

# USB/AC Adapter, Li+ Linear Battery Charger with Integrated 50mΩ Battery Switch in TDFN

## General Description

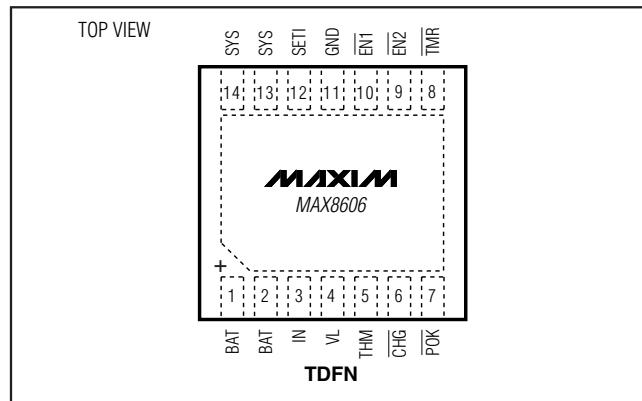
The MAX8606 complete 1-cell Li+ battery charge-management IC operates from either a USB port or AC adapter. It integrates a battery disconnect switch, current-sense circuit, PMOS pass element, and thermal-regulation circuitry, while eliminating the external reverse-blocking Schottky diode, to create a simple and small charging solution. The charging sequence initiates from power-OK indication, through prequalification, fast-charge, top-off charge, and finally charging-complete indication for single-cell Li+ batteries. Charging is controlled using constant current, constant voltage, or constant die-temperature (CCCVCT<sub>J</sub>) regulation for safe operation in handhelds.

Two logic inputs (EN1 and EN2) select suspend mode, 100mA, 500mA, or  $\leq$ 1A input current limits to suit USB requirements. Proprietary thermal-regulation circuitry limits the die temperature to +100°C to prevent excessive heat on the system PC board. Additional safety features include an NTC thermistor input (THM) and internal timers to protect the battery. A 3.5V to 4.2V SYS output, in conjunction with the low-R<sub>DSON</sub> battery switch, powers the system even when the battery is deeply discharged or not installed. The IC also offers a +3.3V/500µA output (VL), a charging status flag (CHG), and an input-supply detection flag (POK). The MAX8606 operates from a +4.25V to +5.5V supply and includes undervoltage lockout below +3.4V and overvoltage protection up to +14V.

## Applications

Cellular Phones, Smartphones, PDAs  
Digital Cameras, MP3 Players  
USB Appliances, Charging Cradles and Docks

## Pin Configuration



## Features

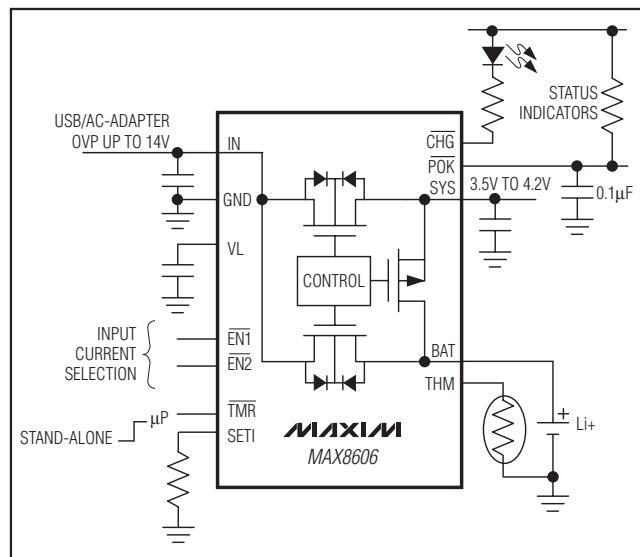
- ◆ Small 3mm x 3mm Thermally Enhanced TDFN Package (0.8mm max height)
- ◆ USB-Compliant Suspend Mode (20µA)
- ◆ Selectable 100mA, 500mA, and Up to 1A Input Current Limits
- ◆ USB or AC Adapter Input
- ◆ +6V to +14V Input Overvoltage Protection
- ◆ Input UVLO Below +4V Rising (3.5V Falling)
- ◆ Automatic Current Sharing Between Battery Charging and System
- ◆ Die Temperature Regulation (+100°C)
- ◆ Prequal, Fast-Charge, and Top-Off Timers
- ◆ Low Dropout Voltage, 250mV at 0.5A
- ◆ NTC Thermistor Input
- ◆ Charge Status and Input-Supply Detection Flags

## Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	TOP MARK
MAX8606ETD+	-40°C to +85°C	14 TDFN 3mm x 3mm (T1433-1)	AAF

+Denotes lead-free/RoHS-compliant package.

## Typical Operating Circuit



# USB/AC Adapter, Li+ Linear Battery Charger with Integrated 50mΩ Battery Switch in TDFN

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

IN to GND	-0.3V to +16V
BAT, SYS, EN1, EN2, POK, CHG, TMR to GND	-0.3V to +6V
VL, SETI, THM to GND	-0.3V to +4V
SYS to BAT	-0.3V to +6V
VL to IN	-16V to +0.3V
IN to BAT Current	1.0ARMS
IN to SYS Current	1.0ARMS
BAT to SYS Current	1.0ARMS
BAT Short-Circuit Duration	Continuous

Continuous Power Dissipation (TA = +70°C)	
14-Pin 3mm x 3mm TDFN (derate 24.4mW/°C)	
above +70°C)	1951.2mW
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature Range	-40°C to +150°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(VIN = 5.0V, VBAT = 3.3V, EN1 = EN2 = GND, RSETI = 23.58kΩ, CVL = 0.1μF, CSYS = 4.7μF, TA = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at TA = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>IN</b>						
IN Voltage Range			0	14		V
IN Operating Voltage Range	(Note 2)		4.25	5.50		V
IN Undervoltage Threshold	VIN rising, 500mV hysteresis (typ)		3.9	4.0	4.1	V
IN Overvoltage Threshold	VIN rising, 100mV hysteresis (typ)		5.6	5.8	6.0	V
IN Supply Current	Charging, IBAT = ISYS = 0mA			1.2	3.0	mA
	Suspend, EN1 = EN2 = high, IVL = 0mA			20	40	μA
IN to BAT Switch Leakage	VIN = 14V, BAT = GND	TA = +25°C	0.1	10		μA
		TA = +85°C		0.5		
<b>SYS</b>						
SYS Regulated Voltage	ISYS = 0mA, VBAT = 3.3V		3.4	3.5	3.6	V
SYS Current Limit	VSY = 3.3V	EN1 = low, EN2 = low	90	95	100	mA
		EN1 = low, EN2 = high	450	475	500	
		EN1 = high, EN2 = low	675	712	750	
SYS Dropout Voltage (VIN - VBAT)	ISYS = 400mA, VSY = 3.3V, EN1 = low, EN2 = high		350	700		mV
SYS Load Regulation	ISYS = 1mA to 675mA, EN1 = high, EN2 = low			10		mV
<b>BAT</b>						
BAT Regulation Voltage	IBAT = 0mA	TA = +25°C	4.18	4.20	4.22	V
		TA = -40°C to +85°C	4.16	4.20	4.24	
Maximum Charging Current			1			A
BAT Charging Current	EN1 = low, EN2 = low	ISYS = 0mA	87	95	100	mA
		ISYS = 50mA		45		
	EN1 = low, EN2 = high	ISYS = 0mA	450	475	500	
		ISYS = 250mA		225		
	EN1 = high, EN2 = low	ISYS = 0mA	675	712	750	
		ISYS = 375mA		337		

