHz.

Typical Phase Noise at 156.25MHz (12kHz - 20MHz)

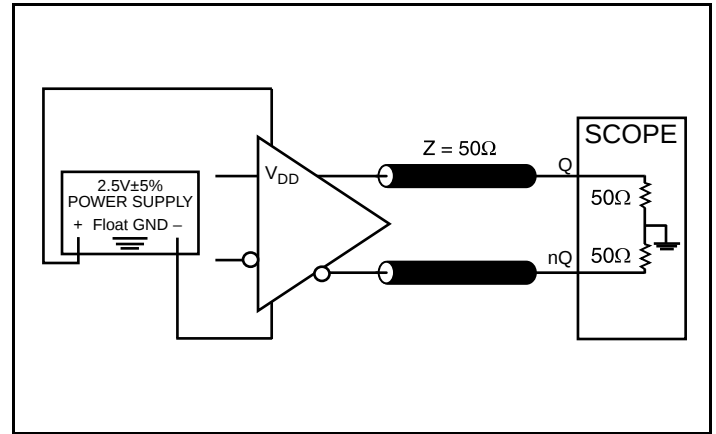


RMS Phase Noise (Random) for Integer PLL Feedback and $f_{\text{XTAL}}=100.000\text{MHz}$.

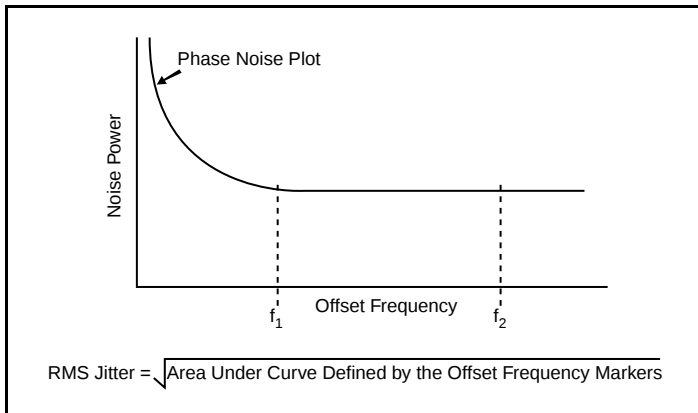
Parameter Measurement Information



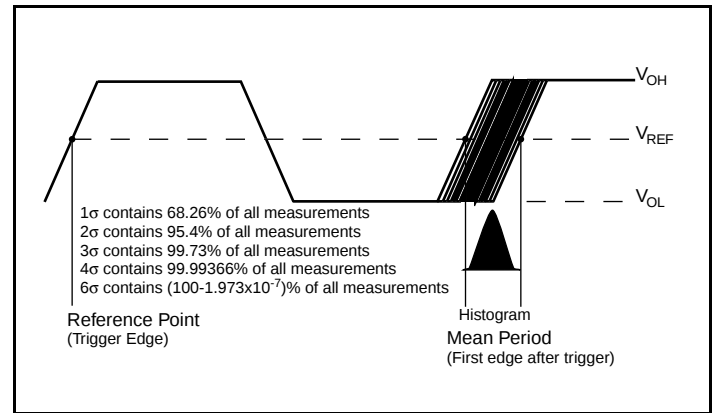
3.3V LVDS Output Load AC Test Circuit



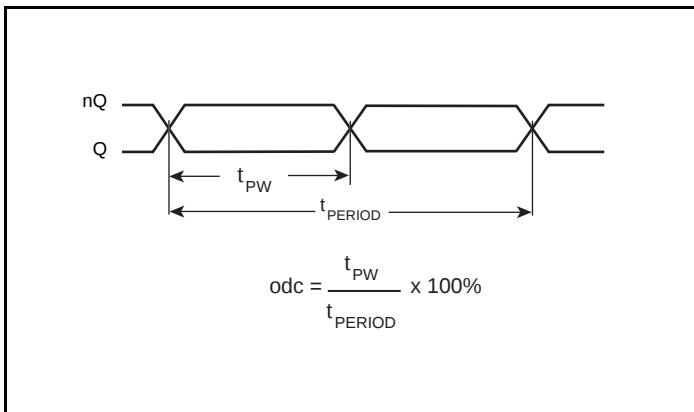
2.5V LVDS Output Load AC Test Circuit



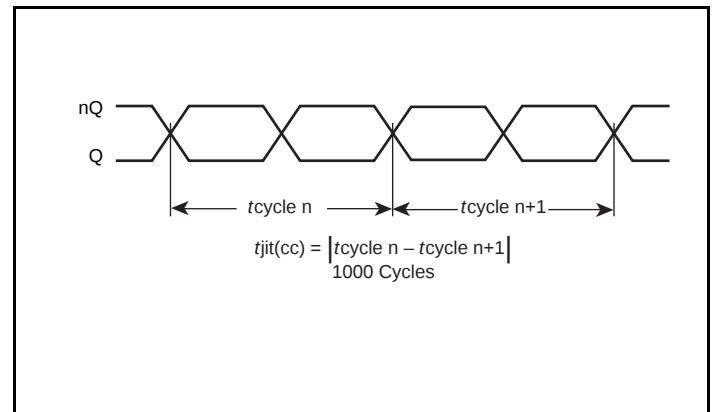
