

74LV4052-Q100

Dual 4-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer

Rev. 3 — 22 October 2015

Product data sheet

1. General description

The 74LV4052-Q100 is a dual 4-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer with a common select logic. Each multiplexer has four independent inputs/outputs (nY0 to nY3) and a common input/output (nZ). The common channel select logics include two digital select inputs (S0 and S1) and an active LOW enable input (\bar{E}). With \bar{E} LOW, one of the four switches is selected (low impedance ON-state) by S0 and S1. With \bar{E} HIGH, all switches are in the high impedance OFF-state, independent of S0 and S1. V_{CC} and GND are the supply voltage pins for the digital control inputs (S0, S1 and \bar{E}). The V_{CC} to GND ranges are 1.0 V to 6.0 V. The analog inputs/outputs (nY0, to nY3, and nZ) can swing between V_{CC} as a positive limit and V_{EE} as a negative limit. $V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ may not exceed 6.0 V. For operation as a digital multiplexer/demultiplexer, V_{EE} is connected to GND (typically ground).

This product has been qualified to the Automotive Electronics Council (AEC) standard Q100 (Grade 1) and is suitable for use in automotive applications.

2. Features and benefits

- Automotive product qualification in accordance with AEC-Q100 (Grade 1)
 - ◆ Specified from $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and from $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Optimized for low-voltage applications: 1.0 V to 6.0 V
- Accepts TTL input levels between $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ and $V_{CC} = 3.6\text{ V}$
- Low ON resistance:
 - ◆ $145\ \Omega$ (typical) at $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 2.0\text{ V}$
 - ◆ $90\ \Omega$ (typical) at $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 3.0\text{ V}$
 - ◆ $60\ \Omega$ (typical) at $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 4.5\text{ V}$
- Logic level translation:
 - ◆ To enable 3 V logic to communicate with $\pm 3\text{ V}$ analog signals
- Typical 'break before make' built in
- ESD protection:
 - ◆ MIL-STD-883, method 3015 exceeds 2000 V
 - ◆ HBM JESD22-A114F exceeds 2000 V
 - ◆ MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V ($C = 200\text{ pF}$, $R = 0\ \Omega$)

3. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

| Type number | Package | | | Version |
|-----------------|-------------------|---------|--|----------|
| | Temperature range | Name | Description | |
| 74LV4052D-Q100 | -40 °C to +125 °C | SO16 | plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm | SOT109-1 |
| 74LV4052PW-Q100 | -40 °C to +125 °C | TSSOP16 | plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm | SOT403-1 |

