

## Features

- High performance, low power Atmel® AVR® 8-Bit Microcontroller
- Advanced RISC architecture
  - 130 powerful instructions – most single clock cycle execution
  - 32 × 8 general purpose working registers
  - Fully static operation
  - Up to 16MIPS throughput at 16MHz (Atmel ATmega165PA/645P)
  - Up to 20MIPS throughput at 20MHz (Atmel ATmega165A/325A/325PA/645A/3250A/3250PA/6450A/6450P)
  - On-chip 2-cycle multiplier
- High endurance non-volatile memory segments
  - In-system self-programmable flash program memory
    - 16KBytes (ATmega165A/ATmega165PA)
    - 32KBytes (ATmega325A/ATmega325PA/ATmega3250A/ATmega3250PA)
    - 64KBytes (ATmega645A/ATmega645P/ATmega6450A/ATmega6450P)
  - EEPROM
    - 512Bytes (ATmega165A/ATmega165PA)
    - 1Kbytes (ATmega325A/ATmega325PA/ATmega3250A/ATmega3250PA)
    - 2Kbytes (ATmega645A/ATmega645P/ATmega6450A/ATmega6450P)
  - Internal SRAM
    - 1KBytes (ATmega165A/ATmega165PA)
    - 2KBytes (ATmega325A/ATmega325PA/ATmega3250A/ATmega3250PA)
    - 4KBytes (ATmega645A/ATmega645P/ATmega6450A/ATmega6450P)
  - Write/erase cycles: 10,000 flash/100,000 EEPROM
  - Data retention: 20 years at 85°C/100 years at 25°C <sup>(1)</sup>
  - Optional Boot Code Section with Independent Lock Bits
    - In-System Programming by On-chip Boot Program
    - True read-while-write operation
  - Programming lock for software security
- Atmel QTouch® library support
  - Capacitive touch buttons, sliders and wheels
  - Atmel QTouch and QMatrix acquisition
  - Up to 64 sense channels
- JTAG (IEEE std. 1149.1 compliant) interface
  - Boundary-scan capabilities according to the JTAG standard
  - Extensive on-chip debug support
  - Programming of Flash, EEPROM, Fuses, and Lock Bits through the JTAG Interface
- Peripheral Features
  - Two 8-bit Timer/Counters with Separate Prescaler and Compare Mode
  - One 16-bit Timer/Counter with Separate Prescaler, Compare Mode, and Capture Mode
  - Real time counter with separate oscillator
  - Four PWM channels
  - 8-channel, 10-bit ADC

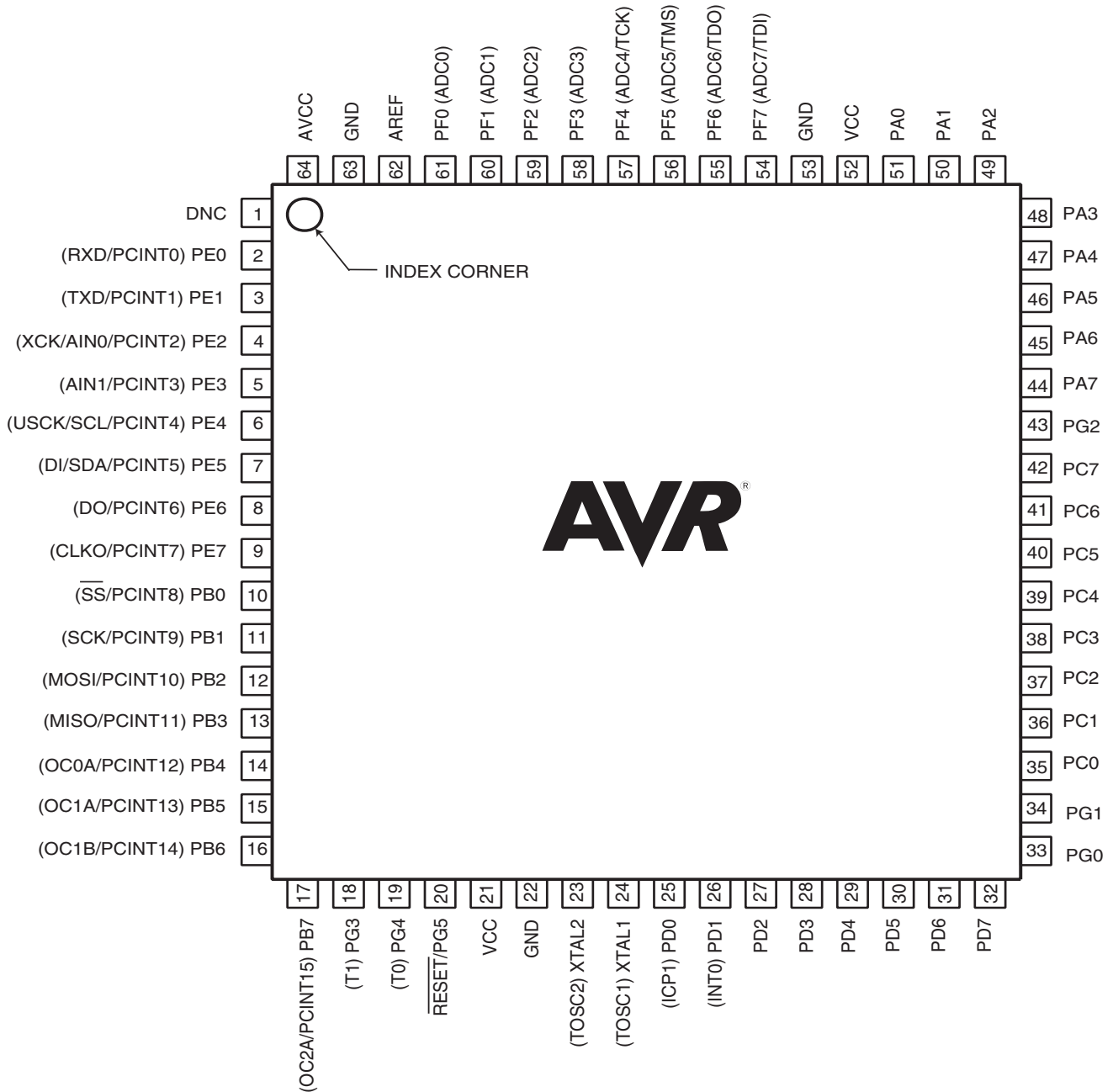
- Programmable serial USART
- Master/Slave SPI Serial Interface
- Universal Serial Interface with Start Condition detector
- Programmable Watchdog Timer with separate on-chip oscillator
- On-chip Analog Comparator
- Interrupt and Wake-up on pin change
- Special microcontroller features
  - Power-on reset and programmable Brown-out detection
  - Internal calibrated oscillator
  - External and internal interrupt sources
  - Five sleep modes: Idle, ADC Noise Reduction, Power-save, Power-down and Standby
- I/O and packages
  - 54/69 programmable I/O lines
  - 64/100-lead TQFP, 64-pad QFN/MLF and 64-pad DRQFN
- Speed grade:
  - ATmega 165A/165PA/645A/645P: 0 - 16MHz @ 1.8 - 5.5V
  - ATmega325A/325PA/3250A/3250PA/6450A/6450P: 0 - 20MHz @ 1.8 - 5.5V
- Temperature range:
  - -40°C to 85°C industrial
- Ultra-low power consumption (picoPower® devices)
  - Active mode:
    - 1MHz, 1.8V: 215µA
    - 32kHz, 1.8V: 8µA (including oscillator)
  - Power-down mode: 0.1µA at 1.8V
  - Power-save mode: 0.6µA at 1.8V (Including 32kHz RTC)

Note: 1. Reliability Qualification results show that the projected data retention failure rate is much less than 1 PPM over 20 years at 85°C or 100 years at 25°C.

