

# MAX11301

## PIXI, 20-Port Programmable Mixed-Signal I/O with 12-Bit ADC, 12-Bit DAC, Analog Switches, and GPIO

### General Description

The MAX11301 integrates a PIXI™, 12-bit, multichannel, analog-to-digital converter (ADC) and a 12-bit, multichannel, buffered digital-to-analog converter (DAC) in a single integrated circuit. This device offers 20 mixed-signal high-voltage, bipolar ports, which are configurable as an ADC analog input, a DAC analog output, a general purpose input (GPI), a general-purpose output (GPO), or an analog switch terminal. One internal and two external temperature sensors track junction and environmental temperature. Adjacent pairs of ports are configurable as a logic-level translator for open-drain devices or an analog switch.

PIXI ports provide highly flexible hardware configuration for 12-bit mixed-signal applications. The MAX11301 is best suited for applications that demand a mixture of analog and digital functions. Each port is individually configurable with up to four selectable voltage ranges within -10V to +10V.

The MAX11301 allows for the averaging of 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, or 128 ADC samples from each ADC-configured port to improve noise performance. A DAC-configured output port can drive up to 25mA. The GPIO ports can be programmed to user-defined logic levels, and a GPI coupled with a GPO forms a logic-level translator.

Internal and external temperature measurements monitor programmable conditions of minimum and maximum temperature limits, using the interrupt to notify the host if one or more conditions occur. The temperature measurement results are made available through the serial interface.

The MAX11301 features an internal, low-noise 2.5V voltage reference and provides the option to use external voltage references with separate inputs for the DAC and ADC. The MAX11301 uses a 400kHz I<sup>2</sup>C-compatible serial interface, operating from a 5V analog supply and a 1.8V to 5.0V digital supply. The PIXI port supply voltages operate from a wide -12.0V to +12.0V.

The MAX11301 is available in a 40-pin TQFN, 6mm x 6mm package or a 48-pin TQFP, 9mm x 9mm package specified over the -40°C to +105°C temperature range.

### Applications

- Base-Station RF Power Device Bias Controllers
- System Supervision and Control
- Power-Supply Monitoring
- Industrial Control and Automation
- Control for Optical Components

### Benefits and Features

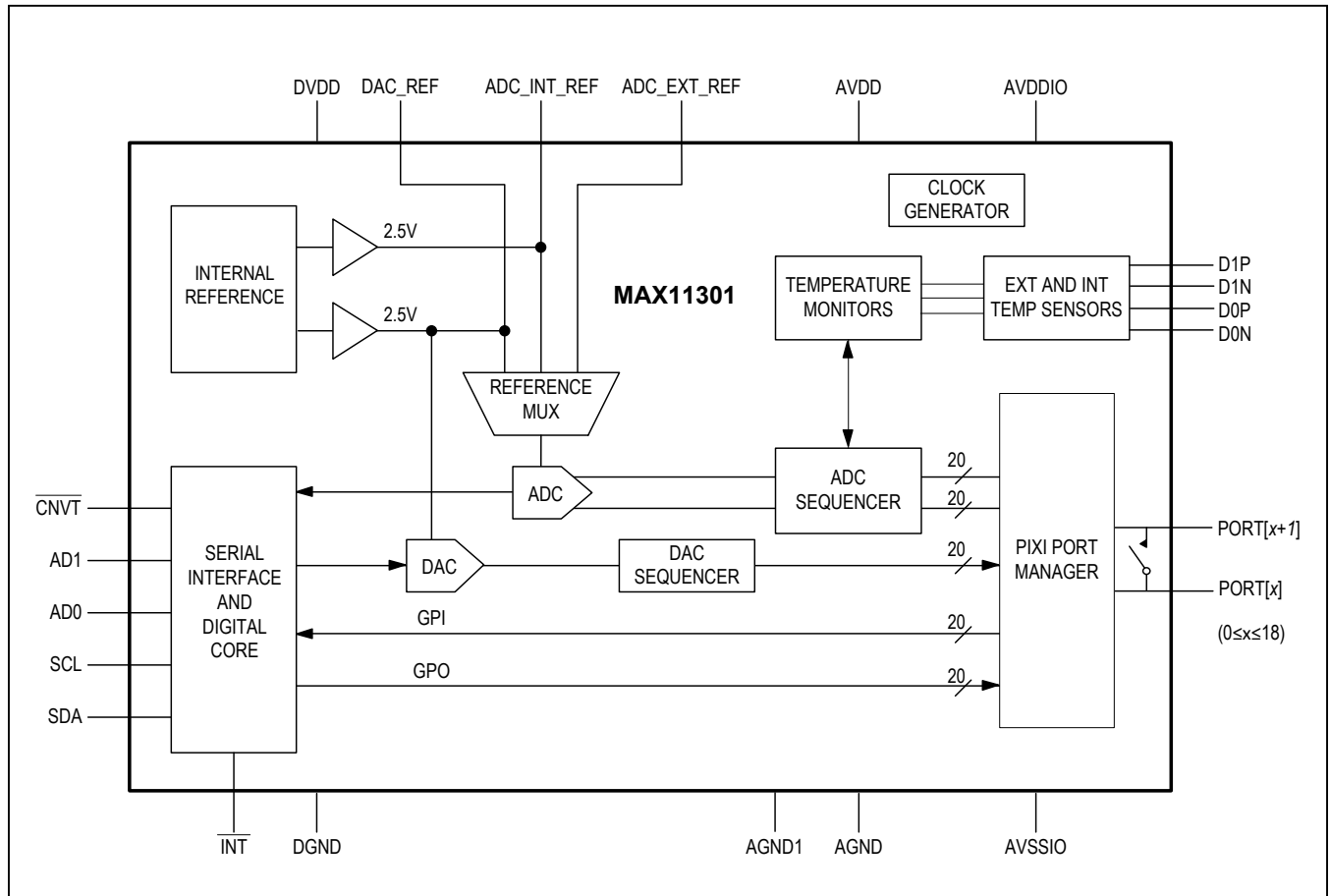
- 20 Configurable Mixed-Signal Ports Maximize Design Flexibility Across Platforms
  - Up to 20 12-Bit ADC Inputs
    - Single-Ended, Differential, or Pseudo-Differential
    - Range Options: 0 to 2.5V, ±5V, 0 to +10V, -10V to 0V
    - Programmable Sample Averaging Per ADC Port
    - Unique Voltage Reference for Each ADC PIXI Port
  - Up to 20 12-Bit DAC Outputs
    - Range Options: ±5V, 0 to +10V, -10V to 0V
    - 25mA Current Drive Capability with Overcurrent Protection
  - Up to 20 General-Purpose Digital I/Os
    - 0 to +5V GPI Input Range
    - 0 to +2.5V GPI Programmable Threshold Range
    - 0 to +10V GPO Programmable Output Range
    - Logic-Level Shifting Between Any Two Pins
  - 60Ω Analog Switch Between Adjacent PIXI Ports
  - Internal/External Temperature Sensors, ±1°C Accuracy
- Adapts to Specific Application Requirements and Allows for Easy Reconfiguration as System Needs Change
- Configurability of Functions Enables Optimized PCB Layout
- Reduces BOM Cost with Fewer Components in Small Footprint
  - 36mm<sup>2</sup> 40-Pin TQFN
  - 49mm<sup>2</sup> 48-Pin TQFP

**Ordering Information** appears at end of data sheet.

For related parts and recommended products to use with this part, refer to [www.maximintegrated.com/MAX11301.related](http://www.maximintegrated.com/MAX11301.related).

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Functional Diagram



**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

|  |  |  |   |
|--|--|--|---|
| DVDD to DGND.....  | -0.3V to +6V   | DAC and ADC Reference Pins to AGND (DAC_REF, ADC_INT_REF, ADC_EXT_REF) .....                                     | -0.3V to min of (V <sub>AVDD</sub> + 0.3V) or +4V |
| AVDD to AGND .....   | -0.3V to +6V   | Temperature Sensor Pins (D0N, D0P, D1N, D1P) to AGND.....  | -0.3V to min of (V <sub>AVDD</sub> + 0.3V) or +6V |
| AVDDIO to AVSSIO.....  | -0.3V to +25V  | Current into Any PORT Pin .....  | 100mA   |
| AVDDIO to AGND.....  | -0.3V to +17V  | Current into Any Other Pin Except Supplies and Ground.....   | 50mA  |
| AVSSIO to AGND .....   | -14V to +0.3V  | Continuous Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C) (Multilayer board) TQFN (derate 37mW/°C above +70°C) ..... | 2963mW  |
| AGND to AGND1.....   | -0.3V to +0.3V   | TQFP (derate 36.2mW/°C above +70°C).....   | 2898.6mW  |
| AGND to DGND .....   | -0.3V to +0.3V   | Operating Temperature Range.....   | -40°C to +105°C                                   |
| AGND1 to DGND .....  | -0.3V to +0.3V   | Storage Temperature Range.....   | -65°C to +150°C                                   |
| (PORT0 to PORT19) to AGND .....  | max of (V <sub>AVSSIO</sub> - 0.3V) or -14V to min of (V <sub>AVDDIO</sub> + 0.3V) or +17V | Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) .....  | +300°C  |
| (PORT0 to PORT19) to AGND (GPI and Bidirectional Level Translator Modes) ..... | -0.3V to min of (V <sub>AVDD</sub> + 0.3V) or +6V  | Soldering Temperature (reflow).....  | +260°C  |
| CVT to DGND.....   | -0.3V to min of (V <sub>DVDD</sub> + 0.3V) or +6V  |  |   |
| INT to DGND .....  | -0.3V to +6V   |  |   |
| (SDA, SCL) to DGND.....  | -0.3V to +6V   |  |   |
| (AD0, AD1) to DGND ....  | -0.3V to min of (V <sub>DVDD</sub> + 0.3V) or +6V  |  |   |

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**Package Thermal Characteristics (Note 1)**

|      |  |        |      |  |          |
|------|--|--------|------|--|----------|
| TQFN | Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ <sub>JC</sub> ).....    | 1°C/W  | TQFP | Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ <sub>JC</sub> ).....    | 2°C/W    |
|      | Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (θ <sub>JA</sub> )..... | 27°C/W |      | Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (θ <sub>JA</sub> )..... | 27.6°C/W |

**Note 1:** Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to [www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial](http://www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial).

**Electrical Characteristics**

**ADC Electrical Specifications**

(V<sub>AVDD</sub> = 4.75V to 5.25V, V<sub>DVDD</sub> = 3.3V, V<sub>AVDDIO</sub> = +12.0V, V<sub>AGND</sub> = V<sub>DGND</sub> = 0V, V<sub>AVSSIO</sub> = -2.0V, V<sub>DACREF</sub> = 2.5V, V<sub>ADCREf</sub> = 2.5V (Internal), f<sub>S</sub> = 400ksps, 10V analog input range set to range 1 (0 to +10V). T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +105°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                   | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS                        | MIN | TYP    | MAX  | UNITS  |
|-----------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-----|--------|------|--------|
| <b>DC ACCURACY (Note 3)</b> |        |                                   |     |        |      |        |
| Resolution                  |        |                                   | 12  |        |      | Bits   |
| Integral Nonlinearity       | INL    |                                   |     |        | ±2.5 | LSB    |
| Differential Nonlinearity   | DNL    | No missing codes over temperature |     |        | ±1   | LSB    |
| Offset Error                |        |                                   |     | ±0.5   | ±8   | LSB    |
| Offset Error Drift          |        |                                   |     | ±0.002 |      | LSB/°C |
| Gain Error                  |        |                                   |     |        | ±11  | LSB    |
| Gain Error Drift            |        |                                   |     | ±0.01  |      | LSB/°C |
| Channel-to-Channel Matching | Offset |                                   |     | 1      |      | LSB    |
| Channel-to-Channel Matching | Gain   |                                   |     | 2      |      | LSB    |

**Electrical Characteristics (continued)****ADC Electrical Specifications**

( $V_{AVDD} = 4.75V$  to  $5.25V$ ,  $V_{DVDD} = 3.3V$ ,  $V_{AVDDIO} = +12.0V$ ,  $V_{AGND} = V_{DGND} = 0V$ ,  $V_{AVSSIO} = -2.0V$ ,  $V_{DACREF} = 2.5V$ ,  $V_{ADCREf} = 2.5V$  (Internal),  $f_S = 400kps$ , 10V analog input range set to range 1 (0 to +10V).  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+105^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER  | SYMBOL     | CONDITIONS                        | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS      |
|--|------------|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------------|
| <b>DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE (SINGLE-ENDED INPUTS)</b> |            |                                   |     |     |     |            |
| Signal-to-Noise Plus Distortion                  | SINAD      | $f_S = 400kps$ , $f_{IN} = 10kHz$ |     | 70  |     | dB         |
| Signal to Noise                                  | SNR        | $f_S = 400kps$ , $f_{IN} = 10kHz$ |     | 71  |     | dB         |
| Total Harmonic Distortion                        | THD        | $f_S = 400kps$ , $f_{IN} = 10kHz$ |     | -75 |     | dB         |
| Spurious-Free Dynamic Range                      | SFDR       | $f_S = 400kps$ , $f_{IN} = 10kHz$ |     | 75  |     | dB         |
| Crosstalk  |            |                                   |     | -85 |     | dB         |
| <b>DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE (DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS)</b> |            |                                   |     |     |     |            |
| Signal-to-Noise Plus Distortion                  | SINAD      | $f_S = 400kps$ , $f_{IN} = 10kHz$ |     | 71  |     | dB         |
| Signal to Noise                                  | SNR        | $f_S = 400kps$ , $f_{IN} = 10kHz$ |     | 72  |     | dB         |
| Total Harmonic Distortion                        | THD        | $f_S = 400kps$ , $f_{IN} = 10kHz$ |     | -82 |     | dB         |
| Spurious-Free Dynamic Range                      | SFDR       | $f_S = 400kps$ , $f_{IN} = 10kHz$ |     | 82  |     | dB         |
| Crosstalk  |            |                                   |     | -85 |     | dB         |
| <b>CONVERSION RATE</b>                           |            |                                   |     |     |     |            |
| Throughput (Note 4)                              |            | ADCCONV[1:0] = 00                 |     | 200 |     | ksps       |
|  |            | ADCCONV[1:0] = 01                 |     | 250 |     |            |
|  |            | ADCCONV[1:0] = 10                 |     | 333 |     |            |
|  |            | ADCCONV[1:0] = 11                 |     | 400 |     |            |
| Acquisition Time                                 | $t_{ACQ}$  | ADCCONV[1:0] = 00                 |     | 3.5 |     | $\mu s$    |
|  |            | ADCCONV[1:0] = 01                 |     | 2.5 |     |            |
|  |            | ADCCONV[1:0] = 10                 |     | 1.5 |     |            |
|  |            | ADCCONV[1:0] = 11                 |     | 1.0 |     |            |
| <b>ANALOG INPUT (All Ports)</b>                  |            |                                   |     |     |     |            |
| Absolute Input Voltage (Note 5)                  | $V_{PORT}$ | Range 1                           | 0   |     | 10  | V          |
|  |            | Range 2                           | -5  |     | +5  |            |
|  |            | Range 3                           | -10 |     | 0   |            |
|  |            | Range 4                           | 0   |     | 2.5 |            |
| Input Resistance                                 |            | Range 1, 2, 3                     | 70  | 100 | 130 | k $\Omega$ |
|  |            | Range 4                           | 50  | 75  | 100 | k $\Omega$ |

**REF Electrical Specifications**

( $V_{AVDD} = 4.75V$  to  $5.25V$ ,  $V_{DVDD} = 3.3V$ ,  $V_{AVDDIO} = +12.0V$ ,  $V_{AGND} = V_{DGND} = 0V$ ,  $V_{AVSSIO} = -2.0V$ ,  $V_{DACREF} = 2.5V$ ,  $V_{ADCREf} = 2.5V$  (Internal),  $f_S = 400kps$ , 10V analog input range set to range 1 (0 to +10V).  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+105^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                       | SYMBOL       | CONDITIONS                                 | MIN   | TYP      | MAX      | UNITS           |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--|-------|----------|----------|-----------------|
| <b>ADC INTERNAL REFERENCE</b>   |              |  |       |          |          |                 |
| Reference Output Voltage        |              | Internal references at $T_A = +25^\circ C$ | 2.494 | 2.5      | 2.506    | V               |
| REF Output Tempco (Note 6)      | $T_{C-VREF}$ |  |       | $\pm 10$ | $\pm 25$ | ppm/ $^\circ C$ |
| Capacitor Bypass at ADC_INT_REF |              |  | 4.7   |          | 10       | $\mu F$         |
| <b>DAC INTERNAL REFERENCE</b>   |              |  |       |          |          |                 |
| Reference Output Voltage        |              | Internal references at $T_A = +25^\circ C$ | 2.494 | 2.5      | 2.506    | V               |
| REF Output Tempco (Note 6)      | $T_{C-VREF}$ |  |       | $\pm 10$ | $\pm 25$ | ppm/ $^\circ C$ |
| Capacitor Bypass at DAC_REF     |              |  | 4.7   |          | 10       | $\mu F$         |
| <b>ADC EXTERNAL REFERENCE</b>   |              |  |       |          |          |                 |
| Reference Input Range           |              |  | 2     |          | 2.75     | V               |
| <b>DAC EXTERNAL REFERENCE</b>   |              |  |       |          |          |                 |
| Reference Input Range           |              |  | 1.25  |          | 2.5      | V               |

**GPIO Electrical Specifications**

( $V_{AVDD} = 5.0V$ ,  $V_{DVDD} = 3.3V$ ,  $V_{AVDDIO} = +12.0V$ ,  $V_{AGND} = V_{DGND} = 0V$ ,  $V_{AVSSIO} = -2.0V$ ,  $V_{DACREF} = 2.5V$ ,  $V_{ADCREf} = 2.5V$  (Internal),  $f_S = 400kps$ , 10V analog input range set to range 1 (0 to +10V).  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+105^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER   | SYMBOL     | CONDITIONS   | MIN             | TYP      | MAX                   | UNITS    |
|---|------------|--|-----------------|----------|-----------------------|----------|
| <b>GPIO EXCEPT IN BIDIRECTIONAL LEVEL TRANSLATION MODE</b>                              |            |  |                 |          |                       |          |
| Programmable Input Logic Threshold  | $V_{ITH}$  |  | 0.3             |          | $V_{DACREF}$          | V        |
| Input High Voltage  | $V_{IH}$   |  | $V_{ITH} + 0.3$ |          |                       | V        |
| Input Low Voltage   | $V_{IL}$   |  |                 |          | $V_{ITH} - 0.3$       | V        |
| Hysteresis  |            |  |                 | $\pm 30$ |                       | mV       |
| Programmable Output Logic Level   | $V_{OLVL}$ |  | 0               |          | $4 \times V_{DACREF}$ | V        |
| Propagation Delay from GPI Input to GPO Output in Unidirectional Level Translating Mode |            | Midscale threshold-5V logic swing  |                 | 2        |                       | $\mu s$  |
| <b>BIDIRECTIONAL LEVEL TRANSLATION PATH AND ANALOG SWITCH</b>                           |            |  |                 |          |                       |          |
| Input High Voltage  | $V_{IH}$   |  | 1               |          |                       | V        |
| Input Low Voltage   | $V_{IL}$   |  |                 |          | 0.2                   | V        |
| On-Resistance   |            | From $V_{AVSSIO} + 2.50V$ to $V_{AVDDIO} - 2.50V$  |                 |          | 60                    | $\Omega$ |
| Propagation Delay   |            | 10k $\Omega$ pullup resistors to rail in each side. Midvoltage to midvoltage when driving side goes from high to low |                 |          | 1                     | $\mu s$  |

**GPIO Electrical Specifications (continued)**

( $V_{AVDD} = 4.75V$  to  $5.25V$ ,  $V_{DVDD} = 3.3V$ ,  $V_{AVDDIO} = +12.0V$ ,  $V_{AGND} = V_{DGND} = 0V$ ,  $V_{AVSSIO} = -2.0V$ ,  $V_{DACREF} = 2.5V$ ,  $V_{ADCREf} = 2.5V$  (Internal),  $f_S = 400ksps$ , 10V analog input range set to range 1 (0 to +10V).  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+105^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER            | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS    |
|----------------------|--------|---|-----|-----|-----|----------|
| <b>ANALOG SWITCH</b> |        |   |     |     |     |          |
| Turn-On Delay        |        | (Note 7)  |     |     | 400 | ns       |
| Turn-Off Delay       |        | (Note 7)  |     |     | 400 | ns       |
| On-Time Duration     |        | (Note 7)  | 1   |     |     | $\mu s$  |
| Off-Time Duration    |        | (Note 7)  | 1   |     |     | $\mu s$  |
| On-Resistance        |        | From $V_{AVSSIO} + 2.50V$ to $V_{AVDDIO} - 2.50V$ |     |     | 60  | $\Omega$ |

**DAC Electrical Specifications**

( $V_{AVDD} = 4.75V$  to  $5.25V$ ,  $V_{DVDD} = 3.3V$ ,  $V_{AVDDIO} = +12.0V$ ,  $V_{AGND} = V_{DGND} = 0V$ ,  $V_{AVSSIO} = -2.0V$ ,  $V_{DACREF} = 2.5V$ ,  $V_{ADCREf} = 2.5V$  (Internal),  $f_S = 400ksps$ , 10V analog input range set to range 1 (0 to +10V).  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+105^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                   | SYMBOL     | CONDITIONS  | MIN  | TYP       | MAX       | UNITS                  |
|---|------------|---|------|-----------|-----------|------------------------|
| <b>DC ACCURACY</b>                          |            |   |      |           |           |                        |
| Resolution                                  | N          |   | 12   |           |           | Bits                   |
| Output Range (Note 5)                       | $V_{PORT}$ | Range 1   | 0    |           | +10       | V                      |
|   |            | Range 2   | -5   |           | +5        |                        |
|   |            | Range 3   | -10  |           | 0         |                        |
| Integral Linearity Error                    | INL        | From code 100 to code 3996  |      | $\pm 0.5$ | $\pm 1.5$ | LSB                    |
| Differential Linearity Error                | DNL        |   |      | $\pm 0.5$ | $\pm 1$   | LSB                    |
| Offset Voltage                              |            | At code 100   |      |           | $\pm 20$  | LSB                    |
| Offset Voltage Tempco                       |            |   |      | 15        |           | ppm/ $^{\circ}C$       |
| Gain Error                                  |            | From code 100 to code 3996  | -0.6 |           | +0.6      | % of FS                |
| Gain Error Tempco                           |            | From code 100 to code 3996  |      | 4         |           | ppm of FS/ $^{\circ}C$ |
| Power-Supply Rejection Ratio                | PSRR       |   |      | 0.4       |           | mV/V                   |
| <b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>              |            |   |      |           |           |                        |
| Output Voltage Slew Rate                    | SR         |   |      | 1.6       |           | V/ $\mu s$             |
| Output Settling Time                        |            | To $\pm 1$ LSB, from 0 to full scale, output load capacitance of 250pF (Note 8) |      | 40        |           | $\mu s$                |
| Settling Time After Current-Limit Condition |            |   |      | 6         |           | $\mu s$                |
| Noise                                       |            | $f = 0.1Hz$ to 300kHz   |      | 3.8       |           | mV <sub>P-P</sub>      |

**DAC Electrical Specifications (continued)**

( $V_{AVDD} = 4.75V$  to  $5.25V$ ,  $V_{DVDD} = 3.3V$ ,  $V_{AVDDIO} = +12.0V$ ,  $V_{AGND} = V_{DGND} = 0V$ ,  $V_{AVSSIO} = -2.0V$ ,  $V_{DACREF} = 2.5V$ ,  $V_{ADCREf} = 2.5V$  (Internal),  $f_S = 400kps$ , 10V analog input range set to range 1 (0 to +10V).  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+105^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER             | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|-----------------------|--------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| <b>TRACK-AND-HOLD</b> |        |            |     |     |     |       |
| Digital Feedthrough   |        |            |     | 5   |     | nV·s  |
| Hold Step             |        | (Note 6)   |     | 1   | 6   | mV    |
| Droop Rate            |        | (Note 6)   |     | 0.3 | 15  | mV/s  |

