

Features

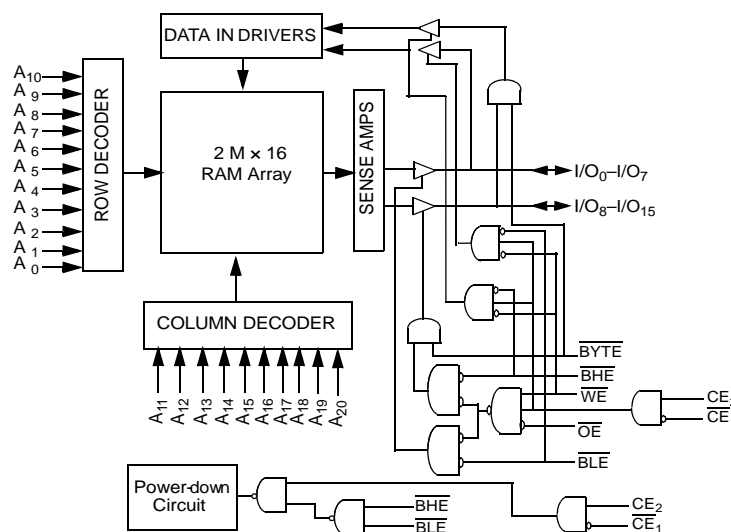
- Thin small outline package-I (TSOP-I) configurable as 2 M × 16 or as 4 M × 8 static RAM (SRAM)
- High-speed up to 55 ns
- Wide voltage range: 2.2 V to 3.6 V and 4.5 V to 5.5 V
- Ultra low standby power
 - Typical standby current: 3 μA
 - Maximum standby current: 25 μA
- Ultra low active power
 - Typical active current: 4.5 mA at f = 1 MHz
- Easy memory expansion with \overline{CE}_1 , CE_2 , and \overline{OE} Features
- Automatic power-down when deselected
- Complementary metal oxide semiconductor (CMOS) for optimum speed and power
- Available in Pb-free 48-ball TSOP-I package

Functional Description

The CY62177ESL is a high performance CMOS static RAM organized as 2 M words by 16 bits and 4 M words by 8 bits. This device features advanced circuit design to provide ultra low active current. It is ideal for providing More Battery Life™ (MoBL[®]) in portable applications such as cellular telephones. The device also has an automatic power-down feature that significantly reduces power consumption by 99 percent when addresses are not toggling. The device can also be put into standby mode when deselected (\overline{CE}_1 HIGH or CE_2 LOW or both \overline{BHE} and \overline{BLE} are HIGH). The input and output pins (I/O_0 through I/O_{15}) are placed in a high impedance state when: deselected (\overline{CE}_1 HIGH or CE_2 LOW), outputs are disabled (\overline{OE} HIGH), both Byte High Enable and Byte Low Enable are disabled (\overline{BHE} , \overline{BLE} HIGH), or during a write operation (\overline{CE}_1 LOW, CE_2 HIGH and \overline{WE} LOW).

To write to the device, take Chip Enables (\overline{CE}_1 LOW and CE_2 HIGH) and Write Enable (\overline{WE}) input LOW. If Byte Low Enable (\overline{BLE}) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O_0 through I/O_7), is written into the location specified on the address pins (A_0 through A_{20}). If Byte High Enable (\overline{BHE}) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O_8 through I/O_{15}) is written to the location specified on the address pins (A_0 through A_{20}). To read from the device, take Chip Enables (\overline{CE}_1 LOW and CE_2 HIGH) and Output Enable (\overline{OE}) LOW while forcing the Write Enable (\overline{WE}) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable (\overline{BLE}) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins appear on I/O_0 to I/O_7 . If Byte High Enable (\overline{BHE}) is LOW, then data from memory appears on I/O_8 to I/O_{15} . See the [Truth Table](#) on page 10 for a complete description of read and write modes.

Logic Block Diagram

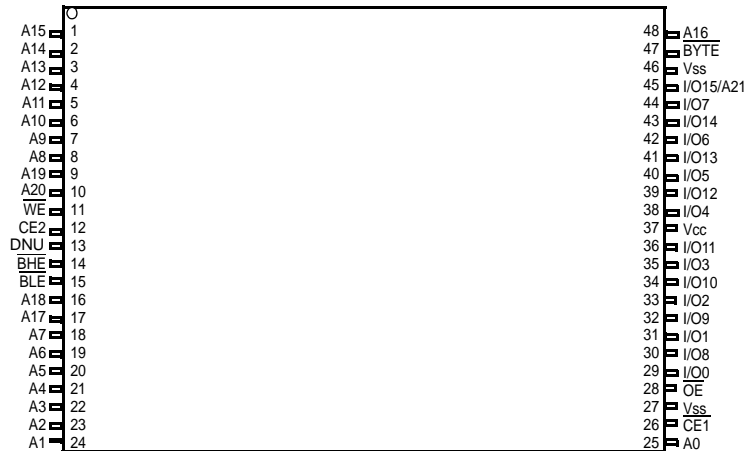


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Pin Configuration

Figure 1. 48-Pin TSOP-I (Forward) (2 M × 16/4 M × 8) [2, 3]



