



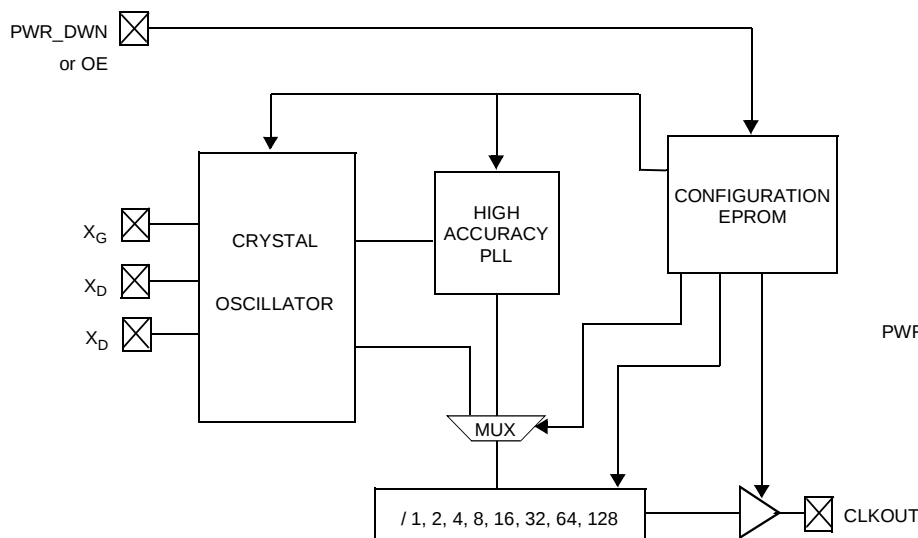
**PRELIMINARY**

**CY2037**

## High Accuracy EPROM Programmable PLL Die for Crystal Oscillators

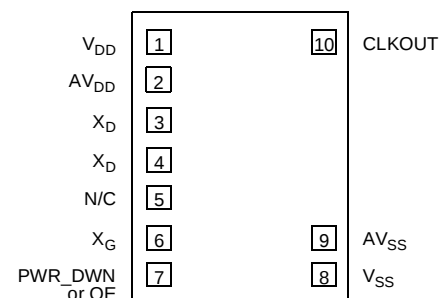
| Features                                                                                   | Benefits                                                                                                        |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| • EPROM-programmable die for in-package programming of crystal oscillators                 | Enables quick turnaround of custom oscillators<br>Lowers inventory costs through stocking of blank parts        |
| • High resolution PLL with 12 bit multiplier and 10 bit divider                            | Enables synthesis of highly accurate and stable output clock frequencies with zero or low PPM                   |
| • EPROM-programmable capacitor tuning array                                                | Enables fine-tuning of output clock frequency by adjusting $C_{Load}$ of the crystal                            |
| • Twice programmable die                                                                   | Enables reprogramming of programmed part, to correct errors, and control excess inventory                       |
| • Simple 4-wire programming interface                                                      | Enables programming of output frequency after packaging                                                         |
| • On-chip oscillator runs from 10–30 MHz crystal                                           | Lowers cost of oscillator as PLL can be programmed to a high frequency using a low-frequency, low-cost crystal  |
| • EPROM-selectable TTL or CMOS duty cycle levels                                           | Duty cycle centered at 1.5V or $V_{DD}/2$<br>Provides flexibility to service most TTL or CMOS applications      |
| • Operating frequency<br>— 1–200 MHz at 5V<br>— 1–100 MHz at 3.3V<br>— 1–66.67 MHz at 2.7V | Services most PC, networking, and consumer applications                                                         |
| • Sixteen selectable post-divide options, using either PLL or reference oscillator output  | Provides flexibility in output configurations and testing                                                       |
| • Programmable PWR_DWN or OE pin                                                           | Enables low-power operation or output enable function                                                           |
| • Programmable asynchronous or synchronous OE and PWR_DWN modes                            | Provides flexibility for system applications, through selectable instantaneous or synchronous change in outputs |
| • Low Jitter outputs<br>— < $\pm 100$ ps (pk-pk) at 5V<br>— < $\pm 125$ ps (pk-pk) at 3.3V | Suitable for most PC, consumer, and networking applications                                                     |
| • 3.3V or 5V operation                                                                     | Lowers inventory cost as same die services both applications                                                    |
| • Small Die                                                                                | Enables encapsulation in small-size, surface mount packages                                                     |
| • Controlled rise and fall times and output slew rate                                      | Has lower EMI than oscillators                                                                                  |