# USB/AC Adapter, Li+ Linear Battery Charger with Integrated 50mΩ Battery Switch in TDFN

MAX8606

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

( $V_{IN} = 5.0V$ ,  $V_{BAT} = 3.3V$ ,  $\overline{EN1} = \overline{EN2} = GND$ ,  $R_{SETI} = 23.58k\Omega$ ,  $C_{VL} = 0.1\mu F$ ,  $C_{SYS} = 4.7\mu F$ ,  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
BAT Prequal Current	$V_{BAT} = 2.0V$	$\overline{EN1} = \text{low}$ , $\overline{EN2} = \text{low}$ , $I_{SYS} = 0mA$	87	95	100	mA
		$\overline{EN1} = \text{low}$ , $\overline{EN2} = \text{high}$ , $I_{SYS} = 0$ to $350mA$		95		
		$\overline{EN1} = \text{high}$ , $\overline{EN2} = \text{low}$ , $I_{SYS} = 0$ to $575mA$		95		
Soft-Start Time				1.5		ms
BAT Prequal Threshold	$V_{BAT}$ rising, 150mV hysteresis (typ)		2.9	3.0	3.1	V
BAT Dropout Voltage ( $V_{IN} - V_{BAT}$ )	$V_{BAT} = 4.1V$ , $I_{BAT} = 400mA$		200	400		mV
BAT Short-Circuit Current Limit	BAT = GND		70	95	120	mA
BAT to SYS Switch $R_{ON}$	$V_{BAT} = 3.5V$ , $V_{SYS} = 3.4V$ , $V_{IN} = 0V$		50	100		$m\Omega$
BAT to SYS Switch Threshold	BAT rising, 160mV hysteresis (typ)		3.4	3.5	3.6	V
Battery-Removal Threshold	BAT rising, 210mV hysteresis (typ)		4.5	4.75	5.0	V
BAT Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 0V$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	0.1	10		$\mu A$
		$T_A = +85^{\circ}C$	0.1			
	$V_{IN} = 2.4V$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	0.1	10		
		$T_A = +85^{\circ}C$	0.1			
	$\overline{EN1} = \text{high}$ , $\overline{EN2} = \text{high}$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	-10	0.1	+10	
		$T_A = +85^{\circ}C$	0.1			
<b>VL</b>						
VL Output Voltage	$I_{VL} = 0$ to $500\mu A$		3.1	3.3	3.5	V
VL Shutdown Voltage	$V_{\overline{EN1}} = V_{\overline{EN2}} = 5V$		0			V
<b>THM</b>						
THM Internal Pullup Resistance				10		$k\Omega$
THM Resistance Threshold, Hot	10% hysteresis		3.72	3.93	4.13	$k\Omega$
THM Resistance Threshold, Cold	10% hysteresis		26.6	28.3	30.0	$k\Omega$
THM Resistance Threshold, Disabled	70% hysteresis		274	305	336	$\Omega$
<b>SETI</b>						
SETI Servo Voltage	$\overline{EN1} = \text{low}$ , $\overline{EN2} = \text{low}$			0.28		V
	$\overline{EN1} = \text{low}$ , $\overline{EN2} = \text{high}$			1.4		
	$\overline{EN1} = \text{high}$ , $\overline{EN2} = \text{low}$			2.1		
SETI Resistance Range			17.68	23.58	35.36	$k\Omega$
<b>POK</b>						
POK Trip Threshold ( $V_{IN} - V_{BAT}$ )	$4.1V < V_{IN} < 5.6V$ , $V_{BAT} = 4.1V$	$V_{IN}$ rising	150	250	350	$mV$
		$V_{IN}$ falling	5	55	125	
POK Voltage, Low	$I_{POK} = 5mA$			0.05	0.2	V
POK Leakage Current, High	$V_{POK} = 6V$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		0.01	1	$\mu A$
		$T_A = +85^{\circ}C$		0.01		

# USB/AC Adapter, Li+ Linear Battery Charger with Integrated 50mΩ Battery Switch in TDFN

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

( $V_{IN} = 5.0V$ ,  $V_{BAT} = 3.3V$ ,  $\overline{EN1} = \overline{EN2} = GND$ ,  $R_{SETI} = 23.58k\Omega$ ,  $C_{VL} = 0.1\mu F$ ,  $C_{SYS} = 4.7\mu F$ ,  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>CHG</b>					
Full-Battery Detection Current Threshold	$I_{BAT}$ falling	30	50	70	mA
CHG Voltage, Low	$V_{CHG} = 5mA$		0.05	0.02	V
CHG Leakage Current, High	$V_{CHG} = 6V$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	0.01	1	$\mu A$
		$T_A = +85^{\circ}C$	0.01		
<b>EN1, EN2, TMR</b>					
Logic Input Leakage Current	$V_{TMR} = V_{EN1} = V_{EN2} = 0$ to $5.5V$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	0.01	1	$\mu A$
		$T_A = +85^{\circ}C$	0.01		
Logic Input Low Voltage				0.4	V
Logic Input High Voltage			1.6		V
<b>THERMAL LIMIT</b>					
Thermal-Regulation Threshold			+100		$^{\circ}C$
Thermal-Regulation Gain	$T_J$ to $I_{BAT}$ , $T_J > +100^{\circ}C$		-50		$mA/^{\circ}C$
<b>TIMER</b>					
Oscillator Accuracy		112	140	168	kHz
Overvoltage Turn-On Delay			800		ms
Prequal Fault Timer		24	30	36	min
Fast-Charge Fault Timer			480		min
Top-Off Timer			30		min
CHG Blinking Rate	In fault state, 50% duty	1.68	2.10	2.52	Hz

**Note 1:** Specifications are 100% production tested at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ . Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed by design and characterization.

