

CBI All in One DC UPS Power Solutions



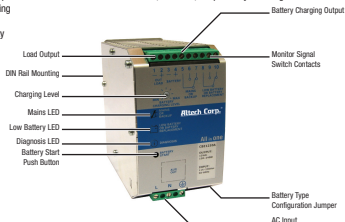
CBI All in One UPS Power Solutions combine the requirements for several applications in just one device which can be used as power supply unit, battery charger, battery care module or backup module. The available power is automatically distributed among load and battery, while supplying power to the load always is the first priority. The maximum available current of the load output is two times the value of the device's rated current.

If the device is disconnected from the main power source, the battery will supply the load until the battery voltage reaches 1.5 V per cell. This prevents the battery from deep discharge. CBI devices provide microprocessor controlled battery charging. Using algorithms, the battery's condition will be detected and based on that, an appropriate charging mode is chosen. The real-time diagnostics system will continuously monitor the charging progress and indicate possibly occurring faults such as elements in short circuit, accidental reverse polarity connection or disconnection of the battery by the battery fault LED and a flashing code of the diagnosis LED.

CBI All in One UPS Power Solutions are suitable for open/sealed lead acid-, lead gel- and optionally Ni-Cd batteries. By using the battery-select-jumper, it is possible to set predefined charging curves for those battery types. The available charging options are recovery-, boost- and trickle charge. All CB devices are built in a rugged metal case with a DIN rail mounting bracket.

Features:

- Power supply, battery charger, battery care module and backup module in one device
- Three charging modes
- Compact, rugged metal case
- Available in 12VDC, 24VDC and 48VDC
- Suitable for most common battery types
- Adjustable charging current
- Easy battery diagnosis and fault identification either by LED or external devices connected to fault
- Status contacts
- High efficiency up to 91% through switching technology
- Several output protection features such as short circuit, overload, deep battery discharge etc.
- DIN rail mounting
- Small size
- 3 year warranty



Battery Selection Chart

Battery type	1.2 Ah	3.2 Ah	7.2 Ah	12 Ah
Load 1.5 A	20	60	200	400
Load 3 A	8	30	120	240
Load 5 A	3	15	55	100
Load 7.5 A	2	10	30	60
Load 10 A	-	7	20	45
Load 12 A	-	3	12	30
Load 15 A	-	-	9	20
Load 20 A	-	-	7	13

BUFFERRING
(MINUTE) TIME

For the latest on Altech Power Supply specifications please visit www.altechcorp.com/power.

All In One: Uninterruptible Power Supply Output Vdc

Thank you for having chosen one of our products for your work.

We are certain that it will give the utmost satisfaction and be a notable help on the job.

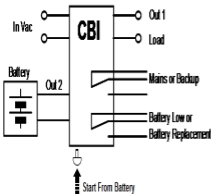


General Description

Thanks to the All In One units (DC-UPS), it will be possible to optimize power management. The available power is automatically allocated between load and battery, supplying power to the load is the first priority of the unit thus it is not necessary to double the power, because also the power going to the battery will go to the load so requires. The maximum available current on the load output is 2 times the value of the device rated current In. We call "Battery Care" the concept base on algorithms that implement rapid and automatic charging, battery charge optimization during time, flat batteries recovery and real time diagnostic during installation and operation. The Real Time Auto-diagnostic system, monitoring battery faults such as, battery Sulfated, elements in short circuit, accidental reverse polarity connection, disconnection of the battery, they can easily be detected and removed by help of Blink Code of Diagnosis Led; during the installation and after sell. The continuous monitoring of battery efficiency, reduces battery damage risk and allows a safe operation in permanent connection. Each device is suited for all battery types, by means of jumpers it is possible setting predefined curves for Open Lead Acid, Sealed Lead Acid, Gel, Ni-Cd Ni-Mh(option), Lithium(option). They are programmed for two charging levels, boost and charge, but they can be changed to single charging level by the user. A rugged casing with bracket for DIN rail mounting provide IP20 protection degree. They are extremely compact and cost-effective.

