



RF Power LDMOS Transistor

N-Channel Enhancement-Mode Lateral MOSFET

This 38 W RF power LDMOS transistor is designed for cellular base station applications covering the frequency range of 2110 to 2170 MHz.

2100 MHz

- Typical Single-Carrier W-CDMA Performance: $V_{DD} = 28$ Vdc, $I_{DQ} = 600$ mA, $P_{out} = 38$ W Avg., Input Signal PAR = 9.9 dB @ 0.01% Probability on CCDF.

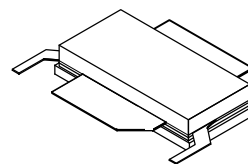
| Frequency | G_{ps} (dB) | η_D (%) | Output PAR (dB) | ACPR (dBc) | IRL (dB) |
|-----------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|------------|----------|
| 2110 MHz | 18.2 | 33.6 | 6.8 | -33.4 | -18 |
| 2140 MHz | 18.3 | 33.0 | 6.7 | -33.3 | -15 |
| 2170 MHz | 18.4 | 32.9 | 6.7 | -33.0 | -13 |

Features

- Greater Negative Gate-Source Voltage Range for Improved Class C Operation
- Designed for Digital Predistortion Error Correction Systems
- Optimized for Doherty Applications

A2T21S160-12SR3

**2110-2170 MHz, 38 W AVG., 28 V
AIRFAST RF POWER LDMOS
TRANSISTOR**



NI-780S-2L2L

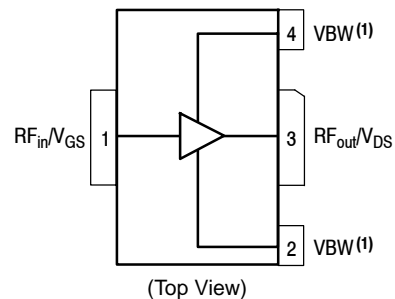


Figure 1. Pin Connections

- Device cannot operate with V_{DD} current supplied through pin 2 and pin 4.

Table 1. Maximum Ratings

| Rating | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|------|
| Drain-Source Voltage | V_{DSS} | -0.5, +65 | Vdc |
| Gate-Source Voltage | V_{GS} | -6.0, +10 | Vdc |
| Operating Voltage | V_{DD} | 32, +0 | Vdc |
| Storage Temperature Range | T_{stg} | -65 to +150 | °C |
| Case Operating Temperature Range | T_C | -40 to +150 | °C |
| Operating Junction Temperature Range (1,2) | T_J | -40 to +225 | °C |

Table 2. Thermal Characteristics

| Characteristic | Symbol | Value(2,3) | Unit |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------|------|
| Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case Case Temperature 73°C, 38 W CW, 28 Vdc, $I_{DQ} = 600$ mA, 2140 MHz | $R_{\theta JC}$ | 0.30 | °C/W |

Table 3. ESD Protection Characteristics

| Test Methodology | Class |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Human Body Model (per JESD22-A114) | 2 |
| Machine Model (per EIA/JESD22-A115) | B |
| Charge Device Model (per JESD22-C101) | IV |

Table 4. Electrical Characteristics ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|------|
|----------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|------|

Off Characteristics

| | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|---|---|----|-----------------|
| Zero Gate Voltage Drain Leakage Current ($V_{DS} = 65$ Vdc, $V_{GS} = 0$ Vdc) | I_{DSS} | — | — | 10 | μAdc |
| Zero Gate Voltage Drain Leakage Current ($V_{DS} = 32$ Vdc, $V_{GS} = 0$ Vdc) | I_{DSS} | — | — | 1 | μAdc |
| Gate-Source Leakage Current ($V_{GS} = 5$ Vdc, $V_{DS} = 0$ Vdc) | I_{GSS} | — | — | 1 | μAdc |

On Characteristics

| | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Gate Threshold Voltage ($V_{DS} = 10$ Vdc, $I_D = 151$ μAdc) | $V_{GS(th)}$ | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.2 | Vdc |
| Gate Quiescent Voltage ($V_{DD} = 28$ Vdc, $I_D = 600$ mAdc, Measured in Functional Test) | $V_{GS(Q)}$ | 2.2 | 2.6 | 3.0 | Vdc |
| Drain-Source On-Voltage ($V_{GS} = 10$ Vdc, $I_D = 1.5$ Adc) | $V_{DS(on)}$ | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | Vdc |

Functional Tests (4) (In Freescale Test Fixture, 50 ohm system) $V_{DD} = 28$ Vdc, $I_{DQ} = 600$ mA, $P_{out} = 38$ W Avg., $f = 2170$ MHz, Single-Carrier W-CDMA, IQ Magnitude Clipping, Input Signal PAR = 9.9 dB @ 0.01% Probability on CCDF. ACPR measured in 3.84 MHz Channel Bandwidth @ ± 5 MHz Offset.

| | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------|----------|------|-------|-------|-----|
| Power Gain | G_{ps} | 17.7 | 18.4 | 20.7 | dB |
| Drain Efficiency | η_D | 31.1 | 32.9 | — | % |
| Output Peak-to-Average Ratio @ 0.01% Probability on CCDF | PAR | 6.3 | 6.7 | — | dB |
| Adjacent Channel Power Ratio | ACPR | — | -33.0 | -30.9 | dBc |
| Input Return Loss | IRL | — | -13 | -7 | dB |

1. Continuous use at maximum temperature will affect MTTF.
2. MTTF calculator available at <http://www.freescale.com/rf/calculators>.
3. Refer to [AN1955](#), *Thermal Measurement Methodology of RF Power Amplifiers*. Go to <http://www.freescale.com/rf> and search for AN1955.
4. Part internally matched both on input and output.

