

TOSHIBA CMOS Linear Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

# TCR5AM series

## 500 mA CMOS Ultra Low Drop-Out Regulator

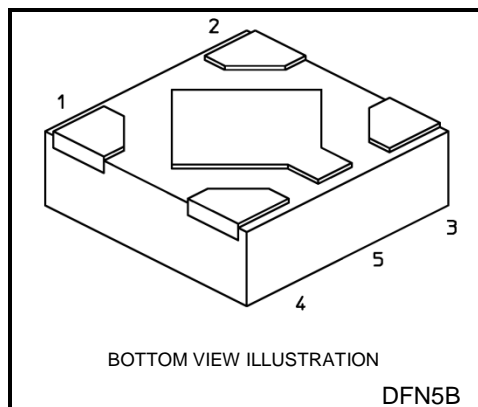
The TCR5AM series are CMOS single-output voltage regulators with an on/off control input, featuring Ultra low dropout voltage, low inrush current and fast load transient response.

A differentiating feature is the use of a secondary bias rail as a reference voltage that allows ultra-low drop-out of 90 mV (Typ.) at  $I_{OUT} = 300$  mA ( 1.1 V output,  $V_{BAT} = 3.3$  V ).

These voltage regulators are available in fixed output voltages between 0.55 V and 3.6 V, and capable of driving up to 500 mA. Other features include over-current protection, over-temperature protection, Under-voltage-lockout and Auto-discharge function.

The TCR5AM series are offered in the ultra small plastic mold package DFN5B (1.2 mm x 1.2 mm; t 0.38 mm).

As small ceramic input and output capacitors can be used with the TCR5AM series, these devices are ideal for portable applications that require high-density board assembly such as cellular phones.



Weight : 1.4 mg ( Typ. )

## Features

- Low Drop-Out voltage  
 $V_{IN}-V_{OUT} = 90$  mV (Typ.) at 1.1 V output,  $V_{BAT} = 3.3$  V ,  $I_{OUT} = 300$  mA
- Low stand-by current (  $I_{B(OFF)} = 2$   $\mu$ A (Max) at  $V_{BAT} = 5.5$  V,  $V_{CT} = 0$  V )
- Low quiescent bias current (  $I_B = 40$   $\mu$ A (Typ.) at  $V_{BAT} = 5.5$  V,  $I_{OUT} = 0$  mA )
- Wide range Output Voltage line up (  $V_{OUT} = 0.55$  to 3.6 V )
- Over-current protection
- Over-temperature protection
- Inrush current protection circuit
- Under-voltage-lockout function
- Auto-discharge function
- Pull down connection between CONTROL and GND
- Ultra small package DFN5B (1.2 mm x 1.2 mm ; t 0.38 mm )

Start of commercial production  
2014-12

## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

| Characteristics             | Symbol           | Rating                        | Unit         |    |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|----|
| Bias voltage                | V <sub>BAT</sub> | 6.0                           | V            |    |
| Input voltage               | V <sub>IN</sub>  | 6.0                           | V            |    |
| Control voltage             | V <sub>CT</sub>  | -0.3 to 6.0                   | V            |    |
| Output voltage              | V <sub>OUT</sub> | -0.3 to V <sub>IN</sub> + 0.3 | V            |    |
| Output current              | I <sub>OUT</sub> | DC                            | 500          | mA |
|                             |                  | Pulse                         | 600 (Note 1) |    |
| Power dissipation           | P <sub>D</sub>   | 600 (Note 2)                  | mW           |    |
| Operation temperature range | T <sub>opr</sub> | -40 to 85                     | °C           |    |
| Junction temperature        | T <sub>j</sub>   | 150                           | °C           |    |
| Storage temperature range   | T <sub>stg</sub> | -55 to 150                    | °C           |    |

Note: Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings and the operating ranges.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

Note 1: 100 ms pulse, 50% duty cycle

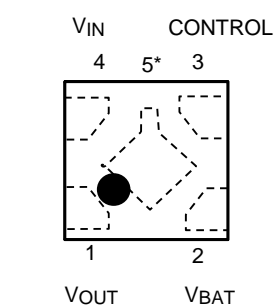
Note 2: Rating at mounting on a board

Glass epoxy (FR4) board dimension: 40 mm x 40 mm x 1.6 mm, both sides of board

Metal pattern ratio: a surface approximately 50%, the reverse side approximately 50%