### CY2037 Logic Block Diagram



### Die Configuration

#### Top View



## Functional Description

The CY2037 is an EPROM programmable, high accuracy, PLL-based die designed for the crystal oscillator market. The die attaches directly to a low-cost 10-30MHz crystal and can be packaged into 4-pin through-hole or surface mount packages. The oscillator devices can be stocked as blank parts and custom frequencies programmed in-package at the last stage before shipping. This enables fast-turn manufacture of custom and standard crystal oscillators without the need for dedicated, expensive crystals.

The CY2037 contains an on-chip oscillator and a unique oscillator tuning circuit for fine-tuning of the output frequency. The crystal  $C_{load}$  can be selectively adjusted by programming a set of seven EPROM bits. This feature can be used to compensate for crystal variations or to obtain a more accurate synthesized frequency.

The CY2037 uses EPROM programming with a simple 2-wire, 4-pin interface that includes  $V_{SS}$  and  $V_{DD}$ . Clock outputs can be generated up to 200 MHz at 5V or up to 100 MHz at 3.3V. The entire configuration can be reprogrammed one time allowing programmed inventory to be altered or reused.

The CY2037 PLL die has been designed for very high resolution. It has a 12 bit feedback counter multiplier and a 10 bit reference counter divider. This enables the synthesis of highly accurate and stable output clock frequencies with zero or low PPM. The clock can be further modified by eight output divider options of 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64 and 128. The divider input can be selected as either the PLL or crystal oscillator output providing a total of sixteen separate output options. For further flexibility, the output is selectable between TTL and CMOS duty cycle levels.

The CY2037 also contains flexible power management control. The part includes both PWR\_DWN and OE features with integrated pull-up resistors. The PWR\_DWN and OE modes have an additional setting to determine timing (asynchronous or synchronous) with respect to the output signal.

Controlled rise and fall times, unique output driver circuits, and innovative circuit layout techniques enable the CY2037 to have low jitter and accurate outputs making it suitable for most PC, networking and consumer applications

## EPROM Configuration Block

The following table summarizes the features which are configurable by EPROM. Please refer to the "CY2037 Programming Specification" for further details. The specification can be obtained from your local Cypress representative.

| EPROM Adjustable Features                             |
|-------------------------------------------------------|
| Feedback counter value (P)                            |
| Reference counter value (Q)                           |
| Output divider selection                              |
| Oscillator Tuning (load capacitance values)           |
| Duty cycle levels (TTL or CMOS)                       |
| Power management mode (OE or PWR_DWN)                 |
| Power management timing (synchronous or asynchronous) |

## PLL Output Frequency

The CY2037 contains a high resolution PLL with 12 bit multiplier and 10 bit divider. The output frequency of the PLL is determined by the following formula:

$$F_{PLL} = \frac{2 \cdot (P + 5)}{(Q + 2)} \cdot F_{REF}$$

where P is the feedback counter value and Q is the reference counter value. P and Q are EPROM programmable values.

## Power Management features

The CY2037 contains EPROM programmable PWR\_DWN and OE functions. If Powerdown is selected, all active circuitry on the chip is shut down when the control pin goes low. The output is forced to a hard low in this mode and the oscillator and PLL circuits must re-lock when the part leaves the Power-down mode. If Output Enable mode is selected, the output is three-stated when the Control pin goes low. In this mode the oscillator and PLL circuits continue to operate, allowing a rapid return to normal operation when the Control input is deasserted.

In addition, the PWR\_DWN and OE modes can be programmed to occur synchronously or asynchronously with respect to the output signal. When the asynchronous setting is used, the powerdown or output three-state occurs immediately (allowing for logic delays) irrespective of position in the clock cycle. However, when the synchronous setting is used, the part waits for a falling edge at the output before powerdown or output enable is initiated, thus preventing output glitches.

