



PTC thermistors for overcurrent protection

Leaded disks, coated, 63 V

Series/Type: B599*0
Date: June 2011

Applications

- Overcurrent protection
- Short circuit protection

Features

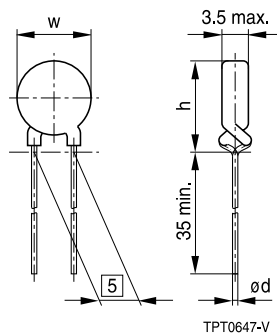
- Lead-free terminals
- Wide range of rated currents:
30 mA up to 1 A
- Manufacturer's logo and type designation stamped on in black or red for $T_{ref} = 80\text{ °C}$ and for $T_{ref} = 120\text{ °C}$ and 130 °C stamped on in white
- UL approval for $T_{ref} = 120\text{ °C}$ and 130 °C to UL 1434 with $V_{max} = 65\text{ V}$ and $V_R = 63\text{ V}$ (file number E69802)
- UL approval for $T_{ref} = 80\text{ °C}$ to UL 1434 with $V_{max} = 63\text{ V}$ and $V_R = 50\text{ V}$ (file number E69802)
- VDE approval (license number 104843 E)
- RoHS-compatible

Options

- Leadless disks and leaded disks without coating available on request
- Thermistors with diameter $w \leq 11.0\text{ mm}$ are also available on tape (to IEC 60286-2)

Delivery mode

- Cardboard strips (standard)
- Cardboard tape reeled or in Ammo pack on request



Dimensional drawing

Dimensions (mm)

| Type | T_{ref} °C | w_{max} | h_{max} | $\varnothing d$ |
|------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|
| C910 | 130 | 22.0 | 25.5 | 0.8 |
| C930 | 80 | 22.0 | 25.5 | 0.6 |
| C930 | 120 | 22.0 | 25.5 | 0.6 |
| C930 | 130 | 17.5 | 21.0 | 0.8 |
| C940 | 80 | 17.5 | 21.0 | 0.6 |
| C940 | 120 | 17.5 | 21.0 | 0.6 |
| C950 | 80 | 13.5 | 17.0 | 0.6 |
| C950 | 120 | 13.5 | 17.0 | 0.6 |
| C950 | 130 | 11.0 | 14.5 | 0.6 |
| C960 | 80 | 11.0 | 14.5 | 0.6 |
| C960 | 120 | 11.0 | 14.5 | 0.6 |
| C960 | 130 | 9.0 | 12.5 | 0.6 |
| C970 | 80 | 9.0 | 12.5 | 0.6 |
| C970 | 120 | 9.0 | 12.5 | 0.6 |
| C970 | 130 | 6.5 | 10.0 | 0.6 |
| C980 | 80 | 6.5 | 10.0 | 0.6 |
| C980 | 120 | 6.5 | 10.0 | 0.6 |
| C980 | 130 | 4.0 | 7.5 | 0.6 |
| C990 | 80 | 4.0 | 7.5 | 0.5 |
| C990 | 120 | 4.0 | 7.5 | 0.5 |

Overcurrent protection
Leaded disks, coated, 63 V
C910 ... C990
General technical data

| | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------|--------------------|
| Max. operating voltage | ($T_A = 60\text{ °C}$) | V_{\max} | 80 | V DC or V AC |
| Rated voltage | | V_R | 63 | V DC or V AC |
| Switching cycles | | N | 100 | |
| Tolerance of R_R | ($T_{\text{ref}} = 80\text{ °C}$ or 120 °C) | ΔR_R | ± 25 | % |
| Tolerance of R_R | ($T_{\text{ref}} = 130\text{ °C}$) | ΔR_R | ± 20 | % |
| Operating temperature range | ($V = 0$) | T_{op} | $-40/+125$ | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Operating temperature range | ($V = V_{\max}$, $T_{\text{ref}} = 80\text{ °C}$) | T_{op} | $-40/+85$ | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Operating temperature range | ($V = V_{\max}$, $T_{\text{ref}} = 120\text{ °C}/130\text{ °C}$) | T_{op} | $-40/+125$ | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |

Electrical specifications and ordering codes

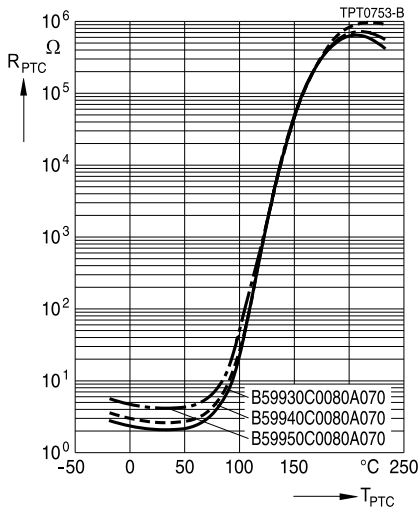
| Type | I_R | I_S | $I_{S\max}$ | I_r | T_{ref} | R_R | R_{\min} | Approvals | | Ordering code |
|------|-------|-------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| | mA | mA | ($V = V_{\max}$) A | (typ.) ($V = V_{\max}$) mA | (typ.) $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | Ω | Ω |  |  | |
| C910 | 1000 | 1500 | 10.0 | 60 | 130 | 1.2 | 0.8 | X | — | B59910C0130A070 |
| C930 | 700 | 1400 | 10.0 | 50 | 120 | 1.65 | 1.1 | X | — | B59930C0120A070 |
| C930 | 700 | 1100 | 8.0 | 50 | 130 | 2.2 | 1.5 | X | — | B59930C0130A070 |
| C940 | 450 | 900 | 8.0 | 40 | 120 | 2.3 | 1.5 | X | — | B59940C0120A070 |
| C930 | 340 | 700 | 10.0 | 35 | 80 | 1.65 | 1.1 | X | — | B59930C0080A070 |
| C950 | 320 | 640 | 5.5 | 30 | 120 | 3.7 | 2.4 | X | — | B59950C0120A070 |
| C950 | 320 | 500 | 4.3 | 25 | 130 | 4.9 | 3.2 | X | — | B59950C0130A070 |
| C960 | 250 | 500 | 4.3 | 25 | 120 | 5.6 | 3.7 | X | — | B59960C0120A070 |
| C960 | 250 | 380 | 3.0 | 20 | 130 | 8.0 | 5.2 | X | — | B59960C0130A070 |
| C940 | 245 | 500 | 8.0 | 25 | 80 | 2.3 | 1.5 | X | X | B59940C0080A070 |
| C950 | 170 | 350 | 5.5 | 20 | 80 | 3.7 | 2.4 | X | X | B59950C0080A070 |
| C970 | 150 | 300 | 3.0 | 20 | 120 | 9.4 | 6.2 | X | — | B59970C0120A070 |
| C970 | 150 | 240 | 1.0 | 18 | 130 | 20 | 13.2 | X | X | B59970C0130A070 |
| C960 | 130 | 265 | 4.3 | 15 | 80 | 5.6 | 3.7 | X | X | B59960C0080A070 |
| C970 | 90 | 190 | 3.0 | 11 | 80 | 9.4 | 6.2 | X | X | B59970C0080A070 |
| C980 | 85 | 170 | 1.0 | 16 | 120 | 25 | 16.5 | X | — | B59980C0120A070 |
| C980 | 85 | 130 | 0.7 | 15 | 130 | 62 | 40.9 | X | X | B59980C0130A070 |
| C980 | 50 | 110 | 1.0 | 8 | 80 | 25 | 16.5 | X | X | B59980C0080A070 |
| C990 | 50 | 100 | 0.7 | 12 | 120 | 55 | 36.3 | X | — | B59990C0120A070 |
| C990 | 30 | 60 | 0.7 | 5 | 80 | 55 | 36.3 | X | X | B59990C0080A070 |

Overcurrent protection
Leaded disks, coated, 63 V
C910 ... C990
Reliability data

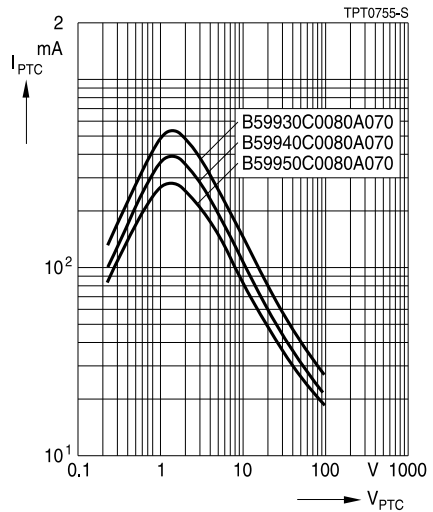
| Test | Standard | Test conditions | $ \Delta R_{25}/R_{25} $ |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Electrical endurance, cycling | IEC 60738-1 | Room temperature, I_{Smax} ; V_{max} Number of cycles: 100 | < 25% |
| Electrical endurance, constant | IEC 60738-1 | Storage at $V_{max}/T_{op,max}$ (V_{max}) Test duration: 1000 h | < 25% |
| Damp heat | IEC 60738-1 | Temperature of air: 40 °C Relative humidity of air: 93% Duration: 56 days Test according to IEC 60068-2-78 | < 10% |
| Rapid change of temperature | IEC 60738-1 | $T_1 = T_{op,min}$ (0 V), $T_2 = T_{op,max}$ (0 V) Number of cycles: 5 Test duration: 30 min Test according to IEC 60068-2-14, Test Na | < 10% |
| Vibration | IEC 60738-1 | Frequency range: 10 to 55 Hz Displacement amplitude: 0.75 mm Test duration: 3 × 2 h Test according to IEC 60068-2-6, Test Fc | < 5% |
| Shock | IEC 60738-1 | Acceleration: 390 m/s ² Pulse duration: 6 ms; 6 × 4000 pulses | < 5% |
| Climatic sequence | IEC 60738-1 | Dry heat: $T = T_{op,max}$ (0 V) Test duration: 16 h Damp heat first cycle Cold: $T = T_{op,min}$ (0 V) Test duration: 2 h Damp heat 5 cycles Tests performed according to IEC 60068-2-30 | < 10% |