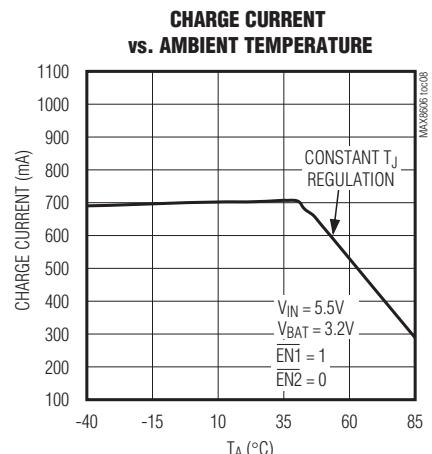
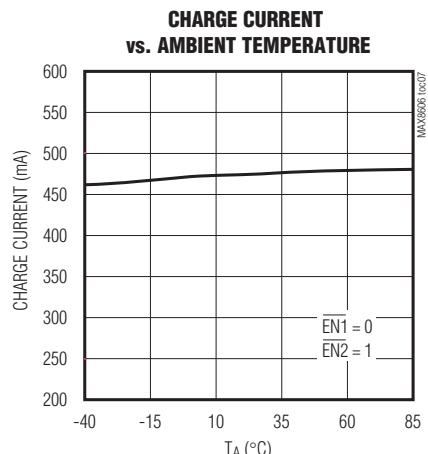
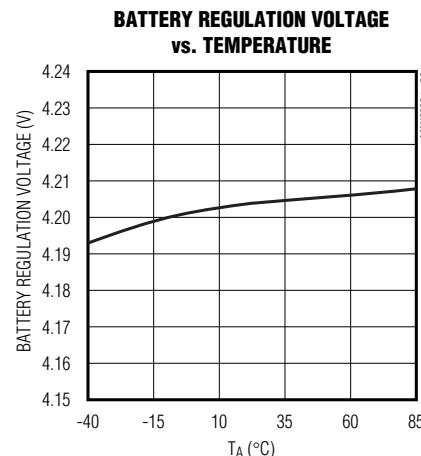
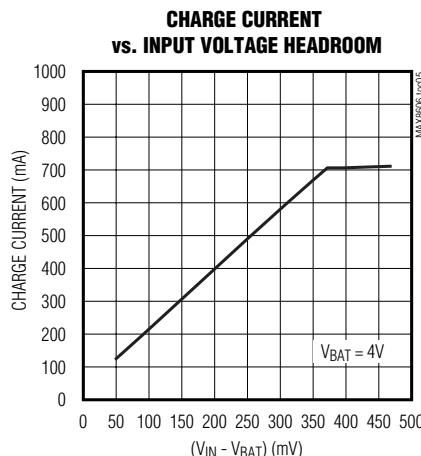
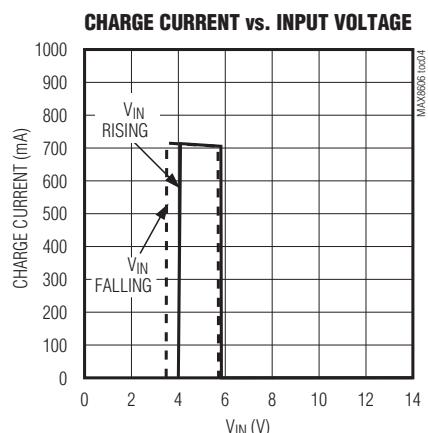
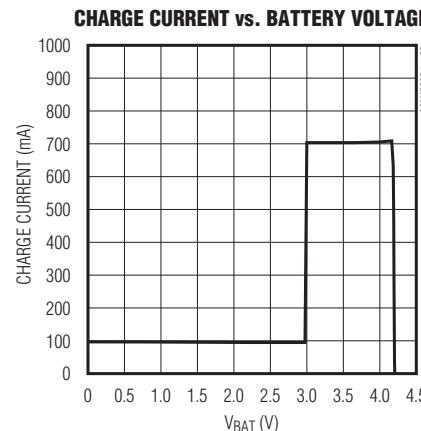
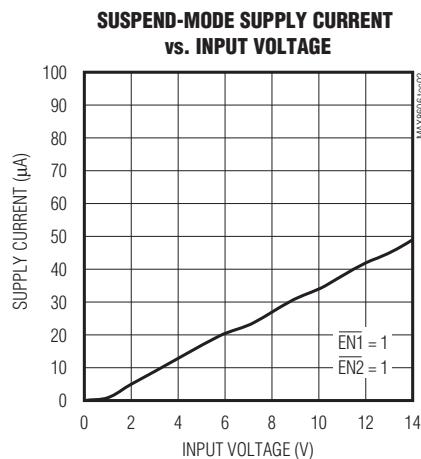
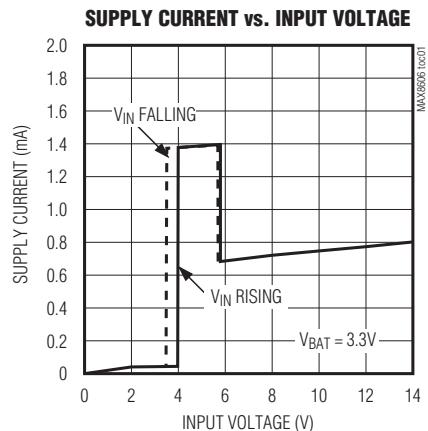
**Note 2:** Guaranteed by undervoltage and overvoltage threshold testing.