## Crystal Oscillator Tuning Circuit

The CY2037 contains a unique tuning circuit to fine-tune the output frequency of the device. The tuning circuit consists of an array of seven load capacitors on the input side of the oscillator drive inverter. The capacitor load values are EPROM programmable and can be increased in small increments. As the capacitor load is increased the circuit is fine-tuned to a lower frequency. The capacitor load values vary from 0.17pF to 8 pF for a 100:1 total control ratio. The tuning increments are shown in the table below

**Table 1. Crystal Tuning Increments**

|      |        |        |        |        |        |         |
|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| +8pF | +4.2pF | +2.2pF | +1.2pF | +0.6pF | +0.3pF | +0.17pF |
|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|

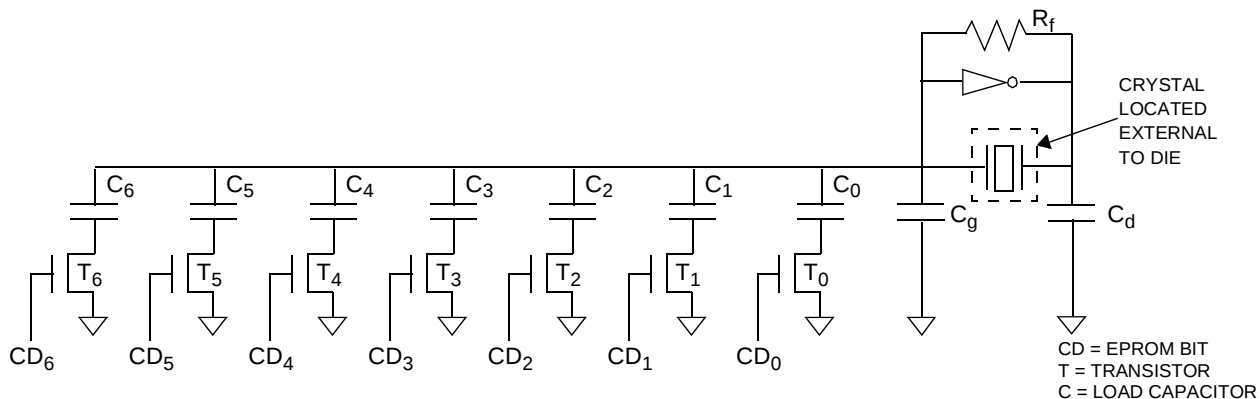
## Die Pad Summary

| Name             | Die Pad | Description                                                                                        |
|------------------|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| V <sub>DD</sub>  | 1       | Digital voltage supply                                                                             |
| AV <sub>DD</sub> | 2       | Analog voltage supply, 3.3V or 5V                                                                  |
| V <sub>SS</sub>  | 8       | Digital Ground                                                                                     |
| AV <sub>SS</sub> | 9       | Analog Ground                                                                                      |
| X <sub>D</sub>   | 3,4     | Crystal connection, drain pad. Bond to crystal drain.                                              |
| X <sub>G</sub>   | 6       | Crystal connection, gate pad. Bond to crystal gate.                                                |
| PWR_DWN / OE     | 7       | EPROM programmable power down or output enable pad. Serves as V <sub>PP</sub> in programming mode. |
| CLKOUT           | 10      | Clock output. Also serves as three-state input during programming.                                 |
| N/C              | 5       | No Connect. Do not connect.                                                                        |

## Device Functionality: Output Frequencies

| Symbol | Description      | Condition                  | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|--------|------------------|----------------------------|------|------|------|
| Fo     | Output frequency | V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5–5.5V | 1    | 200  | MHz  |
|        |                  | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0–3.6V | 1    | 100  | MHz  |
|        |                  | V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7–3.6V | 1    | 66   | MHz  |