Product Portfolio

Product	V _{CC} Range (V) ^[4]	Speed (ns)	Power Dissipation					
			Operating I _{CC} (mA)				Standby I _{SB2} (μA)	
			f = 1 MHz		f = f _{Max}			
			Typ ^[4]	Max	Typ ^[4]	Max	Typ ^[4]	Max
CY62177ESL	2.2 V to 3.6 V and 4.5 V to 5.5 V	55	4.5	5.5	35	45	3	25

Notes

1. NC pins are not connected on the die.
2. The BYTE pin in the 48-TSOP-I package has to be tied to V_{CC} to use the device as a 2 M × 16 SRAM. The 48-TSOP-I package can also be used as a 4 M × 8 SRAM by tying the BYTE signal to V_{SS}. In the 4 M × 8 configuration, Pin 45 is A21, while BHE, BLE, and I/O₈ to I/O₁₄ pins are not used.
3. Datasheet Specifications are not guaranteed in the range of 3.6 V to 4.5 V.
4. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V_{CC} = 3 V, and V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25 °C

Maximum Ratings

Exceeding maximum ratings may shorten the useful life of the device. User guidelines are not tested.

Storage temperature -65 °C to + 150 °C

Ambient temperature with power applied -55 °C to + 125 °C

Supply voltage to ground potential -0.3 V to $V_{CC(max)}$ + 0.3 V

DC voltage applied to outputs in high Z state^[5, 6] -0.3 V to $V_{CC(max)}$ + 0.3 V

DC input voltage^[5, 6] -0.3 V to $V_{CC(max)}$ + 0.3 V

Output current into outputs (LOW) 20 mA

Static discharge voltage..... ≥ 2001 V (per MIL-STD-883, method 3015)

Latch-up current ≥ 200 mA

Operating Range

Device	Range	Ambient Temperature	V_{CC} ^[7]
CY62177ESL	Industrial	-40 °C to +85 °C	2.2 V to 3.6 V and 4.5 V to 5.5 V

Electrical Characteristics

Over the operating range

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	55 ns			Unit
			Min	Typ ^[8]	Max	
V_{OH}	Output HIGH voltage	$2.2\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7\text{ V}$ $I_{OH} = -0.1\text{ mA}$	2.0	–	–	V
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ $I_{OH} = -1.0\text{ mA}$	2.4	–	–	V
		$4.5\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ $I_{OH} = -1.0\text{ mA}$	2.4	–	–	V
V_{OL}	Output LOW voltage	$2.2\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7\text{ V}$ $I_{OL} = 0.1\text{ mA}$	–	–	0.4	V
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ $I_{OL} = 2.1\text{ mA}$	–	–	0.4	V
		$4.5\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ $I_{OL} = 2.1\text{ mA}$	–	–	0.4	V
V_{IH}	Input HIGH voltage	$2.2\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7\text{ V}$	1.8	–	$V_{CC} + 0.3\text{ V}$	V
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$	2.2	–	$V_{CC} + 0.3\text{ V}$	V
		$4.5\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	2.2	–	$V_{CC} + 0.3\text{ V}$	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW voltage	$2.2\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7\text{ V}$	-0.3	–	0.6	V
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$	-0.3	–	0.7 ^[9]	V
		$4.5\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	-0.3	–	0.7 ^[9]	V
I_{IX}	Input leakage current	$GND \leq V_I \leq V_{CC}$	-1	–	+1	μA
I_{OZ}	Output leakage current	$GND \leq V_O \leq V_{CC}$, Output disabled	-1	–	+1	μA
I_{CC}	V_{CC} operating supply current	$f = f_{Max} = 1/t_{RC}$ $V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)}$	–	35	45	mA
		$f = 1\text{ MHz}$ $I_{OUT} = 0\text{ mA}$ CMOS levels	–	4.5	5.5	mA
I_{SB2} ^[10]	Automatic power-down current—CMOS inputs	$CE_1 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$ or $CE_2 \leq 0.2\text{ V}$ or (BHE and BLE) $\geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$, $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$ or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2\text{ V}$, $f = 0$, $V_{CC} = 3.6\text{ V}$	–	3	25	μA

Capacitance

Parameter ^[11]	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$T_A = 25\text{ °C}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$	15	pF
C_{OUT}	Output capacitance		15	pF

Notes

- $V_{IL(min)} = -2.0\text{ V}$ for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
- $V_{IH(max)} = V_{CC} + 0.75\text{ V}$ for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
- Full Device AC operation assumes a 100 μs ramp time from 0 to V_{CC} (min) and 200 μs wait time after V_{CC} stabilization.
- Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$, and $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$
- Under DC conditions the device meets a V_{IL} of 0.8 V. However, in dynamic conditions Input LOW voltage applied to the device must not be higher than 0.7 V.
- Chip enables (CE1 and CE2), byte enables (BHE and BLE) and BYTE must be tied to CMOS levels to meet the I_{SB2} / I_{CCDR} spec. Other inputs can be left floating.
- Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may effect these parameters.

