

# 2ch IPS (Intelligent Power Switch)

# **BDS2EJAAGUL**

## **General Description**

BDS2EJAAGUL is an intelligent power switch IC (IPS) that has two built-in N-channel MOSFETs capable of carrying 1A current. This switch IC operates from low input voltages from 0.9V to 3.6V and exhibits a typical on-resistance of 45 mΩ. Built-in safety features include soft-start, over current protection with fold back current limiting, under voltage lockout, thermal shut down and reverse current protection when power is switched off. BDS2EJAAGUL is available in a space-saving VCSP50L1 package and uses an internal N-channel MOSFET for discharging output capacitance.

#### **Features**

- Dual N-MOS FET high side switch (Typ  $45m\Omega$ ).
- Built-in soft start circuit.
- Built-in over current protection circuit (OCP).
- Built-in thermal shut down circuit (TSD).
- Built-in N-channel MOSFET to discharge output capacitance
- Reverse-current protection.
- Input sequence free.

## **Applications**

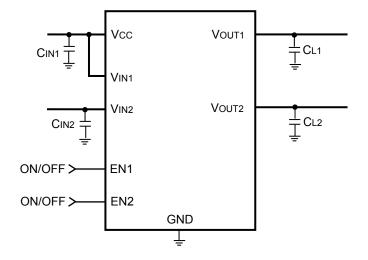
- Digital Cameras
- Smartphones
- Notebook PC
- Tablet PC

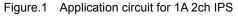
## **Key Specifications**

Vcc Input voltage range: 3.0V to 3.6V
 Switch input voltage range: 0.9V to 3.6V
 Enable input voltage range: -0.3V to 5.5V
 Switch output voltage range: 0V to 3.6V
 Maximum output current: 1A (Max)
 Standby current: 0µA (Typ)
 Operating temperature range: -40°C to +100°C

Package(s) VCSP50L1 W(Typ) x D(Typ) x H(Max) 1.95mm x 1.00mm x 0.55mm

## **Typical Application Circuits**





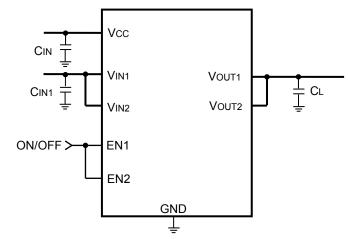


Figure.2 Application circuit for 2A 1ch IPS

## **Block diagram**

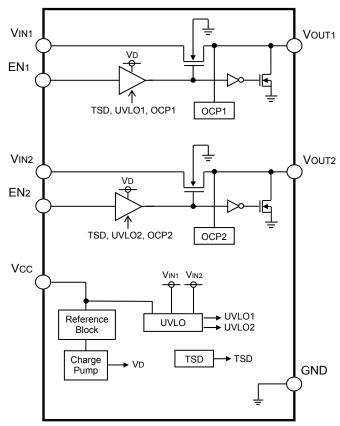
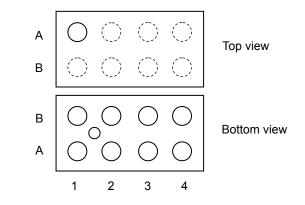


Figure.3 Block diagram

## Pin configuration



В	VIN1	Vcc	GND	VIN2	D. H
Α	Vout1	EN1	EN2	Vout2	Bottom view
	1	2	3	4	

Figure.4 Pin configuration

# Pin descriptions

Pin No.	Pin name	Pin function	
A1	Vout1	Switch1 output	
A2	EN1	Enable1 input	
A3	EN2	Enable2 input	
A4	Vout2	Switch2 output	
B1	VIN1	Switch1 input	
B2	Vcc	Power supply input	
В3	GND	Ground	
B4	VIN2	Switch2 output	

Absolute maximum ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage		Vcc	-0.3 to 4.5	V
Switch input voltage		VIN1, VIN2	-0.3 to 4.5 (Note 1)	V
Enable input voltage		VEN1, VEN2	-0.3 to 7.0	V
Switch output voltage1		Vout1	-0.3 to VIN1	V
Switch output voltage2		Vout2	-0.3 to VIN2	V
Power dissipation VCSP50L1		Pd	0.66 (Note 2)	W
Operating temperature range		Topr	-40 to +100	°C
Storage temperature range		Tstg	-55 to +150	°C
Junction temperature		Tjmax	150	°C

<sup>(</sup>Note1) Pd, ASO should not be exceeded

(Note2) Derating in done 5.3 mW/°C for operating above Ta≧25°C (Mount on 8-layer 50.0mm x 58.0mm x 1.75mm glass-epoxy board)

Caution: Operating the IC over the absolute maximum ratings may damage the IC. The damage can either be a short circuit between pins or an open circuit between pins and the internal circuitry. Therefore, it is important to consider circuit protection measures, such as adding a fuse, in case the IC is operated over the absolute maximum ratings.