Characteristics (typical) for $T_{ref} = 80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

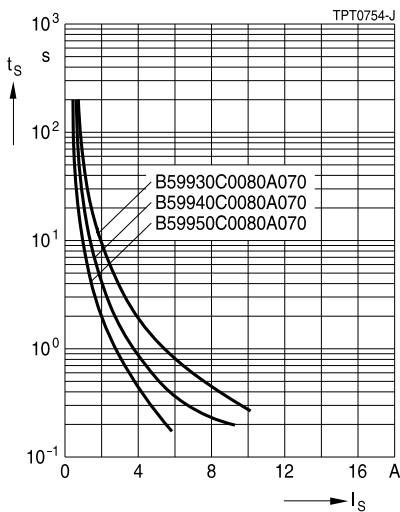
PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus
PTC temperature T_{PTC}
(measured at low signal voltage)



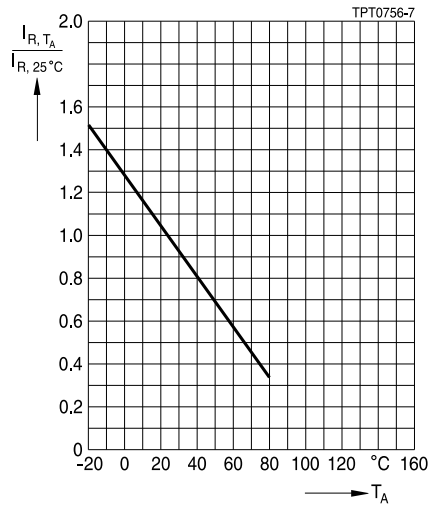
PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC}
(measured at $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ in still air)



Switching time t_s versus switching current I_s
(measured at $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ in still air)

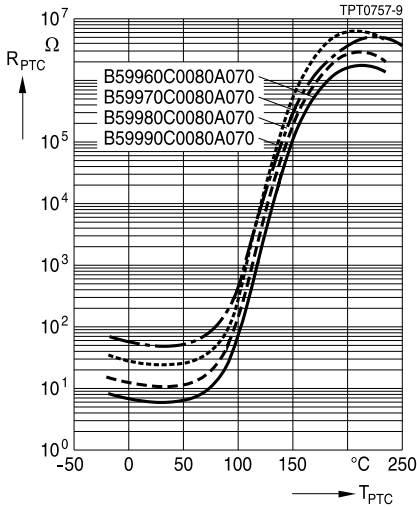


Rated current I_R versus ambient temperature T_A
(measured in still air)

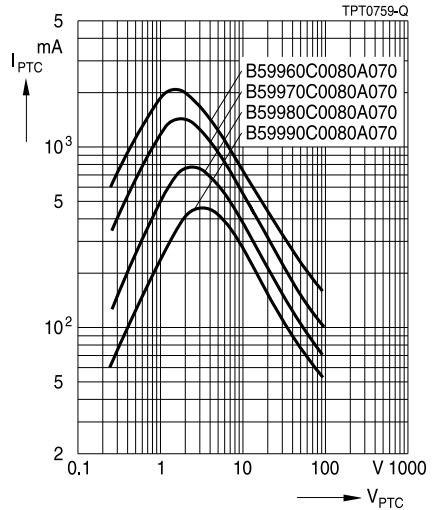


Characteristics (typical) for $T_{ref} = 80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

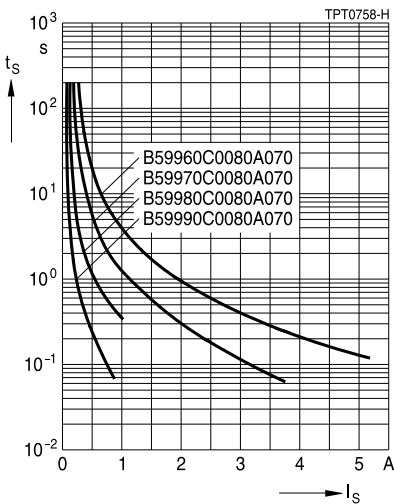
PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus
PTC temperature T_{PTC}
(measured at low signal voltage)