4. Functional diagram

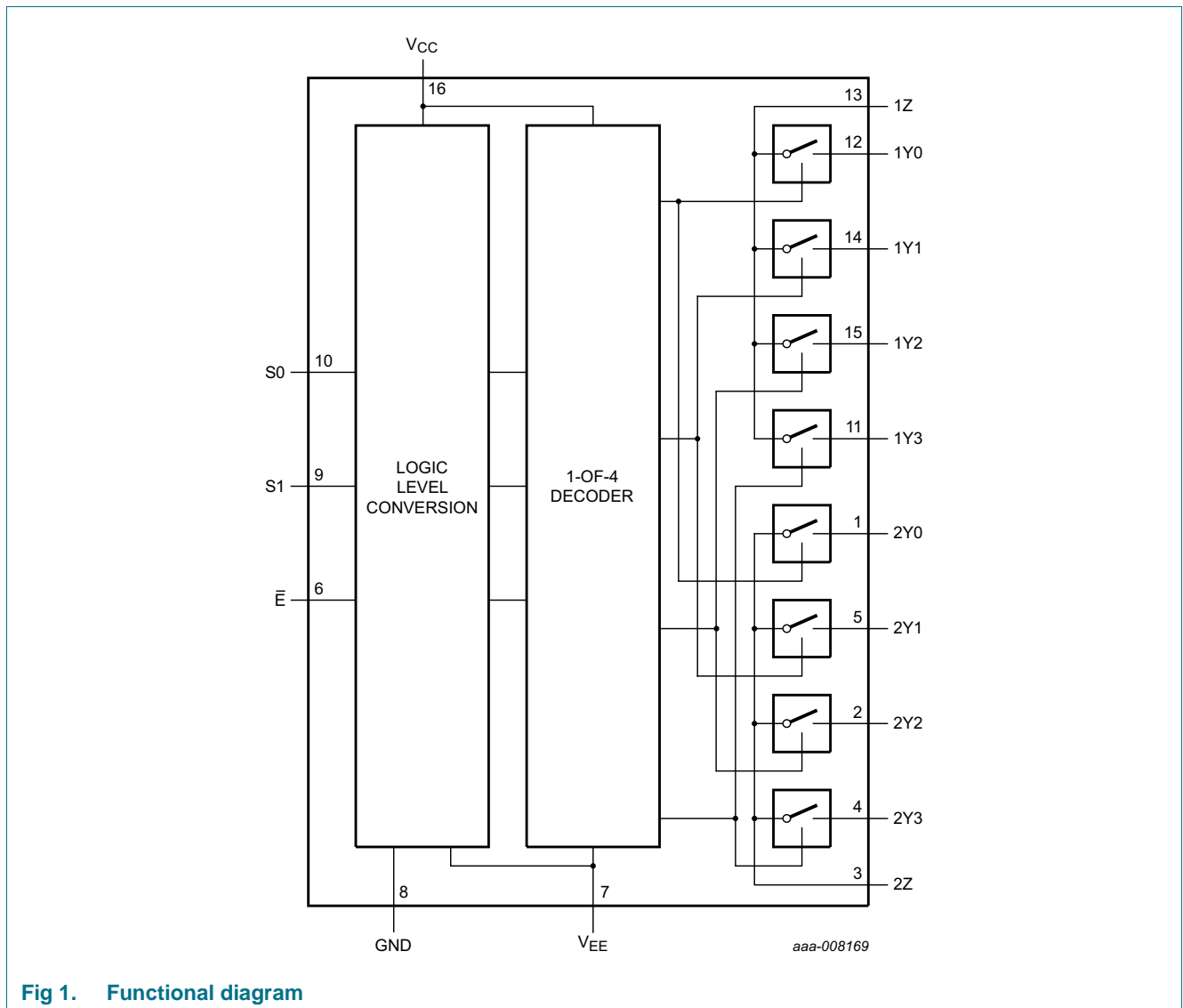


Fig 1. Functional diagram

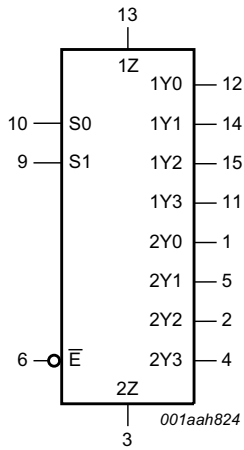


Fig 2. Logic symbol

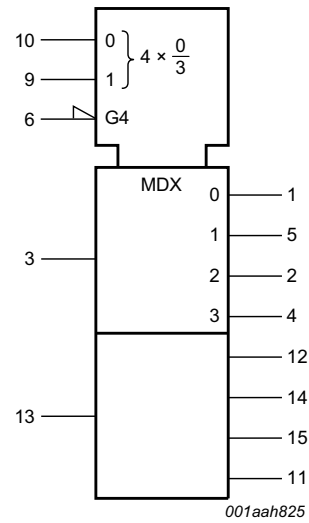


Fig 3. IEC logic symbol

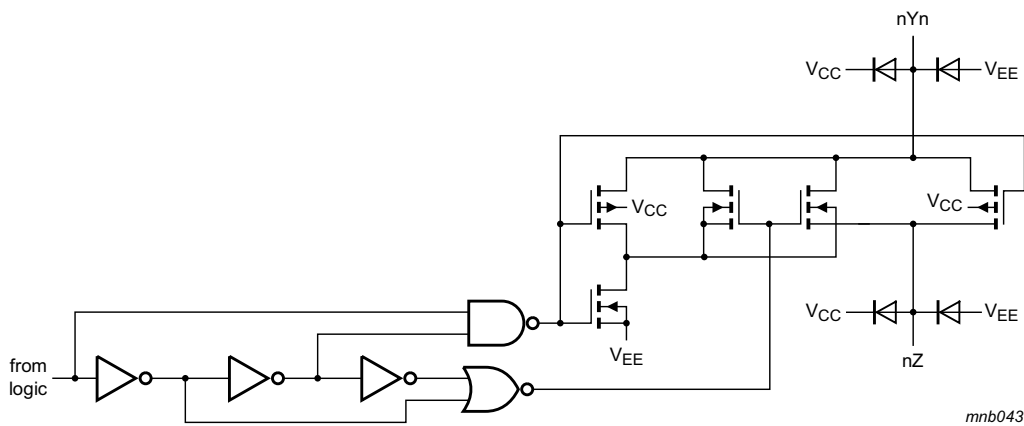


Fig 4. Schematic diagram (one switch)

5. Pinning information

5.1 Pinning

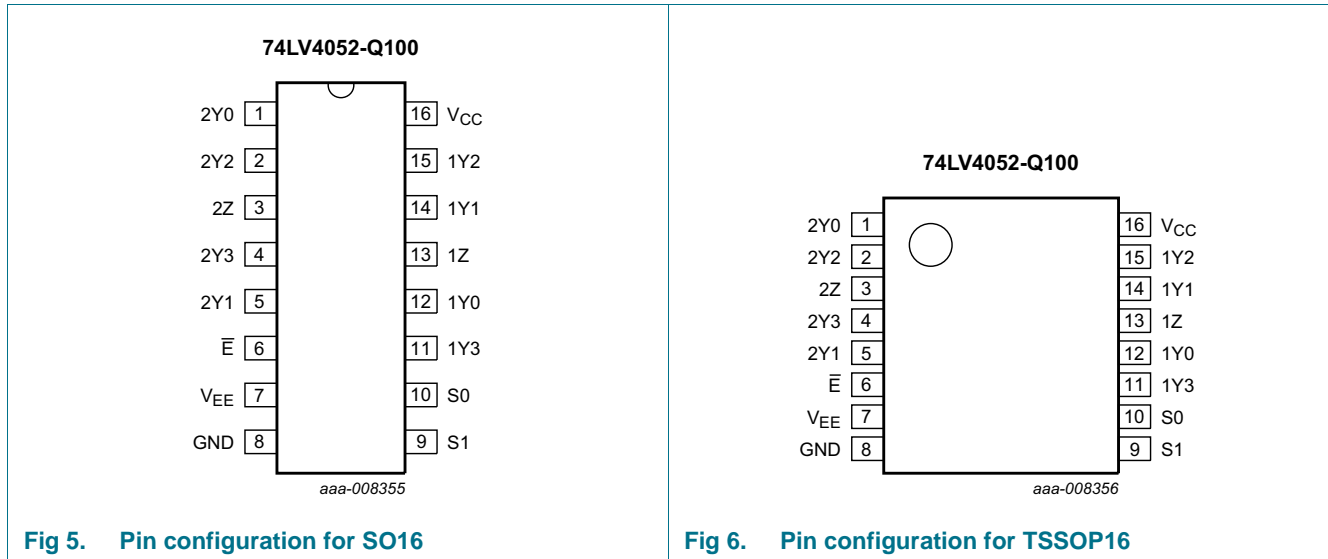


Fig 5. Pin configuration for SO16

Fig 6. Pin configuration for TSSOP16

5.2 Pin description

Table 2. Pin description

| Symbol | Pin | Description |
|-----------|-----|-----------------------------|
| 2Y0 | 1 | independent input or output |
| 2Y2 | 2 | independent input or output |
| 2Z | 3 | common input or output |
| 2Y3 | 4 | independent input or output |
| 2Y1 | 5 | independent input or output |
| \bar{E} | 6 | enable input (active LOW) |
| V_{EE} | 7 | negative supply voltage |
| GND | 8 | ground (0 V) |
| S1 | 9 | select logic input |
| S0 | 10 | select logic input |
| 1Y3 | 11 | independent input or output |
| 1Y0 | 12 | independent input or output |
| 1Z | 13 | common input or output |
| 1Y1 | 14 | independent input or output |
| 1Y2 | 15 | independent input or output |
| V_{CC} | 16 | positive supply voltage |

6. Functional description

Table 3. Function table^[1]

| Input | | | Channel on |
|-----------|----|----|------------|
| \bar{E} | S1 | S0 | |
| L | L | L | nY0 and nZ |
| L | L | H | nY1 and nZ |
| L | H | L | nY2 and nZ |
| L | H | H | nY3 and nZ |
| H | X | X | none |

[1] H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; X = don't care.

7. Limiting values

Table 4. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to $V_{SS} = 0$ V (ground).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Max | Unit |
|-----------|-------------------------|---|----------|----------|------|
| V_{CC} | supply voltage | | [1] -0.5 | +7.0 | V |
| I_{IK} | input clamping current | $V_I < -0.5$ V or $V_I > V_{CC} + 0.5$ V | [2] - | ± 20 | mA |
| I_{SK} | switch clamping current | $V_{SW} < -0.5$ V or $V_{SW} > V_{CC} + 0.5$ V | [2] - | ± 20 | mA |
| I_{SW} | switch current | $V_{SW} > -0.5$ V or $V_{SW} < V_{CC} + 0.5$ V; source or sink current | [2] - | ± 25 | mA |
| T_{stg} | storage temperature | | -65 | +150 | °C |
| P_{tot} | total power dissipation | $T_{amb} = -40$ °C to +125 °C | [3] | | |
| | | DIP16 package | - | 750 | mW |
| | | SO16 package | - | 500 | mW |
| | | SSOP16 and TSSOP16 package | - | 400 | mW |

[1] To avoid drawing V_{CC} current out of terminal nZ, when switch current flows into terminals nYn, the voltage drop across the bidirectional switch must not exceed 0.4 V. If the switch current flows into terminal nZ, no V_{CC} current flows out of terminals nYn. In this case, there is no limit for the voltage drop across the switch, but the voltages at nYn and nZ may not exceed V_{CC} or V_{EE} .

[2] The minimum input voltage rating may be exceeded if the input current rating is observed.

[3] For SO16 package: above 70 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 8 mW/K.
For TSSOP16 package: above 60 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 5.5 mW/K.