RMS Phase Jitter



Period Jitter

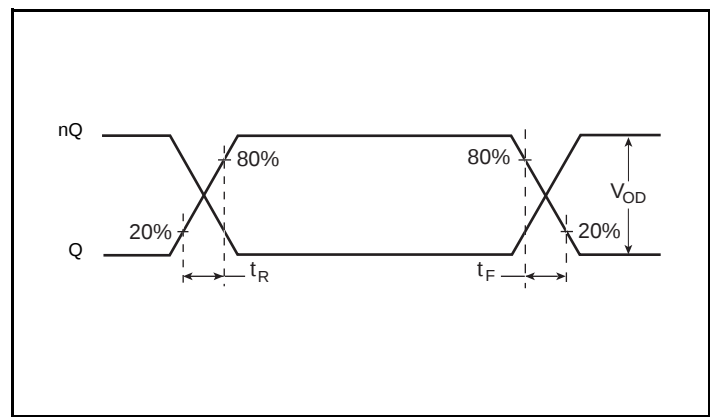


Output Duty Cycle/Pulse Width/Period

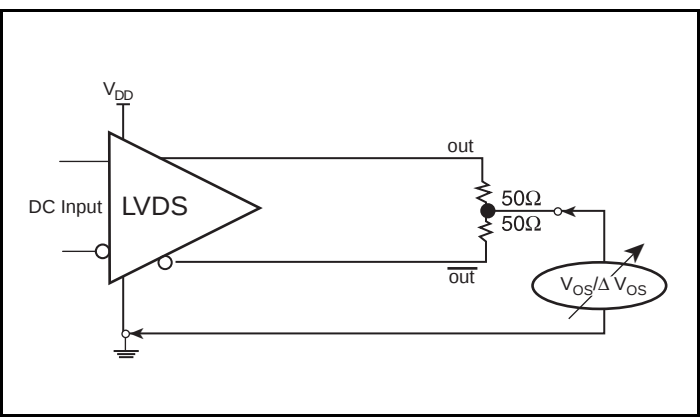


Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter

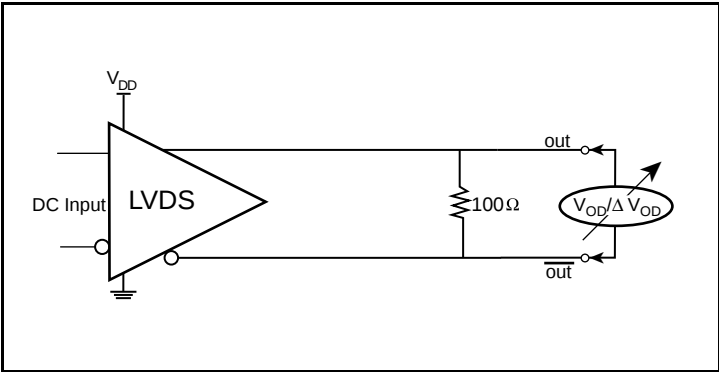
Parameter Measurement Information (continued)



Output Rise/Fall Time



Offset Voltage Setup



Differential Output Voltage Setup

Applications Information

Recommendations for Unused Input Pins

Inputs:

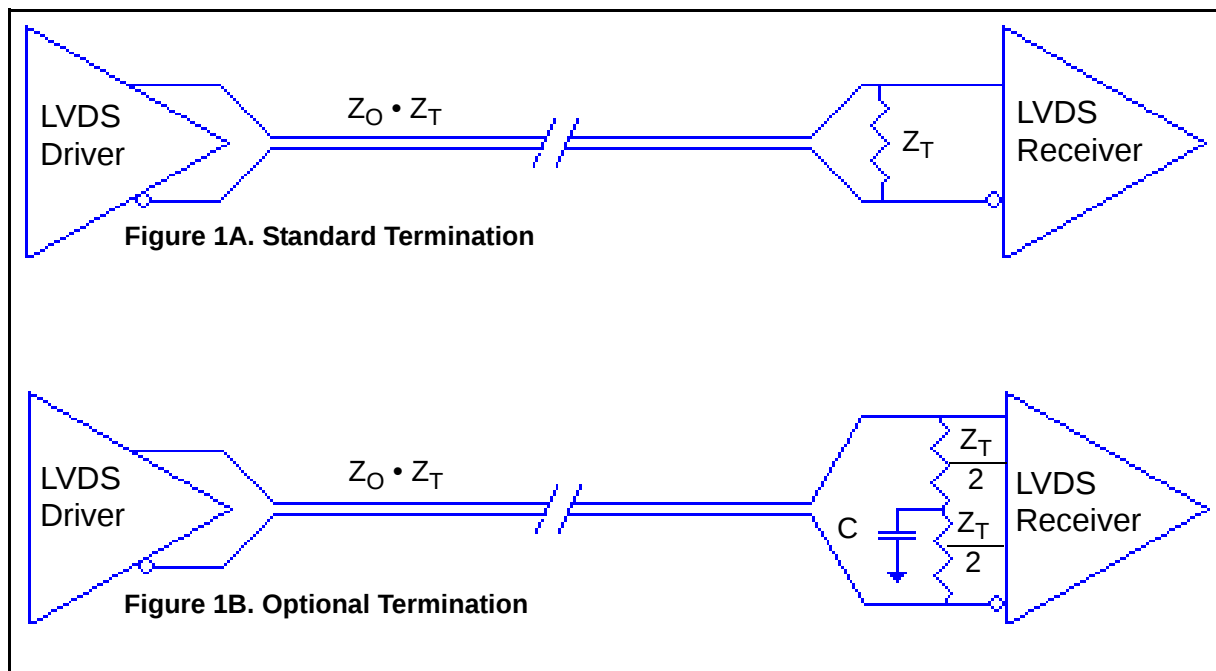
LVCMOS Select Pins

All control pins have internal pulldowns; additional resistance is not required but can be added for additional protection. A $1k\Omega$ resistor can be used.

LVDS Driver Termination

For a general LVDS interface, the recommended value for the termination impedance (Z_T) is between 90Ω and 132Ω . The actual value should be selected to match the differential impedance (Z_0) of your transmission line. A typical point-to-point LVDS design uses a 100Ω parallel resistor at the receiver and a 100Ω differential transmission-line environment. In order to avoid any transmission-line reflection issues, the components should be surface mounted and must be placed as close to the receiver as possible. IDT offers a full line of LVDS compliant devices with two types of output structures: current source and voltage source. The

standard termination schematic as shown in *Figure 1A* can be used with either type of output structure. *Figure 1B*, which can also be used with both output types, is an optional termination with center tap capacitance to help filter common mode noise. The capacitor value should be approximately $50pF$. If using a non-standard termination, it is recommended to contact IDT and confirm if the output structure is current source or voltage source type. In addition, since these outputs are LVDS compatible, the input receiver's amplitude and common-mode input range should be verified for compatibility with the output.



LVDS Termination

Schematic Layout

Figure 2 shows an example of IDT8N4Q001 application schematic. In this example, the device is operated at $V_{DD} = 3.3V$. As with any high speed analog circuitry, the power supply pins are vulnerable to noise. To achieve optimum jitter performance, power supply isolation is required.

In order to achieve the best possible filtering, it is recommended that the placement of the filter components be on the device side of the PCB as close to the power pins as possible. If space is limited, the 0.1uF capacitor in each power pin filter should be placed on the device side of the PCB and the other components can be placed on the opposite side.