## Crystal Oscillator Tuning Circuit



| Symbol         | Description                                   | Min  | Typ  | Max  | Unit |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| R <sub>f</sub> | Feedback resistor, V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5–5.5V | 0.5  | 2    | 3.5  | MΩ   |
|                | Feedback resistor, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0–3.6V | 1.0  | 4    | 9.0  | MΩ   |
| C <sub>g</sub> | Gate capacitor                                | 6.4  | 8    | 9.6  | pF   |
| C <sub>d</sub> | Drain Capacitor                               | 12   | 15   | 18   | pF   |
| C <sub>0</sub> | Series Cap                                    | 0.14 | 0.17 | 0.20 | pF   |
| C <sub>1</sub> | Series Cap                                    | 0.26 | 0.32 | 0.38 | pF   |
| C <sub>2</sub> | Series Cap                                    | 0.49 | 0.61 | 0.73 | pF   |
| C <sub>3</sub> | Series Cap                                    | 0.93 | 1.16 | 1.39 | pF   |
| C <sub>4</sub> | Series Cap                                    | 1.77 | 2.21 | 2.65 | pF   |
| C <sub>5</sub> | Series Cap                                    | 3.36 | 4.2  | 5.04 | pF   |
| C <sub>6</sub> | Series Cap                                    | 6.4  | 8    | 9.6  | pF   |

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.)

Supply Voltage.....–0.5 to +7.0V

Input Voltage.....–0.5V to  $V_{DD}+0.5$

Storage Temperature (Non-Condensing) ... –55°C to +150°C

Junction Temperature ..... –55°C to +150°C

Static Discharge Voltage ..... >2000V  
(per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)

## Operating Conditions

| Parameter               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Min. | Max.                             | Unit                             |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| $AV_{DD}, V_{DD}$       | Analog and Digital Supply Voltage                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 2.7  | 5.5                              | V                                |
| $T_{AJ}$ <sup>[1]</sup> | Operating Temperature, Junction                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | –40  | +100                             | °C                               |
| $C_{TTL}$               | Max. Capacitive Load on outputs for TTL levels<br>$V_{DD} = 4.5\text{--}5.5\text{V}$ , Output frequency = 1–40 MHz<br>$V_{DD} = 4.5\text{--}5.5\text{V}$ , Output frequency = 40–125 MHz<br>$V_{DD} = 4.5\text{--}5.5\text{V}$ , Output frequency = 125–200 MHz                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |      | 50<br>25<br>15                   | pF<br>pF<br>pF                   |
| $C_{CMOS}$              | Max. Capacitive Load on outputs for CMOS levels<br>$V_{DD} = 4.5\text{--}5.5\text{V}$ , Output frequency = 1–66.6 MHz<br>$V_{DD} = 4.5\text{--}5.5\text{V}$ , Output frequency = 66.6–125 MHz<br>$V_{DD} = 4.5\text{--}5.5\text{V}$ , Output frequency = 125–200 MHz<br>$V_{DD} = 3.0\text{--}3.6\text{V}$ , Output frequency = 1–50 MHz<br>$V_{DD} = 3.0\text{--}3.6\text{V}$ , Output frequency = 50–100 MHz<br>$V_{DD} = 2.7\text{--}3.6\text{V}$ , Output frequency = 1–66.6 MHz |      | 50<br>25<br>15<br>30<br>15<br>15 | pF<br>pF<br>pF<br>pF<br>pF<br>pF |
| $X_{REF}$               | Reference Frequency, input crystal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 10   | 30                               | MHz                              |

## Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Range

| Parameter    | Description                            | Test Conditions                                                                                                                                                                                        | Min.                                         | Typ.         | Max.                              | Unit           |
|--------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| $V_{IL}$     | Low-level Input Voltage                | $V_{DD} = 4.5\text{--}5.5\text{V}$<br>$V_{DD} = 3.0\text{--}3.6\text{V}$<br>$V_{DD} = 2.7\text{--}3.6\text{V}$                                                                                         |                                              |              | 0.8<br>$0.2V_{DD}$<br>$0.2V_{DD}$ | V<br>V<br>V    |
| $V_{IH}$     | High-level Input Voltage               | $V_{DD} = 4.5\text{--}5.5\text{V}$<br>$V_{DD} = 3.0\text{--}3.6\text{V}$<br>$V_{DD} = 2.7\text{--}3.6\text{V}$                                                                                         | 2.0<br>$0.5V_{DD}$<br>$0.5V_{DD}$            |              |                                   | V<br>V<br>V    |
| $V_{OL}$     | Low-level Output Voltage               | $V_{DD} = 4.5\text{--}5.5\text{V}$ , $I_{OL} = 16\text{ mA}$<br>$V_{DD} = 3.0\text{--}3.6\text{V}$ , $I_{OL} = 8\text{ mA}$<br>$V_{DD} = 2.7\text{--}3.6\text{V}$ , $I_{OL} = 8\text{ mA}$             |                                              |              | 0.4<br>0.4<br>0.4                 | V<br>V<br>V    |
| $V_{OHCMOS}$ | High-level Output Voltage, CMOS levels | $V_{DD} = 4.5\text{--}5.5\text{V}$ , $I_{OH} = -16\text{ mA}$<br>$V_{DD} = 3.0\text{--}3.6\text{V}$ , $I_{OH} = -8\text{ mA}$<br>$V_{DD} = 2.7\text{--}3.6\text{V}$ , $I_{OH} = -8\text{ mA}$          | $V_{DD}-0.4$<br>$V_{DD}-0.4$<br>$V_{DD}-0.4$ |              |                                   | V<br>V<br>V    |
| $V_{OHTTL}$  | High-level Output Voltage, TTL levels  | $V_{DD} = 4.5\text{--}5.5\text{V}$ , $I_{OH} = -16\text{ mA}$                                                                                                                                          | 2.4                                          |              |                                   | V              |
| $I_{IL}$     | Input Low Current                      | $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                              |              | 10                                | μA             |
| $I_{IH}$     | Input High Current                     | $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                              |              | 5                                 | μA             |
| $I_{DD}$     | Power Supply Current, Unloaded         | $V_{DD} = 4.5\text{--}5.5\text{V}$ , Output frequency ≤ 200 MHz<br>$V_{DD} = 3.0\text{--}3.6\text{V}$ , Output frequency ≤ 100 MHz<br>$V_{DD} = 2.7\text{--}3.6\text{V}$ , Output frequency ≤ 66.6 MHz |                                              |              | 45<br>25<br>20                    | mA<br>mA<br>mA |
| $I_{DDs}$    | Stand-by current                       | $V_{DD} = 4.5\text{--}5.5\text{V}$<br>$V_{DD} = 3.0\text{--}3.6\text{V}$<br>$V_{DD} = 2.7\text{--}3.6\text{V}$                                                                                         |                                              | 10<br>2<br>2 | 50<br>20<br>20                    | μA<br>μA<br>μA |
| $R_{up}$     | Input pull-Up resistor                 | $V_{DD} = 4.5\text{--}5.5\text{V}$ , $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$<br>$V_{DD} = 4.5\text{--}5.5\text{V}$ , $V_{IN} = 0.7V_{DD}$                                                                                 | 1.1<br>15                                    | 3.0<br>30    | 8.0<br>100                        | MΩ<br>kΩ       |