8. Recommended operating conditions

Table 5. Recommended operating conditions^[1]

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|----------|------|
| V_{CC} | supply voltage | see Figure 7 | 1 | 3.3 | 6 | V |
| V_I | input voltage | | 0 | - | V_{CC} | V |
| V_{SW} | switch voltage | | 0 | - | V_{CC} | V |
| T_{amb} | ambient temperature | in free air | -40 | - | +125 | °C |
| $\Delta t/\Delta V$ | input transition rise and fall rate | $V_{CC} = 1.0\text{ V to }2.0\text{ V}$ | - | - | 500 | ns/V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$ | - | - | 200 | ns/V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }6.0\text{ V}$ | - | - | 100 | ns/V |

[1] The static characteristics are guaranteed from $V_{CC} = 1.2\text{ V to }6.0\text{ V}$. However, LV devices are guaranteed to function down to $V_{CC} = 1.0\text{ V}$ (with input levels GND or V_{CC}).



Fig 7. Guaranteed operating area as a function of the supply voltages

9. Static characteristics

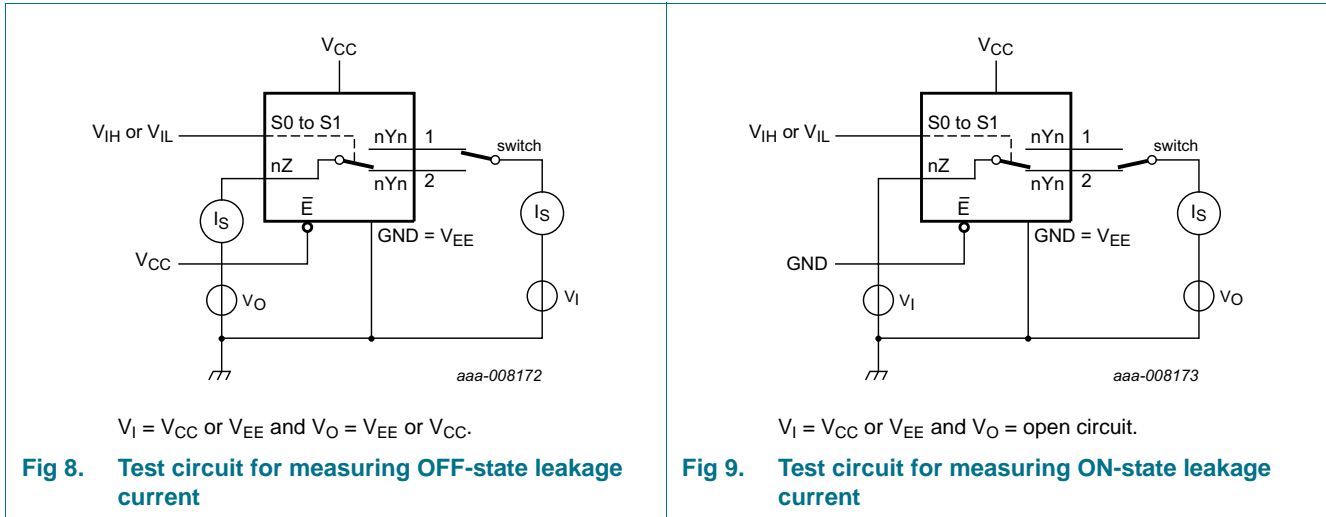
Table 6. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions. Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | -40 °C to +85 °C | | | -40 °C to +125 °C | | Unit |
|---------------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|------|-------------------|------|------|
| | | | Min | Typ ^[1] | Max | Min | Max | |
| V _{IH} | HIGH-level input voltage | V _{CC} = 1.2 V | 0.9 | - | - | 0.9 | - | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.0 V | 1.4 | - | - | 1.4 | - | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V | 2.0 | - | - | 2.0 | - | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V | 3.15 | - | - | 3.15 | - | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V | 4.20 | - | - | 4.20 | - | V |
| V _{IL} | LOW-level input voltage | V _{CC} = 1.2 V | - | - | 0.3 | - | 0.3 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.0 V | - | - | 0.6 | - | 0.6 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V | - | - | 0.8 | - | 0.8 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V | - | - | 1.35 | - | 1.35 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V | - | - | 1.80 | - | 1.80 | V |
| I _I | input leakage current | V _I = V _{CC} or GND | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 3.6 V | - | - | 1.0 | - | 1.0 | μA |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V | - | - | 2.0 | - | 2.0 | μA |
| I _{S(OFF)} | OFF-state leakage current | V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; see Figure 8 | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 3.6 V | - | - | 1.0 | - | 1.0 | μA |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V | - | - | 2.0 | - | 2.0 | μA |
| I _{S(ON)} | ON-state leakage current | V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; see Figure 9 | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 3.6 V | - | - | 1.0 | - | 1.0 | μA |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V | - | - | 2.0 | - | 2.0 | μA |
| I _{CC} | supply current | V _I = V _{CC} or GND; I _O = 0 A | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 3.6 V | - | - | 20 | - | 40 | μA |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V | - | - | 40 | - | 80 | μA |
| ΔI _{CC} | additional supply current | per input; V _I = V _{CC} - 0.6 V; V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V | - | - | 500 | - | 850 | μA |
| C _I | input capacitance | | - | 3.5 | - | - | - | pF |
| C _{sw} | switch capacitance | independent pins nYn | - | 5 | - | - | - | pF |
| | | common pins nZ | - | 12 | - | - | - | pF |

[1] Typical values are measured at T_{amb} = 25 °C.

9.1 Test circuits



9.2 ON resistance

Table 7. ON resistance

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for graphs see [Figure 10](#) and [Figure 11](#).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | -40 °C to +85 °C | | | -40 °C to +125 °C | | Unit |
|-----------------------|---|---|------------------|--------------------|-----|-------------------|-----|------|
| | | | Min | Typ ^[1] | Max | Min | Max | |
| R _{ON(peak)} | ON resistance (peak) | $V_I = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ | | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.2 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 100 \mu\text{A}$ ^[2] | - | - | - | - | - | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$ | - | 145 | 325 | - | 375 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$ | - | 90 | 200 | - | 235 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$ | - | 80 | 180 | - | 210 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$ | - | 60 | 135 | - | 160 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$ | - | 55 | 125 | - | 145 | Ω |
| ΔR _{ON} | ON resistance mismatch between channels | $V_I = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ | | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.2 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 100 \mu\text{A}$ ^[2] | - | - | - | - | - | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$ | - | 5 | - | - | - | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$ | - | 4 | - | - | - | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$ | - | 4 | - | - | - | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$ | - | 3 | - | - | - | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$ | - | 2 | - | - | - | Ω |