# USB/AC Adapter, Li+ Linear Battery Charger with Integrated 50mΩ Battery Switch in TDFN

## Typical Operating Characteristics

( $V_{IN} = +5V$ ,  $V_{BAT} = 3.6V$ ,  $I_{SYS} = 0$ ,  $\overline{EN1} = 1$ ,  $\overline{EN2} = 0$ , circuit of Figure 3,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

MAX8606



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## Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1, 2	BAT	Battery Connection. The IC delivers charging current and monitors battery voltage using BAT. Connect both BAT outputs together externally. During suspend mode, BAT is internally connected to SYS.
3	IN	Supply Voltage Input. Connect IN to a 4.25V to 5.5V supply. Charging is suspended if $V_{IN}$ exceeds 6V. Bypass IN to GND with a 4.7μF or larger ceramic capacitor.
4	VL	+3.3V Output Voltage and Logic Supply. VL is regulated to +3.3V and is capable of sourcing 500μA to provide power for external circuits. Bypass VL to GND with a 0.1μF or larger ceramic capacitor. VL is internally pulled to GND during suspend mode.
5	THM	Thermistor Input. Connect a 10kΩ NTC thermistor from THM to GND in close proximity to the battery to monitor the battery temperature. The IC suspends charging when the temperature is outside the hot and cold limits. Connect THM to GND to disable the thermistor monitoring function.
6	CHG	Charging Status Output. CHG is an open-drain output that goes low when the battery is charging. CHG goes high impedance when the charge current drops below 50mA (typ) and the battery voltage is 4.2V (typ). CHG is high impedance when the IC is in suspend mode.
7	POK	Power-OK Monitor. POK is an open-drain output that pulls low when a valid charging source is detected at IN.
8	TMR	Timer-Selection Input. Drive TMR high to enable the microprocessor mode where the charge times are determined by an external device. Drive TMR low to use the internal prequal, fast-charge, and top-off timers.
9	EN2	Charge-Current Selection Input. Drive EN2 high or low to select the charge current or to put the MAX8606 into suspend mode (see Table 1).
10	EN1	Charge-Current Selection Input. Drive EN1 high or low to select the charge current or to put the MAX8606 into suspend mode (see Table 1).
11	GND	Ground. Connect directly to exposed paddle under the IC.
12	SETI	Charge-Current Programming Input. Connect a resistor from SETI to GND to set the maximum charging current. RSETI must be between 17.68kΩ and 35.36kΩ.
13, 14	SYS	System Supply Output. SYS delivers up to 1A RMS to power an external system. Bypass SYS to GND with a 4.7μF or larger ceramic capacitor. SYS is connected to BAT through an internal 50mΩ switch when $V_{BAT}$ exceeds 3.5V or when the MAX8606 is in suspend mode.
—	EP	Exposed Paddle. Connect to GND under the IC. Connect to a large ground plane to improve power dissipation.

## Detailed Description

The MAX8606 charger uses current, voltage, and thermal control loops to charge and protect a single Li+ battery cell. It can start the system even when the battery is in deep saturation. The MAX8606 provides a SYS output that supplies the external system with a minimum 3.5V at 1A.

Two active-low enable inputs (EN1 and EN2) are supplied to set the SYS and charging current limits. During prequal and fast-charge modes, the CHG output status flag is pulled low. As the battery voltage approaches

4.2V, the charging current is reduced. When the charging current drops below 50mA and the battery voltage equals 4.2V, the CHG output goes high impedance, signaling a full battery. At any time during charging, if both EN1 and EN2 are driven high, the charger enters suspend mode, charging stops, and CHG goes high impedance.

The MAX8606 contains an internal timer to measure the prequal, fast-charge, and top-off charge time. If the battery voltage has not risen above 3V after 30 minutes or has not completed fast-charge in 8 hours, the charger goes into a fault state where the charging is

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MAX8606

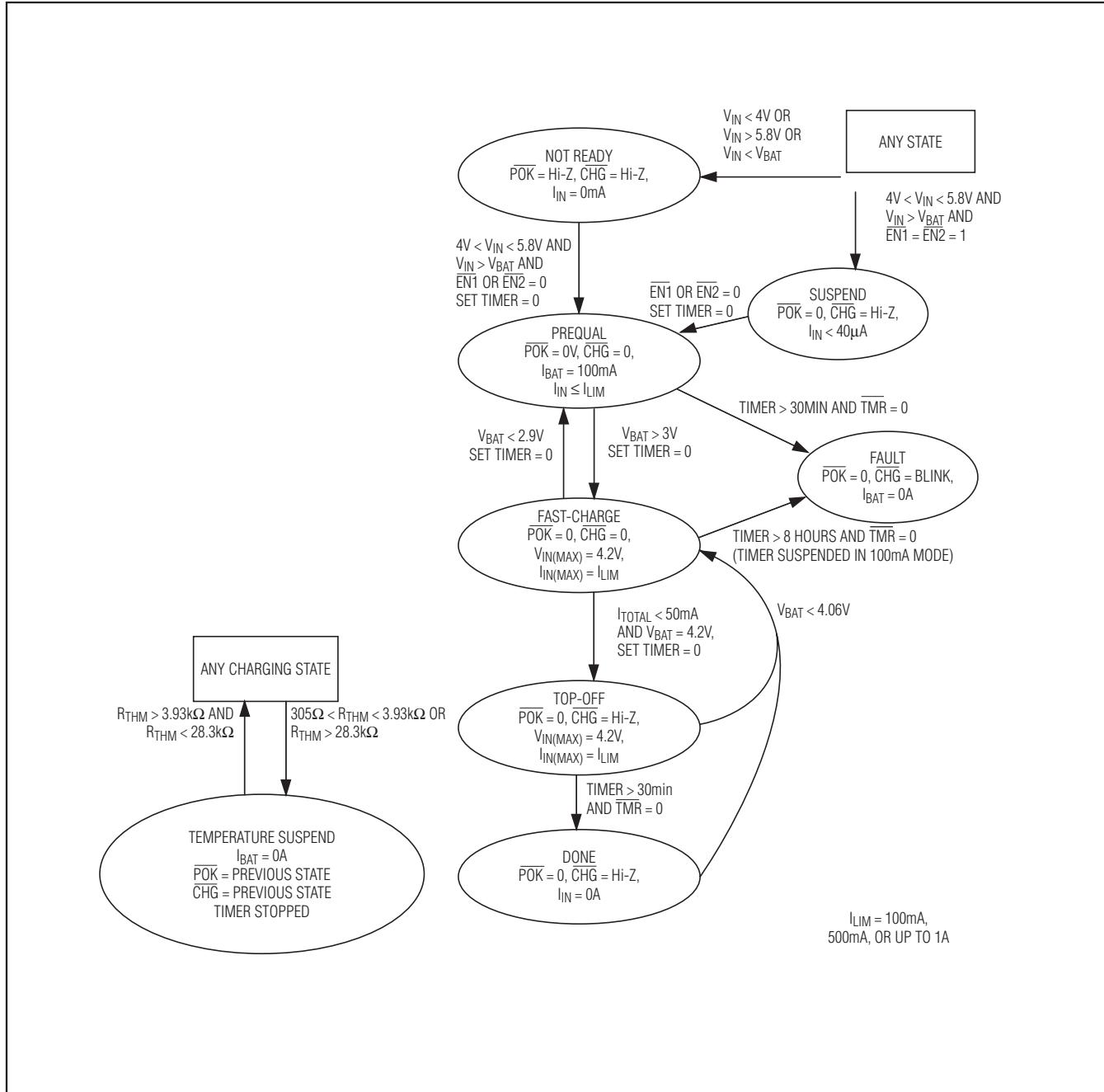


Figure 1. MAX8606 State Diagram

suspended and the CHG flag turns on and off at 2Hz. Either the input power must be cycled or the suspend mode enabled to clear the fault.

