NHD-0216KZW-AG5

Character OLED Display Module

NHD-	Newhaven Display
0216-	2 lines x 16 characters
KZW-	OLED
A-	Model
G-	Emitting Color: Green
5-	+5V power supply

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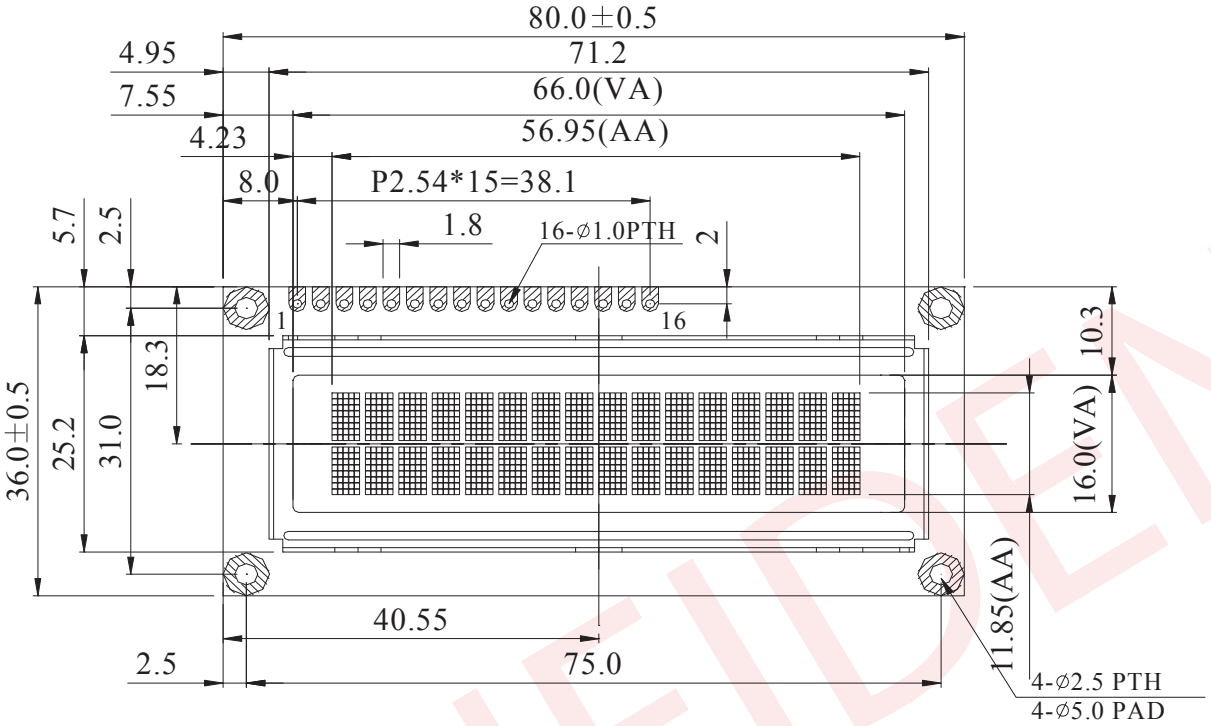
Document Revision History

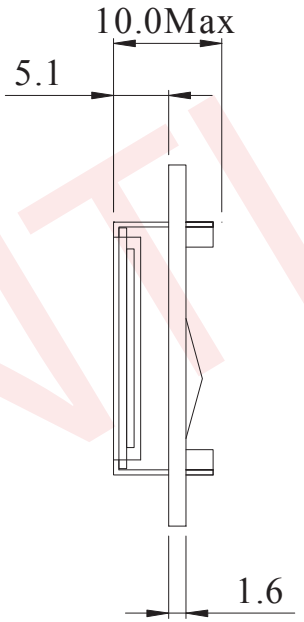
Revision	Date	Description	Changed by
0	4/1/2011	Initial Product Release	-
1	7/11/2011	Serial interface information updated	AK
2	8/31/2011	Font tables updated	AK
3	10/18/2011	Jumper selections updated	AK
4	3/26/2012	Jumper selections updated	AK
5	2/8/2013	Optical characteristics and drawing page updated.	JN

Functions and Features

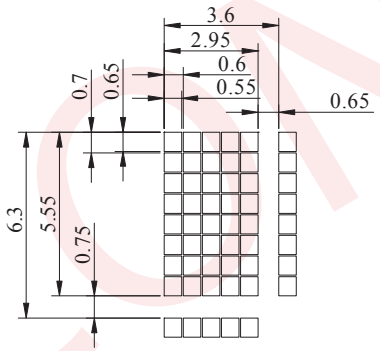
- **2 lines x 16 characters**
- **Built-in LCD comparable controller**
- **Parallel or serial MPU interface (Default 6800 MPU parallel)**
- **+3.0V or +5.0V Power Supply**
- **RoHS compliant**
- **Size compatible to NHD-0216K1Z series Character LCDs**

Mechanical Drawing





PIN NO.	SYMBOL
1	VSS
2	VDD
3	NC
4	RS
5	R/$\overline{W}$
6	E
7	DB0
8	DB1
9	DB2
10	DB3
11	DB4
12	DB5
13	DB6
14	DB7
15	NC
16	NC



DOT SIZES
SCALE 5/1

Rev	Description	Date

	Date	
	02/08/13	NEWHAVEN DISPLAY INTERNATIONAL
Gen. Tolerance ±0.3mm	Unit mm	Model: NHD-0216KZW-AG5

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Pin Description

Parallel Interface (default):

Pin No.	Symbol	External Connection	Function Description
1	VSS	Power Supply	Ground
2	VDD	Power Supply	Supply Voltage for OLED and logic
3	NC	-	No Connect
4	RS	MPU	Register select signal. RS=0: Command, RS=1: Data
5	R/W	MPU	Read/Write select signal, R/W=1: Read R/W: =0: Write
6	E	MPU	Operation enable signal. Falling edge triggered.
7-10	DB0 – DB3	MPU	Four low order bi-directional three-state data bus lines. These four are not used during 4-bit operation.
11-14	DB4 – DB7	MPU	Four high order bi-directional three-state data bus lines.
15	NC	-	No Connect
16	NC	-	No Connect

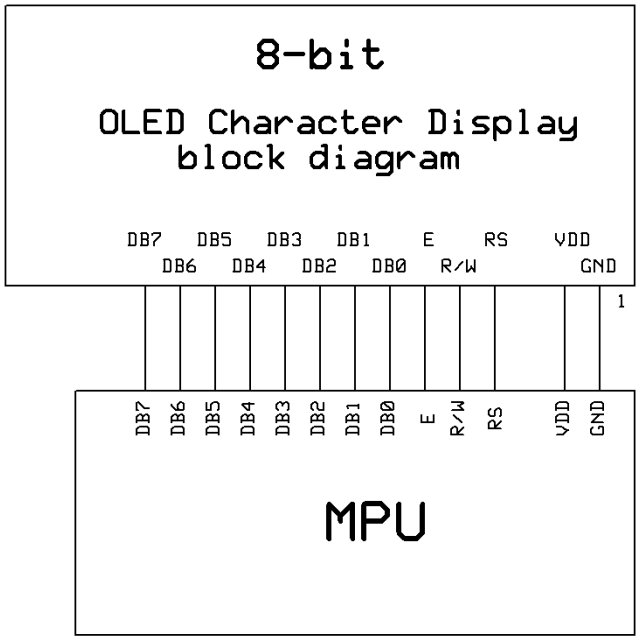
Serial Interface:

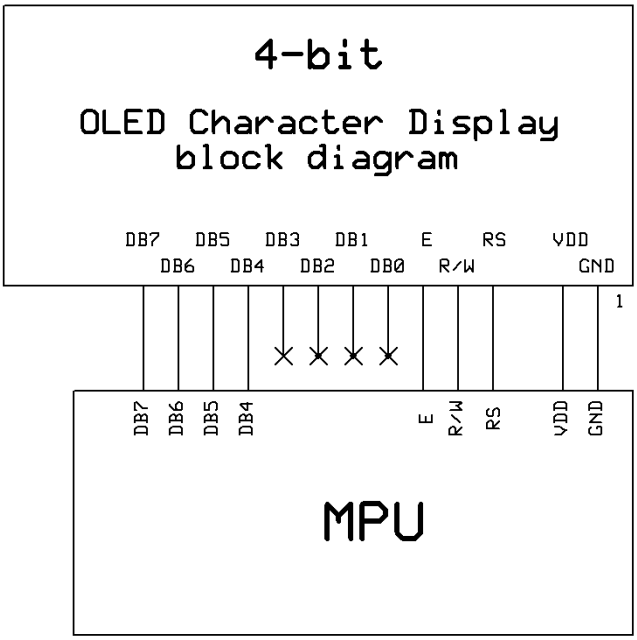
Pin No.	Symbol	External Connection	Function Description
1	VSS	Power Supply	Ground
2	VDD	Power Supply	Supply Voltage for OLED and logic
3-11	NC	-	No Connect
12	SCL	MPU	Serial Clock signal
13	SDO	MPU	Serial Data output signal
14	SDI	MPU	Serial Data input signal
15	NC	-	No Connect
16	/CS	MPU	Active LOW Chip Select signal

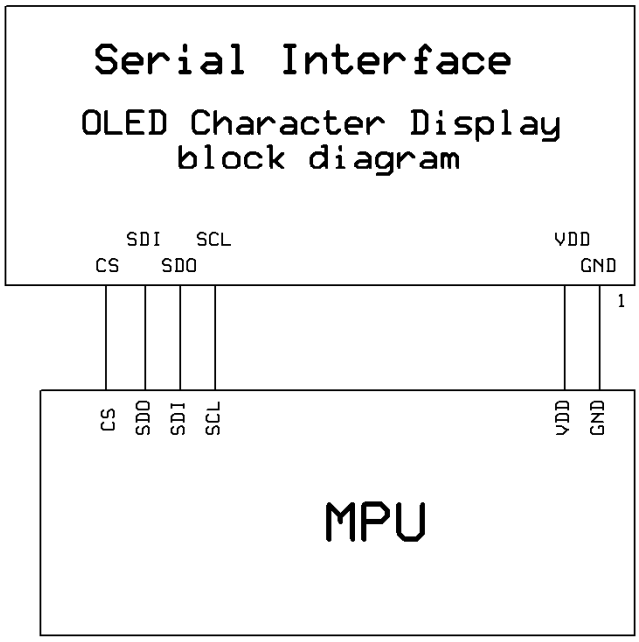
Jumper Selections

MPU Interface	L_PS_H	J80_J68	L_CS_H	JCS	L_SHL_H
6800-MPU Parallel (default)	H	J68	L	X	H
8080-MPU Parallel	H	J80	L	X	H
Serial MPU	L	X	Open	Short	H

Wiring Diagrams







Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Operating Temperature Range	Top	Absolute Max	-40	-	+80	°C
Storage Temperature Range	Tst	Absolute Max	-40	-	+80	°C
Supply Voltage	VDD		3.0	5.0	5.3	V
Supply Current	IDD	Ta=25°C, VDD=5.0V	-	30	-	mA
"H" Level input	Vih		0.9*VDD	-	VDD	V
"L" Level input	Vil		VSS	-	0.1*VDD	V
"H" Level output	Voh		0.8*VDD	-	VDD	V
"L" Level output	Vol		VSS	-	0.2VDD	V

Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Viewing Angle – Top	AV		-	80	-	°
Viewing Angle – Bottom	AV		-	80	-	°
Viewing Angle – Left	AH		-	80	-	°
Viewing Angle – Right	AH		-	80	-	°
Contrast Ratio	Cr		2000:1	-	-	-
Response Time (rise)	Tr	-	-	10	-	us
Response Time (fall)	Tf	-	-	10	-	us
Brightness		50% checkerboard	-	125	-	cd/m^2
Lifetime		Ta=25°C, 50% checkerboard	100,000	-	-	Hrs

Note: Lifetime at typical temperature is based on accelerated high-temperature operation. Lifetime is tested at average 50% pixels on and is rated as Hours until Half-Brightness. The Display OFF command can be used to extend the lifetime of the display.

Luminance of active pixels will degrade faster than inactive pixels. Residual (burn-in) images may occur. To avoid this, every pixel should be illuminated uniformly.

Instruction Table

Instruction	Code										Description	Max Execution Time
	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0		
Clear Display	0	0	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**1**	Clears entire display. **Does not change DDRAM address.**	2ms
Return Home	0	0	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**1**	**0**	Sets DDRAM Address to 0x00. Returns shifted display to original position.	600us
Entry Mode Set	0	0	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**1**	**I/D**	**S**	Sets cursor to auto Increment or Decrement, and sets display shift.	600us
Display ON/OFF control	0	0	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**1**	**D**	**C**	**B**	Sets Display (D) ON/OFF. Sets Cursor (C) ON/OFF. Sets Blinking (B) of cursor ON/OFF.	600us
Cursor/Display Shift	0	0	**0**	**0**	**0**	**1**	**S/C**	**R/L**	**0**	**0**	Moves cursor & shifts display without changing DDRAM contents.	600us
Function Set	0	0	**0**	**0**	**1**	**DL**	**1**	**0**	**FT1**	**FT0**	Set interface data length. Select Font Table.	600us
Set CGRAM address	0	0	**0**	**1**	**ACG5**	**ACG4**	**ACG3**	**ACG2**	**ACG1**	**ACG0**	Move to CGRAM address.	600us
Set DDRAM address	0	0	**1**	**ADD6**	**ADD5**	**ADD4**	**ADD3**	**ADD2**	**ADD1**	**ADD0**	Move to DDRAM address.	600us
Read Busy Flag & Address	0	1	**BF**	**AC6**	**AC5**	**AC4**	**AC3**	**AC2**	**AC1**	**AC0**	Read Busy Flag (BF) and Address Counter.	600us
Write data to CGRAM or DDRAM	1	0	**Write Data**								Write data to CGRAM or DDRAM	600us
Read data from CGRAM or DDRAM	1	1	**Read Data**								Read data from CGRAM or DDRAM	600us

Instruction Descriptions

When an instruction is being executed, only the Busy Flag read instruction can be performed. During execution of an instruction, the Busy Flag = "1". When BF = "0" instructions can be sent to the controller.

Clear Display

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**1**

This instruction is used to clear the display by writing 0x20 in all DDRAM addresses. This instruction does not change the DDRAM Address.