Table 7. ON resistance ...continued

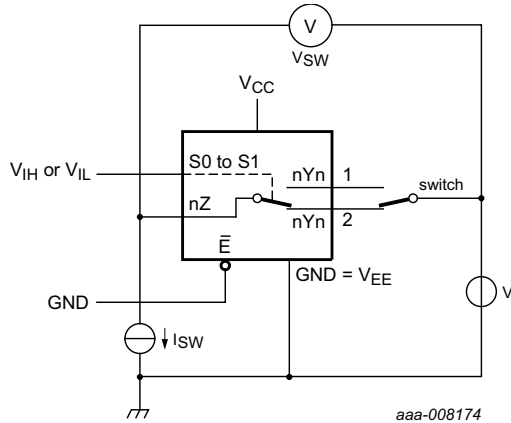
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for graphs see [Figure 10](#) and [Figure 11](#).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | -40 °C to +85 °C | | | -40 °C to +125 °C | | Unit |
|-----------------------|----------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|-----|-------------------|-----|------|
| | | | Min | Typ ^[1] | Max | Min | Max | |
| R _{ON(rail)} | ON resistance (rail) | V _I = GND | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 1.2 V; I _{SW} = 100 μA ^[2] | - | 225 | - | - | - | Ω |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.0 V; I _{SW} = 1000 μA | - | 110 | 235 | - | 270 | Ω |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.7 V; I _{SW} = 1000 μA | - | 70 | 145 | - | 165 | Ω |
| | | V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; I _{SW} = 1000 μA | - | 60 | 130 | - | 150 | Ω |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; I _{SW} = 1000 μA | - | 45 | 100 | - | 115 | Ω |
| R _{ON(rail)} | ON resistance (rail) | V _I = V _{CC} - V _{EE} | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 1.2 V; I _{SW} = 100 μA ^[2] | - | 250 | - | - | - | Ω |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.0 V; I _{SW} = 1000 μA | - | 120 | 320 | - | 370 | Ω |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.7 V; I _{SW} = 1000 μA | - | 75 | 195 | - | 225 | Ω |
| | | V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; I _{SW} = 1000 μA | - | 70 | 175 | - | 205 | Ω |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V; I _{SW} = 1000 μA | - | 50 | 130 | - | 150 | Ω |
| | | V _{CC} = 6.0 V; I _{SW} = 1000 μA | - | 45 | 120 | - | 135 | Ω |

[1] Typical values are measured at T_{amb} = 25 °C.

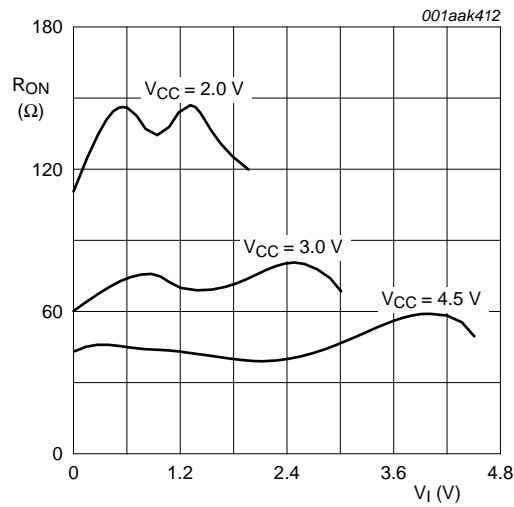
[2] When supply voltages (V_{CC} - V_{EE}) near 1.2 V the analog switch ON resistance becomes extremely non-linear. When using a supply of 1.2 V, use these devices only for transmitting digital signals.

9.3 On resistance waveform and test circuit



$$R_{ON} = V_{SW} / I_{SW}$$

Fig 10. Test circuit for measuring R_{ON}



$V_i = 0\text{ V to }V_{CC} - V_{EE}$

Fig 11. Typical R_{ON} as a function of input voltage

10. Dynamic characteristics

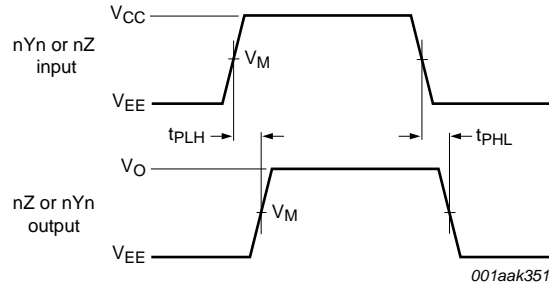
Table 8. Dynamic characteristics

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V). For test circuit, see [Figure 14](#).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | -40 °C to +85 °C | | | -40 °C to +125 °C | | Unit |
|------------------|-------------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|-----|-------------------|-----|------|
| | | | Min | Typ ^[1] | Max | Min | Max | |
| t _{pd} | propagation delay | nYn to nZ, nZ to nYn; see Figure 12 ^[2] | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 1.2 V | - | 25 | - | - | - | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.0 V | - | 9 | 17 | - | 20 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.7 V | - | 6 | 13 | - | 15 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V ^[3] | - | 5 | 10 | - | 12 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V | - | 4 | 9 | - | 10 | ns |
| t _{en} | enable time | \bar{E} , Sn to nYn, nZ; see Figure 13 ^[2] | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 1.2 V | - | 190 | - | - | - | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.0 V | - | 65 | 121 | - | 146 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.7 V | - | 48 | 89 | - | 108 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; C _L = 15 pF ^[3] | - | 30 | - | - | - | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V ^[3] | - | 36 | 71 | - | 86 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V | - | 32 | 60 | - | 73 | ns |
| t _{dis} | disable time | \bar{E} , Sn to nYn, nZ; see Figure 13 ^[2] | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 1.2 V | - | 125 | - | - | - | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.0 V | - | 43 | 80 | - | 95 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.7 V | - | 33 | 59 | - | 71 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; C _L = 15 pF ^[3] | - | 22 | - | - | - | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V ^[3] | - | 26 | 48 | - | 57 | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V | - | 23 | 41 | - | 49 | ns |
| C _{PD} | power dissipation capacitance | C _L = 50 pF; f _i = 1 MHz; V _I = GND to V _{CC} ^[4] | - | 57 | - | - | - | pF |

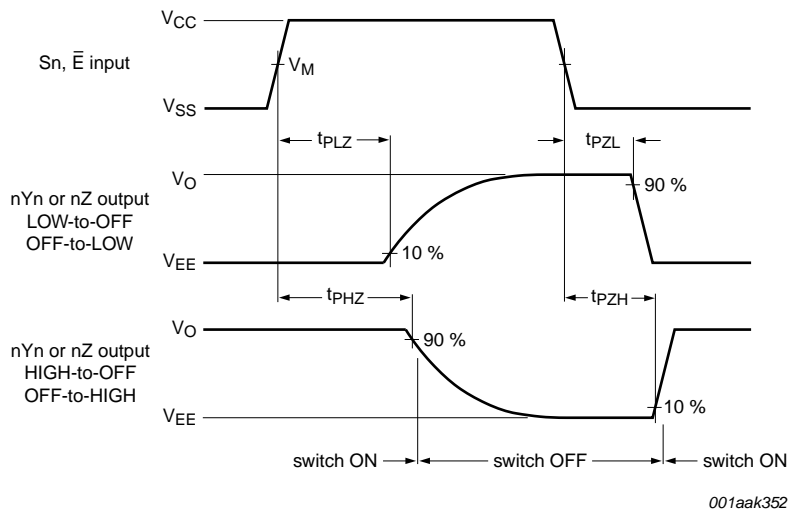
- [1] All typical values are measured at T_{amb} = 25 °C.
- [2] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL}.
t_{en} is the same as t_{pZL} and t_{pZH}.
t_{dis} is the same as t_{pLZ} and t_{pHZ}.
- [3] Typical values are measured at nominal supply voltage (V_{CC} = 3.3 V).
- [4] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).
P_D = C_{PD} × V_{CC}² × f_i × N + Σ((C_L + C_{sw}) × V_{CC}² × f_o) where:
f_i = input frequency in MHz, f_o = output frequency in MHz
C_L = output load capacitance in pF
C_{sw} = maximum switch capacitance in pF;
V_{CC} = supply voltage in Volts
N = number of inputs switching
Σ(C_L × V_{CC}² × f_o) = sum of the outputs.

10.1 Waveforms



Measurement points are given in [Table 9](#).
 V_{OL} and V_{OH} are typical voltage output levels that occur with the output load.