Thermal Resistance

Parameter ^[12]	Description	Test Conditions	TSOPI	Unit
Θ_{JA}	Thermal resistance (junction to ambient)	Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, two-layer printed circuit board	44.66	°C / W
Θ_{JC}	Thermal resistance (junction to case)		12.12	°C / W

Figure 2. AC Test Loads and Waveforms

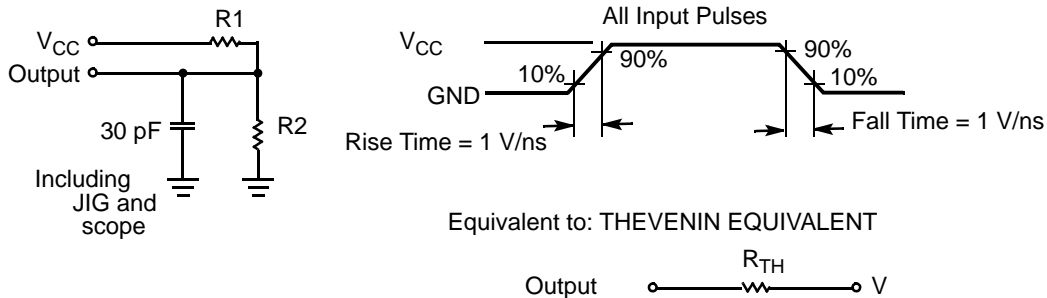


Table 1. AC Test Loads

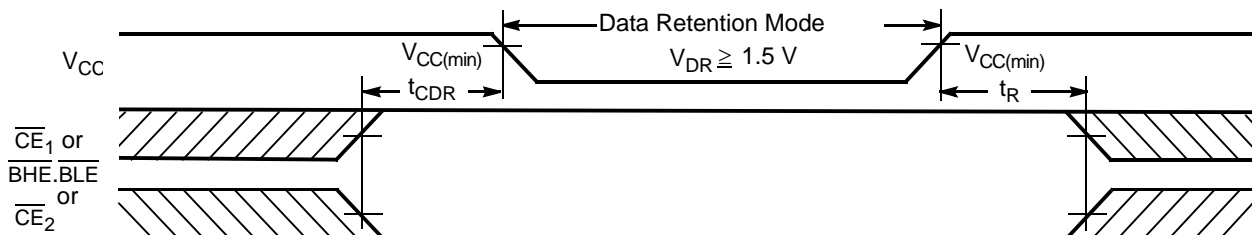
Parameter	2.5 V	3.0 V	5.0 V	Unit
R1	16667	1103	1800	Ω
R2	15385	1554	990	Ω
R_{TH}	8000	645	639	Ω
V_{TH}	1.20	1.75	1.77	V

Data Retention Characteristics

Over the operating range

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ ^[13]	Max	Unit
V_{DR}	V_{CC} for data retention		1.5	–	–	V
I_{CCDR} ^[14]	Data retention current	$V_{CC} = 1.5\text{ V}$, $CE_1 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$ or $CE_2 \leq 0.2\text{ V}$ or $(BHE\text{ and }BLE) \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$, $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$ or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2\text{ V}$	–	–	17	μA
t_{CDR} ^[12]	Chip deselect to data retention time	–	0	–	–	ns
t_R ^[15]	Operation recovery time	–	55	–	–	ns

Figure 3. Data Retention Waveform^[16]



Notes

12. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
13. Typical values are included only for reference and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$, and $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.
14. Chip enables (CE1 and CE2), byte enables (BHE and BLE) and BYTE must be tied to CMOS levels to meet the I_{SB2} / I_{CCDR} spec. Other inputs can be left floating.
15. Full device operation requires linear V_{CC} ramp from V_{DR} to $V_{CC(min)}$ $\geq 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ or stable at $V_{CC(min)}$ $\geq 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$.
16. BHE.BLE is the AND of both BHE and BLE. Chip is deselected by either disabling the chip enable signals or by disabling both BHE and BLE.