Return Home

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**1**	**0**

This instruction is used to set the DDRAM Address to 0x00 and shifts the display back to the original state. The cursor (if on) will be at the first line's left-most character. The DDRAM contents on the display do not change.

Entry Mode Set

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**1**	**I/D**	**S**

I/D = Increment/Decrement
When I/D = "1", the DDRAM or CGRAM Address with automatically increment when a character code is written into or read from the DDRAM or CGRAM. The auto-increment will move the cursor one character space to the right.
When I/D = "0", the DDRAM or CGRAM Address with automatically decrement when a character code is written into or read from the DDRAM or CGRAM. The auto-decrement will move the cursor one character space to the left.

S = Shift Entire Display
When S = "1", the entire display is shifted to the right (when I/D = "0") or left (when I/D = "1").

I/D=1, S=1

		1	2	3	4	_	Initial display
	1	2	3	4	A	_	Input new character "A"
1	2	3	4	A	B	_	Input new character "B"
2	3	4	A	B	C	_	Input new character "C"
3	4	A	B	C	D	_	Input new character "D"

I/D=0, S=1

1	2	3	4	_			Initial display
	1	2	3	4	A		Input new character "A"
		1	2	3	B	A	Input new character "B"
			1	2	C	B	Input new character "C"
				1	D	C	Input new character "D"

Display ON/OFF

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**1**	**D**	**C**	**B**

D = Display ON/OFF
When D = “1”, the display is turned ON. When D = “0”, the display is turned OFF. Contents in DDRAM are not changed.

C = Cursor ON/OFF
When C = “1”, the cursor is displayed. The cursor is displayed as 5 dots on the 8th line of a character. When C = “0”, the cursor is OFF.

B = Blinking Cursor
When B = “1”, the entire character specified by the cursor blinks at a speed of 409.6ms intervals. When B = “0”, the character does not blink, the cursor remains on.

Cursor/Display Shift

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	**0**	**0**	**0**	**1**	**S/C**	**R/L**	**0**	**0**

S/C	R/L	Shift Function
0	**0**	**Shifts the cursor position to the left (AC is decremented by 1).**
0	**1**	**Shifts the cursor position to the right (AC is incremented by 1).**
1	**0**	**Shifts the entire display to the left. The cursor follows the display shift.**
1	**1**	**Shifts the entire display to the right. The cursor follows the display shift.**

When the display is shifted repeatedly, each line moves only horizontally. The second line display does not shift into the first line.
The Address Counter does not change during a Display Shift.

Function Set

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	**0**	**0**	**1**	**DL**	**1**	**0**	**FT1**	**FT0**

DL = Interface Data Length
When DL = “1”, the data is sent or received in 8-bit length via DB7..DB0.
When DL = “0”, the data is sent or received in 4-bit length via DB7..DB4. When the 4-bit data length is used, the data must be sent or received in two consecutive writes/reads to combine the data into full 8-bits.

FT1, FT0 = Font Table Selection

FT1	FT0	Font Table
0	**0**	**English / Japanese**
0	**1**	**Western European #1**
1	**0**	**English / Russian**
1	**1**	**Western European #2**

Note: Changing the font table during operation will immediately change any data currently on the display to the corresponding character on the newly selected font table.

Set CGRAM Address

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	**0**	**1**	**ACG5**	**ACG4**	**ACG3**	**ACG2**	**ACG1**	**ACG0**

This instruction is used to set the CGRAM address into the Address Counter. Data can then be written to or read from the CGRAM locations. See section: “How to use CGRAM”.
ACG5..ACG0 is the binary CGRAM address.

Set DDRAM Address

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	**1**	**ADD6**	**ADD5**	**ADD4**	**ADD3**	**ADD2**	**ADD1**	**ADD0**

This instruction is used to set the DDRAM address into the Address Counter. Data can then be written to or read from the DDRAM locations.
ADD6..ADD0 is the binary DDRAM address.
Line 1 = Address 0x00 through 0x0F
Line 2 = Address 0x40 through 0x4F

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	0A	0B	0C	0D	0E	0F
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	4A	4B	4C	4D	4E	4F

Read Busy Flag and Address Counter

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	1	**BF**	**AC6**	**AC5**	**AC4**	**AC3**	**AC2**	**AC1**	**AC0**

This instruction is used to read the Busy Flag (BF) to indicate if the display controller is performing an internal operation. The Address Counter is read simultaneously with checking the Busy Flag.
When BF = “1”, the controller is busy and the next instruction will be ignored.
When BF = “0”, the controller is not busy and is ready to accept instructions.
AC6..AC0 is the binary location of either the CGRAM or DDRAM current address.

Write Data to CGRAM or DDRAM

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
1	0	**Write Data**							

This instruction is used to write 8-bits of data to the CGRAM or DDRAM at the current address counter. After the write is complete, the address is automatically incremented or decremented by 1 according to the Entry Mode.

Read Data from CGRAM or DDRAM

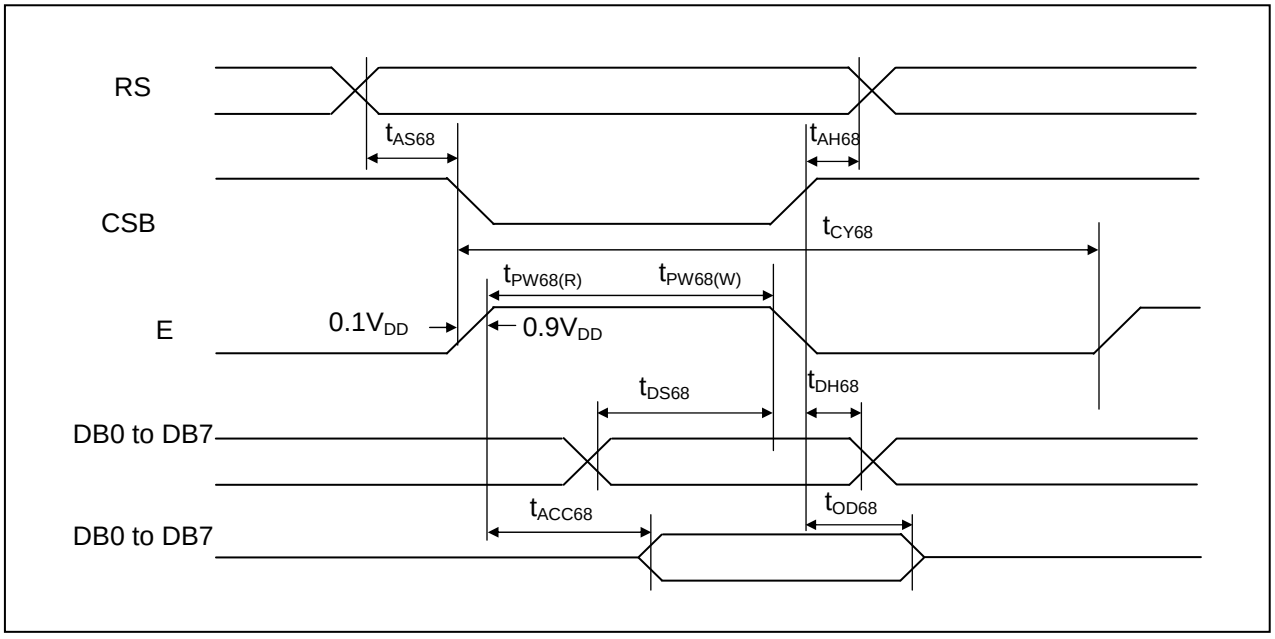
RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
1	1	**Read Data**							

This instruction is used to read 8-bits of data to the CGRAM or DDRAM at the current address counter. After the read is complete, the address is automatically incremented or decremented by 1 according to the Entry Mode.
The Set CGRAM Address or Set DDRAM Address Instruction must be executed before this instruction can be performed, otherwise the first Read Data will not be valid.