Fig 12. nYn, nZ to nZ, nYn propagation delays

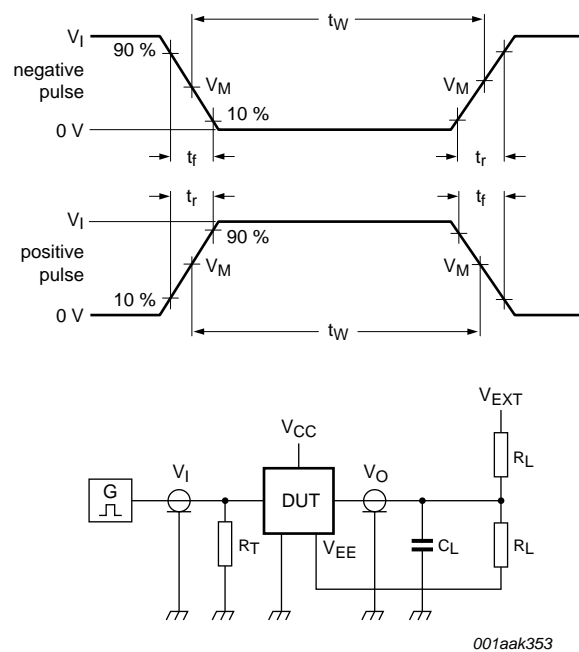


Measurement points are given in [Table 9](#).
 V_{OL} and V_{OH} are typical voltage output levels that occur with the output load.

Fig 13. Enable and disable times

Table 9. Measurement points

| Supply voltage | Input | Output |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| V_{CC} | V_M | V_M |
| < 2.7 V | $0.5V_{CC}$ | $0.5V_{CC}$ |
| 2.7 V to 3.6 V | 1.5 V | 1.5 V |
| > 3.6 V | $0.5V_{CC}$ | $0.5V_{CC}$ |



001aak353

Test data is given in [Table 10](#).

Definitions for test circuit:

R_L = Load resistance.

C_L = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

R_T = Termination resistance should be equal to output impedance Z_o of the pulse generator.

V_{EXT} = External voltage for measuring switching times.

Fig 14. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 10. Test data

| Supply voltage | Input | | Load | | V_{EXT} | | |
|----------------|----------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| V_{CC} | V_I | t_r, t_f | C_L | R_L | t_{PHL}, t_{PLH} | t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ} | t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ} |
| < 2.7 V | V_{CC} | ≤ 6 ns | 50 pF | 1 k Ω | open | V_{EE} | $2V_{CC}$ |
| 2.7 V to 3.6 V | 2.7 V | ≤ 6 ns | 15 pF, 50 pF | 1 k Ω | open | V_{EE} | $2V_{CC}$ |
| > 3.6 V | V_{CC} | ≤ 6 ns | 50 pF | 1 k Ω | open | V_{EE} | $2V_{CC}$ |

10.2 Additional dynamic parameters

Table 11. Additional dynamic characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); $V_I = GND$ or V_{CC} (unless otherwise specified); $t_r = t_f \leq 6.0$ ns; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------------|---------------------------|--|-----|------|-----|------|
| THD | total harmonic distortion | $f_i = 1$ kHz; $C_L = 50$ pF; $R_L = 10$ k Ω ; see Figure 19 | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3.0$ V; $V_I = 2.75$ V (p-p) | - | 0.8 | - | % |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0$ V; $V_I = 5.5$ V (p-p) | - | 0.4 | - | % |
| | | $f_i = 10$ kHz; $C_L = 50$ pF; $R_L = 10$ k Ω ; see Figure 19 | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3.0$ V; $V_I = 2.75$ V (p-p) | - | 2.4 | - | % |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0$ V; $V_I = 5.5$ V (p-p) | - | 1.2 | - | % |
| $f_{(-3dB)}$ | -3 dB frequency response | $C_L = 50$ pF; $R_L = 50$ Ω ; see Figure 15 | [1] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3.0$ V | - | 180 | - | MHz |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0$ V | - | 200 | - | MHz |
| α_{iso} | isolation (OFF-state) | $f_i = 1$ MHz; $C_L = 50$ pF; $R_L = 600$ Ω ; see Figure 17 | [2] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3.0$ V | - | -50 | - | dB |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0$ V | - | -50 | - | dB |
| V_{ct} | crosstalk voltage | between digital inputs and switch; $f_i = 1$ MHz; $C_L = 50$ pF; $R_L = 600$ Ω ; see Figure 20 | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3.0$ V | - | 0.11 | - | V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0$ V | - | 0.12 | - | V |
| Xtalk | crosstalk | between switches; $f_i = 1$ MHz; $C_L = 50$ pF; $R_L = 600$ Ω ; see Figure 21 | [2] | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3.0$ V | - | -60 | - | dB |
| | | $V_{CC} = 6.0$ V | - | -60 | - | dB |

- [1] To obtain 0 dBm level at output for 1 MHz, adjust f_i voltage (0 dBm = 1 mW into 50 Ω).
- [2] To obtain 0 dBm level at output for 1 MHz, adjust f_i voltage (0 dBm = 1 mW into 600 Ω).

10.2.1 Test circuits

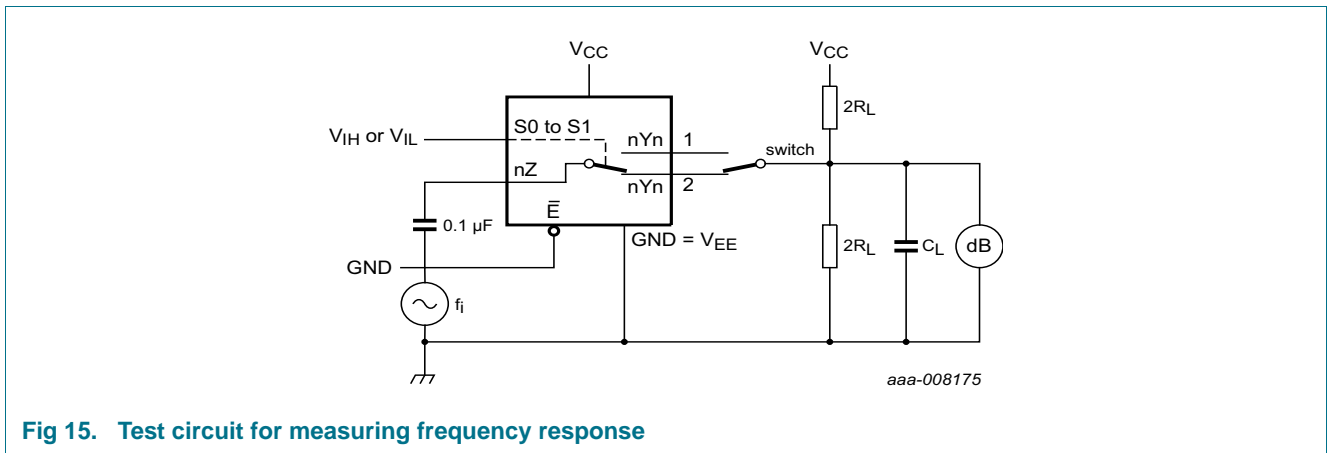
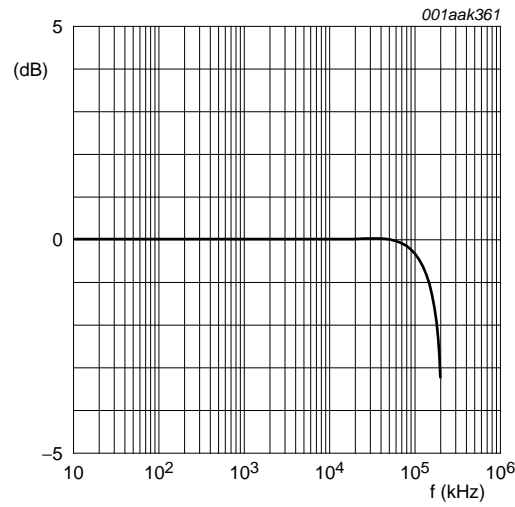


Fig 15. Test circuit for measuring frequency response



$V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$; $GND = 0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -3.0\text{ V}$; $R_L = 50\ \Omega$; $R_{SOURCE} = 1\text{ k}\Omega$.