**EN1 and EN2 Inputs**  
EN1 and EN2 are logic inputs that enable the charger and select the charging current (see Table 1). Drive EN1 and EN2 high to place the IC in suspend mode.

# USB/AC Adapter, Li+ Linear Battery Charger with Integrated 50mΩ Battery Switch in TDFN

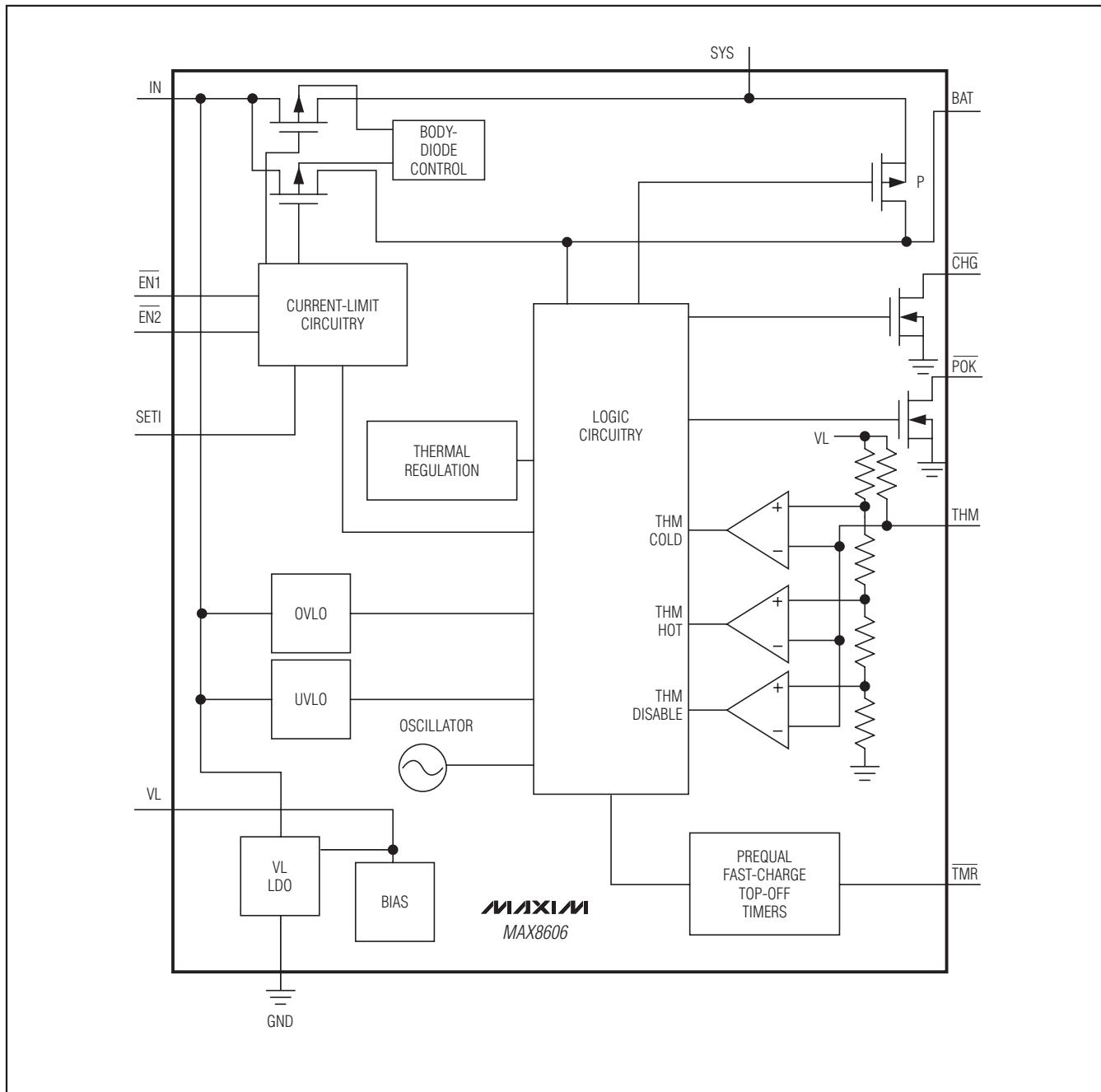


Figure 2. MAX8606 Block Diagram

# USB/AC Adapter, Li+ Linear Battery Charger with Integrated 50mΩ Battery Switch in TDFN

## VL Internal Voltage Regulator

The MAX8606 linear charger contains an internal linear regulator to supply the power for the IC. Bypass VL to GND with a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor. VL is regulated to 3.3V whenever the input voltage is above the battery voltage and can source up to 500µA for external loads.

## CHG Charge-Indicator Output

CHG is an open-drain output that indicates charger status and can be used with an LED. CHG goes low during charging. CHG goes high impedance when VBAT equals 4.2V and the charging current drops below 50mA. When the MAX8606 is used in conjunction with a microprocessor (µP), connect a pullup resistor between CHG and the logic I/O voltage to indicate charge status to the µP. CHG also indicates a timer fault. If the internal prequal or fast-charge timer expires without completing the charge cycle, charging is suspended and the CHG output “blinks” at 2.1Hz.

## Soft-Start

To prevent input transients, the rate of change of the charge current is limited when the charger is turned on or changes its current compliance. It takes approximately 1ms for the charger to go from 0mA to the maximum fast-charge current.

## TMR Input

The MAX8606 includes a 30-minute prequalification fault timer, an 8-hour fast-charge fault timer, and a 30-minute top-off timer to terminate the charging cycle. Drive TMR low to enable the internal timers. Drive TMR high to disable the internal timers and allow an external device to determine charge times.