(continued)

Table 4. Electrical Characteristics ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted) (continued)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----|-------|-----|-------|
| Load Mismatch (In Freescale Test Fixture, 50 ohm system) $I_{DQ} = 600\text{ mA}$, $f = 2140\text{ MHz}$ | | | | | |
| VSWR 10:1 at 32 Vdc, 190 W CW Output Power (3 dB Input Overdrive from 140 W CW Rated Power) | No Device Degradation | | | | |
| Typical Performance (In Freescale Test Fixture, 50 ohm system) $V_{DD} = 28\text{ Vdc}$, $I_{DQ} = 600\text{ mA}$, 2110–2170 MHz Bandwidth | | | | | |
| P_{out} @ 1 dB Compression Point, CW | P1dB | — | 140 | — | W |
| AM/PM (Maximum value measured at the P3dB compression point across the 2110–2170 MHz bandwidth) | Φ | — | -16.4 | — | ° |
| VBW Resonance Point (IMD Third Order Intermodulation Inflection Point) | VBW _{res} | — | 90 | — | MHz |
| Gain Flatness in 60 MHz Bandwidth @ $P_{out} = 38\text{ W Avg.}$ | G_F | — | 0.3 | — | dB |
| Gain Variation over Temperature (-30°C to +85°C) | ΔG | — | 0.011 | — | dB/°C |
| Output Power Variation over Temperature (-30°C to +85°C) | $\Delta P1dB$ | — | 0.009 | — | dB/°C |

Table 5. Ordering Information

| Device | Tape and Reel Information | Package |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| A2T21S160-12SR3 | R3 Suffix = 250 Units, 44 mm Tape Width, 13-inch Reel | NI-780S-2L2L |