Fig 16. Typical frequency response

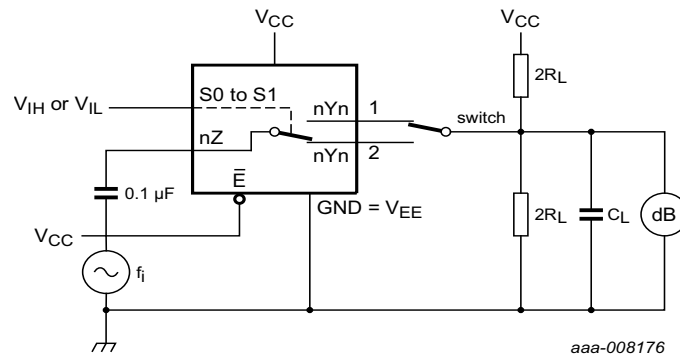


Fig 17. Test circuit for measuring isolation (OFF-state)

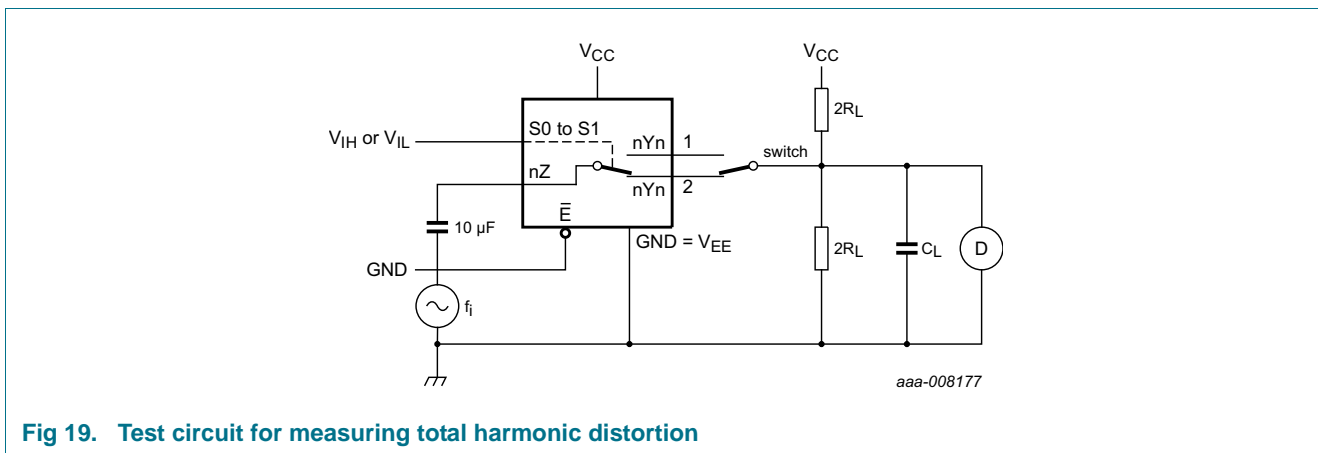
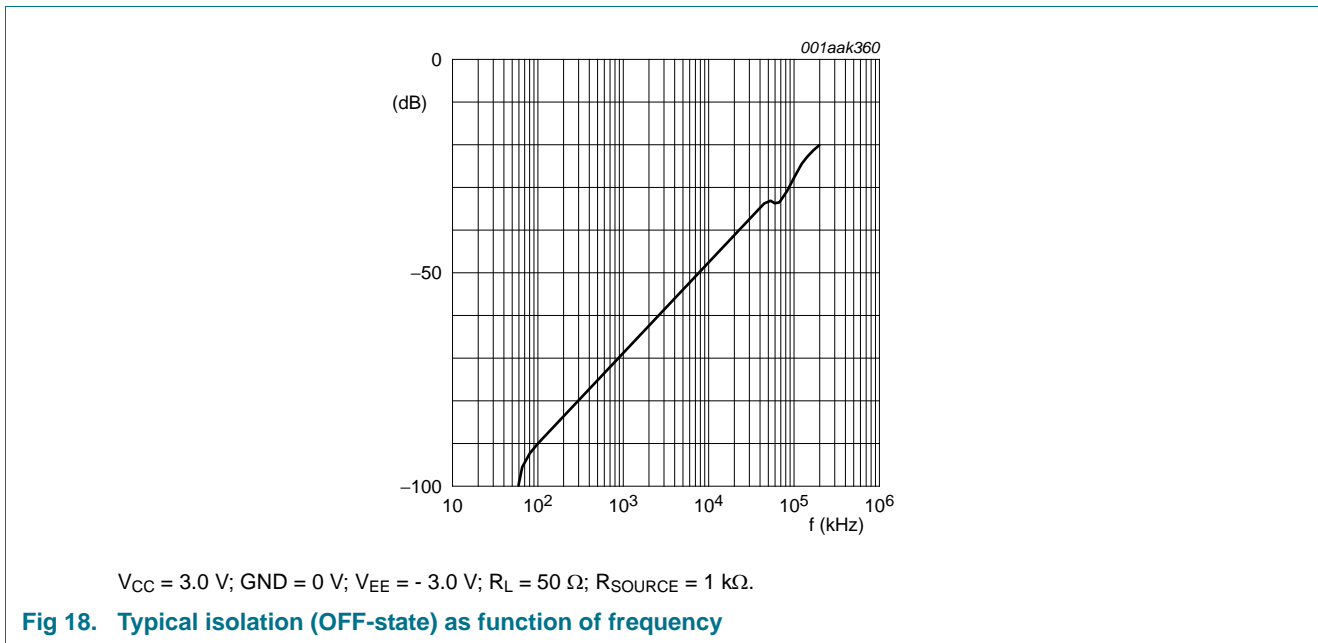
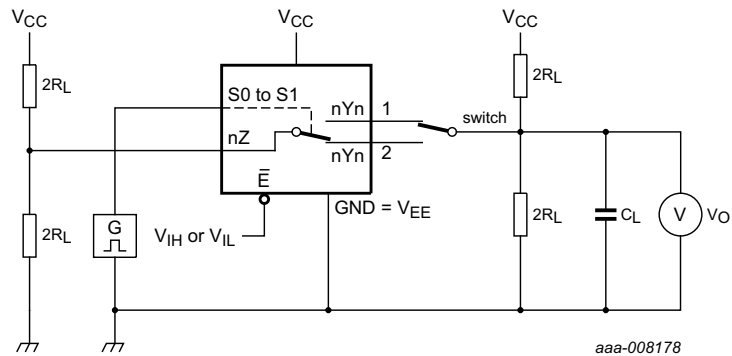
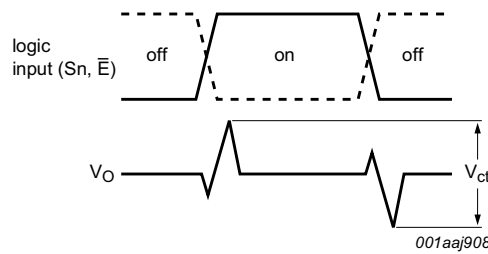