Recommended operating ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rat	Unit		
Farameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Offic	
Supply voltage	Vcc	3.0	3.6	V	
Switch input voltage	VIN1, VIN2	0.9	3.6	V	
Enable input voltage	VEN1, VEN2	0.0	5.5	V	
Output current	lo	0.0	1.0 (Note 3)	Α	

(Note3) Pd, ASO should not be exceeded

Electrical characteristics (Unless otherwise noted, Ta=25°C, Vcc=3.3V, Vin1=3.3V, Vin2=1.8V, Ven1=Ven2=3.3V)

Barrata	0	Limits			1.1	O a de Principal	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions	
Circuit current at shutdown mode	ICC_STB	-	0	5	μΑ	VEN1=VEN2=0V	
Switch current at shutdown mode	IIN_STB	-	0	5	μA	VEN1=VEN2=0V	
Bias current	Icc	-	200	300	μΑ		
[Enable block]							
EN high voltage	VENH	2.0	-	5.5	V	Switch on	
EN low voltage	VENL	-0.2	-	8.0	V	Switch off	
EN bias current	len	1	3.3	6	μΑ	VEN=3.3V	
[1ch, 2ch Switch block]							
ON resistance	Ron	-	45	90	mΩ	Tj=-40 to 100°C	
Discharge ON resistance	Ron_dis	-	30	100	Ω		
OCP threshold current	locp	1	-	-	Α		
[Under voltage lockout block]							
Vcc UVLO threshold voltage	Vuvlo_vcc	2.6	2.8	3.0	V	Sweep up	
VIN1, VIN2 UVLO threshold voltage	Vuvlo_vin	0.65	0.75	0.85	V	Sweep up	