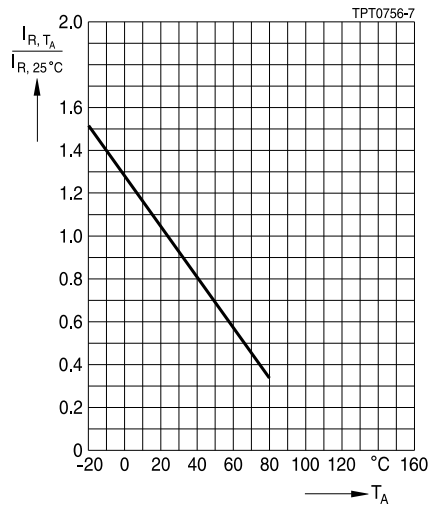
PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC}
(measured at $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ in still air)



Switching time t_s versus switching current I_s
(measured at $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ in still air)

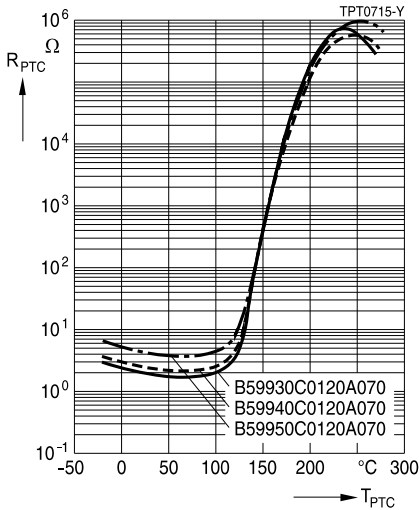


Rated current I_R versus ambient temperature T_A
(measured in still air)

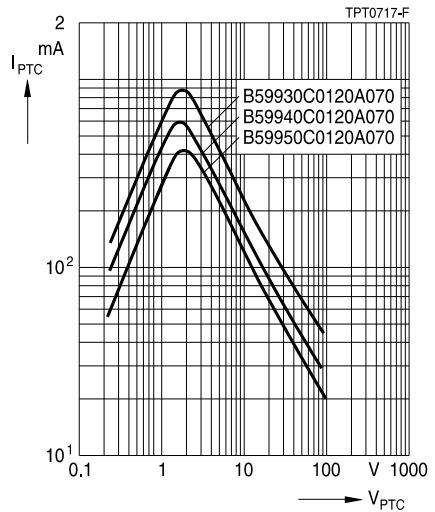


Characteristics (typical) for $T_{ref} = 120\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

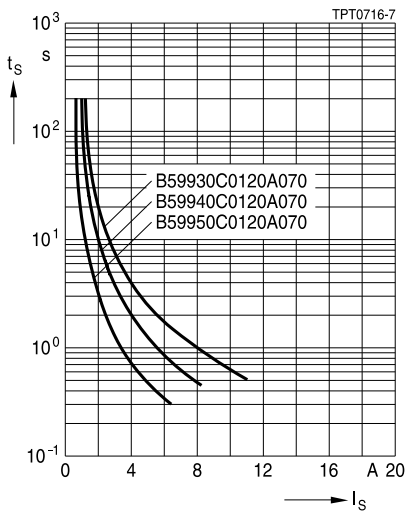
PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus
PTC temperature T_{PTC}
(measured at low signal voltage)



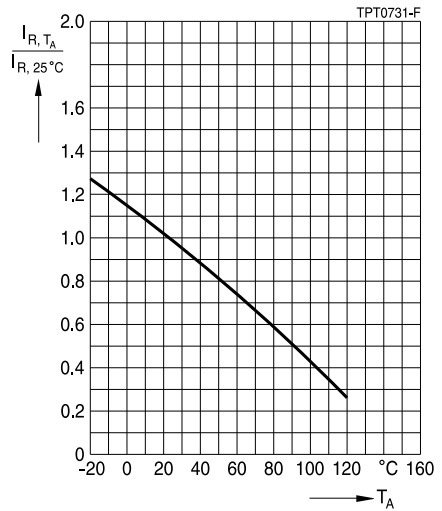
PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC}
(measured at $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ in still air)



Switching time t_s versus switching current I_s
(measured at $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ in still air)

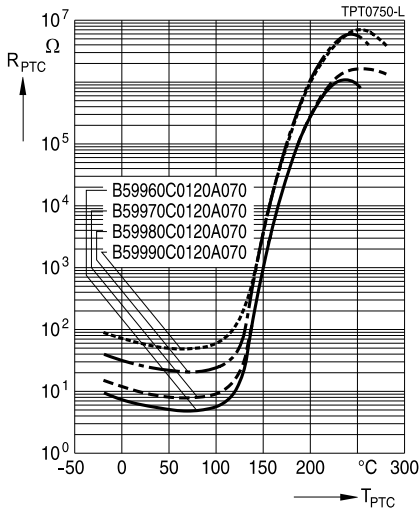


Rated current I_R versus ambient temperature T_A
(measured in still air)