**Interface Digital IO Electrical Specifications**

( $V_{AVDD} = 5.0V$ ,  $V_{DVDD} = 1.62V$  to  $5.50V$ ,  $V_{AVDDIO} = +12.0V$ ,  $V_{AGND} = V_{DGND} = 0V$ ,  $V_{AVSSIO} = -2.0V$ ,  $V_{DACREF} = 2.5V$ ,  $V_{ADCREf} = 2.5V$  (Internal),  $f_S = 400kps$ , 10V analog input range set to range 1 (0 to +10V).  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+105^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER  | SYMBOL       | CONDITIONS  | MIN               | TYP | MAX | UNITS   |
|--|--------------|---|-------------------|-----|-----|---------|
| <b>I<sup>2</sup>C IO DC SPECIFICATION</b>                            |              |   |                   |     |     |         |
| Input Logic-High Voltage<br>(SDA, SCL, AD0, AD1, $\overline{CNVT}$ ) |              | $V_{DVDD} = 2.5V$ to $5.5V$                       | 0.7 x $V_{DVDD}$  |     |     | V       |
|  |              | $V_{DVDD} = 1.62V$ to $2.5V$                      | 0.85 x $V_{DVDD}$ |     |     |         |
| Input Logic-Low Voltage<br>(SDA, SCL, AD0, AD1, $\overline{CNVT}$ )  |              | $V_{DVDD} = 2.5V$ to $5.5V$                       | 0.3 x $V_{DVDD}$  |     |     | V       |
|  |              | $V_{DVDD} = 1.62V$ to $2.5V$                      | 0.15 x $V_{DVDD}$ |     |     |         |
| Input Leakage Current<br>(SDA, SCL, AD0, AD1, $\overline{CNVT}$ )    |              |   | -10               |     | +10 | $\mu A$ |
| Input Capacitance<br>(SDA, SCL, AD0, AD1, $\overline{CNVT}$ )        |              |   |                   | 10  |     | pF      |
| Output Logic-Low Voltage (SDA)                                       |              | $I_{SNK} = 3mA$                                   |                   |     | 0.4 | V       |
| Output Logic-Low Voltage ( $\overline{INT}$ )                        |              | $I_{SNK} = 5mA$ , $V_{DVDD} = 2.5V$ to $5.5V$     |                   |     | 0.4 | V       |
|  |              | $I_{SNK} = 2mA$ , $V_{DVDD} = 1.62V$ to $2.5V$    |                   |     | 0.2 |         |
| <b>I<sup>2</sup>C TIMING REQUIREMENTS (Fast Mode) (See Figure 1)</b> |              |   |                   |     |     |         |
| Serial Clock Frequency   | $f_{SCL}$    |   | 0                 |     | 400 | kHz     |
| Bus Free Time Between STOP and START Condition                       | $t_{BUF}$    |   | 1.3               |     |     | $\mu s$ |
| Hold Time (Repeated) START Condition                                 | $t_{HD;STA}$ | After this period, first clock pulse is generated | 0.6               |     |     | $\mu s$ |
| SCL Pulse-Width Low  | $t_{LOW}$    |   | 1.3               |     |     | $\mu s$ |
| SCL Pulse-Width High   | $t_{HIGH}$   |   | 0.6               |     |     | $\mu s$ |

Interface Digital IO Electrical Specifications (continued)

( $V_{AVDD} = 5.0V$ ,  $V_{DVDD} = 1.62$  to  $5.50V$ ,  $V_{AVDDIO} = +12.0V$ ,  $V_{AGND} = V_{DGND} = 0V$ ,  $V_{AVSSIO} = -2.0V$ ,  $V_{DACREF} = 2.5V$ ,  $V_{ADCREf} = 2.5V$  (Internal),  $f_S = 400kps$ , 10V analog input range set to range 1 (0 to +10V).  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+105^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                               | SYMBOL       | CONDITIONS                  | MIN                           | TYP | MAX | UNITS   |
|---|--------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----|-----|---------|
| Setup Time for Repeated START Condition | $t_{SU;STA}$ |                             | 0.6                           |     |     | $\mu s$ |
| Data Hold Time                          | $t_{HD;DAT}$ |                             | 0                             |     | 900 | ns      |
| Data Setup Time                         | $t_{SU;DAT}$ |                             | 100                           |     |     | ns      |
| SDA and SCL Receiving Rise Time         | $t_r$        | (Note 6)                    | $20 \times (V_{DVDD} / 5.5V)$ |     | 300 | ns      |
| SDA and SCL Receiving Fall Time         | $t_f$        | (Note 6)                    | $20 \times (V_{DVDD} / 5.5V)$ |     | 300 | ns      |
| SDA Transmitting Fall Time              | $t_{of}$     |                             | $20 \times (V_{DVDD} / 5.5V)$ |     | 250 | ns      |
| Setup Time for STOP Condition           | $t_{SU;STO}$ |                             | 0.6                           |     |     | $\mu s$ |
| Bus Capacitance Allowed                 | $C_b$        | $V_{DVDD} = 2.5V$ to $5.5V$ |                               |     | 400 | pF      |
| Pulse Width of Suppressed Spike         | $t_{SP}$     |                             |                               | 50  |     | ns      |

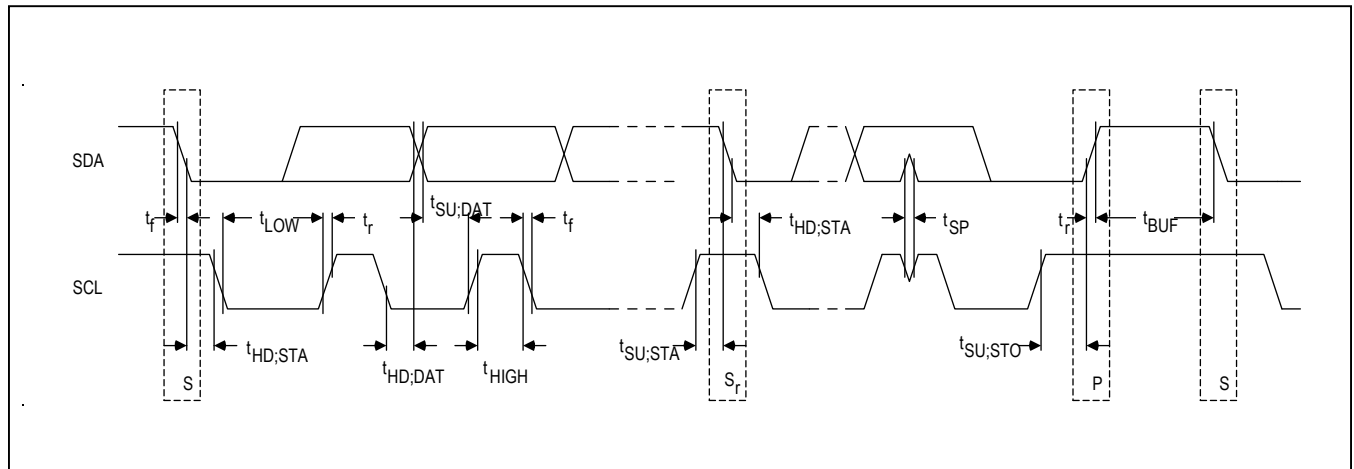


Figure 1. I2C Timing



## Electrical Characteristics

### Internal and External Temperature Sensor Specifications

( $V_{AVDD} = 4.75V$  to  $5.25V$ ,  $V_{DVDD} = 3.3V$ ,  $V_{AVDDIO} = +12.0V$ ,  $V_{AGND} = V_{DGND} = 0V$ ,  $V_{AVSSIO} = -2.0V$ ,  $V_{DACREF} = 2.5V$ ,  $V_{ADCREF} = 2.5V$  (Internal),  $f_S = 400ksps$ , 10V analog input range set to range 1 (0 to +10V).  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+105^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                   | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS                                  | MIN | TYP       | MAX       | UNITS      |
|---|--------|---|-----|-----------|-----------|------------|
| <b>ACCURACY</b>                             |        |   |     |           |           |            |
| Accuracy of Internal Sensor<br>(Notes 6, 9) |        | $0^\circ C \leq T_J \leq +80^\circ C$       |     | $\pm 0.3$ | $\pm 2.0$ | $^\circ C$ |
|   |        | $-40^\circ C \leq T_J \leq +125^\circ C$    |     | $\pm 0.7$ | $\pm 5$   | $^\circ C$ |
| Accuracy of External Sensor<br>(Notes 6, 9) |        | $0^\circ C \leq T_{RJ} \leq +80^\circ C$    |     | $\pm 0.3$ | $\pm 2.0$ | $^\circ C$ |
|   |        | $-40^\circ C \leq T_{RJ} \leq +150^\circ C$ |     | $\pm 1.0$ | $\pm 5$   | $^\circ C$ |
| Temperature Measurement<br>Resolution       |        |   |     | 0.125     |           | $^\circ C$ |
| External Sensor Junction Current            | High   |   |     | 68        |           | $\mu A$    |
|   | Low    |   |     | 4         |           | $\mu A$    |
| External Sensor Junction Current            | High   | Series resistance cancellation mode         |     | 136       |           | $\mu A$    |
|   | Low    | Series resistance cancellation mode         |     | 8         |           | $\mu A$    |
| Remote Junction Current<br>Conversion Ratio |        |   |     | 17        |           |            |
| D0N/D1N Voltage                             |        | Internally generated                        |     | 0.5       |           | V          |

### Power-Supply Specifications

| PARAMETER                    | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS                     | MIN        | TYP | MAX   | UNITS   |
|------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|------------|-----|-------|---------|
| $V_{AVDD}$                   |        |                                | 4.75       |     | 5.25  | V       |
| $V_{DVDD}$                   |        |                                | 1.62       |     | 5.50  | V       |
| $V_{AVDDIO}$                 |        |                                | $V_{AVDD}$ |     | 15.75 | V       |
| $V_{AVSSIO}$                 |        |                                | -12.0      |     | 0     | V       |
| $V_{AVDDIO}$ to $V_{AVSSIO}$ |        |                                | $V_{AVDD}$ |     | 24    | V       |
| $I_{AVDD}$                   |        | All ports in high impedance    |            | 14  | 18    | mA      |
|                              |        | LPEN = 1                       |            | 11  |       |         |
|                              |        | All ports in ADC-related modes |            | 17  |       |         |
|                              |        | All ports in DAC-related modes |            | 18  |       |         |
| $I_{DVDD}$                   |        | Serial interface in idle mode  |            |     | 2     | $\mu A$ |
| $I_{AVDDIO}$                 |        | All ports in mode 0            |            |     | 150   | $\mu A$ |
| $I_{AVSSIO}$                 |        | All ports in mode 0            | -400       |     |       | $\mu A$ |

## Recommended VDDIO/VSSIO Supply Selection

|           |            | ADC RANGE                                  |   |  |   |
|-----------|------------|--|---|--|---|
|           |            | -10V TO 0V                                 | -5V TO +5V                                | 0V TO +10V                                 | 0 TO 2.5V                                 |
| DAC RANGE | -10V TO 0V | $V_{AVDDIO} = +5V$<br>$V_{AVSSIO} = -12V$  | $V_{AVDDIO} = +5V$<br>$V_{AVSSIO} = -12V$ | $V_{AVDDIO} = +10V$<br>$V_{AVSSIO} = -12V$ | $V_{AVDDIO} = +5V$<br>$V_{AVSSIO} = -12V$ |
|           | -5V TO +5V | $V_{AVDDIO} = +7V$<br>$V_{AVSSIO} = -10V$  | $V_{AVDDIO} = +7V$<br>$V_{AVSSIO} = -7V$  | $V_{AVDDIO} = +10V$<br>$V_{AVSSIO} = -7V$  | $V_{AVDDIO} = +7V$<br>$V_{AVSSIO} = -7V$  |
|           | 0V TO +10V | $V_{AVDDIO} = +12V$<br>$V_{AVSSIO} = -10V$ | $V_{AVDDIO} = +12V$<br>$V_{AVSSIO} = -5V$ | $V_{AVDDIO} = +12V$<br>$V_{AVSSIO} = -2V$  | $V_{AVDDIO} = +12V$<br>$V_{AVSSIO} = -2V$ |

The values of  $V_{AVDDIO}$  and  $V_{AVSSIO}$  supply voltages depend on the application circuit and the device configuration.

$V_{AVDDIO}$  needs to be the maximum of those four values:

- If one or more ports are in mode 3, 4, 5, 6, or 10 (DAC-related modes),  $V_{AVDDIO}$  must be set, at minimum, to the value of the largest voltage driven by any of the ports set in those modes. For improved linearity, it is recommended to set  $V_{AVDDIO}$  2.0V above the largest voltage value.
- If one or more ports are in mode 7, 8, or 9 (ADC-related modes),  $V_{AVDDIO}$  must be set, at minimum, to the value of the largest voltage applied to any of the ports set in those modes.
- If one or more ports are in mode 11 or 12 (Analog switch-related modes),  $V_{AVDDIO}$  must be set, at minimum, to 2.0V above the value of the largest voltage applied to any of the ports functioning as analog switch terminals.
- $V_{AVDDIO}$  cannot be set lower than  $V_{AVDD}$ .

$V_{AVSSIO}$  needs to be the minimum of those four values:

- If one or more ports are in mode 3, 4, 5, 6, or 10 (DAC-related modes),  $V_{AVSSIO}$  must be set, at maximum, to the value of the lowest voltage driven by any of the ports set in those modes. For improved linearity, it is recommended to set  $V_{AVSSIO}$  2.0V below the lowest voltage value.
- If one or more ports are in mode 7, 8, or 9 (ADC-related modes),  $V_{AVSSIO}$  must be set, at maximum, to the value of the lowest voltage applied to any of the ports set in those modes.
- If one or more ports are in mode 11 or 12 (Analog Switch-related modes),  $V_{AVSSIO}$  must be set, at maximum, to 2.0V below the value of the lowest voltage applied to any of the ports functioning as analog switch terminals.
- $V_{AVSSIO}$  cannot be set higher than  $V_{AGND}$ .

For example, the MAX11301 can operate with only one voltage supply of 5V ( $\pm 5\%$ ) connected to AVDD, AVDDIO, and DVDD, and one ground of 0V connected to AGND, DGND, and AVSSIO. However, the level of performance presented in the electrical specifications requires the setting of the supplies connected to AVDDIO and AVSSIO as previously described.

## Common PIXI Electrical Specifications

( $V_{AVDD} = 4.75V$  to  $5.25V$ ,  $V_{DVDD} = 3.3V$ ,  $V_{AVDDIO} = +12.0V$ ,  $V_{AGND} = V_{DGND} = 0V$ ,  $V_{AVSSIO} = -2.0V$ ,  $V_{DACREF} = 2.5V$ ,  $V_{ADCREf} = 2.5V$  (Internal),  $f_S = 400k$ sps, 10V analog input range set to range 1 (0 to +10V).  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+105^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER   | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS   | MIN                | TYP | MAX                | UNITS      |
|---|--------|--|--------------------|-----|--------------------|------------|
| <b>PIXI PORTS</b>                                 |        |  |                    |     |                    |            |
| Input Capacitance                                 |        | All PIXI ports   |                    | 20  |                    | pF         |
| Input Resistance                                  |        | All PIXI input pins except ADC mode                      | 50                 | 75  | 100                | k $\Omega$ |
| Startup Time                                      |        | Between stable supplies and accessing registers          |                    |     | 100                | ms         |
| <b>HIGH-VOLTAGE OUTPUT DRIVER CHARACTERISTICS</b> |        |  |                    |     |                    |            |
| Maximum Output Capacitance                        |        |  |                    |     | 250                | pF         |
| Output Low Voltage, DAC Mode                      |        | Sinking 25mA, $V_{AVSSIO} = 0V$ ,<br>$V_{AVDDIO} = 10V$  |                    |     | $V_{AVSSIO} + 1.0$ | V          |
| Output High Voltage, DAC Mode                     |        | Sourcing 25mA, $V_{AVSSIO} = 0V$ ,<br>$V_{AVDDIO} = 10V$ | $V_{AVDDIO} - 1.5$ |     |                    | V          |
| Output Low Voltage, GPO Mode                      |        | Sinking 2mA, $V_{AVSSIO} = 0V$ ,<br>$V_{AVDDIO} = 10V$   |                    |     | $V_{AVSSIO} + 0.4$ | V          |
| Output High Voltage, GPO Mode                     |        | Sourcing 2mA, $V_{AVSSIO} = 0V$ ,<br>$V_{AVDDIO} = 10V$  | $V_{AVDDIO} - 0.4$ |     |                    | V          |
| Current Limit                                     |        | Short to AVDDIO  |                    | 75  |                    | mA         |
|   |        | Short to AVSSIO  |                    | 75  |                    | mA         |

**Note 2:** Electrical specifications are production tested at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ . Specifications over the entire operating temperature range are guaranteed by design and characterization. Typical specifications are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .

**Note 3:** DC accuracy specifications are tested for single-ended ADC inputs only.

**Note 4:** The effective ADC sample rate for port X configured in mode 6, 7, or 8 is:

$$[\text{ADC sample rate per ADCCONV}] / (([\text{number of ports in modes 6,7,8}] + [1 \text{ if TMPSEL} \neq 000]) \times [2^\# \text{ OF SAMPLES for port X}])$$

**Note 5:** See the *Recommended VDDIO/VSSIO Supply Selection* table for each range. For ports in modes 6, 7, 8, or 9, the voltage applied to those ports must be within the limits of their selected input range, whether in single-ended or differential mode.

**Note 6:** Specification is guaranteed by design and characterization.

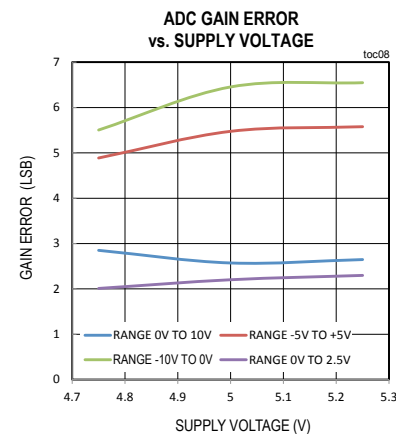
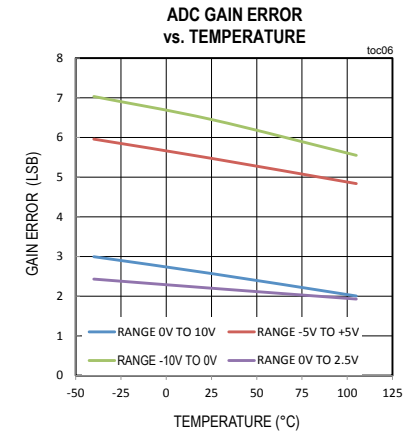
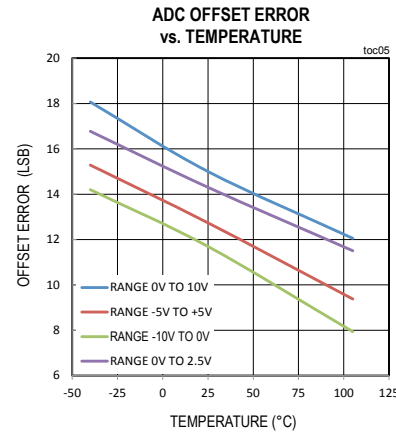
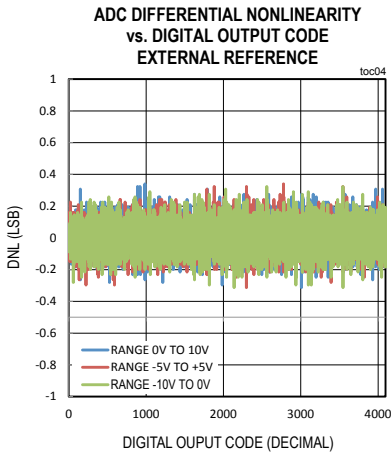
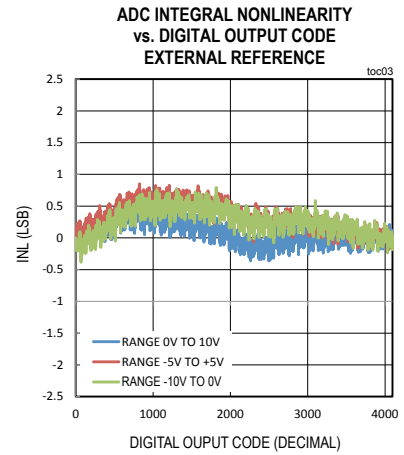
**Note 7:** Switch controlled by GPI-configured port. One switch terminal connected to 0V, the other terminal connected to 5V through a 5mA current source. Timing is measured at the 2.5V transition point. Turn-on and turn-off delays are measured from the edge of the control signal to the 2.5V transition point. Turn-on and turn-off durations are measured between control signal transitions.

