

PTC04-DB-HALL06

Daughter Board for Melexis PTC devices



Figure 1: PTC04-DB-HALL06

Features and Benefits

PTC04 interface board for testing devices:

- MLX90371
- MLX90372
- MLX90373
- MLX90374
- MLX90378
- MLX90380
- MLX91372

Ordering Information

Part No.

PTC04-DB-Hall-06 V4.0

Description

Daughter Board (PCB + rear panel PTC04)

Accessories

Part No.

DLL's for all supported products
User Interfaces for supported products

Applications

Experimental tool for Lab and Prototyping
Production Equipment for Serial Programming

Functional Diagram



Figure 2: Functional diagram

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1. Board description

1.1. Board Layout



Figure 3: Top layer



Figure 4: Bottom layer

1. DB-25 Connector (CON20): Connector to the application.
2. Screw terminal (CON7-16): Alternative connection to the application.
3. JP2, JP3, JP4, and JP5: Select 5K6 or 10 K for pull-up load to VDD or Vbat, resp. for OUT1A, OUT2A, OUT1B and OUT2B.
4. CON3 and CON21 Jumpers to select a 100 Ohm resistor or the digital potentiometer for MUPeT protocol.
5. CON18 and CON19 Jumpers to short the sensing lines at the device connector.
6. Analog (CON2) connector.
7. Digital (CON1) connector.
8. U1 This EEPROM memory keeps a few initial variables in mind. It allows for example to detect what DB is connected to the programmer and if the DB is not expired.

See below for a detailed description on the connectors and the jumper configurations.

1.2. Board Schematic



Figure 5: Main schematic



Figure 6: Pull-Up Block



Figure 7: Measure Block



Figure 8: MUPET Block



Figure 9: SPI Block



Figure 10: Device Connector Block



Figure 11: PS15 Block



Figure 12: Relays Block

1.3. Daughter board Connectors

The main board has two connectors to the interface with the application. The PTC allows adding a full PCB in between. This daughter board can be mounted on the two connectors. In some exceptional cases, a daughter board contains only a few wires from the Analog connector to the application connector. The pins on of the connectors are described below.



Figure 13: Daughter Board Connectors

1.3.1. Digital DB Connector (40 Pins)

Mainly, the digital connector is meant to expand the programmer to extra needs. Address lines A0-A7 together with the Map Select Lines F8-FF allows to direct access an area of 2 K. Examples would be adding a simple addressed I/O register by using the selection lines. If more complexity is needed, a full FPGA can be mounted on the DB board

| Pins | Names | Description |
|--------|--------------|--|
| 1 – 8 | A0 – A7 | Address lines |
| 9 – 16 | D0 – D7 | Data Lines active during Rd or Wr signals |
| 17 | Rd | Read: A negative pulse will indicate a sampling of the data on the Data Bus |
| 18 | Wr | Write: A Negative pulse will indicate when data is available on the Data Bus |
| 20 | Reset | This signal goes low by powering the PTC or by pressing the reset button. This line can be pulled low by application. Check firmware documentation for resetting by software. |
| 21-22 | SCL / SDA | I2c Bus |
| 23-30 | F8,F9,...,FF | CS lines when the address areas are accessed |
| 31-38 | Port E | Note: These pins are limited to 5 Volt input\output!!!! The full Port E of the Atmega core is mounted to these pins. This allows us to use advanced features like PWM, UARTS, Time Measurements, etc.... By using firmware that supports these, functions, application specific requirements can be fulfilled. |
| 39 | DGND | Digital Ground |
| 40 | +5V Digital | 5 Volt Digital Supply. Maximum current to get out of this supply: 250mA |

Note: All the pins are limited to 5 Volt input\output!!!! However, there are Protections, please take precautions in order to avoid damage of the main board.