### Note:

1. This product is sold in die form so operating conditions are specified for the die, or junction temperature

**Output Clock Switching Characteristics** Over the Operating Range

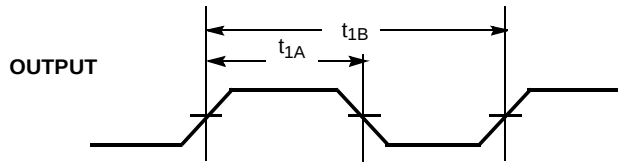
| Symbol   | Description                                                                         | Test Conditions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Min                  | Typ                               | Max                                           | Unit                                   |
|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| $t_{1w}$ | Output Duty Cycle at 1.4V, $V_{DD} = 4.5-5.5V$<br>$t_{1w} = t_{1A} + t_{1B}$        | 1-27 MHz, $C_L \leq 50$ pF<br>27-80 MHz, $C_L \leq 15$ pF<br>27-125 MHz, $C_L \leq 25$ pF<br>125-200 MHz, $C_L \leq 15$ pF                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 45<br>45<br>40<br>40 |                                   | 55<br>55<br>60<br>60                          | %<br>%<br>%<br>%                       |
| $t_{1x}$ | Output Duty Cycle at $V_{DD}/2$ , $V_{DD} = 4.5-5.5V$<br>$t_{1x} = t_{1A} + t_{1B}$ | 1-66.6 MHz, $C_L \leq 50$ pF<br>66.6-125 MHz, $C_L \leq 25$ pF<br>125-200 MHz, $C_L \leq 15$ pF                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 45<br>40<br>40       |                                   | 55<br>60<br>60                                | %<br>%<br>%                            |
| $t_{1y}$ | Output Duty Cycle at $V_{DD}/2$ , $V_{DD} = 3.0-3.6V$<br>$t_{1y} = t_{1A} + t_{1B}$ | 1-50 MHz, $C_L \leq 30$ pF<br>50-100 MHz, $C_L \leq 15$ pF                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 45<br>40             |                                   | 55<br>60                                      | %<br>%                                 |
| $t_{1z}$ | Output Duty Cycle at $V_{DD}/2$ , $V_{DD} = 2.7-3.6V$<br>$t_{1z} = t_{1A} + t_{1B}$ | 1-40 MHz, $C_L \leq 15$ pF<br>40-66.6 MHz, $C_L \leq 15$ pF                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 45<br>40             |                                   | 55<br>60                                      | %<br>%                                 |
| $t_2$    | Output Clock Rise time                                                              | Between 0.8 -2.0V, $V_{DD} = 4.5V-5.5V$ , $C_L = 50$ pF<br>Between 0.8 -2.0V, $V_{DD} = 4.5V-5.5V$ , $C_L = 25$ pF<br>Between 0.8 -2.0V, $V_{DD} = 4.5V-5.5V$ , $C_L = 15$ pF<br>Between 0.2 $V_{DD}$ -0.8 $V_{DD}$ , $V_{DD} = 4.5V-5.5V$ , $C_L = 50$ pF<br>Between 0.2 $V_{DD}$ -0.8 $V_{DD}$ , $V_{DD} = 3.0V-3.6V$ , $C_L = 30$ pF<br>Between 0.2 $V_{DD}$ -0.8 $V_{DD}$ , $V_{DD} = 3.0V-3.6V$ , $C_L = 15$ pF<br>Between 0.2 $V_{DD}$ -0.8 $V_{DD}$ , $V_{DD} = 2.7V-3.6V$ , $C_L = 15$ pF |                      |                                   | 1.8<br>1.2<br>0.9<br>3.4<br>4.0<br>2.4<br>4.0 | ns<br>ns<br>ns<br>ns<br>ns<br>ns<br>ns |
| $t_3$    | Output Clock Fall time                                                              | Between 0.8V-2.0V, $V_{DD} = 4.5V-5.5V$ , $C_L = 50$ pF<br>Between 0.8 -2.0V, $V_{DD} = 4.5V-5.5V$ , $C_L = 25$ pF<br>Between 0.8 -2.0V, $V_{DD} = 4.5V-5.5V$ , $C_L = 15$ pF<br>Between 0.2 $V_{DD}$ -0.8 $V_{DD}$ , $V_{DD} = 4.5V-5.5V$ , $C_L = 50$ pF<br>Between 0.2 $V_{DD}$ -0.8 $V_{DD}$ , $V_{DD} = 3.0V-3.6V$ , $C_L = 30$ pF<br>Between 0.2 $V_{DD}$ -0.8 $V_{DD}$ , $V_{DD} = 3.0V-3.6V$ , $C_L = 15$ pF<br>Between 0.2 $V_{DD}$ -0.8 $V_{DD}$ , $V_{DD} = 2.7V-3.6V$ , $C_L = 15$ pF |                      |                                   | 1.8<br>1.2<br>0.9<br>3.4<br>4.0<br>2.4<br>4.0 | ns<br>ns<br>ns<br>ns<br>ns<br>ns<br>ns |
| $t_4$    | Start-up time out of power-down                                                     | PWR_DWN or OE pin LOW to HIGH <sup>[2]</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                      | 1                                 | 2                                             | ms                                     |
| $t_{5a}$ | Power Down delay time (synchronous setting)                                         | PWR_DWN pin HIGH to output LOW (T=frequency oscillator period)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                      | T/2                               | T+10                                          | ns                                     |
| $t_{5b}$ | Power Down delay time (asynchronous setting)                                        | PWR_DWN pin HIGH to output LOW                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                      | 10                                | 15                                            | ns                                     |
| $t_6$    | Power Up time                                                                       | From power on <sup>[2]</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                      | 1                                 | 2                                             | ms                                     |
| $t_{7a}$ | Output disable time (synchronous setting)                                           | OE pin HIGH to output Hi-Z (T=frequency oscillator period)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                      | T/2                               | T+10                                          | ns                                     |
| $t_{7b}$ | Output disable time (asynchronous setting)                                          | OE pin HIGH to output Hi-Z                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                      | 10                                | 15                                            | ns                                     |
| $t_8$    | Output enable time                                                                  | PWR_DWN or OE pin LOW to HIGH                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                      |                                   | 100                                           | ns                                     |
| $t_9$    | Peak-to-Peak Period Jitter                                                          | $V_{DD} = 4.5V-5.5V$ , $F_o > 33$ MHz, VCO > 100 MHz<br>$V_{DD} = 3.0V-3.6V$ , $F_o > 33$ MHz, VCO > 100 MHz<br>$V_{DD} = 3.0V-5.5V$ , $F_o < 33$ MHz                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                      | $\pm 50$<br>$\pm 75$<br>$\pm 100$ | $\pm 100$<br>$\pm 125$<br>$\pm 250$           | ps<br>ps<br>ps                         |