# 1. Pin configurations

## 1.1 Pinout - TQFP and QFN/MLF

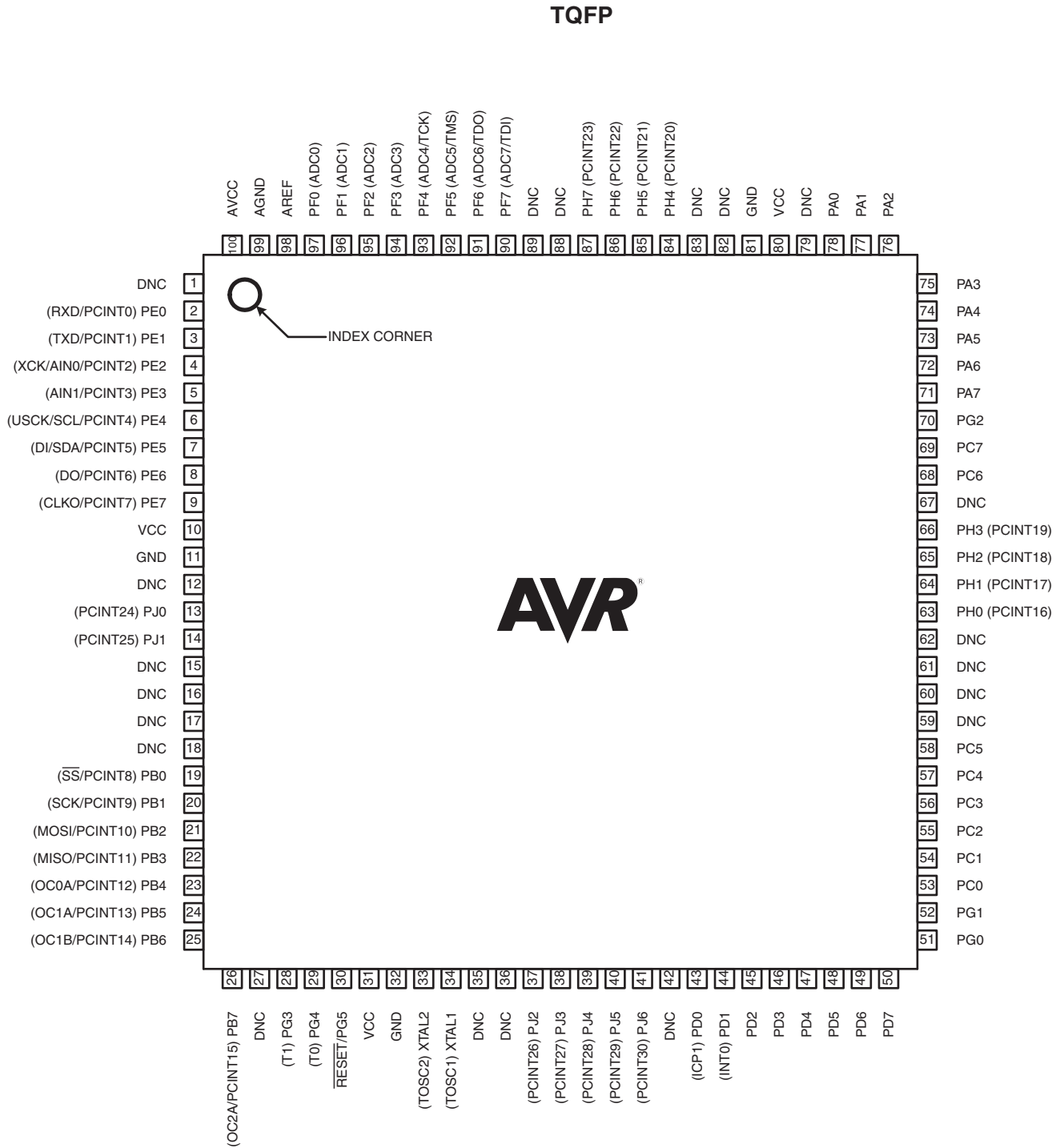
Figure 1-1. 64A (TQFP) and 64M1 (QFN/MLF) pinout Atmel  
 ATmega165A/ATmega165PA/ATmega325A/ATmega325PA/ATmega645A/ATmega645P.



Note: The large center pad underneath the QFN/MLF packages is made of metal and internally connected to GND. It should be soldered or glued to the board to ensure good mechanical stability. If the center pad is left unconnected, the package might loosen from the board.

## 1.2 Pinout - 100A (TQFP)

Figure 1-2. Pinout Atmel ATmega3250A/ATmega3250PA/ATmega6450A/ATmega6450P.

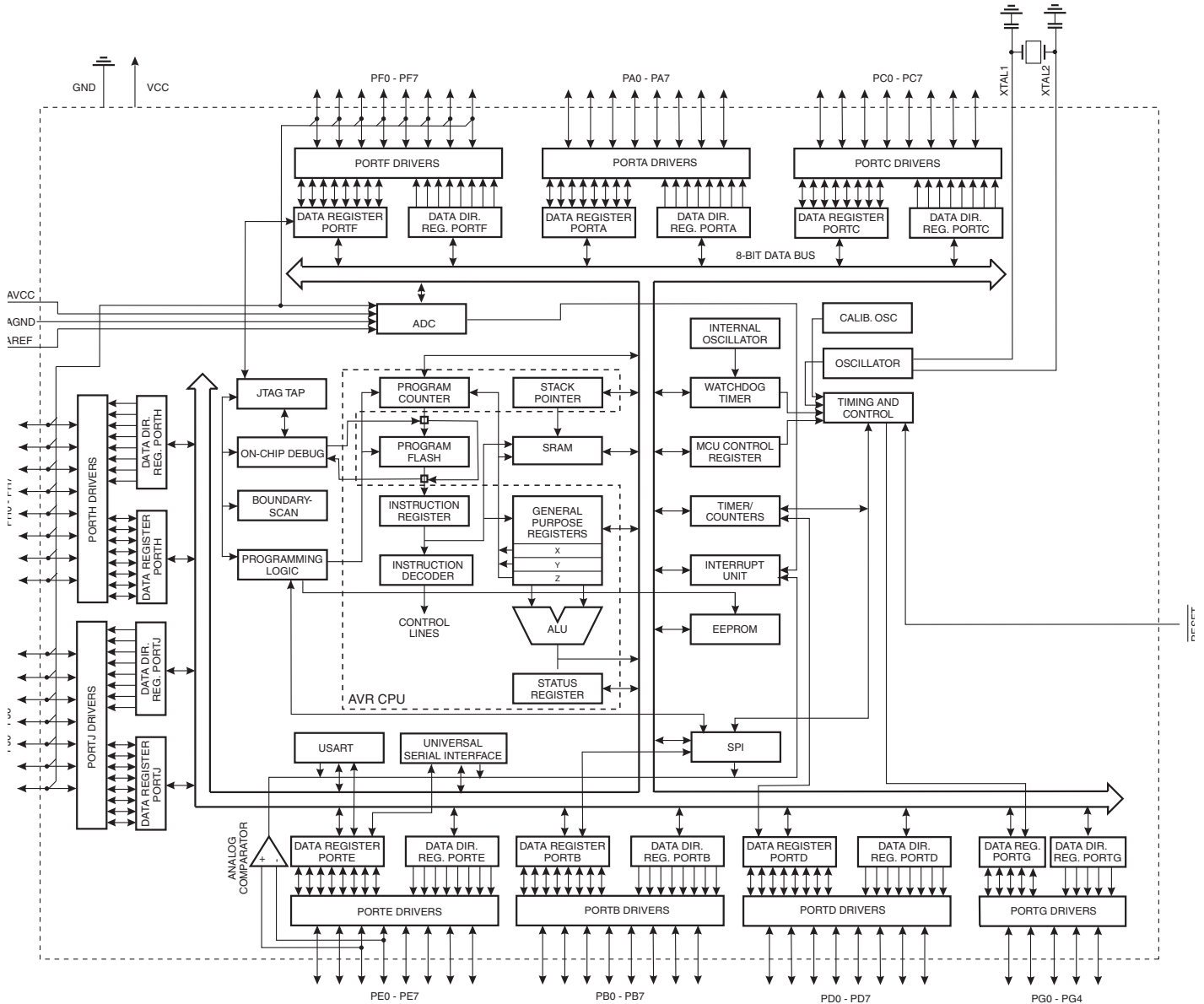


## 2. Overview

The Atmel ATmega165A/165PA/325A/325PA/3250A/3250PA/645A/645P/6450A/6450P is a low-power CMOS 8-bit microcontroller based on the AVR enhanced RISC architecture. By executing powerful instructions in a single clock cycle, this microcontroller achieves throughputs approaching 1 MIPS per MHz allowing the system designer to optimize power consumption versus processing speed.

### 2.1 Block diagram

Figure 2-1. Block diagram.



The AVR core combines a rich instruction set with 32 general purpose working registers. All the 32 registers are directly connected to the Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU), allowing two independent registers to be accessed in one single instruction executed in one clock cycle. The resulting architecture is more code efficient while achieving throughputs up to ten times faster than conventional CISC microcontrollers.

The Atmel ATmega165A/165PA/325A/325PA/3250A/3250PA/645A/645P/6450A/6450P provides the following features: 16K/32K/64K bytes of In-System Programmable Flash with Read-While-Write capabilities, 512/1K/2K bytes EEPROM, 1K/2K/4K byte SRAM, 54/69 general purpose I/O lines, 32 general purpose working registers, a JTAG interface for Boundary-scan, On-chip Debugging support and programming, three flexible Timer/Counters with compare modes, internal and external interrupts, a serial programmable USART, Universal Serial Interface with Start Condition Detector, an 8-channel, 10-bit ADC, a programmable Watchdog Timer with internal Oscillator, an SPI serial port, and five software selectable power saving modes. The Idle mode stops the CPU while allowing the SRAM, Timer/Counters, SPI port, and interrupt system to continue functioning. The Power-down mode saves the register contents but freezes the Oscillator, disabling all other chip functions until the next interrupt or hardware reset. In Power-save mode, the asynchronous timer continues to run, allowing the user to maintain a timer base while the rest of the device is sleeping. The ADC Noise Reduction mode stops the CPU and all I/O modules except asynchronous timer and ADC, to minimize switching noise during ADC conversions. In Standby mode, the XTAL/resonator Oscillator is running while the rest of the device is sleeping. This allows very fast start-up combined with low-power consumption.