**Note 8:** In DAC-related modes, the rate, at which PIXI ports configured in mode 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 10 are refreshed, is as follows:  
 $1/(40\mu s \times [\text{number of ports in modes 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10}])$

**Note 9:** Typical (TYP) values represent the errors at the extremes of the given temperature range.

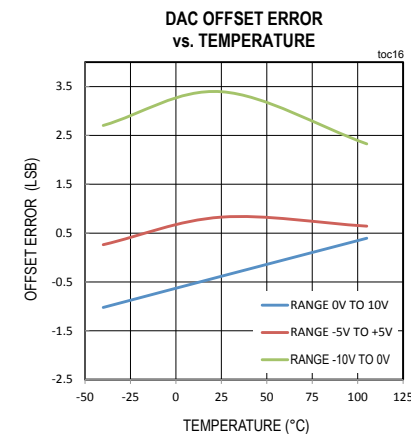
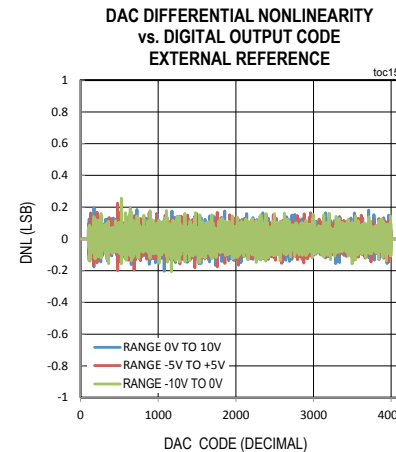
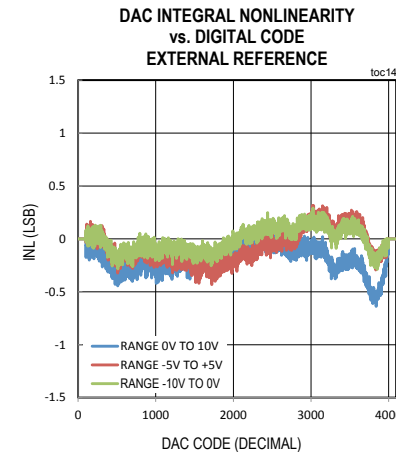
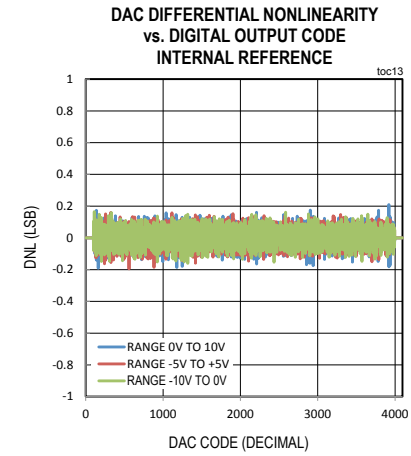
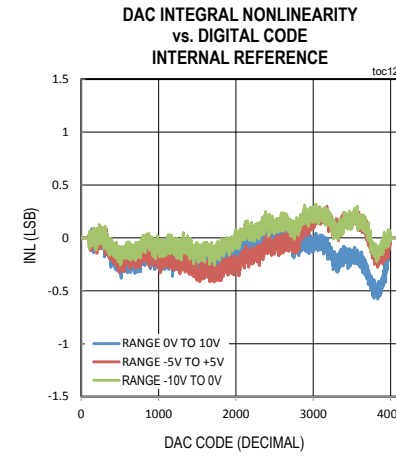
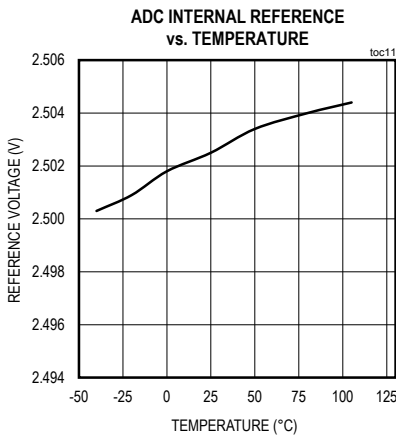
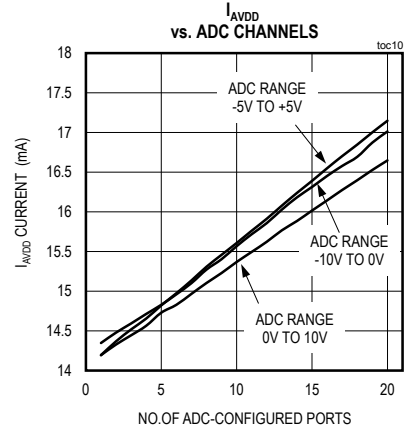
Typical Operating Characteristics

(T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



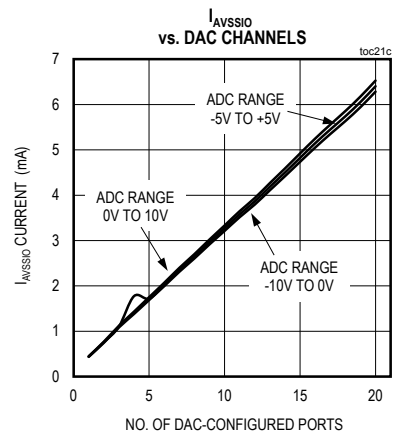
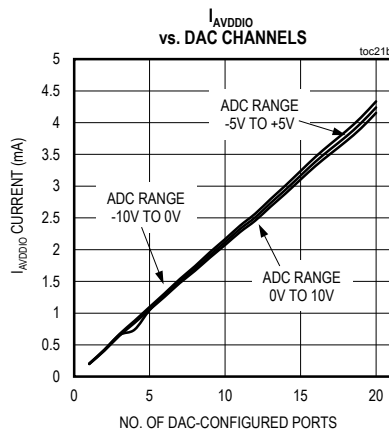
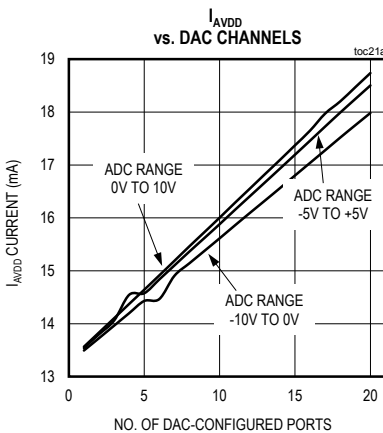
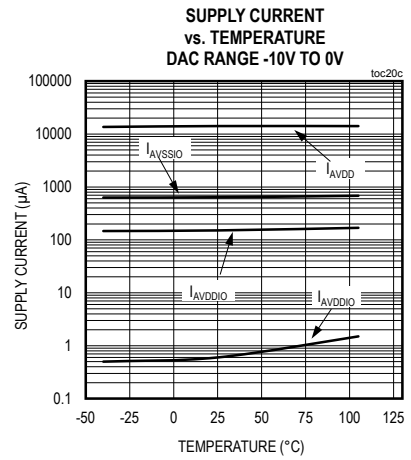
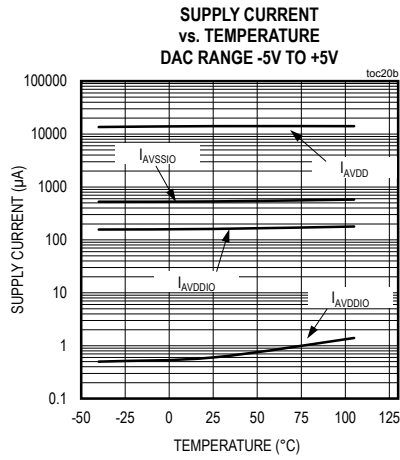
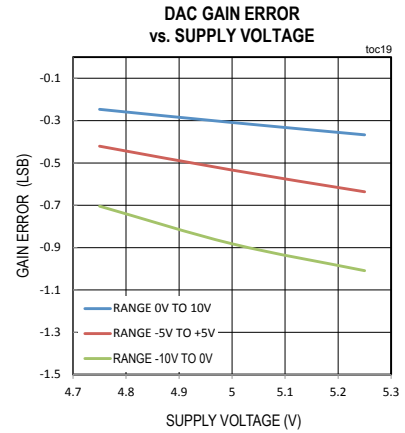
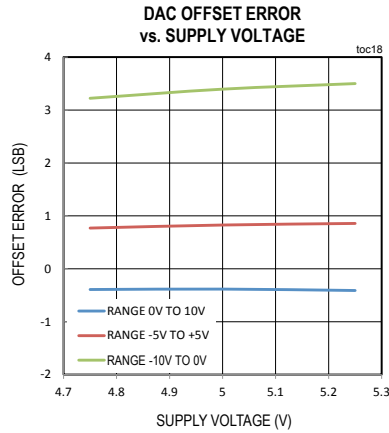
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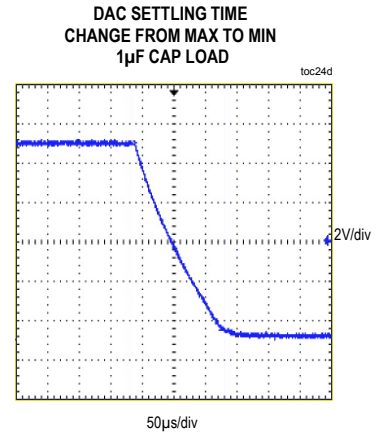
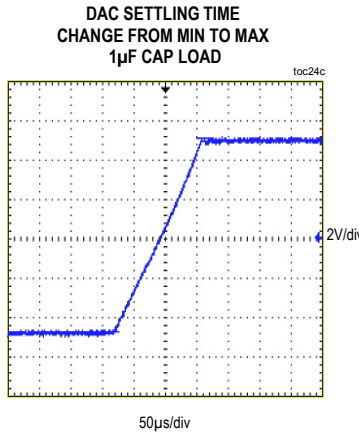
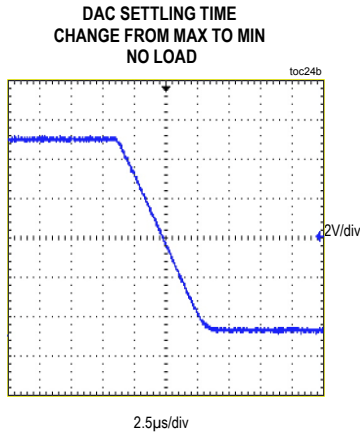
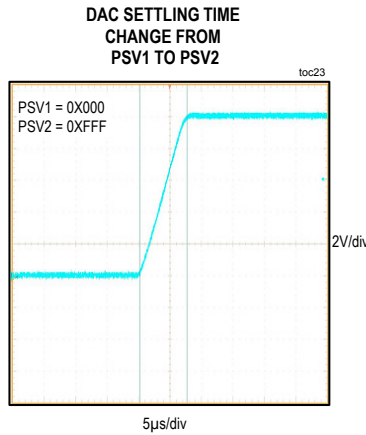
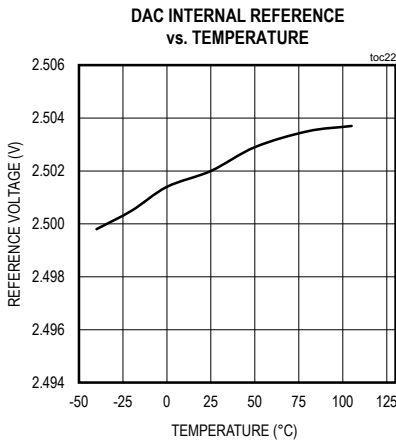
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



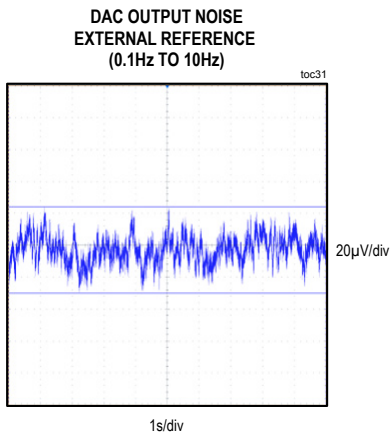
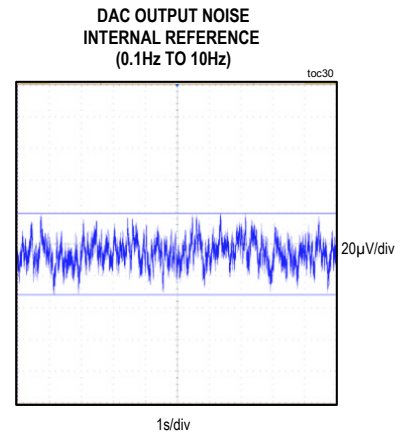
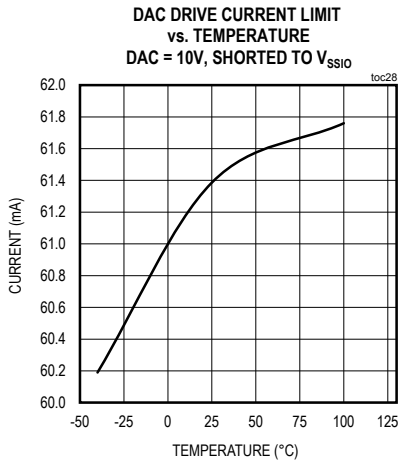
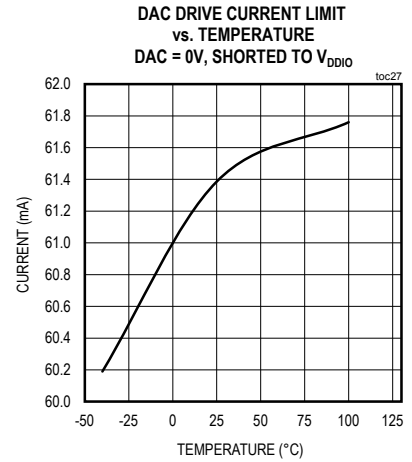
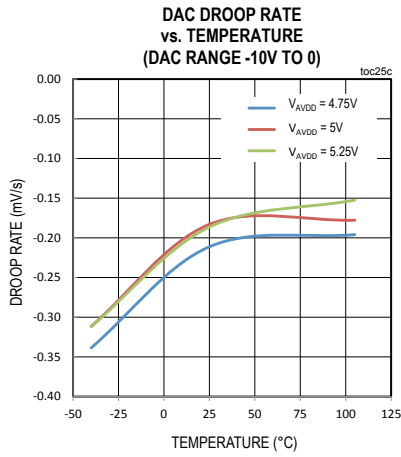
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(TA = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

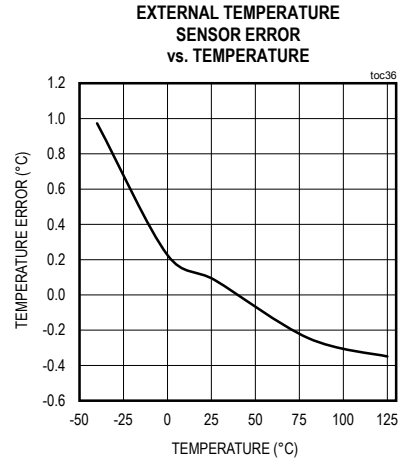
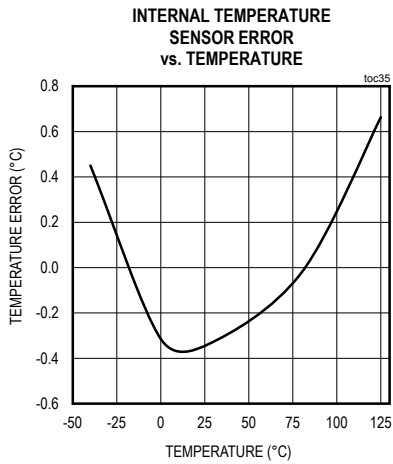
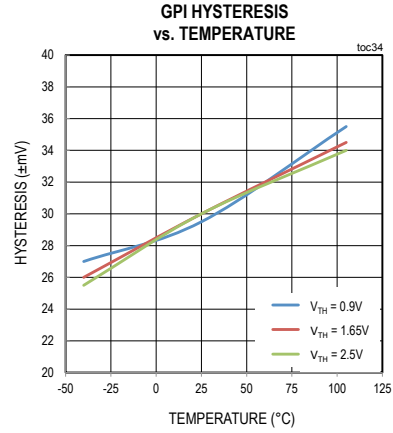
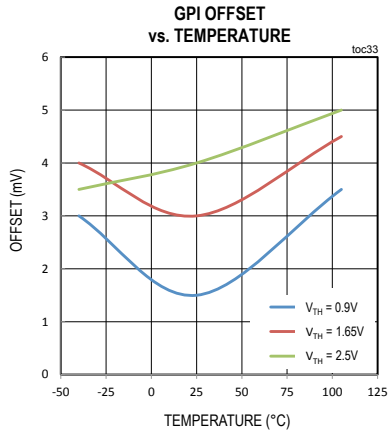
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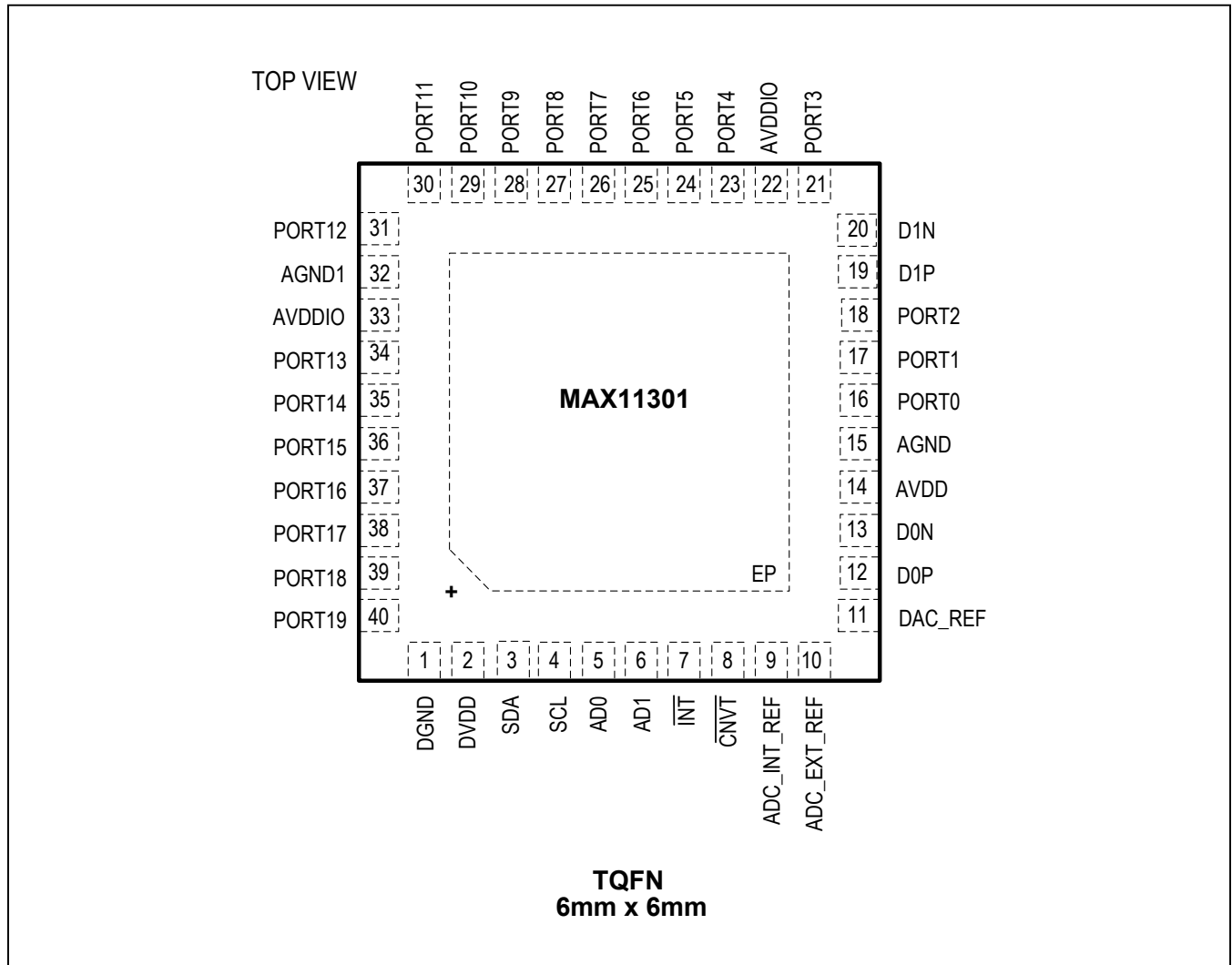


Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



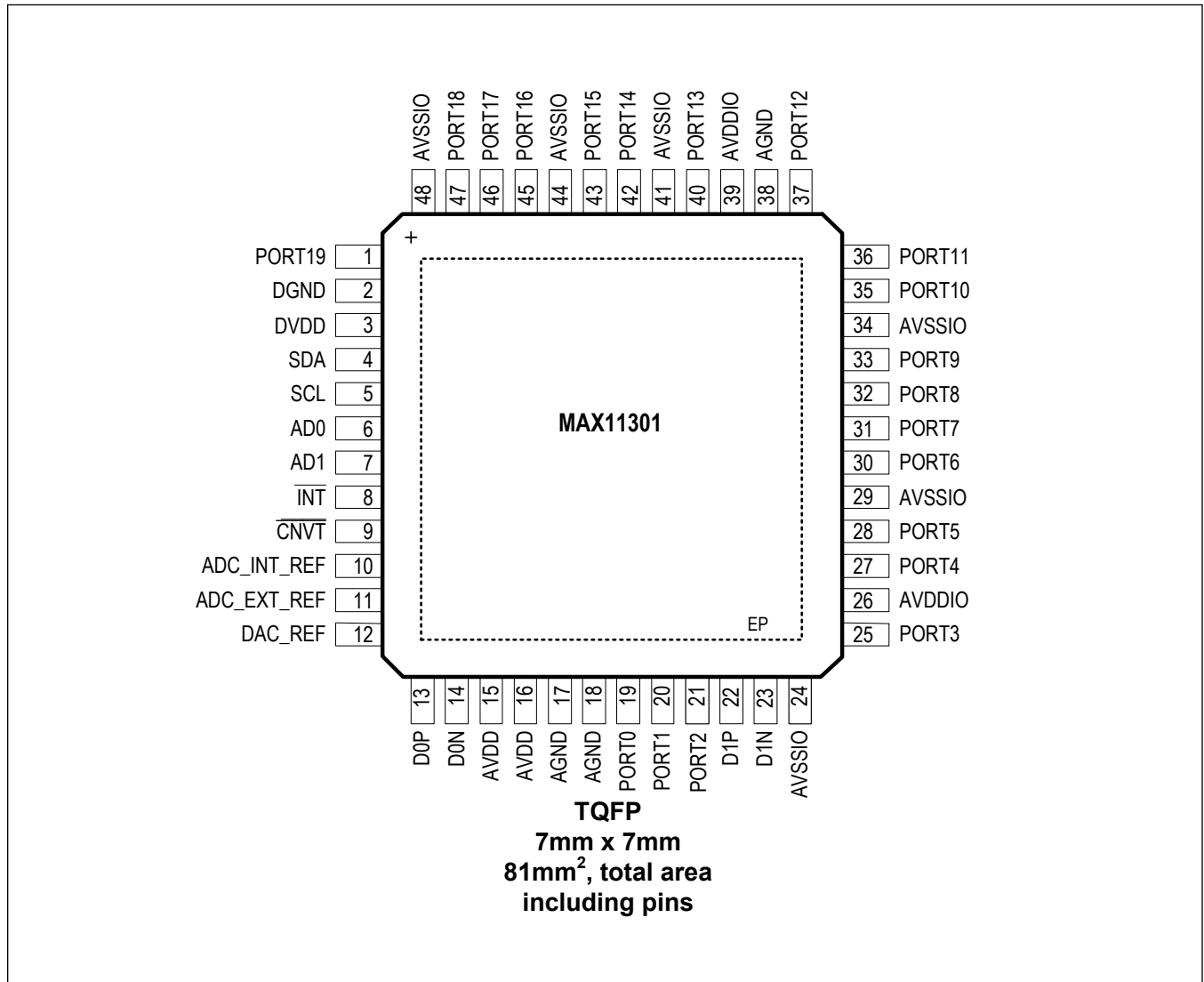
Pin Configurations



# MAX11301

PIXI, 20-Port Programmable Mixed-Signal I/O with 12-Bit ADC, 12-Bit DAC, Analog Switches, and GPIO