## Measurement circuit

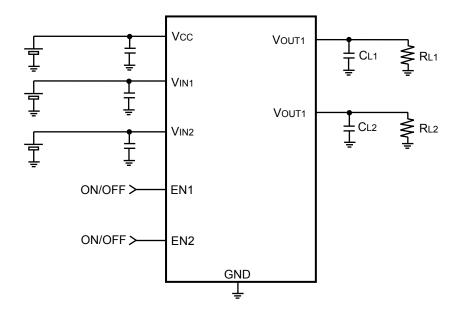


Figure.5 Measurement circuit

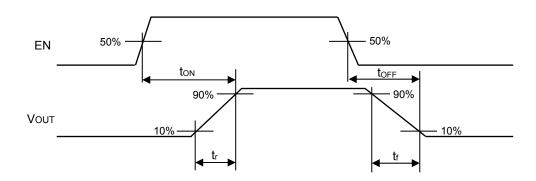


Figure.6 Timing diagram

# Typical performance curves (Unless otherwise noted, Ta=25°C, EN1=EN2=3.3V, Vcc=3.3V, Vin1=3.3V, Vin2=1.8V)

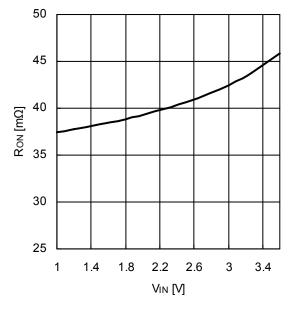


Figure.7 VIN-RON

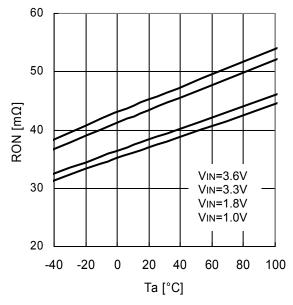


Figure.8 Ta-Ron

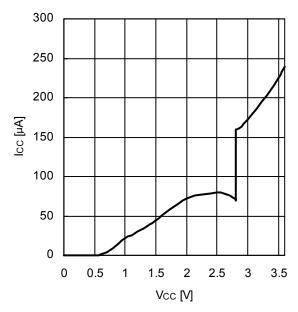


Figure.9 Vcc-lcc

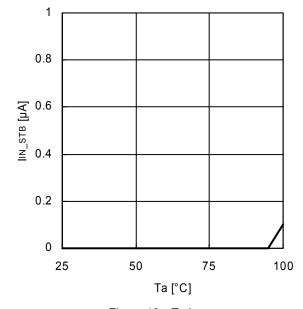


Figure.10 Ta-IIN\_STB (VIN=3.6V, EN1=EN2=0V)

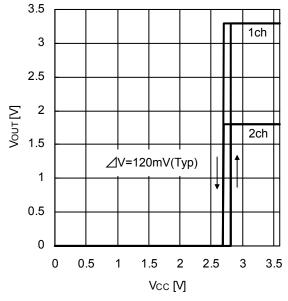


Figure.11 Vcc-Vout

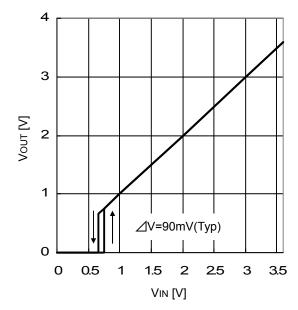


Figure.12 VIN-VOUT

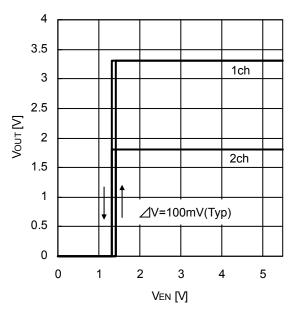


Figure.13 VEN-VOUT

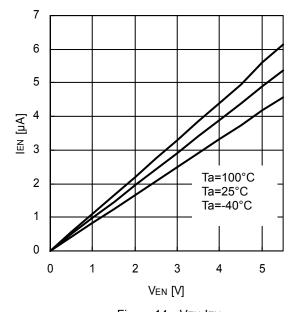


Figure.14 VEN-IEN

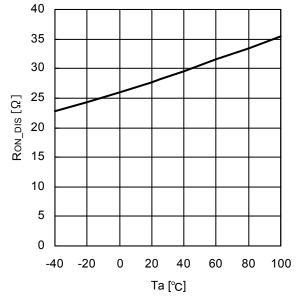


Figure.15 Ta-Ron\_DIS

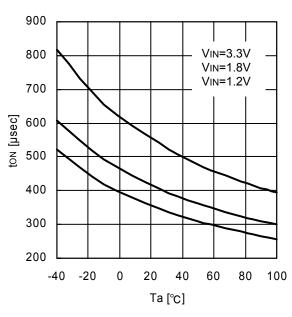


Figure.17 Ta-ton (CL=0.1 $\mu$ F RL=47 $\Omega$ )

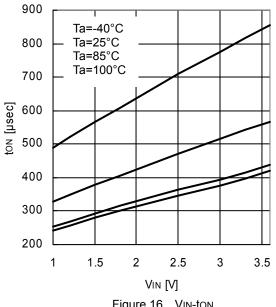


Figure.16 VIN-ton (CL=0.1 $\mu$ F RL=47 $\Omega$ )

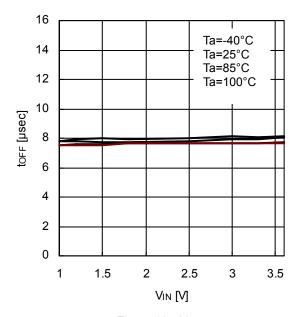
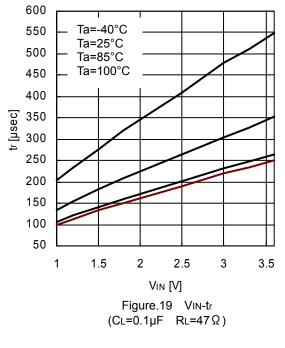


Figure.18 VIN-toff (CL=0.1 $\mu$ F RL=47 $\Omega$ )