Through hole hall: diameter 0.5 mm x 24

## Pin Assignment (top view)



\*Center electrode is GND

## List of Products Number, Output voltage and Marking

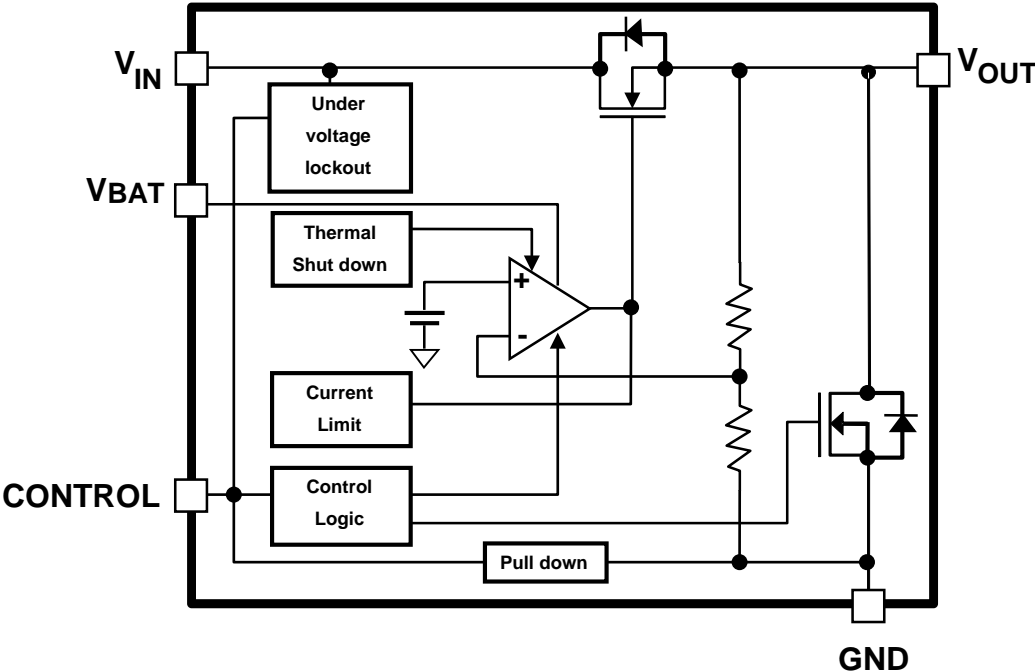
| Product No. | V <sub>OUT</sub> (V)(Typ.) | Marking | Product No. | V <sub>OUT</sub> (V)(Typ.) | Marking |
|-------------|----------------------------|---------|-------------|----------------------------|---------|
| TCR5AM055   | 0.55                       | 0RF     | TCR5AM19    | 1.9                        | 1R9     |
| TCR5AM06    | 0.6                        | 0R6     | TCR5AM20    | 2.0                        | 2R0     |
| TCR5AM065   | 0.65                       | 0RG     | TCR5AM21    | 2.1                        | 2R1     |
| TCR5AM07    | 0.7                        | 0R7     | TCR5AM22    | 2.2                        | 2R2     |
| TCR5AM075   | 0.75                       | 0RH     | TCR5AM23    | 2.3                        | 2R3     |
| TCR5AM08    | 0.8                        | 0R8     | TCR5AM24    | 2.4                        | 2R4     |
| TCR5AM085   | 0.85                       | 0RJ     | TCR5AM25    | 2.5                        | 2R5     |
| TCR5AM09    | 0.9                        | 0R9     | TCR5AM26    | 2.6                        | 2R6     |
| TCR5AM095   | 0.95                       | 0RK     | TCR5AM27    | 2.7                        | 2R7     |
| TCR5AM10    | 1.0                        | 1R0     | TCR5AM28    | 2.8                        | 2R8     |
| TCR5AM105   | 1.05                       | 1RA     | TCR5AM285   | 2.85                       | 2RJ     |
| TCR5AM11    | 1.1                        | 1R1     | TCR5AM29    | 2.9                        | 2R9     |
| TCR5AM115   | 1.15                       | 1RB     | TCR5AM295   | 2.95                       | 2RK     |
| TCR5AM12    | 1.2                        | 1R2     | TCR5AM30    | 3.0                        | 3R0     |
| TCR5AM125   | 1.25                       | 1RC     | TCR5AM31    | 3.1                        | 3R1     |
| TCR5AM13    | 1.3                        | 1R3     | TCR5AM32    | 3.2                        | 3R2     |
| TCR5AM14    | 1.4                        | 1R4     | TCR5AM33    | 3.3                        | 3R3     |
| TCR5AM15    | 1.5                        | 1R5     | TCR5AM34    | 3.4                        | 3R4     |
| TCR5AM16    | 1.6                        | 1R6     | TCR5AM35    | 3.5                        | 3R5     |
| TCR5AM17    | 1.7                        | 1R7     | TCR5AM36    | 3.6                        | 3R6     |
| TCR5AM18    | 1.8                        | 1R8     |             |                            |         |

### Top Marking (top view)

Example: TCR5AM06 (0.6 V output)



**Block Diagram**



## Electrical Characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 50 \text{ mA}$ ,  $C_{IN}=C_{BAT} = 1.0 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 2.2 \mu\text{F}$ )

| Characteristics                | Symbol           | Test Condition  | $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$     |                         |     | $T_j = -40 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$<br>(Note 9) |                         | Unit      |                       |
|--------------------------------|------------------|---|------------------------------|-------------------------|-----|--|-------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|
|                                |                  |   | Min                          | Typ.                    | Max | Min  | Max                     |           |                       |
| Output voltage accuracy        | $V_{OUT}$        | $I_{OUT} = 50 \text{ mA}$<br>(Note 3)   | $V_{OUT} < 1.8 \text{ V}$    | -18                     | —   | +18  | —                       | —         | mV                    |
|                                |                  |   | $1.8 \text{ V} \leq V_{OUT}$ | -1.0                    | —   | +1.0   | —                       | —         | %                     |
| Bias voltage                   | $V_{BAT}$        | $V_{OUT} \leq 1.1 \text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$   |                              | 2.5                     | —   | 5.5  | 2.5                     | 5.5       | V                     |
|                                |                  | $V_{OUT} > 1.1 \text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$  |                              | $V_{OUT} + 1.4\text{V}$ | —   | 5.5  | $V_{OUT} + 1.4\text{V}$ | 5.5       | V                     |
| Input voltage                  | $V_{IN}$         | $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$ ,  |                              | $V_{OUT} + 0.1\text{V}$ | —   | $V_{BAT}$  | $V_{OUT} + 0.1\text{V}$ | $V_{BAT}$ | V                     |
| Line regulation                | Reg·line         | $V_{OUT} + 0.5 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,<br>$I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$  |                              | —                       | 1   | 15   | —                       | —         | mV                    |
| Load regulation                | Reg·load         | $1 \text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 500 \text{ mA}$   |                              | —                       | 15  | 70   | —                       | —         | mV                    |
| Quiescent current              | $I_B$            | $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{BAT} = 5.5 \text{ V}$<br>(Note 4)(Note 5)  |                              | —                       | 40  | —  | —                       | 68        | $\mu\text{A}$         |
|                                |                  | $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{BAT} = 4.2 \text{ V}$<br>(Note 4)(Note 6)  |                              | —                       | 38  | —  | —                       | 55        |                       |
| Stand-by current               | $I_B$ (OFF)      | $V_{CT} = 0 \text{ V}$  |                              | —                       | 0.1 | —  | —                       | 2.0       | $\mu\text{A}$         |
| Control pull down current      | $I_{CT}$         | —   |                              | —                       | 0.1 | —  | —                       | —         | $\mu\text{A}$         |
| Drop-out voltage               | $V_{IN}-V_{OUT}$ | $I_{OUT} = 300 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{BAT} = 3.3 \text{ V}$<br>(Note 7)(Note 8)  |                              | —                       | 90  | —  | —                       | 130       | mV                    |
| Under voltage lockout          | $V_{UVLO}$       | $V_{IN}$ voltage  |                              | —                       | 0.5 | —  | —                       | 0.65      | V                     |
| Temperature coefficient        | $T_{CVO}$        | $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$  |                              | —                       | 60  | —  | —                       | —         | ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Output noise voltage           | $V_{NO}$         | $V_{BAT} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ , $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1 \text{ V}$ ,<br>$I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$ ,<br>$10 \text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$ , $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$<br>(Note 7)                       |                              | —                       | 40  | —  | —                       | —         | $\mu\text{V}_{rms}$   |
| Ripple rejection ratio         | R.R.             | $V_{BAT} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ , $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1 \text{ V}$ ,<br>$I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$ ,<br>$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_{IN}$ Ripple = $200 \text{ mV}_{p-p}$ ,<br>$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$<br>(Note 7) |                              | —                       | 70  | —  | —                       | —         | dB                    |
| Control voltage (ON)           | $V_{CT}$ (ON)    | —   |                              | 1.0                     | —   | 5.5  | 1.0                     | 5.5       | V                     |
| Control voltage (OFF)          | $V_{CT}$ (OFF)   | —   |                              | 0                       | —   | 0.4  | 0                       | 0.4       | V                     |
| Output discharge on resistance | RSD              | —   |                              | —                       | 20  | —  | —                       | —         | $\Omega$              |

Note 3: Stable state with fixed  $I_{OUT}$  condition

Note 4: Except Control pull down current

Note 5: Over 2.8 V output products

Note 6: 2.8 V and under output products

Note 7: The 0.6 V output product.