## Pin Configurations (continued)



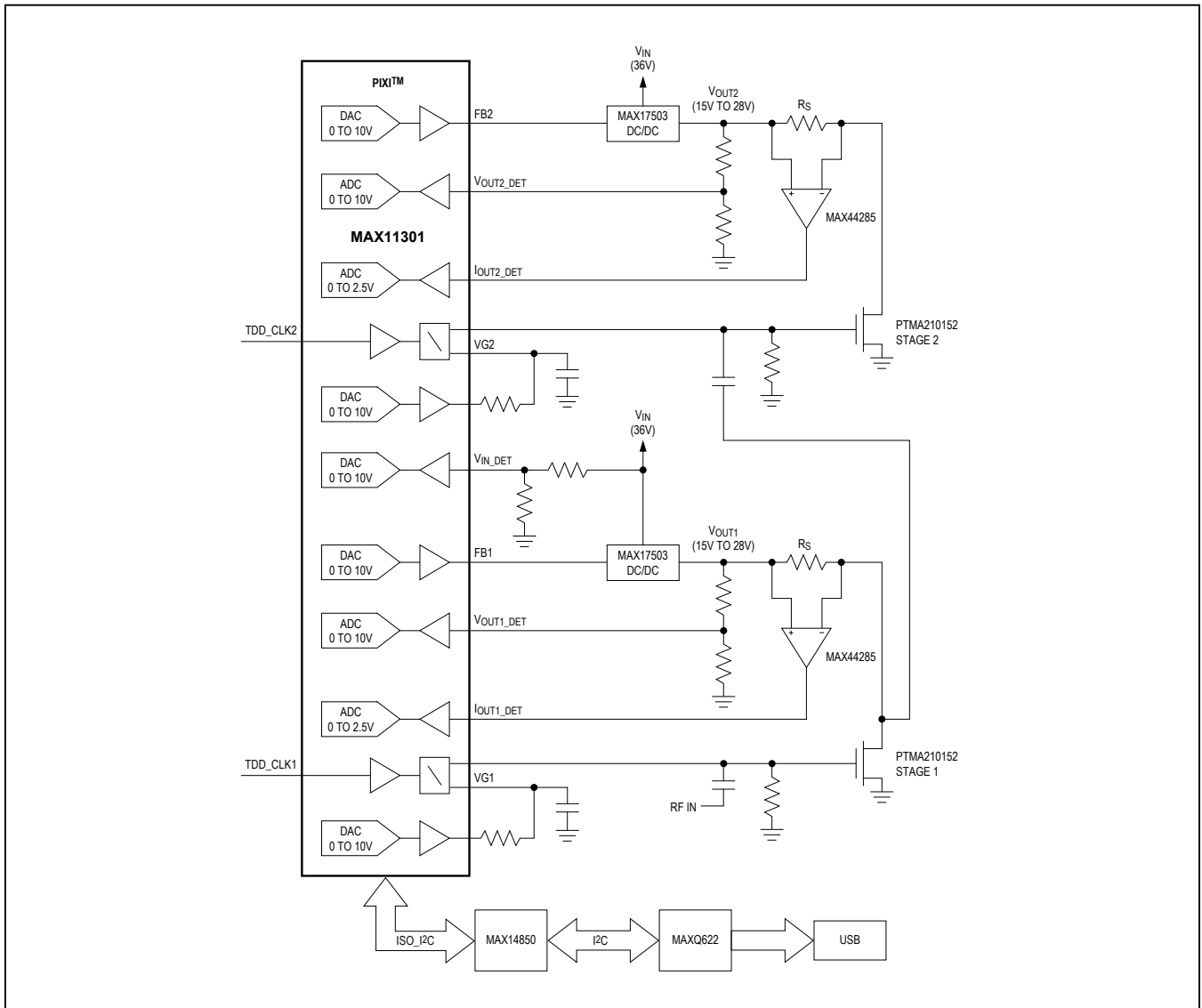
## Pin Description

| PIN    |        | NAME                     | FUNCTION   |
|--------|--------|--------------------------|--|
| TQFN   | TQFP   |                          |  |
| 1      | 2      | DGND                     | Digital Ground   |
| 2      | 3      | DVDD                     | Positive Digital Supply  |
| 3      | 4      | SDA                      | Serial Interface Input and Output  |
| 4      | 5      | SCL                      | Serial Interface Clock Input   |
| 5      | 6      | AD0                      | Slave Address Bit 0  |
| 6      | 7      | AD1                      | Slave Address Bit 1  |
| 7      | 8      | $\overline{\text{INT}}$  | Interrupt Open-Drain Output. Active low.   |
| 8      | 9      | $\overline{\text{CNVT}}$ | ADC Trigger Control Input. Active low.   |
| 9      | 10     | ADC_INT_REF              | ADC Internal Voltage Reference Output. Connect a bypass capacitor at this pin (4.7 $\mu$ F to 10 $\mu$ F).         |
| 10     | 11     | ADC_EXT_REF              | ADC External Voltage Reference Input. Connect a bypass capacitor at this pin (4.7 $\mu$ F to 10 $\mu$ F).          |
| 11     | 12     | DAC_REF                  | DAC External/Internal Voltage Reference Input. Connect a bypass capacitor at this pin (4.7 $\mu$ F to 10 $\mu$ F). |
| 12     | 13     | D0P                      | 1st External Temperature Sensor Positive Input   |
| 13     | 14     | D0N                      | 1st External Temperature Sensor Negative Input   |
| 14     | 15, 16 | AVDD                     | Positive Analog Supply. For TQFP, connect both pins to AVDD.   |
| 15     | 17, 18 | AGND                     | Analog Ground. For TQFP, connect both pins to AGND.  |
| 16     | 19     | PORT0                    | Configurable Mixed-Signal Port 0   |
| 17     | 20     | PORT1                    | Configurable Mixed-Signal Port 1   |
| 18     | 21     | PORT2                    | Configurable Mixed-Signal Port 2   |
| 19     | 22     | D1P                      | 2nd External Temperature Sensor Positive Input   |
| 20     | 23     | D1N                      | 2nd External Temperature Sensor Negative Input   |
| 21     | 25     | PORT3                    | Configurable Mixed-Signal Port 3   |
| 22, 33 | 26, 39 | AVDDIO                   | Analog Positive Supply For Mixed-Signal Ports. Connect both pins to AVDDIO.  |
| 23     | 27     | PORT4                    | Configurable Mixed-Signal Port 4   |
| 24     | 28     | PORT5                    | Configurable Mixed-Signal Port 5   |
| 25     | 30     | PORT6                    | Configurable Mixed-Signal Port 6   |
| 26     | 31     | PORT7                    | Configurable Mixed-Signal Port 7   |
| 27     | 32     | PORT8                    | Configurable Mixed-Signal Port 8   |
| 28     | 33     | PORT9                    | Configurable Mixed-Signal Port 9   |
| 29     | 35     | PORT10                   | Configurable Mixed-Signal Port 10  |
| 30     | 36     | PORT11                   | Configurable Mixed-Signal Port 11  |
| 31     | 37     | PORT12                   | Configurable Mixed-Signal Port 12  |
| 32     | 38     | AGND1                    | Analog Ground  |

## Pin Description (continued)

| PIN  |                              | NAME   | FUNCTION   |
|------|------------------------------|--------|--|
| TQFN | TQFP                         |        |  |
| 34   | 40                           | PORT13 | Configurable Mixed-Signal Port 13  |
| 35   | 42                           | PORT14 | Configurable Mixed-Signal Port 14  |
| 36   | 43                           | PORT15 | Configurable Mixed-Signal Port 15  |
| 37   | 45                           | PORT16 | Configurable Mixed-Signal Port 16  |
| 38   | 46                           | PORT17 | Configurable Mixed-Signal Port 17  |
| 39   | 47                           | PORT18 | Configurable Mixed-Signal Port 18  |
| 40   | 1                            | PORT19 | Configurable Mixed-Signal Port 19  |
| —    | 24, 29,<br>34, 41,<br>44, 48 | AVSSIO | Analog Negative Supply for Mixed-Signal Ports. For TQFP, connect all pins to AVSSIO. |
| —    | —                            | EP     | Exposed Pad. For TQFN, connect EP to AVSSIO. For TQFP, connect EP to AGND.           |

Typical Application Circuit



PA Biasing—PIXI Solution

## Detailed Description

### Functional Overview

The MAX11301 has 20 configurable mixed-signal I/O ports. Each port is independently configured as a DAC output, an ADC, a GPI input, a GPO, or an analog switch terminal. User-controllable parameters are available for each of those configurations. The device offers one internal and two external temperature sensors. The serial interface operates as a Fast Mode I<sup>2</sup>C-compatible interface.

The DAC is used to drive out a voltage defined by the DAC data register of the DAC-configured ports. The DAC uses either an internal or external voltage reference. The selection of the voltage reference is set for all the ports and cannot be configured on a port-by-port basis.

The ADC converts voltages applied to the ADC-configured ports. The ADC can operate in single-ended mode or in differential mode, by which any two ports can form a differential pair. The port configured as the negative input of the ADC can be used by more than one differential ADC input pairs. The ADC uses either an internal or external voltage reference. In some configurations, the ADC uses the DAC voltage reference. The ADC voltage reference selection can be configured on a port-by-port basis.

Interrupts provide the host with the occurrence of user-selected events through the configuration of an interrupt mask register.

### ADC Operations

The ADC is a 12-bit, low-power, successive approximation analog-to-digital converter, capable of sampling a single input at up to 400ksps. The ADC's conversion rate can be programmed to 400ksps, 333ksps, 250ksps, or 200ksps. The default conversion rate setting is 200ksps. Each ADC-configured port can be programmed for one of five input voltage ranges: 0 to +10V, -5V to +5V, -10V to 0V, and 0 to +2.5V. The ADC uses the internal ADC 2.5V voltage reference, the external ADC voltage reference, or, in some cases, the DAC voltage reference. The voltage reference can be selected on a port-by-port basis.

### ADC Control

The ADC can be triggered using an external signal  $\overline{\text{CNVT}}$  or from a control bit.  $\overline{\text{CNVT}}$  is active-low and must remain low for a minimal duration of 0.5  $\mu\text{s}$  to trigger a conversion. Four configurations are available:

- Idle mode (default setting).
- Single sweep mode. The ADC sweeps sequentially the ADC-configured ports, from the lowest index port to the highest index port, once  $\overline{\text{CNVT}}$  is asserted.
- Single conversion mode. The ADC performs a single conversion at the current port in the series of ADC-configured ports when  $\overline{\text{CNVT}}$  is asserted.
- Continuous sweep mode. The ADC continuously sweeps the ADC-configured ports. The  $\overline{\text{CNVT}}$  port has no effect in this mode.

### ADC Averaging Function

ADC-configured ports can be configured to average blocks of 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, or 128 conversion results. The corresponding ADC data register is updated only when the averaging is completed, thus decreasing the throughput proportionally. If the number of samples to average is modified for a given port, the content of the ADC data register for that port is cleared before starting to average the new block of samples.

### ADC Mode Change

When users change the ADC active mode (continuous sweep, single sweep, or single conversion), the ADC data registers are reset. However, ADC data registers retain content when the ADC is changed to idle mode.

### ADC Configurations

The ADC can operate in single-ended, differential, or pseudo-differential mode. In single-ended mode, the PIXI port is the positive input to the ADC while the negative input is grounded internally (Figure 2). In differential mode (Figure 3), any pair of PIXI ports can be configured as inputs to the differential ADC. In pseudo-differential mode (Figure 4), one PIXI port produces the voltage applied to the negative input of the ADC while another PIXI port forms the positive input.

The ADC data format is straight binary in single-ended mode, and two's complement in differential and pseudo-differential modes.

**DAC Operations**

The MAX11301 uses a 12-bit DAC, which operates at the rate of 40µs per port. Since up to 20 ports can be configured in DAC-related modes, the minimum refresh rate per port is 1.25kHz.

No external component is required to set the offset and gain of the DAC drivers. The PIXI port driver features a wide output voltage range of ±10V and high current capability with dedicated power supplies (AVDDIO, AVSSIO).

The DAC uses either the internal or external voltage reference. Unlike the ADC, the DAC voltage reference cannot be configured on a port-by-port basis. DAC mode configuration is illustrated in Figure 5.

DAC operations can be monitored by the ADC. In such a mode, the ADC samples the DAC-configured port to allow the host to monitor that the voltage at the port is within

expectations given the accuracy of the ADC and DAC. This ADC monitoring mode is shown in Figure 6.

By default, the DAC updates the DAC-configured ports sequentially. However, users can configure the DAC so that its sequence can jump to update the port that just received new data to convert. After having updated this port, the DAC continues its default sequence from that port. In that mode, users should allow a minimum of 80µs between DAC data register updates for subsequent jump operations.

In addition to port-specific DAC data registers, the host can also use the same data for all DAC-related ports using one of two preset DAC data registers.

All DAC output drivers are protected by overcurrent limit circuitry. In case of overcurrent, the MAX11301 generates an interrupt. Detailed status registers are offered to the host to determine which ports are current limited.

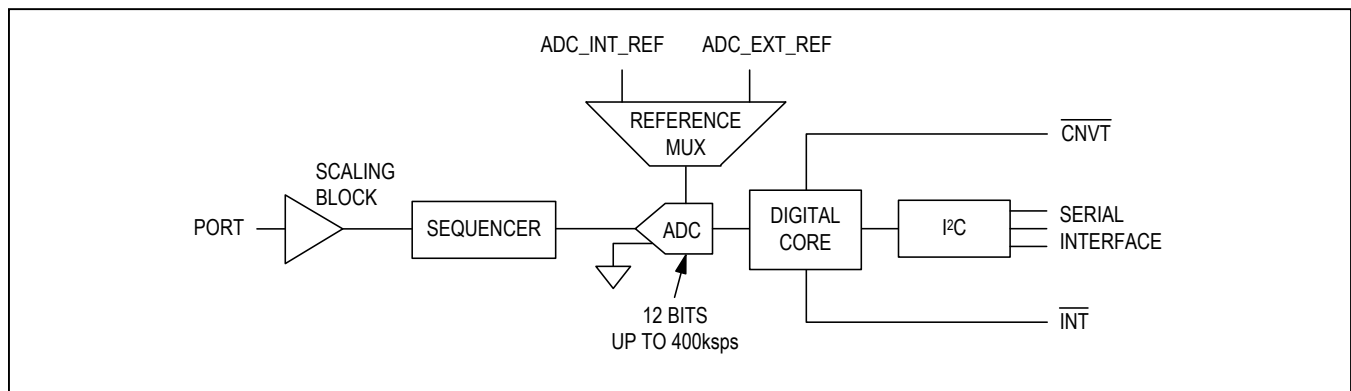


Figure 2. ADC with Single-Ended Input

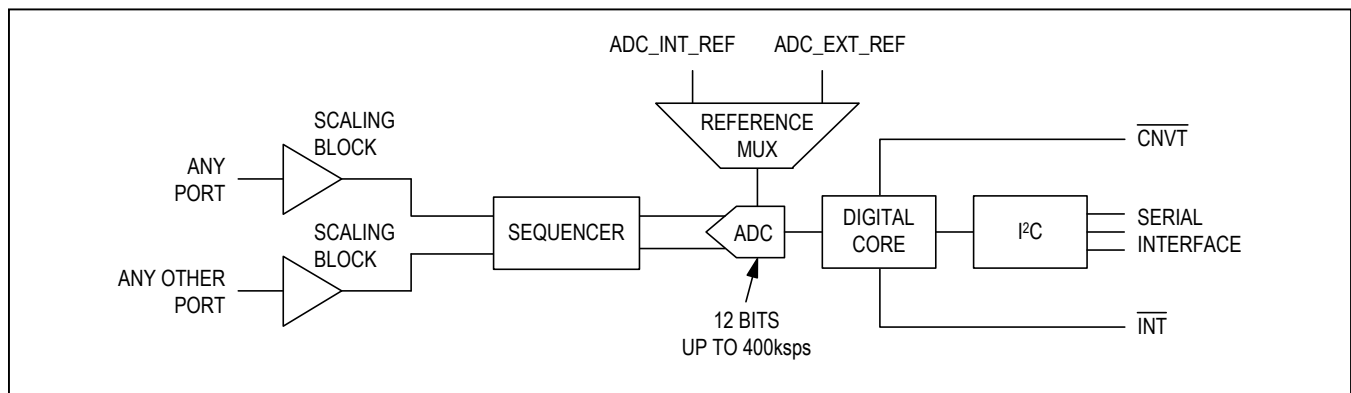


Figure 3. ADC with Differential Inputs



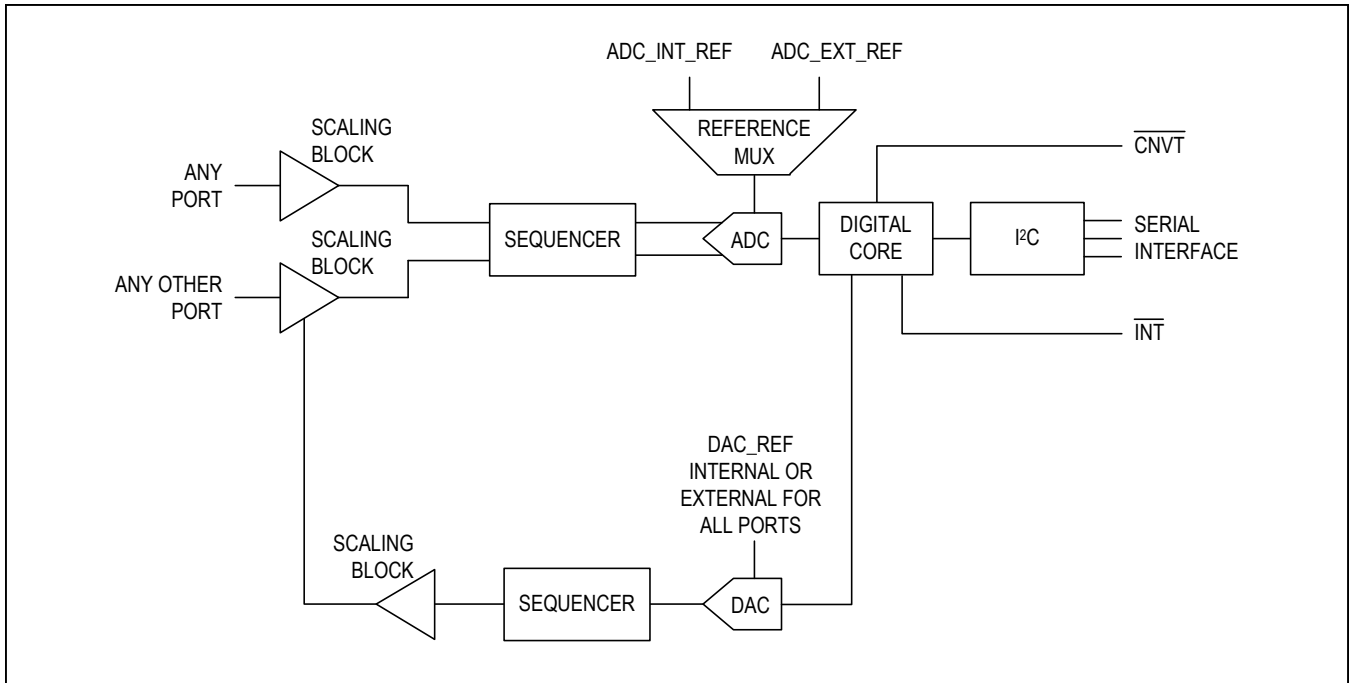


Figure 4. ADC with Pseudo-Differential Input Set by DAC

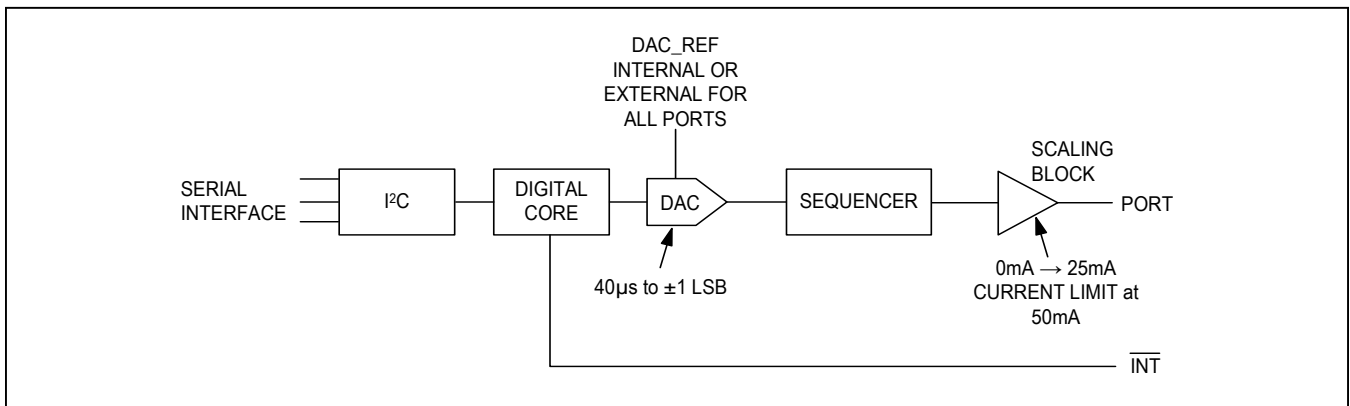


Figure 5. DAC Configuration

**General-Purpose Input and Output**

Each PIXI port can be configured as a GPI or a GPO. The GPI threshold is adjusted by setting the DAC data register of that GPI port to the corresponding voltage. If the DAC data register is set at 0x0FFF, the GPI threshold is the DAC reference voltage. The amplitude of the input signal must be contained within 0V to V<sub>AVDD</sub>. The GPI-configured port can be set to detect rising edges, falling edges, either rising or falling edges, or none.

When a port is configured as GPO (Figure 8), the amplitude of its logic-one level is set by its DAC data register. If

the DAC data register is set at 0x0FFF, the GPO logic-one level is four times the DAC reference voltage. The logic-zero level is always 0V. The host can set the logic state of GPO-configured ports through the corresponding GPO data registers.

**Unidirectional and Bidirectional Level Translator Operations**

By combining GPI- and GPO-configured ports, unidirectional level translator paths can be formed. The signaling at the input of the path can be different from the signaling at the end (Figure 9). For example, a unidirectional path

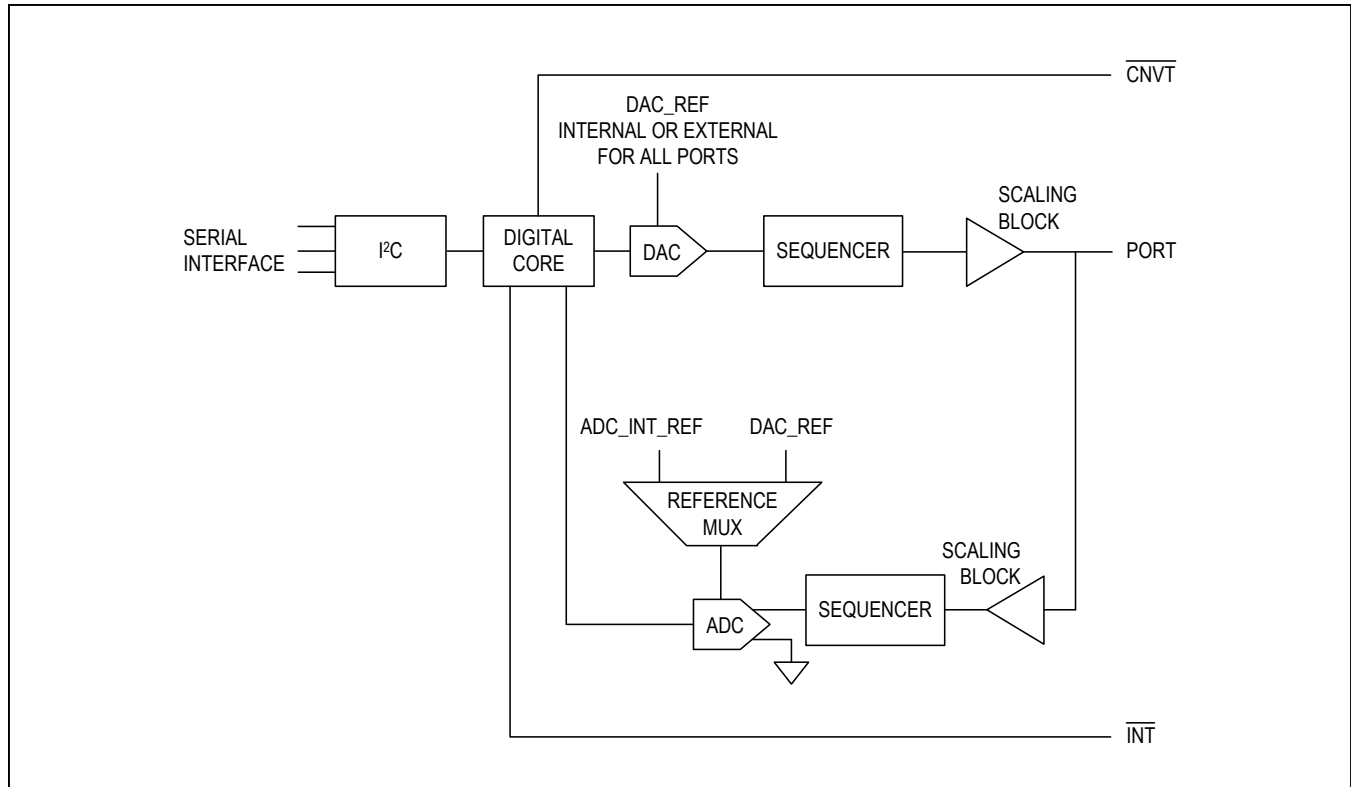


Figure 6. DAC Configuration with ADC Monitoring

could convert a signal from 1.8V logic level to 3.3V logic level.

The unidirectional path configuration allows for the transmission of signals received on a GPI-configured port to one or more GPO-configured ports.