Main Characteristics

- Input: Single-phase 115–230-277 Vac
- Output Load: power supply: 24 Vdc; 3, 5, 10, 20 A; 12 Vdc; 3, 6, 10, 35 A 48 Vdc; 5 – 10 A
- Output Battery: charging 24 Vdc; 3 – 5 – 10 – 20 A; 12 Vdc; 3 – 6 – 10 – 35 A; 48 Vdc; 5 – 10 A
- Suited for the following battery types: Open Lead Acid, Sealed Lead Acid, lead Gel, Ni-Cd, Ni-Mh and Lithium
- Automatic diagnostic of battery status. Charging curve IUoUO, constant voltage and constant current Battery Life Test function (Battery Care)
- Switching technology
- Four charging levels: Boost, Absorption, Trickle and Recovery
- Protected against short circuit, Over Load and inverted polarity
- Signal output (contact free) for discharged or damaged battery
- Signal output (contact free) for mains or Back-UP
- Protection degree IP20 - DIN rail; Space saving



Safety and warning notes

WARNING – Explosion Hazard Do not disconnect Equipment unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.



WARNING – Explosion Hazard. Substitution of components may impair suitability for class I, Division 2.

WARNING – Switch off the system before connecting the module. Never work on the machine when it is live. The device must be installed in according with UL508. The device must have a suitable isolating facility outside the power supply unit, via which can be switched to idle. Danger of fatal Injury!

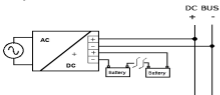
Connection (terminal and wiring):

Cable Connection: The following cable cross-sections may be used:

	Solid (mm ²)	Stranded (mm ²)	AWG	Torque (Nm)	Stripping Length	All In One (Size)	1 Phase L N PE Input AC	1 Phase L N PE Input AC
In:	0.2 – 2.5	0.2 – 2.5	24 – 14	0.5 – 0.6 Nm	7 mm	Size 1 and 2		
	4.0	6.0	30 – 10	0.8 – 1.0 Nm	7 mm	Size 3		
Out:	0.2 – 2.5	0.2 – 2.5	24 – 14	0.5 – 0.6 Nm	7 mm	Size 1 and 2		
	4.0	6.0	30 – 10	0.8 – 1.0 Nm	7 mm	Size 3		
Signal:	0.2 – 2.5	0.2 – 2.5	24 – 14	0.5 – 0.6 Nm	7 mm	All types		

The connection is made by the screw type 2.5 mm² or 4.0 mm² (CBI2420A – CBI1235A) terminal blocks. Use only copper cables that are designed for operating temperatures of > 75 °C. Wiring terminal shall be marked to indicate the proper connection for the power supply.

Output Power connections:



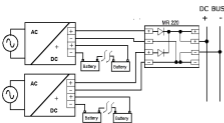
Normal connection

Typical application for All In One device, one output for Load "DC Bus", one Input/Output for connection to the battery.

N°1 battery (12 Vdc) for CBI12xx;

N°2 battery (12 Vdc) connected in Series for CBI24xx;

N°4 battery (12 Vdc) connected in Series for CBI48xx;



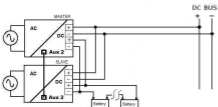
Parallel connection "Redundancy"

Power supplies can be paralleled for 1+1 redundancy to obtain a higher system availability. Redundant systems require a certain amount of extra power to support the load in case one power supply unit fails. The simplest way is to put two CBI in parallel. In case one power supply unit fails, the other one is automatically able to support the load current without any interruption. This simple way to build a redundant system has two major disadvantages:

- The faulty power supply can not be recognized.

- The Diagnosis LED will give the informations about the status of the Load and the Battery (see Display Signals for

more data). It does not cover failures such as an internal short circuit in the secondary side of the power supply. In such a - virtually nearly impossible - case, the defective unit becomes a load for the other power supplies and the output voltage can not be maintained any more. This can only be avoided by utilizing decoupling diodes which are included in the Redundancy Module MR220. Recommendations for building redundant power systems: a) Use separate input fuses for each CBI. b) Monitor the individual CBI units by three LED. Each unit has two relay: Mains or backup and Low Battery or Battery Replacement (faulty situation). This feature reports a faulty unit; see Relay Contact Rating for any technical detail. c) When possible, connect each power supply to different phases or circuits.



Parallel connection "Double Power"

Power supplies can be paralleled for 1+1=2 parallel to obtain the double power of a single unit. The possibility to put in parallel connection it is only in SIZE 3 devices - in the specific "P" version (i.e. CBI2420AP), to be reach the sum of the current at the same output voltage. It is necessary to use a standard UTP cable RJ45 to connect Aux2 of each device. The communication protocol is based on CAN2.0A standard. In this way the system have only One output for the Load and One output for the battery.