Atmel offers the QTouch® library for embedding capacitive touch buttons, sliders and wheels functionality into AVR microcontrollers. The patented charge-transfer signal acquisition offers robust sensing and includes fully debounced reporting of touch keys and includes Adjacent Key Suppression® (AKS®) technology for unambiguous detection of key events. The easy-to-use QTouch Suite toolchain allows you to explore, develop and debug your own touch applications.

The device is manufactured using Atmel's high density non-volatile memory technology. The On-chip ISP Flash allows the program memory to be reprogrammed In-System through an SPI serial interface, by a conventional non-volatile memory programmer, or by an On-chip Boot program running on the AVR core. The Boot program can use any interface to download the application program in the Application Flash memory. Software in the Boot Flash section will continue to run while the Application Flash section is updated, providing true Read-While-Write operation. By combining an 8-bit RISC CPU with In-System Self-Programmable Flash on a monolithic chip, the Atmel device is a powerful microcontroller that provides a highly flexible and cost effective solution to many embedded control applications.

The ATmega165A/165PA/325A/325PA/3250A/3250PA/645A/645P/6450A/6450P AVR is supported with a full suite of program and system development tools including: C Compilers, Macro Assemblers, Program Debugger/Simulators, In-Circuit Emulators, and Evaluation kits.

## 2.2 Comparison between Atmel

### ATmega165A/165PA/325A/325PA/3250A/3250PA/645A/645P/6450A/6450P

Table 2-1. Differences between: ATmega165A/165PA/325A/325PA/3250A/3250PA/645A/645P/6450A/6450P.

Device	Flash	EEPROM	RAM	MHz
ATmega165A	16Kbyte	512Bytes	1Kbyte	16
ATmega165PA	16Kbyte	512Bytes	1Kbyte	16
ATmega325A	32Kbyte	1Kbyte	2Kbyte	20
ATmega325PA	32Kbyte	1Kbyte	2Kbyte	20
ATmega3250A	32Kbytes	1Kbyte	2Kbyte	20
ATmega3250PA	32Kbyte	1Kbyte	2Kbyte	20
ATmega645A	64Kbyte	2Kbyte	4Kbyte	16
ATmega645P	64Kbyte	2Kbyte	4Kbyte	16
ATmega6450A	64Kbyte	2Kbyte	4Kbyte	20
ATmega6450P	64Kbyte	2Kbyte	4Kbyte	20

## 2.3 Pin descriptions

### 2.3.1 VCC

Digital supply voltage.

### 2.3.2 GND

Ground.

### 2.3.3 Port A (PA7:PA0)

Port A is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port A output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port A pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port A pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port A also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega165A/165PA/325A/325PA/3250A/3250PA/645A/645P/6450A/6450P as listed on ["Alternate functions of Port B" on page 73](#).

### 2.3.4 Port B (PB7:PB0)

Port B is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port B output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port B pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port B pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port B has better driving capabilities than the other ports.

Port B also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega165A/165PA/325A/325PA/3250A/3250PA/645A/645P/6450A/6450P as listed on ["Alternate functions of Port B" on page 73](#).

### 2.3.5 Port C (PC7:PC0)

Port C is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port C output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port C pins

that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port C pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port C also serves the functions of special features of the Atmel ATmega165A/165PA/325A/325PA/3250A/3250PA/645A/645P/6450A/6450P as listed on ["Alternate functions of Port D" on page 75](#).

### 2.3.6 Port D (PD7:PD0)

Port D is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port D output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port D pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port D pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port D also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega165A/165PA/325A/325PA/3250A/3250PA/645A/645P/6450A/6450P as listed on ["Alternate functions of Port D" on page 75](#).

### 2.3.7 Port E (PE7:PE0)

Port E is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port E output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port E pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port E pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port E also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega165A/165PA/325A/325PA/3250A/3250PA/645A/645P/6450A/6450P as listed on ["Alternate functions of Port E" on page 76](#).

### 2.3.8 Port F (PF7:PF0)

Port F serves as the analog inputs to the A/D Converter.

Port F also serves as an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port, if the A/D Converter is not used. Port pins can provide internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port F output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port F pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port F pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running. If the JTAG interface is enabled, the pull-up resistors on pins PF7(TDI), PF5(TMS), and PF4(TCK) will be activated even if a reset occurs.

Port F also serves the functions of the JTAG interface, see ["Alternate functions of Port F" on page 78](#).

### 2.3.9 Port G (PG5:PG0)

Port G is a 6-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port G output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port G pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port G pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port G also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega165A/165PA/325A/325PA/3250A/3250PA/645A/645P/6450A/6450P as listed on [page 80](#).

### 2.3.10 Port H (PH7:PH0)

Port H is a 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port H output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port H pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port H pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port H also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega3250A/3250PA/6450A/6450P as listed on [page 81](#).



### 2.3.11 Port J (PJ6:PJ0)

Port J is a 7-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port J output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port J pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port J pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port J also serves the functions of various special features of the Atmel ATmega3250A/3250PA/6450A/6450P as listed on [page 83](#).

### 2.3.12 RESET

Reset input. A low level on this pin for longer than the minimum pulse length will generate a reset, even if the clock is not running. The minimum pulse length is given in [Table 28-13 on page 304](#). Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to generate a reset.

### 2.3.13 XTAL1

Input to the inverting Oscillator amplifier and input to the internal clock operating circuit.

### 2.3.14 XTAL2

Output from the inverting Oscillator amplifier.

### 2.3.15 AVCC

AVCC is the supply voltage pin for Port F and the A/D Converter. It should be externally connected to  $V_{CC}$ , even if the ADC is not used. If the ADC is used, it should be connected to  $V_{CC}$  through a low-pass filter.

### 2.3.16 AREF

This is the analog reference pin for the A/D Converter.

### 3. Resources

A comprehensive set of development tools, application notes and datasheets are available for download on <http://www.atmel.com/avr>.

### 4. Data retention

Reliability Qualification results show that the projected data retention failure rate is much less than 1 PPM over 20 years at 85°C or 100 years at 25°C.

### 5. About code examples

This documentation contains simple code examples that briefly show how to use various parts of the device. Be aware that not all C compiler vendors include bit definitions in the header files and interrupt handling in C is compiler dependent. Please confirm with the C compiler documentation for more details.

These code examples assume that the part specific header file is included before compilation. For I/O registers located in extended I/O map, "IN", "OUT", "SBIS", "SBIC", "CBI", and "SBI" instructions must be replaced with instructions that allow access to extended I/O. Typically "LDS" and "STS" combined with "SBRS", "SBRC", "SBR", and "CBR".

### 6. Capacitive touch sensing

The Atmel QTouch Library provides a simple to use solution to realize touch sensitive interfaces on most Atmel AVR microcontrollers. The QTouch Library includes support for the Atmel QTouch and QMatrix acquisition methods.

Touch sensing can be added to any application by linking the appropriate Atmel QTouch Library for the AVR Microcontroller. This is done by using a simple set of APIs to define the touch channels and sensors, and then calling the touch sensing API's to retrieve the channel information and determine the touch sensor states.

The QTouch Library is FREE and downloadable from the Atmel website at the following location: [www.atmel.com/qtouchlibrary](http://www.atmel.com/qtouchlibrary). For implementation details and other information, refer to the [Atmel QTouch Library User Guide](#) - also available for download from the Atmel website.

## 7. Register Summary

Note: Registers with bold type only available in ATmega3250A/3250PA/6450A/6450P.