Pairs of adjacent PIXI ports can also form bidirectional level translator paths that are targeted to operate with open-drain drivers (Figure 10). When used as a bidirectional level translator, the pair of PIXI ports must be accompanied with external pullup resistors to meet proper logic levels.

### Internally or Externally Controlled Analog Switch Operation

Two adjacent PIXI ports can form a 60Ω analog switch that is controlled by two different configurations. In one configuration, the switch is dynamically controlled by any other GPI-configured PIXI port, as illustrated in Figure 11. The signal applied to that GPI-configured port can be inverted.

In the other configuration, the switch is programmed to be permanently “ON” by configuring the corresponding PIXI

port. To turn the switch “OFF”, the host must set that PIXI port in high-impedance configuration.

### Power-Supply Brownout Detection

The MAX11301 features a brownout detection circuit that monitors AVDDIO and AVDD pins. When AVDDIO goes below approximately 4.0V, an interrupt is registered, and the interrupt port is asserted if not masked. When AVDD goes below approximately 4.0V, the device resets.

### I2C Operations

The MAX11301 serial interface is compatible with the I2C Fast Mode (SCL at 400kHz).

The MAX11301 has a configurable 7-bit slave address. The first four bits of all MAX11301 slave addresses are always 0111. Slave address bits A2, A1, and A0 are shown in Table 1. The AD0 and AD1 inputs are connected to any of three signals: DGND, DVDD, SDA, or SCL giving eight possible slave addresses, and allowing up to eight MAX11301 devices to share the bus.

Basic write and read transactions are structured as shown in Table 2 and Table 3, respectively. For write transactions, the targeted register content is modified only after

**Table 1. MAX11301 Slave Addresses**

| PIN AD1 | PIN AD0 | SLAVE ADDRESS |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|---------|---------|---------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
|         |         | A6            | A5 | A4 | A3 | A2 | A1 | A0 |
| DGND    | DGND    | 0             | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| DGND    | SDA     | 0             | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 1  |
| DGND    | SCL     | 0             | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 1  | 0  |
| DGND    | DVDD    | 0             | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 1  | 1  |
| DVDD    | DGND    | 0             | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0  |
| DVDD    | SDA     | 0             | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 1  |
| DVDD    | SCL     | 0             | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  |
| DVDD    | DVDD    | 0             | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  |

**Table 2. Single Register I2C Write Transaction Format**

|                      | B7                       | B6           | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0   | N/ACK |
|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------|----|----|----|----|----|------|-------|
| START                |                          |              |    |    |    |    |    |      |       |
| 1 <sup>st</sup> byte | 7-Bit Slave Address[6:0] |              |    |    |    |    |    | R/WB | ACK   |
| 2 <sup>nd</sup> byte | 0                        | Address[6:0] |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK   |
| 3 <sup>rd</sup> byte | Data[15:8]               |              |    |    |    |    |    | ACK  |       |
| 4 <sup>th</sup> byte | Data[7:0]                |              |    |    |    |    |    | ACK  |       |
| STOP                 |                          |              |    |    |    |    |    |      |       |

**Table 3. Single Register I2C Read Transaction Format**

|                      | B7                       | B6           | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0               | N/ACK |
|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------|----|----|----|----|----|------------------|-------|
| START                |                          |              |    |    |    |    |    |                  |       |
| 1 <sup>st</sup> byte | 7-Bit Slave Address[6:0] |              |    |    |    |    |    | R/WB             | ACK   |
| 2 <sup>nd</sup> byte | 0                        | Address[6:0] |    |    |    |    |    |                  | ACK   |
| RESTART              |                          |              |    |    |    |    |    |                  |       |
| 1 <sup>st</sup> byte | 7-Bit Slave Address[6:0] |              |    |    |    |    |    | R/WB             | ACK   |
| 3 <sup>rd</sup> byte | Data[15:8]               |              |    |    |    |    |    | ACK              |       |
| 4 <sup>th</sup> byte | Data[7:0]                |              |    |    |    |    |    | NACK (from host) |       |
| STOP                 |                          |              |    |    |    |    |    |                  |       |

**Table 4. Multiple Register I<sup>2</sup>C Write Transaction Format**

|                       | B7                       | B6             | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0   | N/ACK |     |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------|----|----|----|----|----|------|-------|-----|
| START                 |                          |                |    |    |    |    |    |      |       |     |
| 1 <sup>st</sup> byte  | 7-Bit Slave Address[6:0] |                |    |    |    |    |    | R/WB | ACK   |     |
| 2 <sup>nd</sup> byte  | 0                        | Address_N[6:0] |    |    |    |    |    |      |       | ACK |
| 3 <sup>rd</sup> byte  | Data_N[15:8]             |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK   |     |
| 4 <sup>th</sup> byte  | Data_N[7:0]              |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK   |     |
| 5 <sup>th</sup> byte  | Data_N+1[15:8]           |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK   |     |
| 6 <sup>th</sup> byte  | Data_N+1[7:0]            |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK   |     |
| 7 <sup>th</sup> byte  | Data_N+2[15:8]           |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK   |     |
| 8 <sup>th</sup> byte  | Data_N+2[7:0]            |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK   |     |
| 9 <sup>th</sup> byte  | Data_N+3[15:8]           |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK   |     |
| 10 <sup>th</sup> byte | Data_N+3[7:0]            |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK   |     |
| 11 <sup>th</sup> byte |                          |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK   |     |
| ...                   | ...                      |                |    |    |    |    |    |      |       |     |
| 41 <sup>st</sup> byte | Data_N+19[15:8]          |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK   |     |
| 42 <sup>nd</sup> byte | Data_N+19[7:0]           |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK   |     |
| STOP                  |                          |                |    |    |    |    |    |      |       |     |

**Table 5. Multiple Register I<sup>2</sup>C Read Transaction Format**

|                       | B7                       | B6             | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0   | N/ACK               |     |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------|----|----|----|----|----|------|---------------------|-----|
| START                 |                          |                |    |    |    |    |    |      |                     |     |
| 1 <sup>st</sup> byte  | 7-Bit Slave Address[6:0] |                |    |    |    |    |    | R/WB | ACK                 |     |
| 2 <sup>nd</sup> byte  | 0                        | Address_N[6:0] |    |    |    |    |    |      |                     | ACK |
| RESTART               |                          |                |    |    |    |    |    |      |                     |     |
| 1 <sup>st</sup> byte  | 7-Bit Slave Address[6:0] |                |    |    |    |    |    | R/WB | ACK                 |     |
| 3 <sup>rd</sup> byte  | Data_N[15:8]             |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK                 |     |
| 4 <sup>th</sup> byte  | Data_N[7:0]              |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK                 |     |
| 5 <sup>th</sup> byte  | Data_N+1[7:0]            |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK                 |     |
| 6 <sup>th</sup> byte  | Data_N+1[15:8]           |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK                 |     |
| 7 <sup>th</sup> byte  | Data_N+1[7:0]            |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK                 |     |
| 8 <sup>th</sup> byte  | Data_N+2[15:8]           |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK                 |     |
| 9 <sup>th</sup> byte  | Data_N+2[7:0]            |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK                 |     |
| 10 <sup>th</sup> byte | Data_N+3[15:8]           |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK                 |     |
| 11 <sup>th</sup> byte | Data_N+3[7:0]            |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK                 |     |
| ...                   | ...                      |                |    |    |    |    |    |      |                     |     |
| 41 <sup>st</sup> byte | Data_N+19[15:8]          |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | ACK                 |     |
| 42 <sup>nd</sup> byte | Data_N+19[7:0]           |                |    |    |    |    |    |      | NACK<br>(from host) |     |
| STOP                  |                          |                |    |    |    |    |    |      |                     |     |

the third byte has been fully received. A burst transaction would simply be the extension of the single register transaction, where the address is automatically incremented from one data word to the next (Table 4 and Table 5). Each time a new data sample is read or written, the register address is incremented by one until it reaches the last register address. The RESTART shown in Tables 3 and 5 could be replaced by a STOP followed by a START.

If a transaction targets an unused address, nothing is written within the MAX11301 for write transactions, and all zeros are read back for read transactions. Similarly, if a write transaction targets a read-only register, nothing is written to the device.

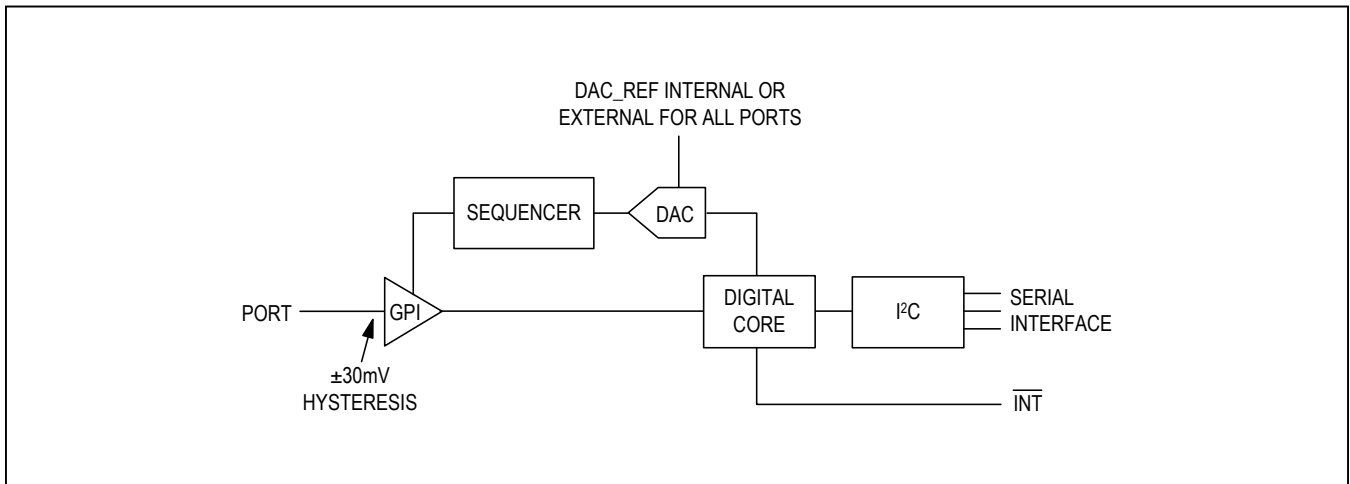


Figure 7. GPI Mode

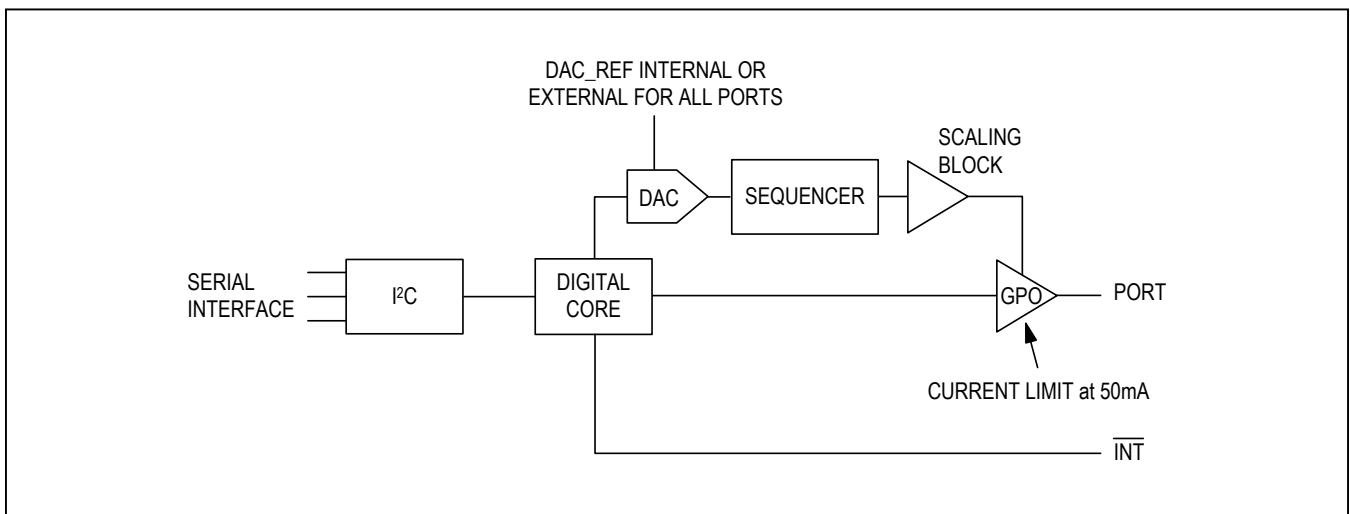


Figure 8. GPO Mode

**Burst Transaction Address Incrementing Modes**

With a burst transaction, the address of the initial register is entered once. The data of the targeted register can then be written or read. If the serial clock keeps running without issuing RESTART, the device increments the address pointer and writes or reads the next data after the next two bytes. This scheme goes on until the host produces a NACK (read transactions) or a STOP (write transactions).

There are two address incrementing modes. In one mode, the address is simply incremented by one (default mode), while in the other, the address is incremented contextually.

When writing DAC data registers in a burst fashion using contextual addressing, the host would write the address of the first port that is DAC-configured (starting from the lowest port index). As long as the host does not issue a STOP and another two bytes are received, the next DAC-configured port is written. This scheme continues until the last DAC-configured port is reached. At that point, any additional serial clock cycle results in looping back to the first DAC-configured port.

The contextual addressing scheme is only valid for writing DAC data registers, as described above, and reading ADC data registers.

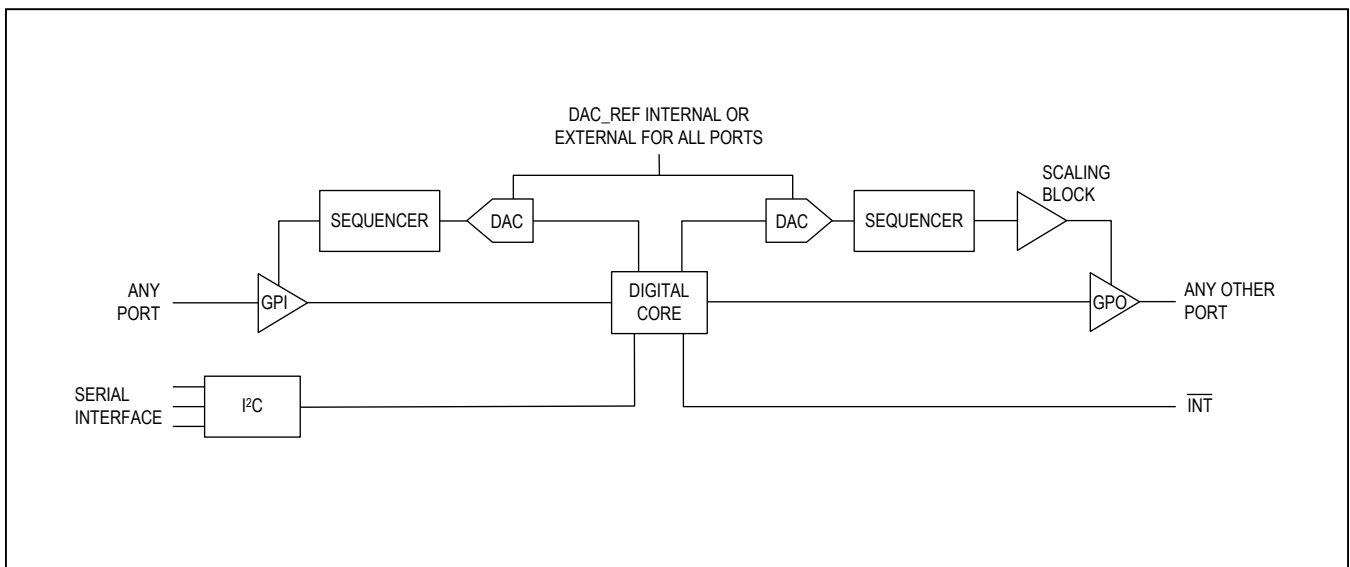


Figure 9. Unidirectional Level Translator Path Mode

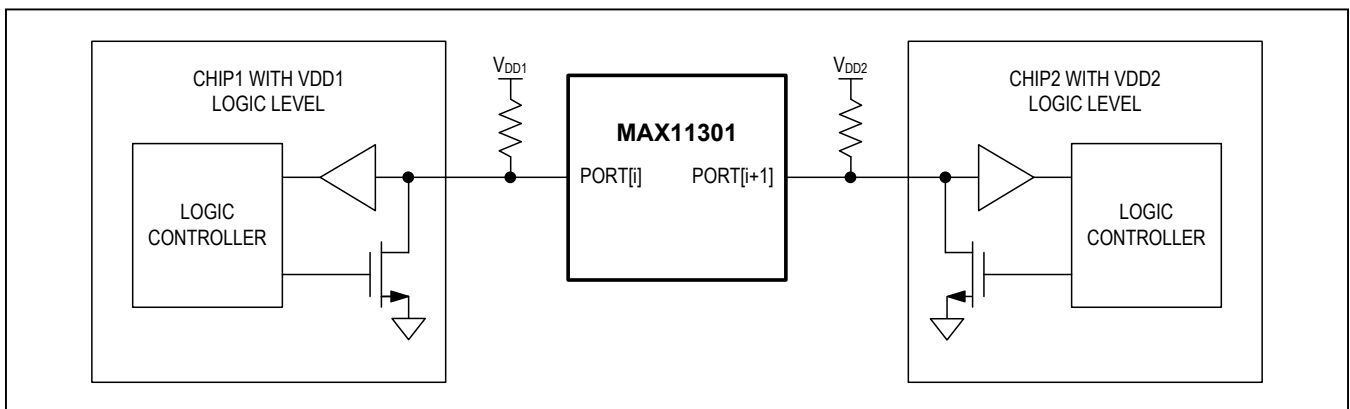


Figure 10. Bidirectional Level Translation Application Diagram

## Interrupt Operations

The MAX11301 issues interrupts to alert the host of various events. All events are recorded by the interrupt register. The assertion of an interrupt register bit results in the assertion of the interrupt port ( $\overline{\text{INT}}$ ) if that interrupt bit is not masked. By default, all interrupts are masked upon power-up or reset. The interrupts are listed hereafter.

The ADCFLAG (ADC Flag) interrupt indicates that the ADC just completed a conversion or set of conversions. It is asserted either at the end of a conversion when the ADC is in single-conversion mode or at the end of a sweep when the ADC is either in single-sweep mode or continuous-sweep mode. ADCFLAG is cleared when the interrupt register is read.

The ADCDR (ADC Data Ready) interrupt is asserted when at least one ADC data register is refreshed. Since one conversion per ADC-configured port is performed per sweep, many sweeps may be required before refreshing the data register of a given ADC-configured port that utilizes the averaging function. (See the ADC Averaging Function section) To determine which ADC-configured port received a new data sample, the host must read the ADC status registers. ADCDR is cleared after the interrupt register and both ADC status registers are read subsequently.

The ADCDM (ADC Data Missed) interrupt is asserted when any ADC data register is not read by the host before new data is stored in that ADC data register. ADCDM is cleared after the interrupt register is read.

The GPIER (GPI Event Received) interrupt indicates that an event has been received on one of the GPI-configured ports. Each GPI port can be configured to generate an interrupt for an event such as detecting a rising edge, a falling edge, or either edge at the corresponding port. If the GPI port is configured to detect no edge, it is equivalent to masking the interrupt related to that port. A GPI status register allows the host to identify which port detected the event. GPIER is cleared after the interrupt register and both GPI status registers are read subsequently.

The GPIEM (GPI Event Missed) interrupt informs the host that it did not service the GPI interrupt caused by the

occurrence of an event recorded by GPI status registers before another event was received on the same port. The host must read the interrupt register and the GPI status registers whenever a GPI event received interrupt occurs; otherwise, the GPIEM register is asserted upon receiving the next event. This interrupt must be used in conjunction with the GPIER interrupt bit to operate properly. GPIEM is cleared after the interrupt register and both GPI status registers are read subsequently.

The DACOI (DAC Overcurrent) interrupt indicates that a DAC-configured port current exceeded approximately 50mA. This limit is not configurable. A DAC overcurrent status register allows the host to identify which DAC-configured port exceeded the 50mA current limit. DACOI is cleared after the interrupt register is read, and both DAC overcurrent status registers are read subsequently.

The TMPINT[2:0] (Internal Temperature Monitor) interrupt has three sources of interrupt, each independently controllable: a new internal temperature data is ready, the internal temperature value exceeds the maximum limit, or the internal temperature value is below the minimum limit. TMPINT is cleared after the interrupt register is read.

The TMPEXT1[2:0] (1st External Temperature Monitor) interrupt has three sources of interrupt, each independently controllable: a new first external temperature data is ready, the first external temperature value exceeds the maximum limit, or the first external temperature value is below the minimum limit. TMPEXT1 is cleared after the interrupt register is read.

The TMPEXT2[2:0] (2nd External Temperature Monitor) interrupt has three sources of interrupt, each independently controllable: a new second external temperature data is ready, the second external temperature value exceeds the maximum limit, or the second external temperature value is below the minimum limit. TMPEXT2 is cleared after the interrupt register is read.

The VMON (High-Voltage Supply Monitor) Supply Voltage Failure) interrupt is triggered when AVDDIO supply voltage falls below 4V, approximately. VMON is cleared after the interrupt register is read.

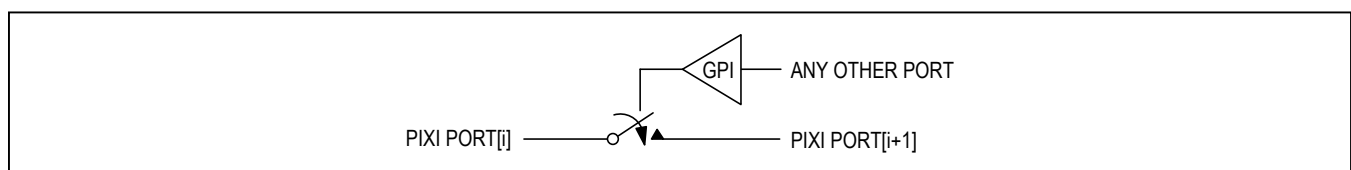


Figure 11. PIXI Ports as a Controllable Analog Switch

### Temperature Sensors Overview

The MAX11301 integrates one internal and two external temperature sensors. The external sensors are diode-connected transistors, typically a low-cost, easily mounted 2N3904 NPN type, that replace conventional thermistors or thermocouples. The external sensors' accuracy is typically  $\pm 1^\circ\text{C}$  over the  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+150^\circ\text{C}$  temperature range with no calibration necessary. Use of a transistor with a different ideality factor produces a proportionate difference in the absolute measured temperature. Parasitic series resistance results in a temperature reading error of about  $0.25^\circ\text{C}$  per Ohm of resistance. The MAX11301 features a series resistance cancellation mode (RS\_CANCEL) that eliminates this error for resistances up

to  $10\Omega$ . The external sensors can also measure the die temperature of other ICs, such as microprocessors, that contain a substrate-connected diode available for temperature-sensing purposes. Temperature data can be read from the temperature data registers. The temperature data format is in two's complement, with one LSB representing  $0.125^\circ\text{C}$ .



**Register Description**

Register bits that are shown unused do not impact device functionality and read out as “0”.