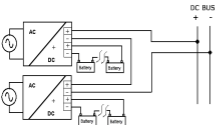
a) Use separate input fuses for each CBI.

b) The connections does not provide any preparation, only the connection to the RJ45 cable also with the two devices already powered, make sure that the two CBI have the same settings (battery type, charging level current, time buffering, life test ...) because at every power on (or after the connection of the cable RJ45) configure themselves one as the Master (which give you all the visual signals) and one as the Slave (diagnosis LED always ON) without a default choice.

c) Use the alarm contacts of two devices in parallel.

For Start Battery without mains voltage, push start button on both units.

The models with software for parallel ("P" suffix) can be used alone simply not connecting with each other with the RJ45 cable.



Series connection:

a) It is possible to connect as many units in series as needed, providing the sum of the output voltage does not exceed 150Vdc. b) Voltages with a potential above 60Vdc are not SELV any more and can be dangerous. Such voltages must be installed with a protection against touching. c) For serial operation use power supplies of the same type. d) Earthing of the output is required when the sum of the output voltage is above 60Vdc. e) Keep an installation clearance of 10 mm (left/right) between two power supplies and avoid installing the power supplies on top of each other. Note: Avoid return voltage (e.g. from a decelerating motor or battery) which is applied to the output terminals.

Output Load (Mains input ON)

The output Load in normal mode, Mains Input Vac Voltage present, follow the charging battery dc output voltage. The minimum and maximum range stabilized are the following:

CBI12xx:11 – 14,4 Vdc; (Without battery connected out. Voltage fixed at 12Vdc)

CBI24xx:22 – 28.8 Vdc; (Without battery connected out. Voltage fixed at 24Vdc)

CBI48xx:44 – 57.6 Vdc; (Without battery connected out. Voltage fixed at 48Vdc)

Thanks to the All In One units, it will be possible to manage the power. The available power, is automatically allocated between load and battery: supplying power to the load is the first priority of the unit; thus it is not necessary to double the power, and also the power available for the battery will go to the load if the load requires so:

in "Power Boost Mode" the maximum current on the load output is the 2 times the rated current $2 \times I_n$ ($I_{load} = I_n + I_{batt}$) in continuous operation and 3 times the rated current $3 \times I_n$ ($I_{load} = 2I_n + I_{batt}$) for 4 seconds; after this parameter the device is electrically protected against overload and short circuit.

- In "Power Boost Mode", if the current of the battery generate current to the load for a time more than 4 minutes, the device give message (8 Blink), consequently means that the battery it is going to unloading.

If the Mains Input Voltage fall below a Threshold level (50% of the Typ. Vac input) the battery it is immediately connected to the Output Load, without any interruption.

voltage dips: In this situation the voltage in the output load it is the same of the battery.

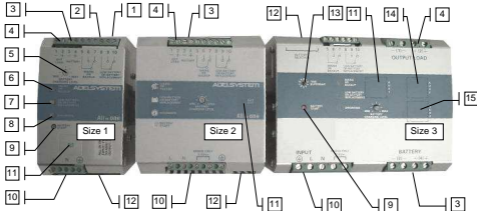
To Avoid deep battery discharge, the battery will supply the load until battery voltage reaches 1.5 V/cell. Below this level the device automatically switches off to prevent Deep discharge and battery damage.

Output Load In Buffer Mode (Mains Input OFF)

Some example of buffering time depending on LOAD Output in function to the Ah of the battery.

Buffering Time	BATT1.2 Ah	BATT 3 Ah	BATT7.2 Ah	BATT12 Ah	BATT100 Ah
Load 1.5 A	20 min	60 min	200 min	400 min	/
Load 3 A	8 min	30 min	120 min	240 min	/
Load 5 A	3 min	15 min	55 min	100 min	/
Load 7.5 A	2 min	10 min	30 min	60 min	/
Load 10 A	No	7 min	20 min	45 min	20 h
Load 12 A	No	3 min	12 min	30 min	600 min
Load 15 A	No	No	9 min	20 min	400 min
Load 20 A	No	No	7 min	13 min	240 min

Operating and Display Element:



No. 10: Input AC Port pin. L – N:



1 Phase Switching Power Supplies L, N, PE ⊕.

Size 2 and Size 3 BRIDGE ONLY for input 115 Vac, and connect L, N, PE ⊕.