Power supply filter recommendations are a general guideline to be used for reducing external noise from coupling into the devices. The filter performance is designed for wide range of noise frequencies. This low-pass filter starts to attenuate noise at approximately 10kHz. If a specific frequency noise component is known, such as switching power supply frequencies, it is recommended that component values be adjusted and if required, additional filtering be added. Additionally, good general design practices for power plane voltage stability suggests adding bulk capacitances in the local area of all devices.

The schematic example focuses on functional connections and is not configuration specific. Refer to the pin description and functional tables in the datasheet to ensure the logic control inputs are properly set.

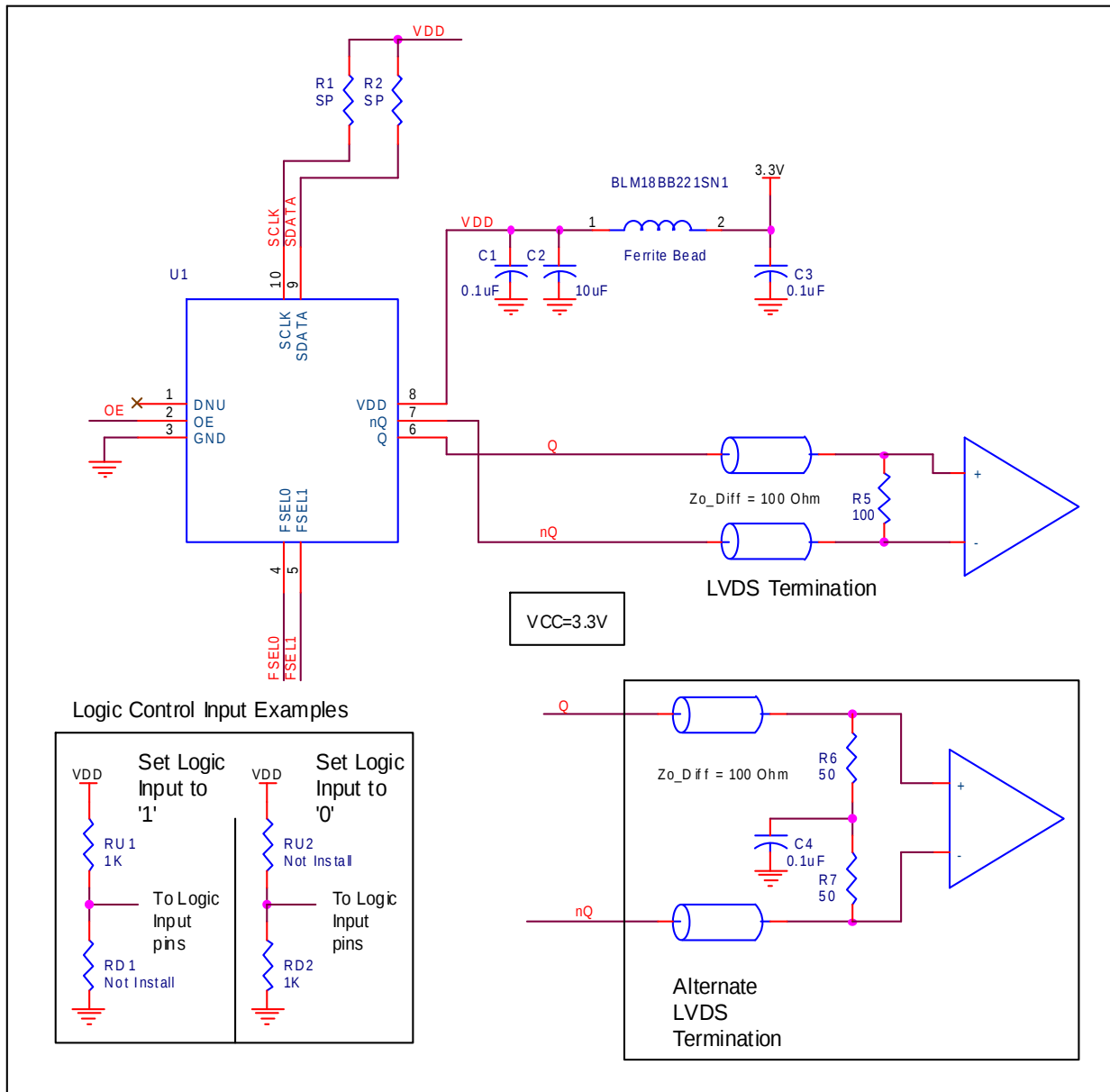


Figure 2. IDT8N4Q001 Application Schematic

Power Considerations

This section provides information on power dissipation and junction temperature for the IDT8N4Q001. Equations and example calculations are also provided.