MPU Interface

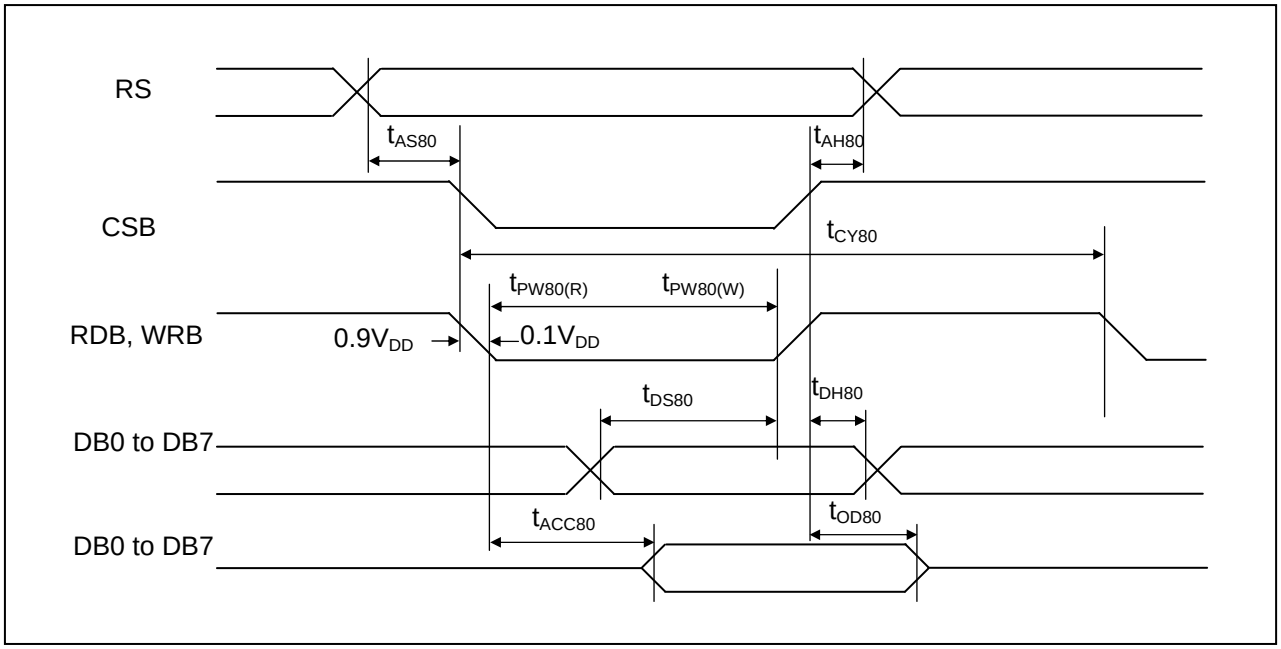
When DL is set for 8-bit mode, the display interfaces with the MPU with DB7..DB0 (DB7 is the MSB).
When DL is set for 4-bit mode, the display interfaces with the MPU with only DB7..DB4 (DB7 is the MSB). Each instruction must be sent in two operations, the 4 high-order bits first, followed by the 4 low-order bits. The Busy Flag must be checked after completion of the entire 8-bit instruction.

6800-MPU Parallel Interface (default)



Item	Signal	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Address setup time	RS	tAS68	20	-	-	ns	
Address hold time	RS	tAH68	0	-	-	ns	
System cycle time		tCY68	500	-	-	ns	
Pulse width (write)	E	tPW68(W)	250	-	-	ns	
Pulse width (read)	E	tPW68(R)	250	-	-	ns	
Data setup time	DB7..DB0	tDS68	40	-	-	ns	
Data hold time	DB7..DB0	tDH68	20	-	-	ns	
Read access time	DB7..DB0	tACC68	-	-	180	ns	CL=100pF
Output disable time	DB7..DB0	tOD68	10	-	-	ns	

8080-MPU Parallel Interface

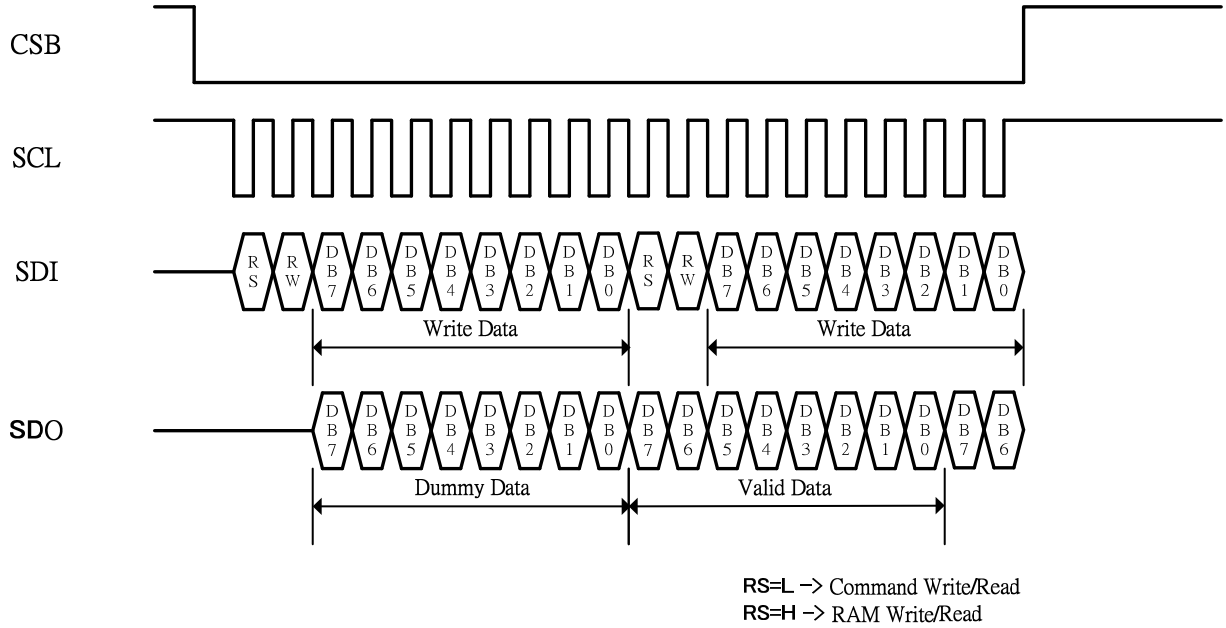


Item	Signal	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Address setup time	RS	tAS80	20	-	-	ns	
Address hold time	RS	tAH80	0	-	-	ns	
System cycle time		tCY80	500	-	-	ns	
Pulse width (write)	/WR	tPW80(W)	250	-	-	ns	
Pulse width (read)	/RD	tPW80(R)	250	-	-	ns	
Data setup time	DB7..DB0	tDS80	40	-	-	ns	
Data hold time	DB7..DB0	tDH80	20	-	-	ns	
Read access time	DB7..DB0	tACC80	-	-	180	ns	CL=100pF
Output disable time	DB7..DB0	tOD80	10	-	-	ns	