No. 3: Battery Connection Port:

Connect the battery between pin. 3 (-) and 4 (+)

One battery (12 Vdc) for CBI12xx;

Two battery (12 Vdc) connected in Series for CBI24xx;

Four battery (12 Vdc) connected in Series for CBI48xx;

No. 4: Output Load:

Connect this Output to the load 1 (-). 2 (+).

No. 1, 2 Signal Ports (Output Isolated):

Connections for,

No. 2: Mains/Back Up: Input Mains On/Off. Contact: 5,6,7

No. 1: Low Battery, Fault connections systems, Battery replacement. Contact: 8,9,10

Relay Contact Rating:

Max.DC1: 30 Vdc 1 A; AC1: 60 Vac 1A : Resistive load (EN 60947-4-1)

Min.1mA at 5 Vdc: Min. permissive load

Signal Output port true table:		Port N°2 - Led N°6 Mains/Back-Up		Port N°1 - Led N°7 Fault Battery	
		5-6 Closed	5-7 Closed	8-9 Closed (OK)	8-10 Closed
Mains Input Vac	ON	■ - led off		■ - led off	
	OFF		■ - led On (1)	■ - led off	
The battery in BackUP it is less than 30% cap?	YES		■ - led On		■ - led On
	NO		■ - led On	■ - led off	
Battery or system Fault?	YES	■ - led off			■ - led On (2)
	NO	■ - led off		■ - led off	

Note:

(1) For better efficiency of the system, filter relay Mains/Back up with a delay of at least 5 seconds before give alarm Mains Lost, example: connection to PLC.

(2) See Diagnosis Led

No. 6, 7 and 8 Display Signals

No.6: Led Mains/Back Up: Input Mains On/Off

No.7: Led Low Battery(capacity less than 30%), Fault connections systems, Battery replacement.

No.8: Led Battery charge mode,

Led Diagnosis. Diagnosis of the system through "blinking code" signal

Monitoring Control Chart:	State	LED Diagnosis (No.8)	LED Battery Fault (No.7)
Charging Type	Trickle	1 Blink/sec	OFF
	Boost	2 Blink/sec	OFF
	Recovery	5 Blink/sec	OFF
System Auto Diagnosis	Reverse polarity or high battery Voltage (over 32.5Vdc for CBI24xxA)	1 Blink/pause <u> </u>	ON
	Battery No connected	2 Blink/pause <u> </u>	ON
	Element in Short Circuit	3 Blink/pause <u> </u>	ON
	Over Load or short circuit on the load	4 Blink/pause <u> </u>	ON
	Bad battery; Internal impedance Bad or Bad battery wire connection	5 Blink/pause <u> </u>	ON
	Life test not possible	6 Blink/pause <u> </u>	ON
	Bad thermal sensor	7 Blink/pause <u> </u>	ON
	Boost condition; battery discharge after 4 min. of overload.	8 Blink/pause <u> </u>	ON
	Internal fault	9 Blink/pause <u> </u>	ON
	Low battery (under 18.5Vdc for CBI24xxA) Only if started from battery, no Mains input. Form Jumper N°5 or Push Bottom	10 Blink/pause <u> </u>	ON
	CAN bus error	11 Blink/pause <u> </u>	
	Life test not possible; Parallel mode on Slave Device	12 Blink/pause <u> </u>	
	Bad battery wire connection; Parallel mode on Slave Device	13 Blink/pause <u> </u>	
	Boost condition; battery discharge after 4 min. of overload; Parallel mode on Slave Device	15 Blink/pause <u> </u>	

No. 9, 12: Start from Battery, No Mains Vac



No. 9: Push-bottom, for 3 sec., in the front panel for switch ON the system without the "Mains input Vac" but only the battery connected. (Not present in CBI2410XX and CBI485XX)

No.12: (Jumper n.5) It is also available the same function for remote start from the battery, via RTCONN cable connected in the Push-bottom mounted on front Panel of the external system. Standard function for all products, Size 2 only with code CBI2410A/S and CBI485A/S.

No. 12: Battery Management Configurations

Preliminary Operations: One device for all battery types.

Completely automatic, all devices are suitable to charge most batteries types thanks to User Selectable charging curves. They can charge open lead acid, sealed lead acid, Gel, Ni-Cd Ni-MH and Lithium batteries. It is possible to change or add other charging curves connecting the device to a portable PC.