1. Power Dissipation.

The total power dissipation for the ICS844S42I is the sum of the core power plus the power dissipated in the load(s). The following is the power dissipation for $V_{DD} = 3.3V + 5\% = 3.465V$, which gives worst case results.

- Power (core)_{MAX} = $V_{DD_MAX} * I_{DD_MAX} = 3.465V * 160mA = 554.4mW$

2. Junction Temperature.

Junction temperature, T_j , is the temperature at the junction of the bond wire and bond pad directly affects the reliability of the device. The maximum recommended junction temperature is 125°C. Limiting the internal transistor junction temperature, T_j , to 125°C ensures that the bond wire and bond pad temperature remains below 125°C.

The equation for T_j is as follows: $T_j = \theta_{JA} * Pd_total + T_A$

T_j = Junction Temperature

θ_{JA} = Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

Pd_total = Total Device Power Dissipation (example calculation is in section 1 above)

T_A = Ambient Temperature

In order to calculate junction temperature, the appropriate junction-to-ambient thermal resistance θ_{JA} must be used. Assuming no air flow and a multi-layer board, the appropriate value is 49.4°C/W per Table 7 below.

Therefore, T_j for an ambient temperature of 85°C with all outputs switching is:

$$85^\circ C + 0.554W * 49.4^\circ C/W = 112.4^\circ C. \text{ This is below the limit of } 125^\circ C.$$

This calculation is only an example. T_j will obviously vary depending on the number of loaded outputs, supply voltage, air flow and the type of board (multi-layer).

Table 7. Thermal Resistance θ_{JA} for 10 Lead Ceramic 5mm x 7mm Package, Forced Convection

θ_{JA} by Velocity			
Meters per Second	0	1	2.5
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	49.4°C/W	44.2°C/W	41.0°C/W

Reliability Information

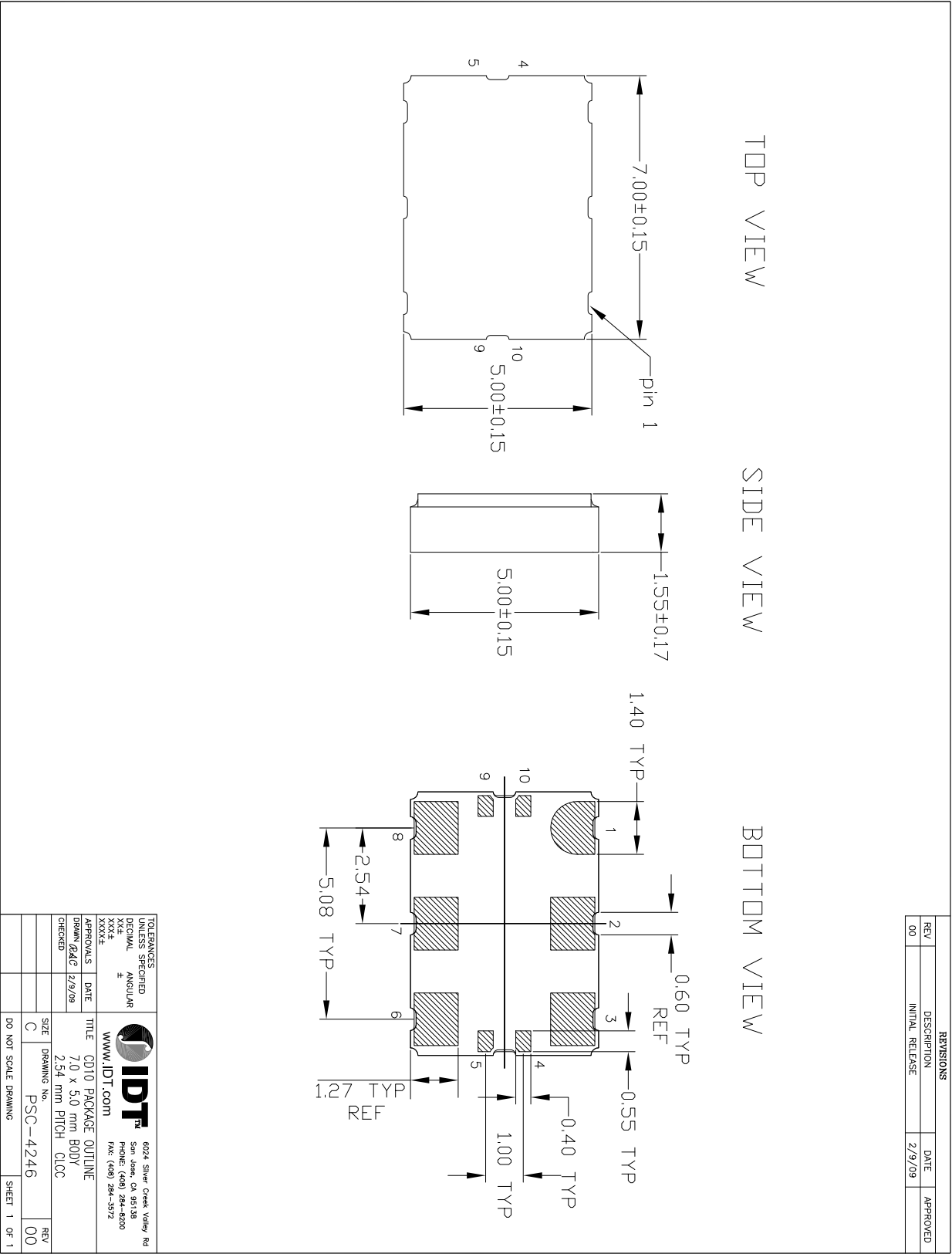
Table 8. θ_{JA} vs. Air Flow Table for a 10-lead Ceramic 5mm x 7mm Package