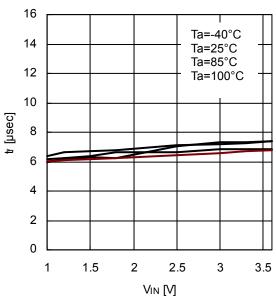


Figure.21 VIN-tf

(CL=0.1 $\mu$ F RL=47 $\Omega$ )

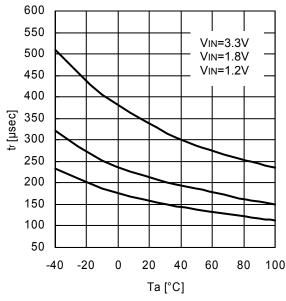


Figure.20 Ta-tr (CL=0.1 $\mu$ F RL=47 $\Omega$ )

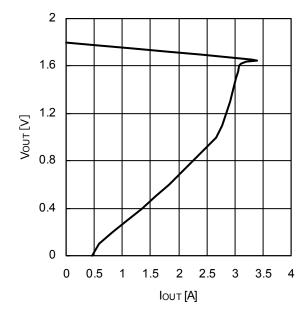


Figure.22 IOUT-VOUT (VIN=1.8V)

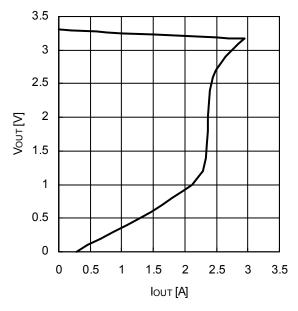


Figure.23 IOUT-VOUT (VIN=3.3V)

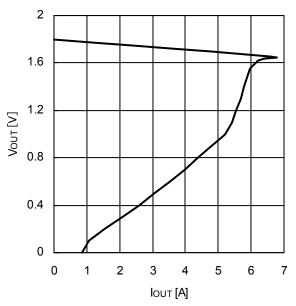


Figure.25 IOUT-VOUT (VIN=1.8V) (1ch IPS: Refer to Figure.2)

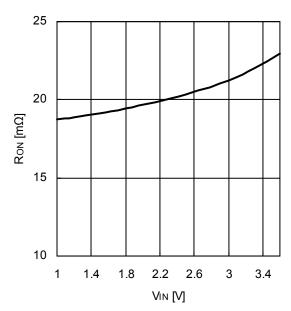


Figure.24 VIN-RON (1ch IPS : Refer to Figure.2)

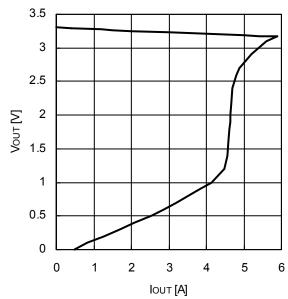


Figure.26 IOUT-VOUT (VIN=3.3V) (1ch IPS: Refer to Figure.2)

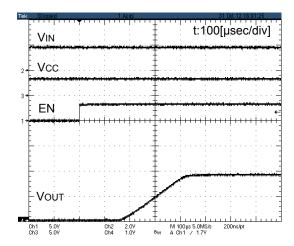


Figure.27 Turn on response1 (VIN=1.8V EN:ON)

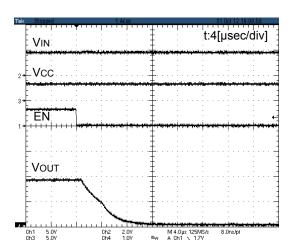


Figure.28 Turn off response1 (ViN=1.8V EN:OFF)

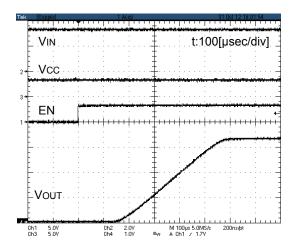


Figure.29 Turn on response2 (VIN=3.3V EN:ON)

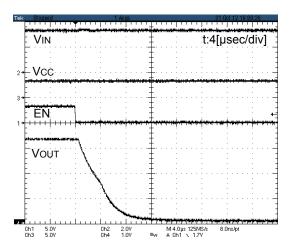


Figure.30 Turn off response2 (VIN=3.3V EN:OFF)