Switching Characteristics

Over the operating range

Parameter ^[17]	Description	55 ns		Unit
		Min	Max	
Read Cycle				
t_{RC}	Read cycle time	55	–	ns
t_{AA}	Address to data valid	–	55	ns
t_{OHA}	Data hold from address change	6	–	ns
t_{ACE}	\overline{CE}_1 LOW and CE_2 HIGH to data valid	–	55	ns
t_{DOE}	\overline{OE} LOW to data valid	–	25	ns
t_{LZOE}	\overline{OE} LOW to low Z ^[18]	5	–	ns
t_{HZOE}	\overline{OE} HIGH to high Z ^[18, 19]	–	18	ns
t_{LZCE}	\overline{CE}_1 LOW and CE_2 HIGH to low Z ^[18]	10	–	ns
t_{HZCE}	\overline{CE}_1 HIGH and CE_2 LOW to high Z ^[18, 19]	–	18	ns
t_{PU}	\overline{CE}_1 LOW and CE_2 HIGH to power-up	0	–	ns
t_{PD}	\overline{CE}_1 HIGH and CE_2 LOW to power-down	–	55	ns
t_{DBE}	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to data valid	–	55	ns
t_{LZBE}	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to low Z ^[18]	10	–	ns
t_{HZBE}	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ HIGH to high Z ^[18, 19]	–	18	ns
Write Cycle^[20]				
t_{WC}	Write cycle time	55	–	ns
t_{SCE}	\overline{CE}_1 LOW and CE_2 HIGH to write end	40	–	ns
t_{AW}	Address setup to write end	40	–	ns
t_{HA}	Address hold from write end	0	–	ns
t_{SA}	Address setup to write start	0	–	ns
t_{PWE}	\overline{WE} pulse width	40	–	ns
t_{BW}	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to write end	40	–	ns
t_{SD}	Data setup to write end	25	–	ns
t_{HD}	Data hold from write end	0	–	ns
t_{HZWE}	\overline{WE} LOW to high Z ^[18, 19]	–	20	ns
t_{LZWE}	\overline{WE} HIGH to low Z ^[18]	10	–	ns

Notes

17. Test conditions for all parameters other than tristate parameters assume signal transition time of 1 V/ns, timing reference levels of $V_{CC(typ)}/2$, input pulse levels of 0 to $V_{CC(typ)}$, and output loading of the specified I_{OL}/I_{OH} as shown in [AC Test Loads](#) on page 5.

18. At any temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZCE} is less than t_{LZCE} , t_{HZBE} is less than t_{LZBE} , t_{HZOE} is less than t_{LZOE} , and t_{HZWE} is less than t_{LZWE} for any device.

19. t_{HZOE} , t_{HZCE} , t_{HZBE} , and t_{HZWE} transitions are measured when the outputs enter a high impedance state.

20. The internal Write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of \overline{WE} , $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$, \overline{BHE} and/or $\overline{BLE} = V_{IL}$, and $CE_2 = V_{IH}$. All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 6. Write Cycle 1 (\overline{WE} Controlled) [24, 25, 26]