θ_{JA} vs. Air Flow			
Meters per Second	0	1	2.5
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	49.4°C/W	44.2°C/W	41.0°C/W

Transistor Count

The transistor count for IDT8N4Q001 is: 47,372

Package Outline and Package Dimensions



Ordering Information for FemtoClock NG Ceramic-Package XO and VCXO Products

The programmable VCXO and XO devices support a variety of device options such as the output type, number of default frequencies, internal crystal frequency, power supply voltage, ambient temperature range and the frequency accuracy. The device options, default frequencies and default VCXO pull range must be specified at the time of order and are programmed by IDT before the shipment. The table below specifies the available order codes, including the device options and default frequency configurations. Example part number: the order code 8N3QV01FG-0001CDI specifies a programmable, quad default-frequency VCXO with a voltage supply of 2.5V, a LVPECL output, a ± 50 ppm crystal frequency accuracy,

contains a 114.285MHz internal crystal as frequency source, industrial temperature range, a lead-free (6/6 RoHS) 10-lead ceramic 5mm x 7mm x 1.55mm package and is factory-programmed to the default frequencies of 100MHz, 122.88MHz, 125MHz and 156.25MHz and to the VCXO pull range of minimum ± 100 ppm.

Other default frequencies and order codes are available from IDT on request. For more information on available default frequencies, see the *FemtoClock NG Ceramic-Package XO and VCXO Ordering Product Information* document.