Note 8:  $V_{IN}-V_{OUT} = V_{IN1} - (V_{OUT1} \times 0.98)$

$V_{OUT1}$  is the output voltage when  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5 \text{ V}$ .

$V_{IN1}$  is the input voltage at which the output voltage becomes 98% of  $V_{OUT1}$  after gradually decreasing the input voltage

Note 9: This parameter is guaranteed by design.

## Drop-out voltage

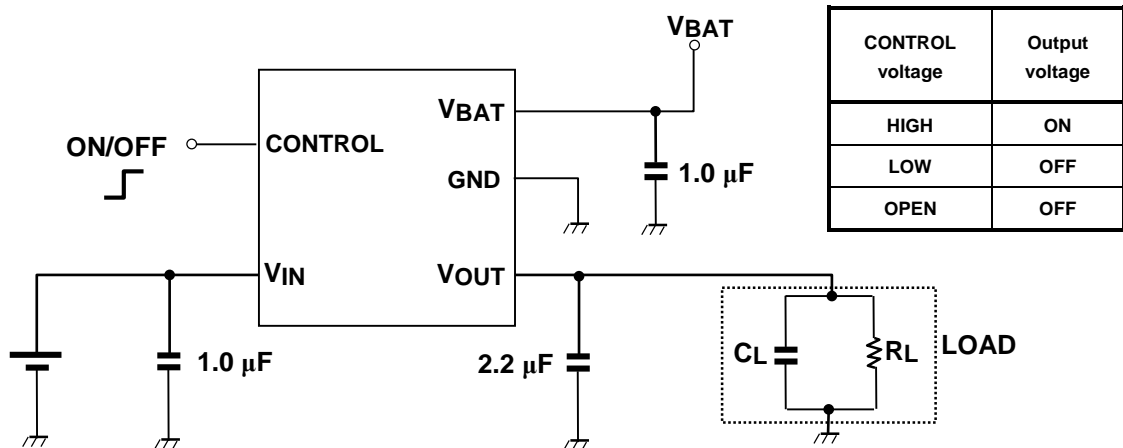
( $C_{IN} = 1.0 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 2.2 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{BAT} = 1.0 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Output voltages                                 | $V_{BAT}$ input voltage   | $I_{OUT} = 300 \text{ mA}$ |      |                  | $I_{OUT} = 500 \text{ mA}$ |      |                  | Unit |
|---|---------------------------|----------------------------|------|------------------|----------------------------|------|------------------|------|
|   |                           | Min                        | Typ. | Max<br>(Note 10) | Min                        | Typ. | Max<br>(Note 10) |      |
| $0.55 \text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} < 0.7 \text{ V}$   | 3.3 V                     | —                          | 90   | 130              | —                          | 150  | 200              | mV   |
| $0.7 \text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} < 0.8 \text{ V}$    | 3.3 V                     | —                          | 90   | 140              | —                          | 150  | 210              | mV   |
| $0.8 \text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} < 0.9 \text{ V}$    | 3.3 V                     | —                          | 90   | 140              | —                          | 150  | 220              | mV   |
| $0.9 \text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} < 1.0 \text{ V}$    | 3.3 V                     | —                          | 90   | 140              | —                          | 150  | 230              | mV   |
| $1.0 \text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} < 1.2 \text{ V}$    | 3.3 V                     | —                          | 90   | 150              | —                          | 150  | 250              | mV   |
| $1.2 \text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} < 1.3 \text{ V}$    | 3.3 V                     | —                          | 140  | 170              | —                          | 230  | 270              | mV   |
| 1.3 V   | 3.3 V                     | —                          | 150  | 180              | —                          | 250  | 300              | mV   |
| 1.4 V   | 3.3 V                     | —                          | 160  | 190              | —                          | 260  | 330              | mV   |
| 1.5 V   | 3.3 V                     | —                          | 170  | 200              | —                          | 280  | 350              | mV   |
| 1.6 V   | $V_{OUT} + 1.7 \text{ V}$ | —                          | 180  | 220              | —                          | 290  | 400              | mV   |
| 1.7 V   | $V_{OUT} + 1.7 \text{ V}$ | —                          | 190  | 240              | —                          | 310  | 420              | mV   |
| $1.8 \text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}$ | $V_{OUT} + 1.7 \text{ V}$ | —                          | 190  | 250              | —                          | 330  | 430              | mV   |

Note 10:  $T_j = -40$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$ . This parameter is guaranteed by design

## Application Note

### 1. Recommended Application Circuit



The figure above shows the recommended configuration for using a Low-Dropout regulator. Insert a capacitor at VIN , VOUT and VBAT pins for stable input/output operation. (Ceramic capacitors can be used).

### 2. Power Dissipation

Board-mounted power dissipation ratings for TCR5AM series are available in the Absolute Maximum Ratings table. Power dissipation is measured on the board condition shown below.

[The Board Condition]

Board material: Glass epoxy (FR4)

Board dimension: 40 mm x 40 mm (both sides of board), t= 1.6 mm

Metal pattern ratio: a surface approximately 50%, the reverse side approximately 50%

