
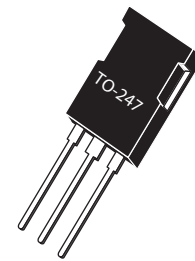


## Ultra Fast NPT - IGBT®

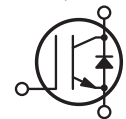
The Ultra Fast NPT - IGBT® is a new generation of high voltage power IGBTs. Using Non-Punch-Through Technology, the Ultra Fast NPT-IGBT® offers superior ruggedness and ultrafast switching speed.

### Features

- Low Saturation Voltage
- Low Tail Current
- RoHS Compliant 
- Short Circuit Withstand Rated
- High Frequency Switching to 50KHz
- Ultra Low Leakage Current



Combi (IGBT and Diode)



Unless stated otherwise, Microsemi discrete IGBTs contain a single IGBT die. This device is recommended for applications such as induction heating (IH), motor control, general purpose inverters and uninterruptible power supplies (UPS).

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

 All Ratings:  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol         | Parameter  | Ratings    | Unit             |
|----------------|--|------------|------------------|
| $V_{CES}$      | Collector Emitter Voltage  | 1200       | V                |
| $V_{GE}$       | Gate-Emitter Voltage   | $\pm 30$   |                  |
| $I_{C1}$       | Continuous Collector Current @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  | 88         | A                |
| $I_{C2}$       | Continuous Collector Current @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$   | 40         |                  |
| $I_{CM}$       | Pulsed Collector Current <sup>①</sup>  | 160        |                  |
| SCWT           | Short Circuit Withstand Time: $V_{CE} = 600\text{V}$ , $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ , $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | 10         | $\mu\text{s}$    |
| $P_D$          | Total Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$   | 500        | W                |
| $T_J, T_{STG}$ | Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range   | -55 to 150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $T_L$          | Max. Lead Temp. for Soldering: 0.063" from Case for 10 Sec.  | 300        |                  |

### STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol        | Parameter   | Min  | Typ | Max       | Unit          |
|---------------|---|------|-----|-----------|---------------|
| $V_{(BR)CES}$ | Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$ , $I_C = 1.0\text{mA}$ )                                   | 1200 |     |           | Volts         |
| $V_{GE(TH)}$  | Gate Threshold Voltage ( $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$ , $I_C = 2.0\text{mA}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )                        | 3    | 4.5 | 6.0       |               |
| $V_{CE(ON)}$  | Collector-Emitter On Voltage ( $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ , $I_C = 40\text{A}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )                |      | 2.5 | 3.2       |               |
|               | Collector-Emitter On Voltage ( $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ , $I_C = 40\text{A}$ , $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ )               |      | 3.5 |           |               |
|               | Collector-Emitter On Voltage ( $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ , $I_C = 88\text{A}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )                |      | 3.2 |           |               |
| $I_{CES}$     | Collector Cut-off Current ( $V_{CE} = 1200\text{V}$ , $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) <sup>②</sup>  |      | 20  | 1100      | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|               | Collector Cut-off Current ( $V_{CE} = 1200\text{V}$ , $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$ , $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ) <sup>②</sup> |      | 200 |           |               |
| $I_{GES}$     | Gate-Emitter Leakage Current ( $V_{GE} = \pm 20\text{V}$ )  |      |     | $\pm 250$ | nA            |



**CAUTION: These Devices are Sensitive to Electrostatic Discharge. Proper Handling Procedures Should Be Followed.**

## DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

APT40GR120B2D30

| Symbol          | Parameter                       | Test Conditions   | Min | Typ  | Max  | Unit    |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|---|-----|------|------|---------|
| $C_{ies}$       | Input Capacitance               | Capacitance<br>$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 25V$<br>$f = 1MHz$                        |     | 3980 |      | pF      |
| $C_{oes}$       | Output Capacitance              |   |     | 320  |      |         |
| $C_{res}$       | Reverse Transfer Capacitance    |   |     | 80   |      |         |
| $V_{GEP}$       | Gate to Emitter Plateau Voltage | Gate Charge<br>$V_{GE} = 15V$<br>$V_{CE} = 600V$<br>$I_C = 40A$                 |     | 7    |      | V       |
| $Q_g^{(3)}$     | Total Gate Charge               |   |     | 210  |      | nC      |
| $Q_{ge}$        | Gate-Emitter Charge             |   |     | 25   |      |         |
| $Q_{gc}$        | Gate- Collector Charge          |   |     | 90   |      |         |
| $t_{d(on)}$     | Turn-On Delay Time              | Inductive Switching (25°C)<br>$V_{CC} = 600V$<br>$V_{GE} = 15V$<br>$I_C = 40A$  |     | 22   |      | ns      |
| $t_r$           | Current Rise Time               |   |     | 25   |      |         |
| $t_{d(off)}$    | Turn-Off Delay Time             |   |     | 163  |      |         |
| $t_f$           | Current Fall Time               |   |     | 40   |      |         |
| $E_{on2}^{(5)}$ | Turn-On Switching Energy        | $R_G = 4.3 \Omega^{(4)}$<br>$T_J = +25^\circ C$                                 |     | 1375 | 3000 | $\mu J$ |
| $E_{off}^{(6)}$ | Turn-Off Switching Energy       |   |     | 906  | 1650 |         |
| $t_{d(on)}$     | Turn-On Delay Time              | Inductive Switching (125°C)<br>$V_{CC} = 600V$<br>$V_{GE} = 15V$<br>$I_C = 40A$ |     | 22   |      | ns      |
| $t_r$           | Current Rise Time               |   |     | 25   |      |         |
| $t_{d(off)}$    | Turn-Off Delay Time             |   |     | 185  |      |         |
| $t_f$           | Current Fall Time               |   |     | 47   |      |         |
| $E_{on2}^{(5)}$ | Turn-On Switching Energy        | $R_G = 4.3 \Omega^{(4)}$<br>$T_J = +125^\circ C$                                |     | 1916 | 3500 | $\mu J$ |
| $E_{off}^{(6)}$ | Turn-Off Switching Energy       |   |     | 1186 | 2500 |         |