**Note:**

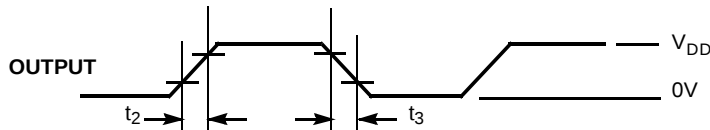
2. Oscillator start time cannot be guaranteed for all crystal types. This specification is for operation with AT cut crystals with ESR < 70 ohms.

## Switching Waveforms

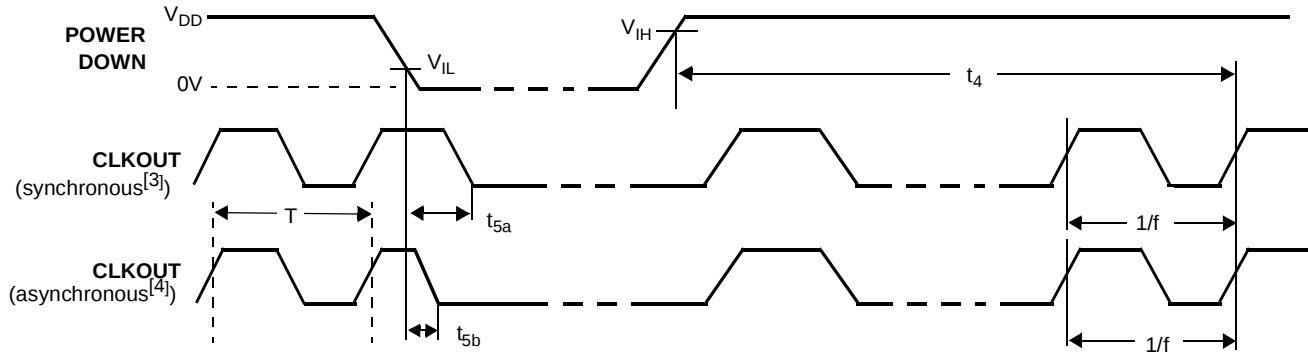
### Duty Cycle Timing ( $t_{1w}$ , $t_{1x}$ , $t_{1y}$ , $t_{1z}$ )