Through whole hall: diameter 0.5 mm x 24



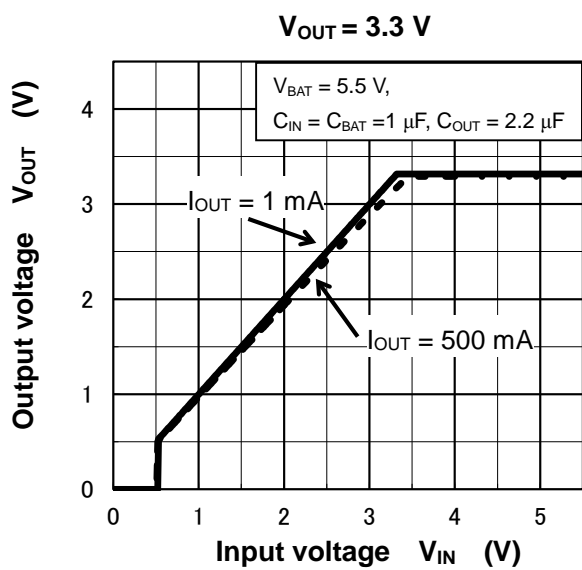
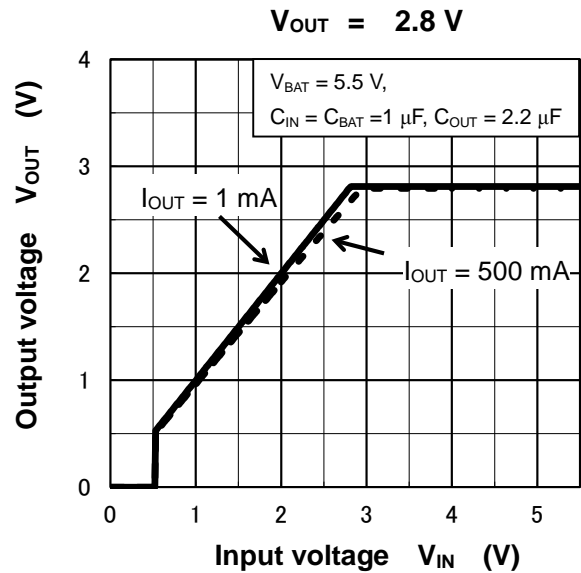
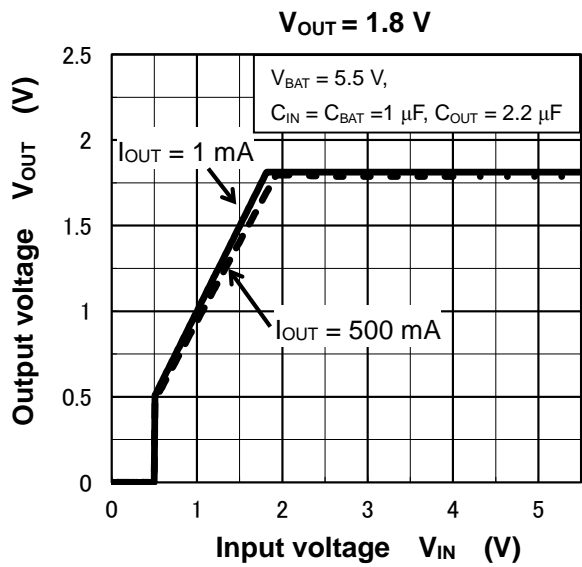
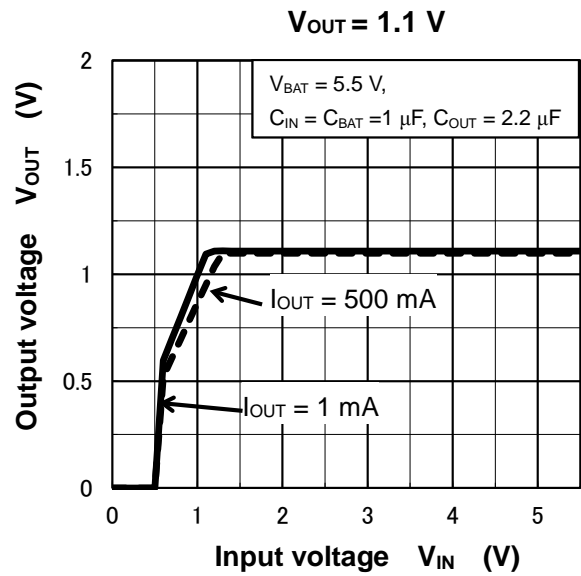
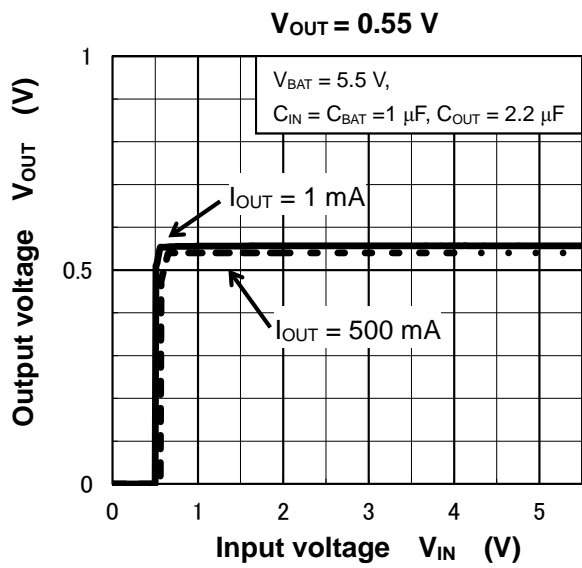
**Attention in Use**

- **Output Capacitors**  
Ceramic capacitors can be used for these devices. However, because of the type of the capacitors, there might be unexpected thermal features. Please consider application condition for selecting capacitors. And Toshiba recommend the ESR of ceramic capacitor is under 10  $\Omega$ .
  
- **Mounting**  
The long distance between IC and output capacitor might affect phase assurance by impedance in wire and inductor. For stable power supply, output capacitor need to mount near IC as much as possible. Also VIN and GND pattern need to be large and make the wire impedance small as possible.
  
- **Permissible Loss**  
Please have enough design patterns for expected maximum permissible loss. And under consideration of surrounding temperature, input voltage, and output current etc, we recommend proper dissipation ratings for maximum permissible loss; in general maximum dissipation rating is 70 to 80 percent.
  
- **Over current Protection and Thermal shut down function**  
Over current protection and Thermal shut down function are designed in these products, but these are not designed to constantly ensure the suppression of the device within operation limits. Depending on the condition during actual usage, it could affect the electrical characteristic specification and reliability. Also note that if output pins and GND pins are not completely shorted out, these products might be break down.  
When using these products, please read through and understand the concept of dissipation for absolute maximum ratings from the above mention or our 'Semiconductor Reliability Handbook'. Then use these products under absolute maximum ratings in any condition. Furthermore, Toshiba recommend inserting failsafe system into the design.