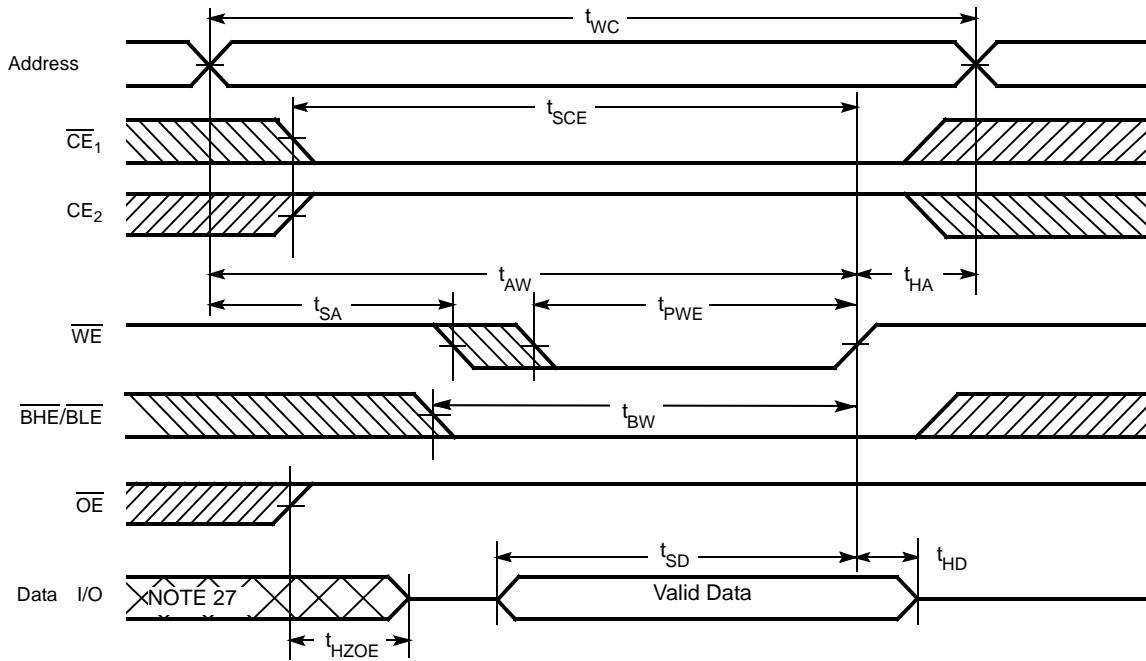
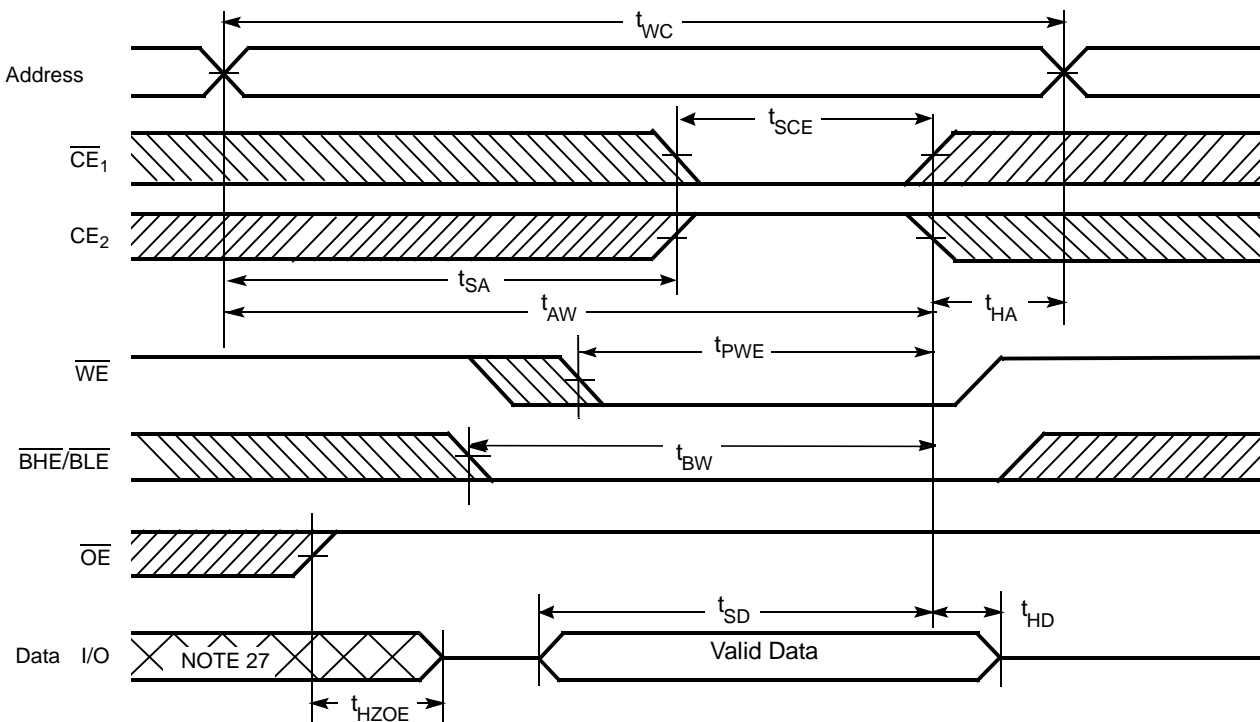


Figure 7. Write Cycle 2 (\overline{CE}_1 or CE_2 Controlled) [24, 25, 26]



Notes

- 24. The internal Write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of \overline{WE} , $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$, \overline{BHE} and/or $\overline{BLE} = V_{IL}$, and $CE_2 = V_{IH}$. All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
- 25. Data I/O is high impedance if $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$.
- 26. If \overline{CE}_1 goes HIGH and CE_2 goes LOW simultaneously with $\overline{WE} = V_{IH}$, the output remains in a high impedance state.
- 27. During this period the I/Os are in output state and input signals should not be applied.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 8. Write Cycle 3 (\overline{WE} Controlled, \overline{OE} LOW)^[28]