## THERMAL AND MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol          | Characteristic                              | Min | Typ | Max | Unit         |
|-----------------|---|-----|-----|-----|--------------|
| $R_{\theta JC}$ | Junction to Case Thermal Resistance (IGBT)  |     |     | .25 | $^\circ C/W$ |
|                 | Junction to Case Thermal Resistance (Diode) |     |     | .80 |              |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Junction to Ambient Thermal Resistance      |     |     | 40  |              |
| $W_T$           | Package Weight                              |     | .22 |     | oz           |
|                 |   |     | 6.2 |     | g            |

1 Repetitive Rating: Pulse width and case temperature limited by maximum junction temperature.

2 Pulse test: Pulse Width < 380 $\mu s$ , duty cycle < 2%.

3 See Mil-Std-750 Method 3471.

4  $R_G$  is external gate resistance, not including internal gate resistance or gate driver impedance. (MIC4452)

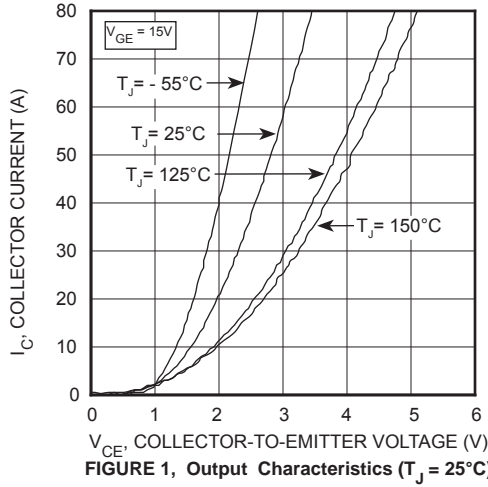
5  $E_{on2}$  is the clamped inductive turn on energy that includes a commutating diode reverse recovery current in the IGBT turn on energy loss. A combi device is used for the clamping diode.

6  $E_{off}$  is the clamped inductive turn-off energy measured in accordance with JEDEC standard JESD24-1.

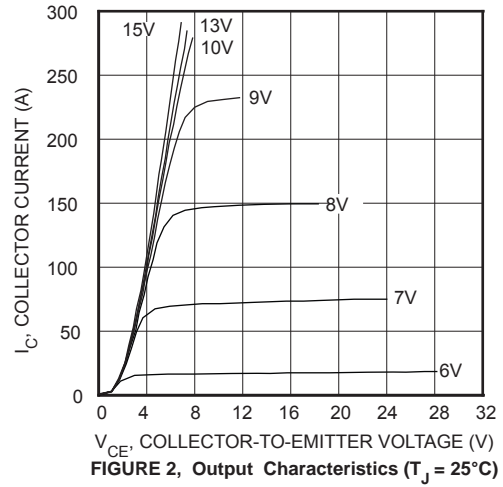
**Microsemi reserves the right to change, without notice, the specifications and information contained herein.**