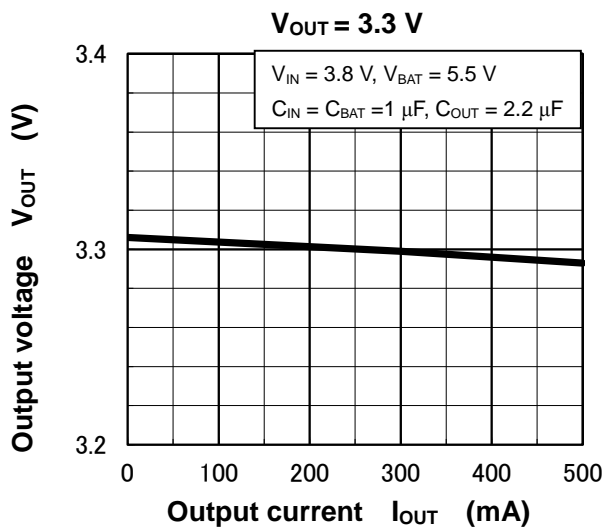
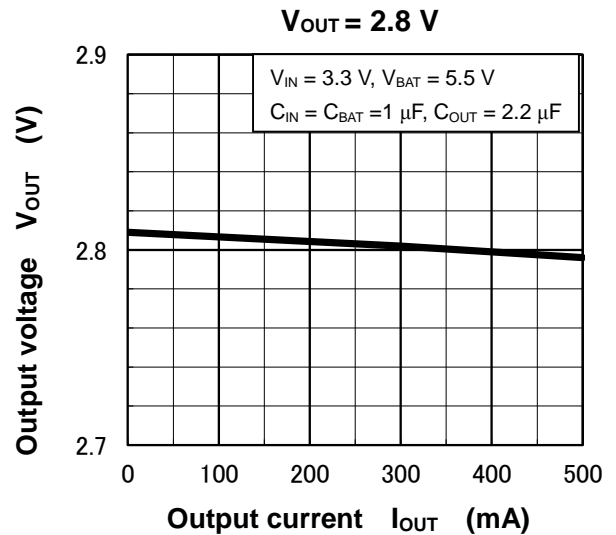
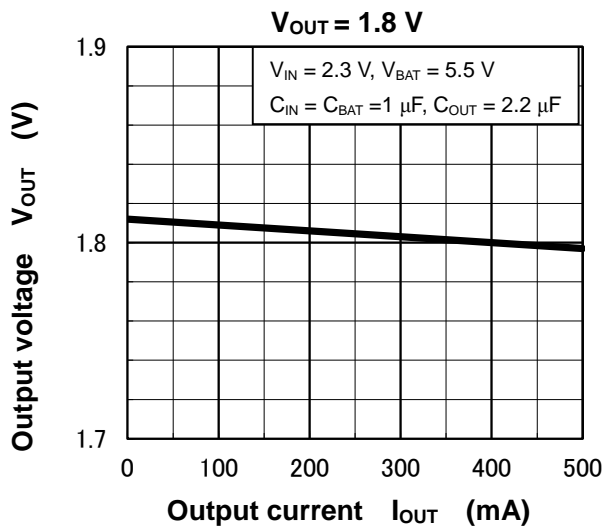
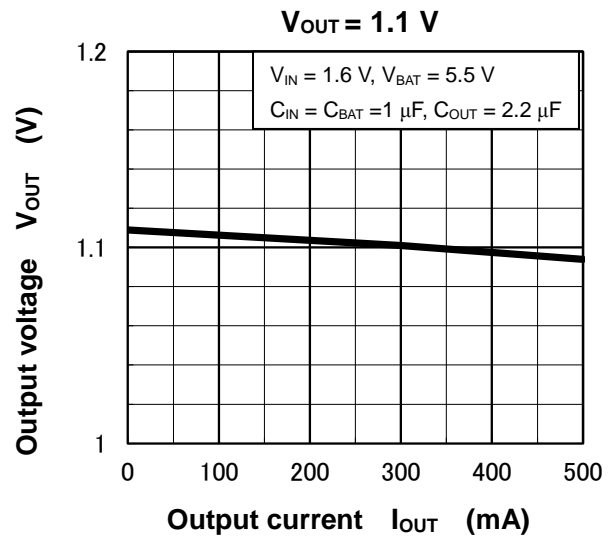
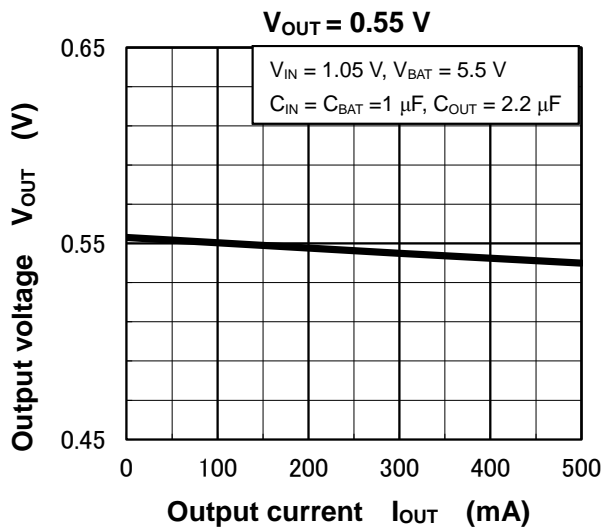
Representative Typical Characteristics

Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage



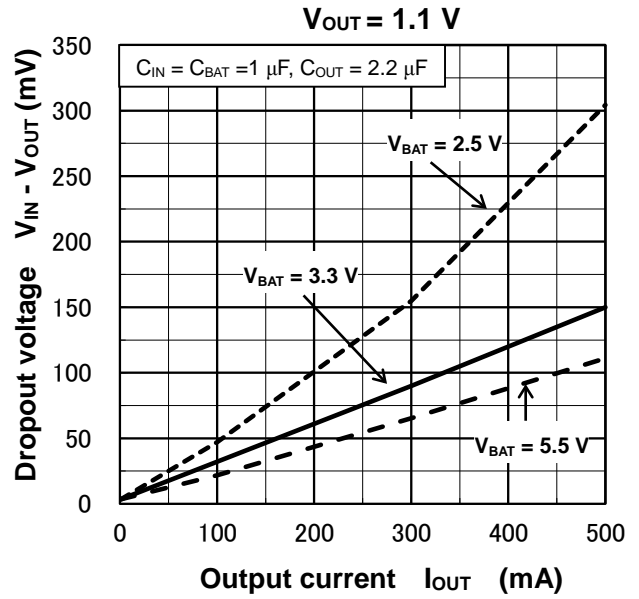
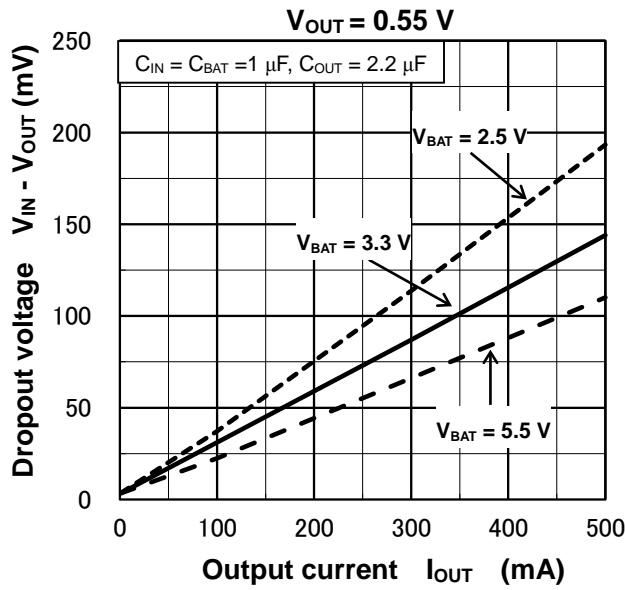
**Representative Typical Characteristics**