Caution: Switch off the system before Setting the jumper. Only jumper in position 5 Refresh ON/OFF state with Power.

For Battery Type Selection always refer to the data of the manufacturer of the batteries.

Battery Type Selection	Jumper Position (Size 1 and Size 3)	Jumper Position (Size 2)	Trickle/Float charge (Volt/Cell)	Fast/Bulk charge (Volt/Cell)
Open Lead			2.23	2.40
VRLA (AGM) Low			2.25	2.40
VRLA (AGM) High			2.27	2.40
Gel Battery			2.30	2.40



Side Label for NiCd/Lithium Type.

If NiCd/Lithium is present please consider the following table for Battery Type Selection.

Battery Type Selection (NiCd)	Jumper Position (Size 1 and Size 3)	Jumper Position (Size 2)	Trickle/Float charge (Volt/Cell)	Fast/Bulk charge (Volt/Cell)
Open Lead			2.23	2.40
VRLA (AGM) Low			2.25	2.40
Gel Battery			2.30	2.40
(1) NiCd – NiMh			10% Imax Trimmer	1.70 – (12V) 10 cells 1.55 – (24V) 20 cells
(2) Lithium			Battery disconnected	3.65 V – (12V) 4 cells 3.65 V – (24V) 8 cells
Functional Setting				Function
Battery Life test ON			Jumper present:	Life test enabled.
Fast Charge Enable			Jumper present:	fast charge enabled.
"Battery Start" (without Input Mains) (3)			RTCONN cable for connection to external Push-bottom mounted on front Panel of the external system.	
Fast Recovery Charge (4)		Not available	Jumper present: Fast Recovery Charge, enabled only for Size 3. Possibility to recharge the battery also when the voltage is close to Zero with the maximum power of the device. To be careful, the Load Output voltage follow the voltage of the battery.	

Notice:

- Be careful, in NiCd-NiMh (option to be defined by Order), the VRLA (AGM) High charging curve is deleted. End-of-charge determined by negative ΔV detection of battery voltage (-5mV/cell). If no negative ΔV but only a "flat" profile is detected fast charge is terminated after 10 min. General end-of-charge timeout set to 16 hours. Trickle charge current is regulated at 10% of max current corresponding to trimmer position. In order to detect end-of-charge negative ΔV , charging current must be set at least at 30% of nominal battery capacity (0,3 C); with lower values of charging current negative ΔV detection is not guaranteed.
- Be careful, in Lithium (option to be defined by Order), the VRLA (AGM) High charging curve is deleted. In Float charge, with battery disconnected, the voltage on OUT LOAD is always 14,6V (12V) or 29,2V (24V).
- Don't leave the jumper in position 5; penalty discharge in Back up mode completely the battery close to Zero. For Size 2: must be require CBI2410A/S or CBI485A/S (/S means start with battery functions, otherwise only start with Input Mains)
- Jumper selection n.7 is available only on Size 3

No. 5: Charging Level Current:



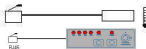
It is possible set the max recharging current for the batteries by trimmer (Charging Level). The current adjustment goes from 20% ÷ 100% of In. Set the maximum charging current between 10% and 20% of the battery capacity.

No. 11: Auxiliary Output

RJ 45 behind the label remove the window label to find the connector,

It is possible connect:

- Temperature sensor, for ambient temperature charging compensation. With this it is possible to activate the specifications of the EN54-4 firing norm.
- Connection for external display to remote N° 3 led of the internal device.



This features are not available for the NiCd/Lithium models.

No. 13: Buffering Time Setting

On models Size 3 it is possible to set a buffering time. It can be selected by setting the desired value on the rotary switch 13. Buffering time is initiated when the mains is switched OFF. The LOAD output will be ON for the selected time.

Switch position	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Buffering Time (min.)	∞	0.5	2	5	10	15	20	30	45	60

If the switch is in position 0, the LOAD output will be in ON state until the battery it is completely discharged. Anyway to prevent damage risks, the unit disconnects the batteries when a minimum voltage level is reached.

Units Size 1 -2 do not allow user setting of a buffering time. The LOAD output will be in ON state until the battery it is completely discharged. It is however possible to request factory customized versions with specific buffering time setting.