**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES**

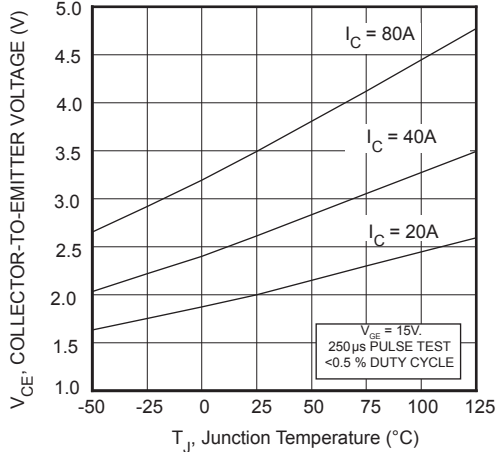
**APT40GR120B2D30**



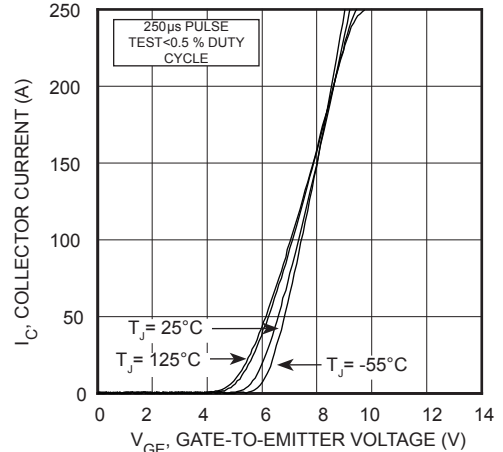
**FIGURE 1, Output Characteristics ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )**



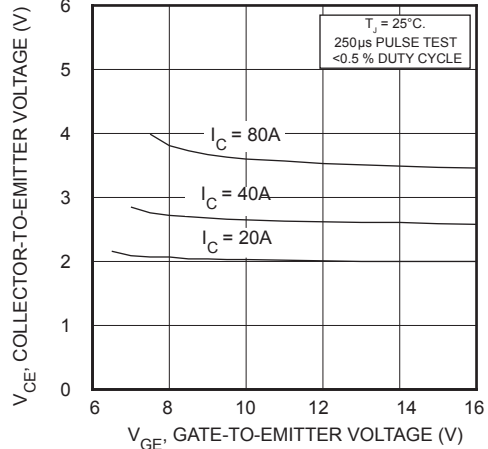
**FIGURE 2, Output Characteristics ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )**



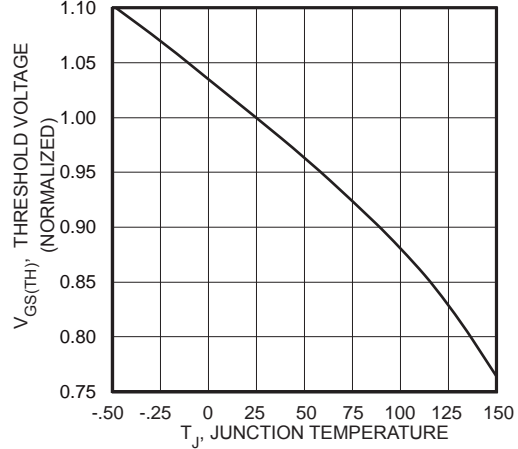
**FIGURE 3, On State Voltage vs Junction Temperature**



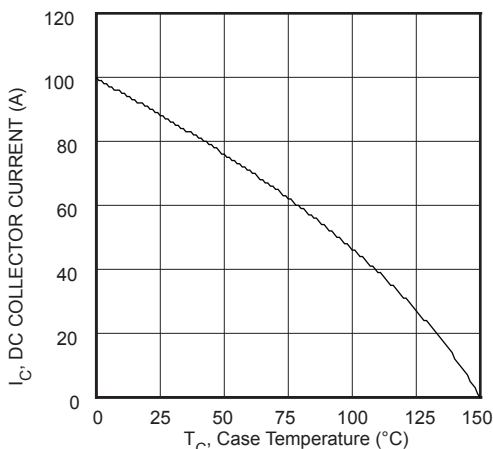
**FIGURE 4, Transfer Characteristics**



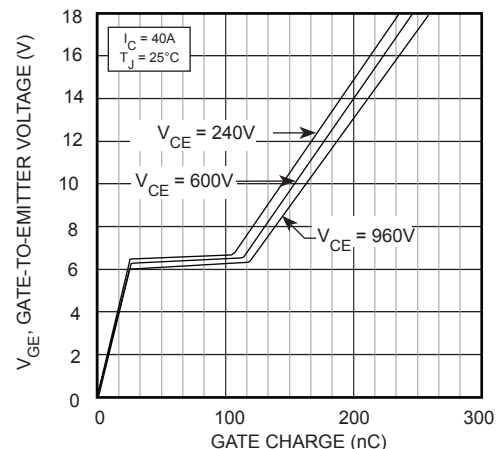
**FIGURE 5, On State Voltage vs Gate-to-Emitter Voltage**