**Output Voltage vs. Output Current**



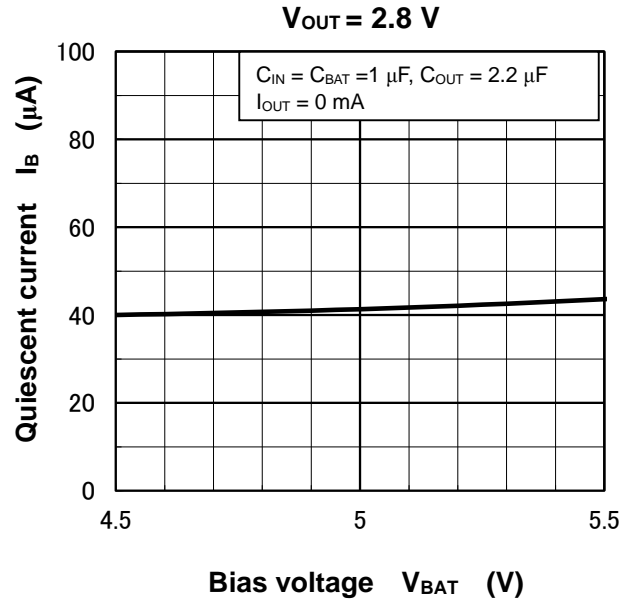
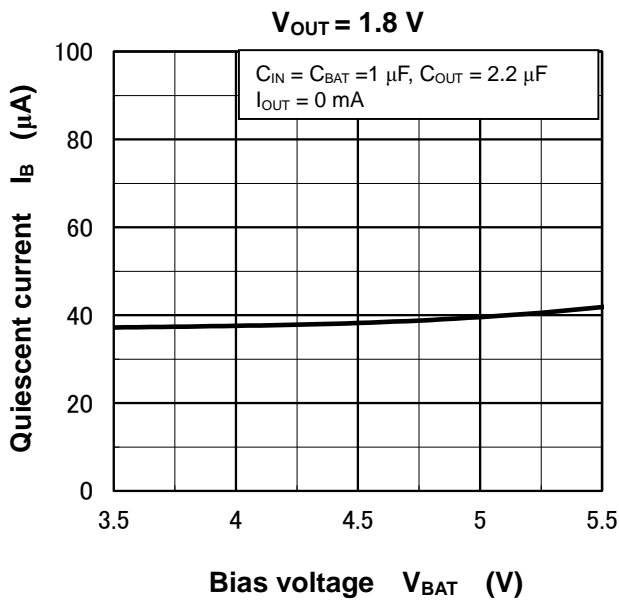
**Representative Typical Characteristics**

**Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current**



## Representative Typical Characteristics

### Quiescent Current vs. Input Voltage



Representative Typical Characteristics

Ripple Rejection Ratio vs. Frequency



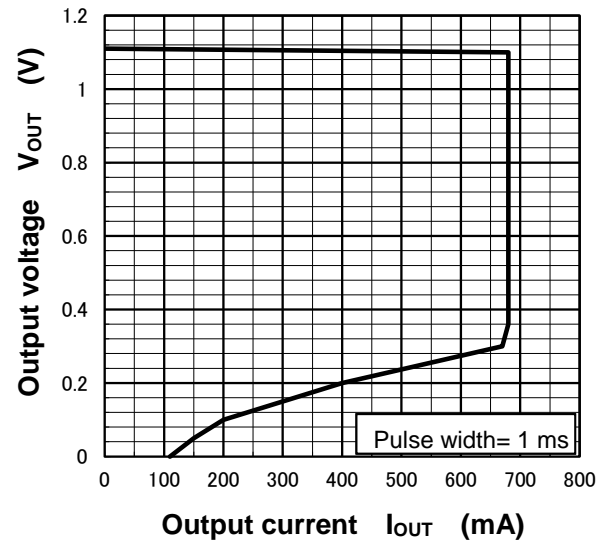
**Representative Typical Characteristics**

**Output Voltage vs. Output Current**

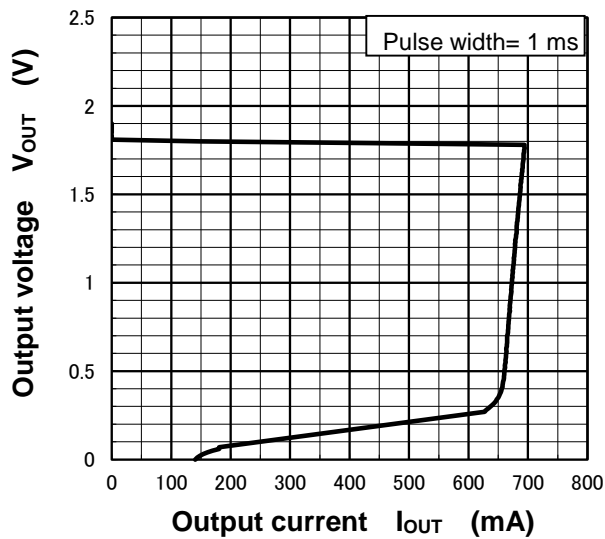
$V_{OUT} = 0.55\text{ V}$



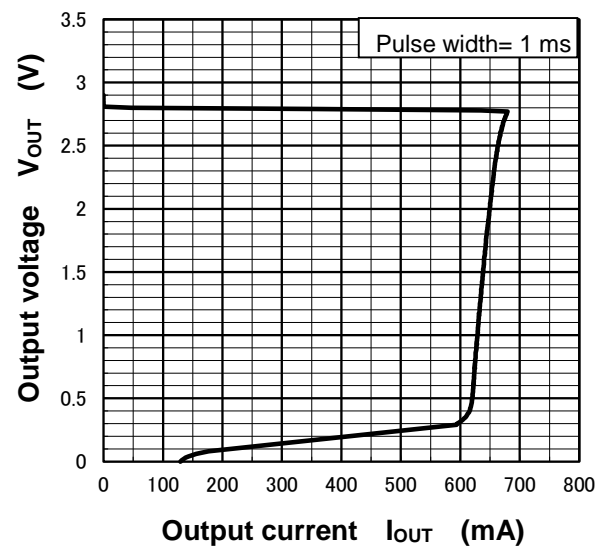
$V_{OUT} = 1.1\text{ V}$



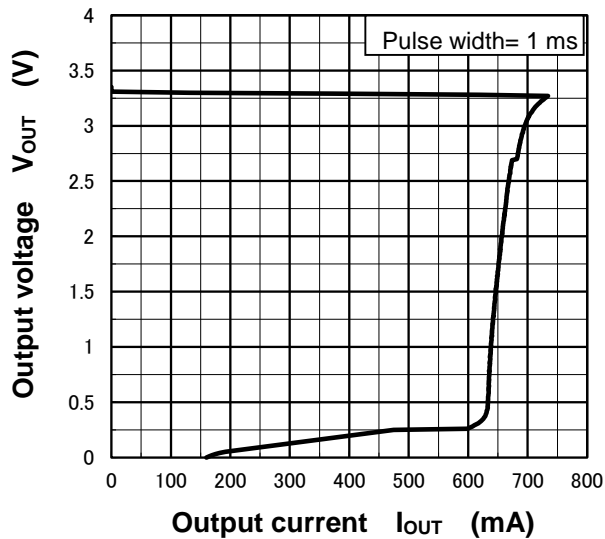
$V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{ V}$