Fig 19. Test circuit for measuring total harmonic distortion



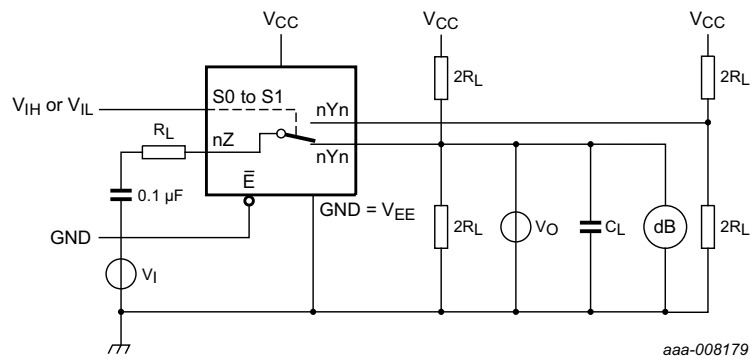
a. Test circuit



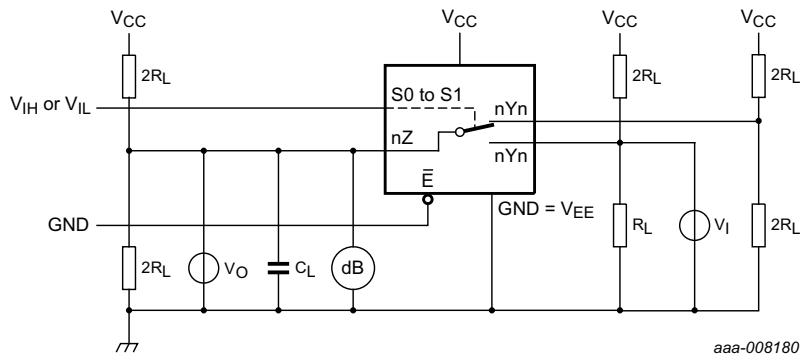
b. Input and output pulse definitions

V_I may be connected to S_n or \bar{E} .

Fig 20. Test circuit for measuring crosstalk voltage between digital inputs and switch



a. Switch-on channel.



b. Switch-off channel.

Fig 21. Test circuit for measuring crosstalk between switches

11. Package outline

SO16: plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm

SOT109-1



Fig 22. Package outline SOT109-1 (SO16)

TSSOP16: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm

SOT403-1

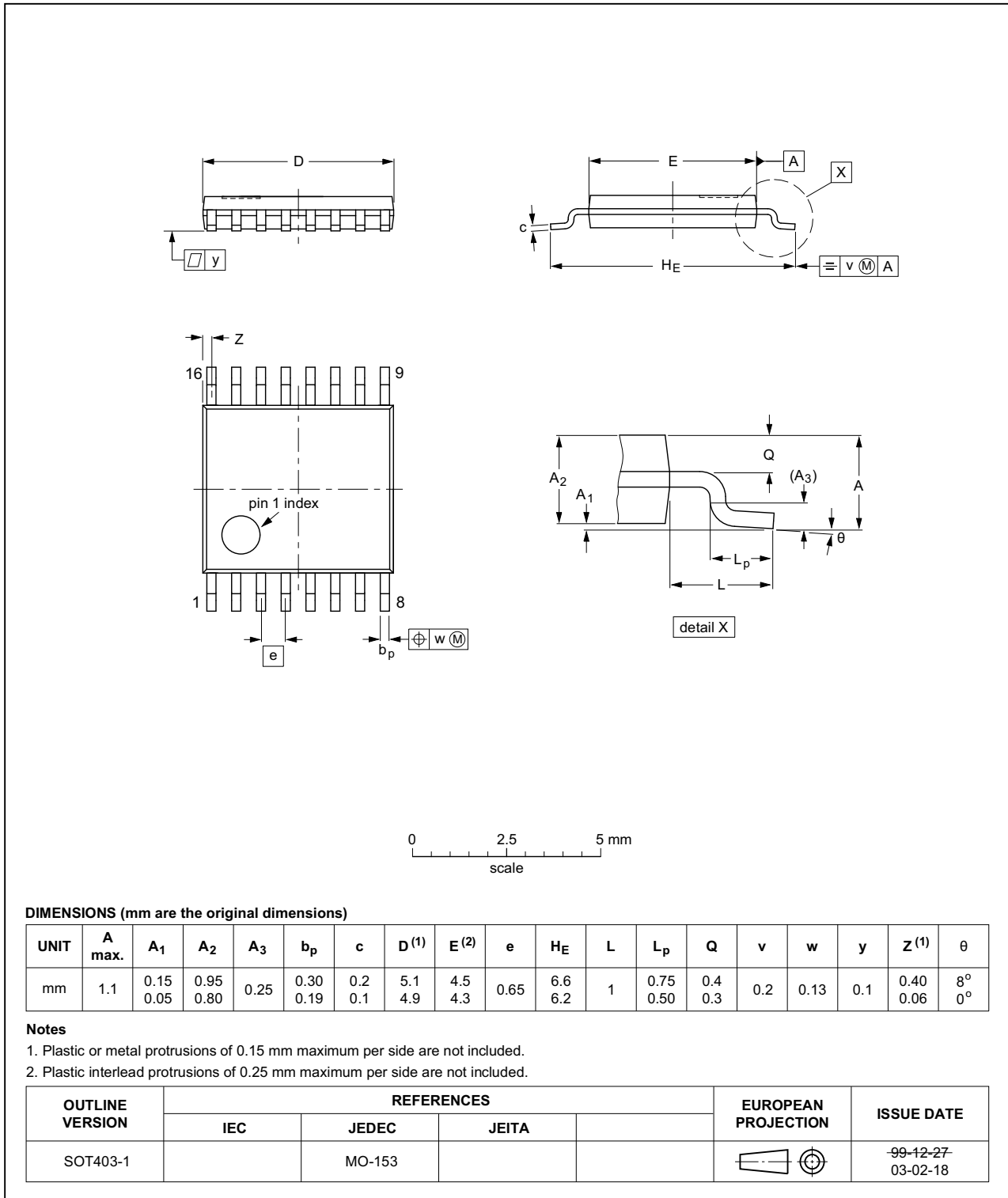


Fig 23. Package outline SOT403-1 (TSSOP16)

12. Abbreviations

Table 12. Abbreviations

| Acronym | Description |
|---------|-----------------------------|
| ESD | ElectroStatic Discharge |
| HBM | Human Body Model |
| MM | Machine Model |
| TTL | Transistor-Transistor Logic |

13. Revision history

Table 13. Revision history

| Document ID | Release date | Data sheet status | Change notice | Supersedes |
|-------------------|---|--------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| 74LV4052_Q100 v.3 | 20151022 | Product data sheet | - | 74LV4052_Q100 v.2 |
| Modifications: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Descriptive title corrected (errata) | | | |
| 74LV4052_Q100 v.2 | 20140915 | Product data sheet | - | 74LV4052_Q100 v.1 |
| Modifications: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Section 2: ESD protection: MIL-STD-833 changed to MIL-STD883 Table 1: Typo in type number corrected. | | | |
| 74LV4052_Q100 v.1 | 20130722 | Product data sheet | - | - |

14. Legal information

14.1 Data sheet status

| Document status ^{[1][2]} | Product status ^[3] | Definition |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Objective [short] data sheet | Development | This document contains data from the objective specification for product development. |
| Preliminary [short] data sheet | Qualification | This document contains data from the preliminary specification. |
| Product [short] data sheet | Production | This document contains the product specification. |

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".