(0xFF)	Reserved									
(0xFE)	Reserved									
(0xFD)	Reserved									
(0xFC)	Reserved									
(0xFB)	Reserved									
(0xFA)	Reserved									
(0xF9)	Reserved									
(0xF8)	Reserved									
(0xF7)	Reserved									
(0xF6)	Reserved									
(0xF5)	Reserved									
(0xF4)	Reserved									
(0xF3)	Reserved									
(0xF2)	Reserved									
(0xF1)	Reserved									
(0xF0)	Reserved									
(0xEF)	Reserved									
(0xEE)	Reserved									
(0xED)	Reserved									
(0xEC)	Reserved									
(0xEB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xEA)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE9)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE8)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE7)	Reserved									
(0xE6)	Reserved									
(0xE5)	Reserved									
(0xE4)	Reserved									
(0xE3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE2)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE1)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE0)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDD)	<b>PORTJ</b>	-	<b>PORTJ6</b>	<b>PORTJ5</b>	<b>PORTJ4</b>	<b>PORTJ3</b>	<b>PORTJ2</b>	<b>PORTJ1</b>	<b>PORTJ0</b>	88
(0xDC)	<b>DDRJ</b>	-	<b>DDJ6</b>	<b>DDJ5</b>	<b>DDJ4</b>	<b>DDJ3</b>	<b>DDJ2</b>	<b>DDJ1</b>	<b>DDJ0</b>	88
(0xDB)	<b>PINJ</b>	-	<b>PINJ6</b>	<b>PINJ5</b>	<b>PINJ4</b>	<b>PINJ3</b>	<b>PINJ2</b>	<b>PINJ1</b>	<b>PINJ0</b>	88
(0xDA)	<b>PORTR</b>	<b>PORTR7</b>	<b>PORTR6</b>	<b>PORTR5</b>	<b>PORTR4</b>	<b>PORTR3</b>	<b>PORTR2</b>	<b>PORTR1</b>	<b>PORTR0</b>	87
(0xD9)	<b>DDRH</b>	<b>DDH7</b>	<b>DDH6</b>	<b>DDH5</b>	<b>DDH4</b>	<b>DDH3</b>	<b>DDH2</b>	<b>DDH1</b>	<b>DDH0</b>	87
(0xD8)	<b>PINH</b>	<b>PINH7</b>	<b>PINH6</b>	<b>PINH5</b>	<b>PINH4</b>	<b>PINH3</b>	<b>PINH2</b>	<b>PINH1</b>	<b>PINH0</b>	88
(0xD7)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD6)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD5)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD4)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD2)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD1)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD0)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xCF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xCE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xCD)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xCC)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xCB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xCA)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xC9)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xC8)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xC7)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xC6)	UDR0	USART0 Data Register								178
(0xC5)	UBRR0H	USART0 Baud Rate Register High								182

(0xC4)	UBRR0L	USART0 Baud Rate Register Low								182
(0xC3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xC2)	UCSR0C	-	UMSEL0	UPM01	UPM00	USBS0	UCSZ01	UCSZ00	UCPOL0	180
(0xC1)	UCSR0B	RXCIE0	TXCIE0	UDRIE0	RXEN0	TXEN0	UCSZ02	RXB80	TXB80	179
(0xC0)	UCSR0A	RXC0	TXC0	UDRE0	FE0	DOR0	UPE0	U2X0	MPCM0	178
(0xBF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xBE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xBD)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xBC)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xBB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xBA)	USIDR	USI Data Register								190
(0xB9)	USISR	USISIF	USIOIF	USIPF	USIDC	USICNT3	USICNT2	USICNT1	USICNT0	190
(0xB8)	USICR	USISIE	USIOIE	USIWM1	USIWM0	USICS1	USICS0	USICLK	USITC	191
(0xB7)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xB6)	ASSR	-	-	-	EXCLK	AS2	TCN2UB	OCR2UB	TCR2UB	146
(0xB5)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xB4)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xB3)	OCR2A	Timer/Counter 2 Output Compare Register A								145
(0xB2)	TCNT2	Timer/Counter2								144
(0xB1)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xB0)	TCCR2A	FOC2A	WGM20	COM2A1	COM2A0	WGM21	CS22	CS21	CS20	143
(0xAF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xAE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xAD)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xAC)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xAB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xAA)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA9)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA8)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA7)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA6)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA5)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA4)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA2)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA1)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA0)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9E)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9D)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9C)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9B)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9A)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x99)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x98)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x97)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x96)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x95)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x94)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x93)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x92)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x91)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x90)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x8F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x8E)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x8D)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x8C)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x8B)	OCR1BH	Timer/Counter1 Output Compare Register B High								126
(0x8A)	OCR1BL	Timer/Counter1 Output Compare Register B Low								126
(0x89)	OCR1AH	Timer/Counter1 Output Compare Register A High								126
(0x88)	OCR1AL	Timer/Counter1 Output Compare Register A Low								126
(0x87)	ICR1H	Timer/Counter1 Input Capture Register High								126
(0x86)	ICR1L	Timer/Counter1 Input Capture Register Low								126
(0x85)	TCNT1H	Timer/Counter1 High								126
(0x84)	TCNT1L	Timer/Counter1 Low								126

(0x83)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
(0x82)	TCCR1C	FOC1A	FOC1B	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	125
(0x81)	TCCR1B	ICNC1	ICES1	–	–	WGM13	WGM12	CS12	CS11	CS10	124
(0x80)	TCCR1A	COM1A1	COM1A0	COM1B1	COM1B0	–	–	–	WGM11	WGM10	122
(0x7F)	DIDR1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	AIN1D	AIN0D	197
(0x7E)	DIDR0	ADC7D	ADC6D	ADC5D	ADC4D	ADC3D	ADC2D	ADC1D	ADC0D	–	215
(0x7D)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
(0x7C)	ADMUX	REFS1	REFS0	ADLAR	MUX4	MUX3	MUX2	MUX1	MUX0	–	211
(0x7B)	ADCSRB	–	ACME	–	–	–	ADTS2	ADTS1	ADTS0	–	214
(0x7A)	ADCSRA	ADEN	ADSC	ADATE	ADIF	ADIE	ADPS2	ADPS1	ADPS0	–	213
(0x79)	ADCH	ADC Data Register High									214
(0x78)	ADCL	ADC Data Register Low									214
(0x77)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
(0x76)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
(0x75)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
(0x74)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
(0x73)	PCMSK3	–	PCINT30	PCINT29	PCINT28	PCINT27	PCINT26	PCINT25	PCINT24	–	63
(0x72)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
(0x71)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
(0x70)	TIMSK2	–	–	–	–	–	–	OCIE2A	TOIE2	–	145
(0x6F)	TIMSK1	–	–	ICIE1	–	–	–	OCIE1B	OCIE1A	TOIE1	127
(0x6E)	TIMSK0	–	–	–	–	–	–	OCIE0A	TOIE0	–	101
(0x6D)	PCMSK2	PCINT23	PCINT22	PCINT21	PCINT20	PCINT19	PCINT18	PCINT17	PCINT16	–	63
(0x6C)	PCMSK1	PCINT15	PCINT14	PCINT13	PCINT12	PCINT11	PCINT10	PCINT9	PCINT8	–	63
(0x6B)	PCMSK0	PCINT7	PCINT6	PCINT5	PCINT4	PCINT3	PCINT2	PCINT1	PCINT0	–	63
(0x6A)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
(0x69)	EICRA	–	–	–	–	–	–	ISC01	ISC00	–	61
(0x68)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
(0x67)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
(0x66)	OSCCAL	Oscillator Calibration Register [CAL7:0]									36
(0x65)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
(0x64)	PRR	–	–	–	–	PRTIM1	PRSPI	PSUSART0	PRADC	–	43
(0x63)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
(0x62)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
(0x61)	CLKPR	CLKPCE	–	–	–	CLKPS3	CLKPS2	CLKPS1	CLKPS0	–	36
(0x60)	WDTCSR	–	–	–	WDCE	WDE	WDP2	WDP1	WDP0	–	50
0x3F (0x5F)	SREG	I	T	H	S	V	N	Z	C	–	13
0x3E (0x5E)	SPH	Stack Pointer High									15
0x3D (0x5D)	SPL	Stack Pointer Low									15
0x3C (0x5C)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
0x3B (0x5B)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
0x3A (0x5A)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
0x39 (0x59)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
0x38 (0x58)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
0x37 (0x57)	SPMCSR	SPMIE	RWWSB	–	RWWSRE	BLBSET	PGWRT	PGERS	SPMEN	–	262
0x36 (0x56)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
0x35 (0x55)	MCUCR	JTD	BODS	BODSE	PUD	–	–	IVSEL	IVCE	–	58/85/247
0x34 (0x54)	MCUSR	–	–	–	JTRF	WDRF	BORF	EXTRF	PORF	–	50
0x33 (0x53)	SMCR	–	–	–	–	SM2	SM1	SM0	SE	–	50
0x32 (0x52)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
0x31 (0x51)	OCDR	IDRD/OCDR7	OCDR6	OCDR5	OCDR4	OCDR3	OCDR2	OCDR1	OCDR0	–	221
0x30 (0x50)	ACSR	ACD	ACBG	ACO	ACI	ACIE	ACIC	ACIS1	ACIS0	–	196
0x2F (0x4F)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
0x2E (0x4E)	SPDR	SPI Data Register									155
0x2D (0x4D)	SPSR	SPIF	WCOL	–	–	–	–	–	–	SPI2X	155
0x2C (0x4C)	SPCR	SPIE	SPE	DORD	MSTR	CPOL	CPHA	SPR1	SPR0	–	154
0x2B (0x4B)	GPIOR2	General Purpose I/O Register									27
0x2A (0x4A)	GPIOR1	General Purpose I/O Register									27
0x29 (0x49)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
0x28 (0x48)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
0x27 (0x47)	OCR0A	Timer/Counter0 Output Compare A									101
0x26 (0x46)	TCNT0	Timer/Counter0									100
0x25 (0x45)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
0x24 (0x44)	TCCR0A	FOC0A	WGM00	COM0A1	COM0A0	WGM01	CS02	CS01	CS00	–	98
0x23 (0x43)	GTCCR	TSM	–	–	–	–	–	PSR2	PSR10	–	130/146