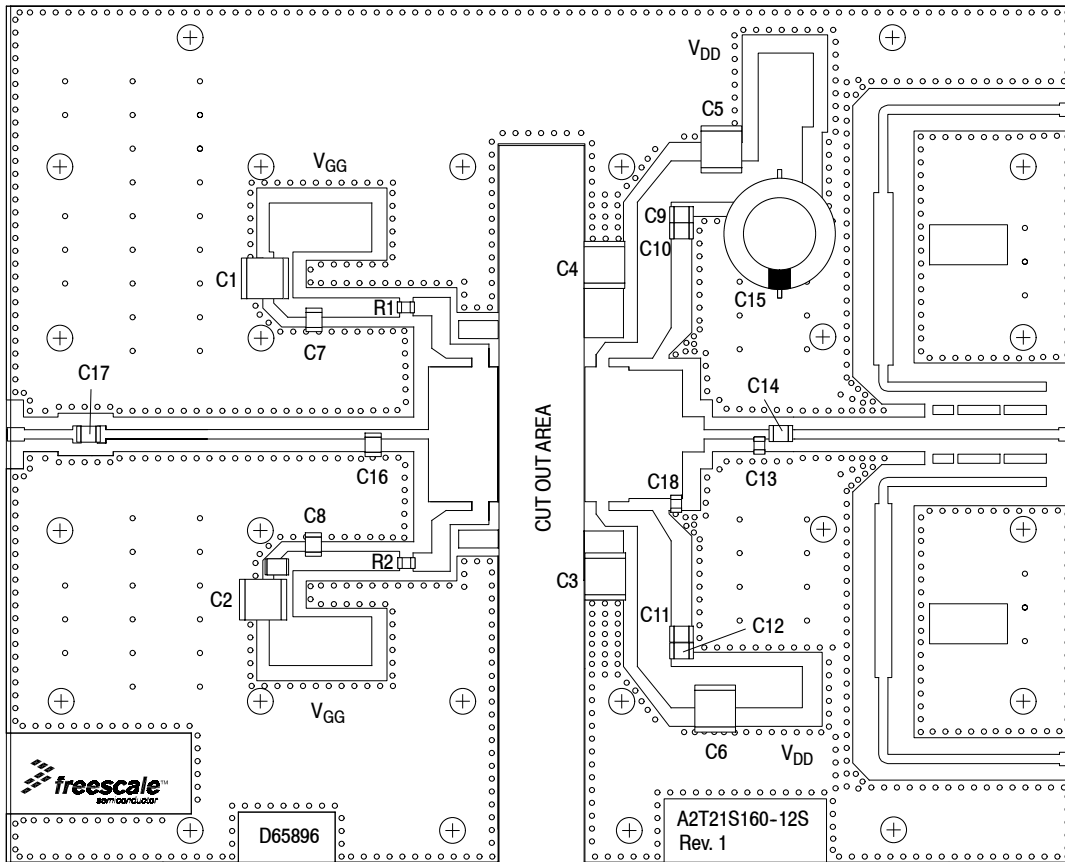


Figure 2. A2T21S160-12SR3 Test Circuit Component Layout

Table 6. A2T21S160-12SR3 Test Circuit Component Designations and Values

| Part | Description | Part Number | Manufacturer |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6 | 10 μ F Chip Capacitors | C5750X7S2A106M230KB | TDK |
| C7, C8, C10, C11, C14, C17 | 9.1 pF Chip Capacitors | ATC100B9R1CT500XT | ATC |
| C9 | 0.8 pF Chip Capacitor | ATC100B0R8BT500XT | ATC |
| C12 | 0.9 pF Chip Capacitor | ATC100B0R9BT500XT | ATC |
| C13, C18 | 0.1 pF Chip Capacitors | ATC600F0R1BT250XT | ATC |
| C15 | 470 μ F, 63 V Electrolytic Capacitor | MCGPR63V477M13X26-RH | Multicomp |
| C16 | 1.1 pF Chip Capacitor | ATC100B1R1BT500XT | ATC |
| R1, R2 | 3 Ω , 1/4 W Chip Resistors | RC1206FR-073RL | Yageo |
| PCB | Rogers RO4350B, 0.020", $\epsilon_r = 3.66$ | D65896 | MTL |

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

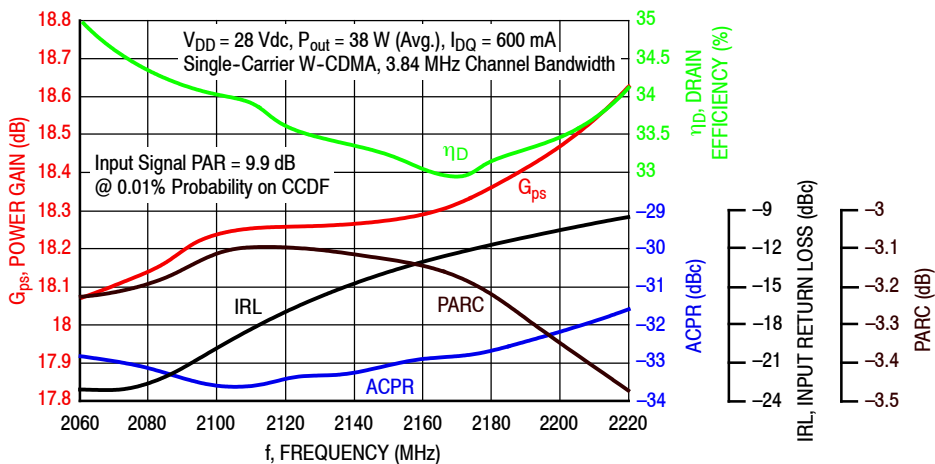


Figure 3. Single-Carrier Output Peak-to-Average Ratio Compression (PARC) Broadband Performance @ $P_{out} = 38$ Watts Avg.