1.3.2. Analog DB Connector (48 Pins)

Mainly, the analog connector provides all the analog signals and measure possibilities.

| Pins | Names | Description |
|-------------|---------------|---|
| 28,32,36 | PPS 1-3 | Output of the Programmable Supplies |
| 40 | PPS 4 | Output of the Fast DAC Programmable Power Supply |
| 27,31,35,39 | Isense_PP1-4 | Outputs (Driver outputs before Rsens) for current evaluations. These outputs could be used to connect to the analog comparators in order to create fast digital signals based on current. |
| 2,4,6,8 | ExtMeas1-4Pos | There are 4 differential inputs for making measurements |
| 10,12,14,16 | ExtMeas1_4Neg | The negative inputs of ExtMeas1-4Pos |
| 17,19,21,23 | Shtd_PPS1-4 | Outputs that shows the status of the Drivers. Signals are meant to connect LED's to put the front panel |
| 43,44,47,48 | AnaComp0-3 | Input (limited to 5V) See *Note. Fast Level comparators in order to remove time consuming measurement |
| 18 | +35V_Supply | Supply to extend the daughter board with some extra drivers |
| 24 | +2.5V Ref | Output of internal reference |
| All other | AGND | Analog Ground |

Note: All the pins are limited to 35 Volt input\output!!!! However, there are Protections, please take precautions in order to avoid damage of the main board.

** Note: Some pins are protected and limited to 5 Volt!!!! However, there are Protections, please take precautions in order to avoid damage of the main board.*

1.4. Application Connector

The figure and table below shows the connections as provided by the daughterboard PTC04-DB-HALL06. The view of the connector is front view for the female connector of the PTC04-DB-HALL06 which corresponds to the solder side of the male connector. The right side of the connector is used for device / die A, the left side of the connector is used for device / die B.



Additional, there are screw terminals on the Daughterboard that allows you to connect direct to wire.

| PTC04 | | | | 90371 90372 91372 | |
|----------|---------|------|--|-------------------|-------|
| D-SUB 25 | | | | SO | TSSOP |
| Pin | Names | SPI | Description | Pin | Pin |
| 1 | VDDA | VDD | Supply Device A (Minimum required single die connection) | 1 | 3 |
| 2 | OUT1A | MOSI | Output 1 Device A (Minimum required single die connection) | 5 | 15 |
| 3 | OUT2A | MISO | Output 2 Device A | | |
| 4 | VSSA | VSS | Analog Ground Device A (Minimum required single die connection) | 8 | 2 |
| 5 | VDDDB | | Supply Device B (Minimum required dual die connection ¹) | | 11 |
| 6 | OUT1B | SS1 | Output 1 Device B (Minimum required dual die connection) | | 6 |
| 7 | OUT2B | SS2 | Output 2 Device B | | |
| 8 | VSSB | | Analog Ground Device B (Minimum required dual die connection) | | 10 |
| 9 | | CLK | SPI CLOCK | | |
| 10 | V_BAT | | Programmable power supply (Max 30mA load) | | |
| 11 | M2S | | Digital IO | | |
| 12 | SCL | | I2C communication | | |
| 13 | +5Vdig | | Digital supply used for I2C devices | | |
| 14 | VDDA_S | | Sensing Supply Device A | 1 | 3 |
| 15 | OUT1A_S | | Sensing Output 1 Device A | 5 | 15 |
| 16 | OUT2A_S | | Sensing Output 2 Device A | | |
| 17 | VSSA_S | | Sensing Analog Ground Device A | 8 | 2 |
| 18 | VDDDB_S | | Sensing Supply Device B | | 11 |
| 19 | OUT1B_S | | Sensing Output 1 Device B | | 6 |
| 20 | OUT2B_S | | Sensing Output 2 Device B | | |
| 21 | VSSB_S | | Sensing Analog Ground Device B | | 10 |
| 22 | DB_TEST | | Free measuring line | | |
| 23 | S2M | | Digital IO | | |
| 24 | SDA | | I2C communication | | |
| 25 | DGND | | Digital ground for I2C communication | | |
| MH | AGND | | Metal Housing (shielding of the connector) | | |

¹ In case of a dual die connection with a common supply in the application (common VDD), only the VDDA pin of the daughter board device connector needs to be connected.