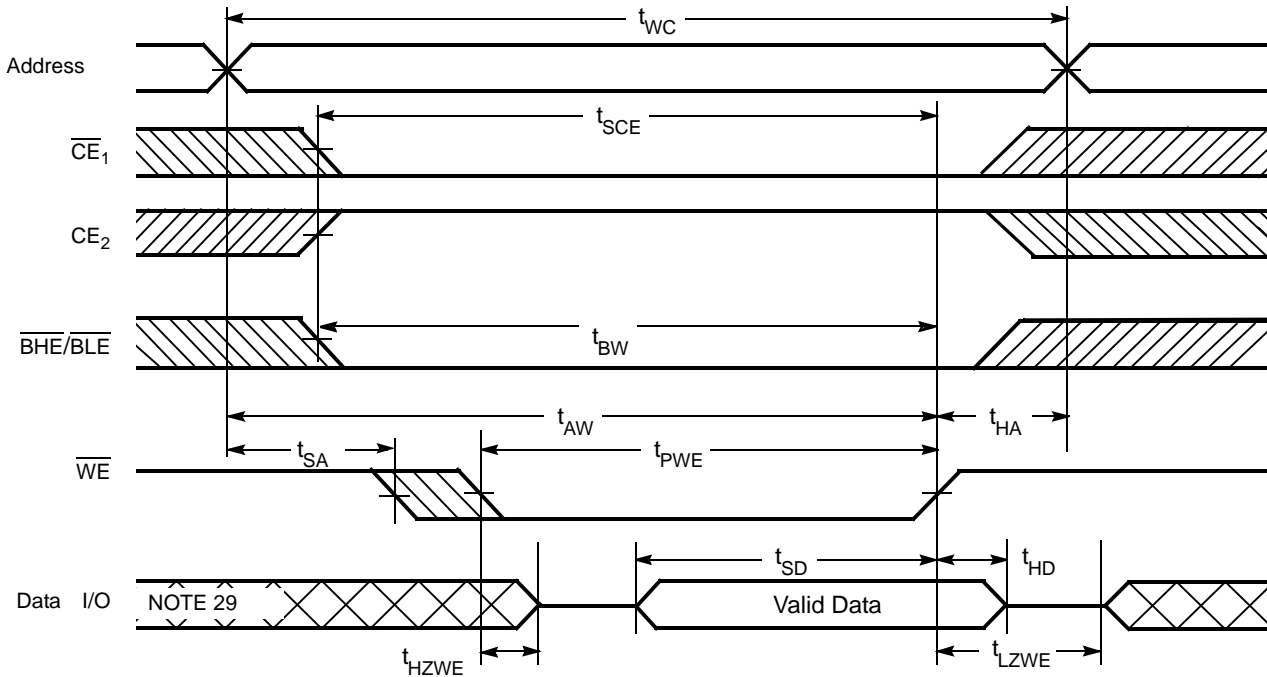
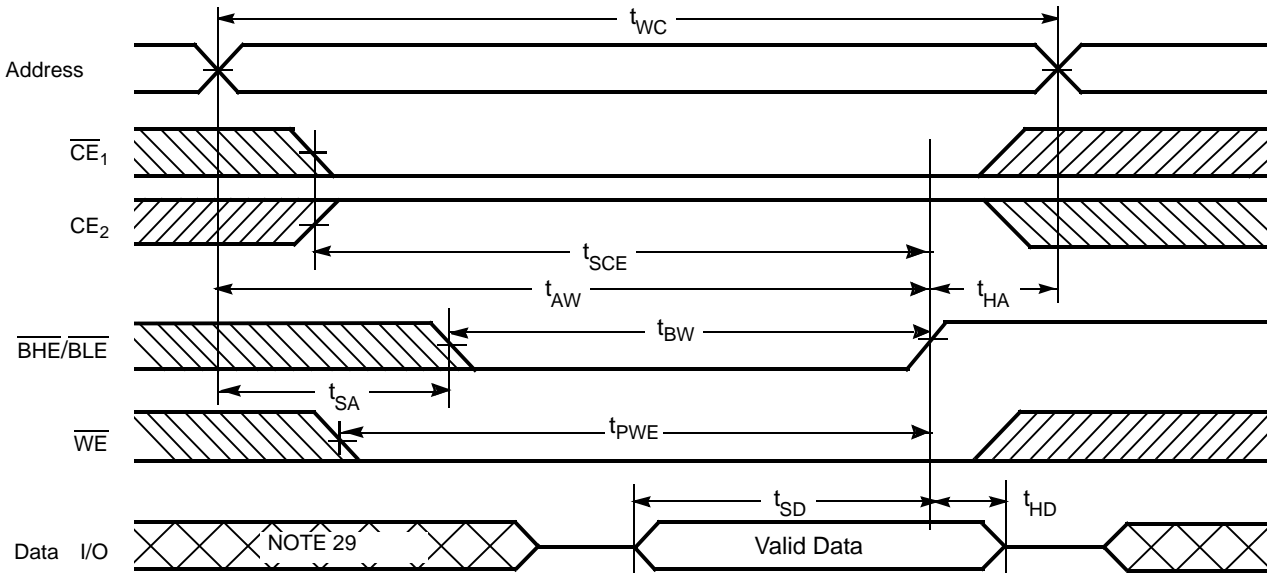


Figure 9. Write Cycle 4 ($\overline{BHE}/\overline{BLE}$ Controlled, \overline{OE} LOW)^[28]



Notes

- 28. If \overline{CE}_1 goes HIGH and \overline{CE}_2 goes LOW simultaneously with $\overline{WE} = V_{IH}$, the output remains in a high impedance state.
- 29. During this period the I/Os are in output state and input signals should not be applied.