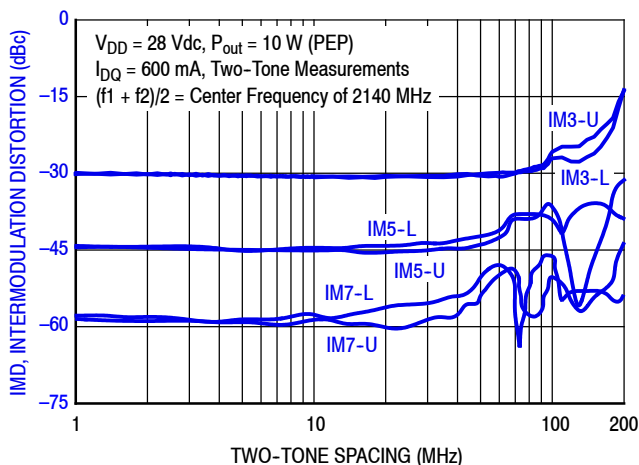


Figure 4. Intermodulation Distortion Products versus Two-Tone Spacing

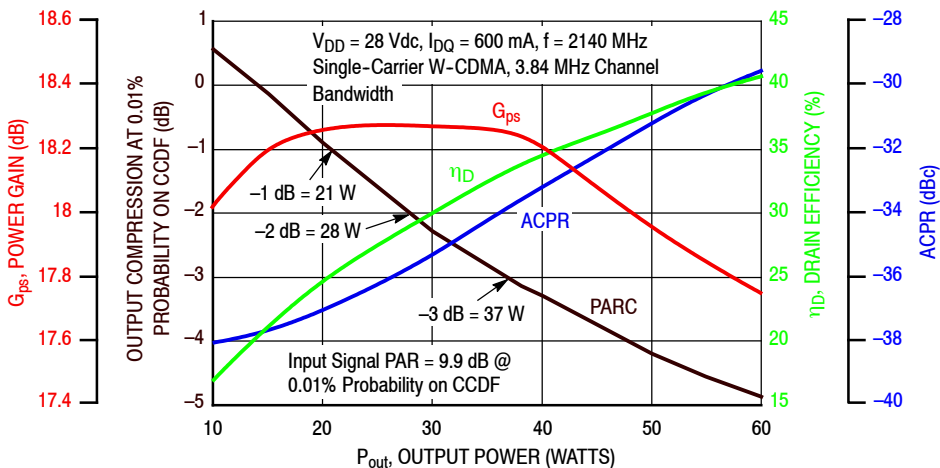


Figure 5. Output Peak-to-Average Ratio Compression (PARC) versus Output Power

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

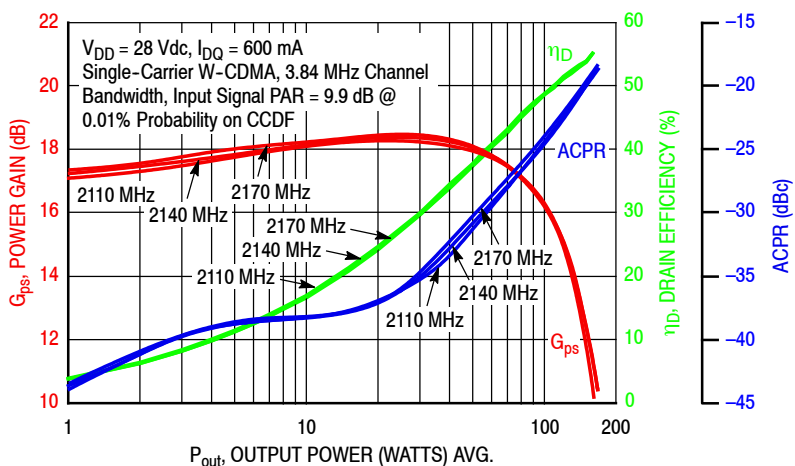


Figure 6. Single-Carrier W-CDMA Power Gain, Drain Efficiency and ACPR versus Output Power

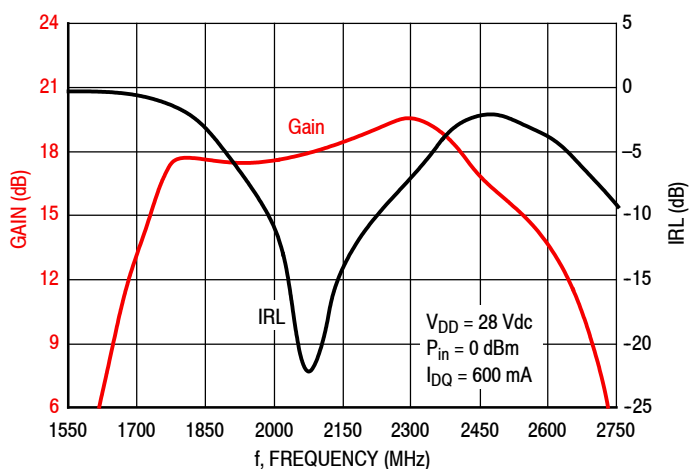


Figure 7. Broadband Frequency Response

Table 7. Load Pull Performance — Maximum Power Tuning
 $V_{DD} = 28 \text{ Vdc}$, $I_{DQ} = 793 \text{ mA}$, Pulsed CW, 10 $\mu\text{sec}(\text{on})$, 10% Duty Cycle

| f (MHz) | $Z_{\text{source}} (\Omega)$ | $Z_{\text{in}} (\Omega)$ | Max Output Power | | | | | |
|---------|------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|-------|-----|--------------|-----------|
| | | | P1dB | | | | | |
| | | | $Z_{\text{load}}^{(1)} (\Omega)$ | Gain (dB) | (dBm) | (W) | η_D (%) | AM/PM (°) |
| 2110 | 2.40 – j5.03 | 2.40 + j4.74 | 1.71 – j4.45 | 18.6 | 52.5 | 178 | 54.8 | –14 |
| 2140 | 2.86 – j5.52 | 2.96 + j5.22 | 1.70 – j4.29 | 18.8 | 52.6 | 181 | 55.4 | –15 |
| 2170 | 4.27 – j6.11 | 4.03 + j5.56 | 1.71 – j4.44 | 18.8 | 52.6 | 182 | 54.8 | –15 |

| f (MHz) | $Z_{\text{source}} (\Omega)$ | $Z_{\text{in}} (\Omega)$ | Max Output Power | | | | | |
|---------|------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|-------|-----|--------------|-----------|
| | | | P3dB | | | | | |
| | | | $Z_{\text{load}}^{(2)} (\Omega)$ | Gain (dB) | (dBm) | (W) | η_D (%) | AM/PM (°) |
| 2110 | 2.40 – j5.03 | 2.33 + j5.03 | 1.72 – j4.68 | 16.3 | 53.3 | 214 | 56.3 | –18 |
| 2140 | 2.86 – j5.52 | 2.96 + j5.56 | 1.71 – j4.64 | 16.4 | 53.3 | 216 | 56.1 | –19 |
| 2170 | 4.27 – j6.11 | 4.13 + j6.04 | 1.72 – j4.67 | 16.5 | 53.3 | 215 | 55.9 | –19 |

(1) Load impedance for optimum P1dB power.