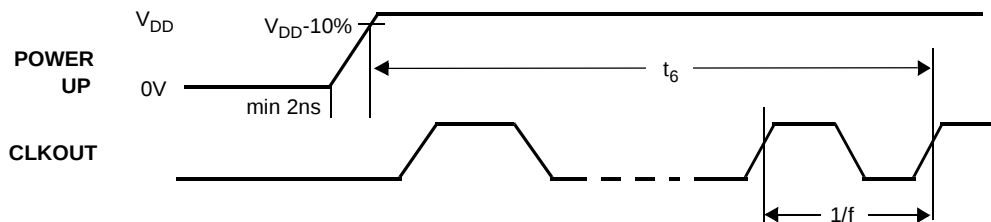
### Output Rise/Fall Time



### Power Down Timing (synchronous and asynchronous modes)

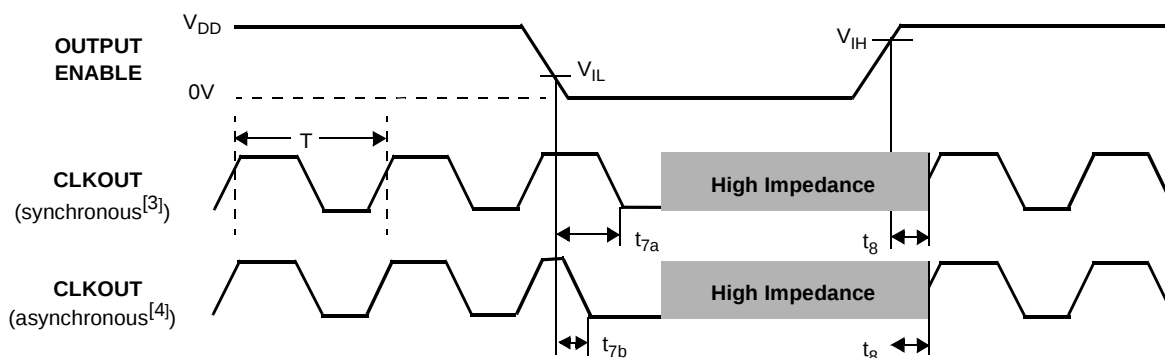


### Power Up Timing



#### Notes:

3. In synchronous mode the powerdown or output 3-state is not initiated until the next falling edge of the output clock.
4. In asynchronous mode the powerdown or output 3-state occurs within 25ns irrespective of position in the output clock cycle.

**Switching Waveforms (continued)**
**Output Enable Timing (synchronous and asynchronous modes)**

**Ordering Information**

| Ordering Code | Type  | Operating Range |
|---------------|-------|-----------------|
| CY2037WAF     | Wafer | Industrial      |

**Die Size Dimensions**

|                 |                   |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| x by y          | 1497x1105 microns |
| Wafer Thickness | 14 ±0.5 mils      |

Document #: 38-00679

Компания «Океан Электроники» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Поставка оригинальных импортных электронных компонентов напрямую с производств Америки, Европы и Азии, а так же с крупнейших складов мира;
- Широкая линейка поставок активных и пассивных импортных электронных компонентов (более 30 млн. наименований);
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Помощь Конструкторского Отдела и консультации квалифицированных инженеров;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Поставка электронных компонентов под контролем ВП;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- При необходимости вся продукция военного и аэрокосмического назначения проходит испытания и сертификацию в лаборатории (по согласованию с заказчиком);
- Поставка специализированных компонентов военного и аэрокосмического уровня качества (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Actel, Aeroflex, Peregrine, VPT, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instruments, MS Kennedy, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Компания «Океан Электроники» является официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России одного из крупнейших производителей разъемов военного и аэрокосмического назначения «JONHON», а так же официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России производителя высокотехнологичных и надежных решений для передачи СВЧ сигналов «FORSTAR».



## JONHON

«JONHON» (основан в 1970 г.)

Разъемы специального, военного и аэрокосмического назначения:

(Применяются в военной, авиационной, аэрокосмической, морской, железнодорожной, горно- и нефтедобывающей отраслях промышленности)

«FORSTAR» (основан в 1998 г.)

ВЧ соединители, коаксиальные кабели,  
кабельные сборки и микроволновые компоненты:

(Применяются в телекоммуникациях гражданского и специального назначения, в средствах связи, РЛС, а так же военной, авиационной и аэрокосмической отраслях промышленности).



Телефон: 8 (812) 309-75-97 (многоканальный)

Факс: 8 (812) 320-03-32

Электронная почта: [ocean@oceanchips.ru](mailto:ocean@oceanchips.ru)

Web: <http://oceanchips.ru/>

Адрес: 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, д. 2, корп. 4, лит. А