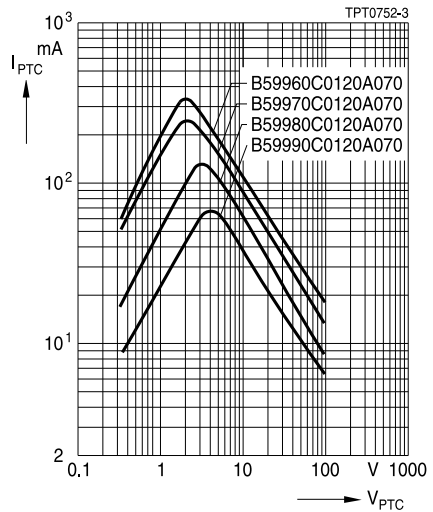


Characteristics (typical) for $T_{ref} = 120\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

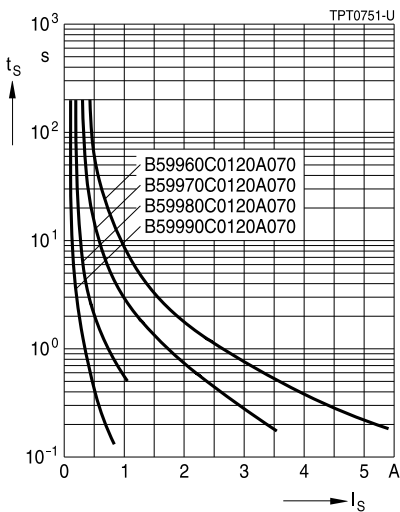
PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus
PTC temperature T_{PTC}
(measured at low signal voltage)



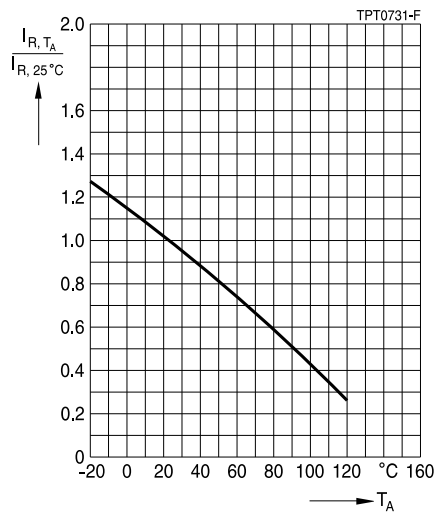
PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC}
(measured at 25 °C in still air)



Switching time t_s versus switching current I_s
(measured at 25 °C in still air)

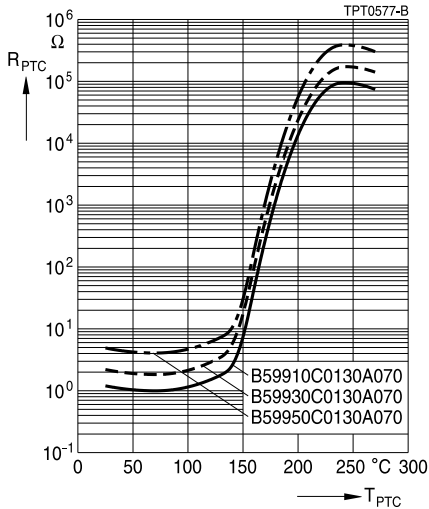


Rated current I_R versus ambient temperature T_A
(measured in still air)

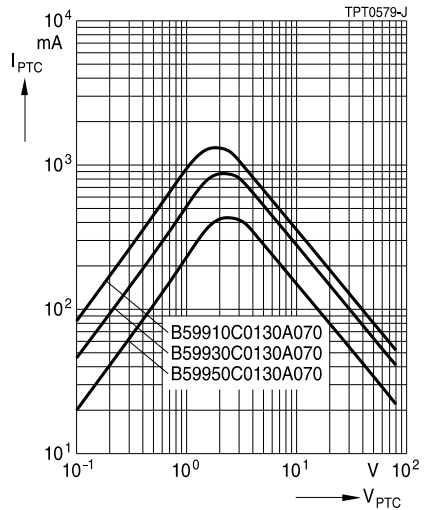


Characteristics (typical) for $T_{ref} = 130\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