Serial Interface

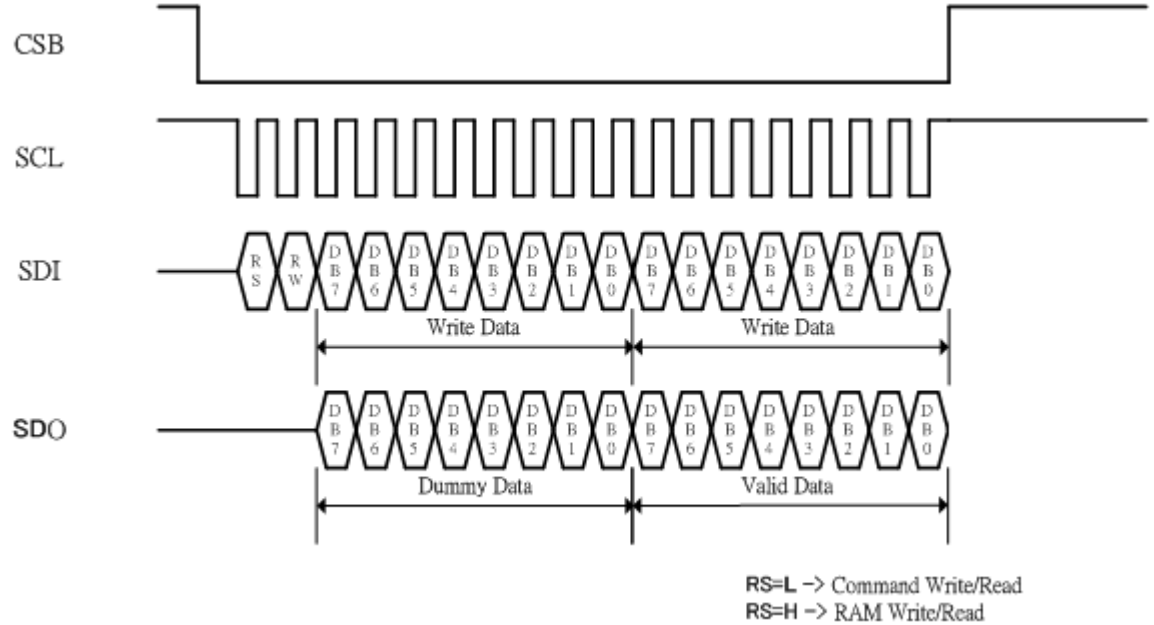
In serial interface mode, instructions and data are both sent on the SDI line and clocked in with the SCL line.
/CS must go LOW before transmission, and must go HIGH when switching between writing instructions and writing data.
The data on SDI is clocked into the LCD controller on the rising edge of SCL in the following format:

Instruction transmission:

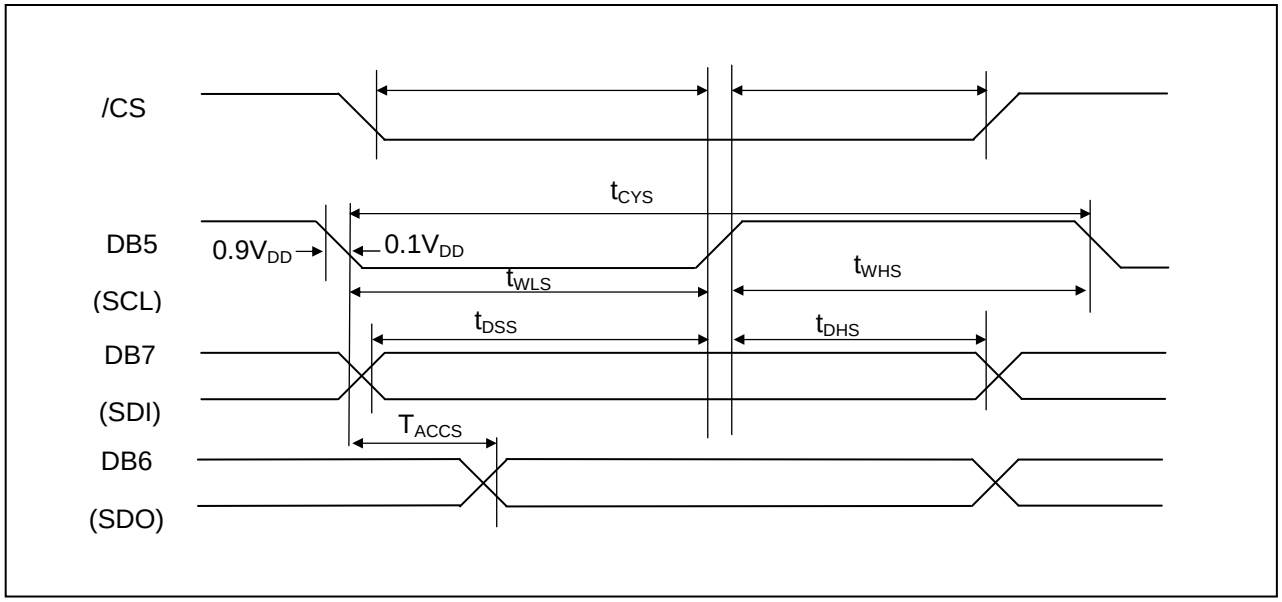


*Note: RS and RW should be used between each instruction.

Data transmission:



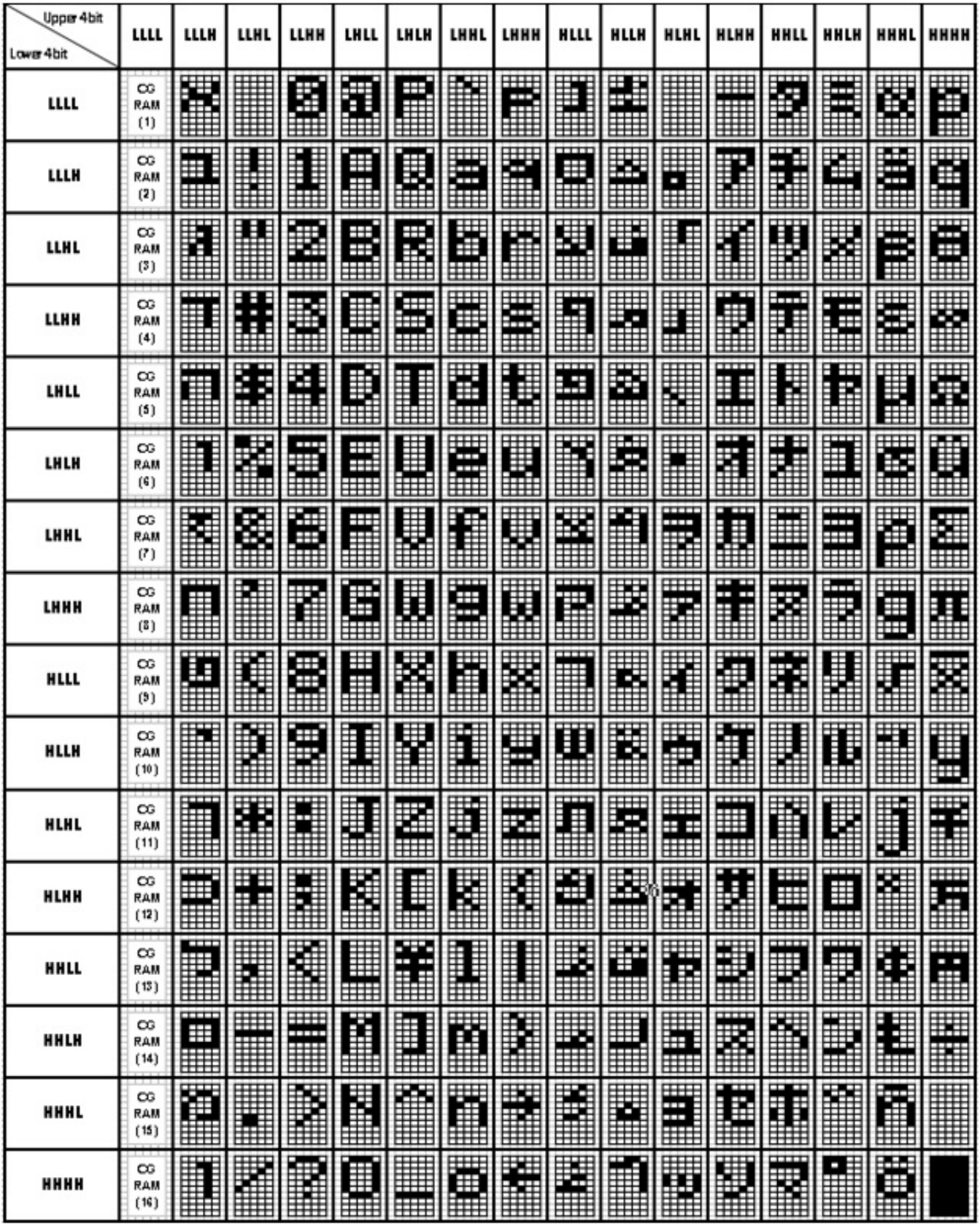
*Note: RS and RW only need to be set at the start of continuous data transmission.



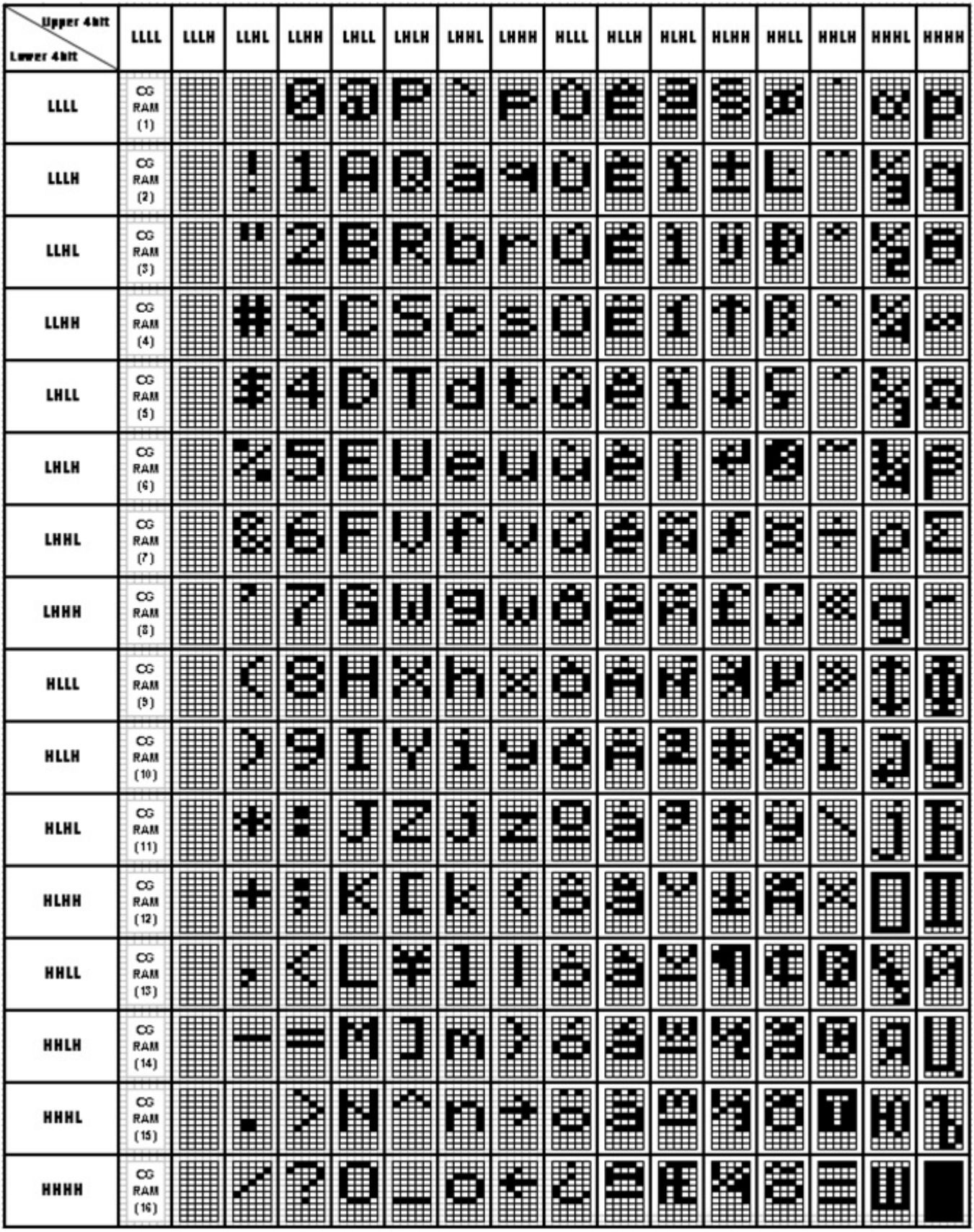
Item	Signal	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Serial clock cycle	DB5 (SCL)	tCYS	300	-	-	ns	
SCL high pulse width	DB5 (SCL)	tWHS	100	-	-	ns	
SCL low pulse width	DB5 (SCL)	tWLS	100	-	-	ns	
CSB setup time	CSB	tCSS	150	-	-	ns	
CSB hold time	CSB	tCHS	150	-	-	ns	
Data setup time	DB7 (SDI)	tDSS	100	-	-	ns	
Data hold time	DB7 (SDI)	tDHS	100	-	-	ns	
Read access time	DB6 (SDO)	tACCS	-	-	80	ns	