**Table 6. Register Table (Read/Write)**

| ADDRESS    | DESCRIPTION                               | B15           | B14              | B13           | B12              | B11           | B10              | B9               | B8           | B7            | B6           | B5            | B4           | B3            | B2           | B1            | B0     | DEFAULT |
|------------|---|---------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------|---------|
| 0x00 (R)   | Device ID                                 | DEVID[15:0]   |                  |               |                  |               |                  |                  |              |               |              |               |              |               |              |               |        | 0x1424  |
| 0x01 (R)   | Interrupt                                 | VMON          |                  |               |                  |               |                  |                  |              |               |              |               |              |               |              |               |        | 0x0000  |
| 0x02 (R)   | ADC data status; ports 0-15               | TMPEXT1[2:0]  |                  |               |                  |               |                  |                  |              |               |              |               |              |               |              |               |        | 0x0000  |
| 0x03 (R)   | ADC data status; ports 16-19              | ADCST[15:0]   |                  |               |                  |               |                  |                  |              |               |              |               |              |               |              |               |        | 0x0000  |
| 0x04 (R)   | Overcurrent status; ports 0-15            | UNUSED        |                  |               |                  |               |                  |                  |              |               |              |               |              |               |              |               |        | 0x0000  |
| 0x05 (R)   | Overcurrent status; ports 16-19           | DACOIST[15:0] |                  |               |                  |               |                  |                  |              |               |              |               |              |               |              |               |        | 0x0000  |
| 0x06 (R)   | GPI status; ports 0-15                    | UNUSED        |                  |               |                  |               |                  |                  |              |               |              |               |              |               |              |               |        | 0x0000  |
| 0x07 (R)   | GPI status; ports 16-19                   | GPIST[15:0]   |                  |               |                  |               |                  |                  |              |               |              |               |              |               |              |               |        | 0x0000  |
| 0x08 (R)   | Internal temperature data                 | UNUSED        |                  |               |                  |               |                  |                  |              |               |              |               |              |               |              |               |        | 0x0000  |
| 0x09 (R)   | 1 <sup>st</sup> external temperature data | UNUSED        |                  |               |                  |               |                  |                  |              |               |              |               |              |               |              |               |        | 0x0000  |
| 0x0A (R)   | 2 <sup>nd</sup> external temperature data | UNUSED        |                  |               |                  |               |                  |                  |              |               |              |               |              |               |              |               |        | 0x0000  |
| 0x0B (R)   | GPI data; ports 15-0                      | GPIDAT[15:0]  |                  |               |                  |               |                  |                  |              |               |              |               |              |               |              |               |        | 0x0000  |
| 0x0C (R)   | GPI data; ports 19-16                     | GPIDAT[19:16] |                  |               |                  |               |                  |                  |              |               |              |               |              |               |              |               |        | 0x0000  |
| 0x0D (R/W) | GPO data; ports 15-0                      | GPODAT[15:0]  |                  |               |                  |               |                  |                  |              |               |              |               |              |               |              |               |        | 0x0000  |
| 0x0E (R/W) | GPO data; ports 19-16                     | GPODAT[19:16] |                  |               |                  |               |                  |                  |              |               |              |               |              |               |              |               |        | 0x0000  |
| 0x10 (R/W) | Device control                            | Reset         | BRST             | LPEN          | RS_CANCEL        | TMPPER        | TMPEXT1 MSK[2:0] | TMPEXT2 MSK[2:0] | THSHDN       | DACREF        | ADCCONV[1:0] |               | DACCL[1:0]   | ADCCDR MSK    |              | ADCCFLG MSK   | 0x0000 |         |
| 0x11 (R/W) | Interrupt mask                            | VMON MSK      | TMPEXT2 MSK[2:0] |               | TMPEXT1 MSK[2:0] |               | GPIMD_4[1:0]     |                  | GPIMD_3[1:0] |               | GPIMD_2[1:0] |               | GPIMD_1[1:0] |               | GPIMD_0[1:0] |               | 0x0000 |         |
| 0x12 (R/W) | GPI IRQ mode; ports 0-7                   | GPIMD_7[1:0]  |                  | GPIMD_6[1:0]  |                  | GPIMD_5[1:0]  |                  | GPIMD_4[1:0]     |              | GPIMD_3[1:0]  |              | GPIMD_2[1:0]  |              | GPIMD_1[1:0]  |              | GPIMD_0[1:0]  |        | 0x0000  |
| 0x13 (R/W) | GPI IRQ mode; ports 8-15                  | GPIMD_15[1:0] |                  | GPIMD_14[1:0] |                  | GPIMD_13[1:0] |                  | GPIMD_12[1:0]    |              | GPIMD_11[1:0] |              | GPIMD_10[1:0] |              | GPIMD_9[1:0]  |              | GPIMD_8[1:0]  |        | 0x0000  |
| 0x14 (R/W) | GPI IRQ mode; ports 16-19                 | UNUSED        |                  | UNUSED        |                  | UNUSED        |                  | GPIMD_19[1:0]    |              | GPIMD_18[1:0] |              | GPIMD_17[1:0] |              | GPIMD_16[1:0] |              | GPIMD_15[1:0] |        | 0x0000  |
| 0x16 (R/W) | DAC preset data #1                        | UNUSED        |                  |               |                  |               |                  |                  |              |               |              |               |              |               |              |               |        | 0x0000  |
| 0x17 (R/W) | DAC preset data #2                        | UNUSED        |                  |               |                  |               |                  |                  |              |               |              |               |              |               |              |               |        | 0x0000  |
| 0x18 (R/W) | Temperature monitor Configuration         | UNUSED        |                  |               |                  |               |                  |                  |              |               |              |               |              |               |              |               |        | 0x0000  |
| 0x19 (R/W) | Internal temperature high threshold       | UNUSED        |                  |               |                  |               |                  |                  |              |               |              |               |              |               |              |               |        | 0x07FF  |

Table 6. Register Table (continued)

| ADDRESS    | DESCRIPTION   | B15 | B14    | B13            | B12 | B11 | B10 | B9 | B8 | B7 | B6 | B5               | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0 | DEFAULT |
|------------|---|-----|--------|----------------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|------------------|----|----|----|----|----|---------|
| 0x1A (R/W) | Internal temperature low threshold                  |     | UNUSED |                |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | TMPINTLO[11:0]   |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0800  |
| 0x1B (R/W) | 1 <sup>st</sup> external temperature high threshold |     | UNUSED |                |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | TMPEXT1H[11:0]   |    |    |    |    |    | 0x07FF  |
| 0x1C (R/W) | 1 <sup>st</sup> external temperature low threshold  |     | UNUSED |                |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | TMPEXT1LO[11:0]  |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0800  |
| 0x1D (R/W) | 2 <sup>nd</sup> external temperature high threshold |     | UNUSED |                |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | TMPEXT2H[11:0]   |    |    |    |    |    | 0x07FF  |
| 0x1E (R/W) | 2 <sup>nd</sup> external temperature low threshold  |     | UNUSED |                |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | TMPEXT2LO[11:0]  |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0800  |
| 0x20 (R/W) | Port 0 configuration                                |     |        | FUNCID_0[3:0]  |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | FUNCPRM_0[11:0]  |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0000  |
| 0x21 (R/W) | Port 1 configuration                                |     |        | FUNCID_1[3:0]  |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | FUNCPRM_1[11:0]  |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0000  |
| 0x22 (R/W) | Port 2 configuration                                |     |        | FUNCID_2[3:0]  |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | FUNCPRM_2[11:0]  |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0000  |
| 0x23 (R/W) | Port 3 configuration                                |     |        | FUNCID_3[3:0]  |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | FUNCPRM_3[11:0]  |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0000  |
| 0x24 (R/W) | Port 4 configuration                                |     |        | FUNCID_4[3:0]  |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | FUNCPRM_4[11:0]  |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0000  |
| 0x25 (R/W) | Port 5 configuration                                |     |        | FUNCID_5[3:0]  |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | FUNCPRM_5[11:0]  |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0000  |
| 0x26 (R/W) | Port 6 configuration                                |     |        | FUNCID_6[3:0]  |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | FUNCPRM_6[11:0]  |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0000  |
| 0x27 (R/W) | Port 7 configuration                                |     |        | FUNCID_7[3:0]  |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | FUNCPRM_7[11:0]  |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0000  |
| 0x28 (R/W) | Port 8 configuration                                |     |        | FUNCID_8[3:0]  |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | FUNCPRM_8[11:0]  |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0000  |
| 0x29 (R/W) | Port 9 configuration                                |     |        | FUNCID_9[3:0]  |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | FUNCPRM_9[11:0]  |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0000  |
| 0x2A (R/W) | Port 10 configuration                               |     |        | FUNCID_10[3:0] |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | FUNCPRM_10[11:0] |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0000  |
| 0x2B (R/W) | Port 11 configuration                               |     |        | FUNCID_11[3:0] |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | FUNCPRM_11[11:0] |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0000  |
| 0x2C (R/W) | Port 12 configuration                               |     |        | FUNCID_12[3:0] |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | FUNCPRM_12[11:0] |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0000  |
| 0x2D (R/W) | Port 13 configuration                               |     |        | FUNCID_13[3:0] |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | FUNCPRM_13[11:0] |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0000  |
| 0x2E (R/W) | Port 14 configuration                               |     |        | FUNCID_14[3:0] |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | FUNCPRM_14[11:0] |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0000  |
| 0x2F (R/W) | Port 15 configuration                               |     |        | FUNCID_15[3:0] |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | FUNCPRM_15[11:0] |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0000  |
| 0x30 (R/W) | Port 16 configuration                               |     |        | FUNCID_16[3:0] |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | FUNCPRM_16[11:0] |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0000  |
| 0x31 (R/W) | Port 17 configuration                               |     |        | FUNCID_17[3:0] |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | FUNCPRM_17[11:0] |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0000  |
| 0x32 (R/W) | Port 18 configuration                               |     |        | FUNCID_18[3:0] |     |     |     |    |    |    |    | FUNCPRM_18[11:0] |    |    |    |    |    | 0x0000  |

Table 6. Register Table (continued)

| ADDRESS   | DESCRIPTION           | B15              | B14 | B13 | B12 | B11 | B10 | B9 | B8 | B7 | B6 | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0 | DEFAULT |        |        |
|-----------|-----------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---------|--------|--------|
| 0x33 (RW) | Port 19 configuration | FUNCPRM_19[11:0] |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         | 0x0000 |        |
| 0x40 (R)  | Port 0 ADC data       | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x41 (R)  | Port 1 ADC data       | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x42 (R)  | Port 2 ADC data       | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x43 (R)  | Port 3 ADC data       | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x44 (R)  | Port 4 ADC data       | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x45 (R)  | Port 5 ADC data       | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x46 (R)  | Port 6 ADC data       | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x47 (R)  | Port 7 ADC data       | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x48 (R)  | Port 8 ADC data       | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x49 (R)  | Port 9 ADC data       | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x4A (R)  | Port 10 ADC data      | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x4B (R)  | Port 11 ADC data      | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x4C (R)  | Port 12 ADC data      | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x4D (R)  | Port 13 ADC data      | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x4E (R)  | Port 14 ADC data      | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x4F (R)  | Port 15 ADC data      | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x50 (R)  | Port 16 ADC data      | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x51 (R)  | Port 17 ADC data      | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x52 (R)  | Port 18 ADC data      | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x53 (R)  | Port 19 ADC data      | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x60 (RW) | Port 0 DAC data       | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x61 (RW) | Port 1 DAC data       | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x62 (RW) | Port 2 DAC data       | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x63 (RW) | Port 3 DAC data       | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x64 (RW) | Port 4 DAC data       | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x65 (RW) | Port 5 DAC data       | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x66 (RW) | Port 6 DAC data       | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x67 (RW) | Port 7 DAC data       | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x68 (RW) | Port 8 DAC data       | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x69 (RW) | Port 9 DAC data       | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x6A (RW) | Port 10 DAC data      | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x6B (RW) | Port 11 DAC data      | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x6D (RW) | Port 12 DAC data      | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x6E (RW) | Port 13 DAC data      | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x6F (RW) | Port 14 DAC data      | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x70 (RW) | Port 15 DAC data      | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x71 (RW) | Port 16 DAC data      | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x72 (RW) | Port 17 DAC data      | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x73 (RW) | Port 18 DAC data      | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |
| 0x73 (RW) | Port 19 DAC data      | UNUSED           |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |        | 0x0000 |

## Register Detailed Description

### Device ID Register (Read)

| BIT  | FIELD NAME  | DESCRIPTION                             |
|------|-------------|---|
| 15:0 | DEVID[15:0] | <b>Device ID</b><br>0001_0100_0010_0100 |

### Interrupt Register (Read)

| BIT | FIELD NAME | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----|------------|--|
| 0   | ADCFLAG    | <b>ADC flag interrupt</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Asserted when the ADC completes a conversion (ADC set in single-conversion mode) or when the ADC completes a sweep (ADC set in single-sweep or continuous-sweep mode).</li> <li>No interrupt is generated when the ADC is in idle mode.</li> <li>Cleared after the interrupt register is read.</li> </ul>   |
| 1   | ADCDR      | <b>ADC data ready interrupt</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Asserted when any ADC data register receives a new data sample. If a port is configured to average <math>2^N</math> samples, it takes <math>2^N</math> sweeps for that port data register to be refreshed and assert ADCDR.</li> <li>Data registers are refreshed either at the end of a conversion (ADC set in single-conversion mode) or at the end of a sweep (ADC set in single-sweep or continuous-sweep mode).</li> <li>Cleared after the interrupt register is read, and after both ADCST[15:0] and ADCST[19:16] registers are read subsequently.</li> </ul> |
| 2   | ADCDM      | <b>ADC data missed interrupt</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Asserted when the host missed reading a port's ADC data register by the time that port's ADC data register is overwritten by new data.</li> <li>Cleared after the interrupt register is read.</li> </ul>   |
| 3   | GPIDR      | <b>GPI event ready interrupt</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Asserted when a new event is captured by GPI-configured ports. The type of event is set by the corresponding GPI IRQ mode register. The host can then consult GPIST[15:0] and GPIST[19:16] registers to identify the port that caused the interrupt.</li> <li>Cleared after the interrupt register is read, and after both GPIST[15:0] and GPIST[19:16] are read subsequently.</li> </ul>  |
| 4   | GPIDM      | <b>GPI event missed interrupt</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Asserted when the host missed reading the GPI status register by the time that register is overwritten.</li> <li>Must be used in conjunction with GPIDR for proper operation.</li> <li>Cleared after the interrupt register is read, and after both GPIST[15:0] and GPIST[19:16] are read subsequently.</li> </ul>  |
| 5   | DACOI      | <b>DAC driver overcurrent interrupt</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Asserted when the DAC driver current exceeds approximately 50mA. The host can then read DACOIST[15:0] and DACOIST[19:16] to identify the port that caused the interrupt.</li> <li>Cleared after the interrupt register is read, and after both DACOIST[15:0] and DACOIST[19:16] registers are read subsequently.</li> </ul>   |

**Interrupt Register (Read) (continued)**

| BIT   | FIELD NAME   | DESCRIPTION   |
|-------|--------------|---|
| 8:6   | TMPINT[2:0]  | <b>Internal temperature interrupts</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TMPINT[2]: Asserted when the internal temperature value is larger than the value stored in TMPINTHI[11:0]. Cleared after the interrupt register is read.</li> <li>• TMPINT[1]: Asserted when the internal temperature value is lower than the value stored in TMPINTLO[11:0]. Cleared after the interrupt register is read.</li> <li>• TMPINT[0]: Asserted when a new temperature value is available. Cleared after the interrupt register is read.</li> </ul>                  |
| 11:9  | TMPEXT1[2:0] | <b>1st external temperature interrupts</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TMPEXT1[2]: Asserted when the 1st external temperature value is larger than the value stored in TMPEXT1HI[11:0]. Cleared after the interrupt register is read.</li> <li>• TMPEXT1[1]: Asserted when the 1st external temperature value is lower than the value stored in TMPEXT1LO[11:0]. Cleared after the interrupt register is read.</li> <li>• TMPEXT1[0]: Asserted when a new temperature value is available. Cleared after the interrupt register is read.</li> </ul> |
| 14:12 | TMPEXT2[2:0] | <b>2nd external temperature interrupts</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TMPEXT2[2]: Asserted when the 2nd external temperature value is larger than the value stored in TMPEXT2HI[11:0]. Cleared after the interrupt register is read.</li> <li>• TMPEXT2[1]: Asserted when the 2nd external temperature value is lower than the value stored in TMPEXT2LO[11:0]. Cleared after the interrupt register is read.</li> <li>• TMPEXT2[0]: Asserted when a new temperature value is available. Cleared after the interrupt register is read.</li> </ul> |
| 15    | VMON         | <b>High-voltage supply monitor interrupt</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Asserted when the high voltage supply (AVDDIO) falls below approximately 4V.</li> <li>• Cleared after the interrupt register is read.</li> </ul>  |

**ADC Status Registers (Read)**

| BIT         | FIELD NAME                  | DESCRIPTION   |
|-------------|-----------------------------|---|
| 15:0<br>3:0 | ADCST[15:0]<br>ADCST[19:16] | <b>Status of ADC data received for ports 0 to 19</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Once new data is written in an ADC data register, the corresponding ADCST bit is asserted. The new data is written only after the set of samples to average is collected when the averaging function is enabled.</li> <li>• This register content is not affected by any related interrupt mask. Activity on ADC-configured ports is recorded by this register regardless of the mask interrupt register setting.</li> <li>• Cleared after the interrupt register is read, and after both ADCST[15:0] and ADCST[19:16] registers are read, subsequently.</li> </ul> |

**Overcurrent Status Registers (Read)**

| BIT         | FIELD NAME                      | DESCRIPTION   |
|-------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 15:0<br>3:0 | DACOIST[15:0]<br>DACOIST[19:16] | <b>Status of DAC drivers overcurrent for ports 0 to 19</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Once a port driver exceeds approximately 50mA, the host can identify which driver caused the interrupt by reading DACOIST[15:0] and DACOIST[19:16].</li> <li>• This register content is not affected by any related interrupt mask. Activity on overcurrent detection is recorded by these registers regardless of the mask interrupt register setting.</li> <li>• Cleared after the interrupt register is read, and after both DACOIST[15:0] and DACOIST[19:16] registers are read, subsequently.</li> </ul> |

**Internal Temperature Data Register (Read)**

| BIT  | FIELD NAME      | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-----------------|--|
| 11:0 | TMPINTDAT[11:0] | <b>Internal temperature measurement data</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Temperature measurement produced by the internal temperature sensor.</li> <li>The data sample is represented in two's complement, and one LSB represents 0.125°C.</li> </ul> |

**1st External Temperature Data Register (Read)**

| BIT  | FIELD NAME       | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|------------------|--|
| 11:0 | TMPEXT1DAT[11:0] | <b>1st external temperature measurement data</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Temperature measurement produced by the first external temperature sensor.</li> <li>The data sample is represented in two's complement, and one LSB represents 0.125°C.</li> </ul> |

**2nd External Temperature Data Register (Read)**

| BIT  | FIELD NAME       | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|------------------|---|
| 11:0 | TMPEXT2DAT[11:0] | <b>2nd external temperature measurement data</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Temperature measurement produced by the second external temperature sensor.</li> <li>The data sample is represented in two's complement, and one LSB represents 0.125°C.</li> </ul> |

**GPI Status Registers (Read)**

| BIT         | FIELD NAME                  | DESCRIPTION   |
|-------------|-----------------------------|---|
| 15:0<br>3:0 | GPIST[15:0]<br>GPIST[19:16] | <b>Status of GPI event detection for ports 0 to 19</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Asserted when an event is detected on a GPI-configured port. The type of event to detect is set by the corresponding GPI IRQ register.</li> <li>Once a GPIDT interrupt is generated, the host can identify which GPI port(s) caused the interrupt by reading GPIST[15:0] and GPIST[19:16] registers.</li> <li>GPIST content is not affected by any related interrupt mask. Activity on GPI-configured ports is recorded by GPIST regardless of the mask interrupt register setting.</li> <li>Cleared after the interrupt register is read, and after both GPIST[15:0] and GPIST[19:16] registers are read, subsequently.</li> </ul> |

## Interrupt Mask Register (Read/Write)

| BIT   | FIELD NAME      | DESCRIPTION  |
|-------|-----------------|--|
| 0     | ADCFLAGMSK      | <b>ADC flag interrupt mask</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Masks ADCFLAG interrupt bit when asserted.</li> <li>In ADC continuous-sweep mode, <math>\overline{\text{INT}}</math> is asserted for 100nS at the end of each sweep whether ADCFLAG interrupt is cleared or not.</li> <li>1: Prevents the assertion of ADCFLAG interrupt bit from pulling <math>\overline{\text{INT}}</math> low.</li> <li>0: Allows the assertion of ADCFLAG interrupt bit to pull <math>\overline{\text{INT}}</math> low.</li> </ul> |
| 1     | ADCDRMSK        | <b>ADC data ready interrupt mask</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Masks ADCDR interrupt bit when asserted.</li> <li>1: Prevents the assertion of ADCDR interrupt bit from pulling <math>\overline{\text{INT}}</math> low.</li> <li>0: Allows the assertion of ADCDR interrupt bit to pull <math>\overline{\text{INT}}</math> low.</li> </ul>   |
| 2     | ADCDMMSK        | <b>ADC data missed interrupt mask</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Masks ADCDM interrupt bit when asserted.</li> <li>1: Prevents the assertion of ADCDM interrupt bit from pulling <math>\overline{\text{INT}}</math> low.</li> <li>0: Allows the assertion of ADCDM interrupt bit to pull <math>\overline{\text{INT}}</math> low.</li> </ul>  |
| 3     | GPIDRMSK        | <b>GPI event ready interrupt</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Masks GPIDR interrupt bit when asserted.</li> <li>Supersedes the settings in the GPI IRQ Mode registers.</li> <li>1: Prevents the assertion of GPIDR interrupt bit from pulling <math>\overline{\text{INT}}</math> low.</li> <li>0: Allows the assertion of GPIDR interrupt bit to pull <math>\overline{\text{INT}}</math> low.</li> </ul>   |
| 4     | GPIDMMSK        | <b>GPI event missed interrupt mask</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Masks GPIDM interrupt bit when asserted.</li> <li>Can be deasserted only if GPIDRMSK is deasserted.</li> <li>1: Prevents the assertion of GPIDM interrupt bit from pulling <math>\overline{\text{INT}}</math> low.</li> <li>0: Allows the assertion of GPIDM interrupt bit to pull <math>\overline{\text{INT}}</math> low.</li> </ul>  |
| 5     | DACOIMSK        | <b>DAC driver overcurrent interrupt mask</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Masks DACOI interrupt bit when asserted.</li> <li>1: Prevents the assertion of DACOI interrupt bit from pulling <math>\overline{\text{INT}}</math> low.</li> <li>0: Allows the assertion of DACOI interrupt bit to pull <math>\overline{\text{INT}}</math> low.</li> </ul>   |
| 8:6   | TMPINTMSK[2:0]  | <b>Internal temperature interrupt mask</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Masks TMPINT[2:0] interrupt bits when asserted on a bit-by-bit basis.</li> <li>1: Prevents the assertion of TMPINT[i] interrupt bit from pulling <math>\overline{\text{INT}}</math> low (<math>0 \leq i \leq 2</math>).</li> <li>0: Allows the assertion of TMPINT[i] interrupt bit to pull <math>\overline{\text{INT}}</math> low (<math>0 \leq i \leq 2</math>).</li> </ul>  |
| 11:9  | TMPEXT1MSK[2:0] | <b>1st external temperature interrupt mask</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Masks TMPEXT1[2:0] interrupt bits when asserted on a bit-by-bit basis.</li> <li>1: Prevents the assertion of TMPEXT1[i] interrupt bit from pulling <math>\overline{\text{INT}}</math> low (<math>0 \leq i \leq 2</math>).</li> <li>0: Allows the assertion of TMPEXT1[i] interrupt bit to pull <math>\overline{\text{INT}}</math> low (<math>0 \leq i \leq 2</math>).</li> </ul>   |
| 14:12 | TMPEXT2MSK[2:0] | <b>2nd external temperature interrupt mask</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Masks TMPEXT2[2:0] interrupt bits when asserted on a bit-by-bit basis.</li> <li>1: Prevents the assertion of TMPEXT2[i] interrupt bit from pulling <math>\overline{\text{INT}}</math> low (<math>0 \leq i \leq 2</math>).</li> <li>0: Allows the assertion of TMPEXT2[i] interrupt bit to pull <math>\overline{\text{INT}}</math> low (<math>0 \leq i \leq 2</math>).</li> </ul>   |
| 15    | VMONMSK         | <b>High-voltage supply monitor mask</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Masks VMON interrupt bit when asserted.</li> <li>1: Prevents the assertion of VMON interrupt bit from pulling <math>\overline{\text{INT}}</math> low.</li> <li>0: Allows the assertion of VMON interrupt bit to pull <math>\overline{\text{INT}}</math> low.</li> </ul>   |