## THM Input

The MAX8606 monitors the battery temperature with an external NTC thermistor that is in close thermal contact with the battery. Select a thermistor resistance that is 10kΩ at +25°C and has a beta of 3500 Kelvins. The IC compares the resistance from THM to GND and suspends charging when it is greater than 28.3kΩ or less than 3.93kΩ, which translates to a battery temperature of 0°C or +50°C, respectively. Connect THM to GND to disable the temperature control function.

## SYS Output

The MAX8606 contains a SYS output that delivers up to 1A RMS at 3.5V to 4.2V to power an external system. Bypass SYS to GND with a 4.7µF or larger ceramic capacitor. When VBAT exceeds 3.5V or when the MAX8606 is in suspend mode, the MAX8606 internally connects SYS to BAT through a 50mΩ switch. When charging a battery, the load on SYS is serviced first and

**Table 1. EN1 and EN2 Control**

EN1	EN2	MODE
0	0	100mA
0	1	500mA
1	0	8000 x 2.1V / RSETI
1	1	Suspend

the remaining available current goes to charge the battery. SYS is connected to BAT when VIN is not valid.

## POK

The MAX8606 contains an open-drain POK output that goes low when a valid input source is detected at IN. A valid input source is one whose voltage is between 4V and 5.8V and exceeds the battery voltage by 250mV. After a valid input has been established, charging is sustained with inputs as low as 3.5V as long as the input voltage remains above the battery voltage by at least 55mV. POK is high impedance otherwise.

## Applications Information

### Charge-Current Selection

For USB applications, the charging current is internally limited to 100mA or 500mA. For wall-cube applications requiring a different current requirement, set the charging current with an external resistor from SETI to GND (RSETI). Calculate RSETI as follows:

$$RSETI = 8000 \times 2.1V / (IBAT + ISYS)$$

where EN1 = high and EN2 = low.

The SETI input also enables the user to monitor the charging current. Under fast-charge operation, the SETI voltage regulates to 1.4V (EN1 low and EN2 high) or 2.1V (EN1 high and EN2 low). As the charging current decreases, VSETI decreases. This is due to either the thermal regulation control or voltage regulation control (4.2V) of the MAX8606. VSETI is calculated using the following equation:

$$VSETI = (IBAT + ISYS) \times RSETI / 8000$$

### Thermal Regulation

The MAX8606 features a thermal limit that reduces the charge current when the die temperature exceeds +100°C. As the temperature increases, the IC lowers the charge current by 50mA/°C above +100°C.

### Capacitor Selection

Connect a ceramic capacitor from SYS to GND as close to the IC as possible for proper stability. Use a 4.7µF X5R ceramic capacitor for most applications.

MAX8606

# USB/AC Adapter, Li+ Linear Battery Charger with Integrated 50mΩ Battery Switch in TDFN

Connect a 4.7µF ceramic capacitor from IN to GND as close to the IC as possible. Use a larger input bypass capacitor to reduce supply noise.

## Thermal Considerations

The MAX8606 is available in a thermally enhanced TDFN package with exposed paddle. Connect the exposed paddle to a large copper ground plane to provide a good thermal contact between the device and the circuit board. The exposed paddle transfers heat away from the device, allowing the MAX8606 to charge the battery with maximum current while minimizing the increase in die temperature.

## DC Input Sources

The MAX8606 operates from well-regulated DC sources. The full-charging input voltage range is 4.25V to 5.8V. The device survives input voltages up to 14V without damage to the IC. If  $V_{IN}$  is greater than 5.8V (typ), the IC stops charging. An appropriate power supply must provide at least 4.25V when sourcing the desired peak charging current. It also must stay below 5.8V when unloaded.

## Application Circuits

### Stand-Alone Li+ Charger

The MAX8606 provides a complete Li+ charging solution. Figure 3 shows the MAX8606 as a stand-alone Li+ battery charger. The 23.58kΩ resistor connected to SETI sets a charging current of 712mA (typ). The LED indicates when either prequal or fast-charging has begun. When the battery is charged the LED turns off.

### USB Application with AC Adapter

The MAX8606 can be configured for USB applications with an optional AC-adapter input (Figure 4). The p-channel MOSFET disconnects the USB port when the AC adapter is installed. Alternately, the USB port and AC adapter may be excluded from each other by mechanical means, such as using a single connector.

### USB-Powered Li+ Charger

The universal serial bus (USB) provides a high-speed serial communication port, as well as power for the remote device. The MAX8606 can be configured to charge a battery at the highest current possible from the host port. Figure 5 shows the MAX8606 as a USB battery charger. To make the circuit compatible with either 100mA or 500mA USB ports, the system software begins at 100mA charging current. The microprocessor then enumerates with the host to determine its current capability. If the host port is capable, the charging current is increased to 475mA to avoid exceeding the 500mA USB specification.

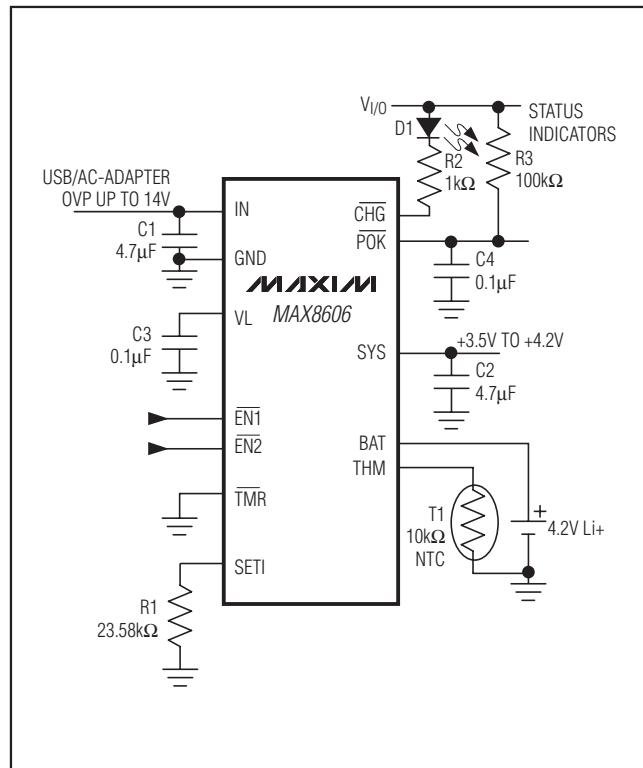


Figure 3. Stand-Alone Application

## Layout and Bypassing

Place the input capacitor as close to the device as possible. Provide a large copper ground plane to allow the exposed paddle to sink heat away from the device. Connect the battery to BAT as close to the device as possible to provide accurate battery voltage sensing. Make all high-current traces short and wide to minimize voltage drops. A sample layout is available in the MAX8606 evaluation kit to help speed designs.