## 8. Instruction Set Summary

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
<b>ARITHMETIC AND LOGIC INSTRUCTIONS</b>					
ADD	Rd, Rr	Add two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADC	Rd, Rr	Add with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr + C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADIW	RdI,K	Add Immediate to Word	$Rdh:Rdl \leftarrow Rdh:Rdl + K$	Z,C,N,V,S	2
SUB	Rd, Rr	Subtract two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SUBI	Rd, K	Subtract Constant from Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBC	Rd, Rr	Subtract with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr - C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBCI	Rd, K	Subtract with Carry Constant from Reg.	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K - C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBIW	RdI,K	Subtract Immediate from Word	$Rdh:Rdl \leftarrow Rdh:Rdl - K$	Z,C,N,V,S	2
AND	Rd, Rr	Logical AND Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rr$	Z,N,V	1
ANDI	Rd, K	Logical AND Register and Constant	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet K$	Z,N,V	1
OR	Rd, Rr	Logical OR Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee Rr$	Z,N,V	1
ORI	Rd, K	Logical OR Register and Constant	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$	Z,N,V	1
EOR	Rd, Rr	Exclusive OR Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rr$	Z,N,V	1
COM	Rd	One's Complement	$Rd \leftarrow 0xFF - Rd$	Z,C,N,V	1
NEG	Rd	Two's Complement	$Rd \leftarrow 0x00 - Rd$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBR	Rd,K	Set Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$	Z,N,V	1
CBR	Rd,K	Clear Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet (0xFF - K)$	Z,N,V	1
INC	Rd	Increment	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + 1$	Z,N,V	1
DEC	Rd	Decrement	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - 1$	Z,N,V	1
TST	Rd	Test for Zero or Minus	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rd$	Z,N,V	1
CLR	Rd	Clear Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rd$	Z,N,V	1
SER	Rd	Set Register	$Rd \leftarrow 0xFF$	None	1
MUL	Rd, Rr	Multiply Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd \times Rr$	Z,C	2
MULS	Rd, Rr	Multiply Signed	$R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd \times Rr$	Z,C	2
MULSU	Rd, Rr	Multiply Signed with Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd \times Rr$	Z,C	2
FMUL	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd \times Rr) \ll 1$	Z,C	2
FMULS	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Signed	$R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd \times Rr) \ll 1$	Z,C	2
FMULSU	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Signed with Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd \times Rr) \ll 1$	Z,C	2
<b>BRANCH INSTRUCTIONS</b>					
RJMP	k	Relative Jump	$PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	2
IJMP		Indirect Jump to (Z)	$PC \leftarrow Z$	None	2
JMP	k	Direct Jump	$PC \leftarrow k$	None	3
RCALL	k	Relative Subroutine Call	$PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	3
ICALL		Indirect Call to (Z)	$PC \leftarrow Z$	None	3
CALL	k	Direct Subroutine Call	$PC \leftarrow k$	None	4
RET		Subroutine Return	$PC \leftarrow STACK$	None	4
RETI		Interrupt Return	$PC \leftarrow STACK$	I	4
CPSE	Rd,Rr	Compare, Skip if Equal	if $(Rd = Rr)$ $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
CP	Rd,Rr	Compare	$Rd - Rr$	Z, N,V,C,H	1
CPC	Rd,Rr	Compare with Carry	$Rd - Rr - C$	Z, N,V,C,H	1
CPI	Rd,K	Compare Register with Immediate	$Rd - K$	Z, N,V,C,H	1
SBRC	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register Cleared	if $(Rr(b)=0)$ $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
SBRS	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register is Set	if $(Rr(b)=1)$ $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIC	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared	if $(P(b)=0)$ $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIS	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set	if $(P(b)=1)$ $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
BRBS	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Set	if $(SREG(s) = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRBC	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared	if $(SREG(s) = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BREQ	k	Branch if Equal	if $(Z = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRNE	k	Branch if Not Equal	if $(Z = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRCS	k	Branch if Carry Set	if $(C = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRCC	k	Branch if Carry Cleared	if $(C = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRSH	k	Branch if Same or Higher	if $(C = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRLO	k	Branch if Lower	if $(C = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRMI	k	Branch if Minus	if $(N = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRPL	k	Branch if Plus	if $(N = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRGE	k	Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed	if $(N \oplus V = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRLT	k	Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed	if $(N \oplus V = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRHS	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Set	if $(H = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRHC	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Cleared	if $(H = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRTS	k	Branch if T Flag Set	if $(T = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRTC	k	Branch if T Flag Cleared	if $(T = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRVS	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Set	if $(V = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
BRVC	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Cleared	if (V = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRIE	k	Branch if Interrupt Enabled	if (I = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRID	k	Branch if Interrupt Disabled	if (I = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
<b>BIT AND BIT-TEST INSTRUCTIONS</b>					
SBI	P,b	Set Bit in I/O Register	I/O(P,b) ← 1	None	2
CBI	P,b	Clear Bit in I/O Register	I/O(P,b) ← 0	None	2
LSL	Rd	Logical Shift Left	Rd(n+1) ← Rd(n), Rd(0) ← 0	Z,C,N,V	1
LSR	Rd	Logical Shift Right	Rd(n) ← Rd(n+1), Rd(7) ← 0	Z,C,N,V	1
ROL	Rd	Rotate Left Through Carry	Rd(0) ← C, Rd(n+1) ← Rd(n), C ← Rd(7)	Z,C,N,V	1
ROR	Rd	Rotate Right Through Carry	Rd(7) ← C, Rd(n) ← Rd(n+1), C ← Rd(0)	Z,C,N,V	1
ASR	Rd	Arithmetic Shift Right	Rd(n) ← Rd(n+1), n=0..6	Z,C,N,V	1
SWAP	Rd	Swap Nibbles	Rd(3..0) ← Rd(7..4), Rd(7..4) ← Rd(3..0)	None	1
BSET	s	Flag Set	SREG(s) ← 1	SREG(s)	1
BCLR	s	Flag Clear	SREG(s) ← 0	SREG(s)	1
BST	Rr, b	Bit Store from Register to T	T ← Rr(b)	T	1
BLD	Rd, b	Bit load from T to Register	Rd(b) ← T	None	1
SEC		Set Carry	C ← 1	C	1
CLC		Clear Carry	C ← 0	C	1
SEN		Set Negative Flag	N ← 1	N	1
CLN		Clear Negative Flag	N ← 0	N	1
SEZ		Set Zero Flag	Z ← 1	Z	1
CLZ		Clear Zero Flag	Z ← 0	Z	1
SEI		Global Interrupt Enable	I ← 1	I	1
CLI		Global Interrupt Disable	I ← 0	I	1
SES		Set Signed Test Flag	S ← 1	S	1
CLS		Clear Signed Test Flag	S ← 0	S	1
SEV		Set Twos Complement Overflow.	V ← 1	V	1
CLV		Clear Twos Complement Overflow	V ← 0	V	1
SET		Set T in SREG	T ← 1	T	1
CLT		Clear T in SREG	T ← 0	T	1
SEH		Set Half Carry Flag in SREG	H ← 1	H	1
CLH		Clear Half Carry Flag in SREG	H ← 0	H	1
<b>DATA TRANSFER INSTRUCTIONS</b>					
MOV	Rd, Rr	Move Between Registers	Rd ← Rr	None	1
MOVW	Rd, Rr	Copy Register Word	Rd+1:Rd ← Rr+1:Rr	None	1
LDI	Rd, K	Load Immediate	Rd ← K	None	1
LD	Rd, X	Load Indirect	Rd ← (X)	None	2
LD	Rd, X+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	Rd ← (X), X ← X + 1	None	2
LD	Rd, -X	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	X ← X - 1, Rd ← (X)	None	2
LD	Rd, Y	Load Indirect	Rd ← (Y)	None	2
LD	Rd, Y+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	Rd ← (Y), Y ← Y + 1	None	2
LD	Rd, -Y	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	Y ← Y - 1, Rd ← (Y)	None	2
LDD	Rd, Y+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	Rd ← (Y + q)	None	2
LD	Rd, Z	Load Indirect	Rd ← (Z)	None	2
LD	Rd, Z+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	Rd ← (Z), Z ← Z+1	None	2
LD	Rd, -Z	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	Z ← Z - 1, Rd ← (Z)	None	2
LDD	Rd, Z+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	Rd ← (Z + q)	None	2
LDS	Rd, k	Load Direct from SRAM	Rd ← (k)	None	2
ST	X, Rr	Store Indirect	(X) ← Rr	None	2
ST	X+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	(X) ← Rr, X ← X + 1	None	2
ST	-X, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	X ← X - 1, (X) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Y, Rr	Store Indirect	(Y) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Y+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	(Y) ← Rr, Y ← Y + 1	None	2
ST	-Y, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	Y ← Y - 1, (Y) ← Rr	None	2
STD	Y+q, Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	(Y + q) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Z, Rr	Store Indirect	(Z) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Z+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	(Z) ← Rr, Z ← Z + 1	None	2
ST	-Z, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	Z ← Z - 1, (Z) ← Rr	None	2
STD	Z+q, Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	(Z + q) ← Rr	None	2
STS	k, Rr	Store Direct to SRAM	(k) ← Rr	None	2
LPM		Load Program Memory	R0 ← (Z)	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z	Load Program Memory	Rd ← (Z)	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z+	Load Program Memory and Post-Inc	Rd ← (Z), Z ← Z+1	None	3
SPM		Store Program Memory	(Z) ← R1:R0	None	-
IN	Rd, P	In Port	Rd ← P	None	1
OUT	P, Rr	Out Port	P ← Rr	None	1
PUSH	Rr	Push Register on Stack	STACK ← Rr	None	2
POP	Rd	Pop Register from Stack	Rd ← STACK	None	2



Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
<b>MCU CONTROL INSTRUCTIONS</b>					
NOP		No Operation		None	1
SLEEP		Sleep	(see specific descr. for Sleep function)	None	1
WDR		Watchdog Reset	(see specific descr. for WDR/timer)	None	1
BREAK		Break	For On-chip Debug Only	None	N/A

## 9. Ordering Information

### 9.1 ATmega165A

Speed (MHz) <sup>(3)</sup>	Power Supply	Ordering Code <sup>(2)</sup>	Package <sup>(1)</sup>	Operation Range
16	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega165A-AU ATmega165A-AUR <sup>(4)</sup> ATmega165A-MU ATmega165A-MUR <sup>(4)</sup> ATmega165A-MCH ATmega165A-MCHR <sup>(4)</sup>	64A 64A 64M1 64M1 64MC 64MC	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
		ATmega165A-AN ATmega165A-ANR <sup>(4)</sup> ATmega165A-MN ATmega165A-MNR <sup>(4)</sup>	64A 64A 64M1 64M1	Extended (-40°C to 105°C) <sup>(5)</sup>

- Notes:
1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
  2. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
  3. For Speed vs.  $V_{CC}$ , see [Figure 28-1 on page 302](#).
  4. Tape & Reel
  5. See characterization specifications at 105°C.

Package Type	
<b>64A</b>	64-Lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)
<b>64M1</b>	64-pad, 9 x 9 x 1.0mm body, lead pitch 0.50mm, Quad Flat No-Lead/Micro Lead Frame Package (QFN/MLF)
<b>64MC</b>	64-lead (2-row Staggered), 7 x 7 x 1.0 mm body, 4.0 x 4.0mm Exposed Pad, Quad Flat No-Lead Package (QFN)

## 9.2 ATmega165PA

Speed (MHz) <sup>(3)</sup>	Power Supply	Ordering Code <sup>(2)</sup>	Package <sup>(1)</sup>	Operation Range
16	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega165PA-AU	64A	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
		ATmega165PA-AUR <sup>(4)</sup>	64A	
		ATmega165PA-MU	64M1	
		ATmega165PA-MUR <sup>(4)</sup>	64M1	
		ATmega165PA-MCH	64MC	
		ATmega165PA-MCHR <sup>(4)</sup>	64MC	
		ATmega165PA-AN	64A	Extended (-40°C to 105°C) <sup>(5)</sup>
		ATmega165PA-ANR <sup>(4)</sup>	64A	
ATmega165PA-MN	64M1			
ATmega165PA-MNR <sup>(4)</sup>	64M1			

- Notes:
1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
  2. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
  3. For Speed vs.  $V_{CC}$ , see [Figure 28-1 on page 302](#).
  4. Tape & Reel.
  5. See characterization specifications at 105°C.

Package Type	
<b>64A</b>	64-Lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)
<b>64M1</b>	64-pad, 9 x 9 x 1.0mm body, lead pitch 0.50mm, Quad Flat No-Lead/Micro Lead Frame Package (QFN/MLF)
<b>64MC</b>	64-lead (2-row Staggered), 7 x 7 x 1.0mm body, 4.0 x 4.0 mm Exposed Pad, Quad Flat No-Lead Package (QFN)

### 9.3 ATmega325A

Speed (MHz) <sup>(3)</sup>	Power Supply	Ordering Code <sup>(2)</sup>	Package <sup>(1)</sup>	Operation Range
20	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega325A-AU ATmega325A-AUR <sup>(4)</sup> ATmega325A-MU ATmega325A-MUR <sup>(4)</sup>	64A 64A 64M1 64M1	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
		ATmega325A-AN ATmega325A-ANR <sup>(4)</sup> ATmega325A-MN ATmega325A-MNR <sup>(4)</sup>	64A 64A 64M1 64M1	Extended (-40°C to 105°C) <sup>(5)</sup>

- Notes:
1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
  2. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
  3. For Speed vs.  $V_{CC}$ , see [Figure 28-1 on page 302](#).
  4. Tape & Reel
  5. See characterizations specifications at 105°C.

Package Type	
<b>64A</b>	64-Lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)
<b>64M1</b>	64-pad, 9 x 9 x 1.0mm body, lead pitch 0.50mm, Quad Flat No-Lead/Micro Lead Frame Package (QFN/MLF)

## 9.4 ATmega325PA

Speed (MHz) <sup>(3)</sup>	Power Supply	Ordering Code <sup>(2)</sup>	Package <sup>(1)</sup>	Operation Range
20	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega325PA-AU ATmega325PA-AUR <sup>(4)</sup> ATmega325PA-MU ATmega325PA-MUR <sup>(4)</sup>	64A 64A 64M1 64M1	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
		ATmega325PA-AN ATmega325PA-ANR <sup>(4)</sup> ATmega325PA-MN ATmega325PA-MNR <sup>(4)</sup>	64A 64A 64M1 64M1	Extended (-40°C to 105°C) <sup>(5)</sup>

- Notes:
1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
  2. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
  3. For Speed vs.  $V_{CC}$ , see [Figure 28-1 on page 302](#).
  4. Tape & Reel
  5. See characterization specifications at 105°C.

Package Type	
<b>64A</b>	64-Lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)
<b>64M1</b>	64-pad, 9 x 9 x 1.0mm body, lead pitch 0.50mm, Quad Flat No-Lead/Micro Lead Frame Package (QFN/MLF)

## 9.5 ATmega3250A

Speed (MHz) <sup>(3)</sup>	Power Supply	Ordering Code <sup>(2)</sup>	Package <sup>(1)</sup>	Operation Range
20	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega3250A-AU ATmega3250A-AUR <sup>(4)</sup>	100A 100A	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
		ATmega3250A-AN ATmega3250A-ANR <sup>(4)</sup>	100A 100A	Extended (-40°C to 105°C) <sup>(5)</sup>

- Notes:
1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
  2. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
  3. For Speed vs.  $V_{CC}$ , see [Figure 28-1 on page 302](#).
  4. Tape & Reel
  5. See characterization specifications at 105°C.

Package Type	
<b>100A</b>	100-lead, 14 x 14 x 1.0mm, 0.5mm Lead Pitch, Thin Profile Plastic Quad Flat Package (TQFP)

## 9.6 ATmega3250PA

Speed (MHz) <sup>(3)</sup>	Power Supply	Ordering Code <sup>(2)</sup>	Package <sup>(1)</sup>	Operation Range
20	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega3250PA-AU ATmega3250PA-AUR <sup>(4)</sup>	100A 100A	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
		ATmega3250PA-AN ATmega3250PA-ANR <sup>(4)</sup>	100A 100A	Extended (-40°C to 105°C) <sup>(5)</sup>

- Notes:
1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
  2. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
  3. For Speed vs.  $V_{CC}$ , see [Figure 28-1 on page 302](#).
  4. Tape & Reel
  5. See characterization specifications at 105°C.