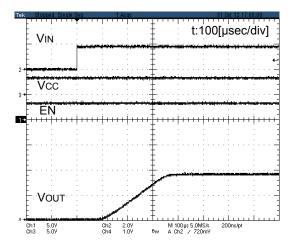


Figure.31 Turn on response3 (VIN=1.8V VIN:ON)

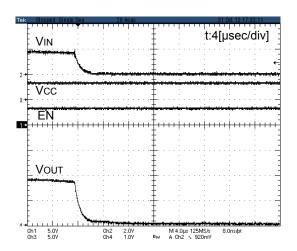


Figure.32 Turn off response3 (VIN=1.8V VIN:OFF)

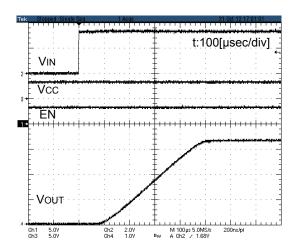


Figure.33 Turn on response4 (VIN=3.3V VIN:ON)

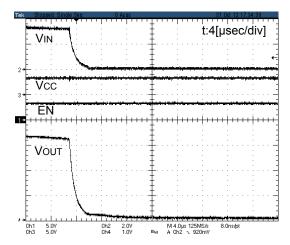


Figure.34 Turn off response4 (VIN=3.3V VIN:OFF)

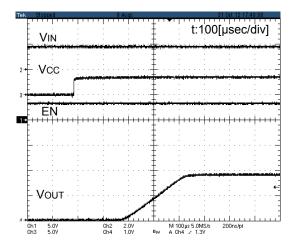


Figure.35 Turn on response5 (VIN=1.8V Vcc:ON)

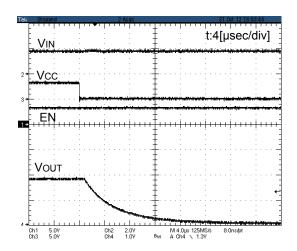


Figure.36 Turn off response5 (VIN=1.8V Vcc:OFF)

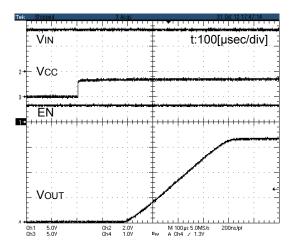


Figure.37 Turn on response6 (VIN=3.3V VCC:ON)

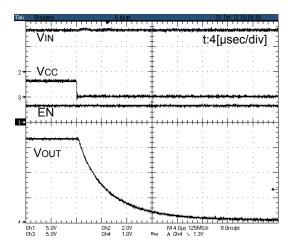
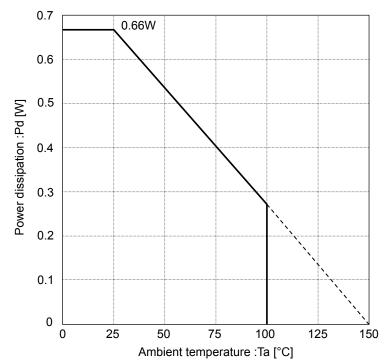


Figure.38 Turn off response6 (VIN=3.3V Vcc:OFF)

#### **Power dissipation**

©VCSP50L1



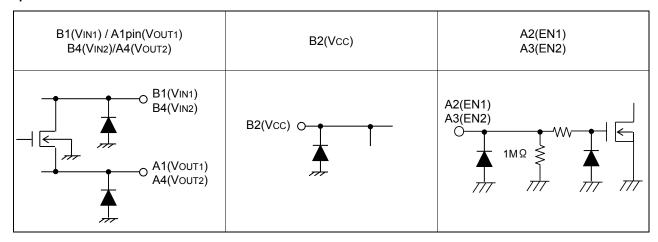
Measurement condition: mounted on a ROHM board

Board size: 50mm x 58mm x 1.75mm

8-layer:  $\theta$  j-a=188.7°C /W

Figure.39 Power dissipation curve

#### I/O equivalent circuits



## **Application information**

It is recommended that an input bypass decoupling capacitor (over  $0.1\mu F$ ) is placed near the IC between the Vcc and GND pins. This capacitor between input and GND pins is necessary when there is high impedance on the power supply or if the power trace is long. Larger values of input capacitor (over  $0.1\mu F$ ), will result in better line regulation and will improve power characteristics during load change.

However, please confirm IC operation by mounting this device on a board for the actual application.