| PTC04 | | | | 90371 | 90372 |
|----------|---------|------|--|-------|-------|
| | | | | 90372 | |
| D-SUB 25 | | | | DMP#1 | DMP#2 |
| Pin | Names | SPI | Description | Pin | PIN |
| 1 | VDDA | VDD | Supply Device A (Minimum required single die connection) | 2 | 3 |
| 2 | OUT1A | MOSI | Output 1 Device A (Minimum required single die connection) | 3 | 1 |
| 3 | OUT2A | MISO | Output 2 Device A | | |
| 4 | VSSA | VSS | Analog Ground Device A (Minimum required single die connection) | 4 | 2 |
| 5 | VDDDB | | Supply Device B (Minimum required dual die connection ²) | | |
| 6 | OUT1B | SS1 | Output 1 Device B (Minimum required dual die connection) | | |
| 7 | OUT2B | SS2 | Output 2 Device B | | |
| 8 | VSSB | | Analog Ground Device B (Minimum required dual die connection) | | |
| 9 | | CLK | SPI CLOCK | | |
| 10 | V_BAT | | Programmable power supply (Max 30mA load) | | |
| 11 | M2S | | Digital IO | | |
| 12 | SCL | | I2C communication | | |
| 13 | +5Vdig | | Digital supply used for I2C devices | | |
| 14 | VDDA_S | | Sensing Supply Device A | 2 | 3 |
| 15 | OUT1A_S | | Sensing Output 1 Device A | 3 | 1 |
| 16 | OUT2A_S | | Sensing Output 2 Device A | | |
| 17 | VSSA_S | | Sensing Analog Ground Device A | 4 | 2 |
| 18 | VDDDB_S | | Sensing Supply Device B | | |
| 19 | OUT1B_S | | Sensing Output 1 Device B | | |
| 20 | OUT2B_S | | Sensing Output 2 Device B | | |
| 21 | VSSB_S | | Sensing Analog Ground Device B | | |
| 22 | DB_TEST | | Free measuring line | | |
| 23 | S2M | | Digital IO | | |
| 24 | SDA | | I2C communication | | |
| 25 | DGND | | Digital ground for I2C communication | | |
| MH | AGND | | Metal Housing (shielding of the connector) | | |

² In case of a dual die connection with a common supply in the application (common VDD), only the VDDA pin of the daughter board device connector needs to be connected.

| PTC04 | | | | 90373 | |
|----------|---------|------|--|-------|-------|
| D-SUB 25 | | | | DMP | TSSOP |
| Pin | Names | SPI | Description | Pin | Pin |
| 1 | VDDA | VDD | Supply Device A (Minimum required single die connection) | 2 | 3 |
| 2 | OUT1A | MOSI | Output 1 Device A (Minimum required single die connection) | | |
| 3 | OUT2A | MISO | Output 2 Device A | | |
| 4 | VSSA | VSS | Analog Ground Device A (Minimum required single die connection) | 4 | 2 |
| 5 | VDDDB | | Supply Device B (Minimum required dual die connection ³) | | 11 |
| 6 | OUT1B | SS1 | Output 1 Device B (Minimum required dual die connection) | | |
| 7 | OUT2B | SS2 | Output 2 Device B | | |
| 8 | VSSB | | Analog Ground Device B (Minimum required dual die connection) | | 10 |
| 9 | | CLK | SPI CLOCK | | |
| 10 | V_BAT | | Programmable power supply (Max 30mA load) | | |
| 11 | M2S | | Digital IO | | |
| 12 | SCL | | I2C communication | | |
| 13 | +5Vdig | | Digital supply used for I2C devices | | |
| 14 | VDDA_S | | Sensing Supply Device A | 2 | 3 |
| 15 | OUT1A_S | | Sensing Output 1 Device A | | |
| 16 | OUT2A_S | | Sensing Output 2 Device A | | |
| 17 | VSSA_S | | Sensing Analog Ground Device A | 4 | 2 |
| 18 | VDDDB_S | | Sensing Supply Device B | | 11 |
| 19 | OUT1B_S | | Sensing Output 1 Device B | | |
| 20 | OUT2B_S | | Sensing Output 2 Device B | | |
| 21 | VSSB_S | | Sensing Analog Ground Device B | | 10 |
| 22 | DB_TEST | | Free measuring line | | |
| 23 | S2M | | Digital IO | | |
| 24 | SDA | | I2C communication | | |
| 25 | DGND | | Digital ground for I2C communication | | |
| MH | AGND | | Metal Housing (shielding of the connector) | | |