## Chip Information

PROCESS: BiCMOS

# USB/AC Adapter, Li+ Linear Battery Charger with Integrated 50mΩ Battery Switch in TDFN

MAX8606

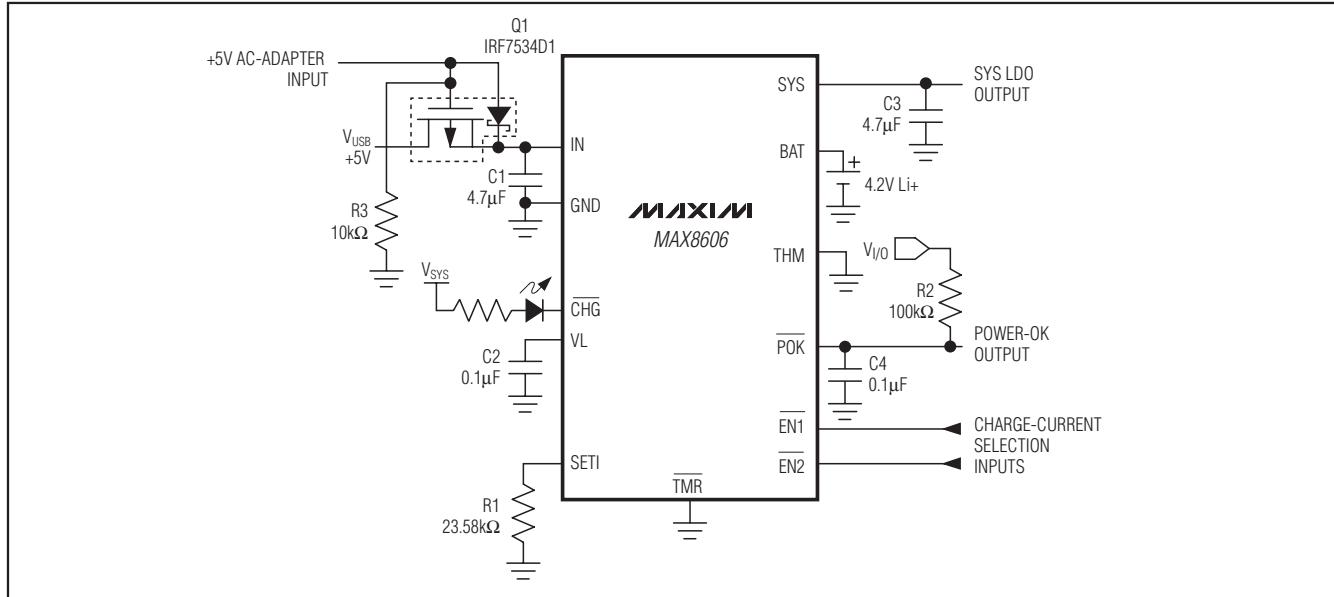


Figure 4. USB Application with AC Adapter

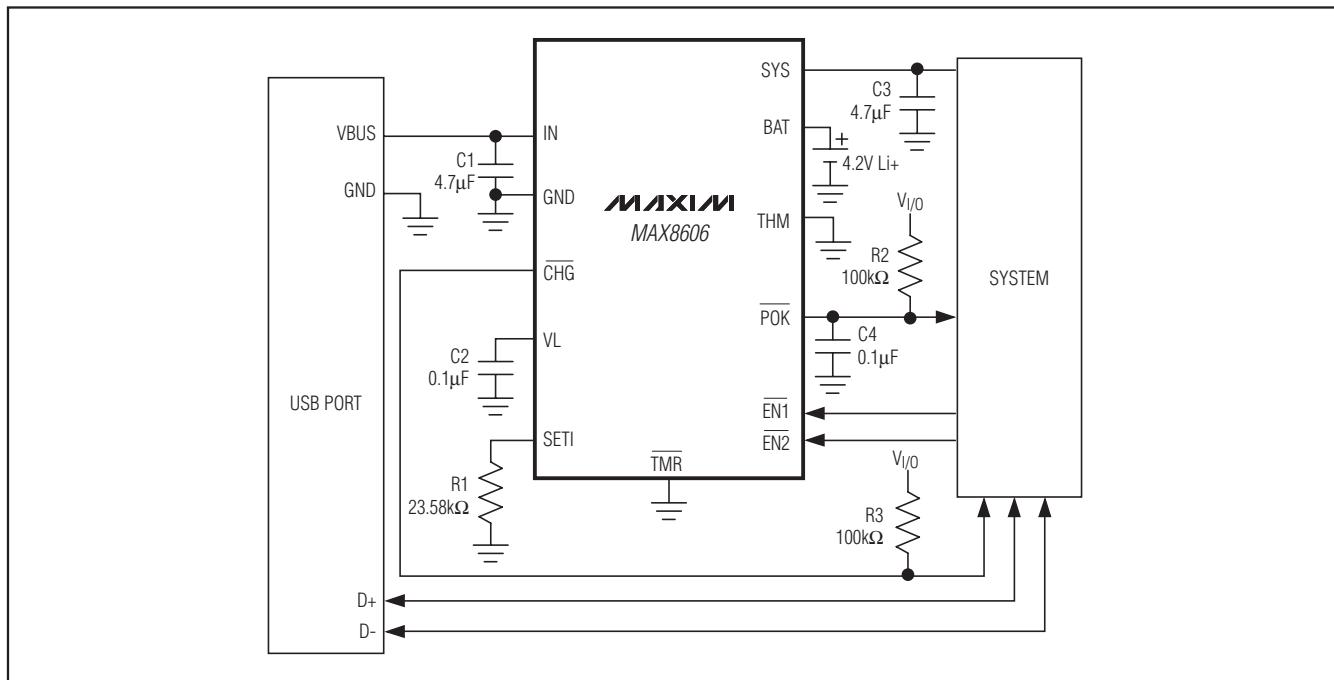


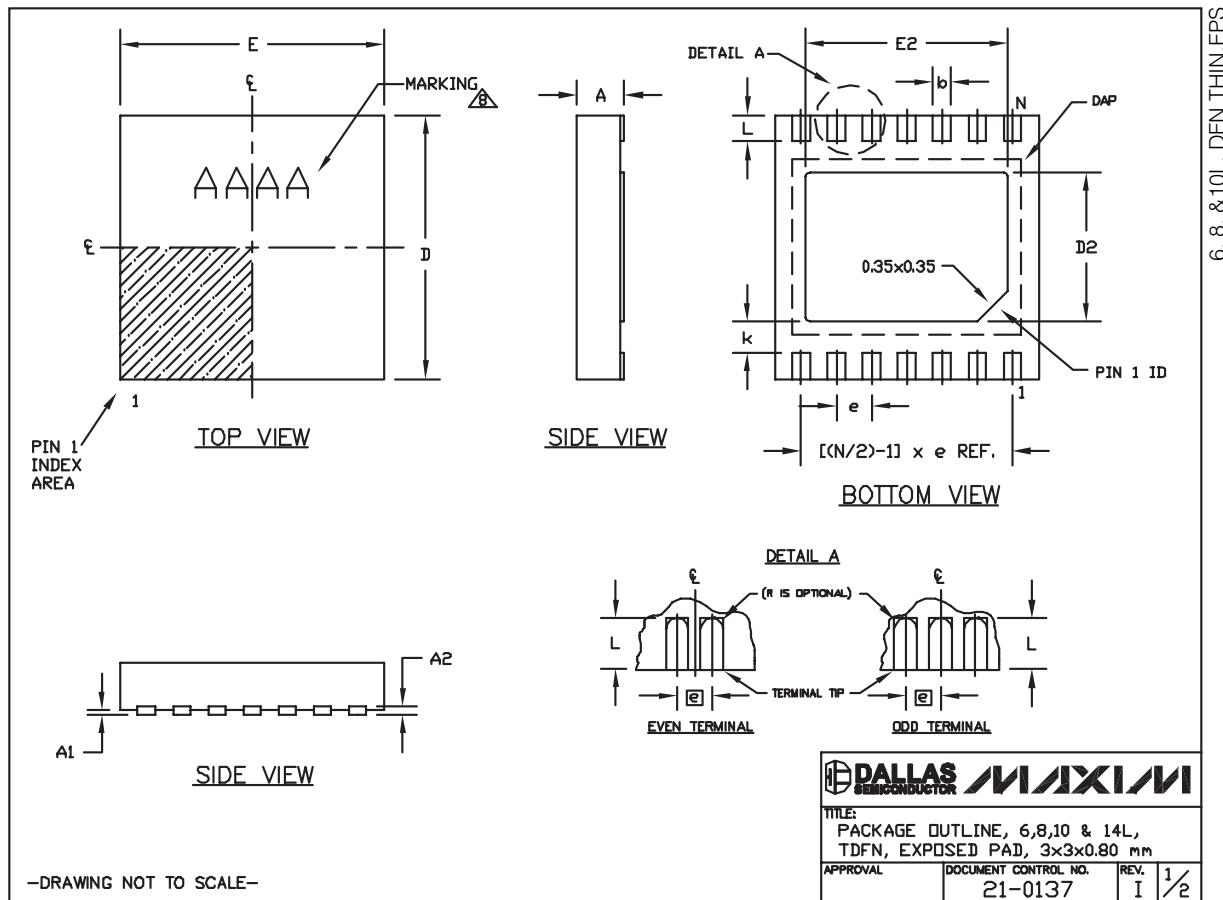
Figure 5. USB Charger Application

# USB/AC Adapter, Li+ Linear Battery Charger with Integrated 50mΩ Battery Switch in TDFN

## Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to [www.maxim-ic.com/packages](http://www.maxim-ic.com/packages).

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	DOCUMENT NO.
14 TDFN	T2444-4	<a href="#">21-0137</a>



# USB/AC Adapter, Li+ Linear Battery Charger with Integrated 50mΩ Battery Switch in TDFN

## Package Information (continued)

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to [www.maxim-ic.com/packages](http://www.maxim-ic.com/packages).

MAX8606

COMMON DIMENSIONS		
SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.
A	0.70	0.80
D	2.90	3.10
E	2.90	3.10
A1	0.00	0.05
L	0.20	0.40
k	0.25 MIN.	
A2	0.20 REF.	

PACKAGE VARIATIONS							
PKG. CODE	N	D2	E2	ε	JEDEC SPEC	b	[(N/2)-1] x e
T633-2	6	1.50±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.95 BSC	MO229 / WEEA	0.40±0.05	1.90 REF
T833-2	8	1.50±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.65 BSC	MO229 / WEEC	0.30±0.05	1.95 REF
T833-3	8	1.50±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.65 BSC	MO229 / WEEC	0.30±0.05	1.95 REF
T1033-1	10	1.50±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.50 BSC	MO229 / WEED-3	0.25±0.05	2.00 REF
T1033-2	10	1.50±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.50 BSC	MO229 / WEED-3	0.25±0.05	2.00 REF