$V_{OUT} = 2.8\text{ V}$

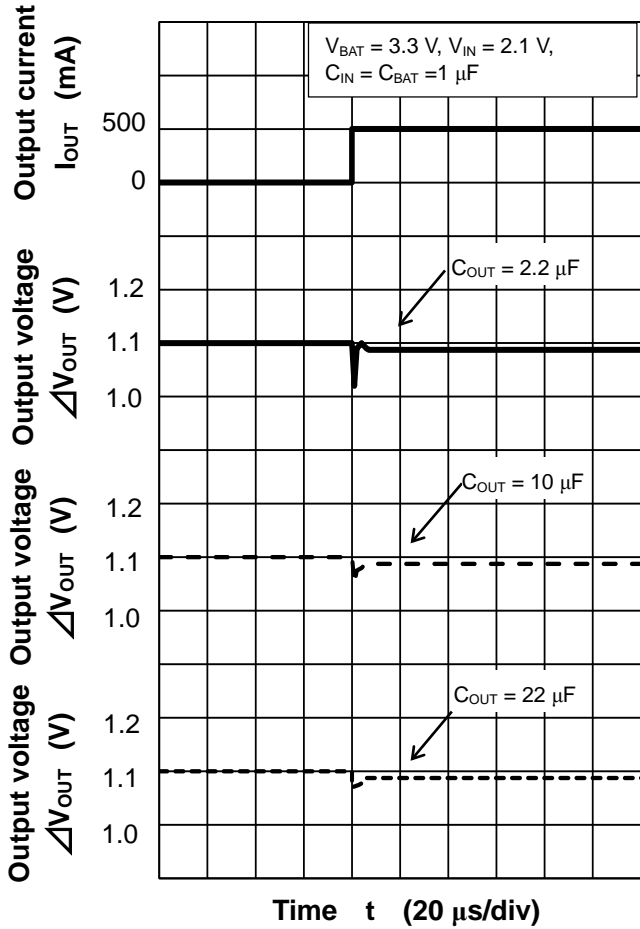


$V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}$

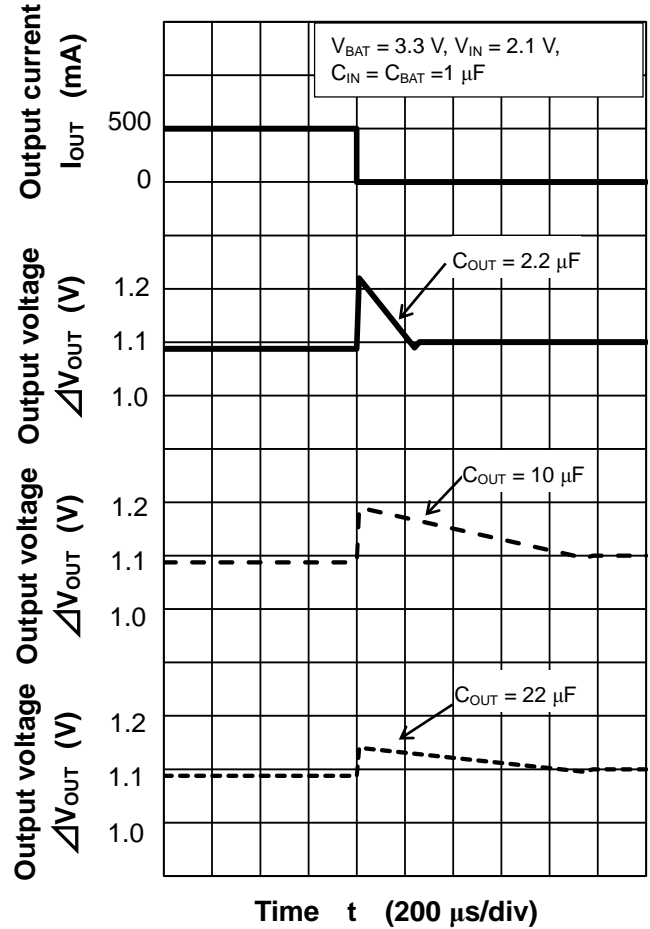


## Load Transient Response

$V_{OUT} = 1.1\text{ V}$   
 $(I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA} \Leftrightarrow 500\text{ mA})$

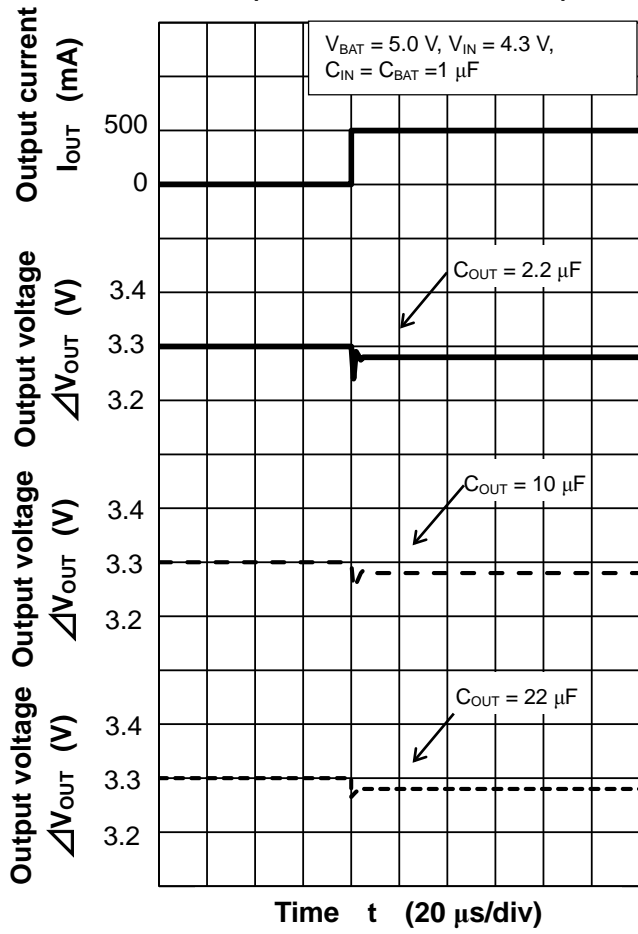


$V_{OUT} = 1.1\text{ V}$   
 $(I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA} \Leftrightarrow 500\text{ mA})$