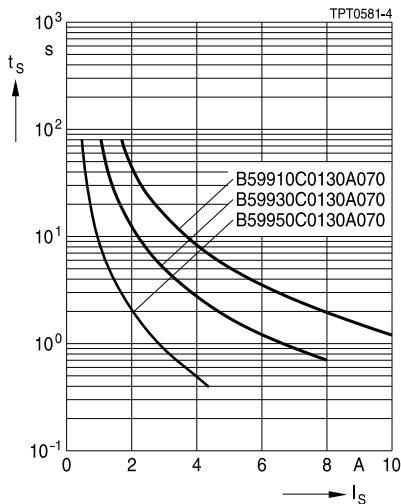
PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus
PTC temperature T_{PTC}
(measured at low signal voltage)



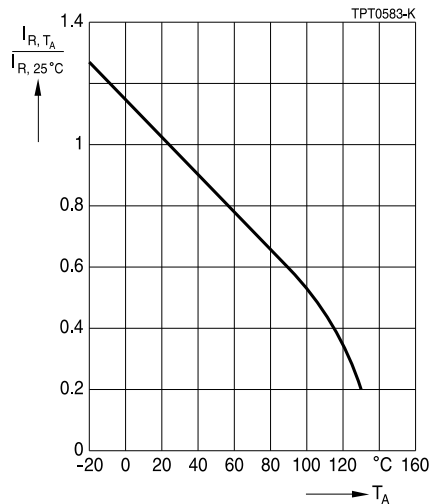
PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC}
(measured at $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ in still air)



Switching time t_s versus switching current I_s
(measured at $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ in still air)

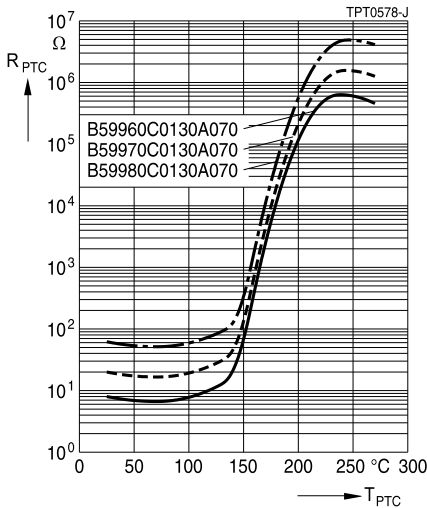


Rated current I_R versus ambient temperature T_A
(measured in still air)

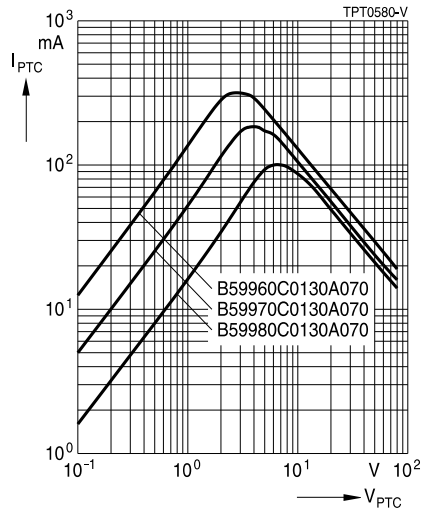


Characteristics (typical) for $T_{ref} = 130\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

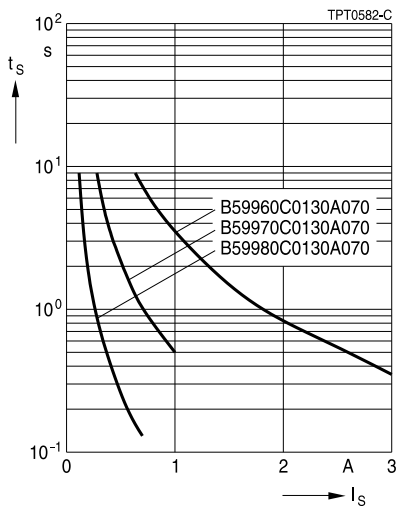
PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus
PTC temperature T_{PTC}
(measured at low signal voltage)



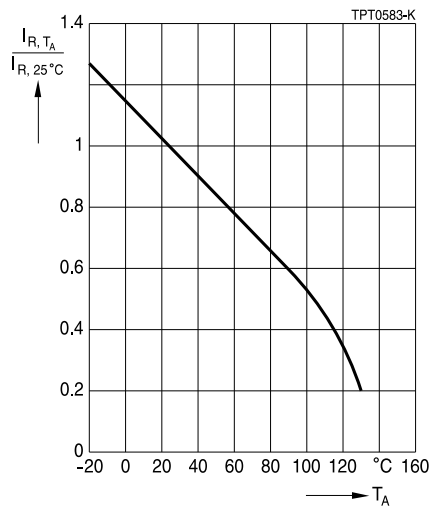
PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC}
(measured at 25 °C in still air)



Switching time t_s versus switching current I_s
(measured at 25 °C in still air)



Rated current I_R versus ambient temperature T_A
(measured in still air)



Cautions and warnings

General

- EPCOS thermistors are designed for specific applications and should not be used for purposes not identified in our specifications, application notes and data books unless otherwise agreed with EPCOS during the design-in-phase.
- Ensure suitability of thermistor through reliability testing during the design-in phase. The thermistors should be evaluated taking into consideration worst-case conditions.