**FIGURE 6, Threshold Voltage vs Junction Temperature**

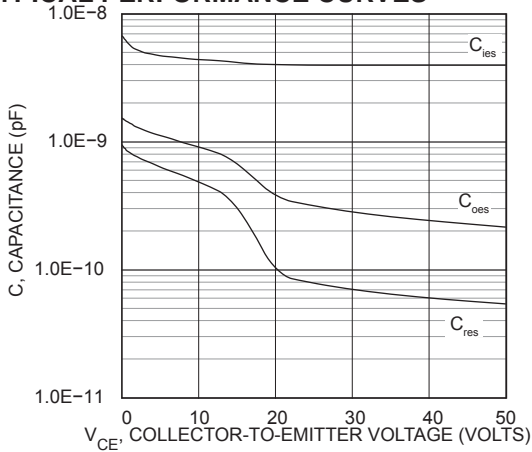


**FIGURE 7, DC Collector Current vs Case Temperature**

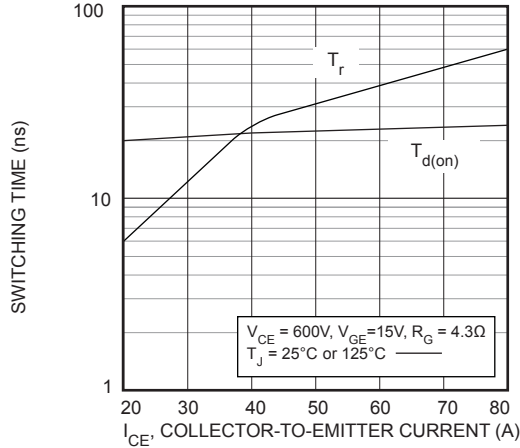


**FIGURE 8, Gate charge**

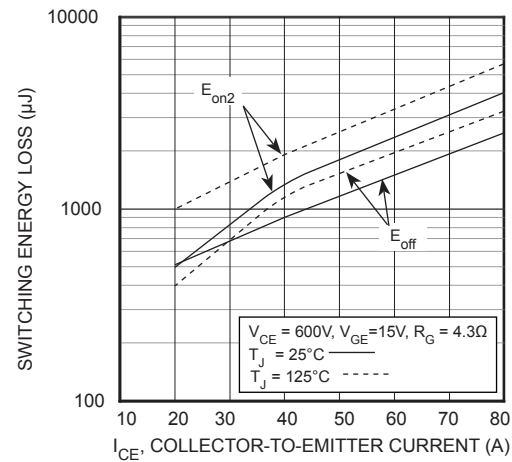
**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES**



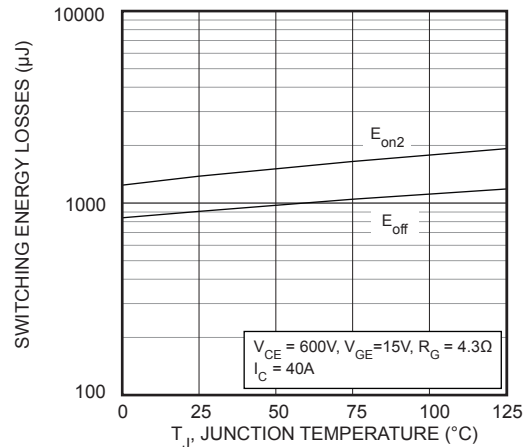
**FIGURE 9, Capacitance vs Collector-To-Emitter Voltage**



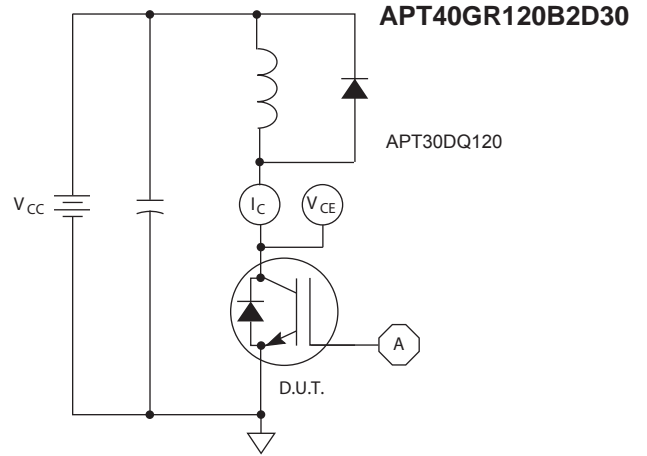
**FIGURE 11, Turn-On Time vs Collector Current**



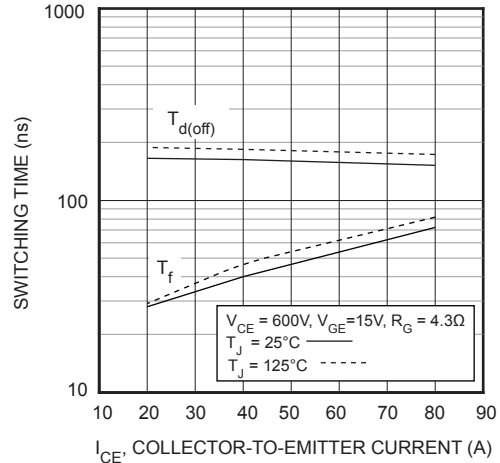
**FIGURE 13, Energy Loss vs Collector Current**