No. 14: Auxiliary Output "Aux 2"

Present only in CBI2420A and CBI1235A it is provided of CAN2.0A connection.

Connection for external Intelligent display.

No. 15: Auxiliary Output "Aux 3"

Present only in CBI2420A and CBI1235A : Not used.

Battery Care

The Battery Care philosophy is based on algorithms that implement rapid and automatic charging, battery charge optimization during time, flat batteries recovery and real time diagnostic during installation and operation. The Real Time Auto-diagnostic system, monitoring battery faults such as, elements in short circuit, accidental reverse polarity connection, disconnection of the battery, they can easily be detected and removed by help of Blink Code of Diagnosis Led; during the installation and after sell. Each device is suited for all battery types, by means of jumpers it is possible setting predefined curves for Open Lead Acid, Sealed Lead Acid, Gel, Ni-Cd(option), Lithium(option). They guarantee battery reliability in time by continuously testing the internal impedance status, avoids any possible risk of damages and grants also a permanent, reliable and safe connection of the battery to the power supply. The system, through a battery stimulation circuit with algorithms of evaluation of the detected parameter, is able to recognize sulphated batteries or batteries with a short-circuited element.

Battery Test: Automatic. Every 60 sec. check battery connection. Every 220 minute in trickle charge, make the test of the battery efficiency. The fault is signalized with relay commutation and diagnosis led blinking.

Diagnostic Type Checks:

Check for accidental disconnection of the battery cables:

All In One detects accidental disconnection and immediately switched off the output power.

Battery not connected:

If the battery is not connected no output power.

Test of quality wire connections:

During trickle charge the quality (resistance) on the battery connection is checked every 20 sec. This to detect if the cable connection has been properly made.

Battery in Open Circuit or Sulphated:

Every 220 minute. All In One tests of internal impedance, in trickle charging mode.

Reverse Polarity check:

If the battery it is connected with inverted polarity, All In One is automatically protected.

Test of battery voltage connections:

Appropriate voltage check, to prevent connection of wrong battery types, more or less than the nominal voltage.

End of Charge check

When the battery it is completely full, the device automatically switch in trickle charging mode.

Check for Battery Cells in short circuit

Thanks to specific algorithms of evaluation, the CBs recognize batteries with cells in internal short circuit. In trickle charge every 2 hours test of element in short circuit.

Diagnosis of battery and device

All CBI devices support the user during installation and operation. A Blink code of Diagnosis Led allows to discriminate among various possible faults.

Error conditions, "LED Battery Fault" ON and "LED Diagnosis" blinking with sequence; see Display Signal section.

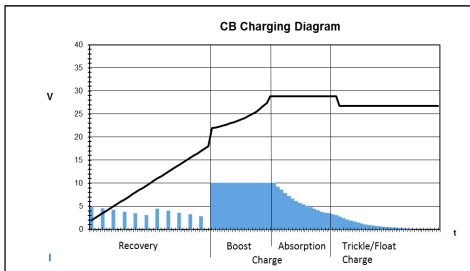
Charging Curve

Automatic multi-stage operation and real time diagnostic allows fast recharge and recovery of deep discharged batteries, adding value and reliability to the system hosting the CBI device. The type of charging is Voltages stabilized and Current stabilized IUoUo.

Three charging modes are identified by a flashing code on a Diagnosis LED.

To maintain the Output Load in lower Voltage state, don't put jumper in position 5, in this case no boost charge but only Float charge.

	State	Diagnosis LED	Battery Fault LED
Charging Type	Trickle	1 Blink/sec	OFF
	Boost	2 Blink/sec	OFF
	Recovery	5 Blink/sec	OFF



Compensation Recharges in temperature

(For SIZE 2: CBI2410 and CBI485 require /ARJ code)

Connecting to RJ45 Auxiliary Output the cable RJTEMP (supplied separately), the CBI will vary the voltage of battery charging depending on the temperature:

Fast Charge	Trickle charge
$\pm 5\text{mV}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ x n. of Cells from -8°C to $+60^{\circ}\text{C}$ $+140\text{mV}/\text{Cell} \div -200\text{mV}/\text{Cell}$ compared to the value at 20°C	$\pm 3\text{mV}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ x n. of Cells from -20°C to $+60^{\circ}\text{C}$ $+120\text{mV}/\text{Cell} \div -120\text{mV}/\text{Cell}$ compared to the value at 20°C

If the temperature is less than -20°C or greater than $+60^{\circ}\text{C}$ alarm is signalled with code 7 blink.