Storage

- Store thermistors only in original packaging. Do not open the package before storage.
- Storage conditions in original packaging: storage temperature $-25\text{ °C} \dots +45\text{ °C}$, relative humidity $\leq 75\%$ annual mean, maximum 95%, dew precipitation is inadmissible.
- Avoid contamination of thermistors surface during storage, handling and processing.
- Avoid storage of thermistor in harmful environment with effect on function on long-term operation (examples given under operation precautions).
- Use thermistor within the following period after delivery:
 - Through-hole devices (housed and leaded PTCs): 24 months
 - Motor protection sensors, glass-encapsulated sensors and probe assemblies: 24 months
 - Telecom pair and quattro protectors (TPP, TQP): 24 months
 - Leadless PTC thermistors for pressure contacting: 12 months
 - Leadless PTC thermistors for soldering: 6 months
 - SMDs in EIA sizes 3225 and 4032, and for PTCs with metal tags: 24 months
 - SMDs in EIA sizes 0402, 0603, 0805 and 1210: 12 months

Handling

- PTCs must not be dropped. Chip-offs must not be caused during handling of PTCs.
- Components must not be touched with bare hands. Gloves are recommended.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during handling.

Soldering (where applicable)

- Use rosin-type flux or non-activated flux.
- Insufficient preheating may cause ceramic cracks.
- Rapid cooling by dipping in solvent is not recommended.
- Complete removal of flux is recommended.
- Standard PTC heaters are not suitable for soldering.

Mounting

- Electrode must not be scratched before/during/after the mounting process.
- Contacts and housing used for assembly with thermistor have to be clean before mounting. Especially grease or oil must be removed.
- When PTC thermistors are encapsulated with sealing material, the precautions given in chapter "Mounting instructions", "Sealing and potting" must be observed.
- When the thermistor is mounted, there must not be any foreign body between the electrode of the thermistor and the clamping contact.
- The minimum force of the clamping contacts pressing against the PTC must be 10 N.
- During operation, the thermistor's surface temperature can be very high. Ensure that adjacent components are placed at a sufficient distance from the thermistor to allow for proper cooling at the thermistors.
- Ensure that adjacent materials are designed for operation at temperatures comparable to the surface temperature of thermistor. Be sure that surrounding parts and materials can withstand this temperature.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during processing.

Operation

- Use thermistors only within the specified temperature operating range.
- Use thermistors only within the specified voltage and current ranges.
- Environmental conditions must not harm the thermistors. Use thermistors only in normal atmospheric conditions. Avoid use in deoxidizing gases (chlorine gas, hydrogen sulfide gas, ammonia gas, sulfuric acid gas etc), corrosive agents, humid or salty conditions. Contact with any liquids and solvents should be prevented.
- Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function to prevent secondary product damage caused by abnormal function (e.g. use VDR for limitation of overvoltage condition).

Symbols and terms

| | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| A | Area |
| C_{th} | Heat capacity |
| f | Frequency |
| I | Current |
| I_{max} | Maximum current |
| I_R | Rated current |
| I_{PTC} | PTC current |
| I_r | Residual current |
| $I_{r,oil}$ | Residual current in oil (for level sensors) |
| $I_{r,air}$ | Residual current in air (for level sensors) |
| I_{RMS} | Root-mean-square value of current |
| I_S | Switching current |
| I_{Smax} | Maximum switching current |
| LCT | Lower category temperature |
| N | Number (integer) |
| N_c | Operating cycles at V_{max} , charging of capacitor |
| N_f | Switching cycles at V_{max} , failure mode |
| P | Power |
| P_{25} | Maximum power at 25 °C |
| P_{el} | Electrical power |
| P_{diss} | Dissipation power |
| R_G | Generator internal resistance |
| R_{min} | Minimum resistance |
| R_R | Rated resistance |
| ΔR_R | Tolerance of R_R |
| R_P | Parallel resistance |
| R_{PTC} | PTC resistance |
| R_{ref} | Reference resistance |
| R_S | Series resistance |
| R_{25} | Resistance at 25 °C |
| $R_{25,match}$ | Resistance matching per reel/ packing unit at 25 °C |
| ΔR_{25} | Tolerance of R_{25} |
| T | Temperature |
| t | Time |
| T_A | Ambient temperature |
| t_a | Thermal threshold time |
| T_C | Ferroelectric Curie temperature |

| | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| t_E | Settling time (for level sensors) |
| T_R | Rated temperature |
| T_{sense} | Sensing temperature |
| T_{op} | Operating temperature |
| T_{PTC} | PTC temperature |
| t_R | Response time |
| T_{ref} | Reference temperature |
| T_{Rmin} | Temperature at minimum resistance |
| t_S | Switching time |
| T_{surf} | Surface temperature |
| UCT | Upper category temperature |
| V or V_{el} | Voltage (with subscript only for distinction from volume) |
| V_{RMS} | Root-mean-square value of voltage |
| V_{BD} | Breakdown voltage |
| V_{ins} | Insulation test voltage |
| $V_{link,max}$ | Maximum link voltage |
| V_{max} | Maximum operating voltage |
| $V_{max,dyn}$ | Maximum dynamic (short-time) operating voltage |
| V_{meas} | Measuring voltage |
| $V_{meas,max}$ | Maximum measuring voltage |
| V_R | Rated voltage |
| V_{PTC} | Voltage drop across a PTC thermistor |
| α | Temperature coefficient |
| Δ | Tolerance, change |
| δ_{th} | Dissipation factor |
| τ_{th} | Thermal cooling time constant |
| λ | Failure rate |
| e | Lead spacing (in mm) |

Abbreviations / Notes

SMD Surface-mount devices

* To be replaced by a number in ordering codes, type designations etc.

+ To be replaced by a letter

All dimensions are given in mm.

The commas used in numerical values denote decimal points.

Important notes

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

1. Some parts of this publication contain **statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application**. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out **that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application**. As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
2. We also point out that **in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified**. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or lifesaving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
3. **The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.**
4. In order to satisfy certain technical requirements, **some of the products described in this publication may contain substances subject to restrictions in certain jurisdictions (e.g. because they are classed as hazardous)**. Useful information on this will be found in our Material Data Sheets on the Internet (www.epcos.com/material). Should you have any more detailed questions, please contact our sales offices.
5. We constantly strive to improve our products. Consequently, **the products described in this publication may change from time to time**. The same is true of the corresponding product specifications. Please check therefore to what extent product descriptions and specifications contained in this publication are still applicable before or when you place an order. We also **reserve the right to discontinue production and delivery of products**. Consequently, we cannot guarantee that all products named in this publication will always be available. The aforementioned does not apply in the case of individual agreements deviating from the foregoing for customer-specific products.
6. Unless otherwise agreed in individual contracts, **all orders are subject to the current version of the "General Terms of Delivery for Products and Services in the Electrical Industry" published by the German Electrical and Electronics Industry Association (ZVEI)**.
7. The trade names EPCOS, BAOKE, Alu-X, CeraDiode, CSMP, CSSP, CTVS, DeltaCap, DigiSiMic, DSSP, FormFit, MiniBlue, MiniCell, MKK, MKD, MLSC, MotorCap, PCC, PhaseCap, PhaseCube, PhaseMod, PhiCap, SIFERRIT, SIFI, SIKOREL, SilverCap, SIMDAD, SiMic, SIMID, SineFormer, SIOV, SIP5D, SIP5K, ThermoFuse, WindCap are **trade-marks registered or pending** in Europe and in other countries. Further information will be found on the Internet at www.epcos.com/trademarks.

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Наши преимущества:

- Поставка оригинальных импортных электронных компонентов напрямую с производств Америки, Европы и Азии, а так же с крупнейших складов мира;
- Широкая линейка поставок активных и пассивных импортных электронных компонентов (более 30 млн. наименований);
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Помощь Конструкторского Отдела и консультации квалифицированных инженеров;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Поставка электронных компонентов под контролем ВП;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- При необходимости вся продукция военного и аэрокосмического назначения проходит испытания и сертификацию в лаборатории (по согласованию с заказчиком);
- Поставка специализированных компонентов военного и аэрокосмического уровня качества (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Actel, Aeroflex, Peregrine, VPT, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instruments, MS Kennedy, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Компания «Океан Электроники» является официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России одного из крупнейших производителей разъемов военного и аэрокосмического назначения «JONHON», а так же официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России производителя высокотехнологичных и надежных решений для передачи СВЧ сигналов «FORSTAR».



JONHON

«JONHON» (основан в 1970 г.)

Разъемы специального, военного и аэрокосмического назначения:

(Применяются в военной, авиационной, аэрокосмической, морской, железнодорожной, горно- и нефтедобывающей отраслях промышленности)

«FORSTAR» (основан в 1998 г.)

ВЧ соединители, коаксиальные кабели,
кабельные сборки и микроволновые компоненты:

(Применяются в телекоммуникациях гражданского и специального назначения, в средствах связи, РЛС, а так же военной, авиационной и аэрокосмической отраслях промышленности).



Телефон: 8 (812) 309-75-97 (многоканальный)

Факс: 8 (812) 320-03-32

Электронная почта: ocean@oceanchips.ru

Web: <http://oceanchips.ru/>

Адрес: 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, д. 2, корп. 4, лит. А