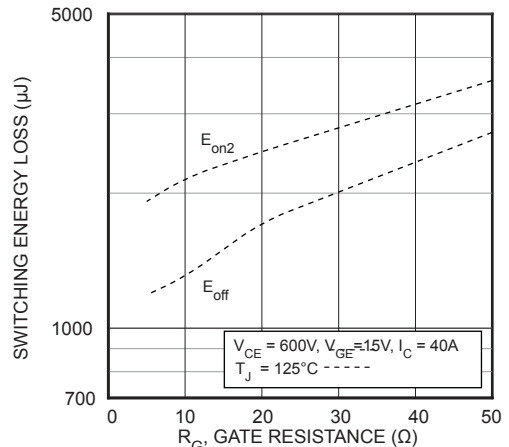
**FIGURE 15, Energy Losses vs Junction Temperature**



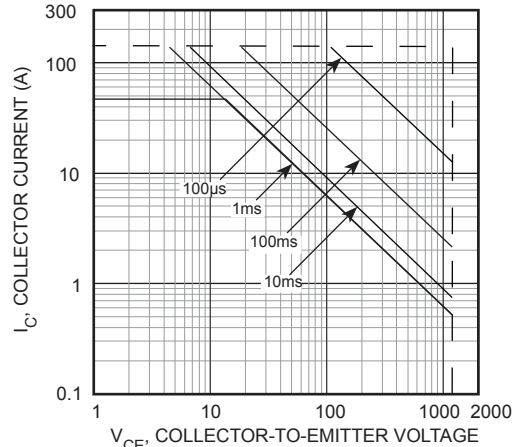
**FIGURE 10, Inductive Switching Test Circuit**



**FIGURE 12, Turn-Off Time vs Collector Current**



**FIGURE 14, Energy Loss vs Gate Resistance**



**FIGURE 16, Minimum Switching Safe Operating Area**

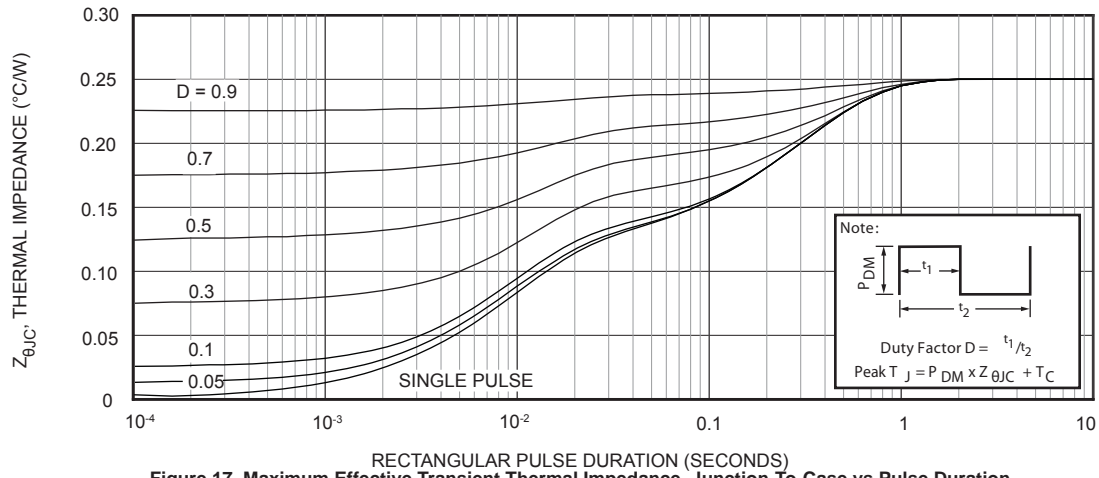


Figure 17, Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-To-Case vs Pulse Duration

# ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY ANTI-PARALLEL DIODE

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

All Ratings:  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol       | Characteristic / Test Conditions  | APT40GR120B2D30 |     | UNIT |
|--------------|---|-----------------|-----|------|
| $I_{F(AV)}$  | Maximum Average Forward Current ( $T_C = 110^\circ\text{C}$ , Duty Cycle = 0.5) |                 | 30  | Amps |
| $I_{F(RMS)}$ | RMS Forward Current (Square wave, 50% duty)                                     |                 | 43  |      |
| $I_{FSM}$    | Non-Repetitive Forward Surge Current ( $T_J = 45^\circ\text{C}$ , 8.3ms)        |                 | 210 |      |

**STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

| Symbol | Characteristic / Test Conditions | MIN | TYP   | MAX | UNIT  |
|--------|----------------------------------|-----|---|-----|-------|
| $V_F$  | Forward Voltage                  |     | $I_F = 30\text{A}$                          | 2.8 | Volts |
|        |                                  |     | $I_F = 60\text{A}$                          | 3.4 |       |
|        |                                  |     | $I_F = 30\text{A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | 2.1 |       |

**DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS**

| Symbol    | Characteristic                   | Test Conditions   | MIN | TYP  | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------|----------------------------------|---|-----|------|-----|------|
| $t_{rr}$  | Reverse Recovery Time            | $I_F = 1\text{A}, di_F/dt = -100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 30\text{V}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$     | -   | 26   |     | ns   |
| $t_{rr}$  | Reverse Recovery Time            | $I_F = 30\text{A}, di_F/dt = -200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 800\text{V}, T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$   | -   | 320  |     |      |
| $Q_{rr}$  | Reverse Recovery Charge          |   | -   | 545  |     | nC   |
| $I_{RRM}$ | Maximum Reverse Recovery Current |   | -   | 4    | -   | Amps |
| $t_{rr}$  | Reverse Recovery Time            | $I_F = 30\text{A}, di_F/dt = -200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 800\text{V}, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$  | -   | 435  |     | ns   |
| $Q_{rr}$  | Reverse Recovery Charge          |   | -   | 2100 |     | nC   |
| $I_{RRM}$ | Maximum Reverse Recovery Current |   | -   | 9    | -   | Amps |
| $t_{rr}$  | Reverse Recovery Time            | $I_F = 30\text{A}, di_F/dt = -1000\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 800\text{V}, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | -   | 180  |     | ns   |
| $Q_{rr}$  | Reverse Recovery Charge          |   | -   | 2975 |     | nC   |
| $I_{RRM}$ | Maximum Reverse Recovery Current |   | -   | 28   |     | Amps |

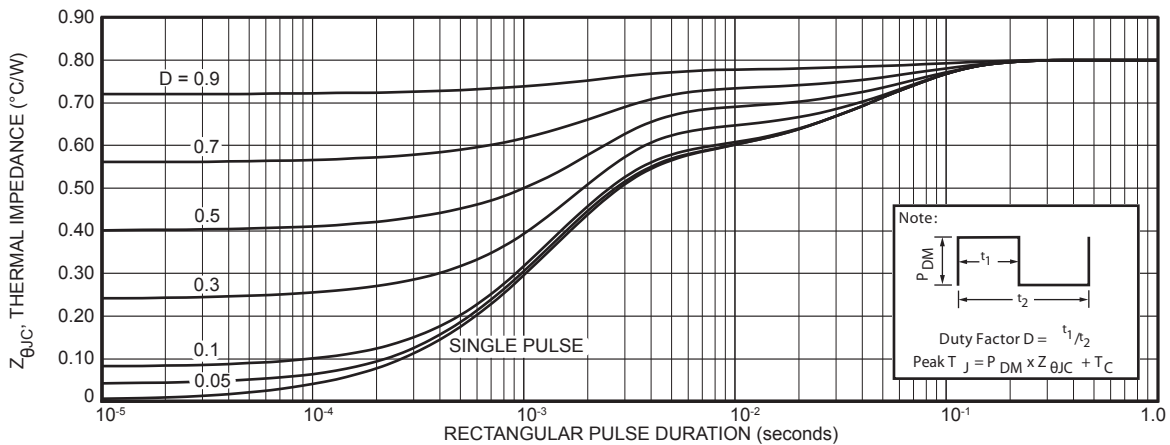


FIGURE 18. MAXIMUM EFFECTIVE TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE, JUNCTION-TO-CASE vs. PULSE DURATION