(2) Load impedance for optimum P3dB power.

 Z_{source} = Measured impedance presented to the input of the device at the package reference plane.

 Z_{in} = Impedance as measured from gate contact to ground.

 Z_{load} = Measured impedance presented to the output of the device at the package reference plane.

Table 8. Load Pull Performance — Maximum Drain Efficiency Tuning
 $V_{DD} = 28 \text{ Vdc}$, $I_{DQ} = 793 \text{ mA}$, Pulsed CW, 10 $\mu\text{sec}(\text{on})$, 10% Duty Cycle

| f (MHz) | $Z_{\text{source}} (\Omega)$ | $Z_{\text{in}} (\Omega)$ | Max Drain Efficiency | | | | | |
|---------|------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|-------|-----|--------------|-----------|
| | | | P1dB | | | | | |
| | | | $Z_{\text{load}}^{(1)} (\Omega)$ | Gain (dB) | (dBm) | (W) | η_D (%) | AM/PM (°) |
| 2110 | 2.40 – j5.03 | 2.71 + j5.02 | 3.37 – j2.33 | 21.8 | 50.1 | 102 | 66.7 | –21 |
| 2140 | 2.86 – j5.52 | 3.42 + j5.53 | 2.99 – j2.05 | 22.1 | 49.9 | 98 | 66.6 | –22 |
| 2170 | 4.27 – j6.11 | 4.77 + j5.85 | 2.70 – j2.14 | 22.1 | 50.0 | 100 | 66.0 | –23 |

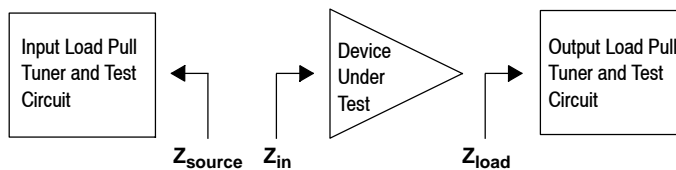
| f (MHz) | $Z_{\text{source}} (\Omega)$ | $Z_{\text{in}} (\Omega)$ | Max Drain Efficiency | | | | | |
|---------|------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|-------|-----|--------------|-----------|
| | | | P3dB | | | | | |
| | | | $Z_{\text{load}}^{(2)} (\Omega)$ | Gain (dB) | (dBm) | (W) | η_D (%) | AM/PM (°) |
| 2110 | 2.40 – j5.03 | 2.65 + j5.25 | 3.37 – j2.33 | 19.8 | 50.8 | 120 | 68.0 | –28 |
| 2140 | 2.86 – j5.52 | 3.40 + j5.87 | 2.78 – j2.07 | 20.1 | 50.6 | 115 | 67.9 | –31 |
| 2170 | 4.27 – j6.11 | 4.90 + j6.17 | 2.70 – j2.14 | 20.1 | 50.7 | 116 | 67.4 | –31 |

(1) Load impedance for optimum P1dB efficiency.

(2) Load impedance for optimum P3dB efficiency.

 Z_{source} = Measured impedance presented to the input of the device at the package reference plane.

 Z_{in} = Impedance as measured from gate contact to ground.

 Z_{load} = Measured impedance presented to the output of the device at the package reference plane.


P1dB – TYPICAL LOAD PULL CONTOURS — 2140 MHz

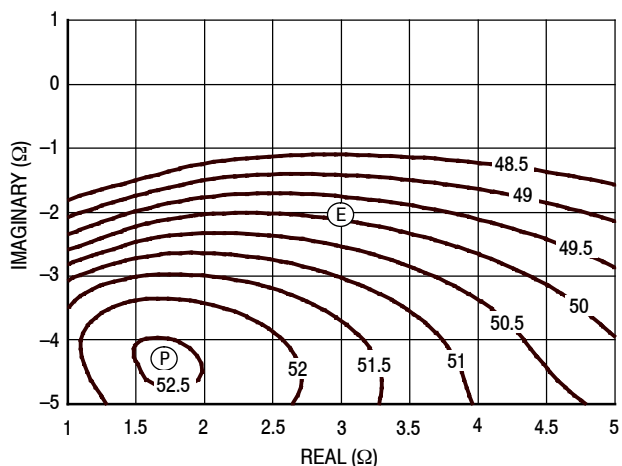


Figure 8. P1dB Load Pull Output Power Contours (dBm)

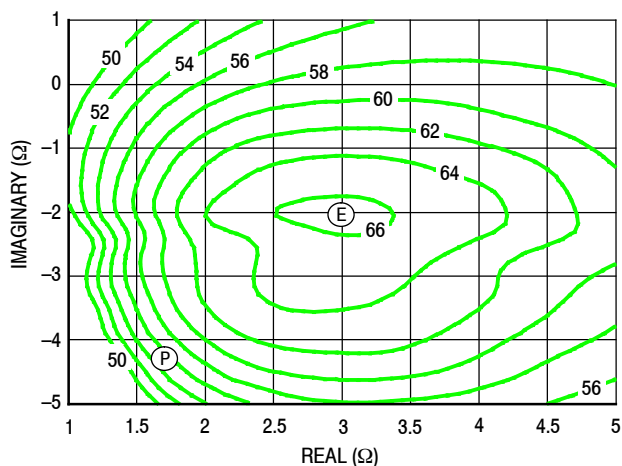


Figure 9. P1dB Load Pull Efficiency Contours (%)