Package Type	
<b>100A</b>	100-lead, 14 x 14 x 1.0mm, 0.5mm Lead Pitch, Thin Profile Plastic Quad Flat Package (TQFP)

## 9.7 ATmega645A

Speed (MHz) <sup>(3)</sup>	Power Supply	Ordering Code <sup>(2)</sup>	Package <sup>(1)</sup>	Operation Range
20	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega645A-AU ATmega645A-AUR <sup>(4)</sup> ATmega645A-MU ATmega645A-MUR <sup>(4)</sup>	64A 64A 64M1 64M1	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)

- Notes:
1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
  2. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
  3. For Speed vs.  $V_{CC}$ , see [Figure 28-1 on page 302](#).
  4. Tape & Reel

Package Type	
<b>64A</b>	64-Lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)
<b>64M1</b>	64-pad, 9 x 9 x 1.0mm body, lead pitch 0.50mm, Quad Flat No-Lead/Micro Lead Frame Package (QFN/MLF)



## 9.8 ATmega645P

Speed (MHz) <sup>(3)</sup>	Power Supply	Ordering Code <sup>(2)</sup>	Package <sup>(1)</sup>	Operation Range
20	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega645P-AU ATmega645P-AUR <sup>(4)</sup> ATmega645P-MU ATmega645P-MUR <sup>(4)</sup>	64A 64A 64M1 64M1	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)

- Notes:
1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
  2. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
  3. For Speed vs.  $V_{CC}$ , see [Figure 28-1 on page 302](#).
  4. Tape & Reel

Package Type	
<b>64A</b>	64-Lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)
<b>64M1</b>	64-pad, 9 x 9 x 1.0mm body, lead pitch 0.50mm, Quad Flat No-Lead/Micro Lead Frame Package (QFN/MLF)

## 9.9 ATmega6450A

Speed (MHz) <sup>(3)</sup>	Power Supply	Ordering Code <sup>(2)</sup>	Package <sup>(1)</sup>	Operation Range
20	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega6450A-AU ATmega6450A-AUR <sup>(4)</sup>	100A 100A	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)

- Notes:
1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
  2. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
  3. For Speed vs.  $V_{CC}$ , see [Figure 28-1 on page 302](#).
  4. Tape & Reel

Package Type	
<b>100A</b>	100-lead, 14 x 14 x 1.0mm, 0.5mm Lead Pitch, Thin Profile Plastic Quad Flat Package (TQFP)

## 9.10 ATmega6450P

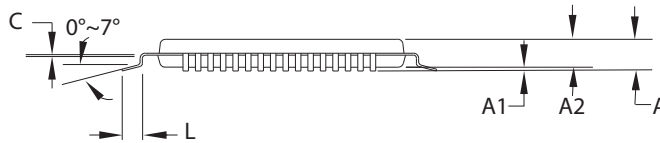
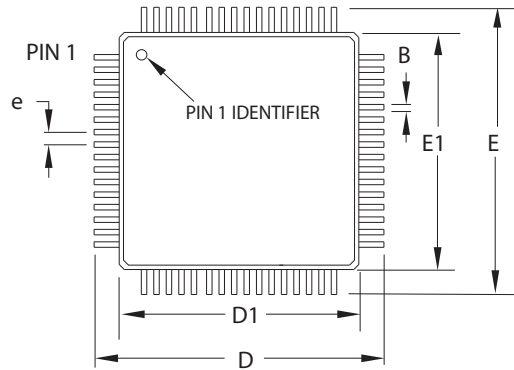
Speed (MHz) <sup>(3)</sup>	Power Supply	Ordering Code <sup>(2)</sup>	Package <sup>(1)</sup>	Operation Range
20	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega6450P-AU ATmega6450P-AUR <sup>(4)</sup>	100A 100A	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)

- Notes:
1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
  2. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
  3. For Speed vs.  $V_{CC}$ , see [Figure 28-1 on page 302](#).
  4. Tape & Reel

Package Type	
<b>100A</b>	100-lead, 14 x 14 x 1.0mm, 0.5mm Lead Pitch, Thin Profile Plastic Quad Flat Package (TQFP)

# 10. Packaging Information

## 10.1 64A



COMMON DIMENSIONS  
(Unit of measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	-	-	1.20	
A1	0.05	-	0.15	
A2	0.95	1.00	1.05	
D	15.75	16.00	16.25	
D1	13.90	14.00	14.10	Note 2
E	15.75	16.00	16.25	
E1	13.90	14.00	14.10	Note 2
B	0.30-	0.45		
C	0.09	-	0.20	
L	0.45	-	0.75	
e	0.80 TYP			

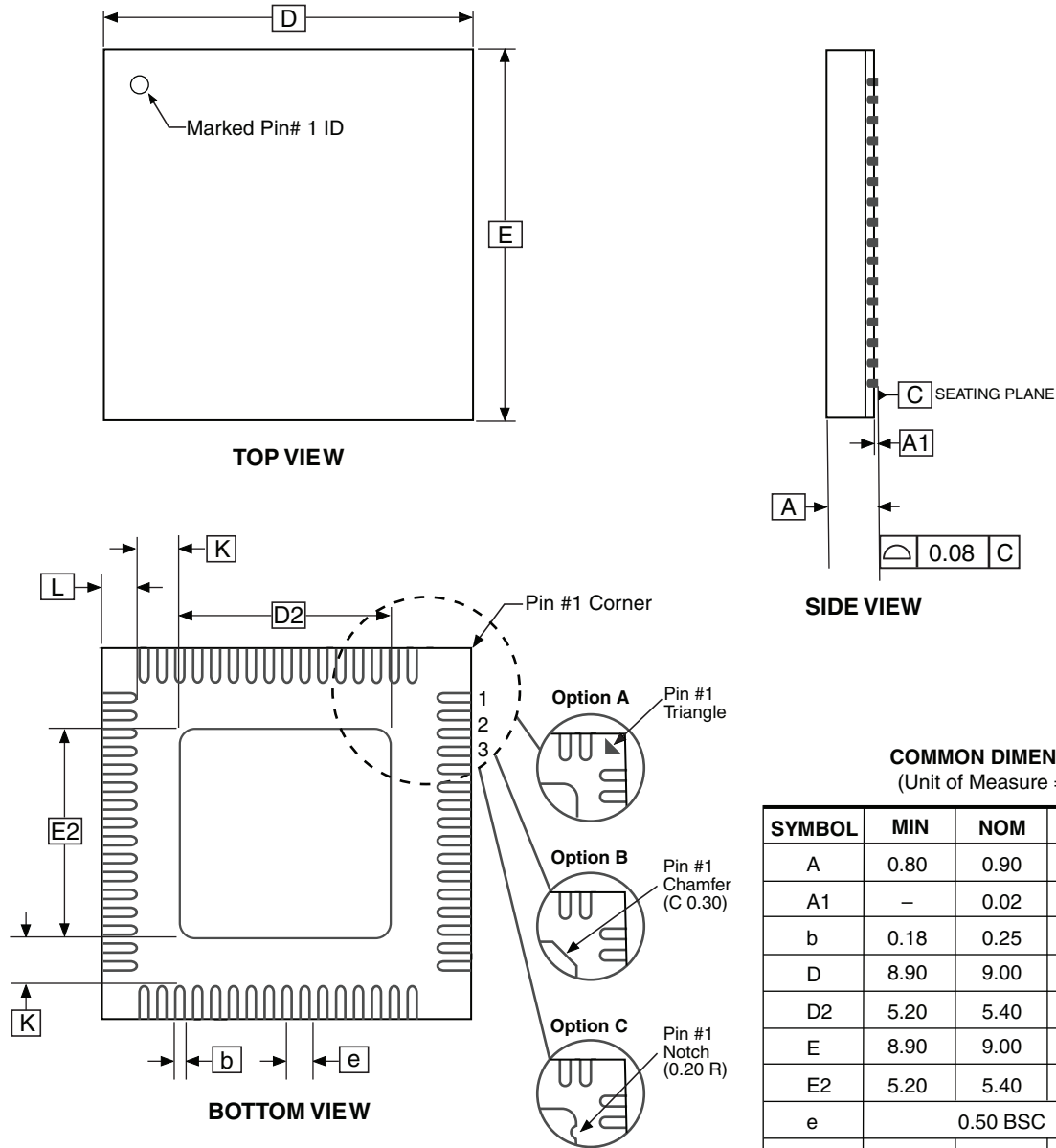
Notes:

1. This package conforms to JEDEC reference MS-026, Variation AEB.
2. Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold protrusion. Allowable protrusion is 0.25mm per side. Dimensions D1 and E1 are maximum plastic body size dimensions including mold mismatch.
3. Lead coplanarity is 0.10mm maximum.