T1433-1	14	1.70±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.40 BSC	----	0.20±0.05	2.40 REF
T1433-2	14	1.70±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.40 BSC	----	0.20±0.05	2.40 REF

### NOTES:

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN mm. ANGLES IN DEGREES.
2. COPLANARITY SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.08 mm.
3. WARPAGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.10 mm.
4. PACKAGE LENGTH/PACKAGE WIDTH ARE CONSIDERED AS SPECIAL CHARACTERISTIC(S).
5. DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO229, EXCEPT DIMENSIONS "D2" AND "E2", AND T1433-1 & T1433-2.
6. "N" IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF LEADS.
7. NUMBER OF LEADS SHOWN ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
8. MARKING IS FOR PACKAGE ORIENTATION REFERENCE ONLY.

-DRAWING NOT TO SCALE-

 DALLAS SEMICONDUCTOR	
TITLE: PACKAGE OUTLINE, 6,8,10 & 14L, TDFN, EXPOSED PAD, 3x3x0.80 mm	
APPROVAL	DOCUMENT CONTROL NO. 21-0137

REV. I

2/2

# **USB/AC Adapter, Li+ Linear Battery Charger with Integrated 50mΩ Battery Switch in TDFN**

## **Revision History**

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	8/05	Initial release	—
1	12/08	Updated Continuous Power Dissipation and derating factor in <i>Absolute Maximum Ratings</i>	2

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# OCEAN CHIPS

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- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
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- При необходимости вся продукция военного и аэрокосмического назначения проходит испытания и сертификацию в лаборатории (по согласованию с заказчиком);
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