### GPI IRQ Mode Registers (Read/Write)

| BIT   | FIELD NAME    | DESCRIPTION   |
|-------|---------------|---|
| 1:0   | GPIMD_0[1:0]  | <b>GPI interrupt request mode for ports 0 to 19</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Each input port is controlled by GPIMD, a 2-bit code.</li> <li>For a given port <math>i</math> (<math>0 \leq i \leq 19</math>): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>GPIMD_<math>i</math>[1:0] = 00: GPIST[<math>i</math>] is never asserted</li> <li>GPIMD_<math>i</math>[1:0] = 01: GPIST[<math>i</math>] is asserted upon detection of a positive edge</li> <li>GPIMD_<math>i</math>[1:0] = 10: GPIST[<math>i</math>] is asserted upon detection of a negative edge</li> <li>GPIMD_<math>i</math>[1:0] = 11: GPIST[<math>i</math>] is asserted upon detection of a positive or a negative edge</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
| 3:2   | GPIMD_1[1:0]  |   |
| 5:4   | GPIMD_2[1:0]  |   |
| 7:6   | GPIMD_3[1:0]  |   |
| 9:8   | GPIMD_4[1:0]  |   |
| 11:10 | GPIMD_5[1:0]  |   |
| 13:12 | GPIMD_6[1:0]  |   |
| 15:14 | GPIMD_7[1:0]  |   |
| 1:0   | GPIMD_8[1:0]  |   |
| 3:2   | GPIMD_9[1:0]  |   |
| 5:4   | GPIMD_10[1:0] |   |
| 7:6   | GPIMD_11[1:0] |   |
| 9:8   | GPIMD_12[1:0] |   |
| 11:10 | GPIMD_13[1:0] |   |
| 13:12 | GPIMD_14[1:0] |   |
| 15:14 | GPIMD_15[1:0] |   |
| 1:0   | GPIMD_16[1:0] |   |
| 3:2   | GPIMD_17[1:0] |   |
| 5:4   | GPIMD_18[1:0] |   |
| 7:6   | GPIMD_19[1:0] |   |

### Device Control Register (Read/Write)

| BIT | FIELD NAME   | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----|--------------|--|
| 1:0 | ADCCTL[1:0]  | <b>ADC conversion mode selection</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>00: Idle mode – The ADC does not perform any conversion.</li> <li>01: Single sweep – The ADC performs one conversion for each of the ADC-configured ports sequentially. The assertion of <math>\overline{CNVT}</math> triggers the single sweep. The sweep starts with the ADC-configured port of lowest index and stops with the ADC-configured port of highest index.</li> <li>10: Single conversion – The ADC performs one conversion for the current port. It starts with the lowest index port that is ADC-configured, and it progresses to higher index ports as <math>\overline{CNVT}</math> is asserted.</li> <li>11: Continuous sweep – This mode is not controlled by <math>\overline{CNVT}</math>. The ADC continuously sweeps the ADC-configured ports.</li> </ul> |
| 3:2 | DACCTL[1:0]  | <b>DAC mode selection</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>00: Sequential update mode for DAC-configured ports.</li> <li>01: Immediate update mode for DAC-configured ports. The DAC-configured port that received new data is the next port to be updated. After updating that port, the DAC-configured port update sequence continues from that port onward. A minimum of 80<math>\mu</math>s must be observed before requesting another immediate update.</li> <li>10: All DAC-configured ports use the same data stored in DACPRSTDAT1[11:0].</li> <li>11: All DAC-configured ports use the same data stored in DACPRSTDAT2[11:0].</li> </ul>  |
| 5:4 | ADCCONV[1:0] | <b>ADC conversion rate selection</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>00: ADC conversion rate of 200ksp/s (default)</li> <li>01: ADC conversion rate of 250ksp/s</li> <li>10: ADC conversion rate of 333ksp/s</li> <li>11: ADC conversion rate of 400ksp/s</li> </ul>  |



## Device Control Register (Read/Write) (continued)

| BIT  | FIELD NAME  | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|-------------|--|
| 6    | DACREF      | <b>DAC voltage reference selection</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: External reference voltage</li> <li>1: Internal reference voltage</li> </ul>  |
| 7    | THSHDN      | <b>Thermal shutdown enable</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Thermal shutdown function disabled.</li> <li>1: Thermal shutdown function enabled. If the internal temperature monitor is enabled, and if the internal temperature is measured to be larger than 145°C, the device is reset, thus bringing all channels to high-impedance mode and setting all registers to their default value.</li> </ul>   |
| 10:8 | TMPCTL[2:0] | <b>Temperature monitor selection</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>TMPCTL[0]: Internal temperature monitor (0: disabled; 1: enabled)</li> <li>TMPCTL[1]: 1st external temperature monitor (0: disabled; 1: enabled)</li> <li>TMPCTL[2]: 2nd external temperature monitor (0: disabled; 1: enabled)</li> </ul>   |
| 11   | TMPPER      | <b>Temperature conversion time control</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Default conversion time setting. Selected for junction capacitance filter &lt; 100pF.</li> <li>1: Extended conversion time setting. Selected for junction capacitance filter from 100pF to 390pF</li> </ul>   |
| 12   | RS_CANCEL   | <b>Temperature sensor series resistor cancellation mode</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Temperature sensor series resistance cancellation disabled.</li> <li>1: Temperature sensor series resistance cancellation enabled.</li> </ul>  |
| 13   | LPEN        | <b>Power mode selection</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Default power mode for normal operations</li> <li>1: Lower power mode. The analog ports are in high-impedance mode. The device can be brought out of the lower power mode by deasserting this bit. The device would then undergo the regular power-on sequence.</li> </ul>   |
| 14   | BRST        | <b>Serial interface burst-mode selection</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Default address incrementing mode. The address is automatically incremented by "1" in burst mode.</li> <li>1: Contextual address incrementing mode. In burst mode, the address automatically points to the next ADC- or DAC-configured port data register. Specifically, when reading ADC data (writing DAC data), the serial interface reads (writes to) only the data registers of those ports that are ADC-configured (DAC-configured). This mode applies to ADC data read and DAC data write, not DAC data read.</li> </ul> |
| 15   | RESET       | <b>Soft reset control</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Self-clearing soft reset register, equivalent to power-on reset.</li> </ul>   |

## GPI Data Registers (Read)

| BIT         | FIELD NAME                    | DESCRIPTION  |
|-------------|-------------------------------|--|
| 15:0<br>3:0 | GPIDAT[15:0]<br>GPIDAT[19:16] | <b>Data received on GPI ports 0 to 19</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The data received on GPI-configured ports can be read by the host.</li> <li>For a given port <math>i</math> (<math>0 \leq i \leq 19</math>) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>GPIDAT[i] = 0: A logic zero level is received at GPI port <math>i</math></li> <li>GPIDAT[i] = 1: A logic one level is received at GPI port <math>i</math></li> </ul> </li> </ul> |

**GPO Data Registers (Read/Write)**

| BIT         | FIELD NAME                    | DESCRIPTION  |
|-------------|-------------------------------|--|
| 15:0<br>3:0 | GPODAT[15:0]<br>GPODAT[19:16] | <b>Data transmitted through GPO ports 0 to 19</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Data written by the host to be transmitted through the GPO-configured ports</li> <li>For a given port <math>i</math> (<math>0 \leq i \leq 19</math>): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>GPIDAT[i] = 0: A logic zero level is transmitted through GPO port <math>i</math></li> <li>GPIDAT[i] = 1: A logic one level is transmitted through GPO port <math>i</math></li> </ul> </li> </ul> |

**DAC Preset Data Registers (Read/Write)**

| BIT          | FIELD NAME                             | DESCRIPTION   |
|--------------|--|---|
| 11:0<br>11:0 | DACPRSTDAT1[11:0]<br>DACPRSTDAT2[11:0] | <b>DAC preset data register 1 and 2</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DAC data used by all ports configured in a DAC-related mode (1, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 10)</li> <li>Writing to these registers does not alter the contents of the DAC data registers</li> </ul> |

**Temperature Monitor Configuration Register (Read/Write)**

| BIT | FIELD NAME         | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----|--------------------|---|
| 1:0 | TMPINTMONCFG[1:0]  | <b>Number of samples averaged for calculating the internal temperature</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>00: 4 samples</li> <li>01: 8 samples</li> <li>10: 16 samples</li> <li>11: 32 samples</li> </ul>     |
| 3:2 | TMPEXT1MONCFG[1:0] | <b>Number of samples averaged for calculating the 1st external temperature</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>00: 4 samples</li> <li>01: 8 samples</li> <li>10: 16 samples</li> <li>11: 32 samples</li> </ul> |
| 5:4 | TMPEXT2MONCFG[1:0] | <b>Number of samples averaged for calculating the 2nd external temperature</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>00: 4 samples</li> <li>01: 8 samples</li> <li>10: 16 samples</li> <li>11: 32 samples</li> </ul> |

**Internal Temperature Monitor High Threshold Register (Read/Write)**

| BIT  | FIELD NAME     | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|----------------|--|
| 11:0 | TMPINTHI[11:0] | <b>Internal temperature monitor high threshold</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Maximum temperature value beyond which TMPINT[2] is asserted.</li> <li>This value is represented in two's complement; one LSB represents 0.125°C.</li> </ul> |

**Internal Temperature Monitor Low Threshold Register (Read/Write)**

| BIT  | FIELD NAME     | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|----------------|--|
| 11:0 | TMPINTLO[11:0] | <b>Internal temperature monitor low threshold</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Minimum temperature value below which TMPINT[1] is asserted.</li> <li>This value is represented in two's complement; one LSB represents 0.125°C.</li> </ul> |

**1st External Temperature Monitor High Threshold Register (Read/Write)**

| BIT  | FIELD NAME      | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----------------|---|
| 11:0 | TMPEXT1HI[11:0] | <b>1st external temperature monitor high threshold</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Maximum temperature value beyond which TMPEXT1[2] is asserted.</li> <li>This value is represented in two's complement; one LSB represents 0.125°C.</li> </ul> |

**1st External Temperature Monitor Low Threshold Register (Read/Write)**

| BIT  | FIELD NAME      | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----------------|---|
| 11:0 | TMPEXT1LO[11:0] | <b>1st external temperature monitor low threshold</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Minimum temperature value below which TMPEXT1[1] is asserted.</li> <li>This value is represented in two's complement; one LSB represents 0.125°C.</li> </ul> |

**2nd External Temperature Monitor High Threshold Register (Read/Write)**

| BIT  | FIELD NAME      | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----------------|---|
| 11:0 | TMPEXT2HI[11:0] | <b>2nd external temperature monitor high threshold</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Maximum temperature value beyond which TMPEXT2[2] is asserted.</li> <li>This value is represented in two's complement; one LSB represents 0.125°C.</li> </ul> |

**2nd External Temperature Monitor Low Threshold Register (Read/Write)**

| BIT  | FIELD NAME      | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-----------------|---|
| 11:0 | TMPEXT2LO[11:0] | <b>2nd external temperature monitor low threshold</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Minimum temperature value below which TMPEXT2[1] is asserted.</li> <li>This value is represented in two's complement; one LSB represents 0.125°C.</li> </ul> |

Port Configuration Registers (Read/Write)

| BIT              | FIELD NAME          | DESCRIPTION   |                       |                       |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
|------------------|---------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----|-------------------|-------------------|-----|----------|----------|-----|----------|----------|-----|----------|----------|-----|-----------|----------|-----|----------|----------|-----|-----------|----------|-----|----------|----------|
| 11:0             | FUNCPRM_0[11:0]     | <p><b>FUNCPRM_i[4:0]: ASSOCIATED PORT</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Defines the port to use in conjunction with a port configured in mode 4, 8, or 11.</li> </ul> <p><b>FUNCPRM_i[7:5]: # OF SAMPLES (for ADC-related functional modes only)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Defines the number of samples to be captured and averaged before loading the result in the port's ADC data register. The coding of the number of samples is 2<sup># OF SAMPLES</sup>. The number of samples to average can be 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, or 128.</li> </ul> <p><b>FUNCPRM_i[10:8]: RANGE</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Determines the input voltage range of ports configured in input modes, or the output voltage range of ports configured in output modes.</li> <li>In ADC- or DAC-related modes, RANGE cannot be set to 000.</li> </ul> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>VOLTAGE RANGE CODES</th> <th>ADC VOLTAGE RANGE (V)</th> <th>DAC VOLTAGE RANGE (V)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>000</td> <td>No Range Selected</td> <td>No Range Selected</td> </tr> <tr> <td>001</td> <td>0 to +10</td> <td>0 to +10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>010</td> <td>-5 to +5</td> <td>-5 to +5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>011</td> <td>-10 to 0</td> <td>-10 to 0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>100</td> <td>0 to +2.5</td> <td>-5 to +5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>101</td> <td>Reserved</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td>110</td> <td>0 to +2.5</td> <td>0 to +10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>111</td> <td>Reserved</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>FUNCPRM_i[11]: AVR (for ADC-related functional modes only)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ADC voltage reference selection                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: ADC internal voltage reference</li> <li>1: ADC external voltage reference (all modes except mode 6) or DAC voltage reference determined by DACREF (mode 6 only)</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p><b>FUNCPRM_i[11]: INV (for GPI-controlled functional modes only)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Asserted to invert the data received by the GPI-configured port.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Data received from GPI-configured port is not inverted</li> <li>1: Data received from GPI-configured port is inverted</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | VOLTAGE RANGE CODES   | ADC VOLTAGE RANGE (V) | DAC VOLTAGE RANGE (V) | 000 | No Range Selected | No Range Selected | 001 | 0 to +10 | 0 to +10 | 010 | -5 to +5 | -5 to +5 | 011 | -10 to 0 | -10 to 0 | 100 | 0 to +2.5 | -5 to +5 | 101 | Reserved | Reserved | 110 | 0 to +2.5 | 0 to +10 | 111 | Reserved | Reserved |
|                  | VOLTAGE RANGE CODES |   | ADC VOLTAGE RANGE (V) | DAC VOLTAGE RANGE (V) |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
|                  | 000                 |   | No Range Selected     | No Range Selected     |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
|                  | 001                 |   | 0 to +10              | 0 to +10              |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
|                  | 010                 |   | -5 to +5              | -5 to +5              |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
|                  | 011                 |   | -10 to 0              | -10 to 0              |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
|                  | 100                 |   | 0 to +2.5             | -5 to +5              |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
|                  | 101                 |   | Reserved              | Reserved              |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
|                  | 110                 |   | 0 to +2.5             | 0 to +10              |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
|                  | 111                 |   | Reserved              | Reserved              |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
|                  | FUNCPRM_1[11:0]     |   |                       |                       |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
|                  | FUNCPRM_2[11:0]     |   |                       |                       |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
|                  | FUNCPRM_3[11:0]     |   |                       |                       |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
|                  | FUNCPRM_4[11:0]     |   |                       |                       |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
|                  | FUNCPRM_5[11:0]     |   |                       |                       |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
|                  | FUNCPRM_6[11:0]     |   |                       |                       |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
|                  | FUNCPRM_7[11:0]     |   |                       |                       |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
|                  | FUNCPRM_8[11:0]     |   |                       |                       |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
|                  | FUNCPRM_9[11:0]     |   |                       |                       |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
|                  | FUNCPRM_10[11:0]    |   |                       |                       |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
| FUNCPRM_11[11:0] |                     |   |                       |                       |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
| FUNCPRM_12[11:0] |                     |   |                       |                       |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
| FUNCPRM_13[11:0] |                     |   |                       |                       |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
| FUNCPRM_14[11:0] |                     |   |                       |                       |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
| FUNCPRM_15[11:0] |                     |   |                       |                       |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
| FUNCPRM_16[11:0] |                     |   |                       |                       |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
| FUNCPRM_17[11:0] |                     |   |                       |                       |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
| FUNCPRM_18[11:0] |                     |   |                       |                       |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |
| FUNCPRM_19[11:0] |                     |   |                       |                       |                       |     |                   |                   |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |     |           |          |     |          |          |

## Port Configuration Registers (Read/Write) (continued)

| BIT   | FIELD NAME   | DESCRIPTION   |
|-------|--|---|
| 15:12 | FUNCID_0[3:0]<br>FUNCID_1[3:0]<br>FUNCID_2[3:0]<br>FUNCID_3[3:0]<br>FUNCID_4[3:0]<br>FUNCID_5[3:0]<br>FUNCID_6[3:0]<br>FUNCID_7[3:0]<br>FUNCID_8[3:0]<br>FUNCID_9[3:0]<br>FUNCID_10[3:0]<br>FUNCID_11[3:0]<br>FUNCID_12[3:0]<br>FUNCID_13[3:0]<br>FUNCID_14[3:0]<br>FUNCID_15[3:0]<br>FUNCID_16[3:0]<br>FUNCID_17[3:0]<br>FUNCID_18[3:0]<br>FUNCID_19[3:0] | <p><b>Functional mode for port i (0 ≤ i ≤ 19)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• When switching from one mode to another, it is recommended to first switch to the high-impedance mode. The duration for which the device may need to stay in the transitional high-impedance mode depends on the application and hardware configuration.</li> <li>• 0000: <b>Mode 0 - High impedance</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The port is configured in high-impedance mode.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• 0001: <b>Mode 1 - Digital input with programmable threshold, GPI</b> (Figure 7)           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The port is configured as a GPI whose threshold is set through the DAC data register. The DAC data register for that port needs to be set to the value corresponding to the intended input threshold voltage. Any input voltage above that programmed threshold is reported as a logic one. The input voltage must be between 0V and 5V.</li> <li>• To avoid false interrupts, the port's GPIERMSK register bit must be asserted. The DAC data register can then be set for the desired threshold voltage. It may take up to 1ms for the threshold voltage to be effective. The port's GPIMD register bit is set next. At that point, GPIERMSK can be deasserted for the port to start detecting events. The data resulting from the comparison between the threshold voltage and the voltage at the port can be read from the corresponding GPIDAT register bit.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• 0010: <b>Mode 2 - Bidirectional level translator terminal</b> (Figure 10)           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Any pair of adjacent ports can form a bidirectional level translator path. Only the lower index port of the pair needs to be configured to enable this mode. The other port (index + 1) must be set in high-impedance mode.</li> <li>• Port 19 cannot be set in mode 2.</li> <li>• The activity on this port is observable through its GPI path. The GPI-related registers are configured as described for mode 1.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |

## Port Configuration Registers (Read/Write) (continued)

| BIT | FIELD NAME | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----|------------|---|
|     |            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="479 451 1446 646"> <p>• 0011: <b>Mode 3 - Register-driven digital output with DAC-controlled level, GPO</b> (Figure 8)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="527 478 1406 533">• The port is configured as a GPO driven by the corresponding GPODAT register bit. The logic one level is set by the DAC data register of that port.</li> <li data-bbox="527 535 1406 646">• The port's DAC data register needs to be set first. It may require up to 1ms for the port to be ready to produce the desired logic one level. At that point, the port can be set in mode 3. The logic level at the port is then controlled by the corresponding GPODAT register bit.</li> </ul> </li> <li data-bbox="479 653 1414 1056"> <p>• 0100: <b>Mode 4 - Unidirectional path output with DAC-controlled level, GPO</b> (Figure 9)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="527 680 1414 825">• The port is configured as a GPO forming the output of a unidirectional level translator path. The input port of that path is specified by the functional parameter, ASSOCIATED PORT, and that port must be separately configured in GPI mode. The port's DAC data register defines the logic one level. The data received by the GPI-configured port is transmitted by this port configured in mode 4.</li> <li data-bbox="527 827 1398 882">• The data from the associated GPI-configured port can be inverted by asserting the functional parameter INV.</li> <li data-bbox="527 884 1354 968">• Multiple ports configured in mode 4 can refer to the same GPI-configured port through the functional parameter, ASSOCIATED PORT. Therefore, one GPI-configured port can transmit its data to multiple ports configured in mode 4.</li> <li data-bbox="527 970 1386 1024">• To avoid false interrupts and unexpected activity at the port configured in mode 4, the GPI port must be configured before this port is configured in mode 4.</li> <li data-bbox="527 1026 1159 1056">• Functional parameters to be set: INV, ASSOCIATED PORT</li> </ul> </li> <li data-bbox="479 1062 1398 1207"> <p>• 0101: <b>Mode 5 - Analog output for DAC</b> (Figure 5)</p> <p>The port's DAC data register must be set for the desired voltage at the port. It may take up to 1ms for the port to reflect the data written in the DAC data register.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="527 1150 1373 1207">• Functional parameters to be set: RANGE (codes 001, 010, and 011 apply to this mode).</li> </ul> </li> <li data-bbox="479 1213 1422 1465"> <p>• 0110: <b>Mode 6 - Analog output for DAC with ADC monitoring</b> (Figure 6)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="527 1241 1422 1316">• In addition to the functionality of mode 5, the port is sampled by the ADC. The result of the ADC conversion is stored in the port's ADC data register. The host can access that register to monitor the voltage at the port.</li> <li data-bbox="527 1318 1422 1436">• When the ADC input voltage range is set from 0V to 2.5V, (RANGE = 100 or 110), the DAC data register value must be limited to the range of values corresponding to 0V to 2.5V at the port. Internally, the DAC data register value is clipped, so that the PIXI port voltage is contained within a range from 0V to 5V to prevent device damage.</li> <li data-bbox="527 1438 1040 1465">• Functional parameters to be set: AVR, RANGE</li> </ul> </li> <li data-bbox="479 1472 1235 1547"> <p>• 0111: <b>Mode 7 - Positive analog input to single-ended ADC</b> (Figure 2)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="527 1499 1094 1526">• The port is configured as a single-ended ADC input.</li> <li data-bbox="527 1528 1214 1556">• Functional parameters to be set: AVR, RANGE, # OF SAMPLES</li> </ul> </li> <li data-bbox="479 1562 1430 1638"> <p>• 1000: <b>Mode 8 - Positive analog input to differential ADC</b> (Figure 3)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="527 1589 1149 1617">• The port is configured as a differential ADC positive input.</li> <li data-bbox="527 1619 1430 1646">• Functional parameters to be set: AVR, RANGE, # OF SAMPLES, ASSOCIATED PORT</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |

## Port Configuration Registers (Read/Write) (continued)

| BIT | FIELD NAME | DESCRIPTION   |
|-----|------------|---|
|     |            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="479 445 1466 680"> <p>• <b>1001: Mode 9 - Negative analog input to differential ADC</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="527 474 1159 501">• The port is configured as a differential ADC negative input.</li> <li data-bbox="527 506 1393 590">• The number of samples to average is defined by the associated positive port. The functional parameters AVR and RANGE must be identical to those used by the corresponding positive port.</li> <li data-bbox="527 594 1398 646">• A port configured in mode 9 can be associated to more than one port configured in mode 8.</li> <li data-bbox="527 651 1040 678">• Functional parameters to be set: AVR, RANGE</li> </ul> </li> <li data-bbox="479 709 1466 1115"> <p>• <b>1010: Mode 10 - Analog output for DAC and negative analog input to differential ADC (Figure 4)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="527 768 1360 821">• While this port drives the voltage corresponding to its DAC data register, it also operates as the negative input for the ADC.</li> <li data-bbox="527 825 1393 909">• The number of samples to average is defined by the associated positive port. The functional parameters AVR and RANGE must be identical to those used by the corresponding positive port.</li> <li data-bbox="527 913 1409 966">• A port configured in mode 10 can be associated to more than one port configured in mode 8.</li> <li data-bbox="527 970 1419 1085">• When the ADC input voltage range is set from 0V to 2.5V (RANGE = 100 or 110), the DAC data register value must be limited to the range of values corresponding to 0V to 2.5V at the port. Internally, the DAC data register value is clipped, so that the PIXI port voltage is contained within a range from 0V to 5V to prevent device damage.</li> <li data-bbox="527 1089 1040 1117">• Functional parameters to be set: AVR, RANGE</li> </ul> </li> <li data-bbox="479 1144 1466 1493"> <p>• <b>1011: Mode 11 - Terminal to GPI-controlled analog switch (Figure 11)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="527 1173 1414 1404">• In this mode, two adjacent ports can be connected together through an analog switch controlled by a GPI-configured port (designated by the functional parameter ASSOCIATED PORT). This function involves three ports. The switch controlling port needs to be separately configured in GPI mode. Only the port with the lower index needs to be configured in mode 11. The port with the higher index can be configured in any other mode, except mode 2. If the port of higher index operates in an ADC-related mode (mode 6, 7, 8, or 9), the signals applied to the port in mode 11 must comply with the input voltage range for which the port of higher index is configured.</li> <li data-bbox="527 1409 1398 1461">• Port 19 cannot be configured in mode 11, as there is no switch between ports 0 and 19.</li> <li data-bbox="527 1465 1159 1493">• Functional parameters to be set: INV, ASSOCIATED PORT</li> </ul> </li> <li data-bbox="479 1522 1466 1606"> <p>• <b>1100: Mode 12 - Terminal to register-controlled analog switch</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="527 1551 1446 1604">• This mode is identical to Mode 11, except that the switch remains closed as long as this port is configured in mode 12.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |

Table 7. Port Functional Modes

| MODE | DESCRIPTION  | FUNCID[3:0] |    |    |    | FUNCPRM[11:0] |       |   |   |              |   |   |                  |   |   |   |   |
|------|--|-------------|----|----|----|---------------|-------|---|---|--------------|---|---|------------------|---|---|---|---|
|      |  | 15          | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11            | 10    | 9 | 8 | 7            | 6 | 5 | 4                | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| 0    | High impedance   | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  |               |       |   |   |              |   |   |                  |   |   |   |   |
| 1    | Digital input with programmable threshold, GPI   | 0           | 0  | 0  | 1  |               |       |   |   |              |   |   |                  |   |   |   |   |
| 2    | Bidirectional level translator terminal  | 0           | 0  | 1  | 0  |               |       |   |   |              |   |   |                  |   |   |   |   |
| 3    | Register-driven digital output with DAC-controlled level, GPO                                  | 0           | 0  | 1  | 1  |               |       |   |   |              |   |   |                  |   |   |   |   |
| 4    | Unidirectional path output with DAC-controlled level, GPO                                      | 0           | 1  | 0  | 0  | INV           |       |   |   |              |   |   | ASSOCIATED PORT* |   |   |   |   |
| 5    | Analog output for DAC  | 0           | 1  | 0  | 1  |               | RANGE |   |   |              |   |   |                  |   |   |   |   |
| 6    | Analog output for DAC with ADC monitoring  | 0           | 1  | 1  | 0  | AVR           | RANGE |   |   |              |   |   |                  |   |   |   |   |
| 7    | Positive analog input to single-ended ADC  | 0           | 1  | 1  | 1  | AVR           | RANGE |   |   | # OF SAMPLES |   |   |                  |   |   |   |   |
| 8    | Positive analog input to differential ADC  | 1           | 0  | 0  | 0  | AVR           | RANGE |   |   | # OF SAMPLES |   |   | ASSOCIATED PORT* |   |   |   |   |
| 9    | Negative analog input to differential ADC  | 1           | 0  | 0  | 1  | AVR           | RANGE |   |   |              |   |   |                  |   |   |   |   |
| 10   | Analog output for DAC and negative analog input to differential ADC (pseudo-differential mode) | 1           | 0  | 1  | 0  | AVR           | RANGE |   |   |              |   |   |                  |   |   |   |   |
| 11   | Terminal to GPI-controlled analog switch   | 1           | 0  | 1  | 1  | INV           |       |   |   |              |   |   | ASSOCIATED PORT* |   |   |   |   |
| 12   | Terminal to register-controlled analog switch  | 1           | 1  | 0  | 0  |               |       |   |   |              |   |   |                  |   |   |   |   |

\*Port must be configured separately to a compatible mode.



**ADC Data Registers (Read)**

| BIT  | FIELD NAME   | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|--|--|
| 11:0 | ADCDAT_0[11:0]<br>ADCDAT_1[11:0]<br>ADCDAT_2[11:0]<br>ADCDAT_3[11:0]<br>ADCDAT_4[11:0]<br>ADCDAT_5[11:0]<br>ADCDAT_6[11:0]<br>ADCDAT_7[11:0]<br>ADCDAT_8[11:0]<br>ADCDAT_9[11:0]<br>ADCDAT_10[11:0]<br>ADCDAT_11[11:0]<br>ADCDAT_12[11:0]<br>ADCDAT_13[11:0]<br>ADCDAT_14[11:0]<br>ADCDAT_15[11:0]<br>ADCDAT_16[11:0]<br>ADCDAT_17[11:0]<br>ADCDAT_18[11:0]<br>ADCDAT_19[11:0] | <b>ADC data for port i (0 ≤ i ≤ 19)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>12-bit data produced by the ADC when converting the analog input signal on port i.             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The conversion result is represented in straight binary for ports configured in single-ended mode (modes 6, 7), and in two's complement for ports configured as an ADC positive input (mode 8) in differential or pseudo-differential mode (mode 9). The ADC data register of the port configured as an ADC negative input in differential (mode 9) or pseudo-differential mode (mode 10) contains 0x0000.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |

**DAC Data Registers**

| BIT  | FIELD NAME   | DESCRIPTION  |
|------|--|--|
| 11:0 | DACDAT_0[11:0]<br>DACDAT_1[11:0]<br>DACDAT_2[11:0]<br>DACDAT_3[11:0]<br>DACDAT_4[11:0]<br>DACDAT_5[11:0]<br>DACDAT_6[11:0]<br>DACDAT_7[11:0]<br>DACDAT_8[11:0]<br>DACDAT_9[11:0]<br>DACDAT_10[11:0]<br>DACDAT_11[11:0]<br>DACDAT_12[11:0]<br>DACDAT_13[11:0]<br>DACDAT_14[11:0]<br>DACDAT_15[11:0]<br>DACDAT_16[11:0]<br>DACDAT_17[11:0]<br>DACDAT_18[11:0]<br>DACDAT_19[11:0] | <b>DAC data for port i (0 ≤ i ≤ 19)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>12-bit DAC data for port i.</li> <li>The data is represented in straight binary.</li> </ul> |

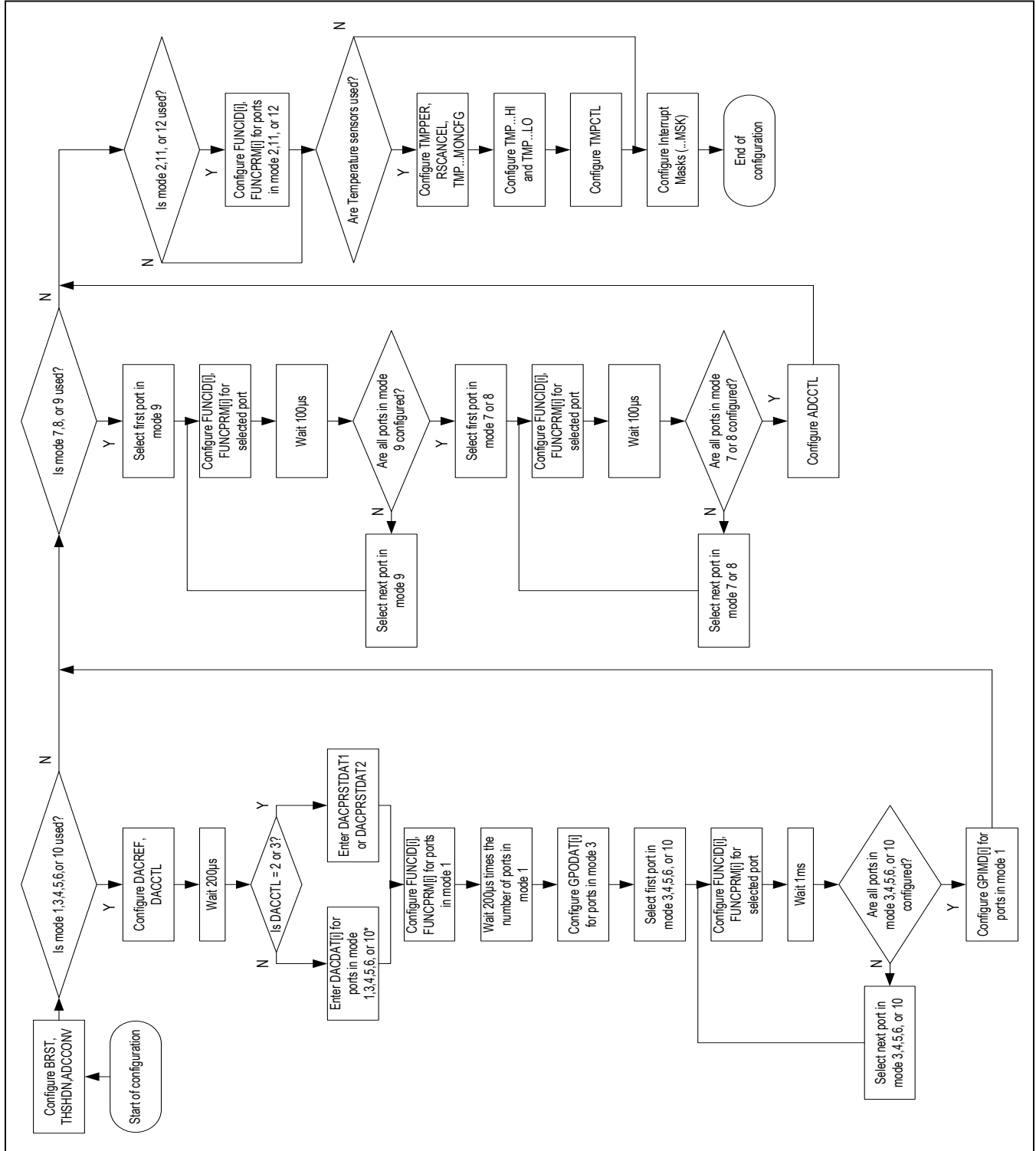


Figure 12. Flow Chart for Initial Configuration of PIXI Ports

### Configuration Software (GUI)

To simplify use of the MAX11301, Maxim has created a GUI for customers to easily configure the device for unique application needs with a simple drag and drop. The software generates register addresses and corresponding register values. Figure 13 shows an example of this software with a few function connections.

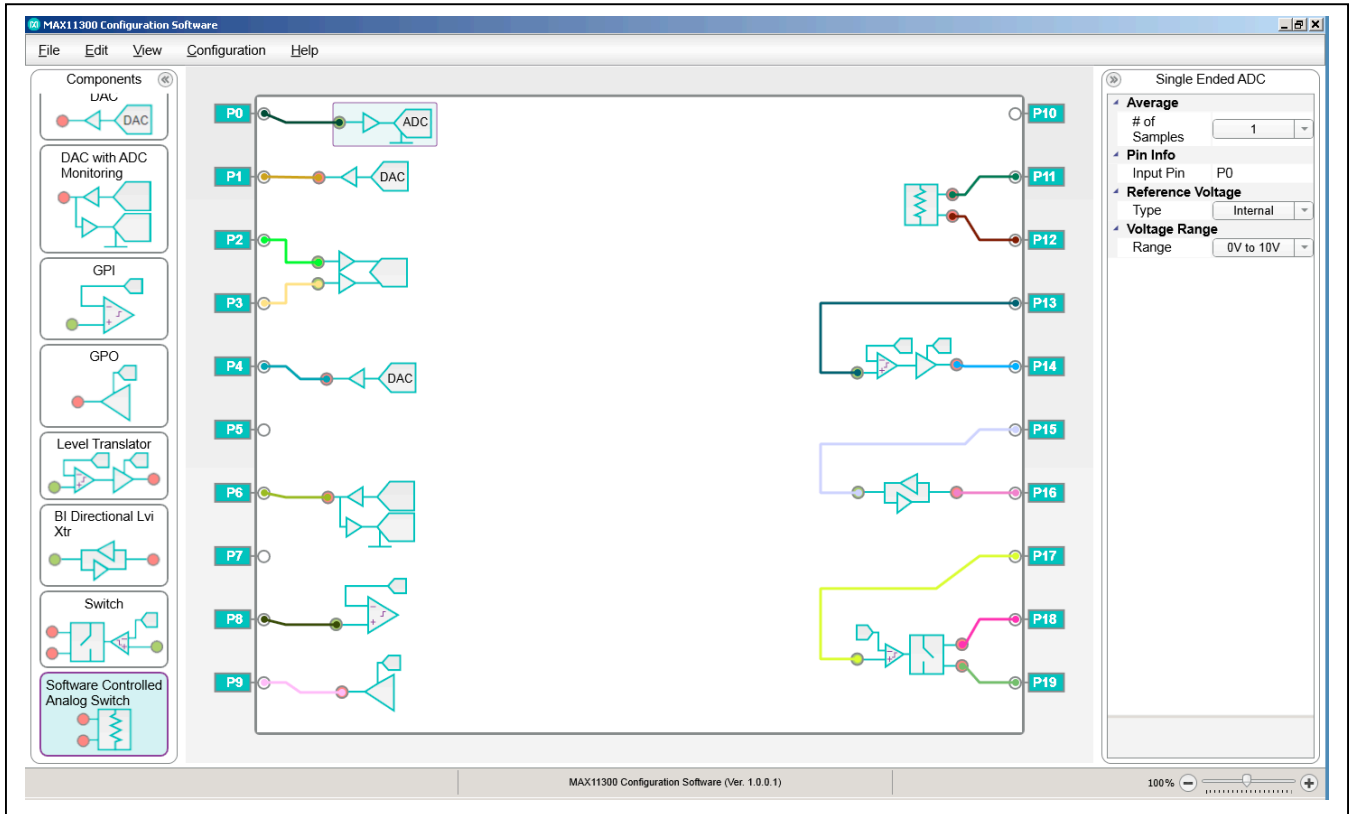


Figure 13. Example of GUI to Develop Configuration File

The following table shows the output file of the GUI software.

| Generated on           | dd/mm/yyyy<br>hr:min |              |   |
|------------------------|----------------------|--------------|---|
| <b>SUPPLY</b>          | <b>VOLTAGE</b>       |              |   |
| VDDIO                  | 12.5                 |              |   |
| VSSIO                  | -2.5                 |              |   |
| AVDD                   | 5                    |              |   |
| DVDD                   | 3.3                  |              |   |
| ADC_EXT_REF            | 2.5                  |              |   |
| DAC_REF                | 2.5                  |              |   |
|                        |                      |              |   |
| <b>NAME</b>            | <b>ADDRESS</b>       | <b>VALUE</b> | <b>DESCRIPTION</b>                              |
| gpo_data_15_to_0       | 0x0D                 | 0x0000       | GPO data for PIXI ports 15 to 0                 |
| gpo_data_19_to_16      | 0x0E                 | 0x0000       | GPO data for PIXI ports 19 to 16                |
| device_control         | 0x10                 | 0x00c0       | Device main control register                    |
| interrupt_mask         | 0x11                 | 0xffff       | Interrupt mask register                         |
| gpi_irqmode_7_to_0     | 0x12                 | 0x0000       | GPI port 0 to 7 mode register                   |
| gpi_irqmode_15_to_8    | 0x13                 | 0x0000       | GPI port 8 to 15 mode register                  |
| gpi_irqmode_19_to_16   | 0x14                 | 0x0000       | GPI port 16 to 19 mode register                 |
| dac_preset_data_1      | 0x16                 | 0x0000       | DAC preset data #1                              |
| dac_preset_data_2      | 0x17                 | 0x0000       | DAC preset data #2                              |
| tmp_mon_cfg            | 0x18                 | 0x0000       | Temperature monitor configuration               |
| tmp_mon_int_hi_thresh  | 0x19                 | 0x07ff       | Internal temperature monitor high threshold     |
| tmp_mon_int_lo_thresh  | 0x1A                 | 0x0800       | Internal temperature monitor low threshold      |
| tmp_mon_ext1_hi_thresh | 0x1B                 | 0x07ff       | 1st external temperature monitor high threshold |
| tmp_mon_ext1_lo_thresh | 0x1C                 | 0x0800       | 1st external temperature monitor low threshold  |
| tmp_mon_ext2_hi_thresh | 0x1D                 | 0x07ff       | 2nd external temperature monitor high threshold |
| tmp_mon_ext2_lo_thresh | 0x1E                 | 0x0800       | 2nd external temperature monitor low threshold  |
| port_cfg_00            | 0x20                 | 0x7100       | Configuration register for PIXI port 0          |
| port_cfg_01            | 0x21                 | 0x5100       | Configuration register for PIXI port 1          |
| port_cfg_02            | 0x22                 | 0x8103       | Configuration register for PIXI port 2          |
| port_cfg_03            | 0x23                 | 0x9100       | Configuration register for PIXI port 3          |
| port_cfg_04            | 0x24                 | 0x5100       | Configuration register for PIXI port 4          |
| port_cfg_05            | 0x25                 | 0x0000       | Configuration register for PIXI port 5          |
| port_cfg_06            | 0x26                 | 0x6100       | Configuration register for PIXI port 6          |
| port_cfg_07            | 0x27                 | 0x0000       | Configuration register for PIXI port 7          |
| port_cfg_08            | 0x28                 | 0x1000       | Configuration register for PIXI port 8          |
| port_cfg_09            | 0x29                 | 0x3000       | Configuration register for PIXI port 9          |

The following table shows the output file of the GUI software.

|                  |      |        |   |
|------------------|------|--------|---|
| port_cfg_10      | 0x2A | 0x0000 | Configuration register for PIXI port 10 |
| port_cfg_11      | 0x2B | 0xc000 | Configuration register for PIXI port 11 |
| port_cfg_12      | 0x2C | 0x0000 | Configuration register for PIXI port 12 |
| port_cfg_13      | 0x2D | 0x1000 | Configuration register for PIXI port 13 |
| port_cfg_14      | 0x2E | 0x400d | Configuration register for PIXI port 14 |
| port_cfg_15      | 0x2F | 0x2000 | Configuration register for PIXI port 15 |
| port_cfg_16      | 0x30 | 0x0000 | Configuration register for PIXI port 16 |
| port_cfg_17      | 0x31 | 0x1000 | Configuration register for PIXI port 17 |
| port_cfg_18      | 0x32 | 0xb011 | Configuration register for PIXI port 18 |
| port_cfg_19      | 0x33 | 0x0000 | Configuration register for PIXI port 19 |
| dac_data_port_00 | 0x60 | 0x0000 | DAC data register for PIXI port 0       |
| dac_data_port_01 | 0x61 | 0x0000 | DAC data register for PIXI port 1       |
| dac_data_port_02 | 0x62 | 0x0000 | DAC data register for PIXI port 2       |
| dac_data_port_03 | 0x63 | 0x0000 | DAC data register for PIXI port 3       |
| dac_data_port_04 | 0x64 | 0x0000 | DAC data register for PIXI port 4       |
| dac_data_port_05 | 0x65 | 0x0000 | DAC data register for PIXI port 5       |
| dac_data_port_06 | 0x66 | 0x0000 | DAC data register for PIXI port 6       |
| dac_data_port_07 | 0x67 | 0x0000 | DAC data register for PIXI port 7       |
| dac_data_port_08 | 0x68 | 0x0666 | DAC data register for PIXI port 8       |
| dac_data_port_09 | 0x69 | 0x0666 | DAC data register for PIXI port 9       |
| dac_data_port_10 | 0x6A | 0x0000 | DAC data register for PIXI port 10      |
| dac_data_port_11 | 0x6B | 0x0000 | DAC data register for PIXI port 11      |
| dac_data_port_12 | 0x6C | 0x0000 | DAC data register for PIXI port 12      |
| dac_data_port_13 | 0x6D | 0x0666 | DAC data register for PIXI port 13      |
| dac_data_port_14 | 0x6E | 0x0666 | DAC data register for PIXI port 14      |
| dac_data_port_15 | 0x6F | 0x0000 | DAC data register for PIXI port 15      |
| dac_data_port_16 | 0x70 | 0x0000 | DAC data register for PIXI port 16      |
| dac_data_port_17 | 0x71 | 0x0666 | DAC data register for PIXI port 17      |
| dac_data_port_18 | 0x72 | 0x0000 | DAC data register for PIXI port 18      |
| dac_data_port_19 | 0x73 | 0x0000 | DAC data register for PIXI port 19      |

### Layout, Grounding, Bypassing

For best performance, use PCBs with a solid ground plane. Ensure that digital and analog signal lines are separated from each other. Do not run analog and digital (especially clock) lines parallel to one another or digital lines underneath the MAX11301 package. Noise in AVDD, AGND, AVDDIO, AVSSIO, ADC\_REF\_INT, ADC\_EXT\_INT, and DAC\_REF affects the device performance. Bypass AVDD, DVDD, AVDDIO, and AVSSIO to ground

with 0.1 $\mu$ F and 10 $\mu$ F bypass capacitors. Bypass ADC\_INT\_REF and DAC\_REF to ground with capacitors whose values are shown in the *REF Electrical Specifications* table. Bypass ADC\_EXT\_REF to ground with a 4.7 $\mu$ F capacitor. Place the bypass capacitors as close as possible to the respective pins and minimize capacitor lead and trace lengths for best supply-noise rejection. For optimum heat dissipation, connect the exposed pad (EP) to a large copper area, such as a ground plane.

### Ordering Information

| PART          | TEMP RANGE      | PIN-PACKAGE |
|---------------|-----------------|-------------|
| MAX11301GCM+  | -40°C to +105°C | 48 TQFP-EP* |
| MAX11301GCM+T | -40°C to +105°C | 48 TQFP-EP* |
| MAX11301GTL+  | -40°C to +105°C | 40 TQFN-EP* |
| MAX11301GTL+T | -40°C to +105°C | 40 TQFN-EP* |

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

\*EP = Exposed pad.

T = Tape and reel.

### Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to [www.maximintegrated.com/packages](http://www.maximintegrated.com/packages). Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

| PACKAGE TYPE | PACKAGE CODE | OUTLINE NO. | LAND PATTERN NO. |
|--------------|--------------|-------------|------------------|
| 48 TQFP-EP   | C48E+8       | 21-0065     | 90-0138          |
| 40 TQFN-EP   | T4066+3      | 21-0141     | 90-0054          |

### Chip Information

PROCESS: BICMOS

MAX11301

PIXI, 20-Port Programmable Mixed-Signal I/O with  
12-Bit ADC, 12-Bit DAC, Analog Switches, and GPIO

## Revision History

| REVISION NUMBER | REVISION DATE | DESCRIPTION     | PAGES CHANGED |
|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 0               | 3/15          | Initial release | —             |

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim Integrated's website at [www.maximintegrated.com](http://www.maximintegrated.com).

*Maxim Integrated cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim Integrated product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim Integrated reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time. The parametric values (min and max limits) shown in the Electrical Characteristics table are guaranteed. Other parametric values quoted in this data sheet are provided for guidance.*

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- Поставка электронных компонентов под контролем ВП;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
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- Поставка специализированных компонентов военного и аэрокосмического уровня качества (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Actel, Aeroflex, Peregrine, VPT, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instruments, MS Kennedy, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

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«FORSTAR» (основан в 1998 г.)

ВЧ соединители, коаксиальные кабели, кабельные сборки и микроволновые компоненты:

(Применяются в телекоммуникациях гражданского и специального назначения, в средствах связи, РЛС, а так же военной, авиационной и аэрокосмической отраслях промышленности).



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