## **Operational Notes**

## 1. Reverse Connection of Power Supply

Connecting the power supply in reverse polarity can damage the IC. Take precautions against reverse polarity when connecting the power supply, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply pins.

## 2. Power Supply Lines

Design the PCB layout pattern to provide low impedance supply lines. Furthermore, connect a capacitor to ground at all power supply pins. Consider the effect of temperature and aging on the capacitance value when using electrolytic capacitors.

#### 3. Ground Voltage

Ensure that no pins are at a voltage below that of the ground pin at any time, even during transient condition.

#### 4. Ground Wiring Pattern

When using both small-signal and large-current ground traces, the two ground traces should be routed separately but connected to a single ground at the reference point of the application board to avoid fluctuations in the small-signal ground caused by large currents. Also ensure that the ground traces of external components do not cause variations on the ground voltage. The ground lines must be as short and thick as possible to reduce line impedance.

#### 5. Thermal Consideration

Should by any chance the power dissipation rating be exceeded the rise in temperature of the chip may result in deterioration of the properties of the chip. In case of exceeding this absolute maximum rating, increase the board size and copper area to prevent exceeding the Pd rating.

## 6. Recommended Operating Conditions

These conditions represent a range within which the expected characteristics of the IC can be approximately obtained. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

#### 7. Inrush Current

When power is first supplied to the IC, it is possible that the internal logic may be unstable and inrush current may flow instantaneously due to the internal powering sequence and delays, especially if the IC has more than one power supply. Therefore, give special consideration to power coupling capacitance, power wiring, width of ground wiring, and routing of connections.

## 8. Operation Under Strong Electromagnetic Field

Operating the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field may cause the IC to malfunction.

#### 9. Testing on Application Boards

When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor directly to a low-impedance output pin may subject the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors completely after each process or step. The IC's power supply should always be turned off completely before connecting or removing it from the test setup during the inspection process. To prevent damage from static discharge, ground the IC during assembly and use similar precautions during transport and storage.

## 10. Inter-pin Short and Mounting Errors

Ensure that the direction and position are correct when mounting the IC on the PCB. Incorrect mounting may result in damaging the IC. Avoid nearby pins being shorted to each other especially to ground, power supply and output pin. Inter-pin shorts could be due to many reasons such as metal particles, water droplets (in very humid environment) and unintentional solder bridge deposited in between pins during assembly to name a few.

#### 11. Unused Input Pins

Input pins of an IC are often connected to the gate of a MOS transistor. The gate has extremely high impedance and extremely low capacitance. If left unconnected, the electric field from the outside can easily charge it. The small charge acquired in this way is enough to produce a significant effect on the conduction through the transistor and cause unexpected operation of the IC. So unless otherwise specified, unused input pins should be connected to the power supply or ground line.

# **Operational Notes - continued**

## 12. Regarding the Input Pin of the IC

This monolithic IC contains P+ isolation and P substrate layers between adjacent elements in order to keep them isolated. P-N junctions are formed at the intersection of the P layers with the N layers of other elements, creating a parasitic diode or transistor. For example (refer to figure below):

When GND > Pin A and GND > Pin B, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic diode. When GND > Pin B, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic transistor.

Parasitic diodes inevitably occur in the structure of the IC. The operation of parasitic diodes can result in mutual interference among circuits, operational faults, or physical damage. Therefore, conditions that cause these diodes to operate, such as applying a voltage lower than the GND voltage to an input pin (and thus to the P substrate) should be avoided.

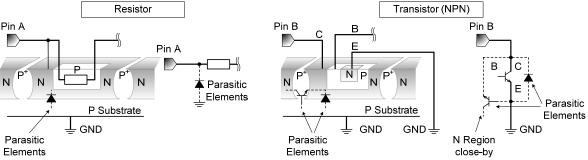


Figure xx. Example of monolithic IC structure

## 13. Ceramic Capacitor

When using a ceramic capacitor, determine the dielectric constant considering the change of capacitance with temperature and the decrease in nominal capacitance due to DC bias and others.

#### 14. Area of Safe Operation (ASO)

Operate the IC such that the output voltage, output current, and power dissipation are all within the Area of Safe Operation (ASO).