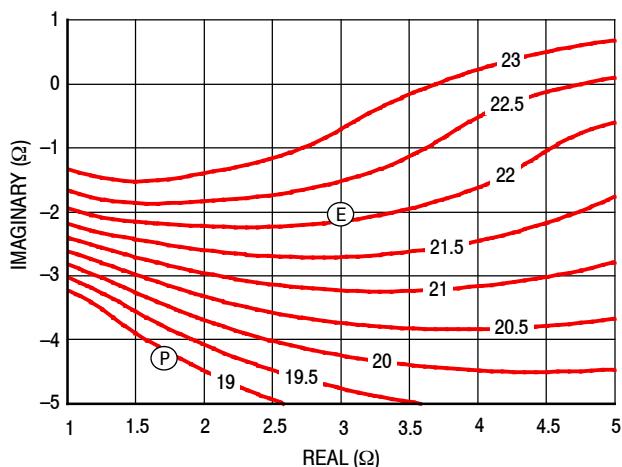


Figure 10. P1dB Load Pull Gain Contours (dB)

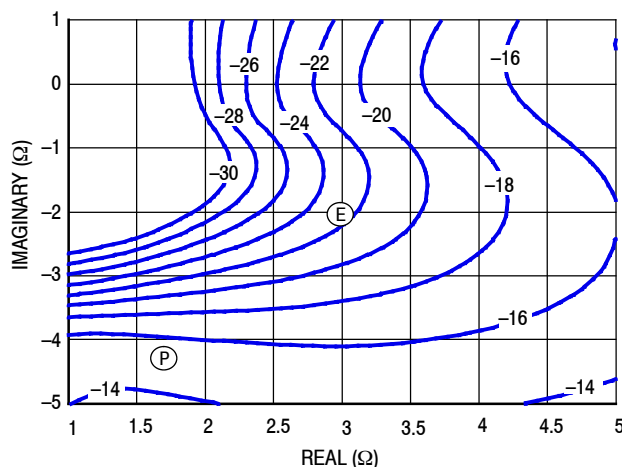


Figure 11. P1dB Load Pull AM/PM Contours (°)

NOTE: (P) = Maximum Output Power
(E) = Maximum Drain Efficiency

- Gain
- Drain Efficiency
- Linearity
- Output Power

P3dB – TYPICAL LOAD PULL CONTOURS — 2140 MHz

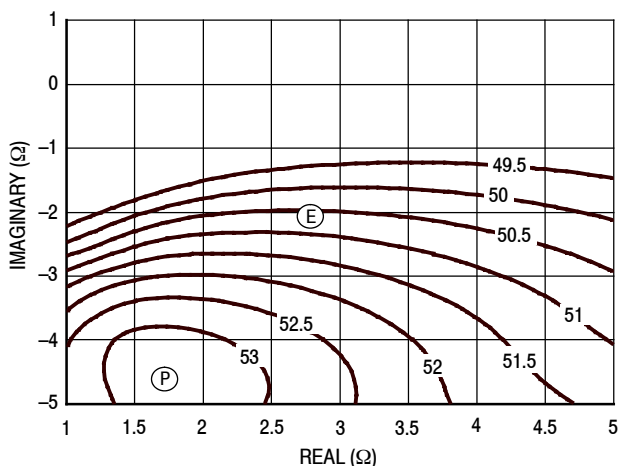


Figure 12. P3dB Load Pull Output Power Contours (dBm)

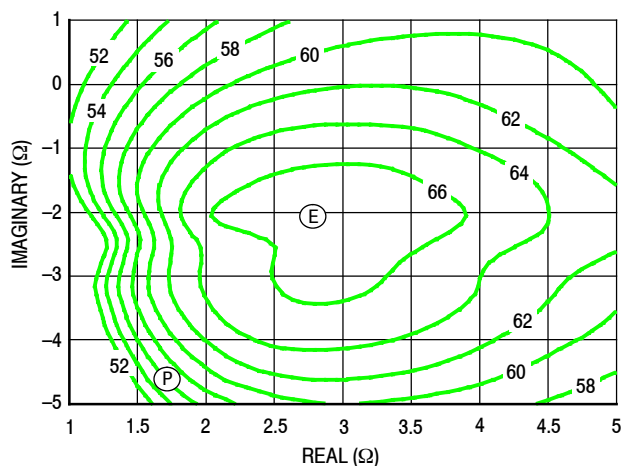


Figure 13. P3dB Load Pull Efficiency Contours (%)