2010-10-20

2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131	TITLE	DRAWING NO.	REV.
	64A, 64-lead, 14 x 14mm Body Size, 1.0mm Body Thickness, 0.8mm Lead Pitch, Thin Profile Plastic Quad Flat Package (TQFP)	64A	C

## 10.2 64M1



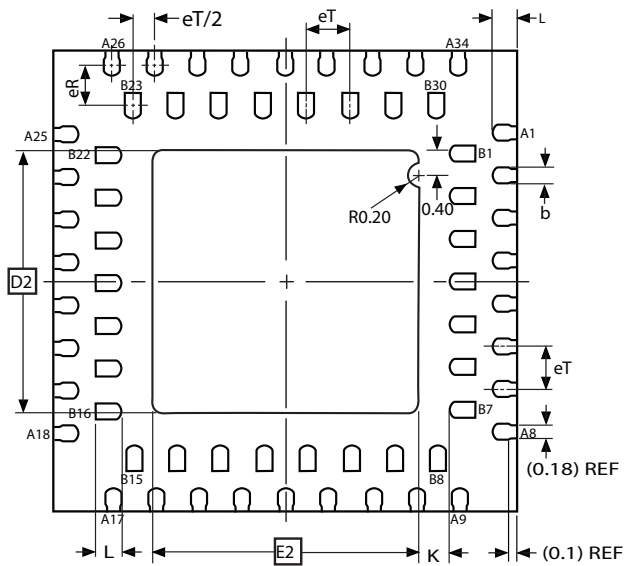
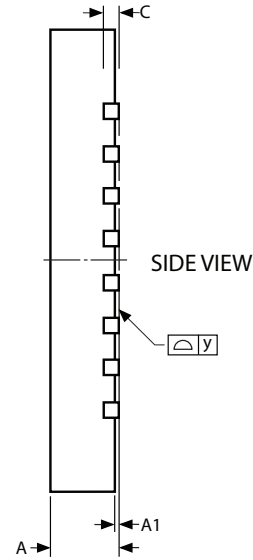
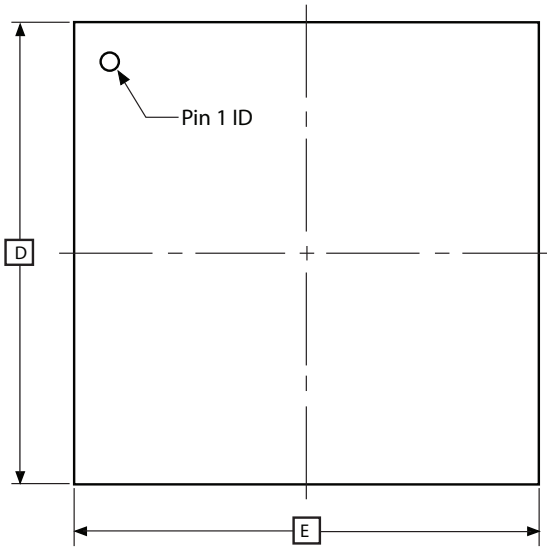
**Notes:**

1. JEDEC Standard MO-220, (SAW Singulation) Fig. 1, VMMD.
2. Dimension and tolerance conform to ASMEY14.5M-1994.

2010-10-19

2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131	<b>TITLE</b> <b>64M1</b> , 64-pad, 9 x 9 x 1.0 mm Body, Lead Pitch 0.50 mm, 5.40 mm Exposed Pad, Micro Lead Frame Package (MLF)	<b>DRAWING NO.</b> 64M1	<b>REV.</b> H

# 10.3 64MC



COMMON DIMENSIONS  
(Unit of Measure = mm)

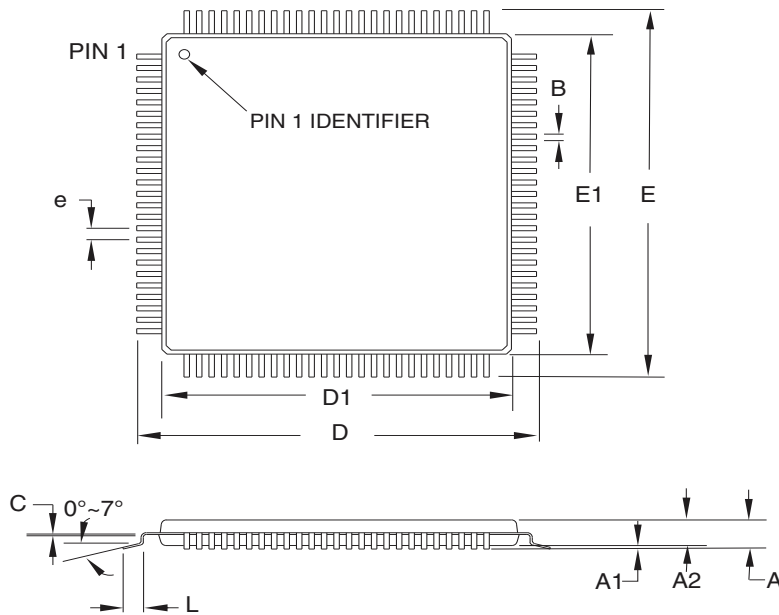
SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	0.80	0.90	1.00	
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05	
b	0.18	0.23	0.28	
C	0.20 REF			
D	6.90	7.00	7.10	
D2	3.95	4.00	4.05	
E	6.90	7.00	7.10	
E2	3.95	4.00	4.05	
eT	-	0.65	-	
eR	-	0.65	-	
K	0.20	-	-	(REF)
L	0.35	0.40	0.45	
y	0.00	-	0.075	

Note: 1. The terminal #1 ID is a Laser-marked Feature.

10/3/07

	Package Drawing Contact: packagedrawings@atmel.com	TITLE	GPC	DRAWING NO.	REV.
		64MC, 64QFN (2-Row Staggered), 7 x 7 x 1.00 mm Body, 4.0 x 4.0 mm Exposed Pad, Quad Flat No Lead Package	ZXC	64MC	A

## 10.4 100A



**COMMON DIMENSIONS**  
(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	–	–	1.20	
A1	0.05	–	0.15	
A2	0.95	1.00	1.05	
D	15.75	16.00	16.25	
D1	13.90	14.00	14.10	Note 2
E	15.75	16.00	16.25	
E1	13.90	14.00	14.10	Note 2
B	0.17	–	0.27	
C	0.09	–	0.20	
L	0.45	–	0.75	
e	0.50 TYP			

**Notes:**

1. This package conforms to JEDEC reference MS-026, Variation AED.
2. Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold protrusion. Allowable protrusion is 0.25mm per side. Dimensions D1 and E1 are maximum plastic body size dimensions including mold mismatch.
3. Lead coplanarity is 0.08mm maximum.

2014-02-05

 <b>Package Drawing Contact:</b> <a href="mailto:packagedrawings@atmel.com">packagedrawings@atmel.com</a>	TITLE	DRAWING NO.	REV.
	<b>100A</b> , 100-lead, 14 x 14mm Body Size, 1.0mm Body Thickness, 0.5mm Lead Pitch, Thin Profile Plastic Quad Flat Package (TQFP)	100A	E

## 11. Errata

### 11.1 ATmega165A/165PA/325A/325PA/3250A/3250PA/645A/645P/6450A/6450P Rev. G

No known errata.

### 11.2 ATmega165A/165PA/325A/325PA/3250A/3250PA/645A/645P/6450A/6450P Rev. A to F

Not sampled.



## 12. Datasheet Revision History

Please note that the referring page numbers in this section are referring to this document. The referring revisions in this section are referring to the document revision.

### 12.1 8285F – 08/2014

1. New back page from datasheet template 2014-0502
2. Changed chip definition in the text in [Section 9.6 "Low-frequency XTAL Oscillator" on page 32](#).

### 12.2 8285E – 02/2013

1. Applied partially the Atmel new template. New log, front page, page layout and last page changed.
2. Added ["Electrical Characteristics – TA = -40°C to 105°C" on page 308](#).
3. Removed sections 28.5 and 28.6, page 326.
4. Added ["Typical Characteristics – TA = -40°C to 105°C" on page 630](#).
5. Changed Input hysteresis (mV) to Input hysteresis (V) throughout the ["Typical characteristics – TA = -40°C to 85°C"](#).
6. Updated the typical characteristics to include Port H for all 100-pin devices: ATmega3250A/PA/6450/P. Port H has the same performance as Port A, C, D, E, F, G.
7. Updated ["Packaging Information" on page 28](#) to take into account the added the 105°C devices.

### 12.3 8285D – 06/11

1. Removed "Preliminary" from the front page.

### 12.4 8285C – 06/11

1. Updated ["Signature bytes" on page 267](#). A, P and PA devices have different signature (0x002) bytes.
2. Updated ["DC characteristics" on page 295](#) for all devices.

## 12.5 8285B – 03/11

1. Updated the datasheet according to the Atmel new Brand Style Guide
2. Updated ["Signature bytes"](#) , [Table 27.3 on page 267](#).
3. Updated the power supply voltage (1.5 - 5.5V) for all devices in ["Ordering Information" on page 18](#).
4. Added ["Ordering Information"](#) for Extended Temperature (-40°C to 105°C)

## 12.6 8285A – 09/10

1. Initial revision (Based on the ATmega165P/325P/3250P/645/6450/V).
2. Changes done compared to ATmega165P/325P/3250P/645/6450/V datasheet:
  - New EIMSK and EIFR register overview
  - New graphics in ["Typical characteristics – TA = -40°C to 85°C" on page 314](#).
  - Ordering Information includes Tape & Reel
  - New ["Ordering Information" on page 18](#).
  - QTouch Library Support Features





**Atmel Corporation** 1600 Technology Drive, San Jose, CA 95110 USA T: (+1)(408) 441.0311 F: (+1)(408) 436.4200 | [www.atmel.com](http://www.atmel.com)

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Телефон: 8 (812) 309-75-97 (многоканальный)

Факс: 8 (812) 320-03-32

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Web: <http://oceanchips.ru/>

Адрес: 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, д. 2, корп. 4, лит. А