³ In case of a dual die connection with a common supply in the application (common VDD), only the VDDA pin of the daughter board device connector needs to be connected.

| PTC04 | | | | 90374 | | |
|----------|---------|------|--|-------|-----|-------|
| D-SUB 25 | | | | DMP | SO | TSSOP |
| Pin | Names | SPI | Description | Pin | Pin | Pin |
| 1 | VDDA | VDD | Supply Device A (Minimum required single die connection) | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| 2 | OUT1A | MOSI | Output 1 Device A (Minimum required single die connection) | 1 | 5 | 15 |
| 3 | OUT2A | MISO | Output 2 Device A | 4 | 3 | 13 |
| 4 | VSSA | VSS | Analog Ground Device A (Minimum required single die connection) | 2 | 8 | 2 |
| 5 | VDDDB | | Supply Device B (Minimum required dual die connection ⁴) | | | 11 |
| 6 | OUT1B | SS1 | Output 1 Device B (Minimum required dual die connection) | | | 7 |
| 7 | OUT2B | SS2 | Output 2 Device B | | | 5 |
| 8 | VSSB | | Analog Ground Device B (Minimum required dual die connection) | | | 10 |
| 9 | | CLK | SPI CLOCK | | | |
| 10 | V_BAT | | Programmable power supply (Max 30mA load) | | | |
| 11 | M2S | | Digital IO | | | |
| 12 | SCL | | I2C communication | | | |
| 13 | +5Vdig | | Digital supply used for I2C devices | | | |
| 14 | VDDA_S | | Sensing Supply Device A | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| 15 | OUT1A_S | | Sensing Output 1 Device A | 1 | 5 | 15 |
| 16 | OUT2A_S | | Sensing Output 2 Device A | 4 | 3 | 13 |
| 17 | VSSA_S | | Sensing Analog Ground Device A | 2 | 8 | 2 |
| 18 | VDDDB_S | | Sensing Supply Device B | | | 11 |
| 19 | OUT1B_S | | Sensing Output 1 Device B | | | 7 |
| 20 | OUT2B_S | | Sensing Output 2 Device B | | | 5 |
| 21 | VSSB_S | | Sensing Analog Ground Device B | | | 10 |
| 22 | DB_TEST | | Free measuring line | | | |
| 23 | S2M | | Digital IO | | | |
| 24 | SDA | | I2C communication | | | |
| 25 | DGND | | Digital ground for I2C communication | | | |
| MH | AGND | | Metal Housing (shielding of the connector) | | | |

⁴ In case of a dual die connection with a common supply in the application (common VDD), only the VDDA pin of the daughter board device connector needs to be connected.