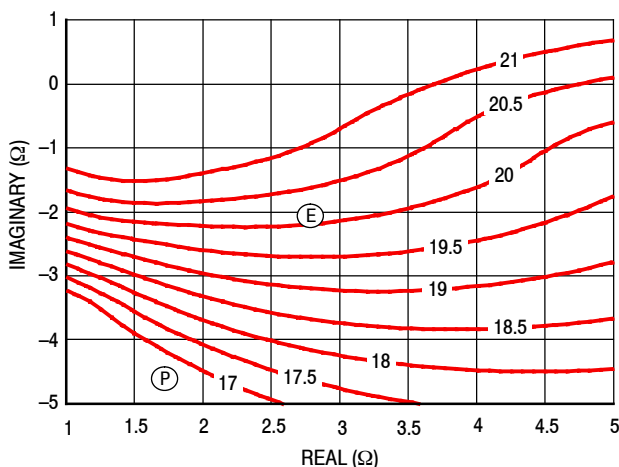


Figure 14. P3dB Load Pull Gain Contours (dB)

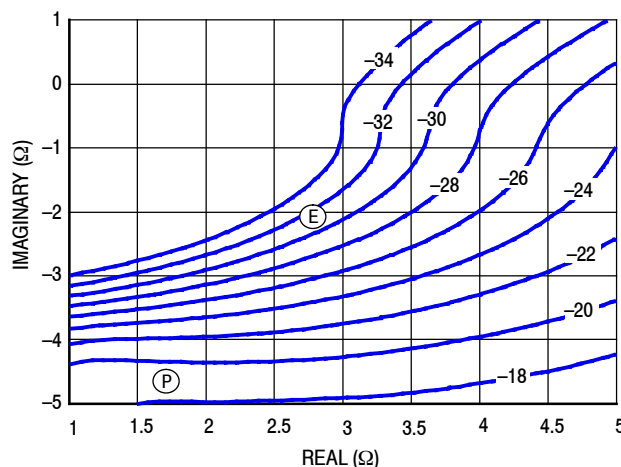
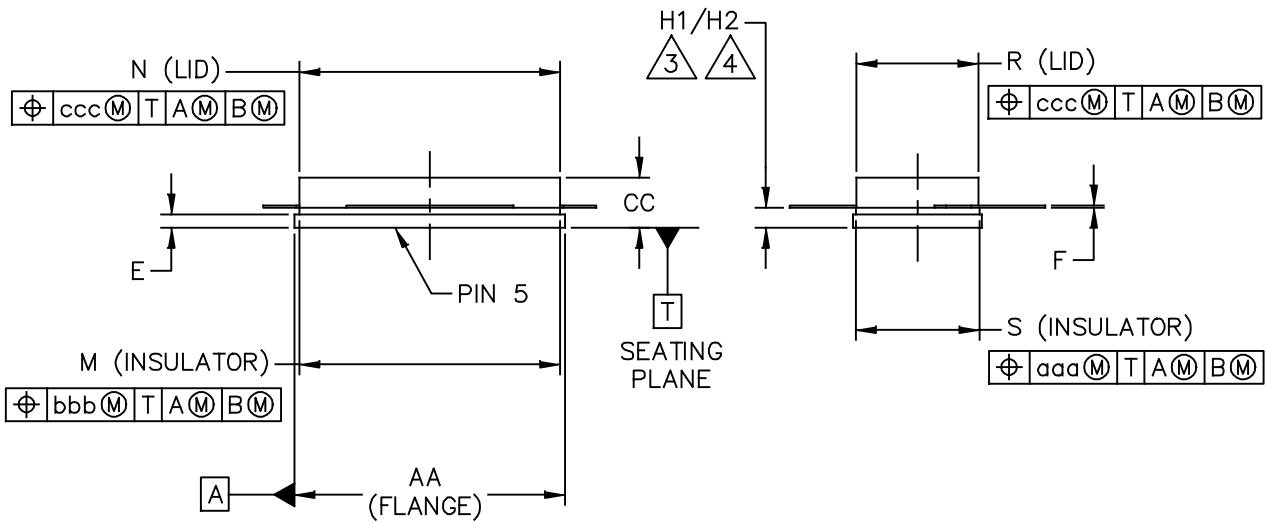
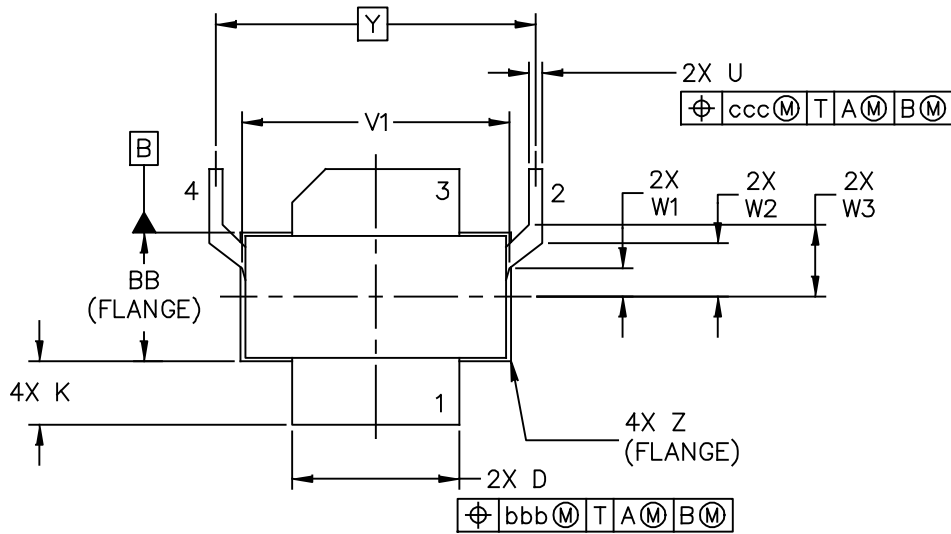