Built-in Font Tables

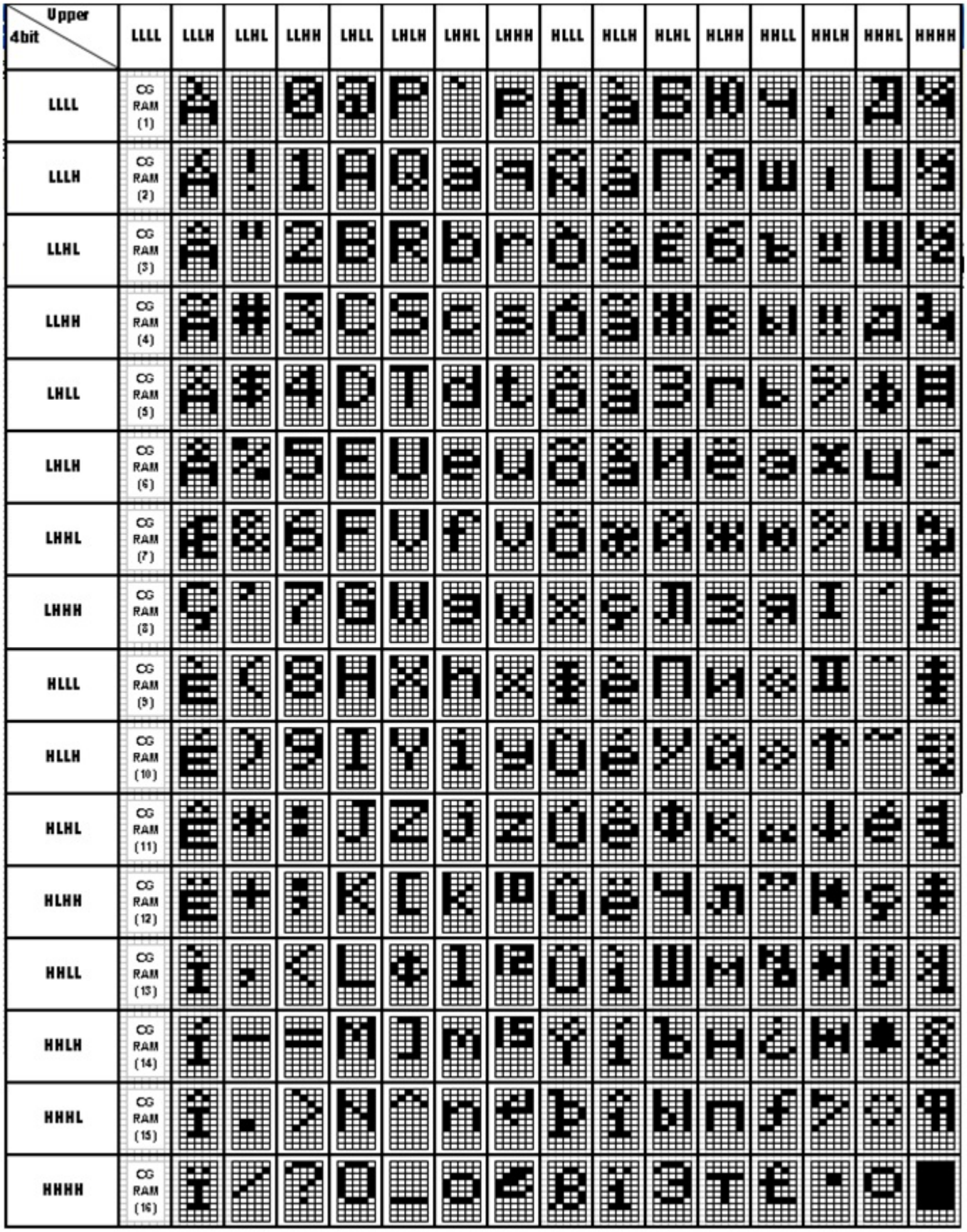
English/Japanese (FT[1:0] = 00, default)



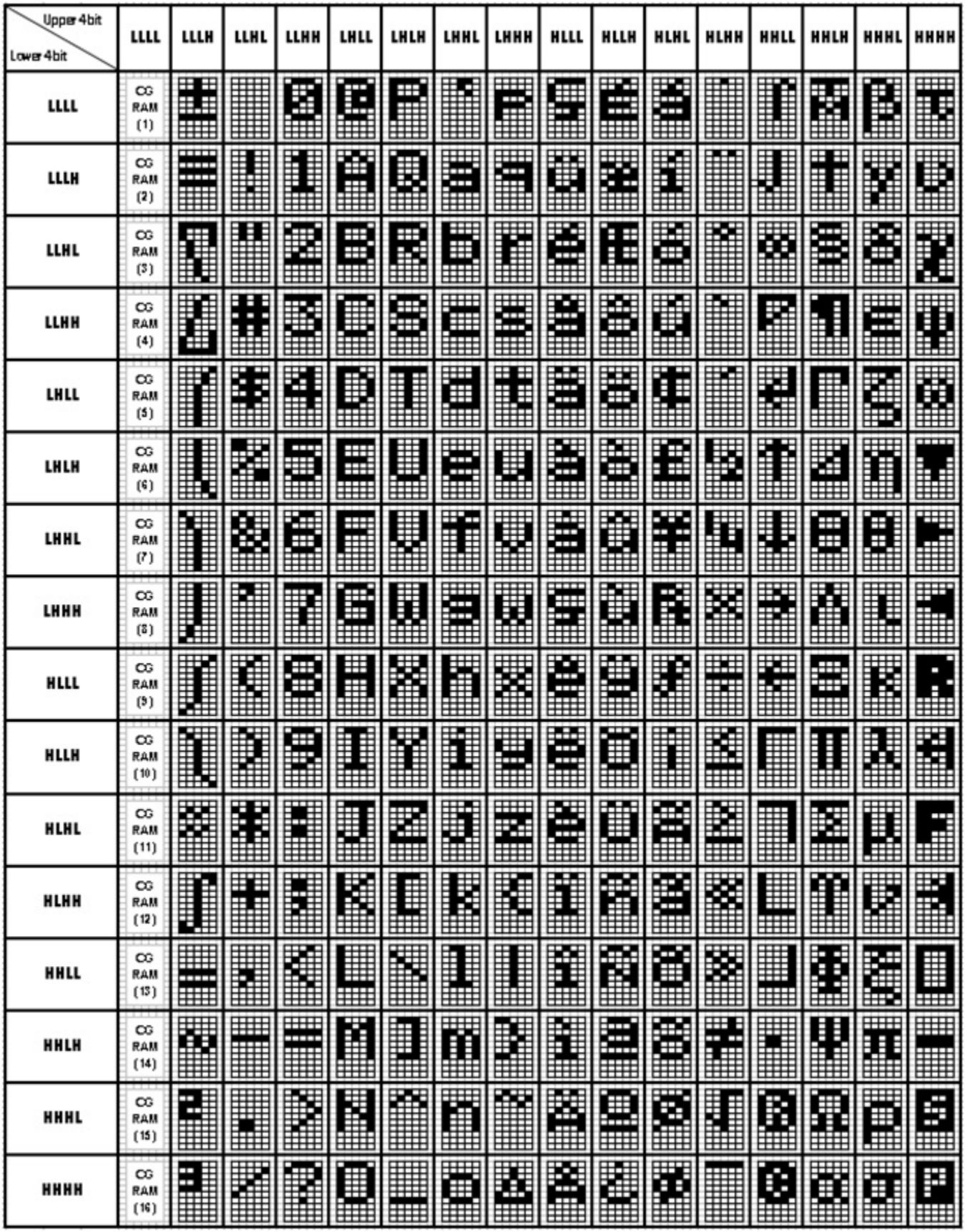
Western European table 1 (FT[1:0] = 01)



English/Russian (FT[1:0] = 10)



Western European table 2 (FT[1:0] = 11)



How to use CGRAM

The Character Generator RAM (CGRAM) is used to generate custom 5x8 character patterns. There are 8 available addresses: CGRAM Address 0x00 through 0x08.