Truth Table

\overline{CE}_1	\overline{CE}_2	\overline{WE}	\overline{OE}	\overline{BHE}	\overline{BLE}	Inputs Outputs	Mode	Power
H	X ^[30]	X	X	X ^[30]	X ^[30]	High Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby (I _{SB})
X ^[30]	L	X	X	X ^[30]	X ^[30]	High Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby (I _{SB})
X ^[30]	X ^[30]	X	X	H	H	High Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby (I _{SB})
L	H	H	L	L	L	Data out (I/O ₀ –I/O ₁₅)	Read	Active (I _{CC})
L	H	H	L	H	L	High Z (I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅); Data out (I/O ₀ –I/O ₇)	Read	Active (I _{CC})
L	H	H	L	L	H	Data out (I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅); High Z (I/O ₀ –I/O ₇)	Read	Active (I _{CC})
L	H	L	X	L	L	Data in (I/O ₀ –I/O ₁₅)	Write	Active (I _{CC})
L	H	L	X	H	L	High Z (I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅); Data in (I/O ₀ –I/O ₇)	Write	Active (I _{CC})
L	H	L	X	L	H	Data in (I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅); High Z (I/O ₀ –I/O ₇)	Write	Active (I _{CC})
L	H	H	H	L	H	High Z	Output disabled	Active (I _{CC})
L	H	H	H	H	L	High Z	Output disabled	Active (I _{CC})
L	H	H	H	L	L	High Z	Output disabled	Active (I _{CC})

Note

30. The 'X' (Don't care) state for the chip enables and byte enables in the truth table refer to the logic state (either HIGH or LOW). Intermediate voltage levels on these pins is not permitted.

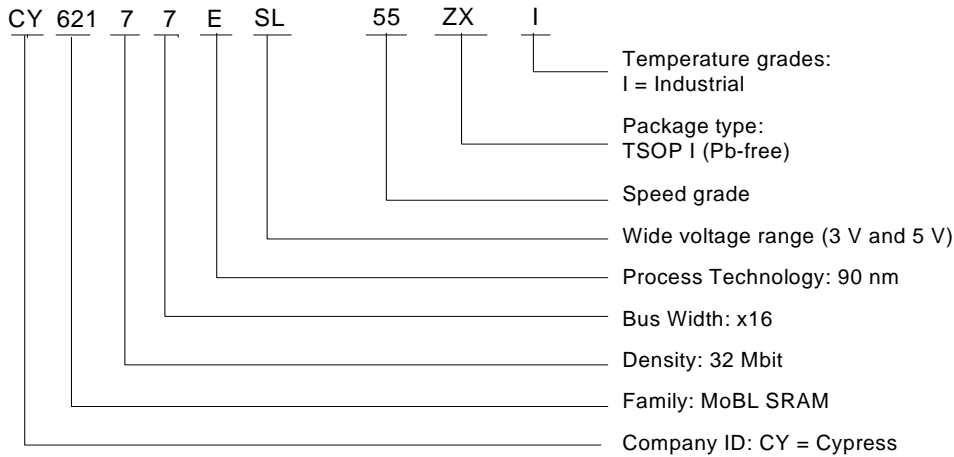
Ordering Information

Table 2 lists the CY62177ESL MoBL® key package features and ordering codes. The table contains only the parts that are currently available. If you do not see what you are looking for, contact your local sales representative. For more information, visit the Cypress website at www.cypress.com and refer to the product summary page at <http://www.cypress.com/products>.

Table 2. Key Features and Ordering Information

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
55	CY62177ESL-55ZXI	51-85183	48-pin TSOP-I (12 x 18.4 x 1 mm) Pb-free	Industrial