Figure 15. P3dB Load Pull AM/PM Contours (°)

NOTE: (P) = Maximum Output Power
(E) = Maximum Drain Efficiency

- Gain
- Drain Efficiency
- Linearity
- Output Power

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



| | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
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| | STANDARD: NON-JEDEC | |
| | 08 MAR 2013 | |

NOTES:

1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
2. INTERPRET DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.

3. DIMENSIONS H1 AND H2 ARE MEASURED .030 INCH (0.762 MM) AWAY FROM FLANGE PARALLEL TO DATUM B. H1 APPLIES TO PINS 1 & 3. H2 APPLIES TO PINS 2 & 4.

4. TOLERANCE OF DIMENSION H2 IS TENTATIVE AND COULD CHANGE ONCE SUFFICIENT MANUFACTURING DATA IS AVAILABLE.

| DIM | INCH | | MILLIMETER | | DIM | INCH | | MILLIMETER | |
|---------------------------------------------------------|------|--------|--------------------|---------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------|---------------|---------|
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| AA | .805 | – .815 | 20.45 | – 20.70 | R | .365 | – .375 | 9.27 | – 9.53 |
| BB | .380 | – .390 | 9.65 | – 9.91 | S | .365 | – .375 | 9.27 | – 9.53 |
| CC | .125 | – .170 | 3.18 | – 4.32 | U | .035 | – .045 | 0.89 | – 1.14 |
| D | .495 | – .505 | 12.57 | – 12.83 | V1 | .795 | – .805 | 20.19 | – 20.45 |
| E | .035 | – .045 | 0.89 | – 1.14 | W1 | .080 | – .090 | 2.03 | – 2.29 |
| F | .004 | – .007 | 0.10 | – 0.18 | W2 | .155 | – .165 | 3.94 | – 4.19 |
| H1 | .057 | – .067 | 1.45 | – 1.70 | W3 | .210 | – .220 | 5.33 | – 5.59 |
| H2 | .054 | – .070 | 1.37 | – 1.78 | Y | .956 BSC | | 24.28 BSC | |
| K | .170 | – .210 | 4.32 | – 5.33 | Z | R.000 – R.040 | | R0.00 – R1.02 | |
| M | .774 | – .786 | 19.66 | – 19.96 | aaa | – .005 | – | – 0.13 | – |
| N | .772 | – .788 | 19.61 | – 20.02 | bbb | – .010 | – | – 0.25 | – |
| | | | | | ccc | – .015 | – | – 0.38 | – |
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| | | | | | STANDARD: NON-JEDEC | | | | |
| | | | | | 08 MAR 2013 | | | | |

PRODUCT DOCUMENTATION, SOFTWARE AND TOOLS

Refer to the following resources to aid your design process.

Application Notes

- AN1955: Thermal Measurement Methodology of RF Power Amplifiers

Engineering Bulletins

- EB212: Using Data Sheet Impedances for RF LDMOS Devices

Software

- Electromigration MTTF Calculator
- RF High Power Model
- s2p File

Development Tools

- Printed Circuit Boards

To Download Resources Specific to a Given Part Number:

1. Go to <http://www.freescale.com/rf>
2. Search by part number
3. Click part number link
4. Choose the desired resource from the drop down menu

REVISION HISTORY

The following table summarizes revisions to this document.

| Revision | Date | Description |
|----------|-----------|---------------------------------|
| 0 | Aug. 2015 | • Initial Release of Data Sheet |

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- Помощь Конструкторского Отдела и консультации квалифицированных инженеров;
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- Поставка электронных компонентов под контролем ВП;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- При необходимости вся продукция военного и аэрокосмического назначения проходит испытания и сертификацию в лаборатории (по согласованию с заказчиком);
- Поставка специализированных компонентов военного и аэрокосмического уровня качества (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Actel, Aeroflex, Peregrine, VPT, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instruments, MS Kennedy, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

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JONHON

«JONHON» (основан в 1970 г.)

Разъемы специального, военного и аэрокосмического назначения:

(Применяются в военной, авиационной, аэрокосмической, морской, железнодорожной, горно- и нефтедобывающей отраслях промышленности)

«FORSTAR» (основан в 1998 г.)

ВЧ соединители, коаксиальные кабели, кабельные сборки и микроволновые компоненты:

(Применяются в телекоммуникациях гражданского и специального назначения, в средствах связи, РЛС, а так же военной, авиационной и аэрокосмической отраслях промышленности).



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