## 15. Thermal Shutdown Circuit(TSD)

This IC has a built-in thermal shutdown circuit that prevents heat damage to the IC. Normal operation should always be within the IC's power dissipation rating. If however the rating is exceeded for a continued period, the junction temperature (Tj) will rise which will activate the TSD circuit that will turn OFF all output pins. When the Tj falls below the TSD threshold, the circuits are automatically restored to normal operation.

Note that the TSD circuit operates in a situation that exceeds the absolute maximum ratings and therefore, under no circumstances, should the TSD circuit be used in a set design or for any purpose other than protecting the IC from heat damage.

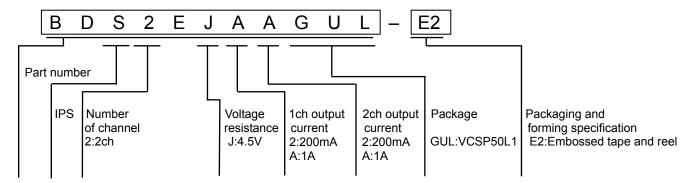
## 16. Over Current Protection Circuit (OCP)

This IC incorporates an integrated overcurrent protection circuit that is activated when the load is shorted. This protection circuit is effective in preventing damage due to sudden and unexpected incidents. However, the IC should not be used in applications characterized by continuous operation or transitioning of the protection circuit.

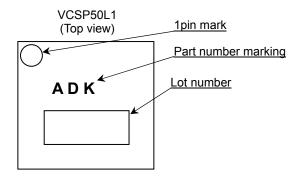
#### 17. Disturbance light

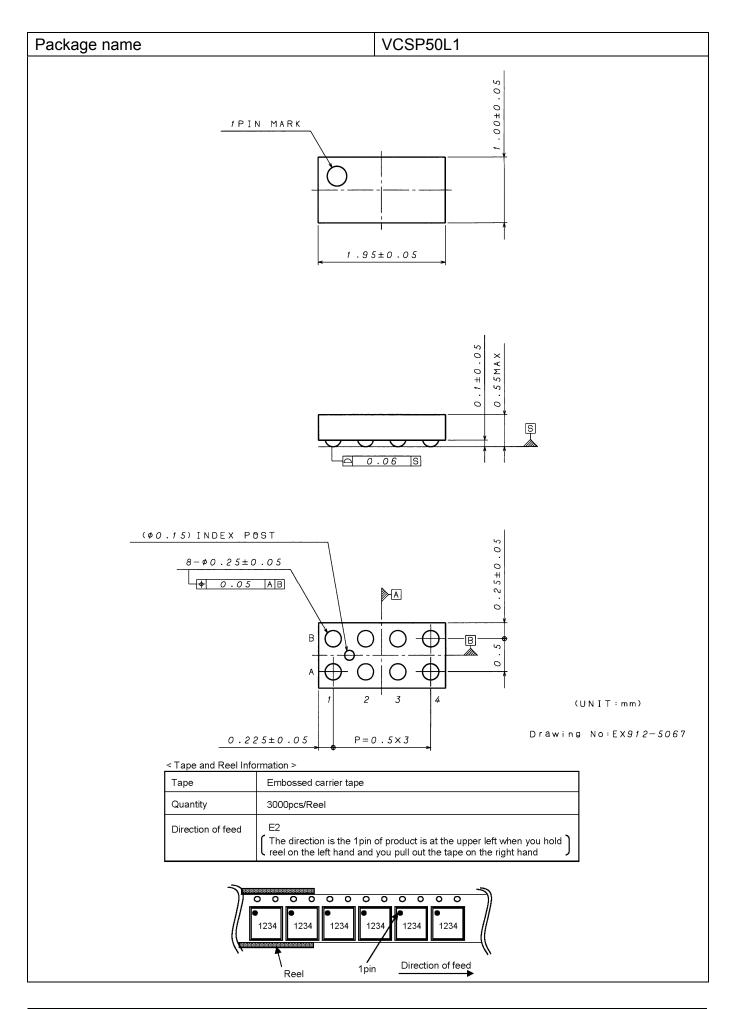
In a device where a portion of silicon is exposed to light such as in a WL-CSP, IC characteristics may be affected due to photoelectric effect. For this reason, it is recommended to come up with countermeasures that will prevent the chip from being exposed to light.