Ordering Code Definitions

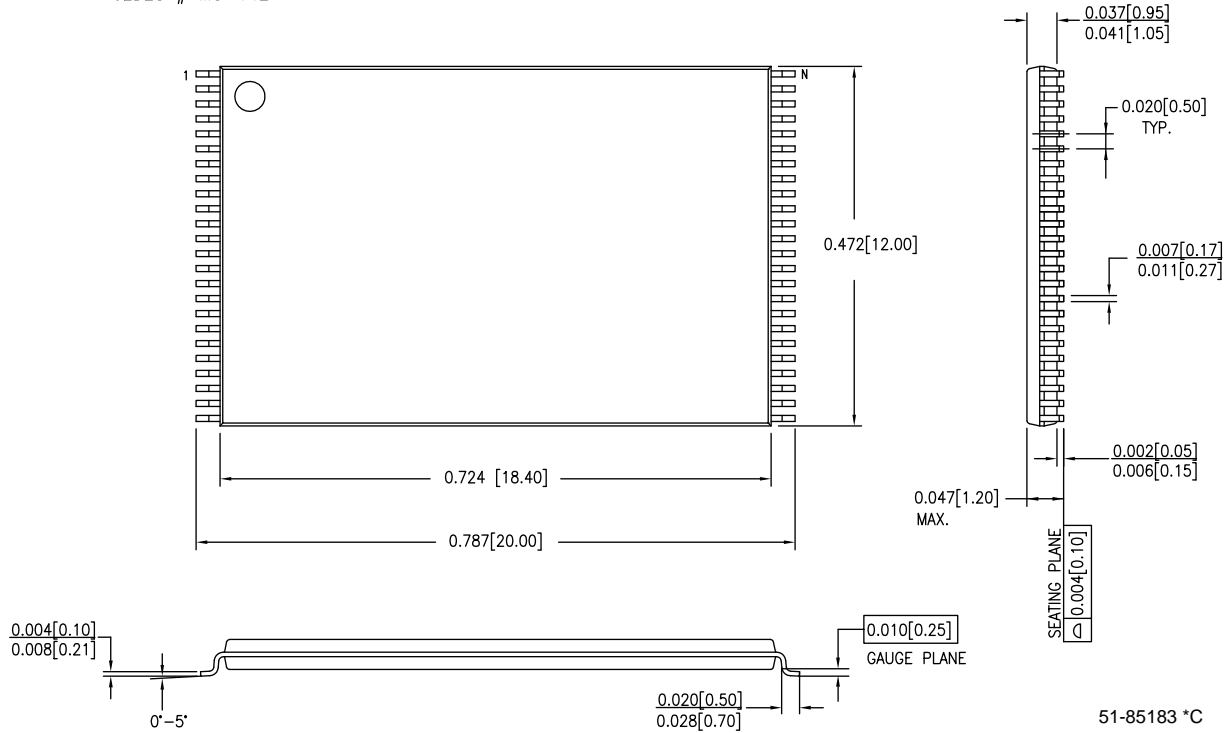


Package Diagrams

Figure 10. 48-Pin TSOP I (12 x 18.4 x 1 mm), 51-85183

DIMENSIONS IN INCHES[MM] MIN. MAX.

JEDEC # MO-142



Acronyms

Acronym	Description
CMOS	complementary metal oxide semiconductor
I/O	input/output
SRAM	static random access memory
TSOP	thin small outline package

Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degrees Celsius
μA	microampere
mA	milliampere
MHz	megahertz
ns	nanosecond
pF	picofarad
V	volt
Ω	ohm
W	watt

Document History Page

Document Title: CY62177ESL MoBL® 32-Mbit (2 M × 16/4 M × 8) Static RAM Document Number: 001-64709				
Revision	ECN	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
**	3077028	RAME	11/02/10	New Datasheet
*A	3103863	RAME	12/07/2010	The specified part in the ordering information table is moved to production. No change in the datasheet.
*B	3433813	TAVA	11/16/2011	Removed footnote #1. Pin #13 of Figure 1 under Pin Configuration section changed from NC to DNU.

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- Помощь Конструкторского Отдела и консультации квалифицированных инженеров;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Поставка электронных компонентов под контролем ВП;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- При необходимости вся продукция военного и аэрокосмического назначения проходит испытания и сертификацию в лаборатории (по согласованию с заказчиком);
- Поставка специализированных компонентов военного и аэрокосмического уровня качества (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Actel, Aeroflex, Peregrine, VPT, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instruments, MS Kennedy, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Компания «Океан Электроники» является официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России одного из крупнейших производителей разъемов военного и аэрокосмического назначения «JONHON», а так же официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России производителя высокотехнологичных и надежных решений для передачи СВЧ сигналов «FORSTAR».



JONHON

«JONHON» (основан в 1970 г.)

Разъемы специального, военного и аэрокосмического назначения:

(Применяются в военной, авиационной, аэрокосмической, морской, железнодорожной, горно- и нефтедобывающей отраслях промышленности)

«FORSTAR» (основан в 1998 г.)

ВЧ соединители, коаксиальные кабели, кабельные сборки и микроволновые компоненты:

(Применяются в телекоммуникациях гражданского и специального назначения, в средствах связи, РЛС, а так же военной, авиационной и аэрокосмической отраслях промышленности).



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