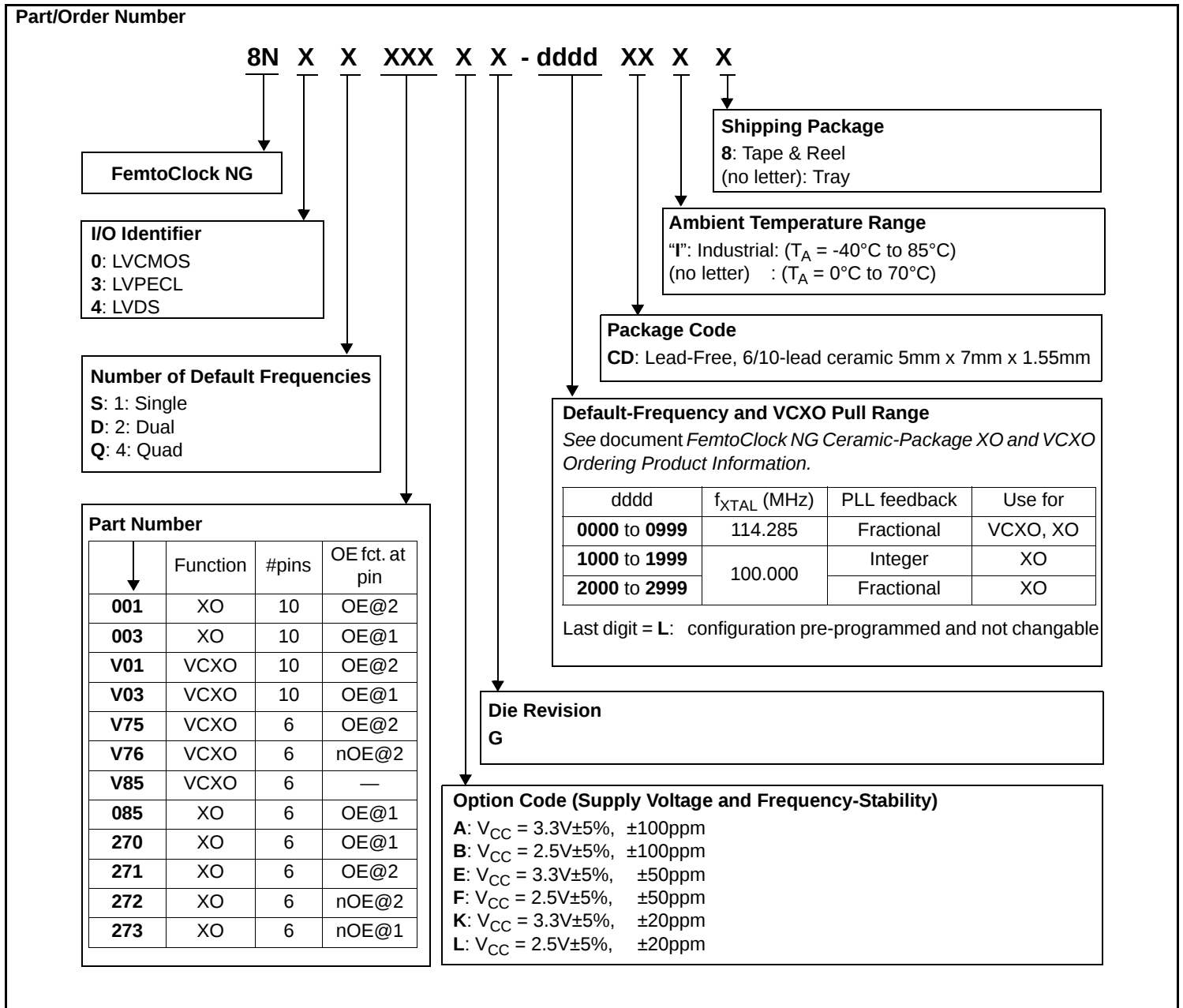


Table 9. Device Marking

Marking	Industrial Temperature Range ($T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C)	Commercial Temperature Range ($T_A = 0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 70°C)
	IDT8N4x001yG- ddddCDI	IDT8N4x001yG- ddddCD
	x = Number of Default Frequencies, y = Option Code, dddd =Default-Frequency and VCXO Pull Range	

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Revision History Sheet

Rev	Table	Page	Description of Change	Date
A	9	18	Table 9 Device Marking, corrected marking.	3/6/12

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- Поставка электронных компонентов под контролем ВП;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- При необходимости вся продукция военного и аэрокосмического назначения проходит испытания и сертификацию в лаборатории (по согласованию с заказчиком);
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JONHON

«JONHON» (основан в 1970 г.)

Разъемы специального, военного и аэрокосмического назначения:

(Применяются в военной, авиационной, аэрокосмической, морской, железнодорожной, горно- и нефтедобывающей отраслях промышленности)

«FORSTAR» (основан в 1998 г.)

ВЧ соединители, коаксиальные кабели,
кабельные сборки и микроволновые компоненты:

(Применяются в телекоммуникациях гражданского и специального назначения, в средствах связи, РЛС, а так же военной, авиационной и аэрокосмической отраслях промышленности).



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