## **Ordering information**



## Marking diagram





# **Revision history**

Date	Revision	Changes
04.Jun.2015	001	New release

# **Notice**

## **Precaution on using ROHM Products**

1. Our Products are designed and manufactured for application in ordinary electronic equipments (such as AV equipment, OA equipment, telecommunication equipment, home electronic appliances, amusement equipment, etc.). If you intend to use our Products in devices requiring extremely high reliability (such as medical equipment (Note 1), transport equipment, traffic equipment, aircraft/spacecraft, nuclear power controllers, fuel controllers, car equipment including car accessories, safety devices, etc.) and whose malfunction or failure may cause loss of human life, bodily injury or serious damage to property ("Specific Applications"), please consult with the ROHM sales representative in advance. Unless otherwise agreed in writing by ROHM in advance, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any ROHM's Products for Specific Applications.

(Note1) Medical Equipment Classification of the Specific Applications

JAPAN	USA	EU	CHINA
CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅢ	CLASS II b	CL ACCIII
CLASSIV	CLASSIII	CLASSⅢ	CLASSIII

- 2. ROHM designs and manufactures its Products subject to strict quality control system. However, semiconductor products can fail or malfunction at a certain rate. Please be sure to implement, at your own responsibilities, adequate safety measures including but not limited to fail-safe design against the physical injury, damage to any property, which a failure or malfunction of our Products may cause. The following are examples of safety measures:
  - [a] Installation of protection circuits or other protective devices to improve system safety
  - [b] Installation of redundant circuits to reduce the impact of single or multiple circuit failure
- 3. Our Products are designed and manufactured for use under standard conditions and not under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions, as exemplified below. Accordingly, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses arising from the use of any ROHM's Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions. If you intend to use our Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions (as exemplified below), your independent verification and confirmation of product performance, reliability, etc, prior to use, must be necessary:
  - [a] Use of our Products in any types of liquid, including water, oils, chemicals, and organic solvents
  - [b] Use of our Products outdoors or in places where the Products are exposed to direct sunlight or dust
  - [c] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, including Cl<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S, NH<sub>3</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, and NO<sub>2</sub>
  - [d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
  - [e] Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
  - [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
  - [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
  - [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
- 4. The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.
- 5. Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.
- 6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse. is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 7. De-rate Power Dissipation (Pd) depending on Ambient temperature (Ta). When used in sealed area, confirm the actual ambient temperature.
- 8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
- 9. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

## Precaution for Mounting / Circuit board design

- 1. When a highly active halogenous (chlorine, bromine, etc.) flux is used, the residue of flux may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 2. In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used on a surface-mount products, the flow soldering method must be used on a through hole mount products. If the flow soldering method is preferred on a surface-mount products, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification

## **Precautions Regarding Application Examples and External Circuits**

- 1. If change is made to the constant of an external circuit, please allow a sufficient margin considering variations of the characteristics of the Products and external components, including transient characteristics, as well as static characteristics.
- 2. You agree that application notes, reference designs, and associated data and information contained in this document are presented only as guidance for Products use. Therefore, in case you use such information, you are solely responsible for it and you must exercise your own independent verification and judgment in the use of such information contained in this document. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of such information.

#### **Precaution for Electrostatic**

This Product is electrostatic sensitive product, which may be damaged due to electrostatic discharge. Please take proper caution in your manufacturing process and storage so that voltage exceeding the Products maximum rating will not be applied to Products. Please take special care under dry condition (e.g. Grounding of human body / equipment / solder iron, isolation from charged objects, setting of lonizer, friction prevention and temperature / humidity control).

## **Precaution for Storage / Transportation**

- 1. Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the Products are stored in the places where:
  - [a] the Products are exposed to sea winds or corrosive gases, including Cl2, H2S, NH3, SO2, and NO2
  - [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
  - [c] the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
  - [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic
- 2. Even under ROHM recommended storage condition, solderability of products out of recommended storage time period may be degraded. It is strongly recommended to confirm solderability before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.
- 3. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.
- 4. Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

## **Precaution for Product Label**

QR code printed on ROHM Products label is for ROHM's internal use only.

#### **Precaution for Disposition**

When disposing Products please dispose them properly using an authorized industry waste company.

#### **Precaution for Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade act**

Since concerned goods might be fallen under listed items of export control prescribed by Foreign exchange and Foreign trade act, please consult with ROHM in case of export.

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