Character Code **DDRAM address on Font Table used to write CGRAM character to display**	**CGRAM Address**						**Character Patterns (CGRAM data)**								**Character Patterns (CGRAM data)**
	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0x00	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	0	Character pattern #0
				0	0	1	-	-	-	1	0	0	0	1	
				0	1	0	-	-	-	1	0	0	0	1	
				0	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	0	
				1	0	0	-	-	-	1	0	1	0	0	
				1	0	1	-	-	-	1	0	0	1	0	
				1	1	0	-	-	-	1	0	0	0	1	
				1	1	1	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	Cursor position
0x01	0	0	1	0	0	0	-	-	-	1	0	0	0	1	Character pattern #1
				0	0	1	-	-	-	0	1	0	1	0	
				0	1	0	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	
				0	1	1	-	-	-	0	0	1	0	0	
				1	0	0	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	
				1	0	1	-	-	-	0	0	1	0	0	
				1	1	0	-	-	-	0	0	1	0	0	
				1	1	1	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	Cursor position
0x02..0x06	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	- - -	- - -	- - -	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	
0x07	1	1	1	0	0	0	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	Character pattern #7
				0	0	1	-	-	-	0	1	0	1	0	
				0	1	0	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	
				0	1	1	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	
				1	0	0	-	-	-	1	0	0	0	1	
				1	0	1	-	-	-	0	1	1	1	0	
				1	1	0	-	-	-	0	0	1	0	0	
				1	1	1	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	Cursor position

Notes:

"-" = Not used

The cursor line position can be used, it will be displayed as a logic-OR if the cursor is turned ON.

CGRAM is stored in positions 0x00 through 0x07 of the font table. Therefore, to write the first CGRAM character to the display, you would move the cursor to the desired DDRAM location on the display and write character data 0x00.

Initialization Sequence

8-bit mode:

Power ON

Wait for power stabilization: ≥ 1ms

Function Set:

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	**0**	**0**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**0**	**X**	**X**

Check BUSY flag

Display OFF:

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**1**	**0**	**X**	**X**

Check BUSY flag

Display Clear:

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**1**

Check BUSY flag

Entry Mode Set:

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**1**	**1**	**0**

Check BUSY flag

Home Command:

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**1**	**0**

Check BUSY flag

Display ON:

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**1**	**1**	**X**	**X**

Initialization End

Initialization Sequence

4-bit mode:

Power ON

Wait for power stabilization: ≥ 1ms

Function Set:

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4
0	0	**0**	**0**	**1**	**0**
0	0	**0**	**0**	**1**	**0**
0	0	**1**	**0**	**X**	**X**

Check BUSY flag

Display OFF:

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4
0	0	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**
0	0	**1**	**0**	**X**	**X**

Check BUSY flag

Display Clear:

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4
0	0	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**
0	0	**0**	**0**	**0**	**1**

Check BUSY flag

Entry Mode Set:

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4
0	0	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**
0	0	**0**	**1**	**1**	**0**

Check BUSY flag

Home Command:

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4
0	0	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**
0	0	**0**	**0**	**1**	**0**

Check BUSY flag

Display ON:

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4
0	0	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**
0	0	**1**	**1**	**X**	**X**

Initialization End

Quality Information

Test Item	Content of Test	Test Condition	Note
High Temperature storage	Test the endurance of the display at high storage temperature.	+80°C , 240hrs	2
Low Temperature storage	Test the endurance of the display at low storage temperature.	-40°C , 240hrs	1,2
High Temperature Operation	Test the endurance of the display by applying electric stress (voltage & current) at high temperature.	+80°C 240hrs	2
Low Temperature Operation	Test the endurance of the display by applying electric stress (voltage & current) at low temperature.	-40°C , 240hrs	1,2
High Temperature / Humidity Operation	Test the endurance of the display by applying electric stress (voltage & current) at high temperature with high humidity.	+60°C , 90% RH , 240hrs	1,2
Thermal Shock resistance	Test the endurance of the display by applying electric stress (voltage & current) during a cycle of low and high temperatures.	-40°C,30min -> 25°C,5min -> 80°C,30min = 1 cycle 100 cycles	
Vibration test	Test the endurance of the display by applying vibration to simulate transportation and use.	10-22Hz , 15mm amplitude. 22-500Hz, 1.5G 30min in each of 3 directions X,Y,Z	3
Atmospheric Pressure test	Test the endurance of the display by applying atmospheric pressure to simulate transportation by air.	115mbar, 40hrs	3
Static electricity test	Test the endurance of the display by applying electric static discharge.	VS=800V, RS=1.5kΩ, CS=100pF One time	

Note 1: No condensation to be observed.
Note 2: Conducted after 2 hours of storage at 25°C, 0%RH.
Note 3: Test performed on product itself, not inside a container.
Evaluation Criteria:
1: Display is fully functional during operational tests and after all tests, at room temperature.
2: No observable defects.
3: Luminance >50% of initial value.
4: Current consumption within 50% of initial value

Precautions for using OLEDs/LCDs/LCMs

See Precautions at www.newhavendisplay.com/specs/precautions.pdf

Warranty Information and Terms & Conditions

http://www.newhavendisplay.com/index.php?main_page=terms

Newhaven Display International, Inc. reserves the right to alter this product or specification at any time without notification.

OCEAN CHIPS
Океан Электроники
Поставка электронных компонентов

Компания «Океан Электроники» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Поставка оригинальных импортных электронных компонентов напрямую с производств Америки, Европы и Азии, а так же с крупнейших складов мира;
- Широкая линейка поставок активных и пассивных импортных электронных компонентов (более 30 млн. наименований);
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Помощь Конструкторского Отдела и консультации квалифицированных инженеров;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Поставка электронных компонентов под контролем ВП;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- При необходимости вся продукция военного и аэрокосмического назначения проходит испытания и сертификацию в лаборатории (по согласованию с заказчиком);
- Поставка специализированных компонентов военного и аэрокосмического уровня качества (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Actel, Aeroflex, Peregrine, VPT, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instruments, MS Kennedy, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Компания «Океан Электроники» является официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России одного из крупнейших производителей разъемов военного и аэрокосмического назначения «**JONHON**», а так же официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России производителя высокотехнологичных и надежных решений для передачи СВЧ сигналов «**FORSTAR**».

AVIC JONHON

«JONHON» (основан в 1970 г.)

Разъемы специального, военного и аэрокосмического назначения:

(Применяются в военной, авиационной, аэрокосмической, морской, железнодорожной, горно- и нефтедобывающей отраслях промышленности)

«FORSTAR» (основан в 1998 г.)

ВЧ соединители, коаксиальные кабели, кабельные сборки и микроволновые компоненты:

(Применяются в телекоммуникациях гражданского и специального назначения, в средствах связи, РЛС, а так же военной, авиационной и аэрокосмической отраслях промышленности).

FORSTAR®

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