| PTC04 | | | | 90380 | | |
|----------|---------|------|--|-------|-----|-------|
| D-SUB 25 | | | | DMP | SO | TSSOP |
| Pin | Names | SPI | Description | Pin | Pin | Pin |
| 1 | VDDA | VDD | Supply Device A (Minimum required single die connection) | 2 | 6/7 | 14/15 |
| 2 | OUT1A | MOSI | Output 1 Device A (Minimum required single die connection) | 3 | 8 | 16 |
| 3 | OUT2A | MISO | Output 2 Device A | 1 | 5 | 13 |
| 4 | VSSA | VSS | Analog Ground Device A (Minimum required single die connection) | 4 | 1 | 1 |
| 5 | VDDDB | | Supply Device B (Minimum required dual die connection ⁵) | | | 6/7 |
| 6 | OUT1B | SS1 | Output 1 Device B (Minimum required dual die connection) | | | 8 |
| 7 | OUT2B | SS2 | Output 2 Device B | | | 5 |
| 8 | VSSB | | Analog Ground Device B (Minimum required dual die connection) | | | 9 |
| 9 | | CLK | SPI CLOCK | | | |
| 10 | V_BAT | | Programmable power supply (Max 30mA load) | | | |
| 11 | M2S | | Digital IO | | | |
| 12 | SCL | | I2C communication | | | |
| 13 | +5Vdig | | Digital supply used for I2C devices | | | |
| 14 | VDDA_S | | Sensing Supply Device A | 2 | 6/7 | 14/15 |
| 15 | OUT1A_S | | Sensing Output 1 Device A | 3 | 8 | 16 |
| 16 | OUT2A_S | | Sensing Output 2 Device A | 1 | 5 | 13 |
| 17 | VSSA_S | | Sensing Analog Ground Device A | 4 | 1 | 1 |
| 18 | VDDDB_S | | Sensing Supply Device B | | | 6/7 |
| 19 | OUT1B_S | | Sensing Output 1 Device B | | | 8 |
| 20 | OUT2B_S | | Sensing Output 2 Device B | | | 5 |
| 21 | VSSB_S | | Sensing Analog Ground Device B | | | 9 |
| 22 | DB_TEST | | Free measuring line | | | |
| 23 | S2M | | Digital IO | | | |
| 24 | SDA | | I2C communication | | | |
| 25 | DGND | | Digital ground for I2C communication | | | |
| MH | AGND | | Metal Housing (shielding of the connector) | | | |

⁵ In case of a dual die connection with a common supply in the application (common VDD), only the VDDA pin of the daughter board device connector needs to be connected.

1.5. Jumper Selection

1.5.1. CON18 and CON19 – short measuring lines

The D-SUP DB-25 connector of the daughter board is equipped with a sensing line for each analog device pin.

The top row is the force line of the device pins. The bottom row is the sensing line of the device pins.

Between each force and sense line there is a jumper to short the sense line at the DB-25 connector on the daughter board.

The jumper is placed when the external sensing is not required. For example: an application with a digital or PWM output.



Figure 15: DB-25 device connector.



Figure 14: Jumper between force and sense line.

CON18 and CON19 are used to short the force and sense line of the analog device pins.

In other words, they are used to select single wire or double wire connection to the pin of the module / sensor.

- CON18 → Device / Die A
- CON19 → Device / Die B

Single wire connection



When the jumper is closed, only one wire is required **per pin** between the PTC-04 and the module or sensor.

In the table above these pins are marked as “Minimum required single/dual die connection”.

In this configuration the measurement of VDD, OUT1 or OUT2 is done at the D-SUB DB-25 connector of the PTC04-DB-HALL06.

Double wire connection



When the jumper is open, two wires are required **per pin** between the PTC-04 and the module or sensor.

With two wires connected at the module side, the measurement of VDD, OUT1 or OUT2 is done on the module or sensor connector.

The external sensing line per pin is only required for applications with an analog sensor output and where a higher measuring accuracy is required.

1.5.2. J2, J3, J4 and J5 – select pull-up

These jumpers are used to select the pull-up resistor for the outputs of die A and B:

- JP2: Pull-up selection for OUT1 die A
- JP3: Pull-up selection for OUT2 die A
- JP4: Pull-up selection for OUT1 die B
- JP5: Pull-up selection for OUT2 die B



Place the jumper between:

- Pin 1 and 2 → select 5K6 Pull-up
- Pin 3 and 2 → select 10K Pull-up

The selection between VDD and Vbat is done by a relay on software level. When Vbat is set to 0V one can select a pull-down

1.5.3. CON3 and CON21 – configure MUPeT circuit

The MUPeT circuit on the daughter board is used to convert the clock and data of the UART to a single wire protocol called MUPeT.

CON3 and CON21 are used to configure the resistors of the MUPeT circuit in function of the output resistance on the sensor/module.



- Pin 1 and 2 → select 100Ω
- Pin 3 and 4 → select digital potentiometer

2. Contact

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