The sensor place on cable RJTEMP must be applied on the battery.

Protection Features

On the primary side: the device is equipped with an internal fuse. If the internal fuse is activated, it is most probable that there is a fault in the device. If happen, the device must be checked in the factory.

On the secondary side Battery and load: The device is electrically protected against short circuits and overload.

Inversion polarity: the module it is automatically protected against inversion of battery polarity and connection of load inverted.

Over current and output short circuit: the unit limits the output current (see the technical data).

Deep discharge : not possible. The unit disconnects the battery when a minimum voltage level is reached.

Thermal behaviour

Surrounding air temperature 50°C . For ambient temperature of over 50°C , the output current must be reduced by 2.5% per $^{\circ}\text{C}$. Max 70°C At the temperature of 70°C the output current will be 50% of I_n . The equipment does not switch off in case of ambient temperature above 70°C or thermal overload. The devices are protected for Over temperature conditions "worst case"; in this situations the device Shut-down the output and automatic restart when temperature inside fall.

Standards and Certification

Electrical Safety:

Assembling device: UL508, IEC/EN 60950 (VDE 0805) and EN 50178 (VDE 0160).

Installation according: IEC/EN 60950.

Input / Output separation: SELV EN 60950-1 and PELV EN 60204-1. Double or reinforced insulation.

EMC Standards Immunity:

EN 61000-4-2, EN 61000-4-3, EN 61000-4-4, EN 61000-4-5.


EMC Standards Emission:

EN 61000-6-4, EN 61000-6-3, EN 61000-3-2 (see data sheet for each device)

Standards Conformity:

Safety of Electrical Equipment Machines: EN 60204-1.

 The CE mark in According to EMC 2004/108/EC and Low voltage directive 2006/95/EEC

 In According to UL 1236 and CSA C22.2 N° 107.2

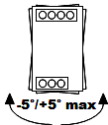
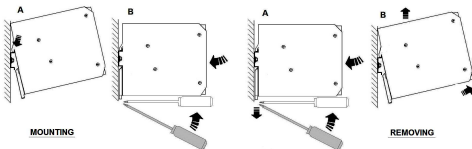
Norms and Certifications

In Conformity to: IEC/EN 60335-2-29 Battery chargers; EN60950 / UL1950; Electrical safety EN54-4 Fire Detection and fire alarm systems; 89/336/EEC EMC Directive; 2006/95/EC (Low Voltage); DIN41773 (Charging cycle); Emission: IEC 61000-6-4; Immunity: IEC 61000-6-2. CE.

Rail Mounting:



All modules must have a minimum vertical and horizontal distance of 10 cm to this power supply in order to guarantee sufficient auto convection. Depending on the ambient temperature and load of the device, the temperature of the housing can become very high!



Компания «Океан Электроники» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Поставка оригинальных импортных электронных компонентов напрямую с производств Америки, Европы и Азии, а так же с крупнейших складов мира;
- Широкая линейка поставок активных и пассивных импортных электронных компонентов (более 30 млн. наименований);
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Помощь Конструкторского Отдела и консультации квалифицированных инженеров;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Поставка электронных компонентов под контролем ВП;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- При необходимости вся продукция военного и аэрокосмического назначения проходит испытания и сертификацию в лаборатории (по согласованию с заказчиком);
- Поставка специализированных компонентов военного и аэрокосмического уровня качества (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Actel, Aeroflex, Peregrine, VPT, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instruments, MS Kennedy, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Компания «Океан Электроники» является официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России одного из крупнейших производителей разъемов военного и аэрокосмического назначения «JONHON», а так же официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России производителя высокотехнологичных и надежных решений для передачи СВЧ сигналов «FORSTAR».



JONHON

«JONHON» (основан в 1970 г.)

Разъемы специального, военного и аэрокосмического назначения:

(Применяются в военной, авиационной, аэрокосмической, морской, железнодорожной, горно- и нефтедобывающей отраслях промышленности)

«FORSTAR» (основан в 1998 г.)

ВЧ соединители, коаксиальные кабели,
кабельные сборки и микроволновые компоненты:

(Применяются в телекоммуникациях гражданского и специального назначения, в средствах связи, РЛС, а так же военной, авиационной и аэрокосмической отраслях промышленности).



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