[3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.nexperia.com>.

14.2 Definitions

Draft — The document is a draft version only. The content is still under internal review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. Nexperia does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

Short data sheet — A short data sheet is an extract from a full data sheet with the same product type number(s) and title. A short data sheet is intended for quick reference only and should not be relied upon to contain detailed and full information. For detailed and full information see the relevant full data sheet, which is available on request via the local Nexperia sales office. In case of any inconsistency or conflict with the short data sheet, the full data sheet shall prevail.

Product specification — The information and data provided in a Product data sheet shall define the specification of the product as agreed between Nexperia and its customer, unless Nexperia and customer have explicitly agreed otherwise in writing. In no event however, shall an agreement be valid in which the Nexperia product is deemed to offer functions and qualities beyond those described in the Product data sheet.

14.3 Disclaimers

Limited warranty and liability — Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, Nexperia does not give any representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information. Nexperia takes no responsibility for the content in this document if provided by an information source outside of Nexperia.

In no event shall Nexperia be liable for any indirect, incidental, punitive, special or consequential damages (including - without limitation - lost profits, lost savings, business interruption, costs related to the removal or replacement of any products or rework charges) whether or not such damages are based on tort (including negligence), warranty, breach of contract or any other legal theory.

Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever, Nexperia's aggregate and cumulative liability towards customer for the products described herein shall be limited in accordance with the *Terms and conditions of commercial sale* of Nexperia.

Right to make changes — Nexperia reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

Suitability for use in automotive applications — This Nexperia product has been qualified for use in automotive applications. Unless otherwise agreed in writing, the product is not designed, authorized or warranted to be suitable for use in life support, life-critical or safety-critical systems or equipment, nor in applications where failure or malfunction of a Nexperia product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury, death or severe property or environmental damage. Nexperia and its suppliers accept no liability for inclusion and/or use of Nexperia products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at the customer's own risk.

Applications — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. Nexperia makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Customers are responsible for the design and operation of their applications and products using Nexperia products, and Nexperia accepts no liability for any assistance with applications or customer product design. It is customer's sole responsibility to determine whether the Nexperia product is suitable and fit for the customer's applications and products planned, as well as for the planned application and use of customer's third party customer(s). Customers should provide appropriate design and operating safeguards to minimize the risks associated with their applications and products.

Nexperia does not accept any liability related to any default, damage, costs or problem which is based on any weakness or default in the customer's applications or products, or the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Customer is responsible for doing all necessary testing for the customer's applications and products using Nexperia products in order to avoid a default of the applications and the products or of the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Nexperia does not accept any liability in this respect.

Limiting values — Stress above one or more limiting values (as defined in the Absolute Maximum Ratings System of IEC 60134) will cause permanent damage to the device. Limiting values are stress ratings only and (proper) operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those given in the Recommended operating conditions section (if present) or the Characteristics sections of this document is not warranted. Constant or repeated exposure to limiting values will permanently and irreversibly affect the quality and reliability of the device.

Terms and conditions of commercial sale — Nexperia products are sold subject to the general terms and conditions of commercial sale, as published at <http://www.nexperia.com/profile/terms>, unless otherwise agreed in a valid written individual agreement. In case an individual agreement is concluded only the terms and conditions of the respective agreement shall apply. Nexperia hereby expressly objects to applying the customer's general terms and conditions with regard to the purchase of Nexperia products by customer.

No offer to sell or license — Nothing in this document may be interpreted or construed as an offer to sell products that is open for acceptance or the grant, conveyance or implication of any license under any copyrights, patents or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

Export control — This document as well as the item(s) described herein may be subject to export control regulations. Export might require a prior authorization from competent authorities.

Translations — A non-English (translated) version of a document is for reference only. The English version shall prevail in case of any discrepancy between the translated and English versions.

14.4 Trademarks

Notice: All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

15. Contact information

For more information, please visit: <http://www.nexperia.com>

For sales office addresses, please send an email to: salesaddresses@nexperia.com

16. Contents

| | | |
|-----------|---|-----------|
| 1 | General description | 1 |
| 2 | Features and benefits | 1 |
| 3 | Ordering information | 2 |
| 4 | Functional diagram | 2 |
| 5 | Pinning information | 4 |
| 5.1 | Pinning | 4 |
| 5.2 | Pin description | 4 |
| 6 | Functional description | 5 |
| 7 | Limiting values | 5 |
| 8 | Recommended operating conditions | 6 |
| 9 | Static characteristics | 7 |
| 9.1 | Test circuits | 8 |
| 9.2 | ON resistance | 8 |
| 9.3 | On resistance waveform and test circuit | 10 |
| 10 | Dynamic characteristics | 11 |
| 10.1 | Waveforms | 12 |
| 10.2 | Additional dynamic parameters | 14 |
| 10.2.1 | Test circuits | 14 |
| 11 | Package outline | 19 |
| 12 | Abbreviations | 21 |
| 13 | Revision history | 21 |
| 14 | Legal information | 22 |
| 14.1 | Data sheet status | 22 |
| 14.2 | Definitions | 22 |
| 14.3 | Disclaimers | 22 |
| 14.4 | Trademarks | 23 |
| 15 | Contact information | 23 |
| 16 | Contents | 24 |

Компания «Океан Электроники» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Поставка оригинальных импортных электронных компонентов напрямую с производств Америки, Европы и Азии, а так же с крупнейших складов мира;
- Широкая линейка поставок активных и пассивных импортных электронных компонентов (более 30 млн. наименований);
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Помощь Конструкторского Отдела и консультации квалифицированных инженеров;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Поставка электронных компонентов под контролем ВП;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- При необходимости вся продукция военного и аэрокосмического назначения проходит испытания и сертификацию в лаборатории (по согласованию с заказчиком);
- Поставка специализированных компонентов военного и аэрокосмического уровня качества (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Actel, Aeroflex, Peregrine, VPT, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instruments, MS Kennedy, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Компания «Океан Электроники» является официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России одного из крупнейших производителей разъемов военного и аэрокосмического назначения «JONHON», а так же официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России производителя высокотехнологичных и надежных решений для передачи СВЧ сигналов «FORSTAR».



JONHON

«JONHON» (основан в 1970 г.)

Разъемы специального, военного и аэрокосмического назначения:

(Применяются в военной, авиационной, аэрокосмической, морской, железнодорожной, горно- и нефтедобывающей отраслях промышленности)

«FORSTAR» (основан в 1998 г.)

ВЧ соединители, коаксиальные кабели, кабельные сборки и микроволновые компоненты:

(Применяются в телекоммуникациях гражданского и специального назначения, в средствах связи, РЛС, а так же военной, авиационной и аэрокосмической отраслях промышленности).



Телефон: 8 (812) 309-75-97 (многоканальный)

Факс: 8 (812) 320-03-32

Электронная почта: ocean@oceanchips.ru

Web: <http://oceanchips.ru/>

Адрес: 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, д. 2, корп. 4, лит. А