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

APT40GR120B2D30

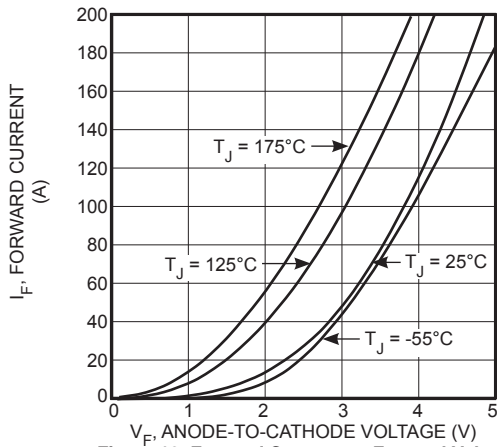


Figure 19. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

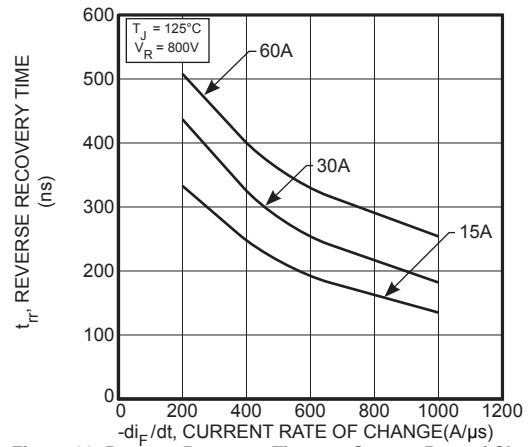


Figure 20. Reverse Recovery Time vs. Current Rate of Change

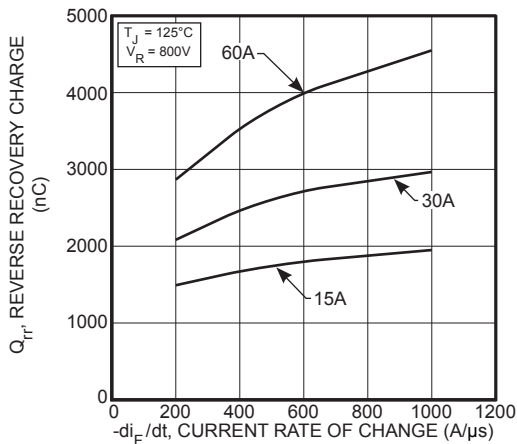


Figure 21. Reverse Recovery Charge vs. Current Rate of Change

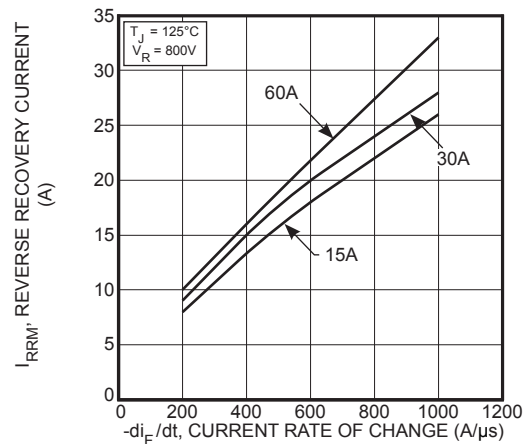


Figure 22. Reverse Recovery Current vs. Current Rate of Change

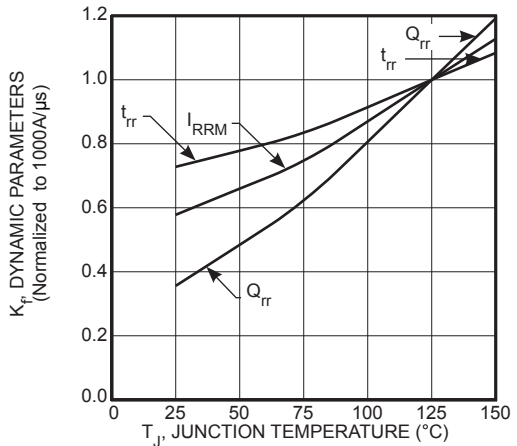


Figure 23. Dynamic Parameters vs. Junction Temperature

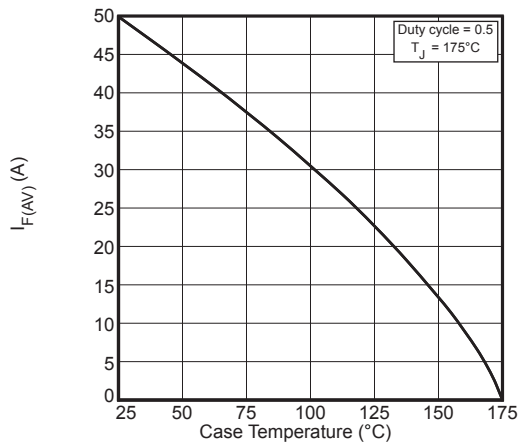


Figure 24. Maximum Average Forward Current vs. Case Temperature

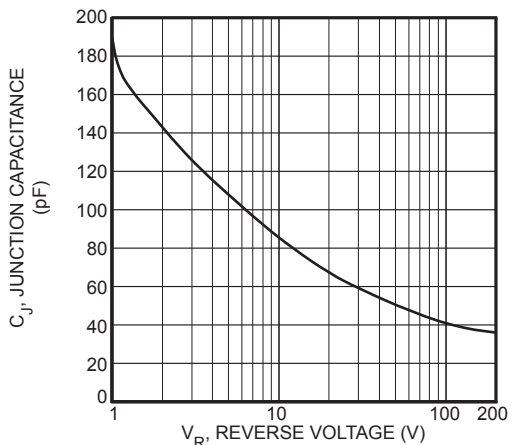


Figure 25. Junction Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

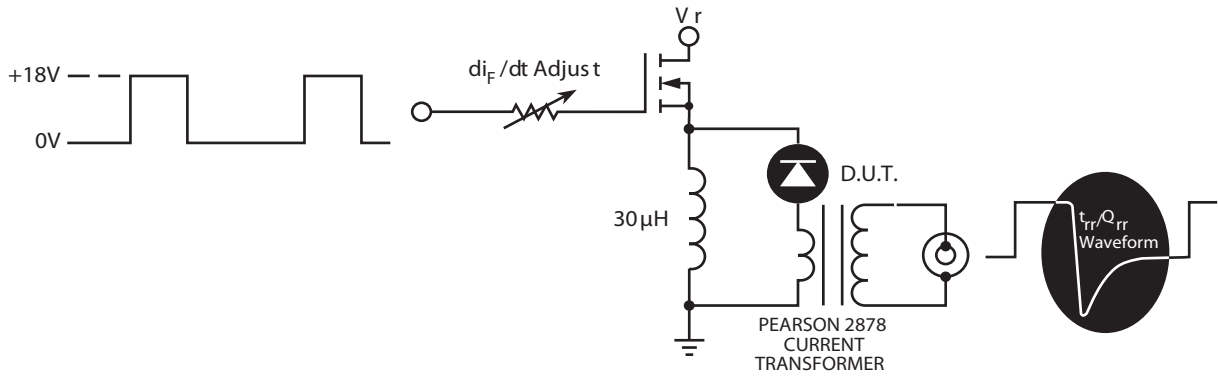


Figure 26. Diode Test Circuit

- 1 I<sub>F</sub> - Forward Conduction Current
- 2 di<sub>F</sub>/dt - Rate of Diode Current Change Through Zero Crossing.
- 3 I<sub>RRM</sub> - Maximum Reverse Recovery Current
- 4 t<sub>rr</sub> - Reverse Recovery Time measured from zero crossing where diode current goes from positive to negative, to the point at which the straight line through I<sub>RRM</sub> and 0.25 I<sub>RRM</sub> passes through zero.
- 5 Q<sub>rr</sub> - Area Under the Curve Defined by I<sub>RRM</sub> and t<sub>rr</sub>.

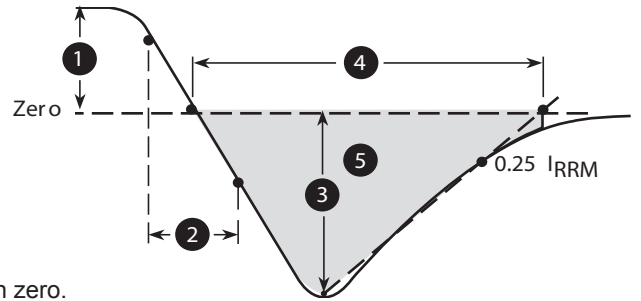
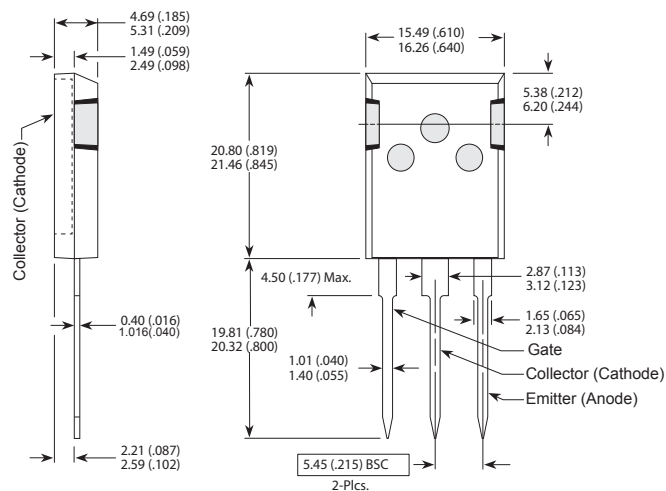


Figure 27. Diode Reverse Recovery Waveform Definition

T-MAX<sup>®</sup> (B2) Package Outline

e3 100% Sn Plated



These dimensions are equal to the TO-247 without the mounting hole.

Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)



Компания «Океан Электроники» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

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- Широкая линейка поставок активных и пассивных импортных электронных компонентов (более 30 млн. наименований);
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Помощь Конструкторского Отдела и консультации квалифицированных инженеров;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Поставка электронных компонентов под контролем ВП;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- При необходимости вся продукция военного и аэрокосмического назначения проходит испытания и сертификацию в лаборатории (по согласованию с заказчиком);
- Поставка специализированных компонентов военного и аэрокосмического уровня качества (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Actel, Aeroflex, Peregrine, VPT, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instruments, MS Kennedy, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

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## JONHON

«JONHON» (основан в 1970 г.)

Разъемы специального, военного и аэрокосмического назначения:

(Применяются в военной, авиационной, аэрокосмической, морской, железнодорожной, горно- и нефтедобывающей отраслях промышленности)

«FORSTAR» (основан в 1998 г.)

ВЧ соединители, коаксиальные кабели,  
кабельные сборки и микроволновые компоненты:

(Применяются в телекоммуникациях гражданского и специального назначения, в средствах связи, РЛС, а так же военной, авиационной и аэрокосмической отраслях промышленности).



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