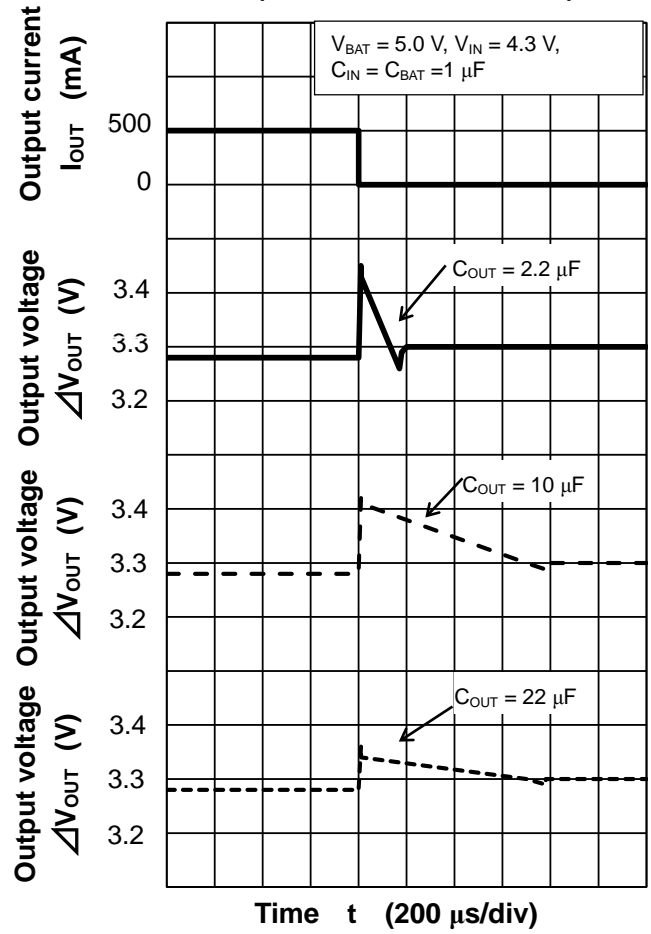


## Load Transient Response

$V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}$   
 $(I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA} \Leftrightarrow 500\text{ mA})$



$V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}$   
 $(I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA} \Leftrightarrow 500\text{ mA})$

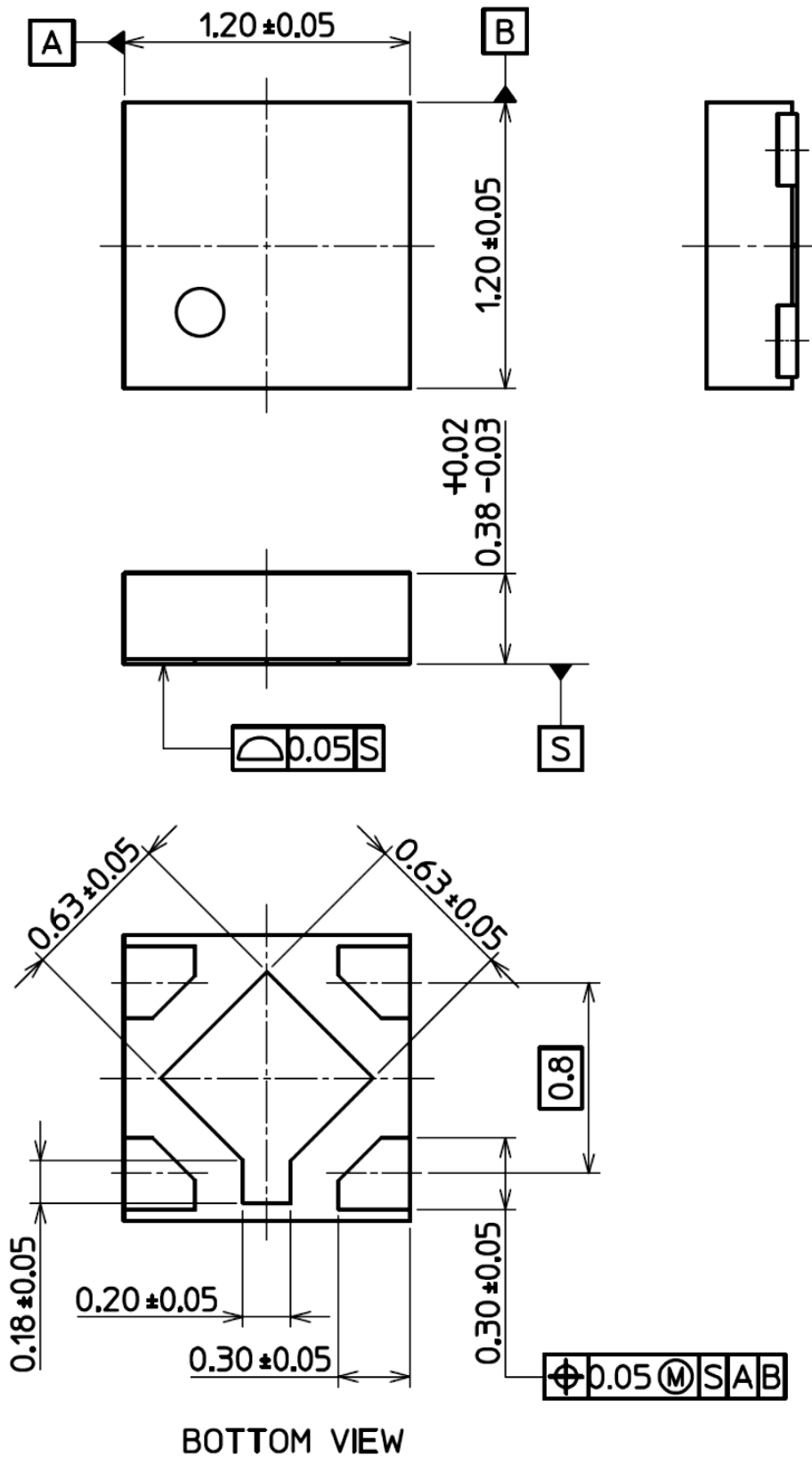




**Package Dimensions**

DFN5B

Unit: mm



Weight : 1.4 mg ( Typ.)

Land pattern dimensions for reference only

DFN5B

Unit: mm



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- Помощь Конструкторского Отдела и консультации квалифицированных инженеров;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Поставка электронных компонентов под контролем ВП;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- При необходимости вся продукция военного и аэрокосмического назначения проходит испытания и сертификацию в лаборатории (по согласованию с заказчиком);
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## JONHON

«JONHON» (основан в 1970 г.)

Разъемы специального, военного и аэрокосмического назначения:

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«FORSTAR» (основан в 1998 г.)

ВЧ соединители, коаксиальные кабели, кабельные сборки и микроволновые компоненты:

(Применяются в телекоммуникациях гражданского и специального назначения, в средствах связи, РЛС, а так же военной, авиационной и аэрокосмической отраслях промышленности).



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